

Innate and secondary humoral responses are improved by increasing the time between MVA vaccine immunizations

Jean-Louis Palgen^{1,2}, Nicolas Tchitchek^{1,2}, André Rodriguez-Pozo^{1,2}, Quentin Jouhault^{1,2}, Hadjer Abdelhouahab^{1,2}, Nathalie Dereuddre-Bosquet^{1,2}, Vanessa Cont'reras^{1,2}, Frédéric Martinon^{1,2}, Antonio Cosma^{1,2}, Yves Lévy^{2,3}, Roger Le Grand^{1,2}, and Anne-Sophie Beignon^{1,2*}

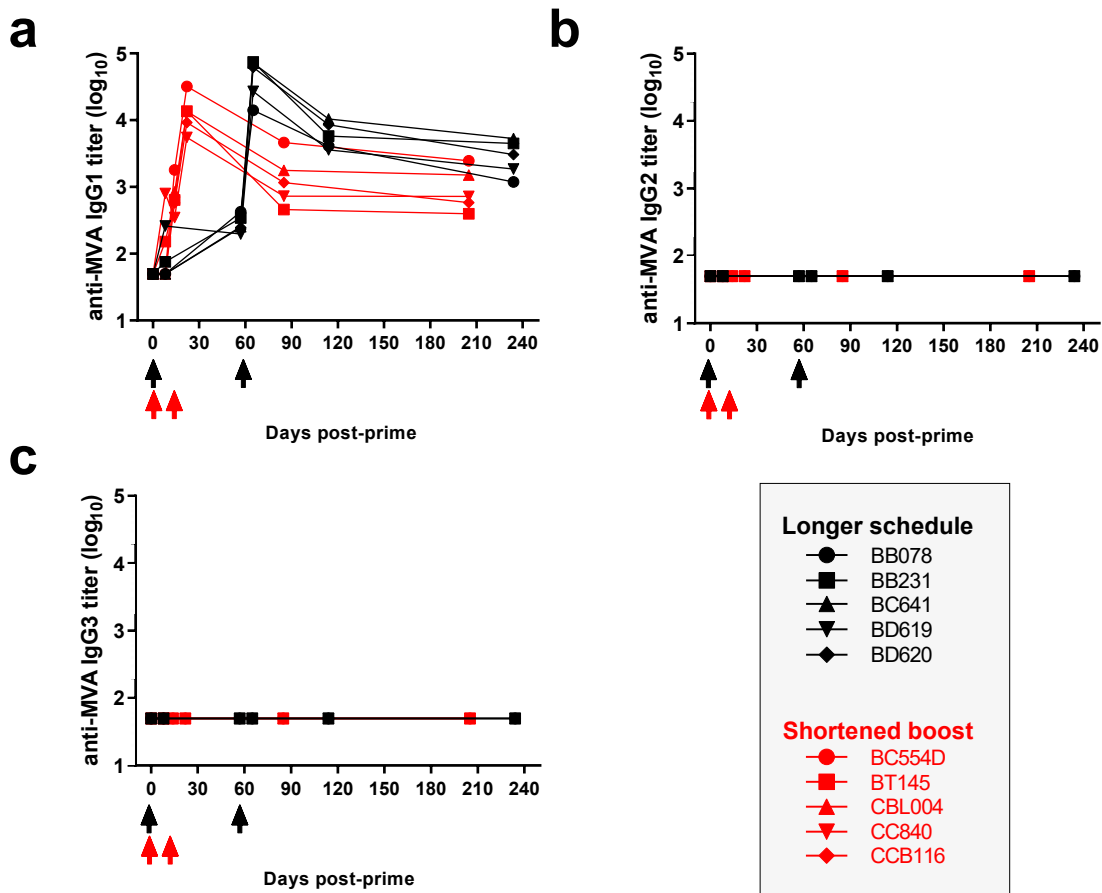
¹ CEA – Université Paris Sud 11 – INSERM U1184, Immunology of Viral Infections and Autoimmune Diseases, IDMIT department, IBFJ, 92265 Fontenay-aux-Roses, France

² Vaccine Research Institute, Henri Mondor Hospital, 94010 Créteil, France

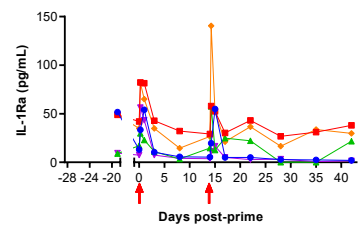
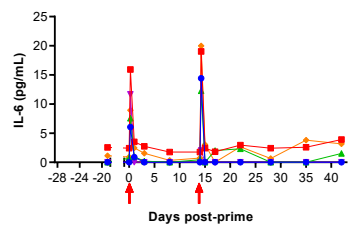
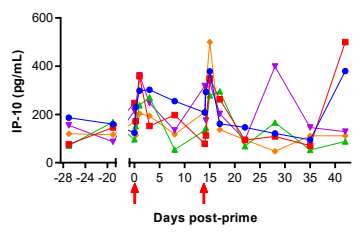
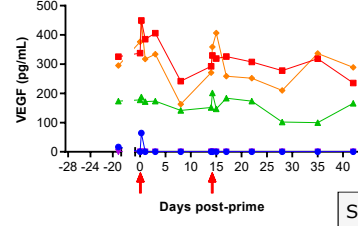
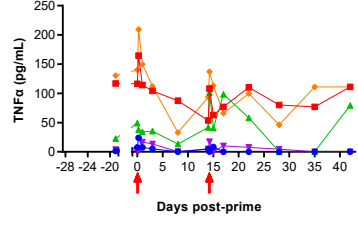
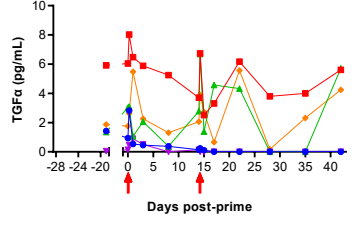
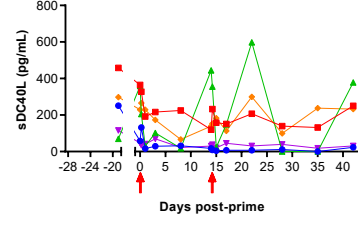
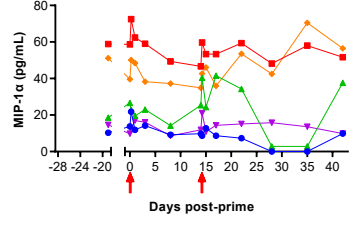
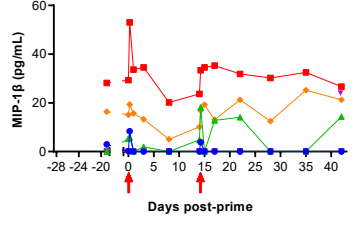
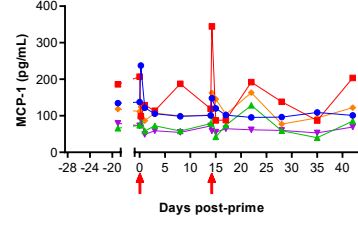
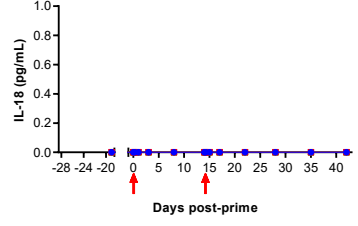
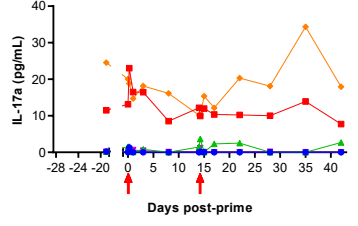
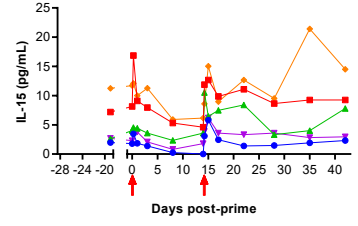
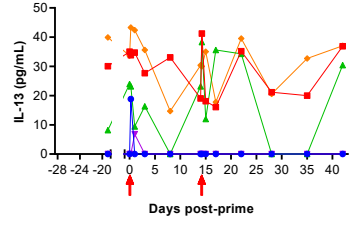
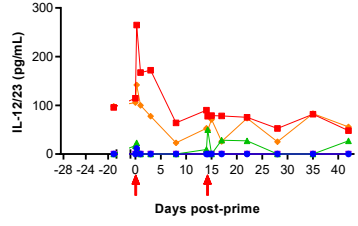
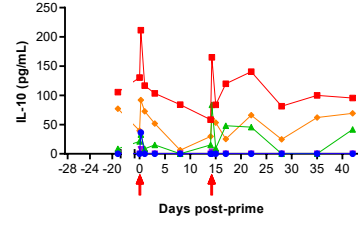
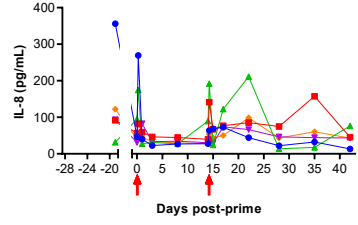
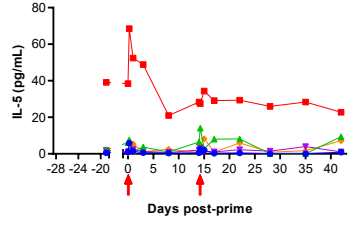
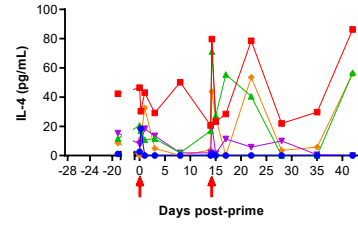
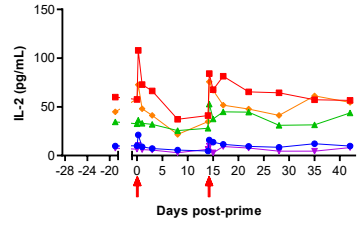
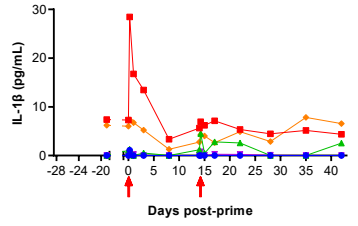
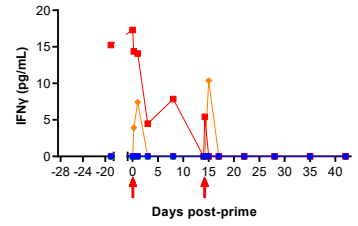
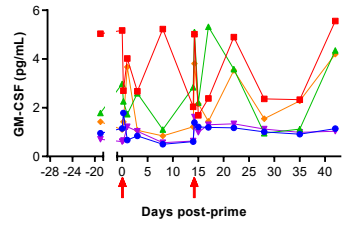
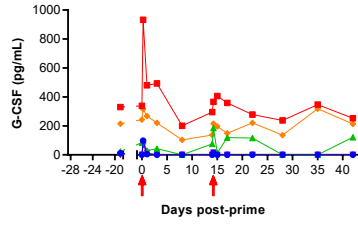
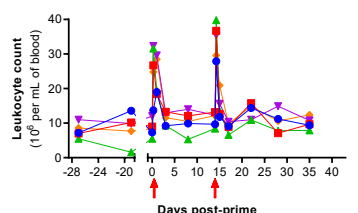
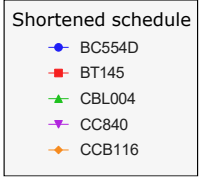
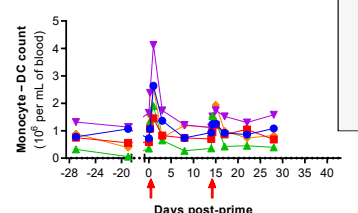
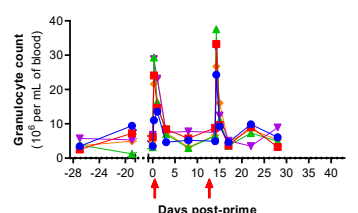
³ Institut Mondor de Recherche Biomédicale – INSERM U955, Eq.16, 94010, Créteil, France

*Corresponding author and lead contact: Anne-Sophie Beignon; 18, route du Panorama, 92265 Fontenay-aux-Roses, France; Phone: +33 1 46 54 80 27, Fax: +33 1 46 54 77 26; email: anne-sophie.beignon@cea.fr

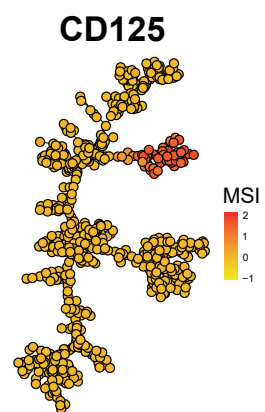
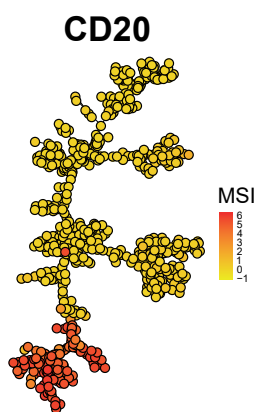
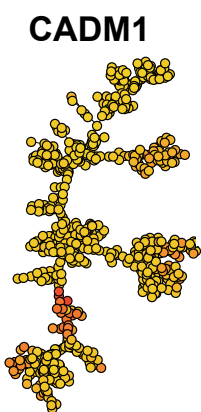
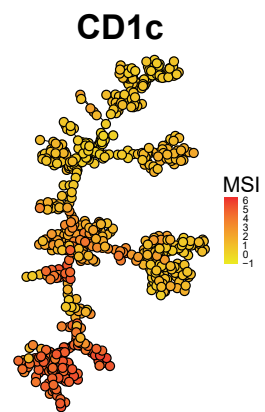
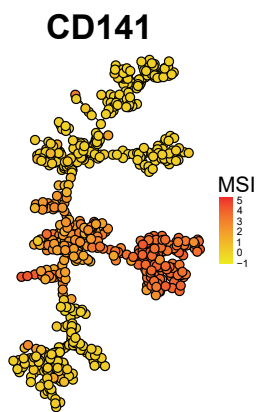
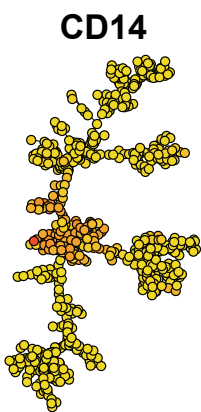
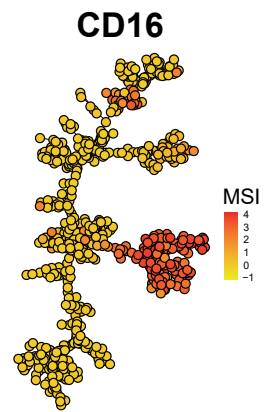
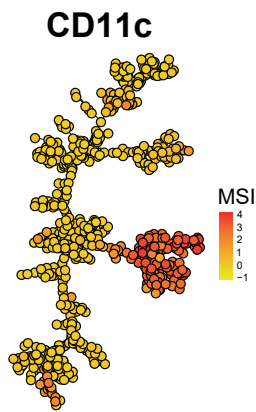
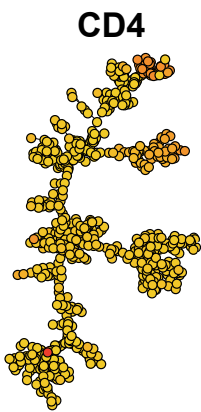
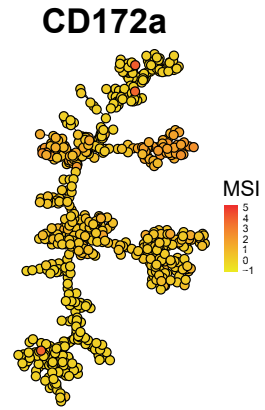
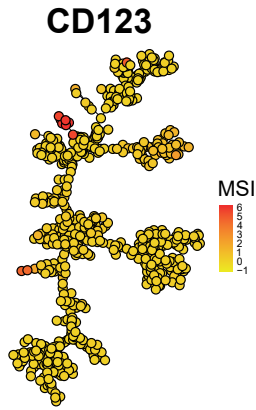
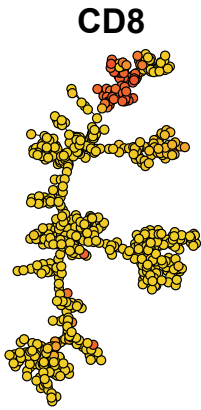
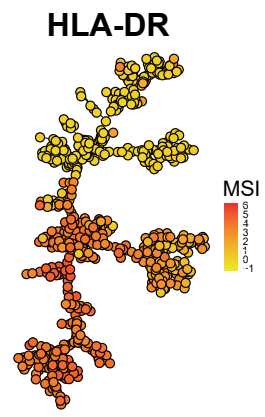
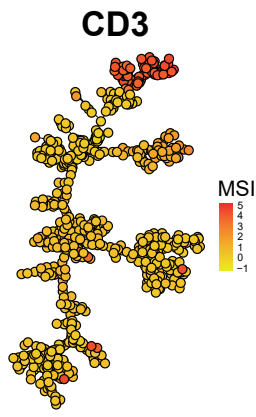
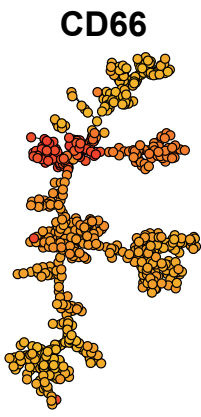
Supplementary material



Supplementary Figure 1 – MVA-specific IgG subclasses in serum over time. MVA-specific (a) IgG1, (b) IgG2, and (c) IgG3 titers were measured by direct ELISA during the prime/early boost (red) or prime/classical boost (black) vaccination schedule. Individual titers are shown. Immunizations are indicated by arrows.

a**b****c****d**

Supplementary Figure 2 – Plasma cytokine concentrations and blood leukocyte counts following prime/early boost. (a) Cytokines significantly impacted by vaccination. (b) Cytokines not significantly impacted by vaccination. (c) Leukocyte counts after vaccination. (d) Granulocyte and Monocyte-DC counts after vaccination. (a-d) The individual curves are displayed. Immunizations are indicated by red arrows.



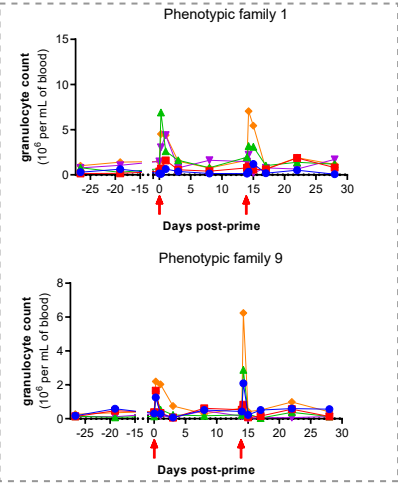
Supplementary Figure 3 – SPADE tree annotation. The topology of the SPADE tree is displayed, with each node colored by the expression of the 15 markers used to annotate cell clusters.

Similar response to prime and boost

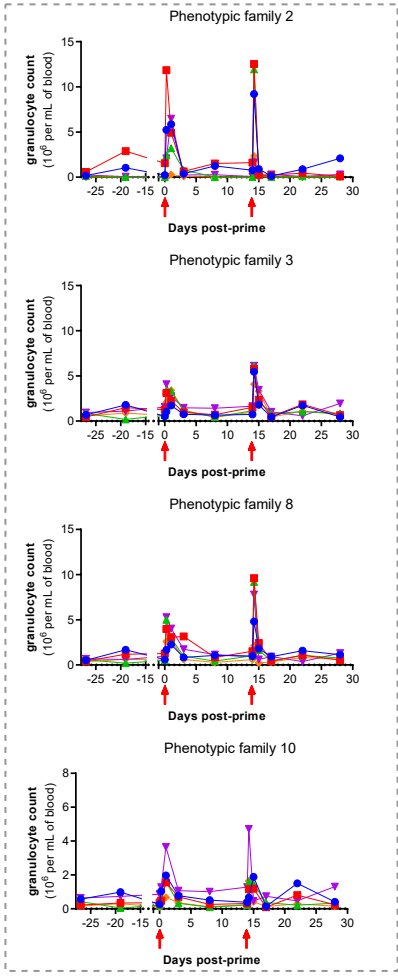
Distinct response to prime and boost

Heterogeneous or no response

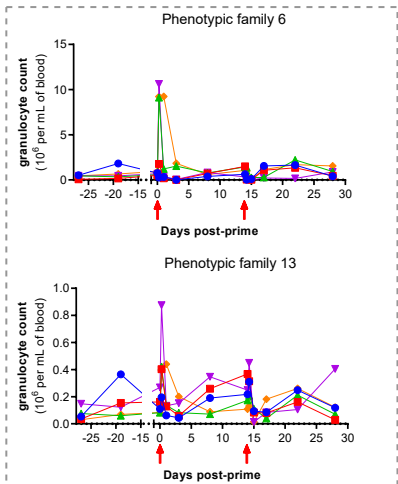
Kinetic family I



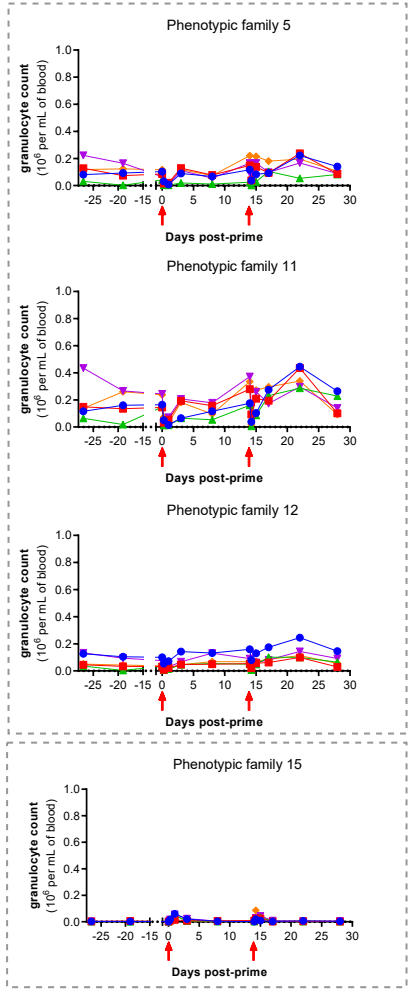
Kinetic family II



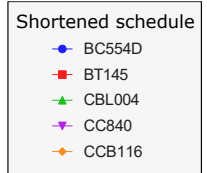
Kinetic family V



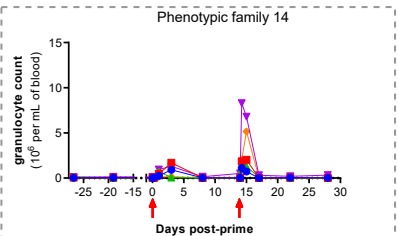
Kinetic family IV



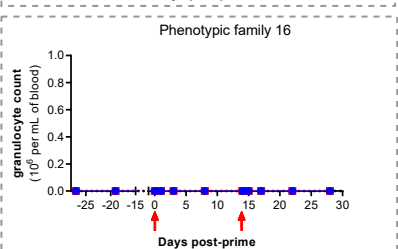
Kinetic family VII



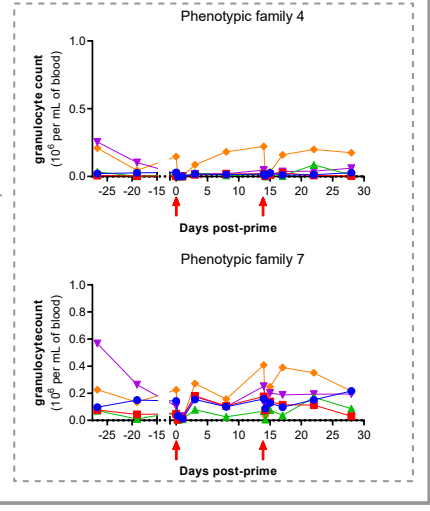
Kinetic family VI



Kinetic family VIII



Kinetic family III



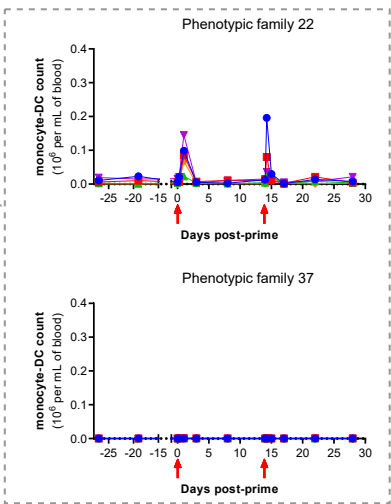
Supplementary Figure 4 – Abundance of granulocyte phenotypic families. The absolute count of each of the 16 granulocytes phenotypic families are displayed. Dotted grey frames regroup phenotypic families into their associated kinetic families and bold grey frames regroup kinetic families into superkinetic families. Kinetic families are ordered with respect to **Figure 5**.

Similar response to prime and boost

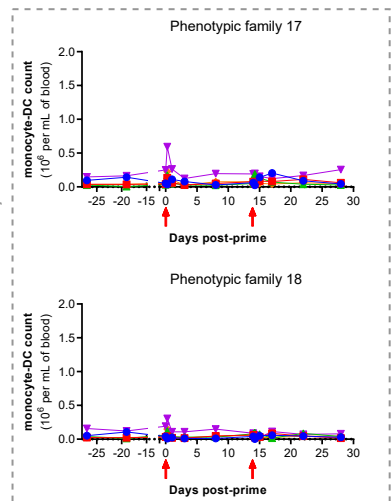
Distinct response to prime and boost

Heterogeneous or no response

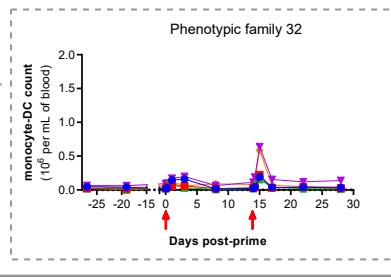
Kinetic family II



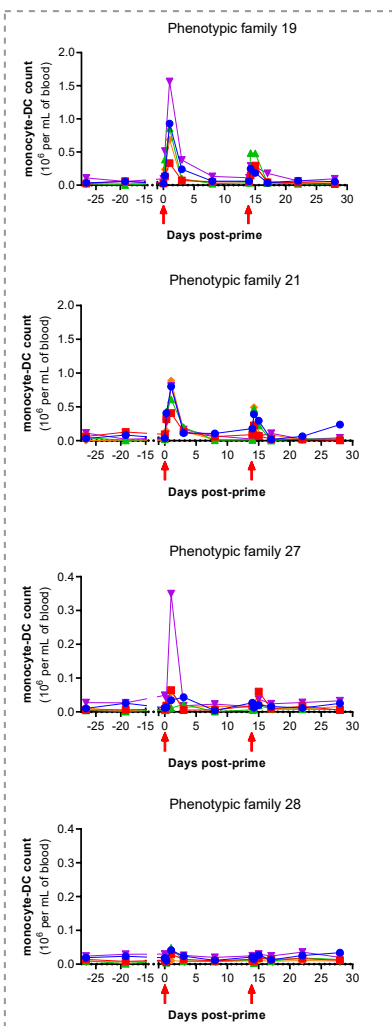
Kinetic family V



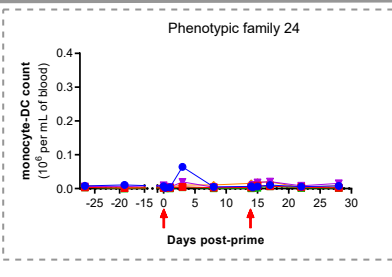
Kinetic family VI



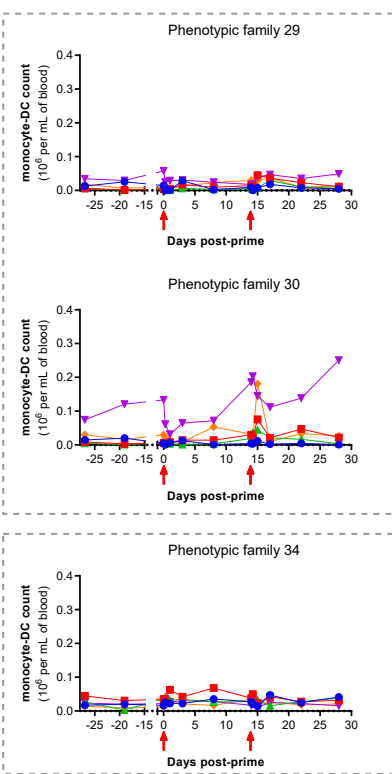
Kinetic family VII



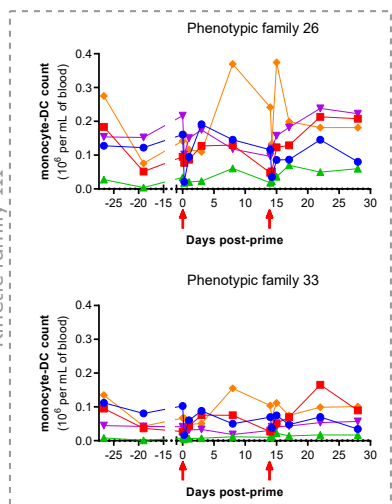
Kinetic family X



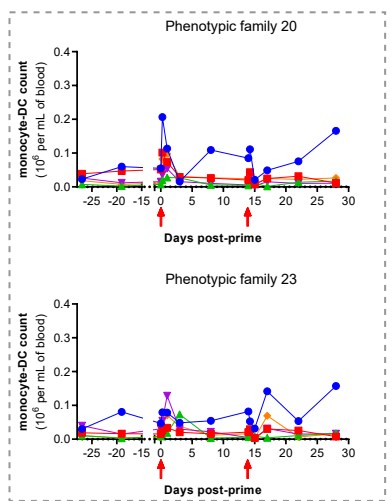
Kinetic family XIII



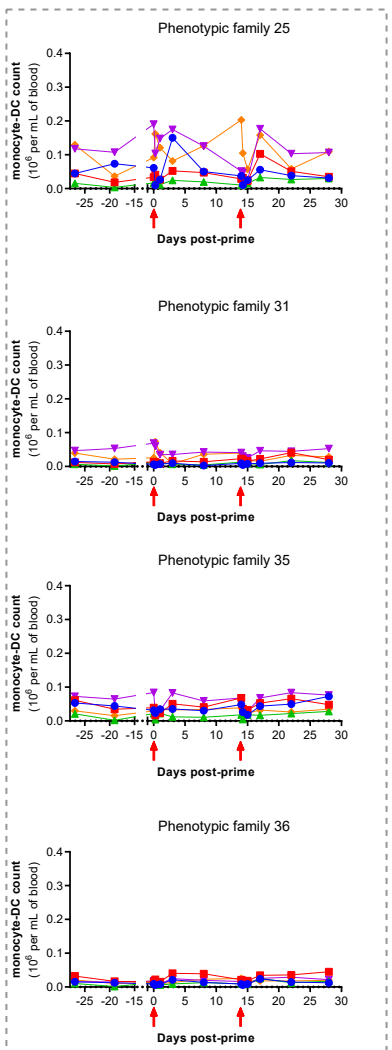
Kinetic family III



Kinetic family IX



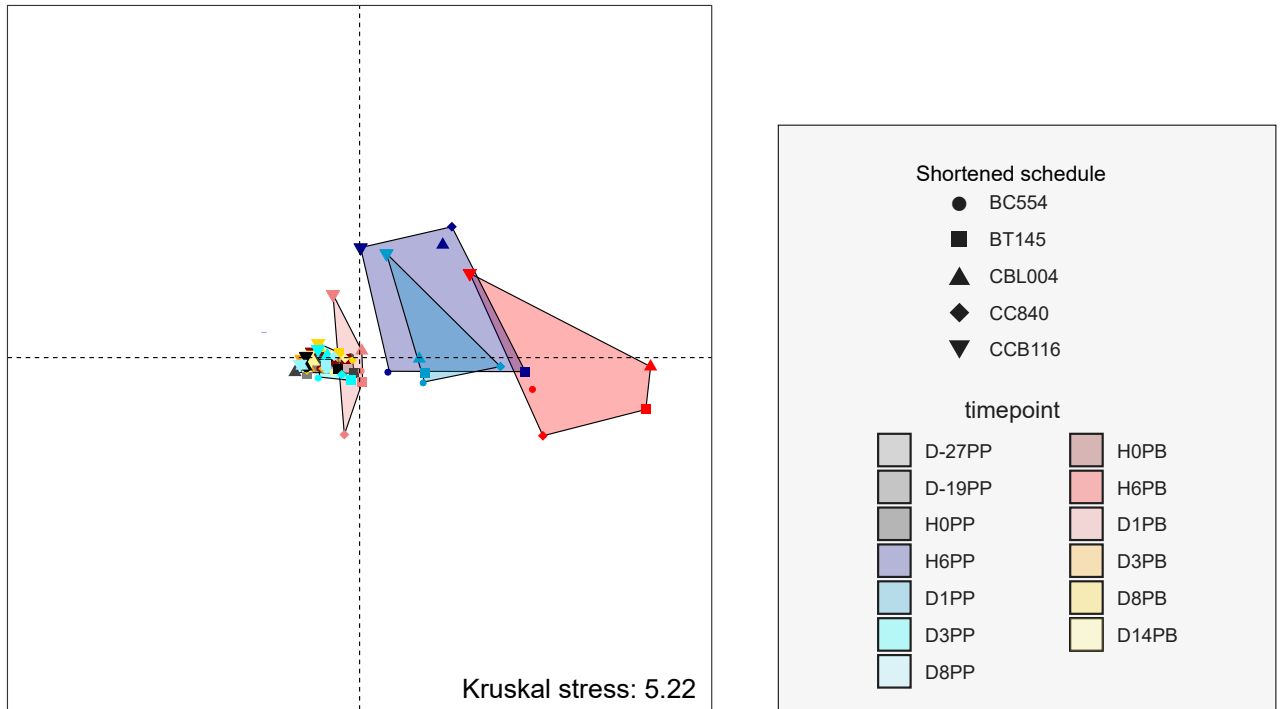
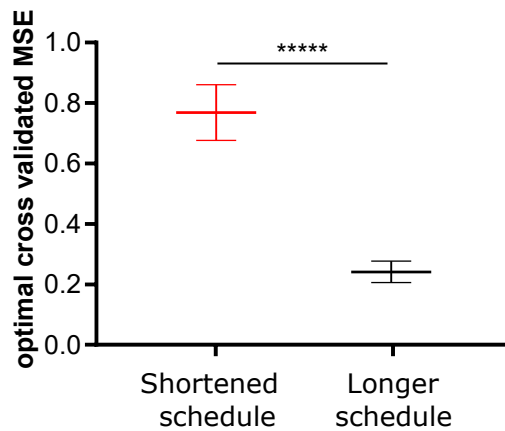
Kinetic family XI



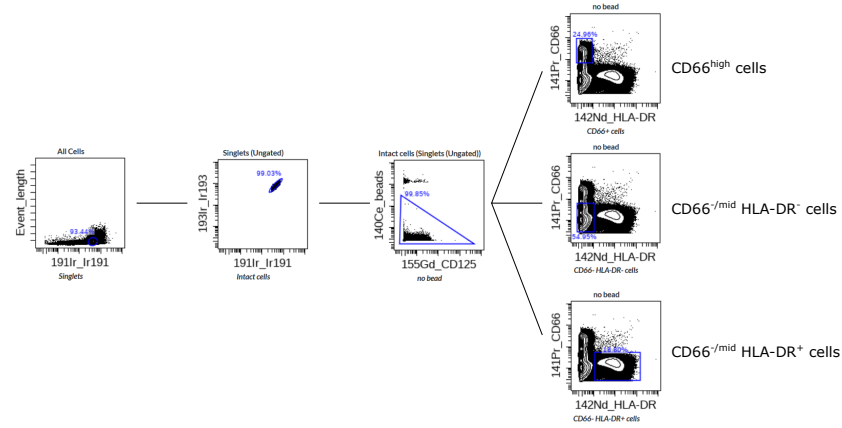
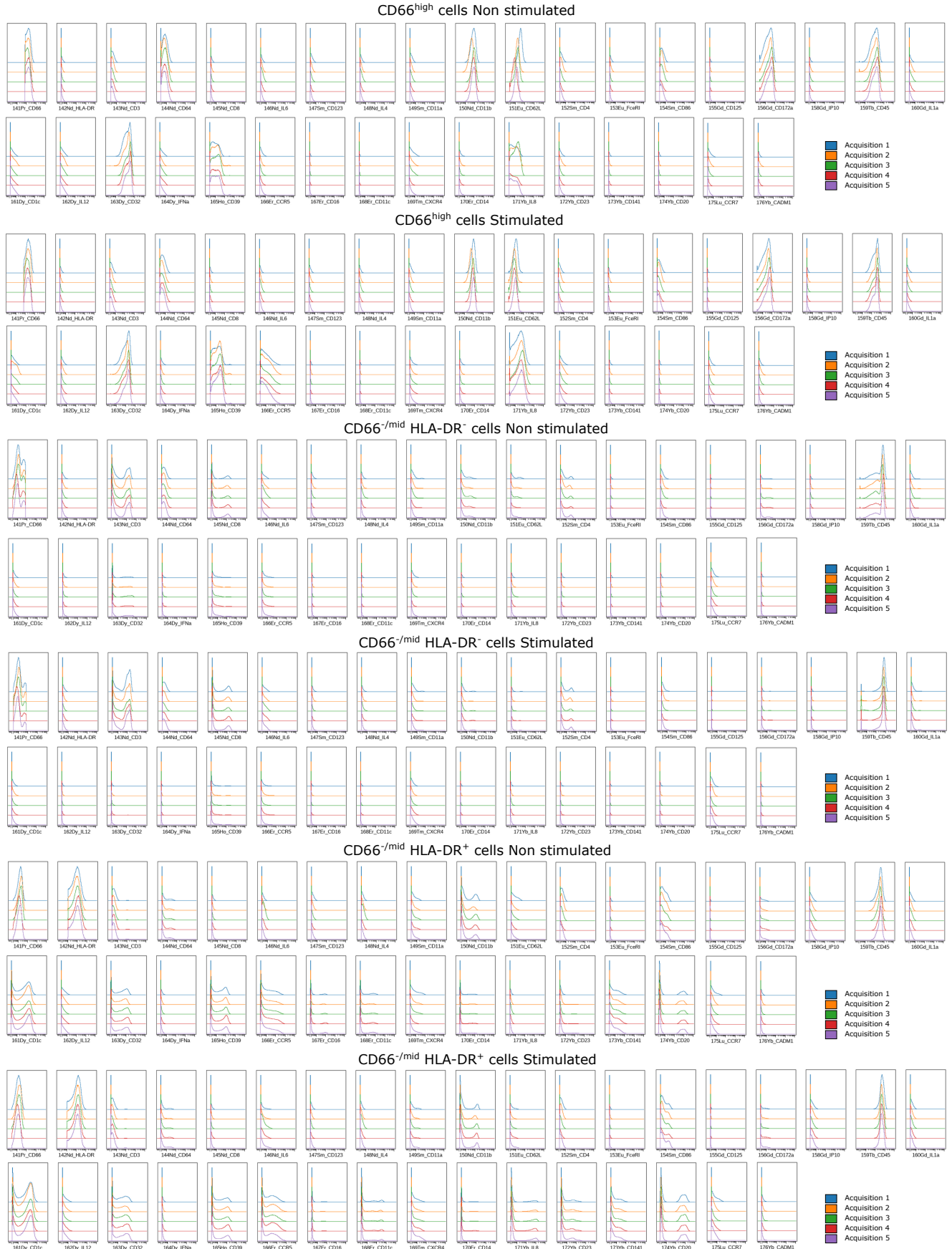
- Shortened schedule
- BC554D
 - BT145
 - CBL004
 - CC840
 - CCB116

Supplementary Figure 5 – Abundance of monocytes-DCs phenotypic families. The absolute counts of each of the 21 monocytes-DCs phenotypic families are displayed. Dotted grey frames regroup phenotypic families into their associated kinetic families and bold grey frames regroup kinetic families into superkinetic families. Kinetic families are ordered with respect to **Figure 5**.

Supplementary Figure 6 – Phenotypic composition after prime/early boost. The composition in **(a)** granulocytes, and **(b)** monocytes-DCs phenotypic families along the timecourse of vaccination. Cell abundance is given by the size of the pie chart. The color-code and annotation for each phenotypic family is conserved between pie-slices, heatmaps (**Figure 4**), and circos (**Figure 5**).

a**b**

Supplementary Figure 7 – Comparison of the innate myeloid cell response to prime and to early boost. (a) Multidimensional Scaling (MDS) representation was calculated based on the cell abundances of the kinetic families. The proportion of information lost during the dimensionality reduction process is indicated with the Kruskal Stress. Samples collecting at the same timepoint were delineated using convex hulls, and color-coded. **(b)** The Least Absolute Shrinkage and Selection Operator (LASSO) approach was applied to discriminate samples from post-prime and post-early boost responses, and the mean square error (MSE) of the optimal LDA obtained on the prime/early boost dataset was compared that of the prime/classical boost dataset. *****, p-value <0.00001 using a t-test.

a**b**

Supplementary Figure 8 – Staining and acquisition controls. The same control samples were stained and acquired for each of the five stainings-acquisitions of the samples from the vaccinated animals. These controls were obtained after *ex vivo* restimulation of whole blood from one unrelated macaque with or without a TLR ligand cocktail (TLR 3, 4,7,and 8) composed of 1 µg/mL LPS (from *E. coli*0111:B4, Invivogen), 100 µg/mL Poly I-C (Invivogen),and 10 µg/mL R848 (Mabtech). Whole blood was incubated with or without stimulation for 6h, with the addition of 10 µg/mL BFA (Sigma) during the last 4h. Cells were then fixed, red-blood cells lysed, and frozen as for vaccinated animal samples. The staining and acquisition of the control samples were performed in parallel of those of the vaccinated animals samples in the following order: acquisition 1 corresponding to BC554D, 2 to BT145, 3 to CBL004, 4 to CC840 and 5 to CCB116. **(a)** Gating strategy to define the cell populations to compare staining profiles between control samples. The non stimulated control sample for the acquisition of macaque BC554D samples is shown. **(b)** Distribution of all markers across CD66^{high}, CD66^{-/mid} HLA-DR⁻,and CD66^{-/mid} HLA-DR⁺ cells.

		IgG	IgA	nAb	FcyRIIIa dimer binding
prime/early boost	baseline vs D8PP	1,0000	0,4444	1,0000	\
	baseline vs D14PP	0,0079	0,1667	1,0000	0,2063
	baseline vs D8PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0476	\
	baseline vs D14PB	0,0079	0,1667	0,0476	0,0079
	baseline vs D28PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0476	\
	baseline vs D57PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0476	0,0238
	baseline vs M3PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,1667	\
	baseline vs M6PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,1667	0,0238
	D8PP vs D14PP	0,0079	0,3651	1,0000	\
	D8PP vs D8PB	0,0079	0,0238	0,0476	\
	D8PP vs D14PB	0,0079	0,2063	0,0476	\
	D8PP vs D28PB	0,0079	0,0714	0,0476	\
	D8PP vs D57PB	0,0079	0,2937	0,0476	\
	D8PP vs M3PB	0,0079	0,1032	0,1667	\
	D8PP vs M6PB	0,0079	0,1270	0,1667	\
	D14PP vs D8PB	0,0079	0,1111	0,0476	\
	D14PP vs D14PB	0,0079	0,4048	0,0476	0,0079
	D14PP vs D28PB	0,0159	0,5317	0,0476	\
	D14PP vs D57PB	0,1349	0,9762	0,0476	0,1111
	D14PP vs M3PB	0,4603	0,9444	0,1667	\
	D14PP vs M6PB	0,5714	1,0000	0,1667	\
	D8PB vs D14PB	0,4921	0,5238	0,7063	\
	D8PB vs D28PB	0,0476	0,2619	1,0000	\
	D8PB vs D57PB	0,0079	0,0714	0,3651	\
	D8PB vs M3PB	0,0079	0,1667	0,1270	\
	D8PB vs M6PB	0,0079	0,1349	0,1032	0,1667
	D14PB vs D28PB	0,0794	0,7937	0,8571	\
	D14PBvs D57PB	0,0079	0,2937	0,4683	0,0079
	D14PB vs M3PB	0,0079	0,4444	0,1270	\
	D14PB vs M6PB	0,0079	0,4524	0,1032	0,0079
	D28PB vs D57PB	0,0079	0,3810	0,5556	\
	D28PB vs M3PB	0,0079	0,4286	0,3810	\
	D28PB vs M6PB	0,0079	0,3333	0,3333	\
D57PB vs M3PB	0,1349	0,7460	0,5397	\	
D57PB vs M6PB	0,1032	1,0000	0,5714	0,5556	
M3PB vs M6PB	0,6190	0,8016	0,8571	\	
prime/delayed boost	baseline vs D8PP	0,4444	0,0476	1,0000	\
	baseline vs D14PP	0,0079	0,0476	1,0000	0,0952
	baseline vs D8PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,0079	\
	baseline vs D14PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,0079	0,0079
	baseline vs D28PB	0,0476	0,0079	0,0079	\
	baseline vs D57PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079
	baseline vs M3PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079	\
	baseline vs M6PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079	0,0397
	D8PP vs D14PP	0,0079	0,0556	1,0000	\
	D8PP vs D8PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,0079	\
	D8PP vs D14PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,0079	\
	D8PP vs D28PB	0,0476	0,0079	0,0079	\
	D8PP vs D57PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079	\
	D8PP vs M3PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079	\
	D8PP vs M6PB	0,0079	0,0079	0,0079	\
	D14PP vs D8PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,0079	\
	D14PP vs D14PB	0,0079	0,0476	0,0079	0,0079
	D14PP vs D28PB	0,1429	0,0079	0,0079	\
	D14PP vs D57PB	0,0159	0,0714	0,0079	0,0079
	D14PP vs M3PB	0,0159	0,1032	0,0079	\
	D14PP vs M6PB	0,0397	0,0079	0,0079	\
	D8PB vs D14PB	0,7460	1,0000	0,7619	\
	D8PB vs D28PB	0,0238	0,4048	0,2222	\
	D8PB vs D57PB	0,0079	0,1111	0,0079	\
	D8PB vs M3PB	0,0079	0,1032	0,0079	\
	D8PB vs M6PB	0,0079	0,4921	0,0079	0,0159
	D14PB vs D28PB	0,0238	0,4127	0,2302	\
	D14PBvs D57PB	0,0079	0,0873	0,0079	0,0079
	D14PB vs M3PB	0,0079	0,0873	0,0079	\
	D14PB vs M6PB	0,0079	0,5873	0,0079	0,0079
	D28PB vs D57PB	0,9206	0,1587	0,0079	\
	D28PB vs M3PB	0,6587	0,2222	0,0079	\
	D28PB vs M6PB	0,3968	0,1190	0,0079	\
D57PB vs M3PB	0,5079	0,6349	0,6032	\	
D57PB vs M6PB	0,2460	0,0317	0,9841	0,0159	
M3PB vs M6PB	0,4921	0,0238	0,6587	\	

Supplementary Table 1 – Statistics for antibody titers. P-values of the permutation tests are given for the indicated comparisons. Red indicate significant differences, p <0.05.

Cytokine	H6PP vs HOPP	D1PP vs HOPP	D3PP vs HOPP	D8PP vs HOPP	HOPB vs HOPP	H6PB vs HOPP	D1PB vs HOPP	D3PB vs HOPP	D8PB vs HOPP	D14PB vs HOPP	D28PB vs HOPP	H6PP vs H6PB	D1PP vs D1PB	D3PP vs D3PB	D8PP vs D8PB	D14PP vs D14PB
IP-10	0,8810	0,0476	0,1508	0,7302	0,9365	0,4286	0,0079	0,4603	0,0556	1,0000	0,0714	0,9365	0,6190	0,1508	0,7381	0,2937
G-CSF	0,5952	0,8889	1,0000	0,4841	0,8413	0,9206	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	0,6032	0,9524	0,8413	0,6349	0,7619	0,8413	0,4444
GM-CSF	0,8730	1,0000	0,8016	0,7937	0,5635	0,3095	0,7222	1,0000	0,5476	0,6429	0,4127	0,5635	0,1667	0,4524	0,6905	0,3730
IFN γ	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	0,7222	0,7222	1,0000	1,0000
IL10	0,5159	1,0000	0,9206	0,5635	0,6429	0,5714	0,8095	1,0000	0,7778	0,6429	1,0000	0,6429	0,8333	0,8413	0,9048	0,4048
IL-12/23	0,5952	1,0000	1,0000	0,3651	0,6349	0,7143	0,6032	0,5238	0,6825	0,3651	0,4921	0,6349	0,5159	0,5635	0,7222	0,3651
IL-13	0,7619	1,0000	0,8571	0,3651	0,6667	0,7143	0,6190	0,7143	0,8095	0,2857	0,7619	0,6667	1,0000	0,6667	1,0000	0,2857
IL-15	0,4762	1,0000	0,9206	0,3095	0,3889	0,4286	0,2857	0,7540	0,5556	0,9048	0,6032	0,3889	0,9206	0,2540	0,7381	0,1349
IL-17a	0,7619	0,8413	1,0000	0,7619	0,6825	0,7619	0,7619	0,6825	1,0000	0,7619	0,8413	0,6825	0,4365	0,8413	0,6825	0,7619
IL-18	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000
IL-1 β	0,7222	0,8810	0,9206	0,3651	0,8095	0,8730	0,8413	1,0000	0,5238	1,0000	1,0000	0,8095	0,7222	0,7222	0,8016	0,2857
IL-1Ra	0,0635	0,0476	0,8016	0,2063	0,5476	0,2381	0,2460	0,5476	0,9444	0,1905	0,7381	0,5476	0,8651	0,4286	0,6746	0,3254
IL-2	0,5476	1,0000	0,9524	0,2857	0,5635	0,5635	0,8413	0,7381	1,0000	0,9365	1,0000	0,5635	1,0000	0,8333	0,6825	0,2460
IL-4	0,8492	0,7698	0,7937	0,6032	0,5714	0,1984	1,0000	0,7937	0,3095	0,5397	0,2778	0,5714	0,2222	0,5397	0,6667	0,2063
IL-5	0,7222	0,8810	0,8810	0,7222	0,8810	0,7619	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	0,7222	1,0000	0,8810	0,8016	0,8810	0,8810	0,5159
IL-6	0,0079	0,3810	0,9206	0,5635	0,7143	0,0159	0,9206	1,0000	0,4286	0,8413	0,3968	0,7143	0,3968	0,6190	0,9206	0,1667
IL-8	0,2698	0,9206	0,1111	0,0794	0,4683	0,3571	0,7143	0,1984	0,1984	0,4841	0,7540	0,4683	0,7540	0,7143	0,0079	0,0159
MCP-1	0,7222	0,3095	0,3889	0,6429	0,4206	0,6270	0,4365	0,3254	0,8730	0,2857	1,0000	0,4206	0,5397	1,0000	0,6825	0,4048
MIP-1 α	0,8571	1,0000	1,0000	0,6905	0,7778	0,7937	1,0000	1,0000	0,8810	0,5317	0,8333	0,7778	1,0000	0,9286	1,0000	0,4921
MIP-1 β	0,6190	1,0000	1,0000	0,6429	0,8254	0,7540	1,0000	0,7619	0,7937	0,8413	0,8730	0,8254	0,7937	1,0000	1,0000	0,3254
sCD40L	0,8730	0,2222	0,2540	0,0952	0,5635	0,6190	0,1508	0,2302	1,0000	0,1111	0,7381	0,5635	0,6825	0,6190	0,6508	0,3254
TGF α	0,6429	0,8730	1,0000	0,5794	0,6667	0,5714	0,4762	0,6667	0,7143	0,2460	0,7381	0,6667	1,0000	0,3413	0,7302	0,5000
TNF α	0,6429	1,0000	0,8333	0,2857	0,6667	0,9206	0,7381	0,7857	0,9444	0,3095	1,0000	0,6667	0,8810	0,7302	1,0000	0,3492
VEGF	0,7381	0,9048	1,0000	0,4921	0,7619	1,0000	1,0000	0,9048	0,8095	0,6032	0,6825	0,7619	0,7302	1,0000	0,9048	0,6667

Supplementary Table 2 – Statistics for cytokines concentrations. P-values of the permutation tests are given for the indicated comparisons. Red indicate significant differences, $p < 0.05$.

Metal	Marker	Clone	Supplier	Catalog number	Lot number	Internal batch number	Surface	Intra-cellular
141Pr	CD66abce	TET2	Miltenyi	120-014-229	ND	JP042	•	
142Nd	HLA-DR	L243	Ozyme	307651	B219500	JP054	•	
143Nd	CD3	SP34.2	BD	551916	6102787	JP050	•	
144Nd	CD64	10.1	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127251	JP056	•	
145Nd	CD8	RPAT8	BD	557084	4357612	JP043	•	
146Nd	IL-6	MQ2.13A5	BD	554543	4283960	JP044		•
147Sm	CD123	7G3	BD	554527	6195661	JP074	•	
148Nd	IL-4	8D48	BD	554515	5134637	JP046		•
149Sm	CD11a	HI111	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127255	JP075	•	
150Nd	CD11b	ICRF144	BD	555386	7011599	JP062	•	
151Eu	CD62L	SK11	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170130321	JP087	•	
152Sm	CD4	L200	BD	550625	6127629	JP057	•	
153Eu	FcεRI	AER37	eBioscience (ThermoFisher Scientific)	14-5899-82	4325555	JP082	•	
154Sm	CD86	IT2.2	BD	555663	5084687	JP045	•	
155Gd	CD125	A14	BD	624084	7095835	JP097	•	
156Gd	CD172a	REA144	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127262	JP070	•	
158Gd	IP-10	6D4	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127258	JP064		•
159Tb	CD45	D058-1283	BD	552566	6294698	JP098	•	
160Gd	IL-1α	364/383	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127271	JP066		•
161Dy	CD1c	AF5910	R&D systems (Biotechnique)	AF5910	CCXE0216031 and CCXE0216111	JP052	•	
162Dy	IL-12	C8.6	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127268	JP071		•
163Dy	CD32	FLI8.26	BD	555447	6077664	JP067	•	
164Dy	IFNα	LT27/295	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170127269	JP072		•
165Ho	CD39	eBioA1	Biologend	328002	B215384	JP068	•	
166Er	CCR5	3A9	BD	556041	6224873	JP059	•	
167Er	CD16	3G8	Miltenyi	120-012-311	5170127249	JP083	•	
168Er	CD11c	3.9	Biologend	301639	B218346	JP060	•	
169Tm	CXCR4	12G5	BD	555971	4055691	JP033	•	
170Er	CD14	M5E2	BD	555396	6112614	JP079	•	
171Yb	IL-8	G265.8	BD	554717	4261555	JP099		•
172Yb	CD23	9P25	Beckman	IMBULK1	16LIQ602	JP065	•	
173Yb	CD141	1A4	Fluidigm	3173002B	2351601	N/A	•	
174Yb	CD20	2H7	BD	556631	6357603	JP061	•	
175Lu	CCR7	G043H7	Miltenyi	120-014-229	5170130220	JP085	•	
176Yb	CADM1	3E1	Clinisciences MBL	CM004-3	039	JP053	•	

Supplementary Table 3 – Antibody panel for mass cytometry. Antibody target, clone, supplier, catalog and lot numbers, and internal batch number after conjugation, and associated metal are indicated as well as whether the antibody was used intra- or extra-cellularly (ND, not defined).

Kinetic family	Phenotypic family	Cell population	Kinetic Pattern
III	Granulocytes 4 and 7 Monocytes-DCs 26 and 33	Eosinophils Diversely activated cDCs, including cDC1, diversely activated monocytes, and uncharacterized APCs	Heterogeneous or no response
IX	Monocytes-DC 20 and 23		
X	Monocytes-DC 24		
XI	Monocytes-DC 25, 31, 35 and 36		
XII	Monocytes-DC 29 and 30		
XIII	Monocytes-DC 34		
I	Granulocytes 1 and 9	Diversely activated neutrophils including CD14+ neutrophils Diversely activated monocytes	Similar response to prime and early boost
II	Granulocytes 2, 3, 8 and 10 Monocytes-DCs 22 and 37		
V	Granulocytes 6 and 13 Monocytes-DC 17 and 18		
VI	Granulocytes 14 Monocytes-DC 32		
VIII	Granulocytes 16		
IV	Granulocytes 5, 11 and 12	Eosinophils, basophils and CD86+ activated neutrophils	Distinct response to prime and early boost
VII	Granulocytes 15 Monocytes-DCs 19, 21, 27 and 28	Diversely activated monocytes, non-classical monocytes / inflammatory cDCs, and pDCs	

Supplementary Table 4 – Correspondence between kinetic and phenotypic families. For each kinetic family, its composition in terms of phenotypic families are indicated. Moreover, its main cell populations, phenotypes, and kinetic pattern are provided (as classified in **Figure 5**).

Kinetic Family	H6PP vs HOPP	D1PP vs HOPP	D3PP vs HOPP	D8PP vs HOPP	H0PB vs HOPP	H6PB vs HOPP	D1PB vs HOPP	D3PB vs HOPP	D8PB vs HOPP	D14PB vs HOPP	H6PP vs H6PB	D1PP vs D1PB	D3PP vs D3PB	D8PP vs D8PB	D14PP vs D14PB	AUC PP vs AUC PB
I	0,0476	0,0952	0,9048	1,0000	0,2698	0,0238	0,3889	0,5556	0,2460	0,7857	0,9048	0,4762	0,4603	0,2778	0,5079	1,0000
II	0,0159	0,0079	0,2698	1,0000	0,4603	0,0079	0,0159	0,4206	0,4444	0,6270	0,1032	0,0238	0,0476	0,5317	0,6667	0,7222
III	0,0556	0,1349	0,8651	0,8571	0,6825	0,1905	0,7778	0,8571	0,2540	0,6111	0,2540	0,0397	1,0000	0,4048	1,0000	0,3810
IV	0,0079	0,0079	0,7619	0,3095	0,1032	0,0159	0,6032	0,1032	0,0079	0,9048	0,4206	0,0159	0,1190	0,0079	0,2143	0,0079
V	0,0556	0,8333	0,9444	1,0000	0,1746	0,8413	0,0079	0,7937	0,0714	0,7381	0,0556	0,1667	0,8095	0,1032	0,4841	0,1587
VI	0,5635	0,0159	0,0873	1,0000	0,8016	0,0079	0,0079	0,6270	0,5873	0,7222	0,0079	0,0238	0,0873	0,5556	0,7222	0,0794
VII	0,0079	0,0079	0,0238	0,5952	0,4683	0,0079	0,0079	0,6429	1,0000	0,6429	0,6825	0,0079	0,0476	0,6270	0,9365	0,0159
VIII	0,0397	0,4286	0,0873	0,0952	0,1270	0,1270	0,0397	0,1508	0,2937	0,0238	0,3968	0,7698	0,9048	0,7698	0,5952	1,0000
IX	0,0714	0,0556	0,5397	0,8492	1,0000	0,5397	0,2460	0,5397	1,0000	0,8968	0,2460	0,0159	0,7698	0,8810	0,7222	0,2460
X	0,4444	0,2698	0,3175	0,9286	0,8968	0,6825	0,1349	0,0556	0,9365	0,6825	0,1984	0,0635	0,7857	1,0000	0,7619	0,9762
XI	0,7143	0,7460	0,9127	0,9206	1,0000	0,3175	0,1508	0,6349	1,0000	1,0000	0,5000	0,4206	0,8810	0,9206	1,0000	0,7698
XII	0,6270	0,6429	0,8889	0,8571	0,6587	0,8333	0,2540	0,7778	0,8810	0,7222	0,5476	0,0635	0,4603	0,5317	1,0000	0,2619
XIII	0,6111	0,3651	0,4444	0,3810	0,4921	0,5714	0,6111	0,4365	1,0000	0,5635	0,7857	0,0873	0,9365	0,3571	1,0000	0,5000

Supplementary Table 5 – Statistics for kinetic family cell abundance. P-values of the permutation tests are given for the indicated comparisons. Red indicate significant differences, p < 0.05.

	BD554D	BT145	CBL004	CC840	CCB116	ALL
D-27PP	379 216	542 145	426 000	835 039	453 826	2 636 226
D-19PP	572 958	514 273	649 982	516 674	240 091	2 493 978
H0PP	485 631	549 104	387 036	830 053	620 959	2 872 783
H6PP	470 642	670 857	568 345	772 846	621 498	3 104 188
D1PP	632 618	653 277	469 087	838 483	752 279	3 345 744
D3PP	796 397	363 416	762 792	677 265	587 500	3 187 370
D8PP	822 189	659 918	495 605	759 876	459 273	3 196 861
H0PB	860 727	778 709	642 882	657 108	545 693	3 485 119
H6PB	697 280	759 853	821 341	676 713	767 993	3 723 180
D1PB	667 939	598 244	861 405	670 555	452 805	3 250 948
D3PB	447 317	736 728	96 283	674 066	718 784	2 673 178
D8PB	242 058	327 046	593 431	291 948	519 604	1 974 087
D14PB	536 453	172 437	321 208	499 992	474 893	2 004 983
D28PB	564 540	396 758	554 592	1 035 383	623 748	3 175 021
TOTAL	8 175 965	7 722 765	7 649 989	9 736 001	7 838 946	41 123 666

Supplementary Table 6 – Numbers of cells per sample. The number of events acquired with the CyTOF is indicated for each sample.

Markers	Number of non-uniform clusters	Percentage of non-uniform clusters
CD32	24	3,00
CD4	18	2,25
CD125	14	1,75
CADM1	14	1,75
CD16	12	1,50
CD123	11	1,38
CD11a	10	1,25
HLA-DR	9	1,13
CD3	9	1,13
FcεRI	8	1,00
CD86	8	1,00
CD11c	8	1,00
CD8	7	0,88
CD14	7	0,88
CD45	6	0,75
CCR5	6	0,75
CD23	6	0,75
CD141	6	0,75
CD11b	5	0,63
CD39	5	0,63
CCR7	5	0,63
CD172a	4	0,50
CD66	3	0,38
CD62L	3	0,38
CD1c	3	0,38
CXCR4	3	0,38
CD64	2	0,25
CD20	2	0,25

Supplementary Table 7 – Uniformity of markers across clusters. For each marker, the numbers, and percentages of non-uniform clusters are indicated.