

Table S1. Patient demographic information with unified Lewy body (LB) staging, Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) scores, Braak staging, RT-QuIC PAR values, and number of replicates that turned positive in the RT-QuIC assay for SMG tissues used from the BSHRI. Samples lacking enough LB pathology to confirm as PD were classified under ILBD (M: male; F: female; PMI: post-mortem interval in hours; PAR: protein aggregation rate). (Unified LB stages 0: No LB; I: Olfactory Bulb only; Iia: Brainstem Predominant; Iib: Limbic Predominant; III: Brainstem/Limbic; IV: Neocortical).

S. No	Case ID	Gender	Age	PMI	Unified LB Stage	RT-QuIC PAR value	Number of positive replicates (out of 4)	MMSE score	UPDRS Score	Braak stages
1	13-49	F	75	2.5	0	0.05	3	28	5	I
2	10-63	M	79	3	0	0	0	29	3	III
3	10-70	M	74	3.25	0	0	0	NA	NA	II
4	9-57	M	80	3.5	0	0	0	NA	NA	II
5	10-22	F	59	3.15	0	0	0	NA	NA	III
6	11-102	M	93	2.08	0	0	0	25	6	I
7	12-41	M	97	2.5	0	0	0	29	14	II

8	14-19	F	90	2.5	0	0	0	30	6	IV
9	14-42	M	92	2.3	0	0	0	28	13	IV
10	13-40	M	73	4.12	0	0	0	NA	NA	II
11	16-10	M	83	4.25	0	0	0	29	5	IV
12	16-32	M	79	4.3	0	0	0	28	16	III
13	14-36	F	82	3.17	0	0	0	29	8	III
14	14-47	F	77	2.63	0	0	0	27	8	II
15	15-08	M	78	3.25	0	0	0	28	2	II
16	14-20	F	93	2.33	0	0	0	28	12	I
17	11-05	M	81	2.25	I	0.04	2	30	6	IV
18	11-28	F	79	2.22	I	0.05	3	30	13	III
19	12-28	M	80	2.67	I	0.04	2	NA	NA	IV

20	11-110	F	92	3.67	IIb	0.05	2	27	28	III
21	12-29	M	86	3	IV	0.05	3	17	19	III
22	12-42	M	69	3.37	IV	0.11	4	24	4	II
23	13-05	M	80	2.83	III	0.05	4	27	12	III
24	13-11	M	81	3.62	III	0.13	4	NA	NA	III
25	13-17	M	83	3	IIa	0.14	4	29	4	IV
26	13-18	M	79	3.25	IIa	0.12	4	29	2	IV
27	16-02	M	89	2.4	IV	0.08	4	15	NA	IV
28	16-37	M	70	3.9	IV	0.08	4	NA	NA	II
29	16-39	M	70	4.12	IV	0.08	4	13	4	IV
30	16-47	M	83	2.47	IV	0.08	4	15	7	IV
31	15-84	M	81	2.38	IV	0.07	3	26	11	IV

32	16- 14	M	80	2.6	IV	0.07	2	23	29	IV
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Table S2. Complete pathological diagnostic summary of cases tested in the RT-QuIC assay.

Case ID	Pathological diagnosis
13-49	Control; Normal aging changes only
10-63	Control; Normal aging changes; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Old microscopic infarct, left claustrum region
10-70	Control; Normal aging changes only
9-57	Control; Normal aging changes only
10-22	Control; Sparse diffuse amyloid plaques, temporal and occipital lobes
11-102	Control; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Non-specific glial tauopathy, mesial temporal lobe
12-41	Control (mild cognitive impairment); Neurofibrillary tangles and argyrophilic grains, mesial temporal lobe; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction
14-19	Control; Neurofibrillary tangles, mesial temporal lobe; Focal neurofibrillary tangles and non-specific glial tauopathy, lateral occipital lobe
14-42	Control; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Cerebral white matter rarefaction
13-40	Control; Neurofibrillary tangles, entorhinal cortex and hippocampus
16-10	Control; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Old lacunar-sized and microscopic infarcts, cerebellar cortex
16-32	Control; Neurofibrillary tangles, mesial temporal lobe; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction, occipital lobe
10-63	Control; Normal aging changes; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Old microscopic infarct, left claustrum region
10-70	Control; Normal aging changes only

14-36	Mild cognitive impairment (history); Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction
14-47	Mild cognitive impairment (history); Large subacute infarction, right cerebrum; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Argyrophilic grains, mesial temporal lobe
15-08	Control; Fibrotic, partially calcified and hyalinized right subdural vascular malformation; Old hemorrhagic infarct, left inferior parietal lobule; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction, parietal and occipital lobes; Neurofibrillary tangles, mesial temporal lobe; Amyloid angiopathy, cerebral and cerebellar cortex
14-20	Control; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Argyrophilic grains, mesial temporal lobe; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Status post bilateral thalamic deep-brain stimulator placement (history of essential tremor)
11-05	Incidental Lewy body disease; Neurofibrillary tangles, argyrophilic grains and non-specific glial tauopathy, mesial temporal lobe
11-28	Incidental Lewy body disease; Amyloid angiopathy, moderate to severe, cerebral cortex and cerebellar leptomeninges; Neurofibrillary tangles, mesial temporal lobe; Alzheimer type II astrocytosis

12-28	Incidental Lewy body disease; Mild cognitive impairment; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's change, insufficient for diagnosis; Microscopic changes of Lewy body disease, insufficient for diagnosis
11-110	Parkinson's disease; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Old microscopic cortical infarcts, left middle frontal gyrus and cerebellar cortex; Argyrophilic grains, mesial temporal lobe
12-29	Parkinson's disease; Dementia (clinical history)
12-42	Parkinson's disease; Dementia (history); Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis
13-05	Parkinson's disease; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction, frontal lobe; Argyrophilic grains, hippocampus
13-11	Parkinson's disease; Dementia (history); Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Argyrophilic grains with non-specific glial tauopathy, mesial temporal lobe
13-17	Parkinson's disease
13-18	Parkinson's disease; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Cerebral white-matter rarefaction, occipital lobe; Old cortical microscopic infarct, left inferior frontal gyrus

16-02	Parkinson's disease; Alzheimer's disease; Argyrophilic grains, mesial temporal lobe, insula and hypothalamus; Non-specific glial tauopathy, amygdala; Old microscopic infarct, left putamen
16-37	Parkinson's disease; Cognitive disorder (history); Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Status post deep-brain stimulator implants, bilateral subthalamic nuclei
16-39	Parkinson's disease; Dementia (history); Cerebral white-matter rarefaction; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Non-specific glial tauopathy, substantia nigra; Status post bilateral lenticular nucleus transplantation of fetal ventral mesencephalic tissue (1995) with alpha-synuclein and tau pathology within left-sided graft tissue
16-47	Parkinson's disease; Dementia (history); Neurofibrillary tangles, mesial temporal lobe
15-84	Parkinson's disease; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Mild cognitive impairment (history)
16-14	Parkinson's disease; Microscopic changes of Alzheimer's disease, insufficient for diagnosis; Mild cognitive impairment (history) **Note: Plaques seen only in occipital lobe so do not appear on our plaque total score.

Table S3. Analysis of the effects of pathological diagnosis, sex, age, MMSE score, Braak staging, and the amount of pathological α -synuclein on results of the RT-QuIC assay. In control, ILBD, and PD cases, no effect of sex ($p=0.8681$), age ($p=0.2809$), MMSE score ($p=0.2142$), or Braak staging ($p=0.5668$) was observed on RT-QuIC assay results. Only pathological diagnosis and the amount of pathological α Syn based on unified LB staging differed significantly ($p<0.0001$) from RT-QuIC results.

	RT-QuIC % positive	N (Total samples)	p value
Pathological diagnosis			<0.0001
Control	6% (1)	16	
ILBD	100% (3)	3	
PD	100% (13)	13	
Unified LB stage			<0.0001
0	0% (0)	16	
1-2	100% (6)	6	
3-4	100% (10)	10	
Sex			0.5681
Male	58.3 % (14)	24	
Female	37.5 % (3)	8	
Age (years)			0.2809
<63	0% (0)	1	

≥63 and <72	100% (3)	3	
≥72	46.4% (13)	28	
MMSE scores*			0.2142
10-20	100% (4)	4	
21-30	42.8% (9)	21	
Braak stages			0.5668
0/+	0% (0)	0	
1-2	18% (2)	11	
3-4	66.6% (14)	21	

* MMSE scores are not available for some cases.