## A. Technical algorithmic details

## A.1. Identifying conditionally independent parameters

The following algorithm (called find\_conditionally\_independent) is used by MultiBUGS to identify sets of conditionally-independent parameters  $W_1, \ldots, W_l \subseteq U$ : Input: G = (E, V), a DAG; U, a set of nodes (with identical topological depth)

```
l \leftarrow 1
M \leftarrow \varnothing
while |U| > 0 do
for u in U do
if ch_G(u) \cap M = \varnothing then
W_l \leftarrow W_l \cup \{u\}
U \leftarrow U \setminus \{u\}
M \leftarrow M \cup ch_G(u)
end if
end for
M \leftarrow \varnothing
l \leftarrow l + 1
end while
```

```
Output: \{W_1, ..., W_l\}
```

## A.2. Identifying parallelisable likelihoods

Nodes for which the likelihood calculations should be partitioned across cores are identified using the following algorithm, called find\_partial\_product\_parallel:

**Input:** G = (E, V), a DAG; C, a number of cores; h, a topological depth;  $h^*$ , the maximum topological depth in G; T, a computation schedule; r, the current schedule row

```
\begin{array}{l} \underbrace{U \leftarrow D_G^h}{\operatorname{ch} \leftarrow \operatorname{mean}_{v \in S_G} |\operatorname{ch}_G(v)|} \\ \operatorname{for} u \text{ in } U \text{ do} \\ \operatorname{if} |\operatorname{ch}_G(u)| > 2 \times \overline{\operatorname{ch}} \text{ or } h^* = 1 \text{ then} \\ r \leftarrow r + 1 \\ \operatorname{for} c \text{ in } 1 \text{ to } C \text{ do} \\ T_{rc} \leftarrow u \\ \operatorname{end} \operatorname{for} \\ U \leftarrow U \setminus \{u\} \\ \operatorname{end} \text{ if} \\ \operatorname{end} \text{ for} \\ \operatorname{Output:} \{T, U, r\} \end{array}
```

## A.3. Building a computation schedule

The overall algorithm for allocating compution to cores is as follows:

```
Input: G = (E, V), a DAG; C, a number of cores
Initialise T, a table with C columns
r \leftarrow 0
h^* \leftarrow \max_{v \in S_G} d_G(v)
for h in h* to 1 do
\{T, U, r\} \leftarrow \texttt{find_partial_product_parallel}(G, C, h, h^*, T, r)
\{W_1, \ldots, W_l\} \leftarrow \texttt{find_conditionally_independent}(G, U)
for i in 1 to l do
c \leftarrow 0
for j in \max_{w \in W_i} |\operatorname{ch}_G(w)| to 1 do
for x in \{w \in W_i : |\operatorname{ch}_G(w)| = j\} do
if c mod C = 0 then
r \leftarrow r + 1
```

```
\begin{array}{c} c \leftarrow 0 \\ \textbf{end if} \\ T_{r(c+1)} \leftarrow x \\ c \leftarrow c+1 \\ \textbf{end for} \\ \textbf{output: } T \end{array}
```