Supplementary information

Biomolecular condensation of NUP98 fusion proteins drives leukemogenic gene expression

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Supplementary Table 3: Summary of all analyses to assess correlation and co-occurrence in co-localization studies of NUP98-KDM5A with RAE1 or DDX24 (related to Figure 2e and Extended Data Figure 2c)

staining:	NUP98- KDM5A	mock		NUP98- KDM5A	mock DDX2	
	RAE1	RAE1	p-value	DDX24	4	p-value
Spearmans Rank	0,155	0,071	<0.0001	0,355	0,049	<0.0001
Kendalls Tau	0,131	0,061	<0.0001	0,285	0,04	<0.0001
n=6		NUROO				
staining	KDM5A RAE1	KDM5A DDX24				
			_			
Costes p	1	1				
(200						
Randomizations)						

Supplementary Note

RT-qPCR primer

qPCR primer	sequence			
Gapdh_mouse_fw	AGAAGGTGGTGAAGCAGGCAT			
Gapdh_mouse_rev	CGGCATCGAAGGTGGAAGAGT			
GAPDH_human_fw	TGCACCACCAACTGCTTAGC			
GAPDH_human_rev	GGCATGGACTGTGGTCATGAG			
NUP98-KDM5A_fw	GTTCTCCAGCAGCACATCAA			
NUP98-KDM5A_rev	CCGTTTCCGTTTCTTCTCTG			

Nucleotide sequences for artAA-KDM5A and artFG-KDM5A

>cDNA|artAA-KDM5A

CCAAAAAAGAAGAGAAAGGTAGAAGACCCCGCTGCAGCCGCGGCCGCAACTAAGCTTCAG GCCGGCACCGGCAACACCGGCAACAGCCCCGCCAGCACATCCGCAGCCGCTGCCGCTGC TACCGGTACCAAGAGCCAGACCAACAGCGGCAACGGCCTGACCCCCGCCGCCAGCGCTG CTGCTGCAGCAGCTCAGAACAAGAGCTCGGGCGCCGCCACCAACACCCCCCTTGGCGGA AGCACTACGGCTGCGGCCGCCGCCGCGAAGCTTAACAGCAACCAGGGCGCCACCGGATC CACTGGCACCCCGCCACCAGTGCCGCGGCTGCAGCTGCAACCCAGAACAAGCCCACCA GCGGCACCAGCGCCGCTAACGGCCTGAGCACCGGCGCTGCCGCTGCTGCTGCAAACGGC CGCCGCTACCGCTAGCACCCCCAGACCAGCAACGCCGGCGGCAGCAAGACCGGCCTGA ACGCGGCTGCTGCAGCTGCGCTGACCCAGAAGGGCCCCGCCAGCACCAACGGCAGCAAC GGCACCACCTCCGCTGCTGCAGCTGCGGCTGCTGCCAAGAGCAACGGCGGATCCACCCT GCCCGGTACCACCGCCAGCACCAACCAGGCTGCCGCTGCAGCTGCTCTGAACACCAGCA GCCAGAGCGGCACCACCGCCACCGCCAAGGGCAACGGACCCGCTGCTGCCGCCGCTGCA AGCCAGGCCGGCAAGACCAGCGCCACCACCAACACCCAGCCCGGCCTGGGCAGCGCTGC AGCTGCGGCTGCGAACAGCAAGGGCCAGGCCGGCAACGGCGCCACCACCCCCTGAGCT CGACCACCGCTGCGGCTGCAGCTGCATTCGATGACAGCATGGAAGAGAAACCACTAAAAG TGAAAGGAAAGGACTCTTCAGAGAAGAAACGGAAACGGAAGCTAGAAAAGGTAGAGCAACT AAATTAAAATTAGGTGCAGACAAATCAAAGGAGCTGAATAAACTGGCCAAGAAACTAGCAAA AGAAGAAGAGAGAAAAGAAAGAAGGAGAAGGCTGCTGCAGCCAAAGTTGAACTTGTGAAA GAGAGCACTGAAAAGAAAAGAGAGAAAAAGGTGCTGGACATCCCCTCAAAGTATGACTGGT CAGGAGCAGAGGAGTCTGATGATGAGAATGCTGTGTGCGCAGCACAGAACTGCCAAAGGC CCTGCAAGGACAAGGTAGACTGGGTACAATGTGATGGTGGCTGTGATGAGTGGTTTCATCA AGTTTGTGTGGGTGTATCTCCAGAAATGGCTGAAAATGAAGATTACATCTGTATAAACTGTG CAAACTACCAATGGAGGATCTTAAAGAGACCAGTTA

CCAAAAAAGAAGAAGAAAGGTAGAAGACCCCTTTGGATTCGGGTTCGGAACTAAGCTTCAGG CCGGCACCGGCAACACCGGCAACAGCCCCGCCAGCACCTCCTTCGGCTTTGGCTTTGGTA CCGGTACCAAGAGCCAGACCAACAGCGGCAACGGCCTGACCCCCGCCGCCAGCTTTGGTT TTGGATTCGGTCAGAACAAGAGCTCGGGCGCCGCCACCAACACCCCCCTGGGCGGCAGC ACTACGTTTGGGTTCGGCTTTGGGAAGCTTAACAGCAACCAGGGCGCCACCGGATCCACT GGCACCCCCGCCACCAGTTTCGGGTTTGGATTTGGAACCCAGAACAAGCCCACCAGCGGC ACCAGCGCCGCCAACGGCCTGAGCACCGGCTTTGGCTTTGGTTTTGGAAACGGCAGCGGC ACCAAGAGCGCCCAGCTGAACGCCACCGGCAGCACCCCCACCTTTGGATTTGGCTTCGGC CTCCGCTTTTGGATTTGGGTTTGGTGCCAAGAGCAACGGCGGATCCACCCTGCCCGGTAC CACCGCCAGCACCAACCAGTTTGGCTTTGGATTTGGTCTGAACACCAGCAGCCAGAGCGG CACCACCGCCACCGCCAAGGGCAACGGCCCCTTTGGTTTCGGCTTTGGAAGCCAGGCCG GCAAGACCAGCGCCACCAACACCAACCCCGGCCTGGGCAGCTTTGGATTTGGGTTTG GGAACAGCAAGGGCCAGGCCGGCAACGGCGCCACCACCCCCTGAGCTCGACCACCTTT GGGTTTGGATTTGGATTCGATGACAGCATGGAAGAGAAACCACTAAAAGTGAAAGGAAAGG ACTCTTCAGAGAAGAAACGGAAACGGAAGCTAGAAAAGGTAGAGCAACTTTTTGGAGAAGG GTGCAGACAAATCAAAGGAGCTGAATAAACTGGCCAAGAAACTAGCAAAAGAAGAAGAAGAG AAGAAAAGAGAGAAAAAGGTGCTGGACATCCCCTCAAAGTATGACTGGTCAGGAGCAGAG GAGTCTGATGATGAGAATGCTGTGTGCGCAGCACAGAACTGCCAAAGGCCCTGCAAGGAC AAGGTAGACTGGGTACAATGTGATGGTGGCTGTGATGAGTGGTTTCATCAAGTTTGTGTGG GTGTATCTCCAGAAATGGCTGAAAATGAAGATTACATCTGTATAAACTGTGCAAAGAAGCAG GGGCCAGTTAGCCCAGGTCCAGCACCACCTCCTTCCTTCATAATGAGCTACAAACTACCAA TGGAGGATCTTAAAGAGACCAGTTAG

Primary antibodies

anti-HA.11 (BioLegend, 901513; 1:2000, RRID: AB_2565335), anti-alpha Tubulin (Abcam, ab7291; 1:5000, RRID: AB_2241126), anti-beta Actin (Cell Signaling, 4967S; 1:5000, RRID: AB_330288), anti-HSC70 (Santa Cruz, sc-7298; 1:10000, RRID: AB_627761), anti-NUP98 (Cell Signaling, #2288; 1:1000, RRID: AB_561204), anti-RAE1 (Cell Signaling, sc-374261; 1:1000, RRID: AB_11008069)

Secondary antibodies

sheep anti-mouse HRP (GE Healthcare Austria GmbH & Co OG, NA931V; 1:10000, RRID: AB_772210), goat anti-rabbit HRP (Cell Signaling, 7074; 1:10000, RRID: AB_2099233) and imaged on a Vilber Fusion FX. For detection on the LI-COR Odyssey platform the following secondary antibodies (Thermo Fisher Scientific) were used: goat anti-mouse 800 (Cat# SA5-35521,1:5000, RRID:AB_2556774), goat anti-mouse 680 (Cat# A32729, 1:5000, RRID:AB_2633278), goat anti-rabbit 800 (Cat# SA5-35571, 1:5000, RRID:AB_2556775) or goat anti-rabbit 680 (Cat# A32734, 1:5000, RRID:AB_2633283)

Protein network analysis: Figure 1 and S1

The endogenous NUP98 interactome of mock-transduced HL-60 cells was background corrected by subtracting the CRaPome¹ using a cutoff of an average spectrum count (Ave SC) smaller than 10. The NUP98-KDM5A interactome was filtered for proteins that are enriched in Strep-Tactin pulldowns from mock-transduced cells. Specific interactors were identified based on a log2 fold change greater than 0.5. Protein hubs were clustered based on String db interactions using K means clustering.

Protein network analysis: Figure 2

The NUP98-fusion protein interactome was filtered for proteins that are enriched in Strep-Tactin pulldowns from mock-transduced cells. Specific interactors were identified based on a log2 fold change greater than 0.5. The network was generated using Cytoscape 3.6.1² using the yFiles organic layout.

Protein network analysis: Figure 4

biCon-MS data of mock-transduced HL-60 cells were filtered for proteins that are more abundant in 33 µM precipitates than in 11 µM precipitates. These proteins were subjected to ClueGO analysis following with the settings: Evidence used: codes All_Experimental_(EXP,IDA,IPI,IMP,IGI,IEP); Ontology used: GO_BiologicalProcess-EBI-UniProt-GOA_27.02.2019_00h00; Merge redundant groups with >50.0% overlap; Statistical Test = Enrichment/Depletion (Two-sided hypergeometric test); Correction Method = Bonferroni step down. The protein list of the most significant hub ("gene expression") was extracted and subjected to String db interaction analysis (cutoff 0.4) and clustered using Reactome FI based on String interactions.

Protein network analysis: Figure 5

biCon-MS data of HL-60 cells expressing NUP98-KDM5A or NUP98-NSD1 were analyzed for proteins that are more abundant in 33 μ M precipitates than in 11 μ M precipitates. In a next step, these lists were compared to proteins that were precipitated in mock-transduced cells. All proteins that were enriched with a log2 fold change greater than 1 were subjected to String db (cutoff 0.4) and Reactome FI analysis. The three most significantly enriched clusters are shown.

Protein network analysis: Figure 6

Dose-dependent proteins were identified by significant enrichment of 33 μ M precipitates compared to 11 μ M precipitates and only proteins with a log2 fold change > 1 and a p-value < 0.05 were used for further comparisons. Proteins uniquely enriched in artFG-KDM5A precipitates compared to artAA-KDM5A were subjected to String db (cutoff 0.4) and Reactome FI analysis. The three most significantly enriched nuclear clusters are shown.

Supplementary Figure 1. Full, uncropped scans of Western blots





Extended Data Figure 4a



Extended Data Figure 5c





Extended Data Figure 5d

