

**Supplementary Table 1.** Clinicopathological characteristics of 20 patients with minute T1 colorectal cancer

No.	Sex/age (yr)	Size (mm)	Tumor location	Endoscopic type	Risk factors	Treatment	LNM
1	F/70	3.5	Left	Sessile	No	ER	(-)
2	M/66	4	Right	Sessile	No	ER	(-)
3	M/68	4	Right	Sessile	SM	ER + SR	(+)
4	M/63	4	Left	Sessile	No	ER	(-)
5	M/63	4	Rectum	Flat	SM, BA, Other <sup>a)</sup>	ER + SR	(-)
6	M/44	4	Rectum	Sessile	SM, BA	ER	(-)
7	M/41	5	Rectum	Sessile	SM, BA	ER + SR	(-)
8	M/50	5	Left	Sessile	BA, Other <sup>a)</sup>	ER + SR	(-)
9	M/69	5	Left	Flat	SM, BD, BA	ER + SR	(+)
10	M/71	5	Right	Flat	SM, VA, BA	ER + SR	(-)
11	M/62	5	Left	Sessile	SM	ER	(-)
12	F/58	5	Left	Flat	SM, BD, BA	ER + SR	(-)
13	M/67	5	Right	Sessile	SM, BA	ER + SR	(-)
14	M/62	5	Left	Sessile	SM, BA	ER + SR	(+)
15	M/48	5	Right	Depressed	SM, BA	ER	(-)
16	F/62	5	Left	Flat	No	ER	(-)
17	F/77	5	Rectum	Sessile	SM	ER + SR	(-)
18	F/53	5	Left	Sessile	Other <sup>a)</sup>	ER + SR	(+)
19	F/69	5	Left	Sessile	No	ER	(-)
20	M/83	5	Right	Sessile	No	ER	(-)

LNM, lymph node metastasis; SM, deep submucosal invasion (sm2 or sm3); VA, vascular invasion; BD, tumor budding; BA, absence of background adenoma; ER, endoscopic resection; SR, surgical resection.

<sup>a)</sup>Other: positive resection margin.