





Identify union peak	Collect genomic	Rank TF-RE-TG	Control the false
p, as regulatory	features for the	triplets by integrating	discovery rate
element (RE)	TF-RE-TG triplets	genomic features	(FDR)

В		Transcription Factor	Accessible Regulatory Element (time course ATAC-seq union peaks)	Target Gene	
	Investigated features	Expression level $(X_{TF})^{**}$ TF motif enrichment $(E_{TF})^{***}$ Binding strength $(B_i)^{*}$	Motif sequence conservation $(C_i)^*$ Openness level of peak region $(O_i)^{***}$	Expression level $(X_{TG})^{**}$ Promoter openness $(O_{TG})^{***}$	
	Public chromatin connection data	Chromatin contacts in keratinocyte, Hi-C in NHEK (Rao et al., Cell 2014) Cross-cell-type correlation of DHS (DNasel hypersensitive sites) signal at distal enhancer and promoter (Thurman et al., Nature 2012)			

\* Context non-specific features

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\*\* Context specific features from RNA-seq

\*\*\* Context specific features from ATACseq

#### Transcription factors shown in the regulatory network

Initiation Process	Maturation Process
TF associated with gaining accessibility TFAP2C TFAP2A GRHL2 GATA3 JUN ATF3 FOS TEAD1 TEAD2 TEAD4 ELF1 CEBPB ETS1 ETS2 GABPA OCT4 SOX2	TF associated with gaining accessibility p63 p53 KLF4 KLF5 BATF JUN FOS
TF associated with losing accessibility OCT4 NANOG SOX2 JUN ATF3 FOS TEAD1 TEAD4	TF associated with losing accessibility TFAP2C GATA3 TEAD1 TEAD2 TEAD4 JUND EWSR1 PBX1 TCF3 GABPA RFX3 HOXB4 NF1 NR4A1









