

Table S1. PCR variables.

Gene	1)	Sequence 5' to 3'	2)	3)	Source
ACTB	F	GCTCGTCGTCGACAACGGCTC	55	20	Invitrogen/Life Technologies
	R	CAAACATGATCTGGGTATCTTCTC			
CTHRC1	F	AGCGCCTCTGAGATCCCCAA	59	22	Park <i>et al.</i> , 2013
	R	TGAACAAAGTGCCAACCCAGA			
P4HA1	all variants	F CCCCAGTCTTGGCTCATCC	56	22-26	PrimerQuest
		R CGTAACAGAGCTTGGCTGC			
	variant 1	F CCGAGCTACAGTACATGACCC	56	25	PrimerQuest
		R TGGCTCATCTTCCGTGCAA			
	variants 2 and 3	F GGCTGAGGACTGCTTGAGT	56	25	PrimerQuest
		R ACCGTCTCCAAGTCTCCTGT			
	variant 4	F GGCTGAGGACTGCTTGAGT	56	34	PrimerQuest
		R TGGCTCATCTTCTGTAAATTCCCTCT			
P4HA2	variants 1 and 2	F GCCTGCGCTGGAGGACCTG	56	24	Gilkes <i>et al.</i> , 2013
		R TGTGCCCTGGGTCCAGCCTGT			

1) Primer orientation, F=forward, R=reverse; 2) Annealing temperature (°C); 3) Number of PCR cycles

Gilkes, DM, Chaturvedi, P, Bajpai, S, Wong, CC, Wei, H, Pitcairn, S, Hubbi, ME, Wirtz, D and Semenza, GL (2013) Collagen prolyl hydroxylases are essential for breast cancer metastasis. *Cancer Res* **73**, 3285-3296.

Park, EH, Kim, S, Jo, JY, Kim, SJ, Hwang, Y, Kim, JM, Song, SY, Lee, DK and Koh, SS (2013) Collagen triple helix repeat containing-1 promotes pancreatic cancer progression by regulating migration and adhesion of tumor cells. *Carcinogenesis* **34**, 694-702.