

Supplemental Information

**Structural Insights into Rational Design
of Single-Domain Antibody-Based
Antitoxins against Botulinum Neurotoxins**

Kwok-ho Lam, Jacqueline M. Tremblay, Edwin Vazquez-Cintron, Kay Perry, Celinia Ondeck, Robert P. Webb, Patrick M. McNutt, Charles B. Shoemaker, and Rongsheng Jin

A

	CDR1	CDR2	CDR3
JEQ-H11	SGGGLVQAGGSLRLSCAGSGRS--FSAAVMGWFRQAPGKEREVFVAALRQIIGSTHYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNMLYLDMNSLKPTDTAAVYCTA-----		GPPTMLDVSTDREYDTWGQGTQVTVSS
JFM-A11	TGGGLVQPGGALRLSCAAVFG--MDYYIIGWVRQAPGKEREVGVCISN--IGRTHYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNTVYLQMNSLKPEDTAVYYCAA-----		PLVGNYCPSAYEYESWGQGTQVTVSS
JFN-B5	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAAAGQS--LDNYIIGWFRQAPGKEREVGSCIDRTGTVTHYADSVKGRFTISTDNVKNTVYLEMNDLKPEDTATYFCAA--		ERRWGVVSVCVISDYYFDSWGQGTQVTVSS
JFM-B9	TGGGLVQAGGSLRLSCTASGR--SSFYALAWFRQPGKEREVFVAIIGWIDGSTTRYTDSAKGRFTISRDAAKNTMYLQMNSLKPEDTAVYSCTA-----		RTQYGGSSADPKNYGYWGQGTQVTVSA
JLI-G10	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAAISILTYDLDYYYIGWVRQAPGKEREVGVCISSTDGATYYADSVKGRFTISRNNAKNTVYLQMNNLKPEDTAIYYCAA-----		APLAGRYCPASHEYGYWGQGTQVTVSS
JLI-H11	SGGGLVQPGESLRSLCGASGMS--LDYYAIAYWFRQAPGKEREVGVCISVGSSAQYLDSVRGRFIISKDNTKSTAYLQMNSLKPEDTAVYYCAA-----		LADCAGYASLTDFDWSWGQGTQAVVSS
JLJ-F9	SGGGLVQAGGSLRLSCAPSRLT--LDFFAIAIWFRQAPGKEREVGVCISSHDGSTYYTDHSVKGRTFISKDNAKNTVYLQMNSLKPEDTAVYYCAL-----		DHNVGTCQLTQAELYDYWGQGTQVTVSS
JLJ-G3	SGGGLVQSGGSLRLSCAASGS--DSDLYHMGWYRQAPGKEREVLVARVQD--GGSTAYKDSVKGRFTISRDFSRSTMQLQMNSLKPEDTAIYYCAA-----		KSTISTPLSWGQGTQVTVSS
JLK-D7	SGGGLVQAGGSLRLSCAASGFT--LGHNQVAWFRQAPGKEREVGACISATGASTHYADPVKGRTFTSRDNTKNNVYLQVNSLKPEDTANYVCAS--		RFSLMSIDASMCLSAPQYDRWGQGTQVRISS
JLK-G12	SGGGLVQAGGSLRLSCAASEFR--AEHFAVGWFRQAPGKEREVGVCVDASGDSTAYADSVKGRFTISRDNNKNVYLQMDSLPEDTGDDYYCGA-----		SYFTVCACKSMRKIEYRYWGQGTQVTVSS
JLO-C8	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGRA--LNYYVIGWFRQAPGKEREVGVCIASSEAYTDYADSVQGRFTISRDKALNTVYLDMKRKLKPDDTAVYYCAA-----		RLRDPNWCGRNADEYDSWGQGTQVTVSS
JLO-G7	SGGGLVQAGGSLRLSCAASGFP--FGSYYMSWVRQAPGKGEPEWVSDISNGGIITTRYSDSVKGRFTISRDNAKNILYLMQNSLKPEDTALYFCAT-----		GTGRDWREYRGQGTQVTVSS
JLO-G11	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAESGFH--LEHFAVGWFRQAPGKEREVGVCISASGDSTTYADSVKGRSTISKDNNAKNAVYLQMDSLRPEDTGDDYYCAA-----		SHFSVCGKNIRKIEYRYWGQGTQVTVSS
JLU-D10	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFT--LDSYAIGWFRQAPGKEREVGACISASGSGTDYVDSVKGRFTVSRDQAKSMVFLQMNNMKPEDAAYYYCAA--		DYRPRPLPIQAPCTMTGGNYWGQGTQVTVSS
JLU-H9	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAAPGFT--LDYYAIGWFRQAPGKEREVGSCIRSQRDRTNYADSVKGRFTVSRDNAKNTAYLQMNNLKPEDTGVYFCAAAPRTTVQDLCTPLLGGADWVSWGQGTQVTVSS		
JLU-H10	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFP--LGDYTVGWFRQAPGKEREVGVCISKGSRGLRYGDSVKGRFTVARDNAKSTVTLQMDSLKPEDTAVYSCA-----		GPAMFNQCHMVVDNYFTYWGQGTQVTVSS
JNE-B10	SGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFP--FHAYYMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSHIGNGGIITTRYADSVKGRFTISRDNAKNTLYLQMTNLKPEDTALYYCTL-----		GTRDDLGPERGQGTQVTVSS

B

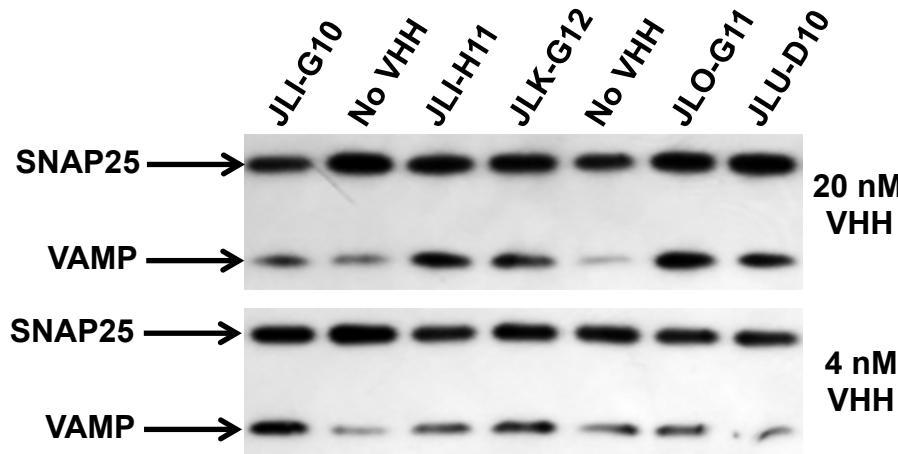


Figure S1. Amino acid sequences and characterization of anti-BoNT/B1 VHJs. Related to Figure 2.

(A) Amino acid sequences of anti-BoNT/B1 VHJs. The amino acid sequences of VHH JEQ-H11, JFM-A11, JFN-B5, and JFM-B9 were reported in our previous study (Mukherjee et al., 2012) and were listed here for comparison.

(B) VHH neutralization of BoNT/B1 in rat primary cerebellar neuron cultures. Purified VHJs were added to cell culture media of cerebellar primary neurons at the indicated concentrations and then 1 nM of BoNT/B1 or medium control was added. After overnight incubation, the extent of VAMP cleavage was assessed by Western blot.

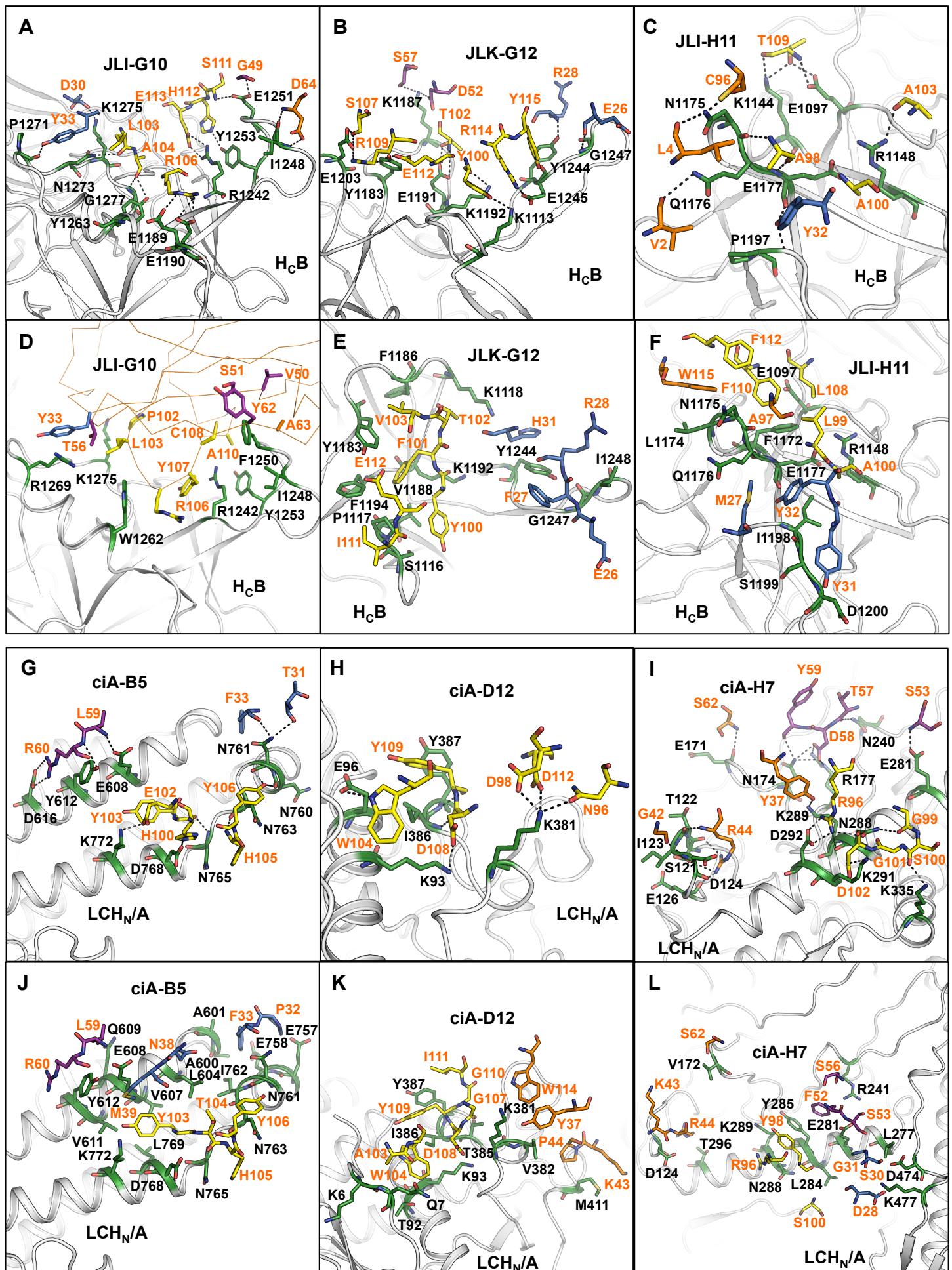


Figure S2. Molecular interactions between H_CB or LCH_N/A and VHHs. Related to Figures 2–4.
Residues mediating electrostatic interactions (**A–C, G–I**) or hydrophobic interactions and van de Waal forces (**D–F, J–L**) between the toxin fragments and VHHs are shown as sticks. The VHH-binding epitopes on H_CB or LCH_N/A are colored green. The interacting residues in the CDR1, 2, 3 loops and the framework region of the VHHs are colored blue, purple, yellow, and orange respectively.

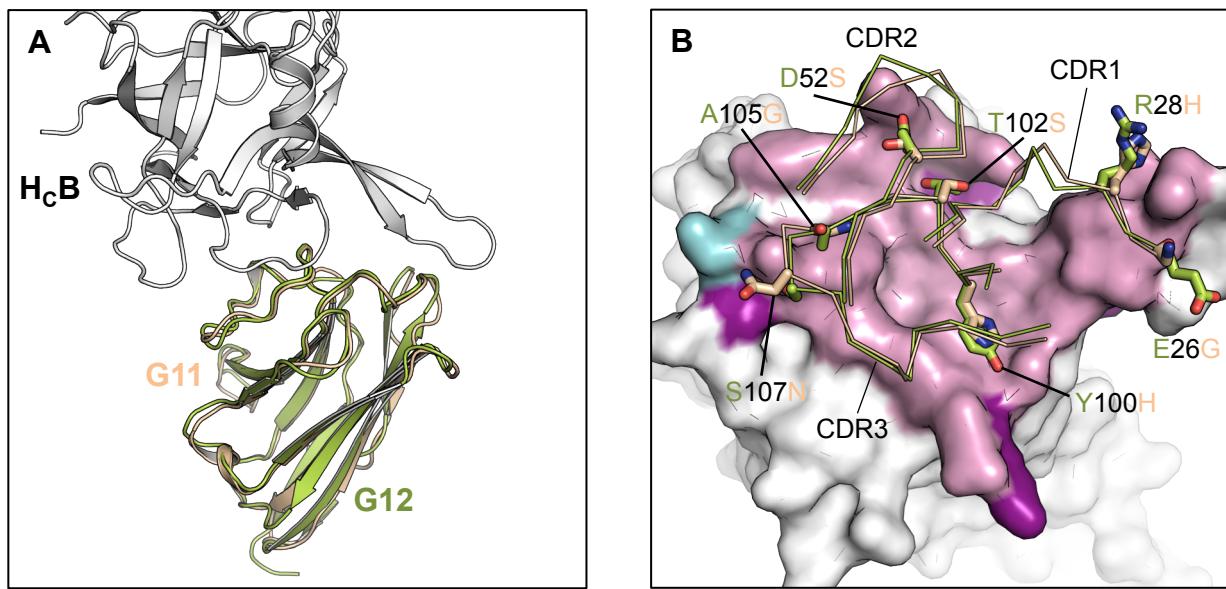


Figure S3. Structure of the H_cB–JLO–G11 complex. Related to Figure 2.

(A) Structural superposition between the H_cB–JLO–G11 and the H_cB–JLK–G12 complexes indicates that the binding mode of JLO–G11 is nearly identical to JLK–G12.

(B) JLO–G11 and JLK–G12 bind to nearly identical epitopes on H_cB. The JLO–G11- and JLK–G12-binding surfaces on H_cB are colored cyan and magenta, respectively, while the overlapping region is colored pink. The CDR loops of the VHJs are drawn as ribbons. The H_cB-interacting residues on JLO–G11 (wheat) and JLK–G12 (green) that are different between them are shown as sticks.

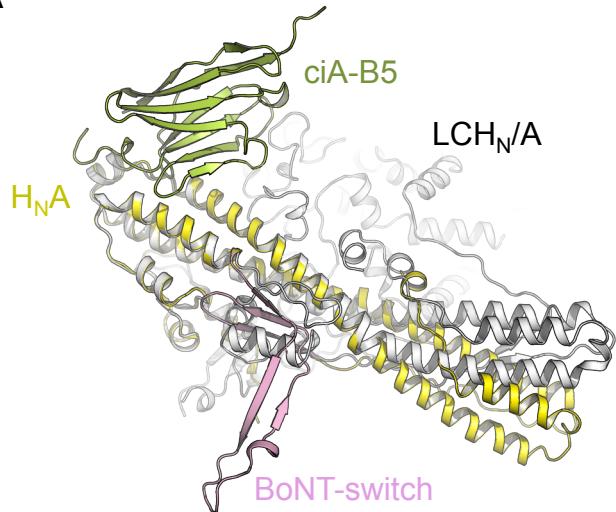
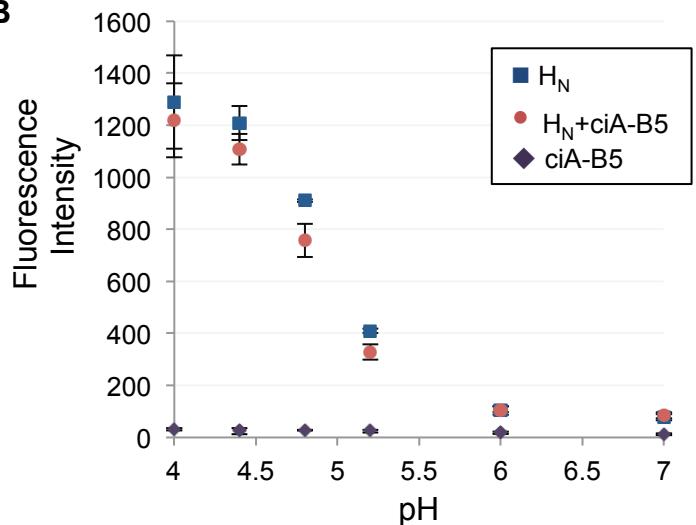
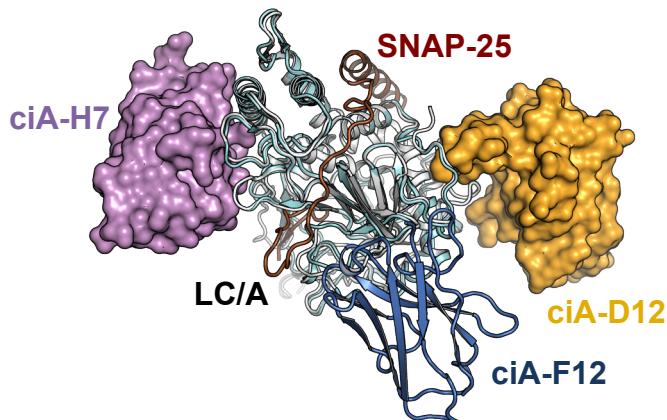
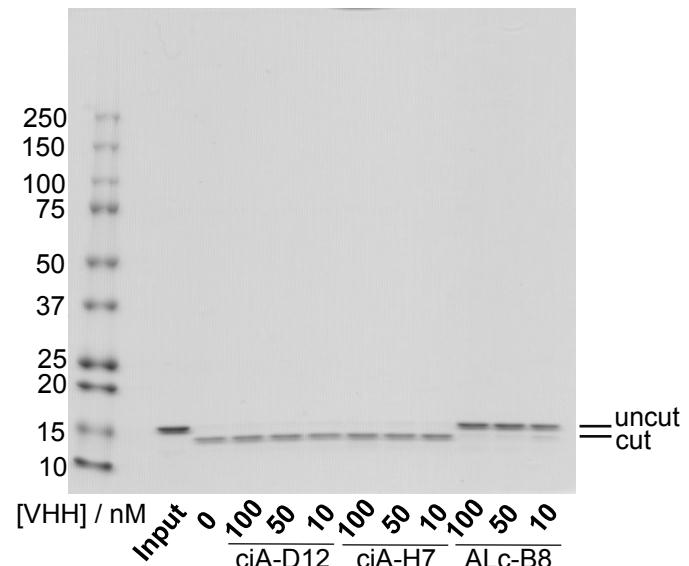
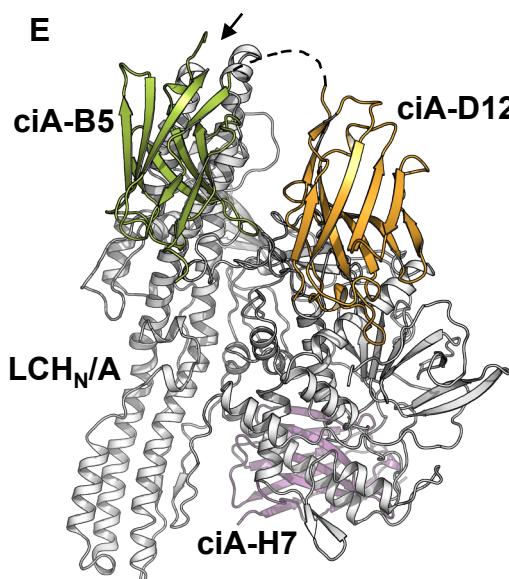
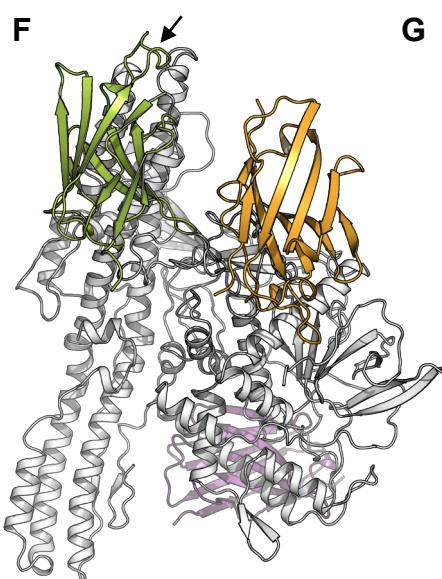
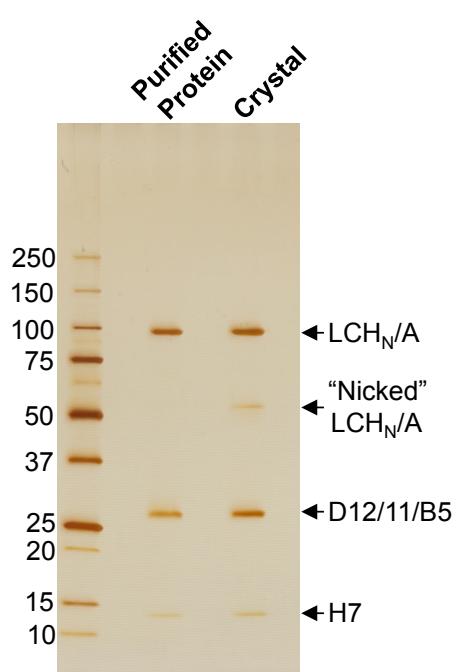
A**B****C****D****E****F****G**

Figure S4. Characterization of anti-BoNT/A VHVs. Related to Figures 3–5.

(A and B) VHH ciA-B5 has no effect on the structural change of the BoNT-switch.

(A) Structural superposition between the LCH_N/A–B5 complex and H_NA in the acidic-pH conformation (PDB code: 6DKK) indicates that the ciA-B5-binding epitope does not overlap with the BoNT-switch.

(B) ANS binding assay. H_NA, H_NA–ciA-B5, or ciA-B5 alone was incubated with ANS at 25 °C for 15 min. The peak fluorescence intensity at 466 nm is shown. Error bar represents SD of three replicate experiments.

(C and D) VHVs ciA-D12 and ciA-H7 do not affect the enzymatic activity of LC/A.

(C) Superimposing the structures of the LC/A–D12–H7 and the LC/A–SNAP-25 complexes indicates that D12 or H7 binding does not affect the LC/A–SNAP-25 interaction. Cartoon model of a non-neutralizing VHH ciA-F12 is drawn for comparison.

(D) In vitro SNAP-25 endopeptidase assay. LC/A (1 nM) was pre-incubated for 15 min with ciA-D12, ciA-H7, or a protease inhibitor ALc-B8 (10–100 nM) (Tremblay et al., 2010), respectively. The LC/A–VHH mixtures were then added to 5 mM of SNAP-25 (80–206) for 30 min at 25 °C. The gel image is a representative of three independent experiments.

(E–G) Crystal structure of the LCH_N/A–D12/11/B5–H7 complex.

Structures of the LCH_N/A–D12/11/B5–H7 (E) and LCH_N/A–B5–D12–H7 (F) complexes are drawn in the same orientation. These two structures are almost identical (r.m.s.d. of 0.212 over 956 aligned C α atoms). Residues A26–P29 of ciA-B5 (arrow) and the 11-amino-acid peptide linker connecting ciA-D12 and ciA-B5 (dotted line) are not visible in the electron density map of the LCH_N/A–D12/11/B5–H7 complex. As shown in panel (G), D12/11/B5 remained intact during crystallization. Therefore, its peptide linker was present in the crystal, likely adopting a flexible conformation.

(G) Crystals of the LCH_N/A–D12/11/B5–H7 complex were isolated, washed five times with the mother liquor, and then denatured in SDS loading dye and analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

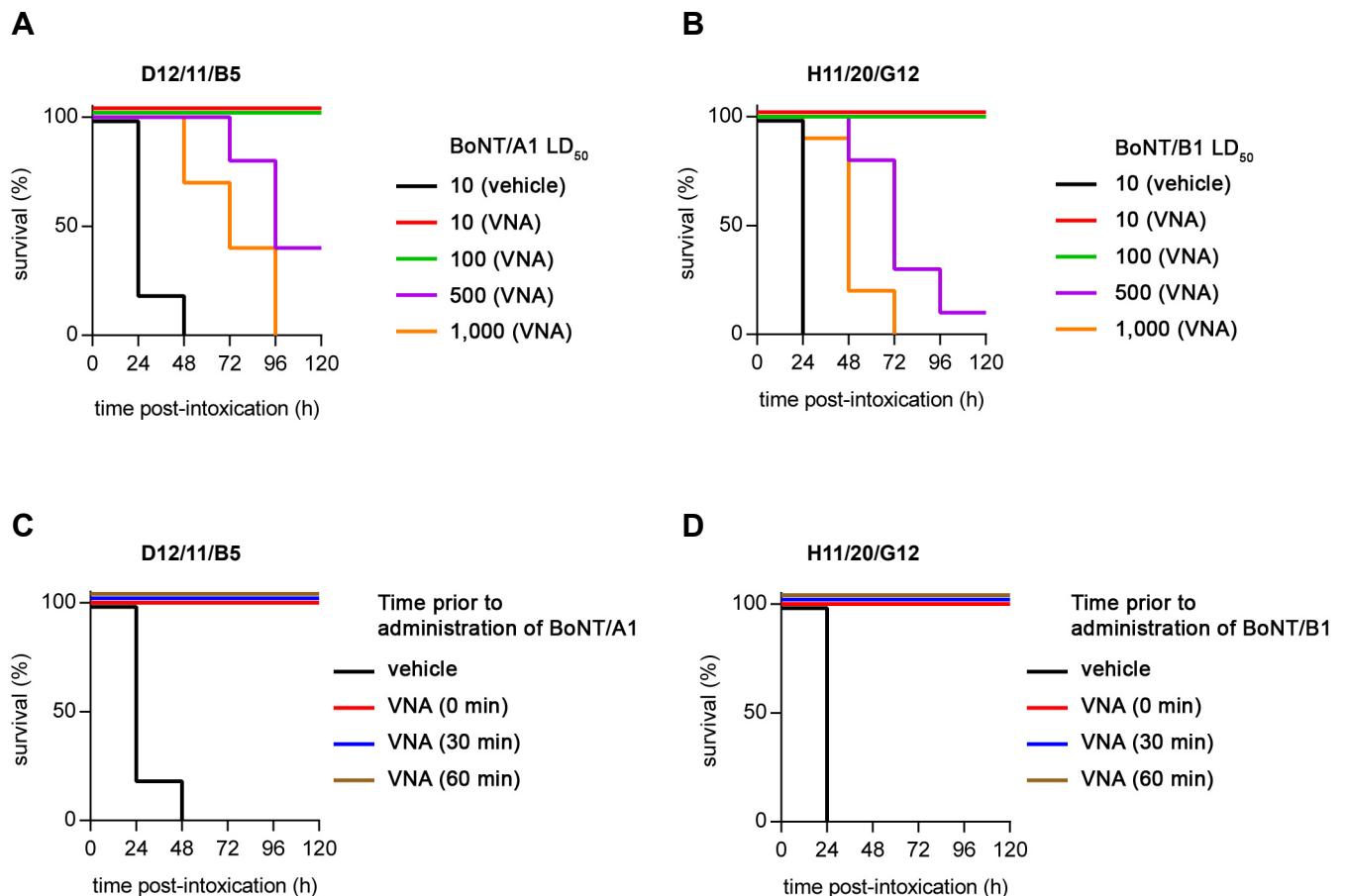
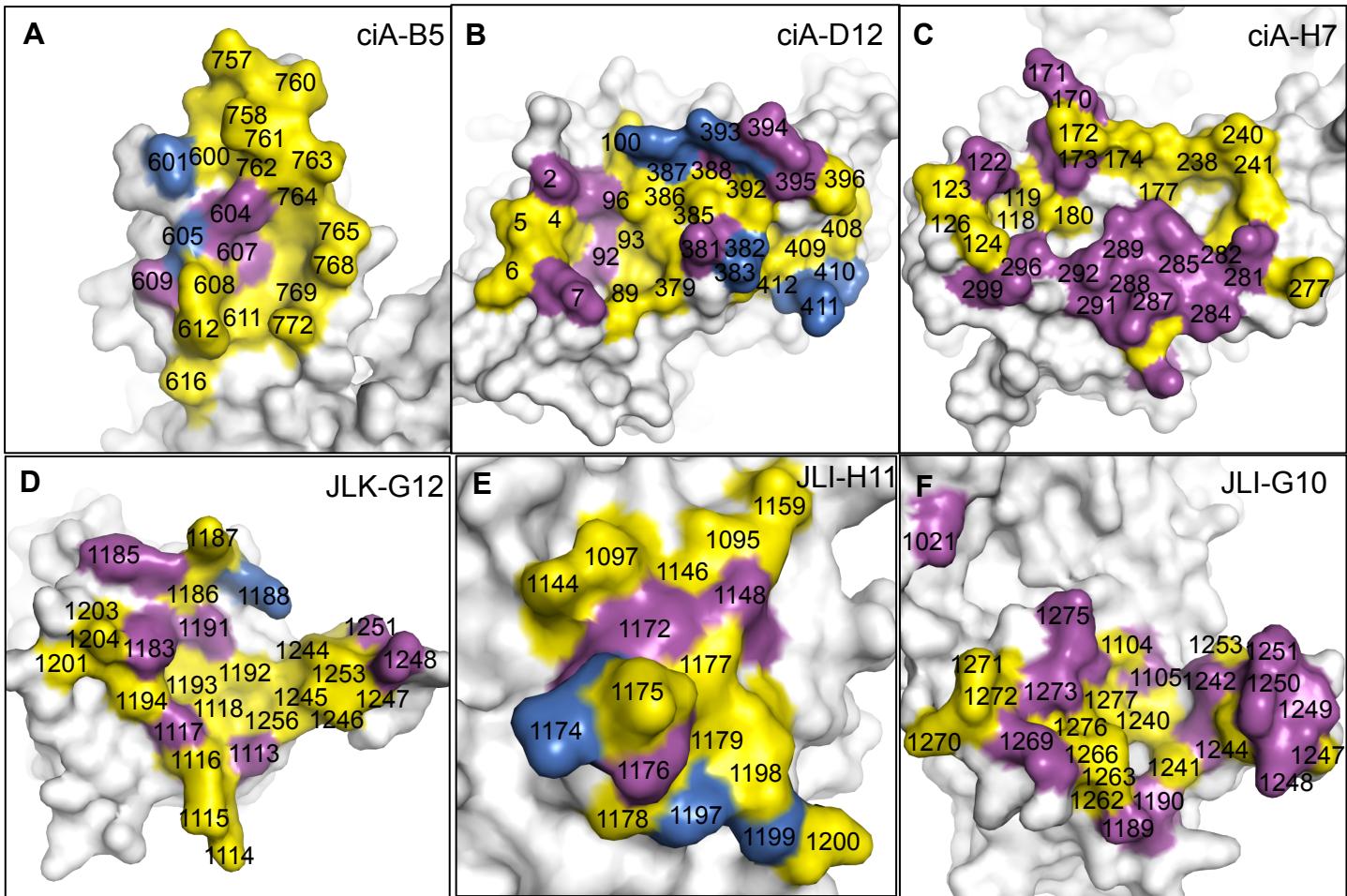


Figure S5. BoNT/A1 or BoNT/B1 intoxication in mice is prevented by separate administration of designer VNAs. Related to Figures 6–7.

(A and B) Symptoms of BoNT/A1 (A) or BoNT/B1 (B) intoxication and lethality were monitored following administration of bivalent VNA D12/11/B5 (A), H11/20/G12 (B), or toxin only. Time to death is plotted as % survival following IP injection of the indicated dose of toxin at 5 min after IV administration of VNAs in groups of five mice.

(C and D) VNA D12/11/B5 (C) and H11/20/G12 (D) were administered at indicated time points prior to injection of 10 LD₅₀ of BoNT/A1 and BoNT/B1, respectively.



ciA-B5		
% ID	% SIM	
A1	80.95	AALGVEQVYDEENNINFNDLK
A2	90.48	AFLNAEEVYDEENNINFNDLK
A3	95.24	AVLSAEEVYDEENNINFNDLK
A4	76.19	AVVNTDENVYDEENNINFNDLK
A5	100.00	100.00 AALGVEQVYDEENNINFNDLK
A6	100.00	100.00 AALGVEQVYDEENNINFNDLK
A7	100.00	100.00 AALGVEQVYDEENNINFNDLK
A8	100.00	100.00 AALGVEQVYDEENNINFNDLK
consensus>70 A .l .ve#VYDEENNINFNDLK		

JLK-G12		
% ID	% SIM	
B1	80.77	KKDSPVYYFKKEKLFSEFYESGIEYY
B2	80.77	KKDSPVYYDFKKEKLFSEFYESGIKYY
B3	88.46	KKDSPVYYDFKKEKLFSEFYESGIKYY
B4	69.23	VKDSPVYYDFKKEKLFSEFYESGKYYV
B5	92.31	KKDSPVYYDFKKEKLFSEFYESGIKYY
B6	88.46	KKDSPVLYNFKKEKLFSEFYESGIKYY
B7	73.08	VKDSPVYNFKGEKLFSEFYESGKYYI
B8	73.08	KKDSPVYYDFKGQKLFSEFYESGQYYE
consensus>70 KKDSsVyydFK.eKLFSEFYESG..yy		

ciA-D12		
% ID	% SIM	
A1	24.87	PVNKOQTKESVKVNTIYDLRNTNNNMN
A2	71.43	75.00 PVNKQKTKESVDENTIKDLKGANNSRN
A3	57.14	64.29 PVNKPQKTKESVDENTINELEGANINSRN
A4	85.71	85.71 PVNKQKTKESVDVNTIHDLRNTNNNNKN
A5	92.86	92.86 LVNKQKTKESVNVNTIYDLRNTNNNNMN
A6	100.00	100.00 PVNKQKTKESVKVNTIYDLRNTNNNMN
A7	96.43	96.43 PVNKQKTKESVNVNTIYDLRNTNNNMN
A8	78.57	82.14 PVNKQKTKESVDENTIKDLKNTNNSRN
consensus>70 pVNkQKtK#Svd.Nti.#L.ntNN..N		

JLI-H11		
% ID	% SIM	
B1	76.47	NEKIRDFFLNQEWRPISD
B2	88.24	NEKIRDFFSNREWRNIYD
B3	70.59	NEKIRDFFLNQEWRPISD
B5	100.00	100.00 NEKIRDFFLNQEWRPISD
B6	100.00	100.00 NEKIRDFFLNQEWRPISD
B7	76.47	NEKIRDFFSNREWRNIYD
B8	82.35	NEKIRDFFLNQEWRPISD
consensus>70 NEKIRDFFLNQEWRPISD		

ciA-H7		
% ID	% SIM	
A1	96.67	100.00 WGSTDIDEHEVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A2	96.67	100.00 WGSTDIDEHDVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A3	63.33	70.00 WGSTDIDEHDVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A4	83.33	90.00 WGGKIDEDDVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A5	96.67	100.00 WGSTDIDEHEVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A6	100.00	100.00 WGSTDIDEHEVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A7	90.00	96.67 WGSTDIDEHDVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
A8	96.67	100.00 WGSTDIDEHDVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK
consensus>70 WGSTDIDEHEVLRNYNNRLEFLYLYNKKDTKK		

JLI-G10		
% ID	% SIM	
B1	88.46	KGNIEIHRYGIVFKEYWYEERKPYNKL
B2	88.46	KGNIEIHRYGIVLKYWYEERKPYNLG
B3	88.46	KGNIEIHRYGIVFKYWYEERKPYNLG
B4	69.23	TGNQEIHRHYGIVFKYWYEERKPYNLG
B5	96.15	96.15 KGNIEIHRYGIVFKYWYEERKPYNLG
B6	88.46	88.46 KGNIEIHRYGIVFKYWYEERKPYNLG
B7	73.08	84.62 KGNQEIHRHYGIVFKYWYEERKPYNLG
B8	76.92	84.62 KGSKEIHRYGFVFQYWYEERKPYNLDLG
consensus>70 KGNIEIHRYGIVFKEYWYEERKPYNLG		

Figure S6. Sequence conservation of the VHH-binding epitopes across BoNT/A and BoNT/B subtypes. Related to Figures 2–4.

(A–F) LCH_N/A (A–C) or H_CB (D–F) is drawn in surface. Identical, conserved, and variable residues at the BoNT/A–VHH or BoNT/B–VHH interface are colored yellow, purple, and blue, respectively.

(G–L) Amino acid sequence alignment among BoNT/A (G–I) or BoNT/B (J–L) subtypes. Only the VHH-binding epitopes are shown. The percentage of sequence identity (%ID) and similarity (%SIM) are shown. Sequence alignments were performed using Clustal Omega and displayed with ESPript 3.0.

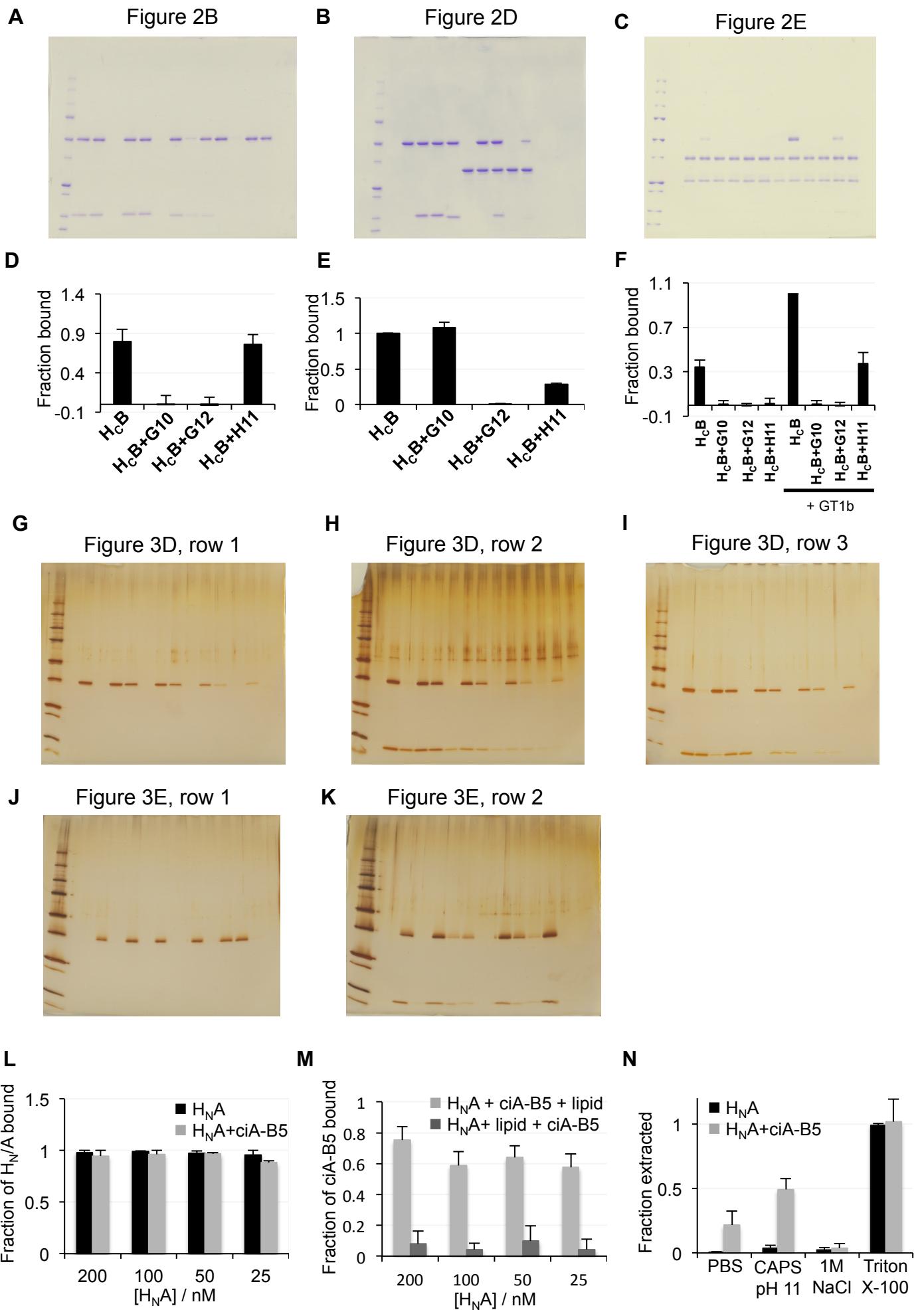


Figure S7. Uncropped images and quantification of data shown in Figures 2–3.

- (A–C) Uncropped images for data shown in Figure 2.
(D–F) Quantification of results shown in Figure 2B, 2D, and 2E.
(D) The intensities of protein bands were quantified for the input and the supernatant fractions. The fraction of the bound-H_CB was calculated as 1 – (band intensity of unbound protein / input protein).
(E) The band intensities of the bound H_CB in the presence of VHH were quantified and represented as (Intensity / Intensity of binding of H_CB alone).
(F) The band intensities of the bound H_CB were quantified and represented as (Intensity / Intensity of binding of H_CB with GST-Syt II in the presence of GT1b).
(G–K) Uncropped images for data shown in Figure 3.
(L–N) Quantification of results shown in Figure 3D–E.
(L) The band intensities of H_NA were quantified for the input and the supernatant fractions.
(M) The band intensities of ciA-B5 were quantified. The fraction of the bound-protein was calculated as 1 – (band intensity of unbound protein / input protein).
(N) The band intensities of H_NA were quantified for the pellet fraction without treatment and the resuspended soluble fraction (S2). The fraction of the extracted protein was calculated as a ratio of band intensities of H_NA after and before extraction. The data are presented as mean ± S.D., n = 3.

Protein^A	Subunit^B	Neutralization^C	EC₅₀ (nM)^D
JEQ-H11	Hc	No	0.2
JFM-A11 ^E	Hc	Yes	0.6
JFM-B9	Hc	No	0.8
JFN-B5	Hc	No	0.4
JLI-G10 ^E	Hc	Yes	0.3
JLI-H11	Hc	Yes	10*
JLJ-F9	Lc	No	10*
JLJ-G3	Lc	No	0.7
JLK-D7	Hc	No	0.1
JLK-G12	Hc	Yes	0.5
JLO-C8	Hc	No	1*
JLO-G7	Lc	No	1*
JLO-G11	Hc	Yes	0.5
JLU-D10	unknown	Yes	2*
JLU-H9	unknown	No	trace*
JLU-H10	unknown	No	0.1
JNE-B10	Lc	No	1

Table S1. A summary of anti-BoNT/B VHH characterization data. Related to Figures 1–2.

^A Lab code given to each VHH.

^B Subunit recognition was assessed by ELISA with purified BoNT light chain (LC) or heavy chain C-terminus (H_C). VHHs recognizing BoNT holotoxin without recognition of purified LC or H_C are indicated as unknown (likely H_N or LCH_N).

^C VHH neutralization was determined by the ability of VHHs (20 nM) to clearly inhibit VAMP cleavage following overnight incubation of primary neurons with 1 nM BoNT/B1.

^D The EC₅₀ was the VHH concentration that produced about 50% of the peak signal on a serial dilution ELISA on ciBoNT/B1-coated Costar plates.

^E JFM-A11 reported in our earlier study is clonally related to JLI-G10 while JLI-G10 displayed a higher binding affinity to BoNT/B1 than JFM-A11 (Mukherjee et al., 2012), therefore we focused on JLI-G10 in this study.

* These VHHs improved to sub-nM EC₅₀ in ELISAs when BoNT/B1 was captured onto plastic plates with an antibody, suggestive of conformation-dependent epitopes.

Table S2. Data collection and refinement statistics. Related to Figures 1–4.

	HcB-JLI-G10	HcB-JLK-G12	HcB-JLI-H11	HcB-JLO-G11	LCH _N /A-B5-D12-H7	LCH _N /A-D12/11/B5-H7
Data collection						
Space group	P 63	C 1 2 1	P 1	C 2 2 21	C 1 2 1	C 1 2 1
Cell dimensions						
<i>a, b, c</i> (Å)	223.1, 223.1, 58.49	153.24, 53.19, 114.41	71.21, 73.28, 76.37	56.30, 267.90, 144.69	141.04, 89.36, 143.69	141.3, 90.25, 144.8
α, β, γ (°)	90, 90, 120	90, 92.35, 90	87.83, 65.75, 66.55	90.00, 90.00, 90.00	90, 118.93, 90	90, 119, 90
Resolution (Å)	111.57–2.20 (2.24– 2.20) ^a	38.28–2.90 (3.08– 2.90)	44.58–2.32 (2.39– 2.32)	144.69–3.18 (3.40– 3.18)	37.74–2.20 (2.25– 2.20)	47.21–2.02 (2.05– 2.02)
R _{merge}	0.096 (0.722)	0.120 (0.611)	0.055 (0.484)	0.153 (1.843)	0.049 (0.208)	0.094 (0.716)
CC1/2	0.994 (0.733)	0.964 (0.684)	0.997 (0.810)	0.990 (0.376)	0.997 (0.965)	0.995 (0.648)
I/σ(I)	10.2 (2.0)	7.4 (1.7)	13.9 (2.2)	8.5 (0.8)	10.2 (3.7)	9.8 (2.0)
Completeness (%)	99.2 (99.9)	96.7 (97.9)	98.6 (97.8)	99.0 (98.3)	95.0 (97.5)	99.8 (99.9)
Redundancy	4.9 (5.0)	3.2 (3.3)	3.9 (3.8)	3.6 (3.6)	2.6 (2.6)	3.7 (3.8)
Refinement						
Resolution (Å)	96.63–2.20	38.28–2.90	37.48–2.32	45.38–3.18	37.16–2.20	47.21–2.02
No. reflections	84236	20026	54471	18355	75238	103988
Reflections used for	4213	1029	2764	865	3774	5185
R _{free}						
R _{work} /R _{free}	0.194/0.211	0.212/0.258	0.170/0.222	0.204/0.258	0.181/0.229	0.183/0.195
No. atoms	9563	4621	9263	4599	10088	10407
Protein	9155	4597	8938	4599	9564	9608
Ligand/ion	-	10	-	-	-	-
Water	408	14	325	-	524	799
B-factors	46.2	47.3	52.00	99.60	34.90	37.50
Protein	46.3	47.2	52.20	99.60	34.70	37.20
Ligand/ion	-	97.7	-	-	-	-
Water	43.8	36.2	44.90	-	38.10	40.10
R.m.s. deviations						
Bond lengths (Å)	0.008	0.004	0.008	0.004	0.008	0.016
Bond angles (°)	1.120	0.697	1.018	0.810	1.09	1.446

One crystal was used for each structure.

^a Statistics for the highest-resolution shell are shown in parentheses.

Table S3. A summary of the in vivo toxin neutralization studies of the designer VNAs. Related to Figures 5–7.

VNA	Distance / Å	Spacer length (a.a.)	Simultaneous binder?	BoNT LD ₅₀	Survival at 96 hours (Alive / Tested)
ciA-D12...ciA-B5	17	11	Yes	100	10 / 10
				500	0 / 5
				1,000	0 / 5
				2,500	0 / 5
				10,000	0 / 5
ciA-D12...ciA-H7	92	11	No	100	1 / 10
				500	0 / 5
				1,000	0 / 5
				2,500	0 / 5
JLI-G10...JLI-G12	37	12	Yes	100	5 / 5
				200	5 / 5
				1,000	10 / 10
				5,000	2 / 5
				10,000	0 / 5
JLK-G12...JLI-G10	80	5	No	100	1 / 5
				200	0 / 5
				1,000	1 / 10
				5,000	1 / 5
JLI-H11...JKL-G12	61	20	Yes	100	5 / 5
				200	5 / 5
				1,000	10 / 10
				5,000	1 / 5
				10,000	2 / 5
	3	3	No	100	5 / 5
				200	5 / 5
				1,000	1 / 10
				5,000	2 / 5
				10,000	0 / 5