Childhood Type 1 Diabetes; an Environment Wide Association Study across England – Electronic Supplementary material

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ESM Table 1: Summary of the environmental variables assessed in the ecological Environment Wide Association Study

Variable	Data source	Time period	Resolution	LAD-measure	25/50/75 percentile	Units
Meteorological conditions			-			
Sunshine duration (minimum)	British Atmospheric Data Centre/SAHSU	1980- 2005	1×1km	Population weighted	3.45/3.74/ 3.90	Hours
Sunshine duration (maximum)	British Atmospheric Data Centre/SAHSU	1980- 2005	1×1km	Population weighted	3.74/3.89/4.07	Hours
Minimum temperature	Met Office UKCP09	1981- 2010	5km grid	Population weighted	0.51/0.97/1.43	°C
Maximum temperature	Met Office UKCP09	1981- 2010	5km grid	Population weighted	20.12/21.05/21.97	°C
Ultraviolet Radiation	Cherrie et al. 2015 ¹	July 2002- June 2003	postcode district	Area weighted	1857/2008/2102	J/m²/day
Built Environment						
Green space	CEH Land Cover Map 2000	2000	25m×25m	Percent of total area	16.68/21.68/29.42	%
Blue space	CEH Land Cover Map 2000	2000	25m×25m	Percent of total area	0.29/0.72/2.55	%
Built environment	CEH Land Cover Map 2000	2000	25m×25m	Percent of total area	7.22/15.98/39.34	%
Intense agriculture	CEH Land Cover Map 2000	2000	25m×25m	Percent of total area	23.01/48.72/65.81	%
ANGSt criteria 1 - at least 2 hectares greenspace, no more than 300 metres (5 minutes walk) from home	OS Greenspace data	2017	-	Percent of population	31.70/39.98/49.71	%

¹ Cherrie MP, Wheeler BW, White PM, Sarran CE and Osborne NJ (2015). Coastal climate is associated with elevated solar irradiance and higher 25(OH)D level. Environment International 77:76-84

ANGSt criteria 2 - at least one accessible 20	OS Greenspace data	2017	-	Percent of	46.39/68.01/87.21	%
hectare site within two kilometres of home				population		
ANGSt criteria 3 - one accessible 100	OS Greenspace data	2017	-	Percent of	3.66/29.49/73.35	%
hectare site within five kilometres of home				population		
ANGSt criteria 4 - one accessible 500	OS Greenspace data	2017	-	Percent of	0.00/0.00/0.00	%
hectare site within ten kilometres of home				population		
Rural status	Defra's Rural Urban	2001	-	Percent of	1.50/28.88/66.70	%
	Classification			population		
Urban status	Defra's Rural Urban	2001	-	Percent of	33.29/71.12/98.50	%
	Classification			population		
Environmental Pollutants						
Aggregate radon potential class	PHE/BGS Radon	2007	1km×1km	Population	1/1/2	Radon Potential
	Potential Dataset			weighted		Class
PM _{2.5}	Defra	2002	1km×1km	Population	9.00/9.63/10.33	µg m ⁻³
				weighted		
PM ₁₀	Defra	2001	1km×1km	Population	14.43/15.39/16.75	µg m ⁻³
				weighted		
NO ₂	Defra	2001	1km×1km	Population	19.44/26.12/31.79	µg m ⁻³
				weighted		
NOx	Defra	2001	1km×1km	Population	28.71/44.12/58.66	µg m ⁻³
				weighted		
СО	Defra	2002	1km×km	Population	0.20/0.24/0.28	mg m ⁻³
				weighted		
SO ₂	Defra	2002	1km×km	Population	2.44/3.40/4.88	µg m⁻³
				weighted		
Ozone	Defra	2003	1km×1km	Population	12.27/15.66/19.79	# days daily max
				weighted		8-hr >120 μg m ⁻³
Benzene	Defra	2003	1km×1km	Population	0.00/0.00/0.00	µg m⁻³
				weighted		

PM ₁₀	EU-wide LUR	2007	100m	Population	20.65/21.83/23.24	µg m ⁻³
	(Vienneau et al. 2013 ²)		resolution	weighted		
NO ₂	EU-wide LUR (Vienneau et al. 2013 ²)	2007	100m resolution	Population weighted	20.71/24.83/29.95	μg m ⁻³
Lead (Pb) in soil	BGS	1978- 2014	Various (500m to 5km)	Population weighted	43.92/66.79/104	mg/kg
Cadmium (Cd) in soil	BGS	1978- 2014	Various (500m to 5km)	Population weighted	0.21/0.32/0.49	mg/kg
Arsenic (As) in soil	BGS	1978- 2014	Various (500m to 5km)	Population weighted	10.65/13.85/17.94	mg/kg
Nitrates in drinking water	14 Water companies ³	2000- 2010	Various	Population weighted	5.36/19.03/26.81	mg/l
Fungicides	INTRARESE project/Defra/FERA	June 2000	Ward 1998	Population weighted	0.60/46.05/439	Kg ²
Herbicides and desiccants	INTRARESE project/Defra/FERA	June 2000	Ward 1998	Population weighted	3.17/72.55/485	Kg ²
Growth regulators	INTRARESE project/Defra/FERA	June 2000	Ward 1998	Population weighted	0.00/36.72/263	Kg ²
Insecticides/nemacides/acaracides	INTRARESE project/Defra/FERA	June 2000	Ward 1998	Population weighted	0.27/5.70/34.37	Kg ²
Molluscicides and repellents	INTRARESE project/Defra/FERA	June 2000	Ward 1998	Population weighted	0.00/3.27/32.02	Kg ²
Other pesticides	INTRARESE	June	Ward 1998	Population	0.10/61.09/329	Kg ²

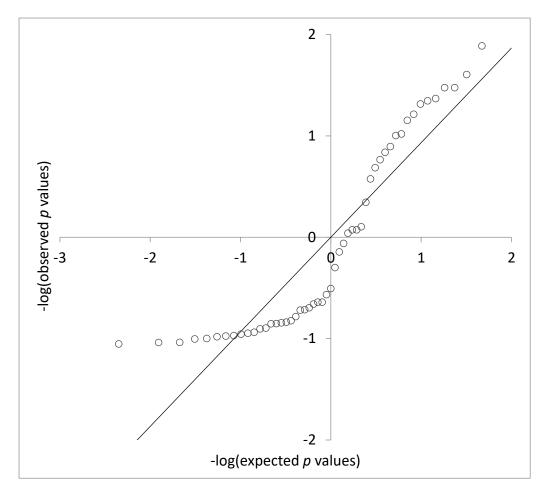
² Vienneau D, de Hoogh K, Bechle MJ, Beelen R, van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Millet DB, Hoek G and Marshall JD (2013). Western European land use regression incorporating satellite- and ground-based measurements of NO2 and PM10. Environ Sci Technol 47(23): 13555-13564

³ Anglian water, Bristol Water, South Staffs Water, Northumbrian Water, Portsmouth Water, Severn Trent Water, SES Water, Southern Water, South East Water, South West Water, Thames Water, United Utilities, Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water and Wessex Water

	project/Defra/FERA	2000		weighted		
Total pesticides	INTRARESE	June	Ward 1998	Population	8.42/265/1622	Kg ²
	project/Defra/FERA	2000		weighted		
Light at Night	MANTLE project	2002	200m raster	Population	3.98/9.51/19.26	Deciles of
	(Briggs et al. 2007 ⁴)		grid	weighted		arbitrary units
Demographic						
Population density 2000	Office for National	2000	LADUA 2001	1000 persons	0.17/0.50/1.84	persons per km ²
	Statistics			per km ²		
Population density 2001	Office for National	2001	LADUA 2001	1000 persons	0.18/0.50/1.84	persons per km ²
	Statistics			per km²		
Overcrowding	Census 2001	2001	-	Percent of	0.82/1.07/1.48	% ≥1
				population		persons/room/
						household
Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)	Communities and	2004	Super Output	Population	12.20/16.89/23.82	IMD Score
	Local Government		Area (SOA)	weighted		
			2001			
IMD living environment domain	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	11.19/15.87/23.96	IMD Score
	Local Government			weighted		
IMD barriers to housing and services	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	18.14/22.97/27.32	IMD Score
domain	Local Government			weighted		
IMD education, skills and training	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	12.59/17.82/24.73	IMD Score
deprivation domain	Local Government			weighted		
IMD employment deprivation domain	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	0.06/0.08/0.12	IMD Score
	Local Government			weighted		
IMD income deprivation domain	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	0.08/0.11/0.15	IMD Score
	Local Government			weighted		
IMD crime domain	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	-0.64/-0.29/0.16	IMD Score
	Local Government			weighted		
IMD health deprivation and disability	Communities and	2004	SOA 2001	Population	-0.68/-0.22/0.28	IMD Score
domain	Local Government			weighted		

⁴ Briggs DJ, Gulliver J, Fecht D and Vienneau DM (2007). Dasymetric modelling of small-area population distribution using land cover and light emissions data. Remote Sensing of Environment 108(4): 451-466

Tobacco expenditure	CACI	2014	COA 2011	Expenditure	6.25/6.96/7.71	£/week
				per adult (age		
				≥16 years)		
White ethnicity	SAHSU	2001	Census	Percent of	93.94/97.66/98.62	%
			Output Area	population		
			(COA) 2001			
Black ethnicity	SAHSU	2001	COA 2001	Percent of	0.15/0.27/0.88	%
				population		
Asian ethnicity	SAHSU	2001	COA 2001	Percent of	0.29/0.67/2.78	%
				population		



ESM Figure 1: Quantile-quantile (Q-Q) plot of the observed log p values (y axis) versus the expected log p values (y-axis) from the EnWAS. The diagonal (solid line) shows expectation under the null.