

**A radiomics-based comparative study on arterial spin labeling and dynamic susceptibility contrast perfusion-weighted imaging in gliomas**

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**Supplementary file contents:**

**Supplementary Table S1**

Radiomic features included in this study. All radiomic features extracted by using PyRadiomics (<http://www.radiomics.io/pyradiomics.html>).

**Supplementary Table S2**

Comparisons of all radiomic features between ASL-nCBF and DSC-nrCBF in gliomas.

**Supplementary Table S3**

Correlation coefficients of all radiomic features between ASL-nCBF and DSC-nrCBF in gliomas.

**Supplementary Text S1**

The scan parameters of the anatomical MR imaging ( $T_1$  FLAIR,  $T_2$  FLAIR,  $T_2$ WI,  $T_2^*$ WI, and CE- $T_1$ WI) and MR perfusion-weighted imaging (ASL and DSC imaging).

**Supplementary Table S1.** Radiomic features included in this study.

Feature	Radiomic feature	Feature	Radiomic feature	Feature	Radiomic feature
#	#	#	#	#	#
	<b>First-order statistics</b>	32	Autocorrelation	63	Run-length non-uniformity
1	Interquartile range	33	Sum entropy	64	Short run emphasis
2	Skewness	34	Sum squares	65	Long run high gray-level
					emphasis
3	Uniformity	35	Cluster prominence	66	Run percentage
4	Median	36	Imc2	67	Long run low gray-level
					emphasis
5	Energy	37	Imc1	68	Run entropy
6	Robust mean absolute	38	Difference average	69	High gray-level run
	deviation				emphasis
7	Mean absolute	39	Id	70	Run-length non-uniformity
	deviation				normalized
8	Total energy	40	Cluster tendency		<b>GLSZM</b>
9	Maximum		<b>GLDM</b>	71	Gray-level variance
10	Root mean squared	41	Gray-level variance	72	Zone variance

11	90 <sup>th</sup> percentile	42	High gray-level emphasis	73	Gray-level non-uniformity normalized
12	Minimum	43	Dependence entropy	74	Size-zone non-uniformity normalized
13	Entropy	44	Dependence non-uniformity	75	Size-zone non-uniformity
14	Range	45	Gray-level non-uniformity	76	Gray-level non-uniformity
15	Variance	46	Small dependence emphasis	77	Large area emphasis
16	10 <sup>th</sup> percentile	47	Small dependence high gray-level emphasis	78	Small area high gray-level emphasis
17	Kurtosis	48	Dependence non-uniformity normalized	79	Zone percentage
18	Mean	49	Large dependence emphasis	80	Large area low gray-level emphasis
<b>GLCM</b>		50	Large dependence low gray-level emphasis	81	Large area high gray-level emphasis
19	Joint average	51	Dependence variance	82	High gray-level zone emphasis

20	Joint entropy	52	Large dependence high gray-level emphasis	83	Small area emphasis
21	Cluster shade	53	Small dependence low gray-level emphasis	84	Low gray-level zone emphasis
22	Maximum probability	54	Low gray-level emphasis	85	Zone entropy
23	Idmn		<b>GLRLM</b>	86	Small area low gray-level emphasis
24	Joint energy	55	Short run low gray-level emphasis		<b>NGTDM</b>
25	Contrast	56	Gray-level variance	87	Coarseness
26	Difference entropy	57	Low gray-level run emphasis	88	Complexity
27	Inverse variance	58	Gray-level non-uniformity normalized	89	Strength
28	Difference variance	59	Run variance	90	Contrast
29	Idn	60	Gray-level non-uniformity	91	Busyness
30	Idm	61	Long run emphasis		
31	Correlation	62	Short run high gray-level emphasis		

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GLCM, gray-level co-occurrence matrix; GLDM, gray-level dependence matrix; GLRLM, gray-level run-length matrix; GLSZM, gray-level size-zone matrix; NGTDM, neighboring gray-tone difference matrix.

**Supplementary Table S2.** Comparisons of radiomic features between ASL-nCBF and DSC-nrCBF in gliomas.

Feature #	Radiomic feature	ASL-nCBF	DSC-nrCBF	P-value
<b>First-order statistics</b>				
1	<i>Interquartile range</i>	$1.10 \pm 0.77$	$2.17 \pm 1.95$	<0.00001*
2	<i>Skewness</i>	$0.73 \pm 0.67$	$2.23 \pm 1.48$	<0.00001*
3	<i>Uniformity</i>	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	$0.10 \pm 0.06$	<0.00001*
4	Median	$1.91 \pm 0.79$	$2.53 \pm 1.96$	0.05534
5	<i>Energy</i>	$6.68 \times 10^5 \pm 9.39 \times 10^5$	$3.14 \times 10^6 \pm 7.64 \times 10^6$	0.00003*
6	<i>Robust mean absolute deviation</i>	$0.46 \pm 0.32$	$0.95 \pm 0.86$	<0.00001*
<i>Mean absolute deviation</i>				
7	<i>Mean absolute deviation</i>	$0.64 \pm 0.42$	$1.51 \pm 1.36$	<0.00001*
8	<i>Total energy</i>	$1.32 \times 10^5 \pm 1.86 \times 10^5$	$6.20 \times 10^5 \pm 15.11 \times 10^5$	0.00003*
9	<i>Maximum</i>	$5.30 \pm 2.83$	$24.41 \pm 21.77$	<0.00001*
10	<i>Root mean squared</i>	$2.21 \pm 0.96$	$3.76 \pm 2.94$	<0.00001*
11	<i>90<sup>th</sup> percentile</i>	$3.15 \pm 1.51$	$5.64 \pm 4.75$	<0.00001*
12	<i>Minimum</i>	$0.49 \pm 0.31$	$0.13 \pm 0.26$	<0.00001*
13	<i>Entropy</i>	$5.50 \pm 0.90$	$3.94 \pm 1.02$	<0.00001*
14	<i>Range</i>	$4.81 \pm 2.95$	$24.29 \pm 21.80$	<0.00001*

15	<i>Variance</i>	$0.90 \pm 1.08$	$7.76 \pm 14.79$	<0.00001*
16	$10^{\text{th}}$ percentile	$1.14 \pm 0.40$	$1.11 \pm 1.01$	0.10877
17	<i>Kurtosis</i>	$3.85 \pm 2.31$	$14.86 \pm 16.69$	<0.00001*
18	Mean	$2.05 \pm 0.85$	$3.06 \pm 2.37$	0.00552
<b>GLCM</b>				
19	<i>Joint average</i>	$32.36 \pm 17.79$	$9.98 \pm 7.47$	<0.00001*
20	<i>Joint entropy</i>	$8.45 \pm 1.55$	$6.21 \pm 1.85$	<0.00001*
21	<i>Cluster shade</i>	$6.44 \times 10^4 \pm 12.61 \times 10^4$	$1.98 \times 10^4 \pm 6.48 \times 10^4$	0.00027*
22	<i>Maximum probability</i>	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	$0.10 \pm 0.09$	<0.00001*
23	Idmn	$0.999 \pm 0.001$	$0.999 \pm 0.001$	0.72908
24	<i>Joint energy</i>	$0.008 \pm 0.008$	$0.046 \pm 0.045$	<0.00001*
25	Contrast	$11.47 \pm 18.93$	$7.32 \pm 15.62$	0.00097
26	<i>Difference entropy</i>	$2.42 \pm 0.63$	$1.91 \pm 0.72$	<0.00001*
27	Inverse variance	$0.38 \pm 0.07$	$0.38 \pm 0.07$	0.93102
28	Difference variance	$6.11 \pm 12.31$	$4.47 \pm 10.09$	0.08433
29	Idn	$0.98 \pm 0.01$	$0.98 \pm 0.01$	0.00329
30	<i>Idm</i>	$0.46 \pm 0.12$	$0.62 \pm 0.16$	<0.00001*
31	<i>Correlation</i>	$0.98 \pm 0.01$	$0.94 \pm 0.03$	<0.00001*

32	<i>Autocorrelation</i>	$1713.07 \pm 1899.91$	$225.61 \pm 358.59$	<0.00001*
33	<i>Sum entropy</i>	$6.52 \pm 0.93$	$4.85 \pm 1.10$	<0.00001*
34	<i>Sum squares</i>	$361.79 \pm 438.46$	$75.08 \pm 145.66$	<0.00001*
35	<i>Cluster prominence</i>	$1.71 \times 10^7 \pm 3.37 \times 10^7$	$3.88 \times 10^6 \pm 17.01 \times 10^6$	<0.00001*
36	<i>Imc2</i>	$0.995 \pm 0.003$	$0.975 \pm 0.015$	<0.00001*
37	<i>Imc1</i>	$-0.47 \pm 0.04$	$-0.43 \pm 0.06$	<0.00001*
38	<i>Difference average</i>	$1.96 \pm 1.11$	$1.25 \pm 1.09$	<0.00001*
39	<i>Id</i>	$0.52 \pm 0.10$	$0.65 \pm 0.14$	<0.00001*
40	<i>Cluster tendency</i>	$1435.70 \pm 1740.02$	$293.02 \pm 568.12$	<0.00001*

## GLDM

41	<i>Gray-level variance</i>	$361.06 \pm 434.61$	$75.80 \pm 144.24$	<0.00001*
42	<i>High gray-level emphasis</i>	$1687.60 \pm 1845.51$	$226.83 \pm 359.59$	<0.00001*
43	<i>Dependence entropy</i>	$8.87 \pm 0.61$	$7.83 \pm 0.69$	<0.00001*
44	<i>Dependence non-uniformity</i>	$1.12 \times 10^4 \pm 1.08 \times 10^4$	$7.84 \times 10^3 \pm 9.43 \times 10^3$	<0.00001*
45	<i>Gray-level non-uniformity</i>	$3.48 \times 10^3 \pm 4.63 \times 10^3$	$1.19 \times 10^4 \pm 1.67 \times 10^4$	<0.00001*

46	<i>Small dependence</i>	$0.10 \pm 0.08$	$0.06 \pm 0.07$	<0.00001*
<i>emphasis</i>				
47	<i>Small dependence high</i>	$406.45 \pm 670.45$	$74.13 \pm 171.40$	<0.00001*
<i>gray-level emphasis</i>				
48	<i>Dependence</i>	$0.10 \pm 0.03$	$0.07 \pm 0.03$	<0.00001*
<i>non-uniformity</i>				
<i>normalized</i>				
49	<i>Large dependence</i>	$67.83 \pm 41.89$	$167.08 \pm 105.55$	<0.00001*
<i>emphasis</i>				
50	<i>Large dependence low</i>	$0.85 \pm 1.66$	$28.71 \pm 44.12$	<0.00001*
<i>gray-level emphasis</i>				
51	<i>Dependence variance</i>	$15.98 \pm 7.28$	$30.66 \pm 14.71$	<0.00001*
52	<i>Large dependence high</i>	$4.37 \times 10^4 \pm 2.51 \times 10^4$	$6.80 \times 10^3 \pm 4.90 \times 10^3$	<0.00001*
<i>gray-level emphasis</i>				
53	<i>Small dependence low</i>	$0.0002 \pm 0.0002$	$0.0014 \pm 0.0011$	<0.00001*
<i>gray-level emphasis</i>				
54	<i>Low gray-level</i>	$0.006 \pm 0.008$	$0.089 \pm 0.090$	<0.00001*
<i>emphasis</i>				

**GLRLM**

55	<i>Short run low gray-level emphasis</i>	$0.004 \pm 0.005$	$0.037 \pm 0.028$	<0.00001*
56	<i>Gray-level variance</i>	$366.51 \pm 438.02$	$84.00 \pm 151.24$	<0.00001*
57	<i>Low gray-level run emphasis</i>	$0.006 \pm 0.007$	$0.071 \pm 0.063$	<0.00001*
58	<i>Gray-level non-uniformity</i>	$0.030 \pm 0.018$	$0.085 \pm 0.046$	<0.00001*
59	<i>Run variance</i>	$0.78 \pm 0.56$	$2.74 \pm 3.37$	<0.00001*
60	<i>Gray-level non-uniformity</i>	$2.29 \times 10^3 \pm 2.57 \times 10^3$	$4.70 \times 10^3 \pm 4.78 \times 10^3$	<0.00001*
61	<i>Long run emphasis</i>	$2.58 \pm 1.10$	$6.27 \pm 5.73$	<0.00001*
62	<i>Short run high gray-level emphasis</i>	$1633.12 \pm 1825.10$	$234.99 \pm 372.38$	<0.00001*
63	<i>Run-length non-uniformity</i>	$6.48 \times 10^4 \pm 6.19 \times 10^4$	$3.85 \times 10^4 \pm 4.90 \times 10^4$	<0.00001*
64	<i>Short run emphasis</i>	$0.85 \pm 0.07$	$0.72 \pm 0.13$	<0.00001*

65	<i>Long run high</i>	$2844.38 \pm 2401.29$	$432.40 \pm 457.83$	<0.00001*
<i>gray-level emphasis</i>				
66	<i>Run percentage</i>	$0.78 \pm 0.09$	$0.62 \pm 0.16$	<0.00001*
<i>Long run low gray-level</i>				
67		$0.02 \pm 0.05$	$1.28 \pm 3.47$	<0.00001*
<i>emphasis</i>				
68	<i>Run entropy</i>	$6.45 \pm 0.63$	$5.60 \pm 0.48$	<0.00001*
69	<i>High gray-level run</i>	$1762.47 \pm 1901.62$	$254.54 \pm 386.05$	<0.00001*
<i>emphasis</i>				
70	<i>Run-length</i>	$0.70 \pm 0.11$	$0.52 \pm 0.18$	<0.00001*
<i>non-uniformity</i>				
<i>normalized</i>				
<b>GLSZM</b>				
71	<i>Gray-level variance</i>	$406.94 \pm 463.55$	$164.94 \pm 216.52$	<0.00001*
72	<i>Zone variance</i>	$2.56 \times 10^5 \pm 9.27 \times 10^5$	$1.09 \times 10^6 \pm 2.21 \times 10^6$	<0.00001*
73	<i>Gray-level</i>	$0.030 \pm 0.022$	$0.040 \pm 0.022$	0.00071
<i>non-uniformity</i>				
<i>normalized</i>				

74	Size-zone	$0.21 \pm 0.10$	$0.21 \pm 0.10$	0.62609
	non-uniformity			
	normalized			
75	Size-zone	$3.03 \times 10^3 \pm 5.49 \times 10^3$	$2.80 \times 10^3 \pm 7.80 \times 10^3$	0.01895
	non-uniformity			
76	Gray-level	$148.43 \pm 149.26$	$146.66 \pm 284.66$	0.03409
	non-uniformity			
77	<i>Large area emphasis</i>	$2.63 \times 10^5 \pm 9.44 \times 10^5$	$1.11 \times 10^6 \pm 2.22 \times 10^6$	<0.00001*
78	<i>Small area high</i>	$1475.35 \pm 1808.91$	$402.97 \pm 539.05$	<0.00001*
	<i>gray-level emphasis</i>			
79	<i>Zone percentage</i>	$0.093 \pm 0.094$	$0.055 \pm 0.079$	0.00009*
80	<i>Large area low</i>	$5.16 \times 10^3 \pm 30.44 \times 10^3$	$2.88 \times 10^5 \pm 12.59 \times 10^5$	<0.00001*
	<i>gray-level emphasis</i>			
81	Large area high	$6.24 \times 10^7 \pm 18.48 \times 10^7$	$1.65 \times 10^7 \pm 2.84 \times 10^7$	0.01781
	gray-level emphasis			
82	<i>High gray-level zone</i>	$2540.97 \pm 2599.68$	$616.43 \pm 702.17$	<0.00001*
	<i>emphasis</i>			
83	Small area emphasis	$0.44 \pm 0.13$	$0.44 \pm 0.15$	0.96862

84	<i>Low gray-level zone</i>	$0.008 \pm 0.015$	$0.054 \pm 0.054$	<0.00001*
<i>emphasis</i>				
85	<i>Zone entropy</i>	$8.35 \pm 0.97$	$7.69 \pm 0.93$	<0.00001*
<i>gray-level emphasis</i>				
<b>NGTDM</b>				
87	<i>Coarseness</i>	$0.0021 \pm 0.0036$	$0.0011 \pm 0.0019$	<0.00001*
88	Complexity	$4.99 \times 10^3 \pm 8.05 \times 10^3$	$5.41 \times 10^3 \pm 16.02 \times 10^3$	0.19550
89	Strength	$10.61 \pm 17.07$	$6.02 \pm 11.97$	0.12697
90	<i>Contrast</i>	$0.038 \pm 0.030$	$0.012 \pm 0.011$	<0.00001*
91	<i>Busyness</i>	$1.19 \pm 2.65$	$9.63 \pm 14.72$	<0.00001*

All values are expressed as the mean  $\pm$  standard deviation.

\*The italicized radiomic features had significant differences (paired *t*-test or Wilcoxon signed-rank test,  $P <$

0.00055: Bonferroni correction,  $\alpha = 0.05/91$ ) between ASL-nCBF and DSC-nrCBF.

ASL-nCBF, arterial spin labeling normalized cerebral blood flow; DSC-nrCBF, dynamic susceptibility contrast normalized relative cerebral blood flow; GLCM, gray-level co-occurrence matrix; GLDM, gray-level dependence matrix; GLRLM, gray-level run-length matrix; GLSZM, gray-level size-zone matrix; NGTDM, neighboring gray-tone difference matrix.

**Supplementary Table S3.** Correlation coefficients of radiomic features between ASL-nCBF and DSC-nrCBF.

Feature #	Radiomic feature	Correlation coefficient	P-value
44	<i>GLDM Dependence non-uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.97$	<0.00001*
87	<i>NGTDM Coarseness</i>	$\rho = 0.97$	<0.00001*
60	<i>GLRLM Gray-level non-uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.95$	<0.00001*
45	<i>GLDM Gray-level non-uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.93$	<0.00001*
63	<i>GLRLM Run-length non-uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.91$	<0.00001*
5	<i>First-order Energy</i>	$\rho = 0.87$	<0.00001*
8	<i>First-order Total energy</i>	$\rho = 0.87$	<0.00001*
76	<i>GLSZM Gray-level non-uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.82$	<0.00001*
13	<i>First-order Entropy</i>	$\rho = 0.82$	<0.00001*
20	<i>GLCM Joint entropy</i>	$\rho = 0.81$	<0.00001*
58	<i>GLRLM Gray-level non-uniformity normalized</i>	$\rho = 0.81$	<0.00001*
3	<i>First-order Uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.80$	<0.00001*
72	<i>GLSZM Zone variance</i>	$\rho = 0.80$	<0.00001*
77	<i>GLSZM Large area emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.79$	<0.00001*
1	<i>First-order Interquartile range</i>	$\rho = 0.79$	<0.00001*
85	<i>GLSZM Zone entropy</i>	$\rho = 0.79$	<0.00001*

24	<i>GLCM Joint energy</i>	$\rho = 0.78$	<0.00001*
6	<i>First-order Robust mean absolute deviation</i>	$\rho = 0.78$	<0.00001*
80	<i>GLSZM Large area low gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.78$	<0.00001*
7	<i>First-order Mean absolute deviation</i>	$\rho = 0.77$	<0.00001*
91	<i>NGTDM Busyness</i>	$\rho = 0.77$	<0.00001*
33	<i>GLCM Sum entropy</i>	$r = 0.81$	<0.00001*
68	<i>GLRLM Run entropy</i>	$r = 0.77$	<0.00001*
43	<i>GLDM Dependence entropy</i>	$r = 0.76$	<0.00001*
66	<i>GLRLM Run percentage</i>	$r = 0.73$	<0.00001*
32	<i>GLCM Autocorrelation</i>	$\rho = 0.76$	<0.00001*
70	<i>GLRLM Run-length non-uniformity normalized</i>	$r = 0.72$	<0.00001*
11	<i>First-order 90<sup>th</sup> percentile</i>	$\rho = 0.75$	<0.00001*
39	<i>GLCM Id</i>	$\rho = 0.75$	<0.00001*
30	<i>GLCM Idm</i>	$\rho = 0.75$	<0.00001*
59	<i>GLRLM Run variance</i>	$\rho = 0.75$	<0.00001*
42	<i>GLDM High gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.75$	<0.00001*
61	<i>GLRLM Long run emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.74$	<0.00001*
69	<i>GLRLM High gray-level run emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.74$	<0.00001*

19	<i>GLCM Joint average</i>	$\rho = 0.74$	<0.00001*
64	<i>GLRLM Short run emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.74$	<0.00001*
34	<i>GLCM Sum squares</i>	$\rho = 0.74$	<0.00001*
40	<i>GLCM Cluster tendency</i>	$\rho = 0.73$	<0.00001*
49	<i>GLDM Large dependence emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.73$	<0.00001*
10	<i>First-order Root mean squared</i>	$\rho = 0.73$	<0.00001*
18	<i>First-order Mean</i>	$\rho = 0.73$	<0.00001*
62	<i>GLRLM Short run high gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.73$	<0.00001*
75	<i>GLSZM Size-zone non-uniformity</i>	$\rho = 0.73$	<0.00001*
41	<i>GLDM Gray-level variance</i>	$\rho = 0.72$	<0.00001*
15	<i>First-order Variance</i>	$\rho = 0.72$	<0.00001*
4	<i>First-order Median</i>	$\rho = 0.70$	<0.00001*
38	<i>GLCM Difference average</i>	$\rho = 0.70$	<0.00001*
26	<i>GLCM Difference entropy</i>	$\rho = 0.70$	<0.00001*
56	<i>GLRLM Gray-level variance</i>	$\rho = 0.69$	<0.00001*
47	<i>GLDM Small dependence high gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.69$	<0.00001*
46	<i>GLDM Small dependence emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.69$	<0.00001*
81	<i>GLSZM Large area high gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.67$	<0.00001*

65	<i>GLRLM Long run high gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.67$	<0.00001*
35	<i>GLCM Cluster prominence</i>	$\rho = 0.64$	<0.00001*
36	<i>GLCM Imc2</i>	$\rho = 0.64$	<0.00001*
79	<i>GLSZM Zone percentage</i>	$\rho = 0.63$	<0.00001*
90	<i>NGTDM Contrast</i>	$\rho = 0.63$	<0.00001*
82	<i>GLSZM High gray-level zone emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.63$	0.00001*
23	<i>GLCM Idmn</i>	$\rho = 0.62$	0.00001*
84	<i>GLSZM Low gray-level zone emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.62$	0.00001*
31	<i>GLCM Correlation</i>	$\rho = 0.62$	0.00001*
22	<i>GLCM Maximum probability</i>	$\rho = 0.61$	0.00001*
14	<i>First-order Range</i>	$\rho = 0.61$	0.00001*
73	<i>GLSZM Gray-level non-uniformity normalized</i>	$\rho = 0.60$	0.00001*
25	<i>GLCM Contrast</i>	$\rho = 0.60$	0.00001*
83	<i>GLSZM Small area emphasis</i>	$r = 0.59$	0.00002*
88	<i>NGTDM Complexity</i>	$\rho = 0.60$	0.00002*
78	<i>GLSZM Small area high gray-level emphasis</i>	$\rho = 0.59$	0.00002*
28	<i>GLCM Difference variance</i>	$\rho = 0.57$	0.00004*
21	<i>GLCM Cluster shade</i>	$\rho = 0.57$	0.00005*

9	<i>First-order Maximum</i>	$\rho = 0.57$	0.00005*
71	<i>GLSZM Gray-level variance</i>	$\rho = 0.54$	0.00013*
51	<i>GLDM Dependence variance</i>	$r = 0.53$	0.00014*
48	<i>GLDM Dependence non-uniformity normalized</i>	$\rho = 0.51$	0.00031*
29	<i>GLCM Idn</i>	$\rho = 0.50$	0.00054*
67	GLRLM Long run low gray-level emphasis	$\rho = 0.49$	0.00070
16	First-order 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile	$\rho = 0.48$	0.00079
57	GLRLM Low gray-level run emphasis	$\rho = 0.47$	0.00110
74	GLSZM Size-zone non-uniformity normalized	$\rho = 0.47$	0.00123
50	GLDM Large dependence low gray-level emphasis	$\rho = 0.46$	0.00153
55	GLRLM Short run low gray-level emphasis	$\rho = 0.44$	0.00220
37	GLCM Imc1	$r = 0.42$	0.00411
54	GLDM Low gray-level emphasis	$\rho = 0.42$	0.00427
52	GLDM Large dependence high gray-level emphasis	$\rho = 0.41$	0.00547
89	NGTDM Strength	$\rho = 0.32$	0.03022
86	GLSZM Small area low gray-level emphasis	$\rho = 0.28$	0.06056
12	First-order Minimum	$\rho = 0.18$	0.23732
17	First-order Kurtosis	$\rho = 0.11$	0.47225

27	GLCM Inverse variance	$\rho = -0.09$	0.53565
53	GLDM Small dependence low gray-level emphasis	$\rho = -0.07$	0.62542
2	First-order Skewness	$\rho = 0.07$	0.62774

The radiomic features (Table rows) are arranged in order from the feature with the highest significant correlation, and this order corresponds to that in Fig. 3.

\*The *italicized radiomic features* had significant correlations (Pearson's product-moment correlation or Spearman's rank-order correlation,  $P < 0.00055$ : Bonferroni correction,  $\alpha = 0.05/91$ ) between ASL-nCBF and DSC-nrCBF.

ASL-nCBF, arterial spin labeling normalized cerebral blood flow; DSC-nrCBF, dynamic susceptibility contrast normalized relative cerebral blood flow; GLCM, gray-level co-occurrence matrix; GLDM, gray-level dependence matrix; GLRLM, gray-level run-length matrix; GLSZM, gray-level size-zone matrix; NGTDM, neighboring gray-tone difference matrix;  $r$ , Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient;  $\rho$ , Spearman's rank-order correlation coefficient.

**Supplementary Text S1.** The scan parameters of the anatomical MR imaging ( $T_1$  FLAIR,  $T_2$  FLAIR,  $T_2$ WI,  $T_2^*$ WI, and CE- $T_1$ WI) and MR perfusion-weighted imaging (ASL and DSC imaging).

All patients underwent multi-parametric magnetic resonance (MR) imaging using a 3-T scanner (Discovery MR750 3.0T, GE Healthcare, Milwaukee, WI, USA) with a 32-channel head coil. In this study, the following 7 MR imaging sequences were acquired: 1)  $T_1$  fluid-attenuated inversion recovery (FLAIR) image, 2)  $T_2$  FLAIR image, 3)  $T_2$ -weighted image (T<sub>2</sub>WI), 4)  $T_2^*$ -weighted image (T<sub>2</sub><sup>\*</sup>WI), 5) pseudo-continuous arterial spin labeling (ASL) imaging, 6) dynamic susceptibility contrast (DSC) imaging, and 7) contrast-enhanced  $T_1$ -weighted image (CE- $T_1$ WI). The main parameters of each sequence were set as follows:

1) Oblique-axial  $T_1$  FLAIR: repetition time (TR) = 2600 ms, echo time (TE) = 24 ms, inversion time (TI) = 1000 ms, flip angle (FA) = 111°, matrix size = 352 × 256, field of view (FOV) = 220 mm, slice thickness = 5 mm, slice spacing = 1 mm, band width (BW) = ± 31.25 kHz, number of slices = 24, scan time = 1 min 57 s.

2) Oblique-axial  $T_2$  FLAIR: TR = 8800 ms, TE = 140 ms, TI = 2041 ms, FA = 111°, matrix size = 320 × 224, FOV = 220 mm, slice thickness = 5 mm, slice spacing = 1 mm, BW = ± 35.71 kHz, number of slices = 24, scan time = 2 min 22 s.

3) Oblique-axial  $T_2$ WI: TR = 5800 ms, TE = 96 ms, FA = 111°, matrix size = 512 × 320, FOV = 220 mm, slice thickness = 5 mm, slice spacing = 1 mm, BW = ± 41.67 kHz, number of slices = 24, scan time = 2 min 2 s.

4) Oblique-axial  $T_2^*$ WI: TR = 770 ms, TE = 18 ms, FA = 20°, matrix size = 480 × 224, FOV = 220 mm, slice thickness = 5 mm, slice spacing = 1 mm, BW = ± 31.25 kHz, number of slices = 24, scan time = 2 min 55 s.

5) Axial ASL imaging, acquired using a three-dimensional pseudo-continuous ASL with spiral fast spin-echo sequence: PLD = 1525 ms, TR = 4642 ms, TE = 10.5 ms, FA = 111°, 512 sampling points on 8 spiral arms, in-plane matrix = 128 × 128, FOV = 240 mm, slice thickness = 4 mm, BW = ± 62.5 kHz, number of slices = 37, scan time = 2 min 1 s.

6) Oblique-axial DSC imaging, acquired using a gradient-echo echo-planar imaging sequence after a bolus injection of 0.1 ml/kg of gadoterate meglumine (MAGNESCOPE, Guerbet, Tokyo, Japan) at a rate of 3 ml/s, followed by a 30 ml bolus of saline flush at the same rate: TR = 2000 ms, TE = 13.3 ms, FA = 60°, matrix size = 96 × 128, FOV = 220 mm, slice thickness = 5 mm, slice spacing = 1 mm, BW = ± 250 kHz, number of slices = 22, scan time = 1 min 20 s. Before DSC imaging, a bolus injection of 0.1 ml/kg of gadoterate

meglumine was used for dynamic contrast-enhanced imaging (preload leakage correction to minimize T<sub>1</sub> effects for DSC imaging).

7) Oblique-axial CE-T<sub>1</sub>WI, acquired using a three-dimensional spoiled gradient-echo sequence after DSC imaging: TR = 8.8 ms, TE = 2.8 ms, FA = 15°, matrix size = 512 × 320, FOV = 240 mm, slice thickness = 0.9 mm, BW = ± 41.67 kHz, number of slices = 210, scan time = 4 min 57 s.

The oblique-axial planes of T<sub>1</sub> FLAIR, T<sub>2</sub> FLAIR, T<sub>2</sub>WI, T<sub>2</sub>\*WI, DSC imaging, and CE-T<sub>1</sub>WI were set to align along the anterior commissure–posterior commissure line of each patient.