

Supplementary Material for

On the Feasibility of Mapping Protein-Binding Motifs in Heparin Chains using a Combination of Ion-Mobility and Top-Down Mass Spectrometry

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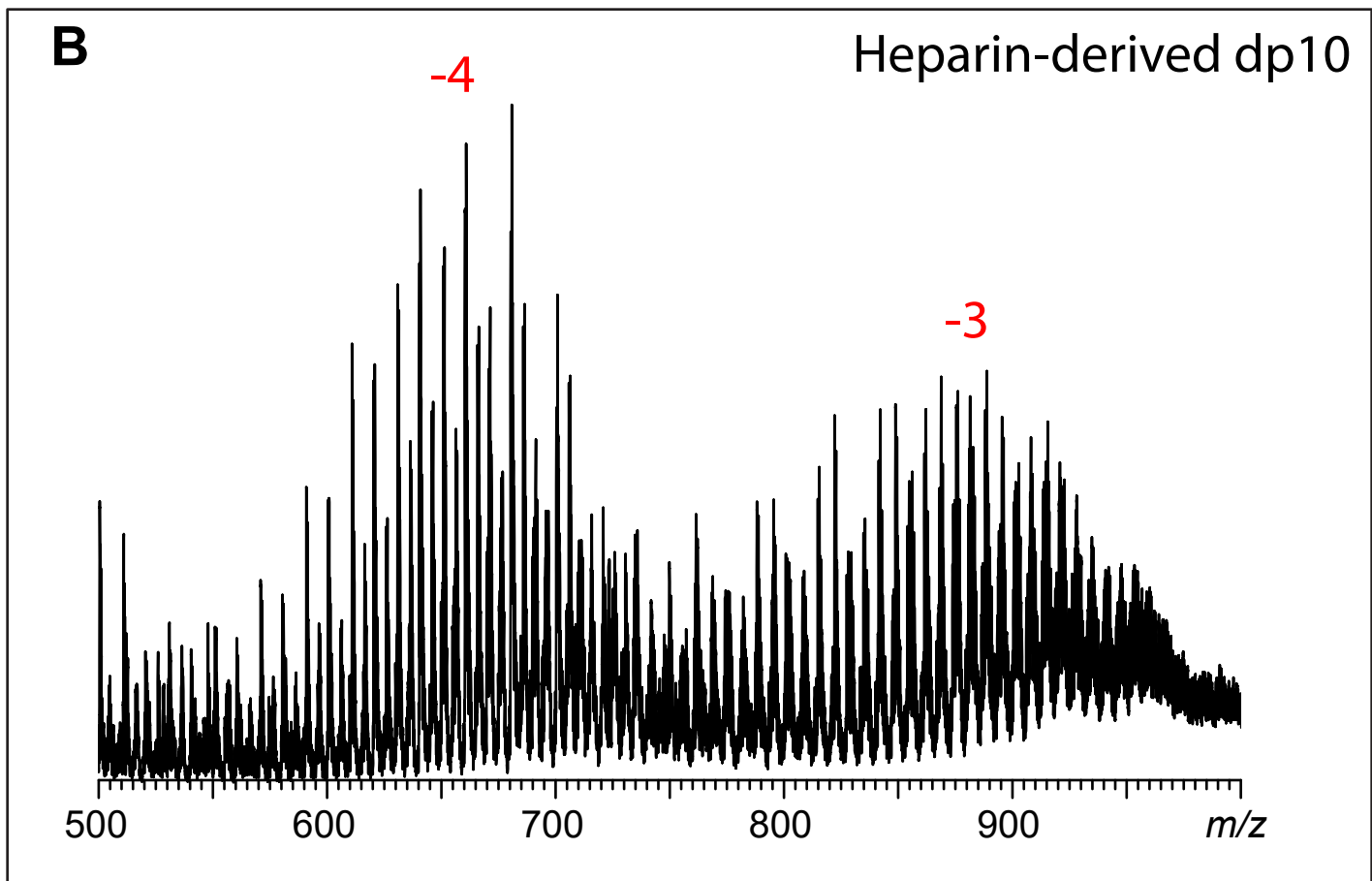
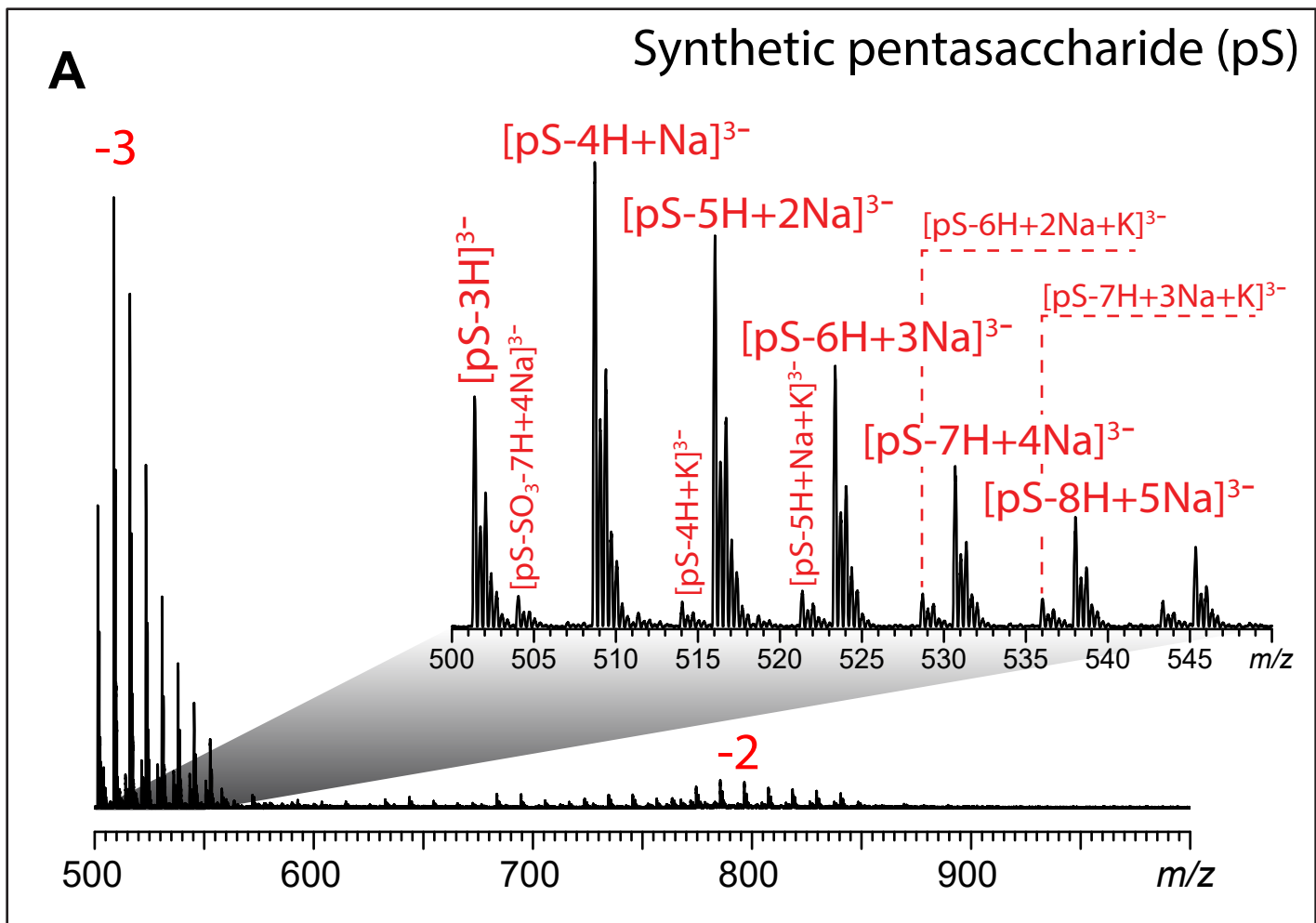
Figure S1. Negative ion ESI MS of the synthetic pentasaccharide **(A)** and dp10 **(B)**.

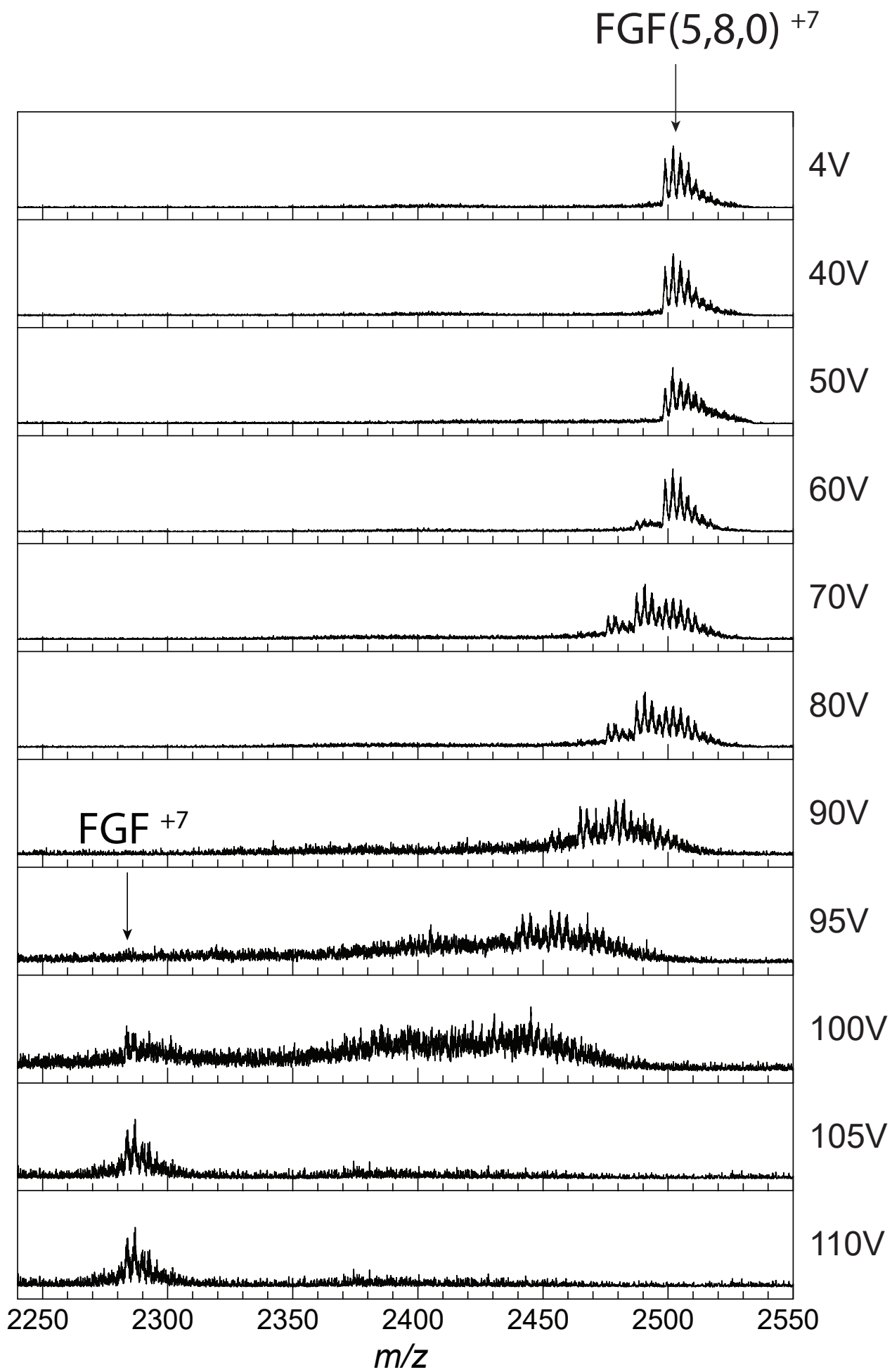
Figure S2. Zoomed views of the precursor regions in CID fragment ion mass spectra of $(\text{FGF}\cdot\text{pS})^{+7}$ acquired at different collision voltages.

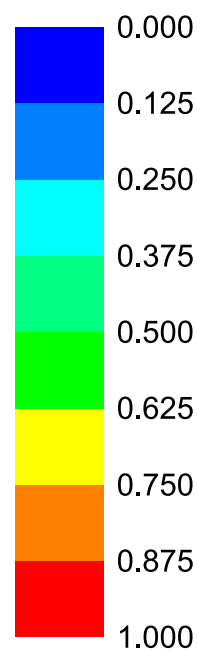
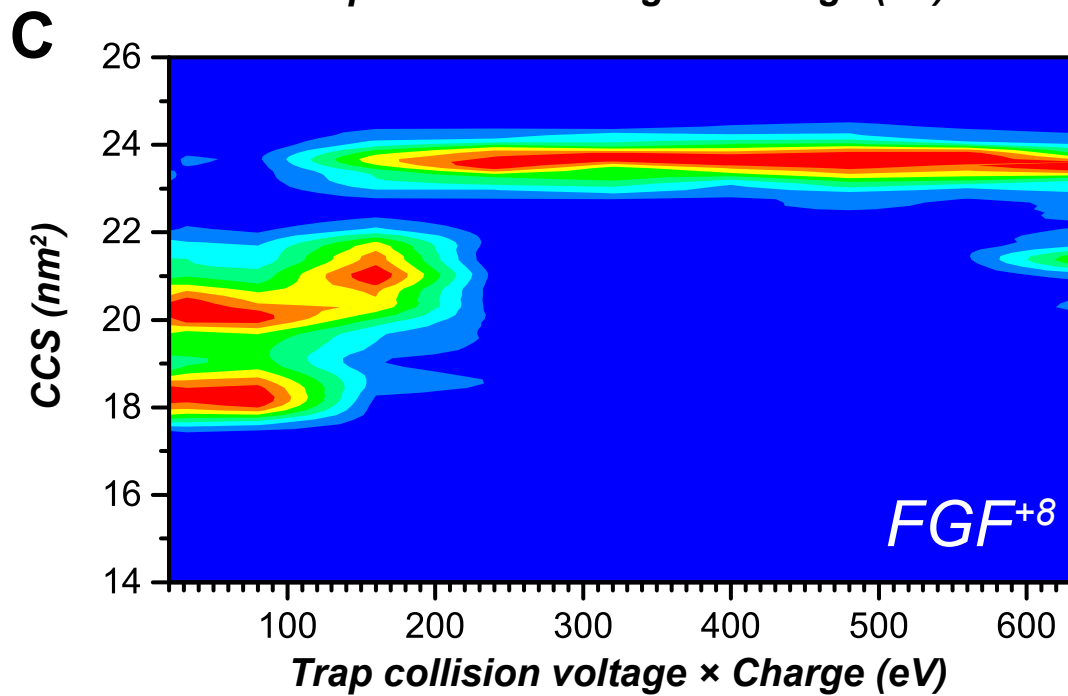
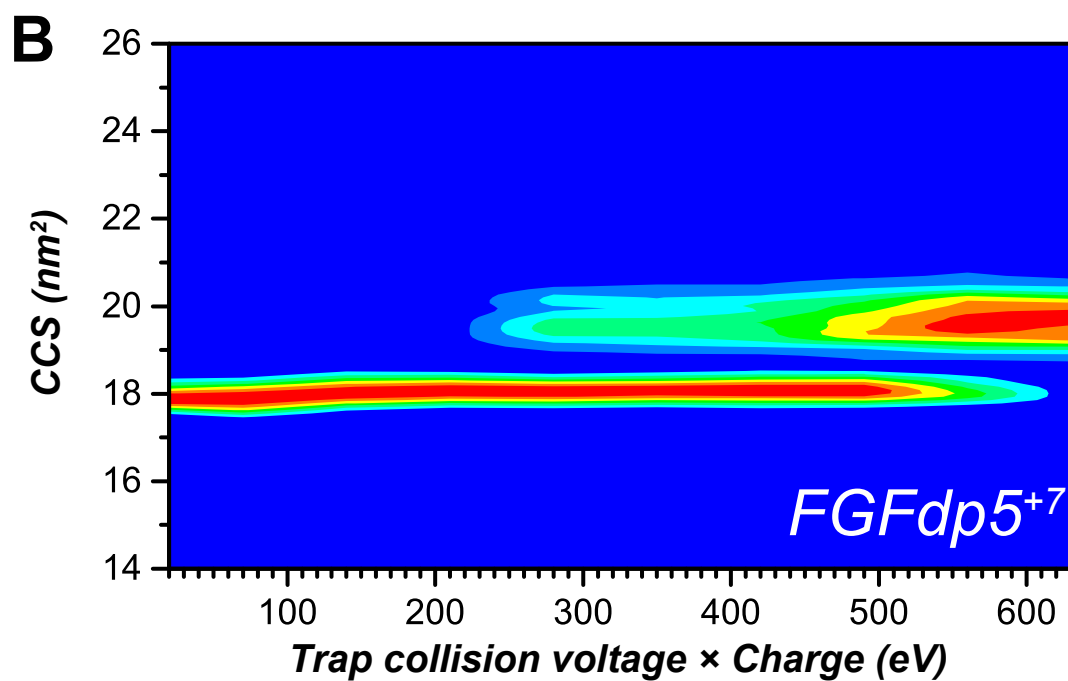
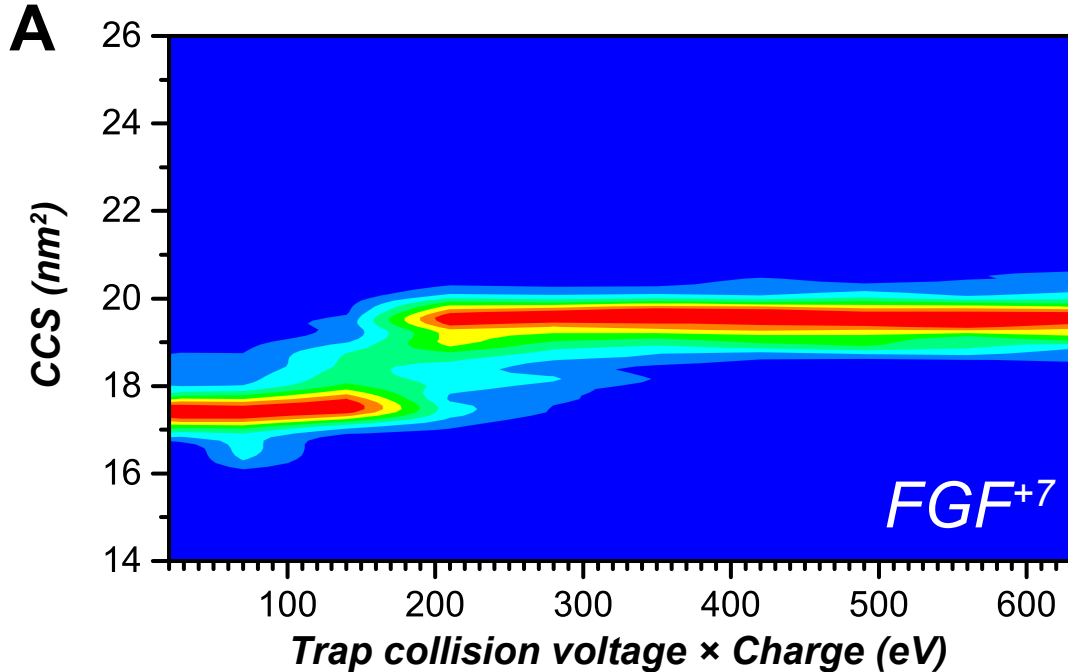
Figure S3. CIU fingerprint graphs of FGF^{+7} **(A)**, $(\text{FGF}\cdot\text{pS})^{+7}$ **(B)** and FGF^{+8} **(C)**.

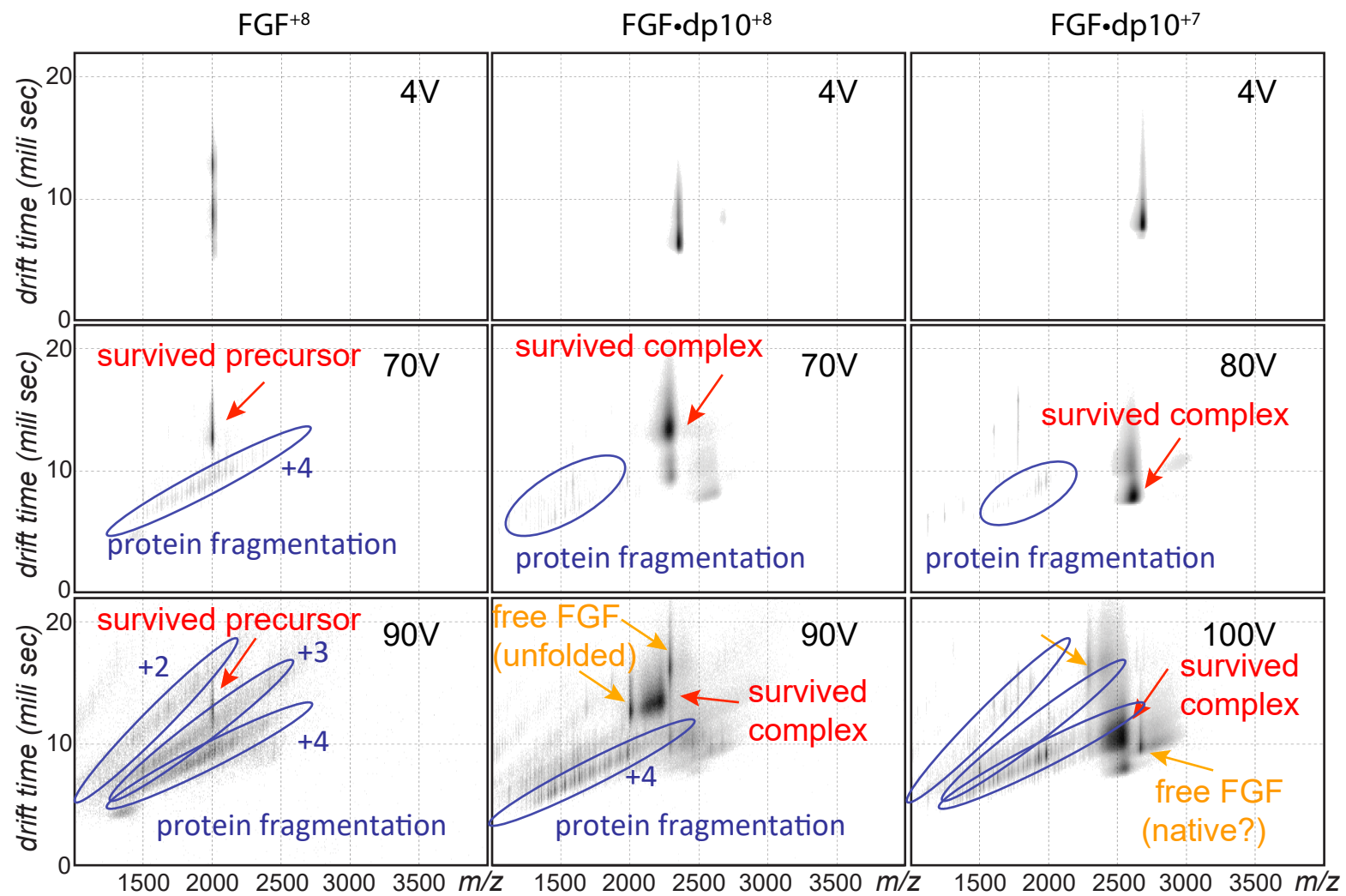
Figure S4. Two-dimensional IMS/MS plots for fragments ions derived from FGF^{+8} **(A)**, $(\text{FGF}\cdot\text{pS})^{+8}$ **(B)** and FGF^{+7} **(C)** at several representative collisional voltages. Labels on the graphs highlight critical mass and conformation changes.

Figure S5. CIU fingerprints of $(\text{FGF}\cdot\text{dp10})^{+8}$ and $(\text{FGF}\cdot\text{dp10})^{+7}$ representing binary protein/heparin oligomer complexes in the FGF/dp10 mixture.

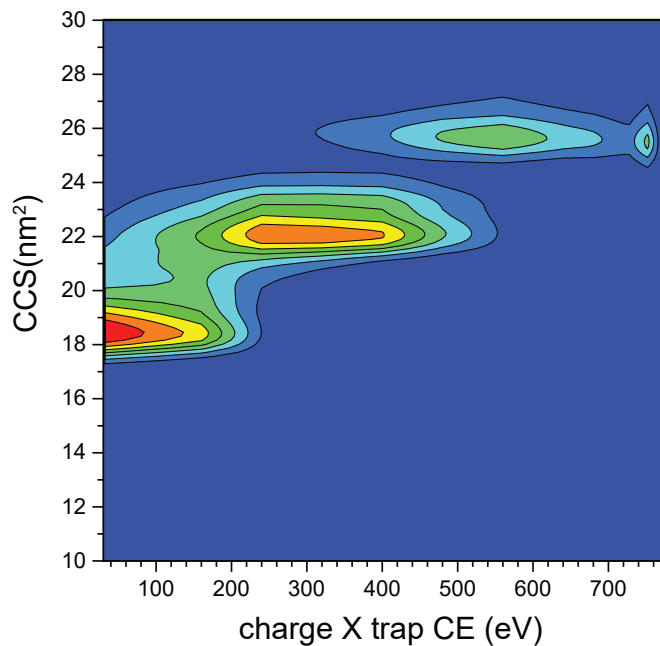








FGF•dp10 (+8)



FGF•dp10 (+7)

