

Supplementary Materials for

RasGRP1 is a causal factor in the development of L-DOPA–induced dyskinesia in Parkinson’s disease

Mehdi Eshraghi, Uri Nimrod Ramírez-Jarquín, Neelam Shahani, Tommaso Nuzzo, Arianna De Rosa, Supriya Swarnkar, Nicole Galli, Oscar Rivera, George Tsapralis, Catherina Scharager-Tapia, Gogce Crynen, Qin Li, Marie-Laure Thiolat, Erwan Bezard, Alessandro Usiello*, Srinivasa Subramaniam*

*Corresponding author. Email: usiello@ceinge.unina.it (A.U.); ssubrama@scripps.edu (S.S.)

Published 1 May 2020, *Sci. Adv.* **6**, eaaz7001 (2020)
DOI: 10.1126/sciadv.aaz7001

The PDF file includes:

Figs. S1 to S5

Other Supplementary Material for this manuscript includes the following:

(available at advances.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/full/6/18/eaaz7001/DC1)

Data files S1 to S6

Supplementary Figure legends:

figure S1. Drag test comparison between WT and *RasGRP1*^{-/-} mice. Data shows drag test comparing the sham and 6-OHDA lesioned WT and *RasGRP1*^{-/-} mice on day 3 and day 16 of vehicle or L-DOPA treatment. Error bars illustrate the means \pm SEM (n = 4-18), * $P < 0.05$; **** $P < 0.0001$ by repeated measures Two-Way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni post hoc test.

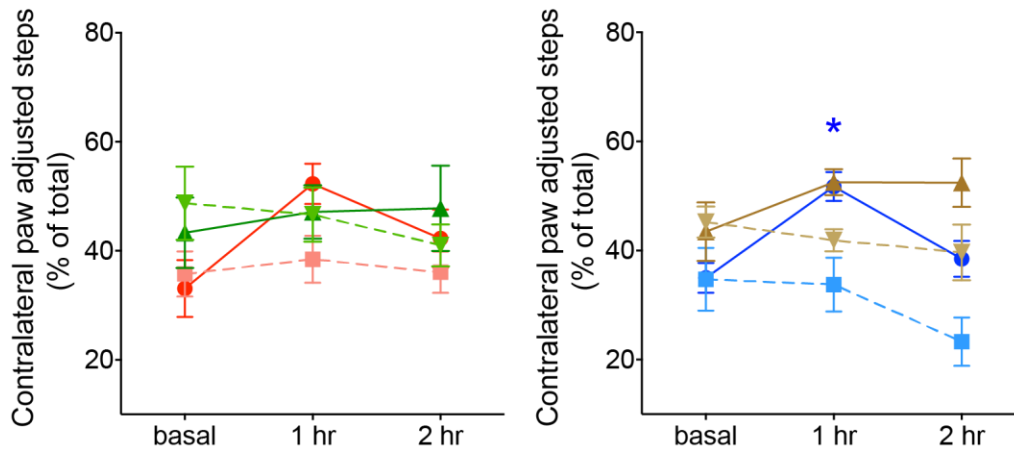
figure S2. Open field test comparison between WT and *RasGRP1*^{-/-} mice. Data shows open field test comparing the sham and 6-OHDA lesioned WT and *RasGRP1*^{-/-} on day 5 of vehicle and L-DOPA treatment. Error bars illustrate the means \pm SEM (n = 4-18), n. s; not significant by Two-Way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni post hoc test.

figure S3. Rotarod test comparison between WT and *RasGRP1*^{-/-} mice. Data shows rotarod test after 2 or 15 day of vehicle or L-DOPA treatment in the sham and 6-OHDA lesioned WT and *RasGRP1*^{-/-} mice. Error bars illustrate the means \pm SEM (n = 4-18), n. s; not significant by repeated measures Two-Way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni post hoc test.

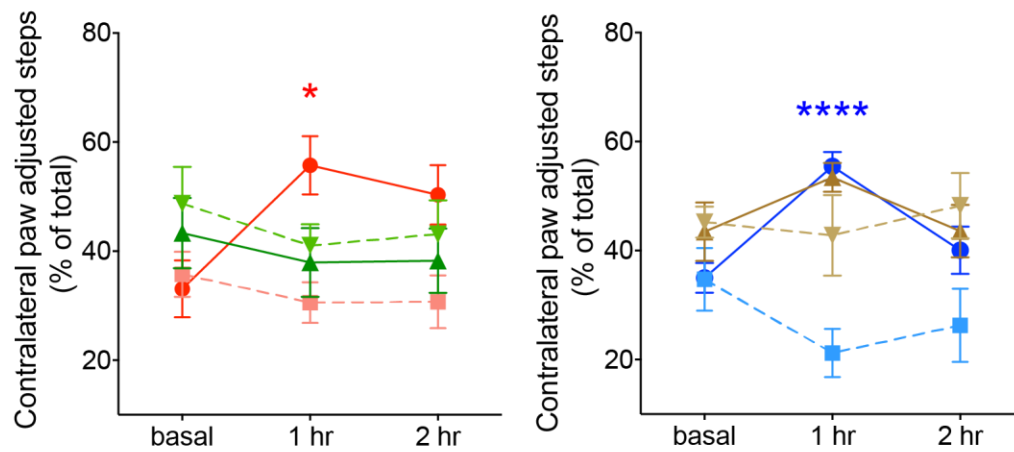
figure S4. *RasGRP1* levels are upregulated by L-DOPA in 6-OHDA-lesioned animals. Data shows Western blotting of indicated proteins from the intact and 6-OHDA-lesioned striatum of WT mice injected with vehicle or L-DOPA. Error bars illustrate the means \pm SEM (n = 3). ** $P < 0.01$; **** $P < 0.0001$ by One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test.

figure S5. Depletion of *RasGRP1* decreases mTORC1 activity. Data shows Western blotting of the indicated proteins (A, B) and quantification (C) from HEK293 cells transfected with control or different *RasGRP1* shRNA. Error bars illustrate the means \pm SEM (n = 3/independent experiments). *** $P < 0.001$ by Student's *t* test. Arrow indicate the endogenous *RasGRP1* band. Jurkat cell lysates were used as positive control.

Drag test
(day 3 of L-DOPA treatment)



Drag test
(day 16 of L-DOPA treatment)



- WT: 6OHDA (L-DOPA) (n=10)
- WT: 6OHDA (vehicle) (n=4)
- *RasGRP1*^{-/-}: 6OHDA (L-DOPA) (n=18)
- *RasGRP1*^{-/-}: 6OHDA (vehicle) (n=7)
- ▲ WT: Sham (L-DOPA) (n=4)
- ▼ WT: Sham (vehicle) (n=4)
- ▲ *RasGRP1*^{-/-}: Sham (L-DOPA) (n=4)
- ▼ *RasGRP1*^{-/-}: Sham (vehicle) (n=4)

(basal levels were measured 5 days before starting L-DOPA treatment)

figure S1

Open field test
(day 5 of L-DOPA treatment)

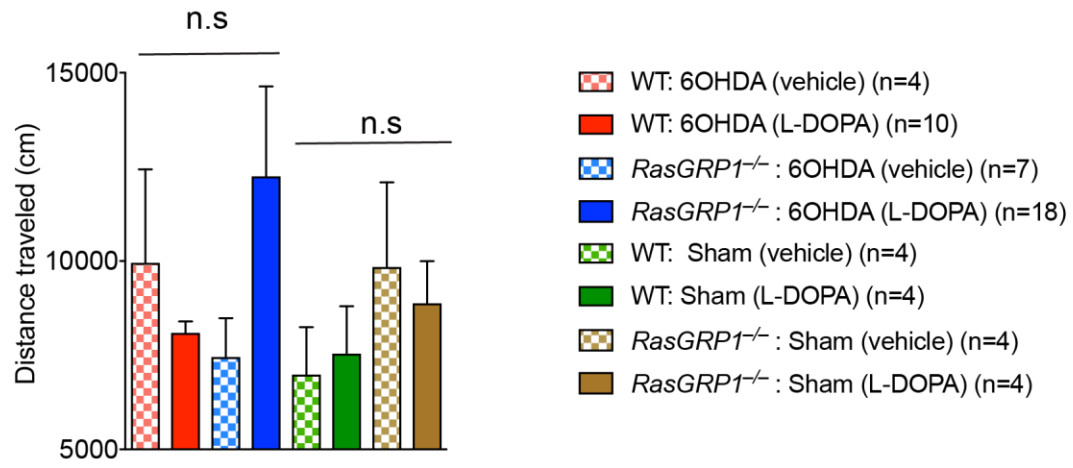


figure S2

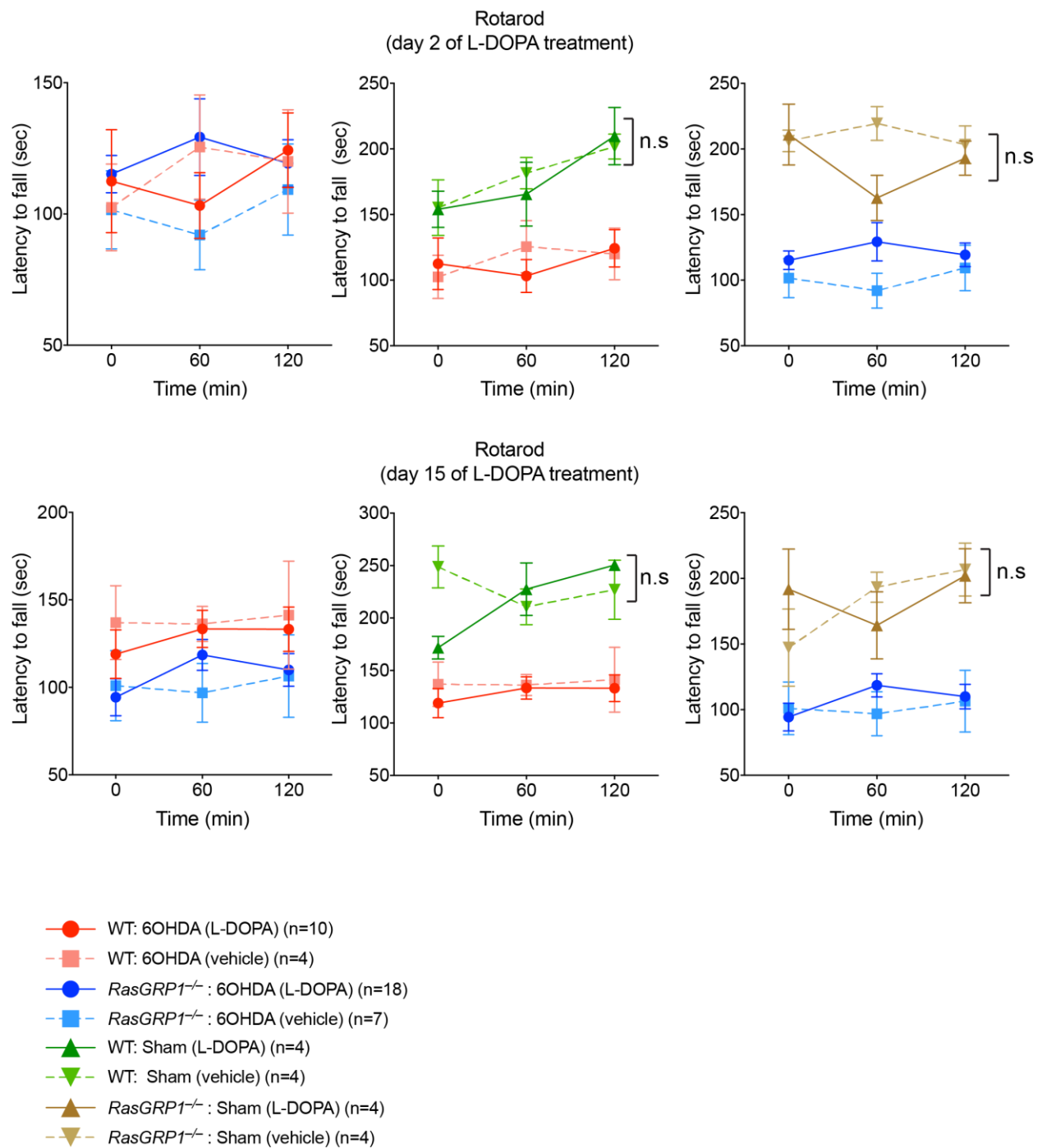
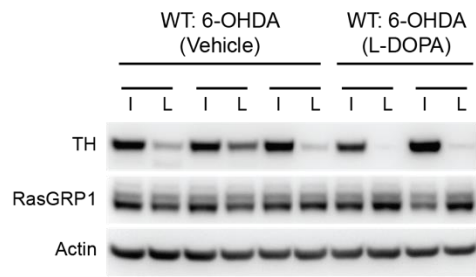


figure S3



Intact (I) side
6-OHDA Lesion (L) side

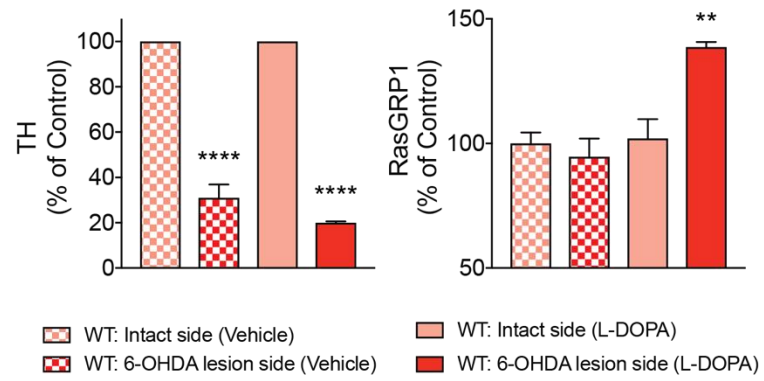


figure S4

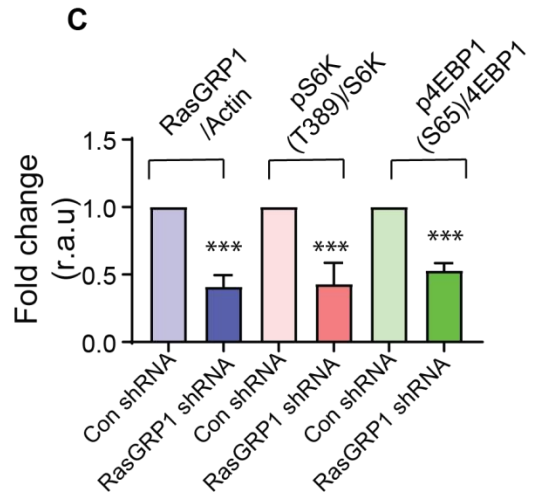
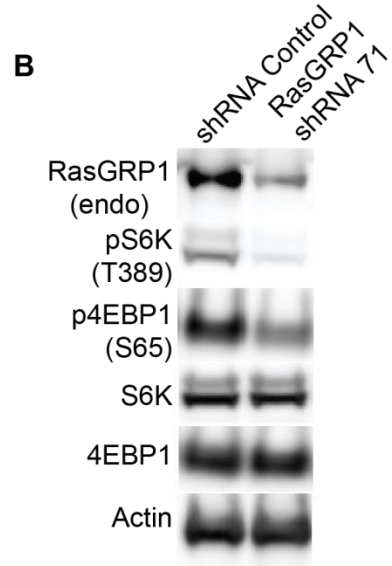
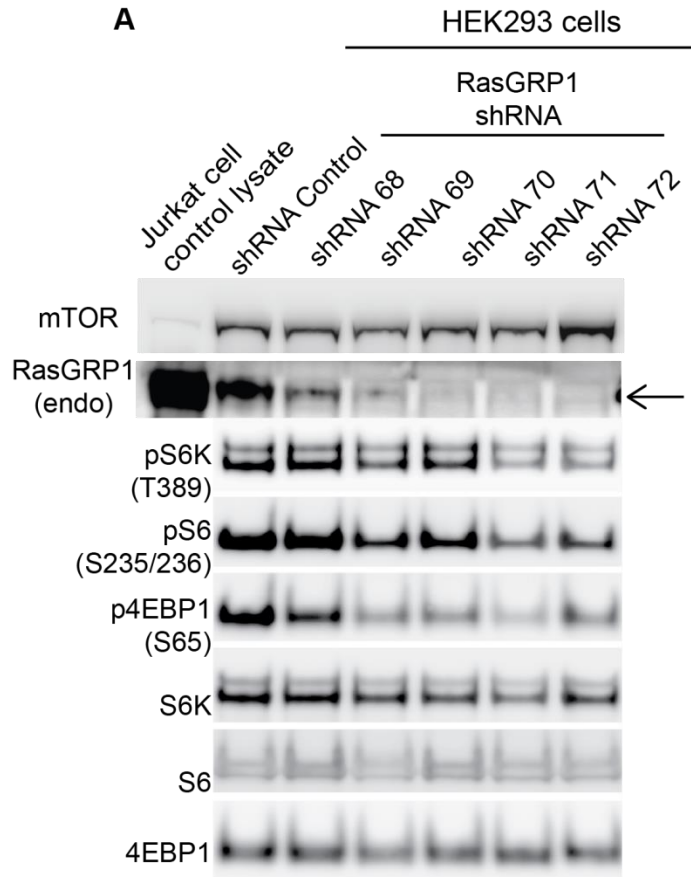


figure S5