

Supporting Information for

Design, Synthesis, and Evaluation of Novel Anti-Trypanosomal Compounds

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Table of contents	Page
General experimental	3
Synthesis and characterization of other new compounds	4
<i>T. brucei</i> proliferation inhibition assay	38
Expression and purification of recombinant <i>TbMetRS</i>	38
<i>TbMetRS</i> aminoacylation assay	38
References	39
¹ H and ¹³ C NMR Spectra	40

General. Tetrahydrofuran and diethyl ether were dried by filtration through two columns of activated, neutral alumina prior to use. Methanol, acetonitrile and dimethylformamide were dried by filtration through two columns of activated molecular sieves, and toluene was dried by filtration through one column of activated, neutral alumina followed by one column of Q5 reactant. Benzene was distilled from sodium and benzophenone. Methylene chloride, diisopropylamine, triethylamine, and diisopropylethylamine were distilled from calcium hydride immediately prior to use. Pyridine was distilled from potassium hydroxide (KOH) and calcium hydride and stored over KOH. Dioxane was distilled from sodium metal and benzophenone prior to use. All solvents were determined to have less than 50 ppm H₂O by Karl Fischer coulometric moisture analysis. All reagents were reagent grade and used without purification unless otherwise noted. All reactions involving air or moisture sensitive reagents or intermediates were performed under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen or argon in glassware that was flame dried. Solutions were degassed using three freeze-thaw cycles under vacuum. Reaction temperatures refer to the temperature of the cooling/heating bath. Volatile solvents were removed under reduced pressure using a Büchi rotary evaporator at 25–30 °C. Thin layer chromatography was performed using run on pre-coated plates of silica gel with a 0.25 mm thickness containing 60F-254 indicator (Merck). Chromatography was performed using forced flow (flash chromatography) and the indicated solvent system on 230-400 mesh silica gel (E. Merck reagent silica gel 60) according to the method of Still,¹ unless otherwise noted.

Infrared (IR) spectra were obtained either neat on sodium chloride or as solutions in the solvent indicated and reported as wavenumbers (cm⁻¹). Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H NMR) and carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (¹³C NMR) spectra were obtained at the specified field as solutions in CDCl₃ unless otherwise indicated. Chemical shifts are referenced to the deuterated solvent and are reported in parts per million (ppm, δ) downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS, δ = 0.00 ppm). Coupling constants (J) are reported in Hz and the splitting abbreviations used are: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; comp, overlapping multiplets of magnetically nonequivalent protons; br, broad; app, apparent. In reporting the HRMS for compounds containing chlorine, the calculated and measured masses are for the isotope ³⁵Cl.

(\pm)-(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3-chloro-5-methoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14b**).** Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1) → ethyl acetate : methanol (20 : 1). To give 30 mg (27%) of **14b** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.24 (s, 1 H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (td, *J* = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.67 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.33 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.79 - 3.72 (comp, 4 H), 3.61 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.47 - 3.30 (comp, 3 H), 3.23 (dt, *J* = 12.4, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.10 (dt, *J* = 12.4, 9.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.02 - 2.90 (comp, 2 H), 2.38 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.06 (s, 3 H), 1.91 - 1.85 (comp, 2 H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 170.9, 160.5, 139.6, 136.2, 135.0, 127.3, 122.3, 122.1, 121.4, 119.3, 118.4, 113.6, 113.4, 112.4, 111.4, 66.3, 59.0, 58.0, 55.6, 48.5, 47.4, 45.0, 37.5, 23.1, 22.1, 20.5; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₂ClN₃O₃ (M+H)⁺, 470.2205; found, 470.2207.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3-chlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14c**).** Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting along a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (3 : 1 → 0 : 1) to give 26 mg (37%) of **14c** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.31 - 7.26 (comp, 3 H), 7.18 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 - 7.07 (comp, 2 H), 7.02 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 6.8, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.22 (dq, *J* = 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (dt, *J* = 13.2, 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.57 - 3.51 (comp, 2 H), 3.44 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.35 - 3.32 (m, 1 H), 3.18 - 2.90 (comp, 4 H), 2.59 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.07 (s, 3 H), 2.04 - 1.98 (m, 1 H), 1.94 - 1.87 (m, 1 H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 171.8, 141.6, 138.1, 135.5, 131.1, 130.0, 128.9, 128.5, 123.7, 122.4, 119.7, 119.3, 112.8, 112.3, 67.9, 61.2, 58.9, 51.0, 46.6, 38.3, 24.0, 22.8, 22.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₃₀ClN₃O₂ (M+H)⁺, 440.2099; found, 440.2099.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3,5-dimethoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14d**).** Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 0 : 1) to give 37 mg (50%) of **14d** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.58 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 - 7.07 (comp, 2 H), 7.01 (td, *J* = 8.0, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2 H), 6.38 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.23 (dq, *J* = 14.0, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.81 - 3.71 (comp, 7 H), 3.57 - 3.51 (m, 1 H), 3.47, 3.41 (ABq, *J*_{AB} = 12.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.34 - 3.30 (m, 1 H), 3.17 - 2.93 (comp, 4 H), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.09 (s, 3 H), 2.04 - 1.98 (m, 1 H), 1.95 - 1.85 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 171.9, 162.5, 141.4, 138.1, 128.9, 123.7, 122.4, 119.7, 119.3, 112.8, 112.3, 107.8, 100.3, 68.0, 61.0, 59.8, 55.7, 50.9, 46.7, 38.4, 24.0, 22.8, 22.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₃₅N₃O₄ (M+H)⁺, 466.2700; found, 466.2701.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-4-((3-methoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (14e).

Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1) → ethyl acetate : methanol (20 : 1) to give 18 mg (26%) of **14e** as an off-white, amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.19 (s, 1 H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.24 – 7.16 (comp, 2 H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.77 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.33 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.81 - 3.74 (comp, 4 H), 3.60 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.50, 3.43 (ABq, *J_{AB}* = 12.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.37 - 3.32 (m, 1 H), 3.24 (dt, *J* = 12.0, 4.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.11 (dt, *J* = 12.0, 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.04 - 2.92 (comp, 2 H), 2.41 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.07 (s, 3 H), 1.95 - 1.89 (comp, 2 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 171.8, 161.4, 140.3, 137.6, 130.6, 128.9, 123.7, 122.4, 122.3, 119.7, 119.3, 115.5, 114.2, 112.8, 112.3, 68.0, 61.2, 59.6, 55.6, 50.9, 46.6, 38.3, 24.0, 22.9, 22.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₃N₃O₃ (M+H)⁺, 436.2595; found, 436.2599.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((benzo[*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14f).

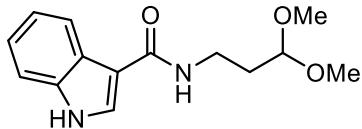
Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (3 : 1 → 0 : 1) to give 30 mg (28%) of **14f** as an off-white, an amorphous solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.35 (s, 1 H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.74 – 6.72 (comp, 2 H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.28 (dq *J* = 6.4, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.81 (p, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.54 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.48, 3.37 (ABq, *J_{AB}* = 12.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.28 - 3.23 (m, 1 H), 3.16 - 3.10 (comp, 2 H), 3.07 - 2.98 (comp, 2 H), 2.65 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.10 (s, 3 H), 1.99 - 1.96 (comp, 2 H), 1.32 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 170.1, 148.0, 147.1, 136.4, 131.2, 127.5, 122.4, 122.2, 122.1, 119.4, 118.7, 112.8, 111.4, 109.4, 108.3, 101.1, 66.8, 59.8, 58.6, 50.1, 47.6, 45.6, 38.0, 23.3, 22.8, 21.6; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₁N₃O₄ (M+H)⁺, 450.2387; found, 450.2394.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-4-(methyl(3-methylthio)benzyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (14g).

Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 0 : 1) to give 45 mg (49%) of **14g** as a fluffy white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.26 (td, *J* = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.17 - 7.15 (comp, 2 H), 7.09 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.07 (s, 1 H), 7.03 - 6.99 (comp, 2 H), 4.22 (dq, *J* = 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (dt, *J* = 13.2, 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.56 - 3.49 (comp, 2 H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 12.8, 1 H), 3.34 - 3.28 (m, 1 H), 3.17 - 2.92 (comp, 4 H), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.45 (s, 3 H), 2.07 (s, 3 H), 2.02 - 1.86 (comp, 2 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 171.8, 140.6, 139.7,

138.1, 130.0, 128.8, 127.8, 126.7, 125.4, 123.7, 122.4, 119.7, 119.3, 112.8, 112.3, 67.9, 61.1, 59.4, 50.9, 46.5, 38.3, 24.0, 22.9, 22.3, 15.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{26}H_{33}N_3O_2S$ ($M+Na$) $^+$, 474.2186; found, 474.2187.

(\pm)-(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-(benzyl(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14h). Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1) → ethyl acetate : methanol (20 : 1). To give 31 mg (48%) of **14h** as an off-white, amorphous solid. 1H NMR (500 MHz) δ 8.13 (brs, 1 H), 7.58 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 – 7.26 (comp, 3 H), 7.21 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.19 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.34 (p, J = 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.76 (p, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.64 (p, J = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.52, 3.47 (ABq, J_{AB} = 12.7 Hz, 2 H), 3.42 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.26 (ddd, J = 13.7, 6.6, 3.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.16 - 3.10 (m, 1 H), 3.04 - 2.93 (comp, 2 H), 2.35 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.06 (s, 3 H), 1.96 - 1.90 (comp, 2 H), 1.16 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz) δ 171.7, 136.7, 136.3, 129.3, 128.7, 127.9, 127.3, 122.3, 122.1, 119.4, 118.4, 112.4, 111.4, 66.4, 60.0, 48.3, 47.4, 45.1, 37.2, 29.7, 23.2, 21.9, 20.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{25}H_{31}N_3O_2$ ($M+H$) $^+$, 406.2489; found, 406.2490.



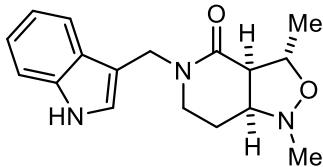
S1

N-(3,3-Dimethoxypropyl)-1*H*-indole-3-carboxamide (S1). Freshly distilled thionyl chloride (0.37 g, 3.2 mmol) was added dropwise over 10 min, followed by addition of DMF (3 drops), to a solution of indole-3-carboxylic acid (0.42 g, 2.6 mmol) in THF (13 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1.5 h at 0 °C and for an additional 0.5 h at room temperature. The solvent was removed *in vacuo*, whereupon the crude material was taken up in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL), and added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of **9** (0.52 g, 2.6 mmol) and triethylamine (0.79 g, 7.8 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 0 °C, then warmed to room temperature and stirred for an additional 1 h. The mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL), and successively washed with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl (100 mL), saturated aqueous Na_2CO_3 (100 mL), water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL). The organic fraction was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 0.60 g (88%) of **S1** as a viscous oil (>95% purity, by 1H NMR): 1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 9.94 (brs, 1 H), 7.95 - 7.93 (m, 1 H), 7.72 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.44 - 7.42 (m, 1 H), 7.25 - 7.20 (comp, 2 H), 6.85 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 1 H), 4.54 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.64 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.40 (s, 6 H), 1.98 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 165.7, 136.8, 128.9, 124.5, 122.7, 121.5, 119.5, 112.4,

112.2, 104.9, 53.8, 35.6, 32.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_3$ ($M+Na$)⁺, 285.1210; found, 285.1212.

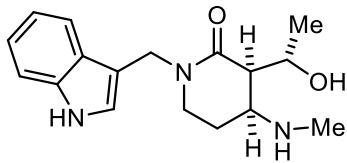
(E)-N-((1*H*-Indol-3-yl)methyl)-N-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)but-2-enamide (16a). A solution of **S1** (140 mg, 0.53 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min to a stirred suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (100 mg, 2.7 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction heated to 65 °C for 48 h, then cooled to 0 °C, and the Fieser work-up was performed by successive addition of water (0.1 mL), aqueous NaOH (15%, 0.1 mL), and water (1 mL). The suspension was warmed to room temperature and MgSO₄ was added, followed by removal of solids by vacuum filtration through a fritted funnel, and washing with copious amounts of ether and CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give 132 mg (quant.) of crude *N*-((1*H*-indol-3-yl)methyl)-3,3-dimethoxypropan-1-amine as an opaque viscous oil which was found to be unstable to acid/base extraction and chromatographic conditions, and was immediately carried on to the next step without further purification.

Crotonoyl chloride (66 mg, 0.64 mmol) was added dropwise over 5 min to a stirred solution of crude *N*-((1*H*-indol-3-yl)methyl)-3,3-dimethoxypropan-1-amine (130 mg, 0.53 mmol) and Hünig's base (165 mg, 1.28 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C, then partitioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL). The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic fractions were successively washed with water (10 mL) and brine (10 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **16a** as a viscous yellow oil. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (2 : 1 → 1 : 1 along a gradient) to give 141 mg (86%, two-steps) of **16a** as a yellow amorphous solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz) (1:1 rotamer mixture) δ 9.04 (brs, 0.5 H), 8.85 (brs, 0.5 H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.23 - 6.96 (comp, 4 H), 6.41 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 1.2 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.34 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 1.2 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.85 (s, 1 H), 4.75 (s, 1 H), 4.40 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.30 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.53 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.40 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H) 3.28 (s, 6 H), 1.97 - 1.81 (comp, 5 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) (1 : 1 rotamer mixture) δ 166.0, 165.4, 141.0, 140.9, 135.7, 135.3, 125.9, 124.9, 123.2, 121.5, 121.3, 121.1, 121.1, 120.9, 118.6, 118.2, 117.3, 111.0, 110.6, 110.2, 101.9, 101.3, 52.2, 51.9, 43.5, 41.5, 41.0, 38.9, 31.1, 29.8, 17.3, 17.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{18}H_{24}N_2O_3$ ($M+Na$)⁺, 339.1679; found, 339.1680.



S2

(3*R*,3*aR*,7*aS*)-5-((1*H*-Indol-3-yl)methyl)-1,3-dimethylhexahydroisoxazolo[4,3-*c*]pyridin-4(1*H*)-one (S2). A solution of trifluoroacetic acid (36 mg, 0.32 mmol) and **16a** (100 mg, 0.32 mmol) in a mixture of acetone/water (2 : 1, 6 mL) was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL) was added, the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic fractions were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in toluene (5 mL), followed by the addition of *N*-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (40 mg, 0.47 mmol) and triethylamine (81 mg, 0.80 mmol). The resulting solution was heated under reflux for 1 h, at which point the solution was cooled to room temperature, and partitioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL), ethyl acetate (20 mL) and methanol (1 mL). The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed successively with water (50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 76 mg (81%, two-steps) of **S2** as a colorless oil (>95% purity, by ¹H NMR): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.57 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, *J* = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.26 (s, 1 H), 7.11 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.1, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.00 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.78 (s, 2 H), 3.93 - 3.87 (m, 1 H), 3.40 - 3.33 (m, 1 H), 3.20 (dt, *J* = 12.8, 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.97 - 2.88 (comp, 2 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H), 1.79 (tt, *J* = 14.4, 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.63 (dq, *J* = 14.4, 3.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.45 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 169.2, 136.9, 126.5, 124.5, 121.4, 118.7, 118.4, 111.0, 109.8, 77.3, 66.2, 54.9, 41.4, 41.1, 24.1, 24.1, 18.1; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₁N₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺, 322.1526; found, 322.1529.



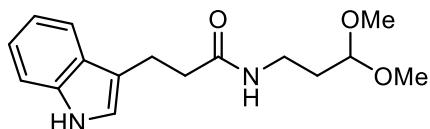
S3

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-((1*H*-Indol-3-yl)methyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-4-(methylamino)piperidin-2-one (S3). A mixture of **S2** (100 mg, 0.35 mmol) and zinc (dust, 680 mg, 10.4 mmol) in acetic acid (aq 80%, 21 mL) was stirred for 48 h at room temperature. Excess zinc was removed via vacuum filtration, and washed with ethyl acetate (150 mL), whereupon zinc acetate immediately precipitated out of solution as a fluffy

white solid. The zinc acetate was removed by vacuum filtration and washed with ethyl acetate. The combined filtrate and washes were concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue dissolved in aqueous HCl (1 M, 50 mL). The resulting solution was washed with ether (50 mL), and basified to pH ~14 with solid NaOH. The basic solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 75 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 150 mg (quant) of crude **S3** as the acetate salt with residual acetic acid. The crude material was taken up in aqueous HCl (1 M, 50 mL) and washed with ether (2 x 50 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH ~14 with solid NaOH, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 75 mL). The combined organic fractions were successively washed with aqueous NaOH (1 M, 100 mL), saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (100 mL), water (100 mL), and brine (100 mL). The organic fraction was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 69 mg (66%) of pure **S3** as an off-white, amorphous solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.59 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.24 (s, 1 H), 7.09 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.98 (ddd, *J* = 7.9, 7.0, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 14.4, 1 H), 4.42 (p, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.38 (dt, *J* = 12.9, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.28 - 3.21 (comp, 2 H), 2.55 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 4.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.43 (s, 3 H), 2.10 - 2.02 (m, 1 H), 1.88 - 1.83 (m, 1 H), 1.33 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 169.7, 136.8, 126.7, 124.4, 121.3, 118.7, 118.4, 110.9, 110.1, 66.3, 54.8, 50.1, 42.1, 40.8, 32.4, 23.8, 21.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₃N₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺, 324.1682; found, 324.1686.

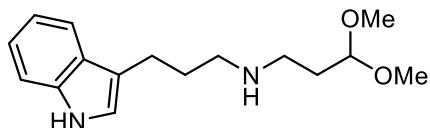
(3*R*,4*S*)-1-((1*H*-Indol-3-yl)methyl)-4-((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14i**).** A solution of **S3** (75 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde (130 mg, 0.75 mmol) in acetonitrile (2 mL) was heated under reflux for 5 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, and sodium borohydride (28 mg, 0.75 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 14 h, at which point, LC/MS analysis showed no trace of the desired product. Methanol (1 mL) and acetic acid (0.2 mL) were added, and the solution was stirred for 24 h at room temperature, no product detected by LC/MS. Acetic acid (0.1 mL) and NaBH₃CN (62 mg, 1.0 mmol) were added, and the solution was stirred for an additional 24 h at room temperature. LC/MS analysis showed complete conversion to product and the reaction mixture was partitioned between aqueous NaOH (1 M, 20 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL). The two phases were separated, and the aqueous phase extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 25 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **14i** as an amorphous solid. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with CH₂Cl₂ : methanol (1 : 0 → 95 : 5 along a gradient) to give 59 mg (51%) of **14i** as an amorphous white solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.54 (brs, 1 H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.25 - 7.18 (comp, 3 H), 7.09 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2 H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.36 (dq, *J* = 8.4, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.42 - 3.35 (comp, 3 H), 3.23 - 3.11 (comp, 2 H), 2.75 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.06 (s, 3 H), 1.99 - 1.92

(m, 1 H), 1.86 - 1.78 (m, 1 H), 1.41 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.7, 141.2, 136.3, 135.1, 127.7, 127.0, 126.8, 124.3, 122.4, 119.9, 119.3, 111.5, 111.3, 66.5, 60.4, 57.5, 50.3, 43.5, 40.8, 38.6, 22.6, 21.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{31}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$, 482.1373 and 484.1348; found, 482.1373 and 484.1349.



S4

N-(3,3-Dimethoxypropyl)-3-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)propanamide (S4). Thionyl chloride (1.1 g, 9.6 mmol) was added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of **15b** (1.5 g, 8.0 mmol) and DMF (3 drops) in THF (40 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C, whereupon all volatiles were removed *in vacuo*. The crude material was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) and added dropwise over 20 min to a solution of **9** (1.46 g, 7.3 mmol) and triethylamine (3.30 g, 32.8 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (120 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 0 °C, followed by stirring for 2 h at room temperature. The solution was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (300 mL) and washed successively with saturated aqueous NH_4Cl (150 mL), aqueous Na_2CO_3 (5% w/v, 150 mL), and brine (150 mL). The organic fraction was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **S4** as a viscous yellow oil. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 1 : 3 along a gradient) to give 2.05 g (97%) of **S4** as a viscous yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.42 (brs, 1 H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (td, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.96 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.94 (brs, 1 H), 4.26 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.30 - 3.25 (comp, 8 H), 3.10 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.55 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.69 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 172.7, 136.4, 127.1, 121.9, 121.8, 119.2, 118.6, 114.7, 111.3, 103.9, 53.3, 37.4, 35.3, 31.9, 21.4; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$, 313.1523; found, 313.1524.

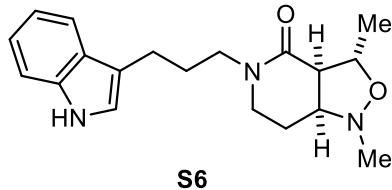


S5

N-(3-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)propyl)-3,3-dimethoxypropan-1-amine (S5). A solution of **S4** (400 mg, 1.4 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added dropwise over 15 min to a suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (120 mg, 3.0 mmol) in THF (30 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was heated at 65 °C for 14 h, at which point the

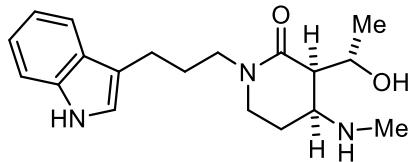
reaction was cooled to 0 °C, and the Fieser work-up was performed by successive addition of water (0.1 mL), aqueous NaOH (15% w/v, 0.1 mL), and water (1 mL). The suspension was warmed to room temperature and MgSO₄ was added. The solids were removed by filtration through a fritted funnel, and washed with copious amounts of CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **S5** as an opaque viscous oil. The crude material was taken up into aqueous HCl (0.2 M, 150 mL) and washed with ether (2 x 100 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH ~ 12-14 by dropwise addition of aqueous NaOH (40% w/v), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (4 x 150 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (200 mL), water (200 mL), and brine (200 mL). The organic fraction was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 331 mg (87%) of **S5** as an oil (>95% purity, by ¹H NMR). ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.43 (brs, 1 H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (td, *J* = 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.46 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.33 (s, 6 H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.72 - 2.68 (comp, 4 H), 1.92 (p, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.82 (q, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 136.4, 127.5, 121.8, 121.2, 119.0, 118.8, 116.1, 111.1, 103.6, 52.9, 49.9, 45.5, 32.8, 30.4, 22.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₄N₂O₂ (M+H)⁺, 277.1911; found 277.1912.

(E)-N-(3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)propyl)-N-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)but-2-enamide (16b). Crotonoyl chloride (200 mg, 1.9 mmol) was added dropwise over 10 min to a stirred solution of **S5** (440 mg, 1.6 mmol) and Hünig's base (500 mg, 3.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (16 mL) at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C, then partitioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (50 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL). The two phases were separated and the aqueous phase extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic fractions were successively washed with water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **16b** as a colorless oil. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with a gradient hexanes : ethyl acetate (3 : 1 → 1 : 1 along a gradient) to give 340 mg (62%) of **16b** as an opaque viscous oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) (1:1 rotamer mixture) δ 8.69 (brs, 0.5 H), 8.54 (brs, 0.5 H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.20 - 7.06 (comp, 2 H), 7.00 - 6.95 (comp, 1.5 H), 6.85 (dq, *J* = 14.2, 6.8 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 5.98 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.50 - 3.39 (comp, 3 H), 3.36 - 3.28 (comp, 7 H), 2.77 (app q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.01 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.90 - 1.83 (comp, 3.5 H), 1.68 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 1.5 H); ¹³C NMR (400 MHz) (1:1 rotamer mixture) δ 166.5, 166.4, 141.8, 141.5, 136.6, 136.4, 127.4, 127.2, 121.9, 121.8, 121.6, 121.5, 119.1, 118.9, 118.7, 118.6, 115.3, 114.6, 111.3, 111.2, 102.9, 102.2, 53.2, 53.0, 48.0, 46.5, 43.6, 42.3, 32.5, 31.0, 29.6, 28.0, 22.6, 22.3, 18.3, 18.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₈N₂O₂ (M+Na)⁺, 367.1992; found, 367.1994.



(3*R*,3*aR*,7*aS*)-5-(3-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)propyl)-1,3-dimethylhexahydroisoxazolo[4,3-*c*]pyridin-4(1*H*-one (S6**).**

A solution of trifluoroacetic acid (5 drops) and **16b** (50 mg, 0.14 mmol) in TFE/water (3 : 1, 4 mL) was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added, the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic fractions were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude mixture was dissolved in toluene (2 mL), followed by the addition of N-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (18 mg, 0.22 mmol) and triethylamine (37 mg, 0.36 mmol). The reaction was heated under reflux for 1.5 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was partitioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL), ethyl acetate (20 mL), and methanol (1 mL). The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed successively with water (40 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 49 mg (quant) of **16b** as an oil of ~80 – 90% purity, as judged by ¹H NMR. The crude material was taken up in aqueous HCl (1 M, 10 mL), and washed with ether (2 x 10 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH 12-14 by dropwise addition of aqueous NaOH (40% w/v), as judged by pH paper. The basic solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 30 mL) and ethyl acetate (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic fractions were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 33 mg (68%) of **16b** as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.24 (brs, 1 H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 7.2, 1.2, 1 H), 7.10 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.94 (dq, *J* = 7.2, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.68 - 3.55 (comp, 2 H), 3.44 - 3.37 (m, 1 H), 3.07 (dt, *J* = 12.4, 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.91 - 2.87 (m, 1 H), 2.84 - 2.70 (comp, 3 H), 2.69 (s, 3 H), 2.00 - 1.85 (comp, 3 H), 1.71 (dq, *J* = 14.4, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.47 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.0, 136.4, 127.3, 121.8, 121.5, 119.1, 118.7, 115.4, 111.1, 77.6, 66.1, 55.4, 47.3, 46.0, 43.2, 27.6, 25.2, 22.4, 19.2; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₅N₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺, 350.1839; found, 350.1845.

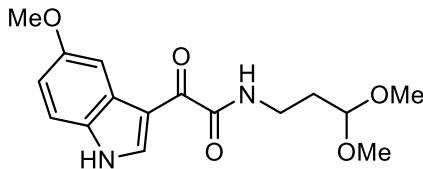


(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(3-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)propyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-4-(methylamino)piperidin-2-one (S7**).**

A suspension of zinc (dust, 7.0 g, 84 mmol) and **S6** (1.4 g, 4.2 mmol) in acetic acid (aq 80%, 200 mL)

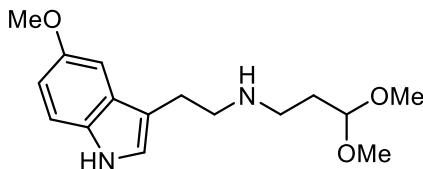
was stirred for 3 h at 65 °C, at which point the reaction was cooled to room temperature. Excess zinc was removed via vacuum filtration and washed with ethyl acetate (200 mL), whereupon zinc acetate immediately precipitated out of solution as a fluffy white solid. The zinc acetate was removed by vacuum filtration and washed with ethyl acetate. The combined filtrate and washes were concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in aqueous HCl (1 M, 300 mL), and washed with ether (150 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH ~14 with solid NaOH, and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 300 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with brine (200 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude mixture was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with CH₂Cl₂ : methanol (98 : 2 → 9 : 1 along a gradient) to give 791 mg (57%) of **S7** as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.51 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (dt, *J* = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (ddd, *J* = 8.5, 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (s, 1 H), 6.97 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.41 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.54 (ddd, *J* = 13.4, 8.4, 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.38 (ddd, *J* = 12.7, 7.5, 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.28 - 3.20 (comp, 2 H), 3.16 (p, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.37 (s, 3 H), 2.34 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 4.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.09 - 2.02 (m, 1 H), 1.99 - 1.93 (comp, 2 H), 1.79 (dtd, *J* = 14.3, 7.4, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 171.2, 138.2, 128.7, 122.8, 122.2, 119.4, 119.3, 115.7, 112.2, 67.4, 56.1, 51.4, 48.3, 45.0, 33.7, 28.4, 25.2, 23.7, 22.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₇N₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺, 352.1995; found, 352.2000.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(3-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)propyl)-4-((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14j**).** A solution of **S7** (100 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde (159 mg, 0.91 mmol) in acetonitrile (2 mL) was heated under reflux for 2 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, at which time NaBH₃CN (22 mg, 0.35 mmol) and acetic acid (glacial, 53 μL, 0.89 mmol) were added. The reaction was stirred for 20 h at room temperature, then partitioned between aqueous NaOH (1 M, 15 mL) and CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL). The two phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 15 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with brine (15 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 0 : 1 along a gradient) to give 30 mg (20%) of **14j** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.10 (brs, 1 H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.21 - 7.17 (m, 1 H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.11 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (dq, *J* = 8.8, 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.62 - 3.55 (comp, 2 H), 3.45 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.39 - 3.24 (comp, 3 H), 3.14 (dt, *J* = 10.4, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.77 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.70 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.16 (s, 3 H), 2.13 - 2.05 (comp, 2 H), 1.99 - 1.92 (comp, 2 H), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.9, 141.2, 136.3, 135.2, 127.8, 127.3, 127.1, 121.9, 121.4, 119.2, 118.7, 115.4, 111.2, 66.5, 60.3, 57.9, 50.2, 46.6, 44.9, 39.5, 27.5, 22.5, 22.5, 21.8; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₁Cl₂N₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺, 510.1686 and 512.1662; found, 510.1690 and 512.1695.



S8

N-(3,3-Dimethoxypropyl)-2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-oxoacetamide (S8). Oxalyl chloride (0.95 g, 7.5 mmol) was added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of 5-methoxyindole (1.0 g, 6.8 mmol) in ether (15 mL) at 0 °C, whereupon a red precipitate immediately crashed out of solution and the resulting suspension was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The precipitate was collected via vacuum filtration, and dried *in vacuo* to give 1.21 g (75%) of 5-methoxyindole-3-glyoxal chloride as a red powder. A slurry of 5-methoxyindole-3-glyoxal chloride (1.20 g, 5.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of **9** (1.0 g, 5.1 mmol) and triethylamine (1.3 g, 13 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) at 0 °C, and the reaction was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (50 mL) was added, the two phases were separated, and the aqueous phase extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 1.59 g (98%) of **S8** as a pale-yellow, amorphous solid of (>95% purity, by ¹H NMR). ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 9.10 (brs, 1 H), 9.03 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.87 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.93 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1 H) 4.50 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.90 (s, 3 H), 3.49 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.39 (s, 6 H), 1.92 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) δ 180.6, 162.5, 156.9, 138.2, 130.4, 127.6, 114.3, 113.2, 112.4, 103.9, 103.6, 55.8, 53.4, 35.2, 31.8; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₀N₂O₅ (M+Na)⁺, 343.1264; found, 343.1264.



S9

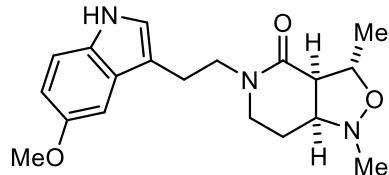
3,3-Dimethoxy-N-(2-(5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)propan-1-amine (S9).

A solution of **S8** (200 mg, 0.62 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added dropwise over 5 min to a suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (230 mg, 6.2 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction heated to 65 °C for 14 h. The reaction was then cooled to 0 °C, and the Fieser work-up was performed by successive addition of water (0.25 mL), aqueous NaOH (15%, 0.25 mL), and water (1 mL). The suspension was warmed to room temperature, and MgSO₄ was added. The solids were removed by vacuum filtration through a fritted funnel and washed with copious amounts of CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude

S9 as an opaque viscous oil. The crude material was purified via acid/base extraction. The crude oil was taken up into aqueous HCl (0.2 M, 100 mL) and washed with ether (2 x 75 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH 12 - 14 by dropwise addition of aqueous NaOH (40% w/v). The basic solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (200 mL), water (200 mL), brine (200 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 164 mg (90%) of **S9** as an oil (>95% purity, by ¹H NMR). ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.58 (brs, 1 H), 7.23 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.83 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.85 (s, 3 H), 3.24 (s, 6 H), 2.95 (app s, 4 H), 2.72 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.80 (td, *J* = 7.2, 5.6 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 153.8, 131.6, 127.7, 123.0, 113.0, 112.1, 111.9, 103.6, 100.6, 55.9, 53.0, 49.8, 45.2, 32.5, 25.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₄N₂O₃ (M+H)⁺, 293.1860; found, 293.1870.

(E)-N-(3,3-Dimethoxypropyl)-N-(2-(5-methoxy-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)but-2-enamide (18a).

Crotonoyl chloride (0.53 g, 5.1 mmol) was added dropwise over 5 min to a solution of **S9** (1.2 g, 4.2 mmol) and Hünig's base (1.3 g, 11 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (42 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (40 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 20 min at room temperature. The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 40 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (100 mL), water (100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 1 : 2 along a gradient) to give 1.08 g (71%) of **18a** as an oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz) (1:1 mixture of rotamers) δ 8.78 (brs, 0.5 H), 8.65 (brs, 0.5 H), 7.21 (app t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 0.5 H), 7.05 - 6.74 (comp, 3.5 H), 6.30 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.02 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.39 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.31 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.87 (s, 1.5 H), 3.84 (s, 1.5 H), 3.66 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.61 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.44 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.35 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.30 (s, 3 H), 3.28 (s, 3 H), 3.01 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.96 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H) 1.94 - 1.79 (comp, 3.5 H), 1.66 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1.5 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) (1:1 mixture of rotamers) δ 166.7, 166.5, 154.0, 153.8, 141.9, 141.0, 131.6, 131.5, 127.8, 127.5, 123.3, 122.9, 121.8, 121.7, 112.7, 112.2, 112.1, 112.0, 111.4, 102.9, 102.1, 100.5, 100.1, 55.9, 55.9, 53.1, 53.0, 48.6, 47.7, 44.2, 42.9, 32.5, 30.9, 25.4, 23.7, 18.3, 18.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₈N₂O₄ (M+Na)⁺, 383.1941; found, 383.1943.



S10

(3*R*,3*aR*,7*aS*)-5-(2-(5-Methoxy-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-1,3-dimethylhexahydroisoxazolo[4,3-*c*]pyridin-4(*1H*-one (S10**).**

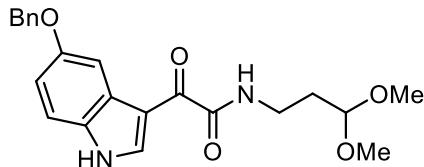
A solution of **18a** (250 mg, 0.69 mmol) and TFA (5 drops) in a mixture of TFE/water (3 : 1, 12 mL) was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (30 mL), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in toluene (10 mL), followed by the addition of *N*-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (86 mg, 1.0 mmol) and triethylamine (175 mg, 1.73 mmol). The reaction was heated under reflux for 2 h, whereupon the mixture was cooled to room temperature, and partitioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (50 mL), ethyl acetate (50 mL) and methanol (2 mL). The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 202 mg (85%) of **S10** as a viscous oil (>95% purity, by ¹H NMR). ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.11 (brs, 1 H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.85 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.92 - 3.87 (comp, 4 H), 3.76 (dt, *J* = 13.3, 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 3.65 (dt, *J* = 13.3, 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.56 (td, *J* = 11.8, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.01 - 2.95 (comp, 3 H), 2.87 - 2.79 (comp, 2 H), 2.66 (s, 3 H), 1.79 (tt, *J* = 11.2, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 1.61 (dq, *J* = 11.2, 3.4 Hz, 1 H), 1.46 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.1, 154.0, 131.6, 127.8, 123.0, 112.5, 112.13, 112.06, 100.7, 77.5, 66.2, 56.1, 55.4, 48.5, 44.1, 43.3, 25.1, 23.5, 19.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₅N₃O₃ (M+Na)⁺, 366.1788; found, 266.1794.

(3*R*,4*S*)-3-((*R*)-1-Hydroxyethyl)-1-(2-(5-methoxy-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-

(methylamino)piperidin-2-one (19a**).** Zinc (powder, 588 mg, 9.00 mmol) was added in three portions over 1.5 h to a solution of **S10** (100 mg, 0.30 mmol) in acetic acid (aq 80%, 20 mL) at 60 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 60 °C. The suspension was cooled to room temperature, excess zinc was filtered and washed with ethyl acetate. To the filtrate was added ethyl acetate (100 mL), upon which zinc acetate immediately precipitated out of solution as a fluffy white solid. The zinc acetate was filtered and washed with ethyl acetate, and the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude material was taken up in aqueous HCl(1 M, 30 mL), and washed with ether (2 x 30 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH ~14 with aqueous NaOH (40% w/v), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (4 x 50 mL). The organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (100 mL), water (100 mL), and brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic fractions were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 86 mg (85%) of **19a** as an oil (>95% purity, by ¹H

NMR). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.22 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1 H), 7.08 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1 H), 7.04 (s, 1 H), 6.75 (dd, $J = 8.8, 2.3$ Hz, 1 H), 4.40 (p, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 1 H), 3.83 (s, 3 H), 3.71 - 3.65 (m, 1 H), 3.52 (dt, $J = 13.2, 7.2$ Hz, 1 H), 3.14 - 2.92 (comp, 5 H), 2.38 (dd, $J = 5.8, 4.1$ Hz, 1 H), 2.33 (s, 3 H), 1.97 (dq, $J = 13.7, 6.1$ Hz, 1 H), 1.70 (dtd, $J = 13.7, 6.9, 3.5$ Hz, 1 H), 1.23 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 169.7, 135.6, 131.9, 127.8, 123.0, 111.6, 111.4, 111.2, 99.9, 66.1, 54.9, 54.6, 50.0, 48.2, 44.3, 32.2, 23.6, 22.3, 21.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₇N₃O₃ (M+H)⁺, 346.2125; found, 346.2124.

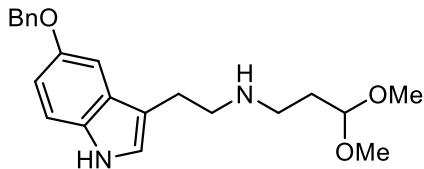
(3*R*,4*S*)-4-((3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-1-(2-(5-methoxy-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)piperidin-2-one (14k). Prepared according to the representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (3 : 1 → 1 : 3 along a gradient) to give 97 mg (89%) of **14k** as a white solid. ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.34 (t, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1 H), 7.22 - 7.21 (comp, 3 H), 7.07 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1 H), 7.04 (s, 1 H), 6.76 (ddd, $J = 8.7, 2.4, 0.3$ Hz, 1 H), 4.22 (dq, $J = 8.7, 6.1$, 1 H), 3.82 (s, 3 H), 3.76 (dt, $J = 13.3, 7.6$ Hz, 1 H), 3.55 (ddd, $J = 13.4, 7.7, 5.8$ Hz, 1 H), 3.50 (d, $J = 13.4$ Hz, 1 H), 3.41 (d, $J = 13.4$ Hz, 1 H), 3.36 - 3.32 (m, 1 H), 3.17 - 3.08 (comp, 2 H), 3.02 (p, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1 H), 2.93 (ddd, $J = 13.7, 7.8, 5.9$ Hz, 1 H), 2.58 (dd, $J = 8.4, 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 2.07 (s, 3 H), 1.99 (dt, $J = 12.3, 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 1.96 - 1.91 (m, 1 H), 1.21 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 172.0, 155.0, 143.7, 136.2, 133.4, 129.2, 128.5, 128.5, 124.5, 113.0, 112.6, 112.6, 101.5, 67.7, 61.2, 58.4, 56.4, 51.2, 48.8, 46.6, 38.5, 24.0, 22.8, 22.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₆H₃₁Cl₂N₃O₃ (M+H)⁺, 504.1815 and 506.1792; found, 504.1815 and 506.1795.



S11

2-(5-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)-2-oxoacetamide (S11). Oxalyl chloride (1.3 g, 9.9 mmol) was added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of 5-benzyloxyindole (2.0 g, 9.0 mmol) in ether (18 mL) at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C, whereupon a red precipitate was isolated via vacuum filtration, and dried *in vacuo* to give 2.37 g (84%) of 5-benzyloxyindole-3-glyoxal chloride. A suspension of 5-benzyloxyindole-3-glyoxal chloride (0.97 g, 3.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min to a solution of **9** (0.62 g, 3.1 mmol) and triethylamine (0.78 g, 7.8 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C. The reaction was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (40 mL), the phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 40 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 1.16 (95%) of **S11** as a yellow amorphous solid (>95%.

purity, by ^1H NMR). ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 9.16 (brs, 1 H), 9.03 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1 H), 8.05 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 1 H), 7.88 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1 H), 7.50 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2 H), 7.40 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2 H), 7.35 - 7.32 (comp, 2 H), 7.02 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.5$ Hz, 1 H), 5.16 (s, 2 H), 4.51 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1 H), 3.59 (q, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2 H), 3.39 (s, 6 H), 1.93 (q, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN) δ 181.5, 162.9, 155.9, 139.2, 138.0, 131.3, 128.7, 128.1, 127.9, 126.3, 114.4, 113.4, 112.7, 105.2, 103.7, 70.3, 53.0, 35.1, 32.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$, 419.1577; found, 419.1575.



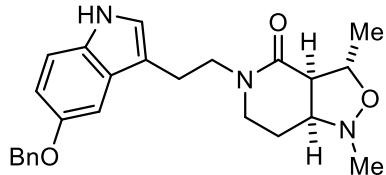
S12

***N*-(2-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3,3-dimethoxypropan-1-amine (S12).** A solution of **S11** (1.16 g, 2.93 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added dropwise over 20 min to a suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (1.10 g, 29.3 mmol) in THF (70 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction heated under reflux for 14 h, whereupon the reaction was cooled to 0 °C, and the Fieser work-up was performed by successive addition of water (1.1 mL), aqueous NaOH (15%, 1.1 mL), and water (3.3 mL). The suspension was warmed to room temperature and MgSO_4 was added. The solids were removed by vacuum filtered through a fritted funnel, and washed with copious amounts of CH_2Cl_2 . The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **S12** as an opaque viscous oil. The crude oil was taken up into aqueous HCl (0.2 M, 200 mL) and washed with ether (2 x 150 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH 12-14 by addition of solid NaOH, as judged by pH paper. The basic solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (4 x 200 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (400 mL), water (400 mL), brine (400 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 1.02 g (94%) of **S12** as an oil (>95% purity, by ^1H NMR). ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.41 (brs, 1 H), 7.49 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 7.34 (td, $J = 7.2, 1.6$ Hz, 2 H), 7.33 (tt, $J = 7.2, 1.6$ Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1 H), 7.16 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1 H), 6.97 (d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1 H), 6.94 (dd, $J = 8.8, 2.4$ Hz, 1 H), 5.11 (s, 2 H), 4.41 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1 H), 3.28 (s, 6 H), 2.94 (app s, 4 H), 2.72 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 1.82 (td, $J = 7.2, 5.6$ Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 153.0, 137.7, 131.8, 128.5, 127.82, 127.77, 127.6, 123.0, 113.5, 112.8, 111.9, 103.6, 102.5, 71.0, 52.9, 49.9, 45.3, 32.8, 25.7; HRMS (CI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$, 369.2178; found, 369.2181.

(E)-*N*-(2-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-*N*-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)but-2-enamide (18b).

Crotonoyl chloride (0.35 g, 3.3 mmol) was added dropwise over 5 min to a solution of **S12** (1.0 g, 2.8 mmol) and Hünig's base (0.85 g, 6.6 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C, whereupon saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (30 mL) was added, and the resulting solution was stirred

for 20 min at room temperature. The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with, water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (2 : 1 → 1 : 1 along a gradient) to give 0.73 g (61%) of **18b** as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) (1:1 mixture of rotamers) δ 8.65 (brs, 0.5 H), 8.53 (brs, 0.5), 7.50 - 7.48 (comp, 2 H), 7.41 - 7.37 (comp, 2 H), 7.34 - 7.30 (m, 1 H), 7.26 - 7.23 (comp, 1.5 H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 0.5), 7.02 (dq, *J* = 13.8, 6.9 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.96 - 6.88 (comp, 2 H), 6.78 (dq, *J* = 13.8, 6.9 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 5.98 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 5.13 (s, 1 H), 5.10 (s, 1 H), 4.41 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.67 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.60 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.37 - 3.30 (comp, 7 H), 3.03 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.96 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.96 - 1.90 (comp, 2 H), 1.85 - 1.80 (comp, 1.5 H), 1.66 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1.5); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) (1:1 mixture of rotamers) δ 166.7, 166.6, 153.1, 153.1, 141.9, 141.0, 137.7, 137.6, 131.8, 131.7, 128.5, 128.5, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 123.4, 123.0, 121.8, 121.8, 112.9, 112.8, 112.7, 112.0, 111.4, 102.9, 102.1, 102.0, 71.1, 70.9, 53.2, 53.0, 48.6, 47.8, 44.2, 42.9, 32.5, 31.0, 25.4, 23.7, 18.3, 18.1; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₂N₂O₄ (M+Na)⁺, 459.2254; found, 459.2253.



S13

(3*R*,3*aR*,7*aS*)-5-(2-(5-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-1,3-dimethylhexahydroisoxazolo[4,3-*c*]pyridin-4(1*H*)-one (S13**).** A solution of **18b** (250 mg, 0.57 mmol) and TFA (65 mg, 0.57 mmol) in TFE/water (3 : 1, 12 mL) was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (30 mL), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in toluene (8 mL), followed by addition of *N*-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (71 mg, 0.86 mmol) and triethylamine (130 mg, 1.30 mmol). The reaction was heated under reflux for 2 h, then cooled to room temperature, and partitioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (50 mL), ethyl acetate (50 mL) and methanol (2 mL). The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 0 : 1 along a gradient) to give 163 mg (68%, two-steps) of **S13** as a viscous oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.52 (brs, 1 H), 7.50 - 7.48 (comp, 2 H), 7.41 -

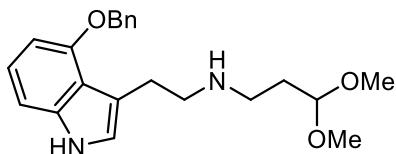
7.35 (comp, 2 H), 7.32 (tt, J = 7.2, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.16 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.95 (s, 1 H), 5.11 (s, 2 H), 3.93 (p, J = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.74 (dt, J = 13.3, 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.61 (dt, J = 13.3, 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.52 (td, J = 11.6, 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.99 - 2.92 (comp, 3 H), 2.83 - 2.79 (comp, 2 H), 2.66 (s, 3 H), 1.76 (tt, J = 11.1, 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.58 (dq, J = 11.1, 2.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.47 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.0, 153.0, 137.7, 131.7, 128.5, 127.8, 127.7, 127.7, 123.1, 112.7, 112.4, 112.0, 102.3, 77.5, 71.0, 66.1, 55.3, 48.4, 44.0, 43.2, 25.1, 23.5, 19.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$, 442.2101; found, 442.2106.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(Benzylxyloxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-4-

(methylamino)piperidin-2-one (19b). Zinc (dust, 590 mg, 9.0 mmol) was slowly added to a solution of **S13** (130 mg, 0.30 mmol) in acetic acid (aq, 80%, 18 mL), and the mixture was stirred for 48 h at room temperature. Excess zinc was filtered, and washed with ethyl acetate. To the filtrate was added ethyl acetate (200 mL), at which point zinc acetate immediately precipitated out of solution as a fluffy white solid. The zinc acetate was removed by vacuum filtration, and the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in aqueous HCl (1 M, 30 mL), and washed with ether (30 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH ~12-14 by addition of solid NaOH, as judged by pH paper. The basic solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 50 mL), and the combined organic fractions were washed with brine (100 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with CH_2Cl_2 : methanol (1 : 0 \rightarrow 9 : 1 along a gradient) to give 106 mg (85%) of **19b** as an off white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 7.48 - 7.46 (comp, 2 H), 7.38 - 7.34 (comp, 2 H), 7.29 (tt, J = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.8, 0.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.17 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.04 (s, 1 H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.09 (s, 2 H), 4.27 (dq, J = 7.3, 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.62 - 3.52 (comp, 2 H), 3.31 - 3.26 (comp, 2 H), 3.14 - 3.06 (m, 1 H), 3.03 - 2.88 (comp, 2 H), 2.54 (dd, J = 6.8, 3.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.50 (s, 3 H), 2.07 - 2.01 (m, 1 H), 1.91 - 1.81 (m, 1 H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 169.4, 154.0, 139.4, 133.6, 129.4, 129.1, 128.7, 124.6, 113.4, 113.1, 112.6, 103.3, 72.1, 67.2, 56.6, 51.0, 49.3, 45.5, 32.5, 23.6, 23.0, 23.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$, 422.2438; found, 422.2447.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(Benzylxyloxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14l). Prepared according to representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (2 : 1 \rightarrow 0 : 1 along a gradient) to give 50 mg (37%) of **14l** as a white solid. ^1H NMR (600 MHz) δ 8.07 (brs, 1 H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.38 - 7.35 (comp, 2 H), 7.31 - 7.28 (m, 1 H), 7.25 - 7.23 (comp, 2 H), 7.13 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.08 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 2 H), 6.99 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.93 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.11 (s, 2 H), 4.26 (dq, J = 8.8, 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (dt, J = 13.4, 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 3.49 (dq, J = 7.8, 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.42 (d, J = 13.3, 1 H), 3.34 (d, J = 13.3, 1 H), 3.21 (ddd, J = 12.8, 6.7, 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.12 - 3.03 (comp, 2 H), 2.99 (p, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.91 (p, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H) 2.65 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.07

(s, 3 H), 1.96 - 1.84 (comp, 2 H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz) δ 169.8, 153.1, 141.2, 137.6, 135.1, 131.6, 128.5, 127.8, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.1, 123.0, 112.7, 112.5, 111.9, 102.4, 71.0, 66.5, 60.3, 57.6, 50.1, 47.2, 45.3, 38.6, 23.1, 22.5, 21.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{35}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$), 602.1948 and 604.1927; found, 602.1950 and 604.1931.



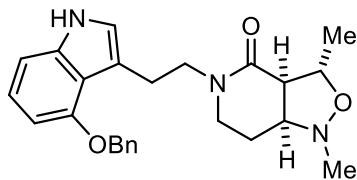
S14

N-(2-(4-(Benzylxy)-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3,3-dimethoxypropan-1-amine (S14). A solution of oxalyl chloride (0.57 g, 4.5 mmol) in ether (1 mL) was added dropwise over 20 min to a solution of 4-benzylxyindole (1.40 g, 4.5 mmol) in ether (10 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C, at which point the solution was transferred dropwise over 20 min via cannula into a solution of **9** (0.73 g, 3.7 mmol) and triethylamine (1.9 g, 19 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) at 0 °C. During the transfer, HCl gas was removed from the reaction through intermittent ventilation with a stream of nitrogen. The reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. Saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (100 mL) was added, and the solution was stirred for 20 min at room temperature. The mixture was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with aqueous NaOH (1 M, 100 mL), water (100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude 2-(4-(benzylxy)-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)-2-oxoacetamide as a thick orange semi-solid, which was carried onto the next step without further purification.

A solution of crude 2-(4-(benzylxy)-1H-indol-3-yl)-N-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)-2-oxoacetamide (0.37 g, 0.93 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min to a suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (0.35 g, 9.3 mmol) in THF (20 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was heated to 60 °C for 14 h. The reaction was then cooled to 0 °C, and the Fieser work-up was performed by successive addition of water (0.3 mL), aqueous NaOH (15%, 0.3 mL), and water (1 mL). The suspension was warmed to room temperature, and MgSO_4 was added. The solids were removed by vacuum filtration through a fritted funnel and washed with copious amounts of CH_2Cl_2 . The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **S14** as an opaque viscous oil. The crude residue was taken up into aqueous HCl (0.2 M, 100 mL), and washed with ether (2 x 50 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH 12-14 by dropwise addition of aqueous NaOH (40% w/v), as judged by pH paper. The basic solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (100 mL), water (100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 230 mg (67%) of **S14** as a viscous oil (>95% purity,

by ^1H NMR). ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.31 (brs, 1 H), 7.51 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.40 (td, J = 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.34 (tt, J = 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.98 (dd, J = 7.8 Hz, 0.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.91 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.55 (dd, J = 7.8, 0.7 Hz, 1 H), 5.17 (s, 2 H), 4.38 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.27 (s, 6 H), 3.06 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.89 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.71 (td, J = 7.2, 5.6 Hz, 2 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 153.8, 138.4, 137.5, 128.5, 127.8, 127.4, 122.7, 121.0, 117.4, 114.5, 104.7, 103.5, 100.4, 69.8, 52.7, 51.1, 45.1, 33.0, 27.4; HRMS (CI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$, 369.2178 found, 369.2180.

(E)-N-(2-(4-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-(3,3-dimethoxypropyl)but-2-enamide (18c). Crotonoyl chloride (200 mg, 1.90 mmol) was added dropwise over 5 min to a solution of **S14** (588 mg, 1.60 mmol) and Hünig's base (495 mg, 3.80 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (16 mL) at -78 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at -78 °C. Saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (20 mL) was added, and the resulting solution was stirred for 20 min at room temperature. The aqueous phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (25 mL), brine (25 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (2 : 1 → 1 : 1 along a gradient) to give 590 mg (86%) of **18c** as an oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) (1:1 mixture of rotamers) δ 8.51 (brs, 1 H), 7.50 - 7.47 (comp, 2 H), 7.39 (app td, J = 7.0, 1.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.35 - 7.31 (m, 1 H), 7.06 - 7.02 (comp, 1 H), 6.98 - 6.94 (comp, 1 H), 6.84 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 0.5), 6.73 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 0.5 H), 6.64 (dq, J = 13.6, 6.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.57 - 6.53 (comp, 1 H), 6.26 (dd, J = 13.6, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 5.92 (dd, J = 13.6, 1.6 Hz, 0.5 H), 5.25 (s, 1 H), 5.22 (s, 1 H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 0.5 H), 4.09 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.63 - 3.59 (comp, 2 H), 3.31 - 3.27 (comp, 4 H), 3.19 (s, 3 H), 3.17 - 3.04 (comp, 3 H), 1.88 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.82 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.58 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.50 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1.5 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) (1 : 1 mixture of rotamers) δ 166.8, 166.3, 153.6, 153.5, 141.3, 140.3, 138.3, 138.2, 137.5, 137.3, 128.6, 128.6, 127.9, 127.9, 127.5, 127.3, 122.8, 122.5, 121.8, 121.8, 117.4, 117.3, 113.4, 112.3, 105.0, 102.8, 101.9, 100.6, 100.4, 70.0, 69.9, 52.9, 52.8, 49.7, 48.8, 43.8, 42.7, 32.2, 30.8, 27.0, 25.2, 18.3, 18.2, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$, 459.2254; found, 459.2262



S15

(3*R*,3*aR*,7*aS*)-5-(2-(4-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-1,3-dimethylhexahydroisoxazolo[4,3-*c*]pyridin-4(1*H*)-one (S15). A solution of **18c** (150 mg, 0.34 mmol) and TFA (5 drops) in TFE/water (3 : 1, 6 mL) was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction was poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO_3

(20 mL), and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (20 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in toluene (4 mL), followed by addition of *N*-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (34 mg, 0.41 mmol) and triethylamine (70 mg, 0.69 mmol). The reaction was heated under reflux for 1 h, at which point the reaction was cooled to room temperature, and portioned between saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (20 mL), ethyl acetate (20 mL) and methanol (1 mL). The phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (40 mL), brine (40 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 133 mg (93%) of **S15** as an oil (>95% purity, by ^1H NMR). ^1H NMR (600 MHz) δ 8.12 (brs, 1 H), 7.49 - 7.47 (comp, 2 H), 7.40 - 7.38 (comp, 2 H), 7.32 (tt, J = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.98 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.90 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.14 (s, 2 H), 3.94 (p, J = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.62 (ddd, J = 12.9, 9.7, 5.9 Hz, 1 H), 3.45 (ddd, J = 12.9, 9.7, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.09 - 3.02 (comp, 2 H), 2.95 (ddd, J = 13.7, 9.5, 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.78 - 2.69 (comp, 2 H), 2.62 (s, 3 H), 2.41 (dt, J = 12.9, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 1.57 - 1.52 (m, 1 H), 1.41 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.29 (dq, J = 14.3, 3.6 Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz) δ 168.7, 153.8, 138.2, 137.2, 128.6, 128.4, 128.0, 122.7, 121.6, 117.2, 113.3, 104.9, 100.3, 77.5, 77.4, 70.2, 66.2, 55.2, 49.7, 43.2, 25.1, 25.0, 19.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$, 420.2282; found, 420.2289

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(4-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)-4-(methylamino)piperidin-2-one (19c). Zinc (powder, 584 mg, 9.00 mmol) was added in three portions over 1.5 h to a solution of **S15** (130 mg, 0.30 mmol) in acetic acid (aq 80%, 18 mL) at 60 °C. The suspension was stirred for 1 h at 60 °C. The suspension was cooled to room temperature, followed by the removal of excess zinc by filtration. Ethyl acetate (100 mL) was added to the filtrate, upon which zinc acetate immediately precipitated out of solution as a fluffy white solid. The zinc acetate was filtered and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude **19c**. The crude material was taken up in aqueous HCl (1 M, 30 mL), and washed with ether (2 x 30 mL). The aqueous fraction was basified to pH ~14 with aqueous NaOH (40% w/v). The basic solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (4 x 50 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (100 mL), water (100 mL), and brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic fractions were dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 72 mg (57%) of **19c** as an oil (>95% purity, by ^1H NMR). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 7.47 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H) 7.39 – 7.33 (comp, 3 H), 7.03 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.98 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.5 H, 1 H), 6.90 (s, 1 H), 6.55 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.13 (s, 2 H), 4.39 (p, J = 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.48 – 3.44 (comp, 2 H), 3.03 – 2.98 (comp, 3 H), 2.80 – 2.78 (m, 1 H), 2.63 – 2.58 (m, 1 H), 2.27 – 2.23 (comp, 4 H), 1.73 (dq, J = 13.5, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.46 – 1.40 (m, 1 H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 169.5, 153.6,

138.3, 137.3, 128.5, 128.3, 128.0, 122.2, 122.0, 117.1, 112.2, 105.1, 99.9, 70.1, 66.4, 54.4, 50.0, 43.6, 33.3, 24.4, 23.3, 20.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{25}H_{31}N_3O_3$ ($M+H$)⁺, 422.2438; found, 422.2442.

(3*R*,4*S*)-1-(2-(4-(Benzylxy)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14m). Prepared according to the representative procedure for compound **14a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with CH_2Cl_2 : acetone : methanol (9 : 1 : 0 → 5 : 4 : 1 along a gradient) to give 26 mg (19%) of **14m** as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 9.14 (brs, 1 H), 7.38 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.30 - 7.28 (comp, 2 H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.13 (s, 1 H), 7.01 (s, 2 H), 6.94 - 6.87 (comp, 2 H), 6.77 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.44 (dd, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.01 (s, 2 H), 4.09 (dq, J = 9.2, 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.55 - 3.48 (m, 1 H), 3.36 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.28 - 3.1 (comp, 2 H), 2.90 - 2.84 (comp, 3 H), 2.59 - 2.54 (m, 1 H), 1.97 (s, 3 H), 1.55 - 1.50 (comp, 2 H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) δ 169.6, 153.8, 141.4, 138.2, 137.3, 135.2, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 127.8, 126.6, 122.8, 121.6, 117.2, 113.1, 105.0, 100.3, 70.2, 66.4, 60.4, 57.7, 50.1, 48.7, 44.6, 24.7, 22.5, 21.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{32}H_{35}Cl_2N_3O_3$ ($M+Na$)⁺, 602.1948 and 604.1945; found, 602.1927 and 604.1954.

(3*R*,4*S*)-4-((3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-1-(2-(5-hydroxy-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-3-((*R*)-1-hydroxyethyl)piperidin-2-one (14n). A solution of **S13** (150 mg, 0.36 mmol) in ethanol (2 mL) was added over 5 min to a degassed of ethanol (12 mL) and Pd/C (10% w/w, 150 mg) at room temperature. A balloon of hydrogen gas was bubbled through the suspension, followed immediately by addition of TFA (3 drops), and the reaction was stirred for 5 h at 60 °C. The suspension was then cooled to room temperature and filtered through a pad of Celite, washing with copious amounts of methanol. The solvent was removed *in vacuo*, followed by azeotropic removal of water with toluene. The crude mixture was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL), and 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde (190 mg, 1.1 mmol) was added in one portion. The reaction was held under reflux for 2 h, after which the solution was cooled to room temperature. NaBH₃CN (68 mg, 1.1 mmol) and acetic acid (glacial, 130 μL, 2.2 mmol) were added, and the reaction was stirred for 14 h at room temperature. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (30 mL) was added to the mixture, followed by extraction with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic fractions were washed with water (30 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography eluting with hexanes : ethyl acetate (1 : 1 → 0 : 1 along a gradient) to give 48 mg (28%, two-steps) of **14n** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.32 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.20 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.15 (dd, J = 8.6, 0.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.00 (s, 1 H), 6.94 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.67 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 4.20 (dq, J = 8.6, 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.67 (dt, J = 13.2, 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.52 (ddd, J = 13.3, 7.6, 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.46 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.36 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.28 - 3.25 (m, 1 H), 3.09 - 3.01 (comp, 2 H), 2.96 (p, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.88 - 2.84 (m, 1 H), 2.57 (dd, J = 8.0, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.03 (s, 3 H), 1.94 - 1.91 (m, 1 H), 1.86 - 1.80 (m, 1 H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 171.9,

151.3, 143.7, 136.2, 133.0, 129.6, 128.5, 128.4, 124.5, 112.8, 112.5, 112.1, 103.5, 67.7, 61.2, 58.4, 51.1, 49.8, 46.6, 38.5, 24.0, 22.8, 22.5; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₉Cl₂N₃O₃ (M+H)⁺, 512.1478 and 514.1455; found, 512.1483 and 514.1459.

1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3-chloro-5-methoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25b).

The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography, eluting with EtOAc:Et₃N (99:1) to furnish 19 mg (64%) of **25b** as a pale yellow amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.16 (s, 1 H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.19 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (ddd, *J* = 7.8, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.90 (app s, 1 H), 6.79 (t, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.75 (app s, 1 H), 3.79 (s, 3 H), 3.73 – 3.59 (comp, 2 H), 3.47 (s, 2 H), 3.22 – 2.99 (comp, 4 H), 2.79 (tdd, *J* = 11.0, 5.2, 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.62 (ddd, *J* = 17.0, 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.43 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.17 (s, 3 H), 1.90 (dt, *J* = 9.8, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.60 (dtd, *J* = 12.8, 11.1, 5.7 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.1, 160.3, 142.6, 136.2, 134.7, 127.5, 122.03, 121.94, 120.8, 119.3, 118.8, 113.2, 112.73, 112.69, 111.2, 57.6, 56.7, 55.5, 48.1, 46.7, 37.4, 34.9, 26.3, 23.0; IR (NaCl, film) 3262, 3056, 2933, 2853, 2361, 1623, 1576, 1498, 1459, 1431, 1344, 1312, 1271, 1233, 1150, 1097, 1053, 980, 845, 743, 679, 621 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₄H₂₈ClN₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺ 448.1762; found, 448.1758.

1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3-chlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25c). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25c**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc:Et₃N (50:50:1) to furnish 29 mg (81%) **25c** as a pale yellow amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.15 (s, 0.89 H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1.24 H), 7.27 (m, 4.76 H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 1.59 H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 1.37 H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 2 Hz, 1.31 H), 3.74 (comp, 3.96 H), 3.12 (comp, 5.07 H), 2.69 (d, *J* = 18 Hz, 0.99 H), 2.53 (m, 0.83 H), 2.25 (s, 2.93 H), 2.10 (m, 1.21 H), 1.69 (m, 1.49 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 135.2, 133.3, 128.6, 127.6, 126.4, 123.8, 121.0, 120.9, 118.3, 117.7, 112.2, 110.2, 56.4, 55.8, 47.1, 45.6, 36.2, 33.7, 25.3, 22.0; IR (NaCl, film) 3251, 3055, 2925, 2853, 1742, 1626, 1575, 1497, 1456, 1433, 1344, 1303, 1260, 1231, 1161, 1097, 1075, 1030, 784, 742, 684 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₃H₂₆ClN₃O (M+Na)⁺ 418.1657; found 418.1649.

1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3,5-dimethoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25d).

The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc:Et₃N (50:50:1 → 0:99:1) to furnish 31 mg (67%) of **25d** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.31 (s, 1 H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 2 H), 6.37 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.79 (s, 6 H), 3.73 – 3.57 (comp, 2 H), 3.49 (s, 2 H), 3.16 (ddd, *J* = 12.1, 5.5, 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.11 – 2.95 (comp, 3 H), 2.81 (tdd, *J* = 10.9, 5.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.62 (ddd, *J* = 17.0, 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.45 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.20 (s, 3

H), 1.94 – 1.86 (m, 1 H), 1.61 (dtd, J = 12.8, 11.2, 5.6 Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 170.1, 161.6, 137.0, 128.1, 122.64, 122.58, 119.9, 119.3, 113.7, 111.8, 107.0, 99.5, 58.5, 56.7, 55.6, 48.3, 46.9, 37.6, 35.1, 26.2, 23.1; IR (NaCl, film) 3261, 3057, 2936, 2840, 2792, 2243, 1613, 1498, 1457, 1430, 1344, 1299, 1234, 1204, 1154, 1101, 1065, 983, 910, 836, 739 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$ 444.2258; found 444.2252.

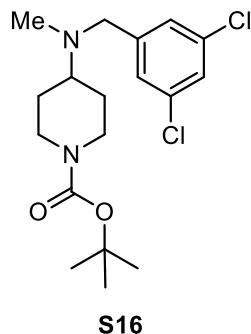
1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((3-methoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25e). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography, eluting with EtOAc:Et₃N (99:1) to furnish 26 mg (60%) of **25e** as an amorphous white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.28 (s, 1 H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, J = 8.1, 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.0, 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.00 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.92 – 6.84 (comp, 2 H), 6.81 (ddd, J = 8.2, 2.6, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.81 (s, 3 H), 3.72 – 3.58 (comp, 2 H), 3.53 (s, 2 H), 3.16 (ddd, J = 12.1, 5.6, 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.13 – 2.95 (comp, 3 H), 2.81 (tdd, J = 11.0, 5.1, 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.64 (ddd, J = 16.9, 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.46 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.92 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.62 (dtd, J = 12.8, 11.2, 5.6 Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.2, 159.7, 136.3, 129.3, 127.5, 122.02, 121.97, 121.0, 119.3, 118.7, 114.2, 113.1, 112.5, 111.2, 58.0, 56.5, 55.2, 48.1, 46.7, 37.3, 34.9, 26.2, 23.0; IR (NaCl, film) 3261, 3055, 2935, 2852, 2791, 2360, 2242, 1624, 1491, 1456, 1344, 1304, 1268, 1152, 1011, 1043, 978, 910, 784, 743, 695 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$ 392.2333; found 392.2329.

1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-((benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25f). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25a**. The crude material was purified by flash column chromatography, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc:Et₃N (33:66:1) to furnish 14 mg (58%) of **25f** as an amorphous white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.16 (s, 1 H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.19 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.0, 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (ddd, J = 7.8, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.82 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.77 – 6.69 (comp, 2 H), 5.94 (s, 2 H), 3.74 – 3.58 (comp, 2 H), 3.45 (s, 2 H), 3.21 – 3.09 (comp, 2 H), 3.09 – 2.99 (comp, 2 H), 2.80 (dtd, J = 11.0, 5.8, 5.2, 3.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.62 (ddd, J = 16.9, 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.44 (dd, J = 17.0, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.16 (s, 3 H), 1.91 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.61 (dtd, J = 12.8, 11.1, 5.7 Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.4, 148.0, 146.9, 136.5, 127.8, 122.3, 122.2, 122.0, 119.6, 119.0, 113.5, 111.5, 109.3, 108.2, 101.2, 58.0, 56.7, 48.4, 47.0, 37.4, 35.1, 26.6, 23.3; IR (film, NaCl) 3260, 2927, 1625, 1489, 1442, 1343, 1302, 1240, 1096, 1038, 929, 807, 741 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc'd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$ 428.1945; found 428.1939.

1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-(methyl(3-(methylthio)benzyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25g). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography, eluting with EtOAc:Et₃N (99:1) to furnish 32 mg (71%) of **25g** as an amorphous, off-white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.28 (s, 1 H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, J = 8.1,

1.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.26 – 7.08 (comp, 5 H), 7.06 (dt, J = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.66 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 3.51 (s, 2 H), 3.16 (ddd, J = 12.1, 5.5, 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.12 – 2.96 (comp, 3 H), 2.80 (tdd, J = 11.0, 5.1, 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.63 (ddd, J = 16.9, 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.48 (comp, 4 H), 2.18 (s, 3 H), 1.90 (dt, J = 12.8, 3.4 Hz, 1 H), 1.61 (dtd, J = 12.8, 11.2, 5.6 Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 169.2, 140.0, 138.4, 136.3, 128.8, 127.4, 126.6, 125.4, 125.1, 121.96, 119.26, 118.7, 113.1, 111.2, 57.8, 56.5, 48.1, 46.7, 37.3, 34.9, 26.3, 23.0, 15.8; IR (NaCl, film) 3261, 3054, 2922, 2854, 1622, 1498, 1456, 1344, 1303, 1232, 1158, 1100, 1030, 780, 743, 686 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$ 430.1924; found 430.1920.

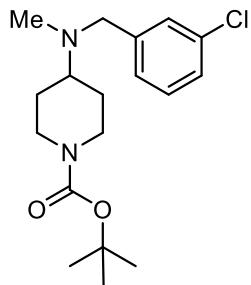
1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-(benzyl(methyl)amino)piperidin-2-one (25h). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **25a**. The crude material was purified via flash column chromatography, eluting with EtOAc:Et₃N (99:1) to furnish 23 mg (70%) of **25h** as an amorphous white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.03 (s, 1 H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.34 – 7.26 (comp, 5 H), 7.19 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.12 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.66 (hept, J = 6.8, 6.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.56 (s, 2 H), 3.21 – 2.99 (comp, 4 H), 2.87 – 2.77 (m, 1 H), 2.69 – 2.61 (m, 1 H), 2.47 (dd, J = 17.0, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.98 – 1.89 (m, 1 H), 1.63 (qd, J = 11.5, 5.6 Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz) δ 136.2, 128.9, 128.4, 127.5, 122.05, 121.91, 119.4, 118.8, 113.2, 111.2, 57.9, 56.6, 48.1, 46.7, 26.3, 23.0; IR (NaCl, film) 2923, 2851, 2793, 2242, 1625, 1496, 1456, 1343, 1302, 1260, 1233, 1159, 1101, 1074, 1025, 909, 813, 741, 700 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}$) $^+$ 384.2046; found 384.2039.



S16

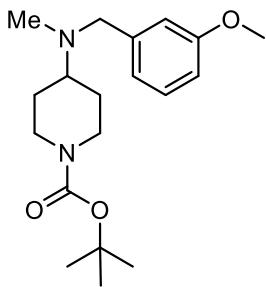
tert-Butyl 4-((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate (S16). A solution of **26** (44 mg, 0.2 mmol), 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde (50 mg, 0.3 mmol), acetic acid (10 mg, 0.2 mmol), and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (90 mg, 0.4 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (2 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 18 h, whereupon the solution was diluted with 1 M NaOH (15 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexane:EtOAc:Et₃N (95:5:1) to give 48 mg (64%) of **S16** as an opaque white oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.23 – 7.19 (comp, 3 H), 4.16 (s, 2 H),

3.50 (s, 2 H), 2.75 – 2.61 (comp, 2 H), 2.55 (tt, J = 11.5, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.17 (s, 3 H), 1.83 – 1.70 (comp, 2 H), 1.45 (comp, 11 H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz) δ 154.7, 143.9, 134.7, 126.9, 126.7, 79.4, 61.1, 57.0, 43.1, 37.7, 28.4, 27.9; IR (NaCl, film) 2975, 2940, 2854, 2788, 1694, 1590, 1569, 1451, 1425, 1365, 1330, 1275, 1244, 1159, 1111, 1046, 1004 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₆Cl₂N₂O₂ (M+H)⁺ 373.1444; found 373.1454.



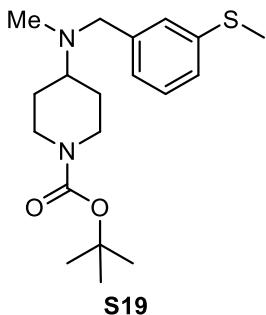
S17

tert-Butyl 4-((3-chlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate (S17). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **S16**. The crude material was dissolved in hexanes and a solution of HCl in 1,4-dioxane was added until the HCl salt of **S17** precipitated out of solution. The suspension was decanted and washed with additional hexanes (2 x 10 mL), and the resultant residue was resuspended in 1M aq. NaOH (20 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 15 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation to give 48 mg (71%) of **S17** as a clear oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz) δ 7.33 (s, 1 H), 7.25 – 7.16 (comp, 3 H), 4.17 (s, 2 H), 3.54 (s, 2 H), 2.82 – 2.45 (comp, 3 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.79 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.46 (comp, 11 H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz) δ 154.7, 142.2, 134.1, 129.4, 128.5, 127.0, 126.6, 79.4, 60.9, 57.4, 43.4 37.6, 28.4, 28.0; IR (NaCl, film) 2937, 2853, 2788, 1694, 1598, 1574, 1475, 1452, 1424, 1365, 1330, 1275, 1243, 1158, 1111, 1075, 1043, 1001 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₇ClN₂O₂ (M+H)⁺ 339.1834; found 339.1842.



S18

tert-Butyl 4-((3-methoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate (S18). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **S16**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexane/EtOAc/Et₃N (90:10:1) to give 44 mg (69%) of **S18** as a clear oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.22 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.89 (dt, J = 3.6, 1.5 Hz, 2 H), 6.78 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.6, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.15 (s, 2 H), 3.80 (s, 3 H), 3.55 (s, 2 H), 2.67 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.62 – 2.51 (m, 1 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 1.79 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 2H), 1.46 (s, 11 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 159.6, 154.7, 141.6, 129.1, 120.9, 114.0, 112.2, 79.3, 60.6, 57.9, 55.1, 43.4, 37.6, 28.4, 27.9; IR (NaCl, film) 2940, 2853, 2787, 1695, 1601, 1587, 1488, 1454, 1425, 1365, 1330, 1274, 1243, 1158, 1110, 1046, 1003 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₃₀N₂O₃ (M+H)⁺ 335.2329; found 335.2324.



S19

tert-Butyl 4-(methyl(3-(methylthio)benzyl)amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate (S19). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **S16**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexane/EtOAc/Et₃N (90:10:1) to give 45 mg (967%) of **S19** as an off-white oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.22 (s, 2 H), 7.12 (dt, J = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.10 – 7.05 (m, 1 H), 4.16 (s, 2 H), 3.53 (s, 2 H), 2.68 (t, J = 12.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.56 (tt, J = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.48 (s, 3 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.79 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2 H) 1.46 (comp, 11 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 154.7, 140.7, 138.2, 128.6, 126.7, 125.4, 124.9, 79.3, 60.8, 57.8, 43.4, 37.6, 28.4, 27.9, 15.8. IR (NaCl, film) 2975, 2929, 2854, 2787, 1695, 1592, 1574, 1474, 1425, 1365, 1330, 1275, 1243, 1159, 1110, 1082, 1043, 1001 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₃₀N₂O₂S (M+Na)⁺ 373.1920; found 373.1934.

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (27a). A solution of **S16** (52 mg, 0.14 mmol) and trifluoroacetic acid (160 mg, 1.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.8 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 24 h, whereupon the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The resulting solid was resuspended in 1 M HCl (20 mL) and washed with Et₂O (20 mL). 3 M NaOH was added to the aqueous layer until the solution became cloudy, whereupon it was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation to give 29 mg (76%) of **27a** as a yellow paste. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.22 (t, *J* = 0.6 Hz, 3 H), 3.52 (s, 2 H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.66 – 2.46 (m, 4 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.51 (qd, *J* = 12.1, 4.1 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ 144.1, 134.7, 126.9, 126.8, 61.1, 56.9, 46.1, 37.7, 29.0; IR (NaCl, film) 2941, 2851, 2791, 1589, 1568, 1449, 1432, 1384, 1353, 1273, 1208, 1045 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₁₈Cl₂N₂ (M+H)⁺ 273.0920; found 273.0923.

N-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (27b). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **27a** to give 15 mg (79%) of **27b** as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 1 H), 7.25 – 7.16 (comp, 3 H), 3.54 (s, 2 H), 3.15 (dt, *J* = 12.7, 3.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.64 – 2.46 (comp, 3 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.82 (dt, *J* = 12.7, 2.7 Hz, 2 H), 1.49 (qd, *J* = 12.3, 4.3 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 142.5, 134.1, 129.4, 128.6, 126.9, 126.6, 61.2, 57.2, 46.3, 37.6, 29.3. IR (NaCl, film) 3291, 3061, 2939, 2850, 2789, 1597, 1574, 1472, 1451, 1429, 1356, 1324, 1260, 1209, 1147, 1075, 1043, 1003 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₁₉ClN₂ (M+H)⁺ 239.1310; found 239.1313.

N-(3-Methoxybenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (27c). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **27a** to give 15 mg (79%) of **27c** as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.21 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.92 – 6.87 (comp, 2 H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 8.3, 2.6, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.80 (s, 3 H), 3.55 (s, 2 H), 3.19 – 3.09 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 2 H), 2.62 – 2.47 (comp, 3 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 1.87 – 1.79 (br, 2 H), 1.51 (td, *J* = 12.1, 4.0 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 159.6, 141.8, 129.1, 121.0, 114.1, 112.2, 61.0, 57.7, 55.1, 46.4, 37.6, 29.3. IR (NaCl, film) 3306, 2939, 2839, 2788, 1691, 1600, 1488, 1454, 1361, 1318, 1269, 1150, 1046 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₂₂N₂O (M+H)⁺ 235.1805; found 235.1805.

N-Methyl-N-(3-(methylthio)benzyl)piperidin-4-amine (27d). The title compound was prepared following the general procedure of **27c** to give 23 mg (87%) of **27d** as a pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.25 – 7.19 (comp, 2 H), 7.12 (ddd, *J* = 7.8, 2.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.10 – 7.06 (m, 1 H), 3.54 (s, 2 H), 3.19 – 3.08 (comp, 2 H), 2.62 – 2.45 (comp, 6 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.56 – 1.42 (comp, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 140.9, 138.1, 128.6, 126.8, 125.5, 124.9, 61.0, 57.6, 46.4, 37.6, 29.3, 15.8; IR (NaCl, film) 3292, 2938, 2850, 2790, 1591, 1572, 1471, 1422, 1356, 1325, 1273, 1213, 1147, 1084, 1042 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₄H₂₂N₂S (M+H)⁺ 251.1576; found 251.1584.

1-((4-((3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethan-1-one (28a). A solution **27a** (33 mg, 0.12 mmol), indole-3-acetic acid (32 mg, 0.18 mmol), EDCI·HCl (35 mg, 0.18 mmol), and iPr₂NEt (0.8 mL, 0.5 mmol) in THF (1.2 mL) was stirred at rt for 2 h. The reaction was then

diluted with 1 M aq. NaOH (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂(3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc:Et₃N (40:60:1) to give **28a** (40 mg, 78%) as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.17 (s, 1 H), 7.65 (dq, *J* = 7.9, 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.19 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.16 - 7.14 (m, 2 H), 7.13 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.1, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 2.3, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.05 – 3.93 (m, 1 H), 3.86 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 1.0 Hz, 2 H), 3.37 (s, 2 H), 2.93 (td, *J* = 12.9, 2.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.55 (td, *J* = 11.2, 10.6, 3.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.07 (s, 3 H), 1.80 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.58 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.40 (qd, *J* = 12.3, 4.4 Hz, 1 H), 1.12 (qd, *J* = 12.3, 4.3 Hz, 1 H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (126 MHz) δ 170.1, 144.0, 136.4, 135.0, 127.3, 127.3, 126.9, 122.6, 122.5, 119.9, 119.1, 111.4, 109.8, 61.1, 57.1, 46.1, 41.8, 37.9, 31.9, 28.7, 27.7 ppm; IR (NaCl, film) 3058, 2926, 2857, 2790, 1624, 1568, 1454, 1434, 1353, 1268, 1227, 1149, 1125, 1098, 1047 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₅Cl₂N₃O (M+Na)⁺ 452.1267; found, 452.1268.

1-(4-((2-Chlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethan-1-one (28b). The title compound was prepared following a procedure analogous to that of **28a**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with EtOAc/Et₃N (100:1) to give 40 mg (70%) of **28b** as an amorphous yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.00 (s, 1 H), 7.29 – 7.27 (m, 1 H), 7.24 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 0.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 2 H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 1 H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.89 – 6.82 (m, 1 H), 4.73 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.02 (d, *J* = 16.7 Hz, 1 H), 3.86 (s, 3 H), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 1.0 Hz, 2 H), 3.42 (s, 2 H), 2.93 (s, 1 H), 2.63 – 2.50 (m, 2 H), 2.08 (s, 3 H), 1.82 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz, 1 H), 1.64 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1 H), 1.43 (qd, *J* = 12.1, 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.22 – 1.10 (m, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 169.8, 154.1, 142.1, 134.2, 131.3, 129.5, 128.5, 127.4, 127.0, 126.6, 123.0, 112.5, 111.9, 109.2, 100.5, 60.6, 57.3, 55.9, 45.9, 41.6, 37.6, 31.8, 28.5, 27.4. IR (NaCl, flim) 3267, 3056, 2941, 2858, 2244, 2127, 1625, 1486, 1451, 1357, 1332, 1302, 1267, 1216, 1171, 1097, 1055 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₂₈ClN₃O₂ (M+Na)⁺ 448.1762; found 448.1774.

3-(1H-Benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)-1-(4-((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one (28c). The title compound was prepared following a procedure analogous to that of **28a**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with EtOAc/Et₃N (100:1) to give 82 mg (87%) of **28c** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 10.31 (s, 1 H), 7.74 – 7.38 (m, 2 H), 7.24 – 7.17 (comp, 5 H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.48 (s, 2 H), 3.32 – 3.23 (comp, 2 H), 3.06 – 2.94 (m, 1 H), 2.84 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 4.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.70 – 2.57 (comp, 2 H), 2.15 (s, 3 H), 1.91 – 1.81 (comp, 2 H), 1.45 (qd, *J* = 14.2, 12.9, 6.2 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 170.6, 154.6, 143.6, 134.8, 127.1, 126.7, 122.0, 60.7, 57.0, 45.0, 41.6, 37.6, 31.6, 28.4, 27.7, 24.5; IR (NaCl, film) 3200, 3057, 2945, 2857, 2789, 2360, 2344, 1631, 1568, 1538, 1450, 1353, 1271, 1226, 1152, 1098, 1046 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₆Cl₂N₄O (M+Na)⁺ 467.1376; found 467.1385.

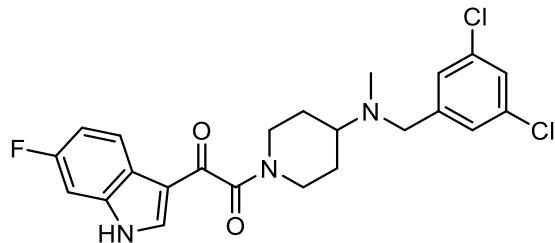
1-(2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (29a). To a solution of **28a** (20 mg, 0.05 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added a 0.5 M solution of alane in toluene (0.15 mmol, 0.30 mL) and stirred for 3 h at rt. The reaction was then diluted with 1 M NaOH (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation. The crude material purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexanes/EtOAc/Et₃N (40:60:1) to give 15 mg (70%) of **29a** as a yellow paste. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.13 – 8.05 (s, 1 H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.34 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 0.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (s, 3 H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 1 H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1 H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.80 – 3.71 (m, 1 H), 3.53 (s, 2 H), 3.21 – 3.11 (comp, 2 H), 3.02 – 2.93 (comp, 2 H), 2.75 – 2.65 (comp, 2 H), 2.46 (tt, *J* = 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 2.05 (td, *J* = 11.8, 2.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.85 (comp, 3 H), 1.70 (qd, *J* = 12.0, 3.8 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 144.2, 136.2, 134.7, 127.4, 126.9, 126.8, 122.0, 121.4, 119.2, 118.8, 114.5, 111.1, 61.3, 59.3, 57.0, 53.4, 37.9, 27.9, 23.2. IR (NaCl, film) 3412, 3179, 3057, 2943, 2853, 2808, 2360, 1620, 1589, 1568, 1455, 1433, 1376, 1353, 1303, 1228, 1145, 1097, 1049, 1014 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₇Cl₂N₃ (M+H)⁺ 416.1655; found 416.1656.

N-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-1-(2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (29b).

The title compound was prepared following a procedure analogous to that of **29a**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with EtOAc/Et₃N (100:1) to give 13 mg (62%) of **29b** as a yellow paste. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.97 (s, 1 H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.25 – 7.17 (comp, 4 H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.84 (dt, *J* = 8.9, 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.85 (s, 3 H), 3.56 (s, 2 H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 2 H), 2.99 – 2.90 (comp, 2 H), 2.74 – 2.65 (comp, 2 H), 2.56 – 2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 2.12 – 2.02 (comp, 2 H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.80 – 1.66 (comp, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 153.9, 142.5, 134.1, 131.3, 129.4, 128.6, 127.8, 126.9, 126.7, 122.3, 114.1, 112.1, 111.8, 100.7, 61.0, 59.2, 57.4, 56.0, 53.4, 37.8, 27.8, 23.2. IR (NaCl, film) 3156, 3049, 2939, 2853, 2808, 2249, 1625, 1581, 1484, 1453, 1356, 1301, 1261, 1216, 1172, 1144, 1119, 1068, 1040 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₃₀ClN₃O (M+Na)⁺ 434.1970; found 434.1977.

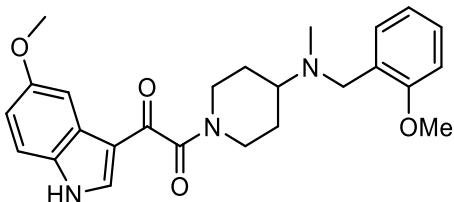
1-(3-(1H-Benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)propyl)-N-(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (29c). To a stirred suspension of NaBH₄ (32 mg, 0.85 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) was added a solution of I₂ (99 mg, 0.39 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) while cooling at 0 °C. Once the solution turned clear, **28c** (40 mg, 0.09 mmol) was added, and the solution was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight, whereupon the reaction was quenched via the slow addition of MeOH (1 mL). The mixture was concentrated via rotary evaporation, resuspended in 3 M HCl (3 mL), and heated under reflux for an additional 6 h. The reaction was then cooled to room temperature, 1 M NaOH (20 mL) was added, and the aqueous solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation, and the crude material was purified via column chromatography, eluting with

EtOAc:MeOH:Et₃N (100:0:1 → 95:5:1) to give 32 mg (82%) of **29c** as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.52 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 3.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.26 – 7.24 (comp, 3 H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 3.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.57 (s, 2 H), 3.17 – 3.04 (comp, 4 H), 2.61 – 2.54 (comp, 2 H), 2.50 (ddt, *J* = 11.4, 7.6, 3.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.27 (s, 3 H), 2.07 (td, *J* = 12.0, 2.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.02 – 1.95 (comp, 2 H), 1.91 (d, *J* = 13.0, 2.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.81 – 1.68 (comp, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 155.7, 143.9, 134.8, 127.1, 126.8, 121.7, 114.6, 60.7, 59.0, 57.4, 53.3, 37.8, 29.5, 28.2, 23.7; IR (NaCl, film) 3056, 2944, 2785, 2248, 2192, 1622, 1590, 1568, 1541, 1451, 1431, 1379, 1352, 1304, 1272, 1211, 1123, 1098, 1051, 1026 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₈Cl₂N₄ (M+H)⁺ 431.1764; found 431.1785.



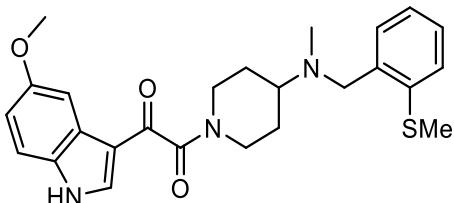
S20

1-(4-((3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethane-1,2-dione (S20). To a solution of **28a** (30 mg, 0.09 mmol) and iPr₂NEt (0.03 mL, 0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) was added 2-(5-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-oxoacetyl chloride (29 mg, 0.13 mmol), and the reaction was stirred at rt for 48 h. The reaction was then diluted with 1 M aq. NaOH (20 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc:Et₃N (50:50:1) to give 36 mg (86%) of **S20** as a white paste. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) δ 10.14 (s, 1 H), 8.24 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.76 (s, 1 H), 7.25 – 7.18 (comp, 3 H), 7.09 – 6.96 (comp, 2 H), 4.69 (ddt, *J* = 13.3, 4.7, 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.91 (ddt, *J* = 13.6, 5.0, 2.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.52 (s, 2 H), 3.10 – 2.99 (m, 1 H), 2.84 – 2.75 (m, 1 H), 2.70 (tt, *J* = 11.4, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.18 (s, 3 H), 1.97 – 1.93 (m, 1 H), 1.85 – 1.78 (m, 1 H), 1.59 (pd, *J* = 12.5, 4.3 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz) δ 185.9, 166.1, 161.6, 159.7, 143.6, 136.9, 136.8, 135.8, 135.8, 134.8, 127.2, 126.7, 125.5, 123.0, 123.0, 121.6, 114.5, 111.9, 111.7, 98.7, 98.5, 60.8, 57.1, 56.0, 45.8, 45.6, 41.1, 37.7, 34.6, 34.2, 30.3, 29.7, 28.6, 27.9, 23.4, 22.7, 21.2, 14.8, 14.2, 14.1; IR (NaCl, film) 2926, 2855, 1623, 1595, 1568, 1525, 1504, 1446, 1432, 1372, 1268, 1232, 1150, 1091, 1046 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd C₂₃H₂₂Cl₂FN₃O₂ (M+H)⁺ 462.1146; found 462.1156.



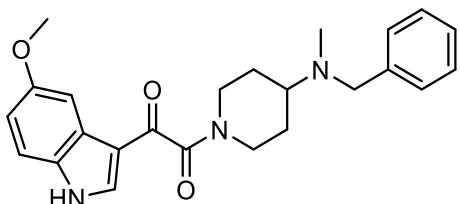
S21

1-(5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(4-((2-methoxybenzyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)ethane-1,2-dione (S21). The title compound was prepared following a procedure analogous to that of **S20**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with EtOAc/Et₃N (100:1) to give 82 mg (75%) of **S21** as a white foam. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 10.12 (s, 1 H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.65 (s, 1 H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2 H), 6.91 – 6.85 (comp, 3 H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.87 (comp, 4 H), 3.79 (s, 3 H), 3.55 (s, 2 H), 3.02 (td, *J* = 13.8, 13.0, 2.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.83 – 2.64 (comp, 2 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 1.97 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 5.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.81 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.61 (dtd, *J* = 16.1, 12.3, 4.2 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 186.1, 166.4, 159.7, 156.7, 141.2, 135.5, 131.4, 129.3, 126.1, 121.0, 114.7, 114.3, 114.1, 112.9, 112.3, 103.1, 60.2, 58.0, 55.8, 55.2, 45.88, 41.1, 37.7, 28.6, 27.8. IR (NaCl, film) 3231, 2949, 2362, 2249, 1628, 1519, 1487, 1439, 1364, 1299, 1211, 1179, 1149, 1089, 1042 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd C₂₅H₂₉N₃O₄ (M+H)⁺ 436.2231; found 436.2232.



S22

1-(5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(4-(methyl(3-(methylthio)benzyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)ethane-1,2-dione (S22). The title compound was prepared following a procedure analogous to that of **S20**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with EtOAc/Et₃N (100:1) to give 32 mg (79%) of **S22** as a light tan foam. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 8.99 (s, 1 H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.91 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 4 H), 3.56 (s, 2 H), 3.06 (t, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.84 – 2.67 (comp, 2 H), 2.49 (d, *J* = 0.6 Hz, 3 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 2.01 – 1.94 (m, 1 H), 1.84 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.68–1.52 (comp, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 186.1, 166.3, 156.8, 140.3, 138.4, 131.4, 128.8, 126.6, 126.1, 125.4, 125.0, 114.7, 114.3, 112.8, 103.2, 60.4, 57.8, 55.8, 45.9, 41.1, 37.7, 28.6, 27.8, 15.8. IR (NaCl, film) 3225, 2947, 2248, 1627, 1518, 1474, 1439, 1367, 1298, 1268, 1243, 1211, 1179, 1128, 1088, 1033 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₉N₃O₃S (M+H)⁺ 452.2002; found 452.2019.



S23

1-(4-(Benzyl(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)-2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethane-1,2-dione

(S23). The title compound was prepared following a procedure analogous to that of **S20**. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with EtOAc/Et₃N (100:1) to give 80 mg (80%) of **S23** as a white foam. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ 9.85 (s, 1 H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 – 7.27 (comp, 4 H), 7.26 – 7.21 (comp, 2 H), 6.89 (ddd, *J* = 8.9, 2.5, 0.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.88 (comp, 4 H), 3.57 (s, 2 H), 3.03 (ddd, *J* = 13.8, 12.1, 2.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.83 – 2.65 (comp, 2 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 2.03 – 1.93 (m, 1 H), 1.83 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.71 – 1.53 (comp, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz) δ 186.08, 166.27, 156.77, 139.46, 135.33, 131.34, 128.64, 128.30, 126.96, 126.11, 114.72, 114.44, 112.73, 103.24, 60.33, 58.04, 55.76, 45.84, 41.06, 37.58, 28.67, 27.83. IR (NaCl, film) 3216, 2948, 1627, 1518, 1487, 1442, 1365, 1299, 1268, 1243, 1211, 1179, 1129, 1089, 1030, 958 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd C₂₄H₂₇N₃O₃ (M+Na)⁺ 428.1945; found 428.1960.

N-(3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)-1-(2-(6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine

(29d). To a stirred suspension of NaBH₄ (20 mg, 0.53 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added I₂ (63 mg, 0.25 mmol) while cooling at 0 °C. Once the solution turned clear, **S20** (46 mg, 0.10 mmol) was added at 0 °C, and the solution was then heated under reflux overnight, whereupon saturated aq. NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added and the solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) to give a white paste which was then dissolved in EtOH (5 mL) and treated with CsF (60 mg, 0.39 mmol) and Na₂CO₃ (60 mg, 0.57 mmol), and the resulting solution was heated under reflux for 24 h, whereupon it was cooled to room temperature and filtered over celite, rinsing with EtOAc. The solution was concentrated via rotary evaporation and the resultant crude material was purified via column chromatography, eluting with hexanes:EtOAc:Et₃N (20:80:1) to give 19 mg (44%) of the title compound as a clear paste. ¹H NMR (500 MHz) δ 8.02 (s, 1 H), 7.50 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.23 (s, 3 H), 7.06 – 6.98 (comp, 2 H), 6.88 (td, *J* = 9.2, 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.53 (s, 2 H), 3.15 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.98 – 2.92 (comp, 2 H), 2.69 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.47 (tt, *J* = 11.4, 3.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 2.07 (t, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.87 – 1.80 (comp, 2 H), 1.71 (qd, *J* = 12.2, 3.6 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz) δ 161.0, 159.1, 144.2, 136.2, 136.1, 134.7, 127.0, 126.8, 124.1, 121.7, 121.6, 119.6, 119.5, 114.6, 108.1, 107.9, 97.5, 97.3, 61.2, 59.2, 57.0, 53.4, 37.9, 27.9, 23.1; IR (NaCl, film) 2918, 2849, 1567, 1457, 1432, 1245, 1140 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd C₂₃H₂₆Cl₂FN₃ (M+H)⁺ 434.1561; found 434.1571.

4-((3,5-Dichlorobenzyl)(methyl)amino)-N-phenylpiperidine-1-carboxamide (29e). A solution of **27a** (28 mg, 0.10 mmol), phenyl isocyanate (24 mg, 0.20 mmol) and (*i*-Pr)₂NEt (13 mg, 0.10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ was stirred overnight at room temperature, and the solvent was removed via rotary evaporation. The crude material was resuspended in 1 M aq. HCl (10 mL) and washed with Et₂O (2 x 20 mL). The aqueous layer was then made basic via the addition of 3 M aq. NaOH (10 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (5 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated via rotary evaporation to give 22 mg (56%) of the title compound as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.37 – 7.29 (comp, 5 H), 7.29 – 7.20 (comp, 2 H), 7.04 – 6.97 (m, 1 H), 4.24 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.61 (s, 2 H), 2.87 (td, *J* = 13.7, 2.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.69 (tt, *J* = 11.5, 3.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 1.90 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 2 H), 1.57 (qd, *J* = 12.4, 4.2 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 156.4, 144.0, 139.6, 134.6, 128.1, 126.9, 126.5, 122.6, 120.8, 60.9, 56.5, 43.5, 36.6, 27.7; IR (NaCl, film) 3625, 3127, 3054, 2944, 2855, 2796, 2360, 1636, 1595, 1569, 1536, 1501, 1447, 1353, 1329, 1306, 1243, 1160, 1100, 1041 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₃Cl₂N₃O (M+Na)⁺ 414.1110; found 414.1121.

1-(2-(1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-3-yl)ethyl)-N-(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (29f). A solution of **27a** (50 mg, 0.18 mmol) and **31** (25 mg, 0.11 mmol) in MeCN (1 mL) was stirred under reflux and stirred for 8 h, whereupon the reaction was cooled to room temperature and stirred for an additional 72 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated via rotary evaporation, and the crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with Et₂O/CH₂Cl₂/Et₃N (100:0:1 → 66:33:1) to give 15 mg (33%) of **29f** as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.20 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 8.09 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (comp, 4 H), 7.14 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.60 (s, 3 H), 3.65 (s, 3 H), 3.38 (s, 1 H), 3.27 – 3.18 (comp, 4 H), 3.06 (s, 2 H), 2.80 (s, 1 H), 2.25 (s, 3 H), 2.12 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.88 (s, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, (CD₃)₂SO) δ 198.2, 170.8, 148.9, 143.0, 134.3, 127.3, 127.0, 126.8, 123.9, 119.5, 115.3, 60.2, 56.4, 52.4, 37.8, 21.2, 14.5, 7.6. IR (NaCl, film) 3144, 3096, 3036, 2928, 2856, 2477, 2632, 1570, 1459, 1422, 1344, 1288, 1203, 1126, 1103, 1044 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₆Cl₂N₄ (M+H)⁺ 417.1607; found 417.1623.

1-(2-(5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-methyl-N-(3-(methylthio)benzyl)piperidin-4-amine (29h). A solution of **S22** (68 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added to a stirred suspension of LiAlH₄ (57 mg, 1.5 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) while cooling at 0 °C. The reaction vessel was removed from the ice bath and stirred while heating under reflux for 19 hours. The reaction vessel was then cooled to 0 °C, whereupon H₂O (0.06 mL) was added, followed by 3M NaOH (0.06 mL) and H₂O (0.18 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, during which time the visible precipitate turned from grey to white. MgSO₄ was added, and the mixture was stirred for an additional 30 minutes, and then filtered over a pad of celite, washing with EtOAc. The solution was concentrated via rotary evaporation, and the crude material was purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexanes/EtOAc/Et₃N (25:75:1 → 0:100:1) to

give 42 mg (66%) of **29h** as an amorphous off-white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.87 (s, 1 H), 7.25 – 7.20 (comp, 2 H), 7.11 (comp, 2 H), 7.05 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.00 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.86 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 3 H), 3.56 (s, 2 H), 3.15 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 2 H), 2.98 – 2.90 (comp, 2 H), 2.71 – 2.63 (comp, 2 H), 2.49 (comp, 4 H), 2.25 – 2.19 (s, 3 H), 2.04 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.85 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (td, J = 12.0, 3.9 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz) δ 153.9, 140.9, 138.2, 131.3, 128.7, 127.8, 126.8, 125.5, 124.9, 122.3, 114.2, 112.1, 111.8, 110.0, 100.7, 59.2, 57.8, 56.0, 53.5, 37.8, 27.8, 23.2, 15.8. IR (NaCl, film) 3415, 3163, 3047, 2926, 2854, 2807, 1624, 1587, 1484, 1452, 1356, 1301, 1261, 1216, 1172, 1144, 1099, 1037 cm^{-1} . LRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{OS} (\text{M}+\text{Na})^+$ 446.2237; found 446.2249.

1-(2-(5-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-(3-methoxybenzyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (29g).

The title compound was prepared following the procedure described for **29h**. The crude material purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexanes/EtOAc/Et₃N (25:75:1 → 0:100:1) to give 23 mg (62%) of **29g** as a yellow paste. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.85 (s, 1 H), 7.25 – 7.20 (comp, 2 H), 7.05 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.01 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.94 – 6.89 (comp, 2 H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.79 (dd, J = 8.1, 2.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.86 (s, 3 H), 3.81 (s, 3 H), 3.58 (s, 2 H), 3.16 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.98 – 2.91 (comp, 2 H), 2.72 – 2.63 (comp, 2 H), 2.56-2.44 (m, 1 H), 2.24 (s, 3 H), 2.10 – 2.00 (comp, 2 H), 1.86 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.80 – 1.68 (comp, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz) δ 159.7, 153.9, 141.9, 131.4, 129.1, 127.9, 122.3, 121.1, 114.1, 112.3, 112.1, 111.8, 100.7, 60.8, 59.2, 57.9, 56.0, 55.2, 53.5, 37.8, 27.8, 23.2. IR (NaCl, film) 3415, 3154, 3046, 2941, 2831, 1587, 1487, 1455, 1357, 1308, 1267, 1216, 1170, 1147, 1120, 1045 cm^{-1} . LRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 (\text{M}+\text{H})^+$ 408.2646; found 408.2643.

N-Benzyl-1-(2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-N-methylpiperidin-4-amine (29i). The title compound was prepared following the procedure described for **29h**. The crude material purified by flash chromatography eluting with hexanes/EtOAc/Et₃N (25:75:1 → 0:100:1) to give 43 mg (96%) of **29i** as a yellow paste. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) δ 7.85 (s, 1 H), 7.35 – 7.29 (comp, 5 H), 7.24 – 7.21 (m, 1 H), 7.05 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.00 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.86 (s, 3 H), 3.60 (s, 2 H), 3.16 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.98 – 2.90 (comp, 2 H), 2.71 – 2.63 (comp, 2 H), 2.55-2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.22 (s, 3 H), 2.09 – 2.00 (comp, 2 H), 1.86 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.79 – 1.73 (comp, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz) δ 153.9, 140.0, 131.4, 128.8, 128.2, 127.9, 126.8, 122.3, 114.1, 112.1, 111.8, 100.7, 60.8, 59.2, 57.9, 56.0, 53.5, 37.8, 27.8, 23.2. IR (NaCl, film) 3416, 3155, 3030, 2942, 2801, 1625, 1584, 1487, 1452, 1360, 1305, 1261, 1216, 1173, 1143, 1118, 1035 cm^{-1} . HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{31}\text{N}_3\text{O} (\text{M}+\text{H})^+$ 378.2540; found 378.2550.

***T. brucei* proliferation inhibition assay**

High-throughput proliferation assays were performed as described with minor alterations.² Bloodstream form Lister 427 *T. brucei* was maintained in log phase growth (<10⁶ cells/mL) in HMI-9 medium. Cultures for proliferation assays were inoculated at 4 x 10³ trypanosomes/mL and 50 µL was dispensed into a black 384-well microplate with a MultiDrop Combi (Thermo Scientific). An additional 50 µL of cell culture was manually added to each well of the first row of the plate. Solvent (50% DMSO) or 10 mM compound was added to each well of the first row of the plate to a final concentration of 0.5% or 100 µM, respectively. Two technical replicates were prepared for each sample. Using an Eppendorf Xplorer automated multi-channel pipette, 50 µL was taken from each well of the first row and transferred to the corresponding well in the second row. This was repeated down the rows of the plate, and 50 µL was discarded from the last row. DNA content in each well was measured and plotted as a function of compound concentration.

Expression and purification of recombinant *TbMetRS*

A 30 mL solution of LB-ampicillin (100 mg/L) was inoculated with one colony of BL21 (de3) transformed with his-tagged *T. brucei* MetRS plasmid (plasmid was a generous gift from Prof. Wim J. G. Hol). The inoculated solution was cultured overnight at 30 °C, 150 RPM in a shaking incubator. The saturated culture was then diluted 100 x (10 mL : 1000 mL) in 3 x 1 L sterile LB and cultured at 37 °C, 200 RPM until an OD₆₀₀ of 0.6 was reached. At this time, IPTG was added to a final concentration of 0.5 mM, and the temperature of the incubator was reduced to 15 °C. Expression continued for 24 h, at which time the cells were harvested via centrifugation (15 min, 4000 x g) and the resulting cell pellet was stored at -80 °C until further use. Frozen cell pellets from 3 L culture were thawed and re-suspended in 30 mL of lysis buffer (25 mM HEPES pH 7.0, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, 10 mM imidazole, 10 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM L-Met, 0.025% NaN₃), DNase I (240 µL) and phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (4 mg) were added, and the cells were lysed 2x in a cell press at 1200 psi and 1 drop/secflow rate. The lysate was clarified via centrifugation for 45 min at 12000 RPM, and the supernatant was purified on an NiNTA FPLC column (10 → 30 → 250 mM imidazole step gradient). Peak fractions were pooled and dialyzed into anion exchange buffer (25 mM HEPES pH 7.0, 5% glycerol, 10 mM L-Met, 0.025% NaN₃), and then ran on an SP/HP FPLC column (0 → 1M NaCl anion exchange buffer gradient). Peak fractions were concentrated via centrifugation, diluted (1:1) with glycerol and stored at -80 °C until use.

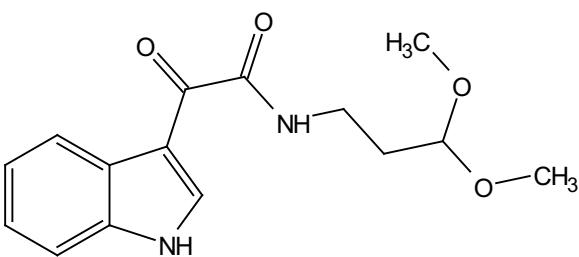
***TbMetRS* aminoacylation assay**

Protocol was adapted from the procedure of Cestari and Stuart.³ Reactions were performed in 25 mM HEPES pH 9, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl, 50 mM KCl, 1 mM DTT and 3% glycerol with 0.8 mg/mL yeast tRNA (Sigma), 0.2 mM L-methionine, 0.2 mM ATP, 0.1 µM recombinant *TbMetRS*, and 2 U/mL pyrophosphatase (Sigma) in 50 µL total volume. The reactions were performed in clear, flat-bottom 96-

well plates and incubated for 2 h at room temperature, whereupon 75 μ L of a 2:1 mixture of H₂O and freshly prepared malachite green reagent⁴ was added, and the mixture was incubated for 20 min. Absorbances were measured at 620 nM using a plate reader.

References

1. Still, W. C.; Kahn, M.; Mitra, A. Rapid Chromatographic Technique for Preparative Separations with Moderate Resolution. *J. Org. Chem.* **1978**, *43*, 2923–2925.
2. Thomas, S. M.; Purmal, A.; Pollastri, M.; Mensa-Wilmot, K. Discovery of a Carbazole-Derived Lead Drug for Human African Trypanosomiasis. *Sci. Rep.* **2016**, *6*, 32083.
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4. Baykov, A. A.; Evtushenko, O. A.; Avaeva, S. M. A Malachite Green Procedure for Orthophosphate Determination and Its Use in Alkaline Phosphatase-Based Enzyme Immunoassay. *Anal. Biochem.* **1988**, *171*, 266–270.



—9.99

9.01

9.01

8.43

8.43

8.41

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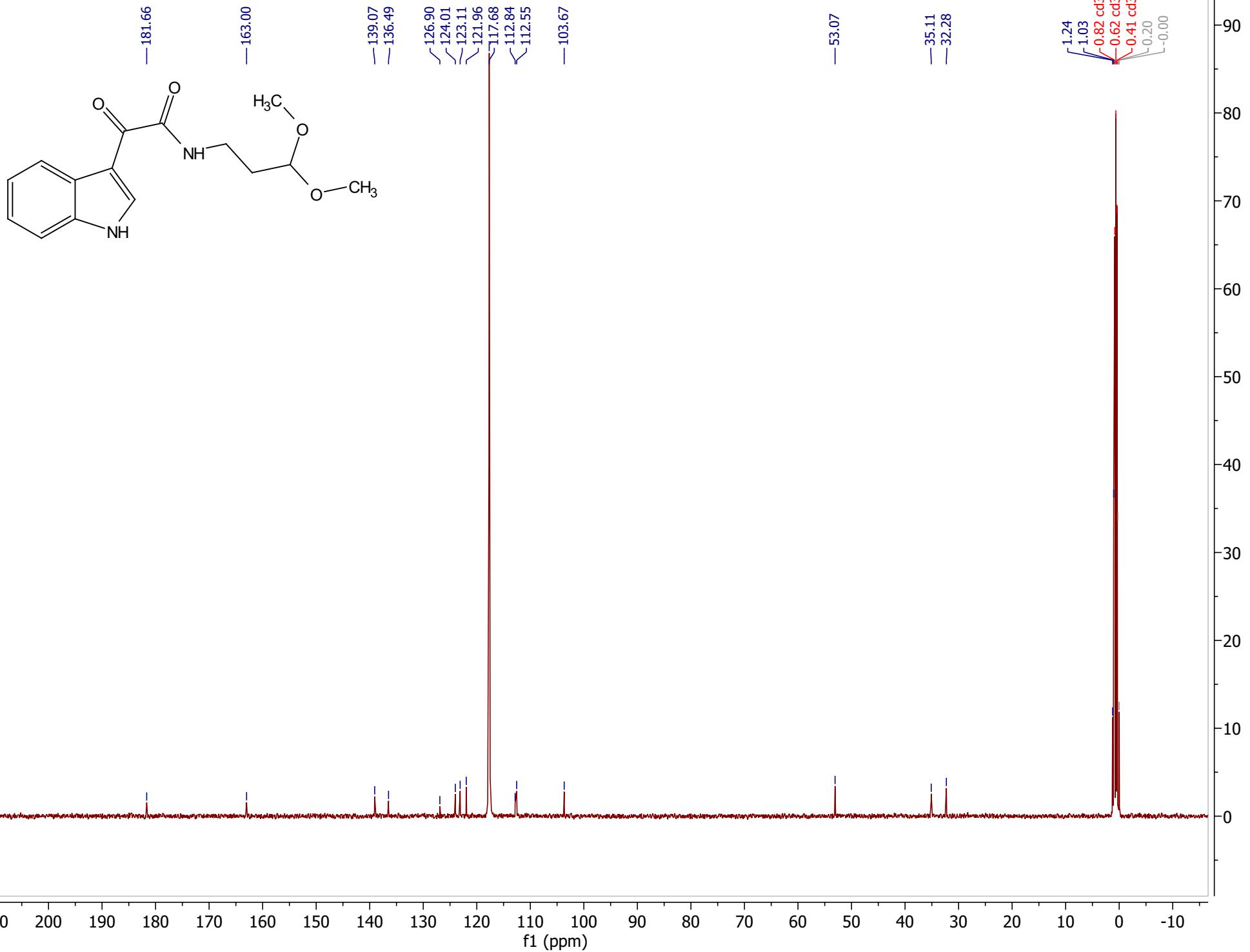
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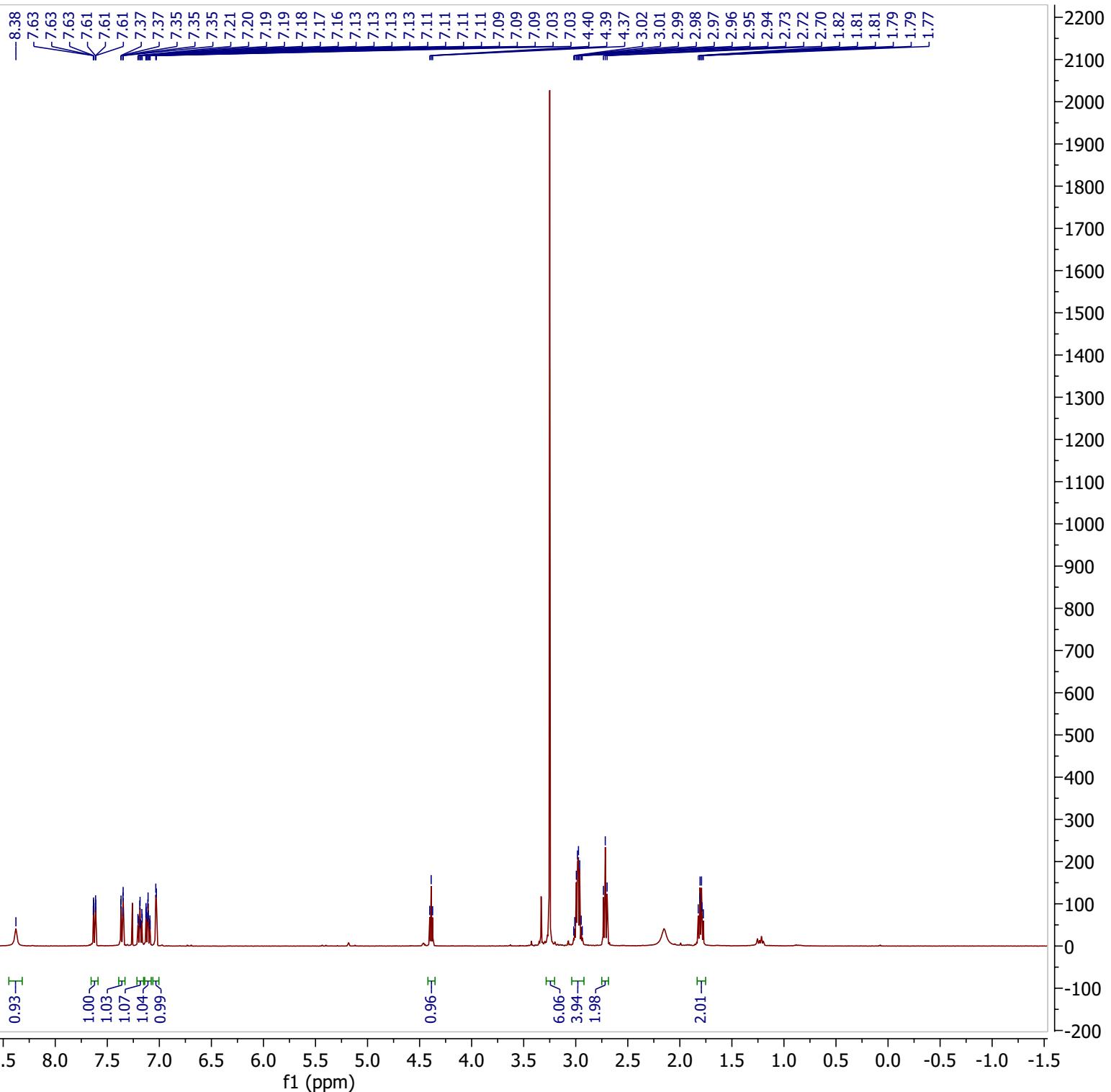
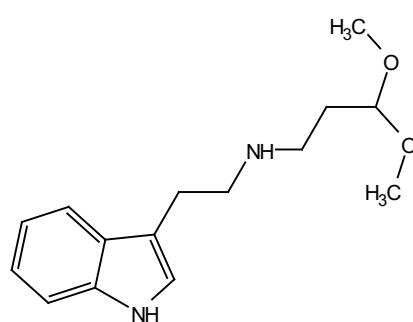
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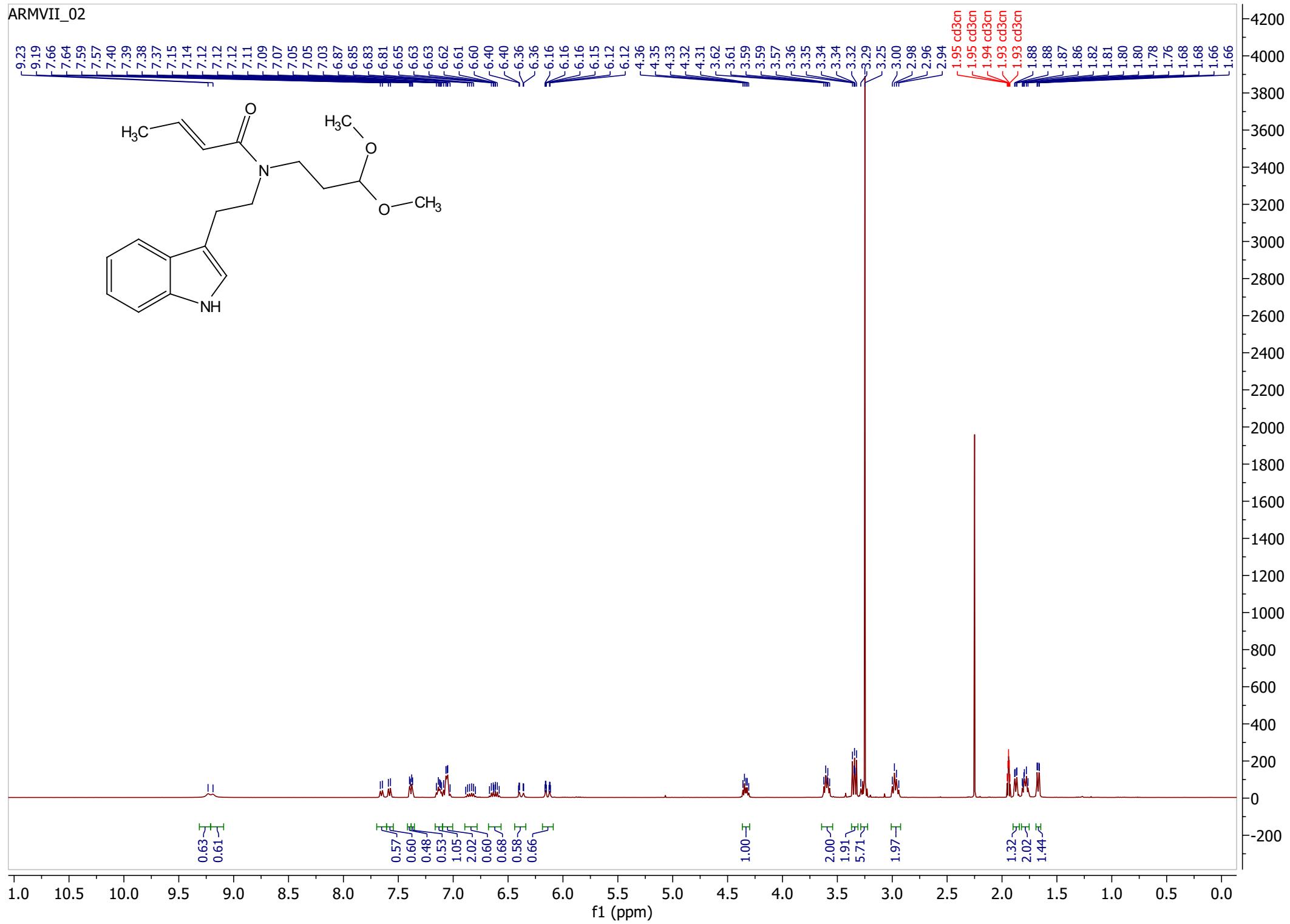
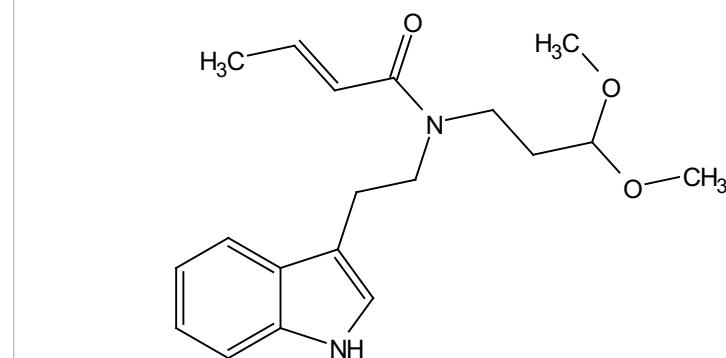
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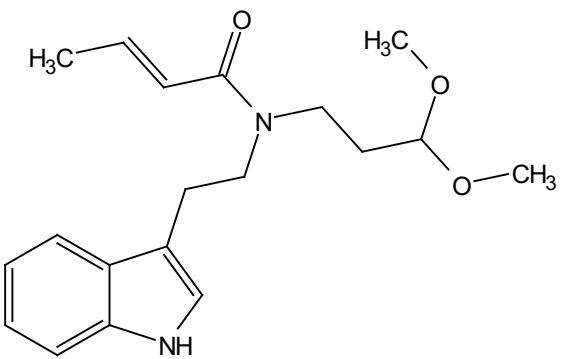
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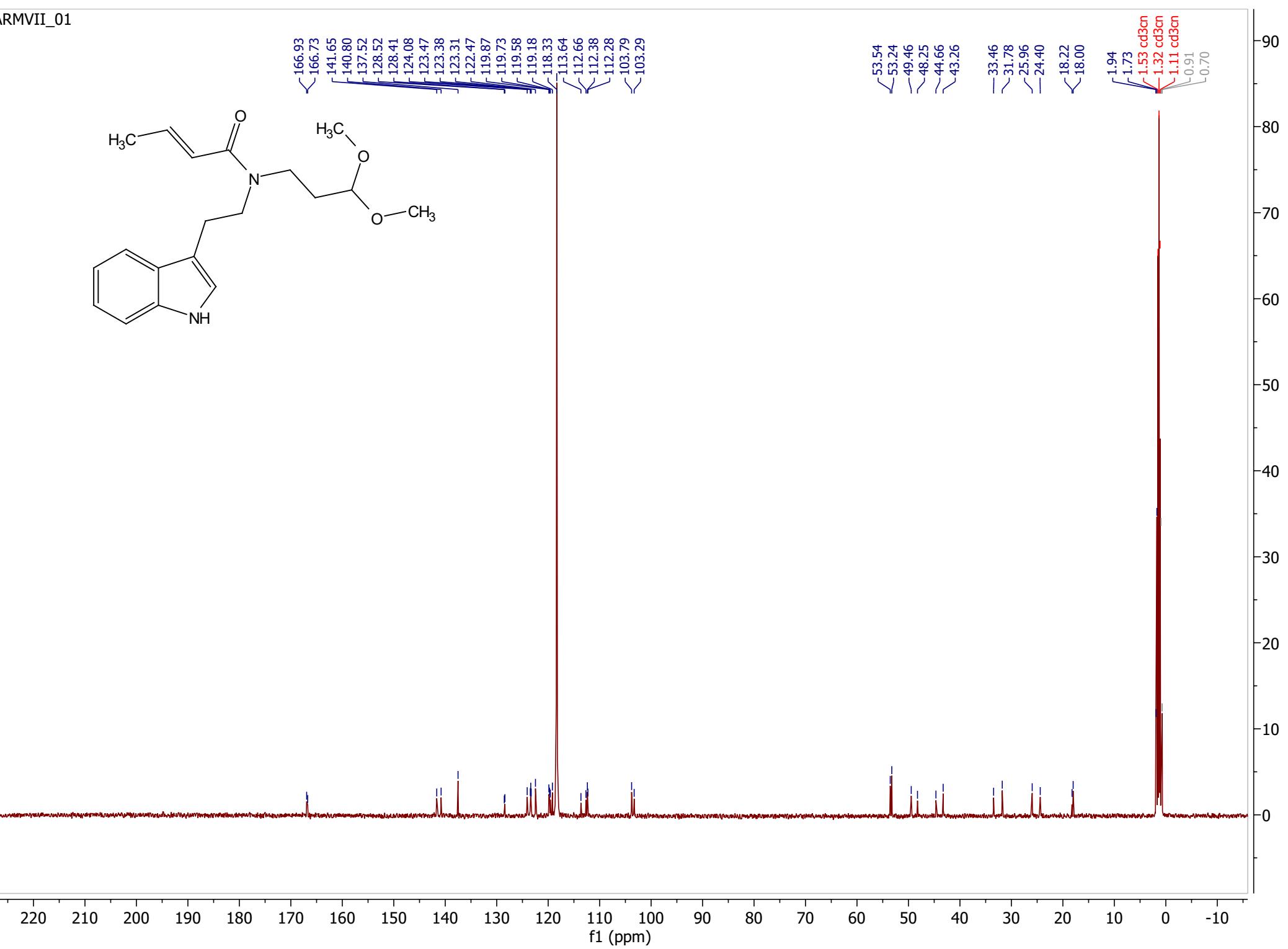


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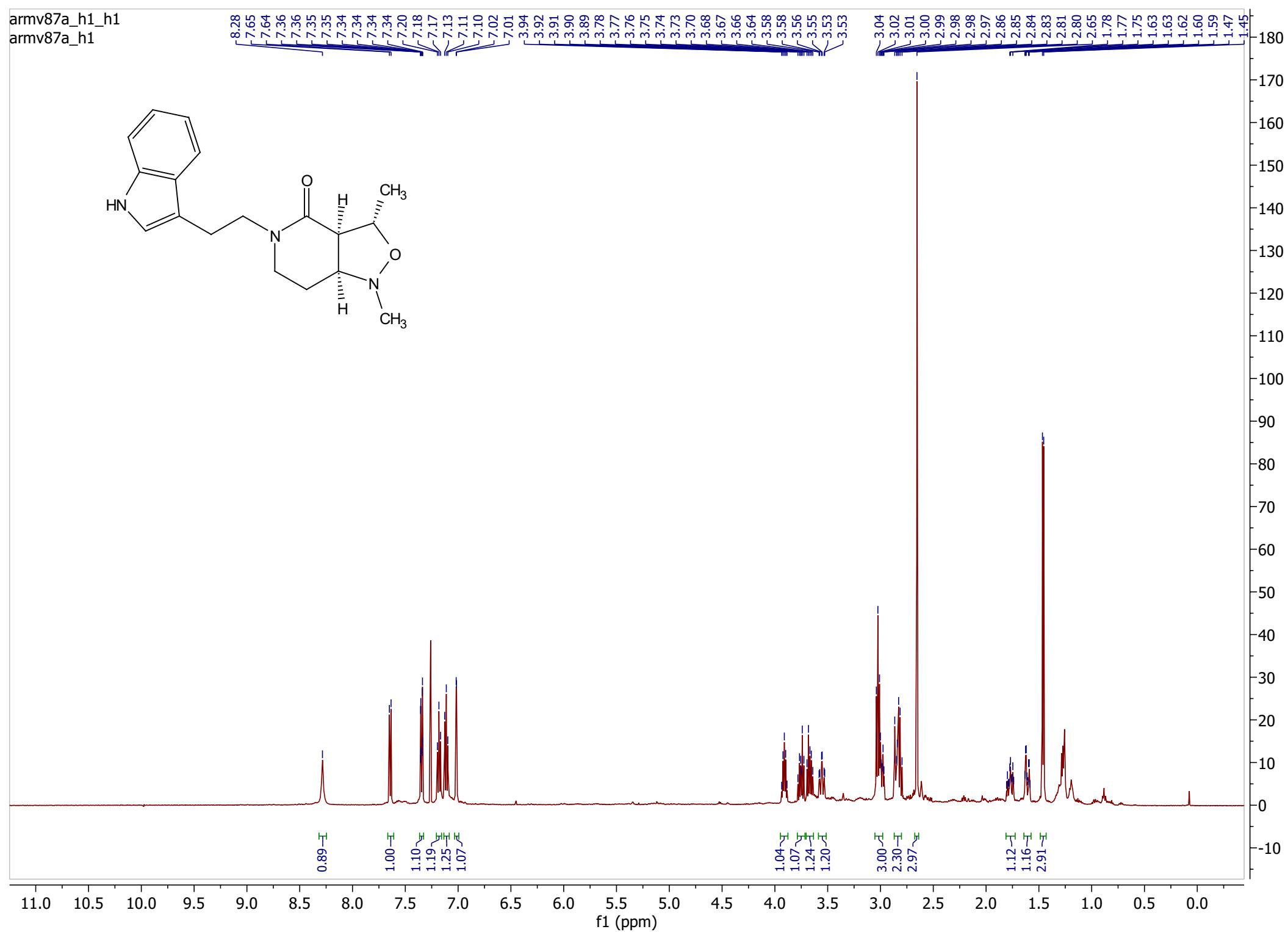
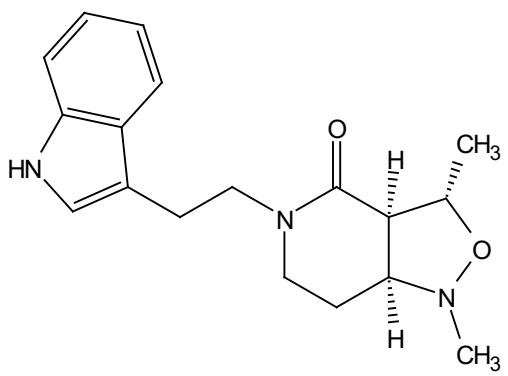
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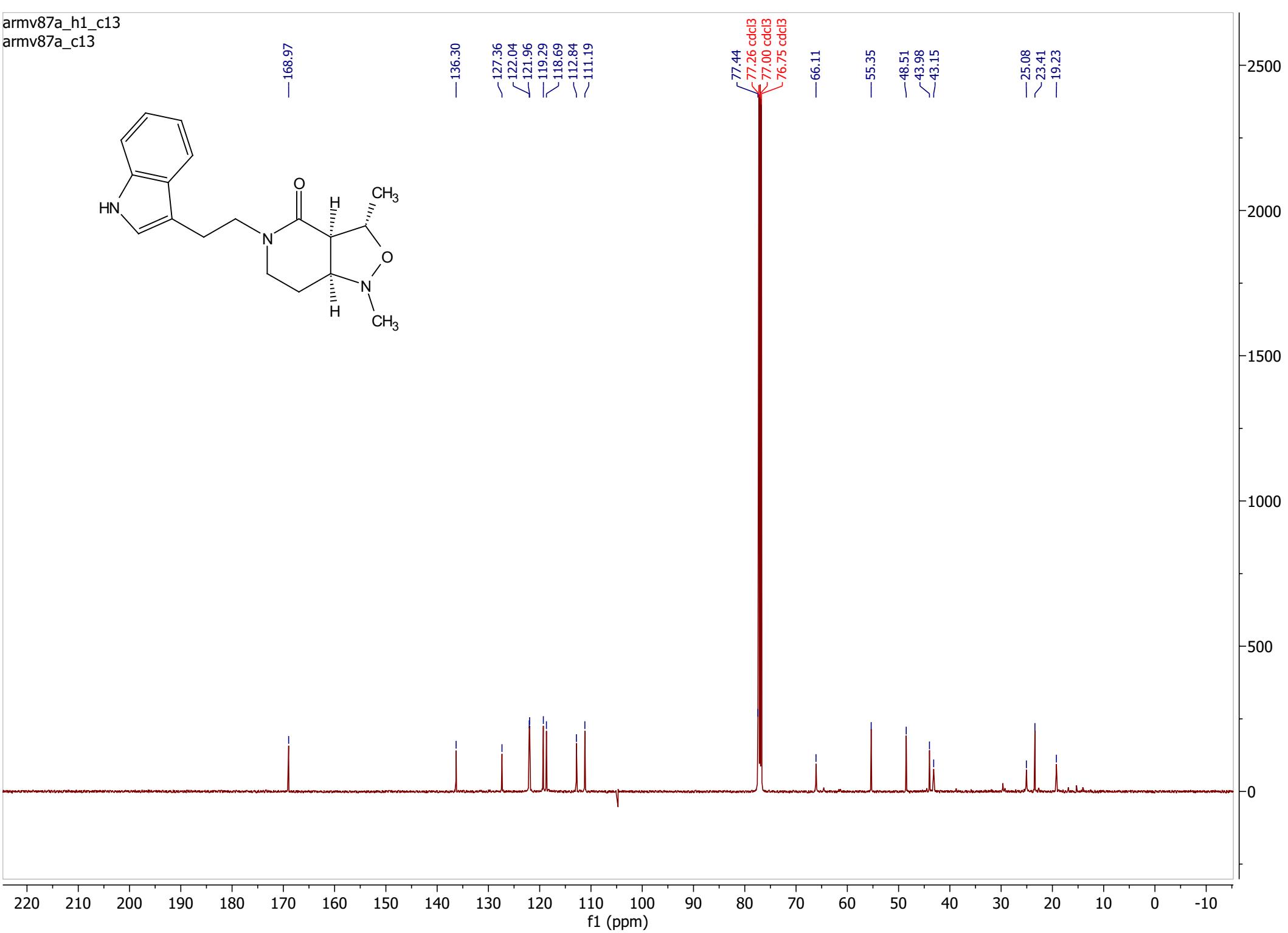
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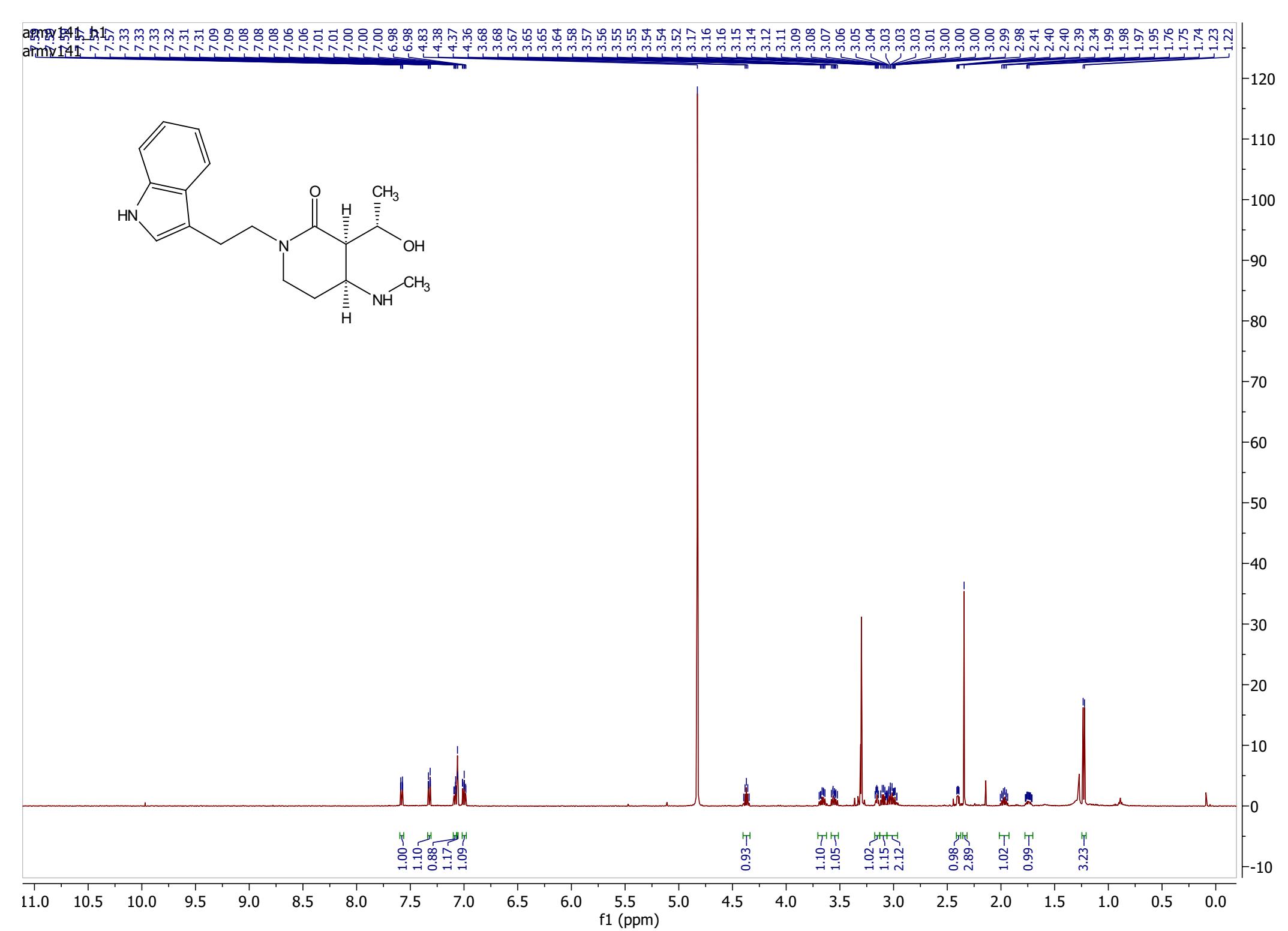


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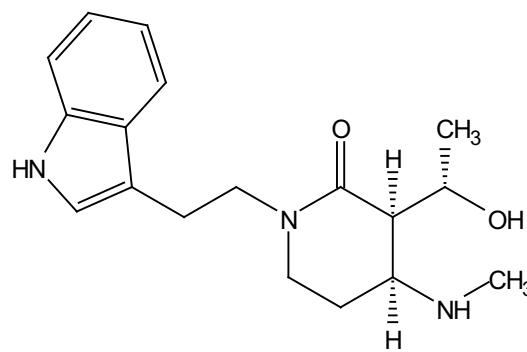


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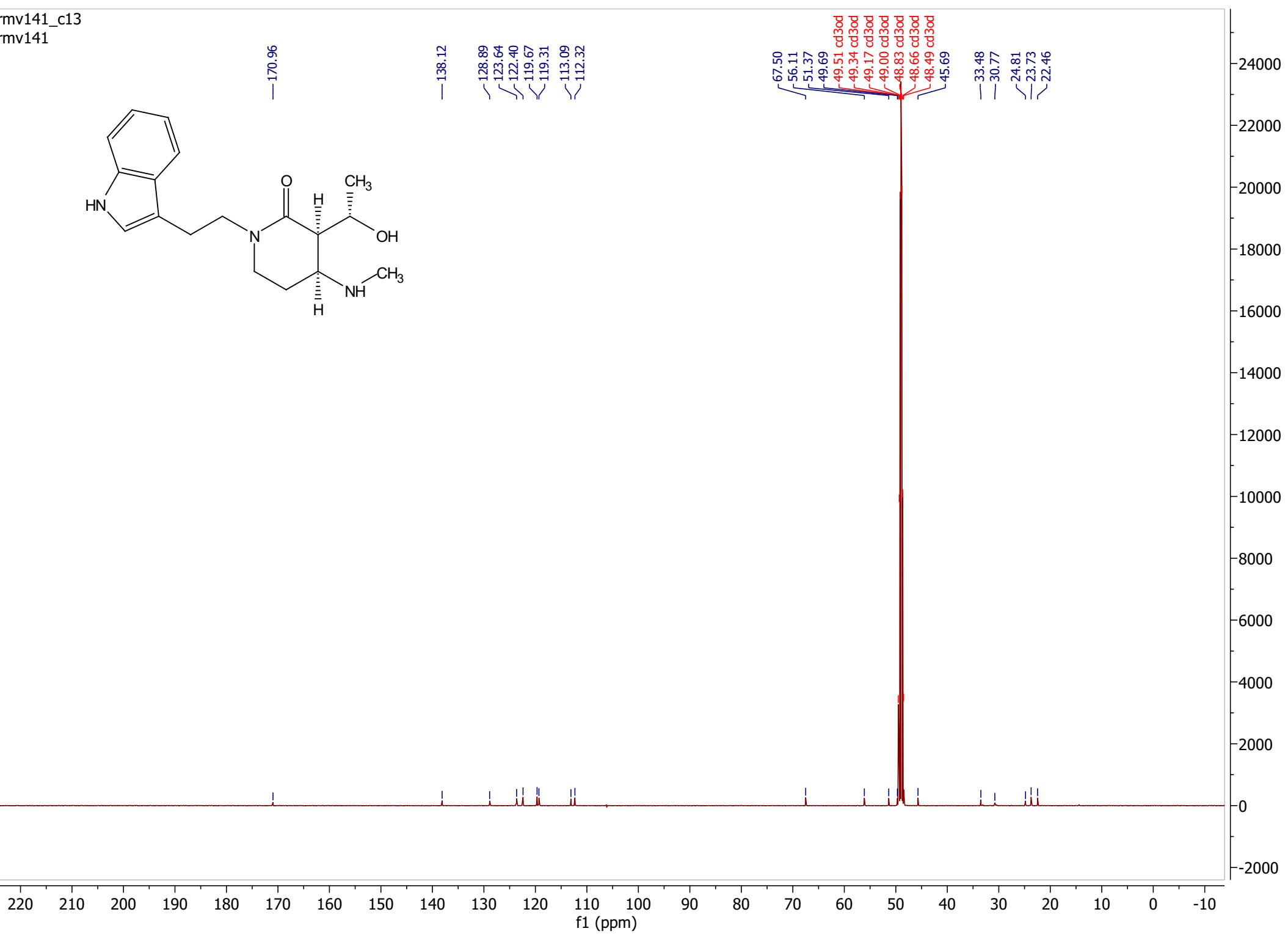
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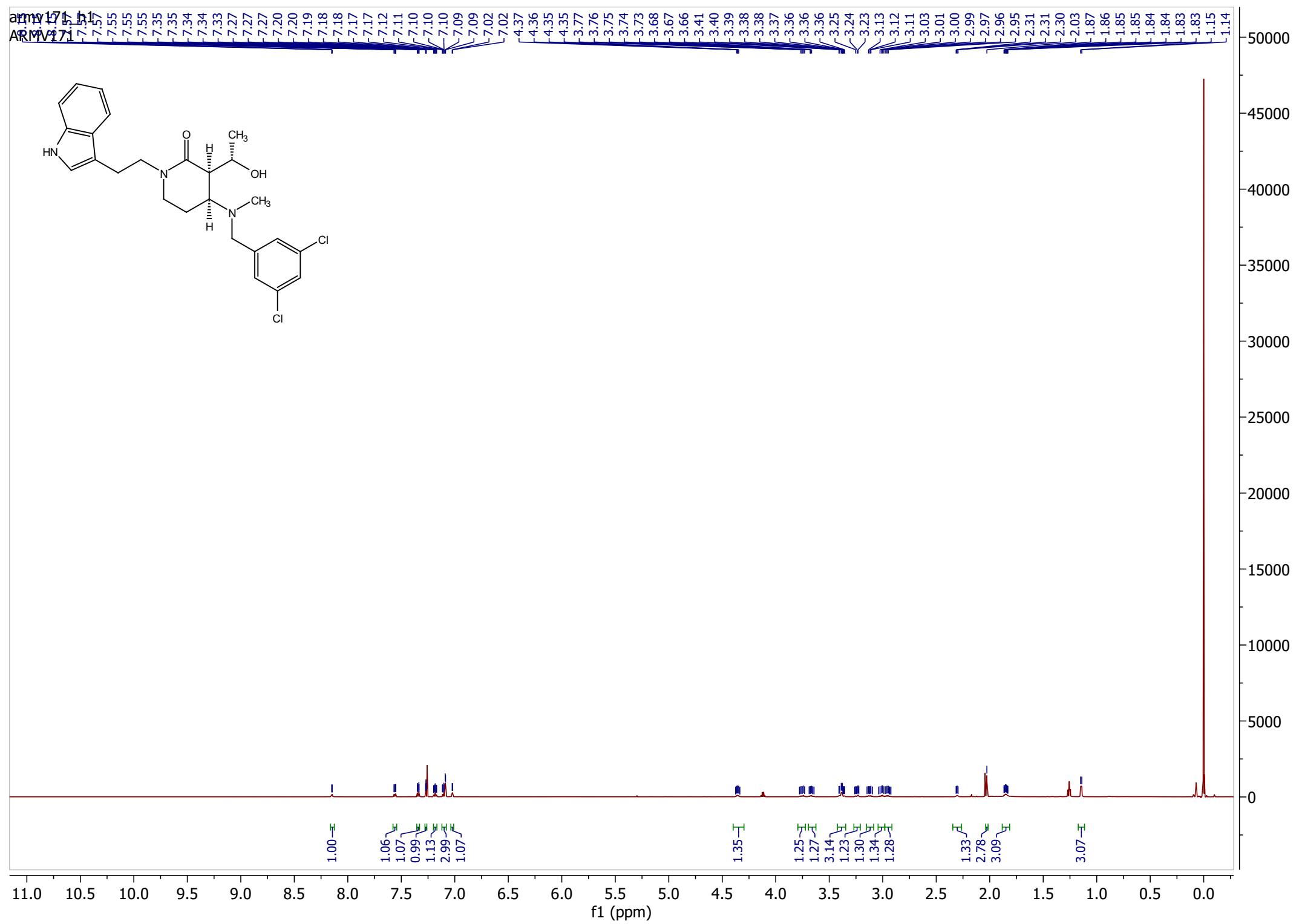
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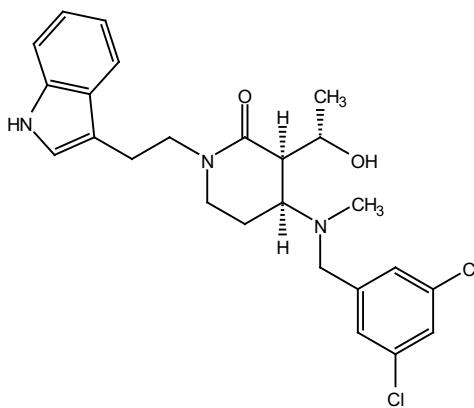
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ARMV171



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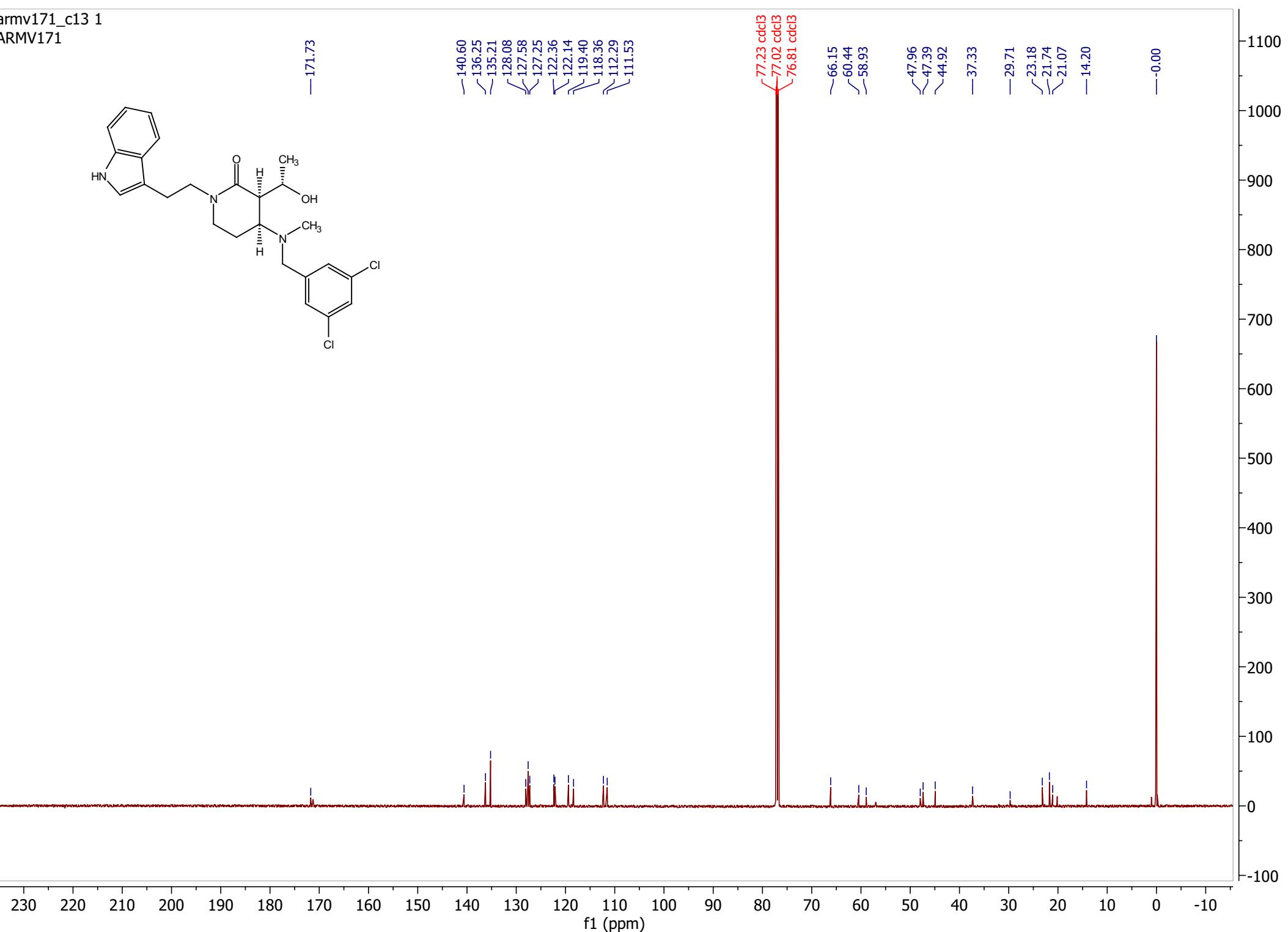
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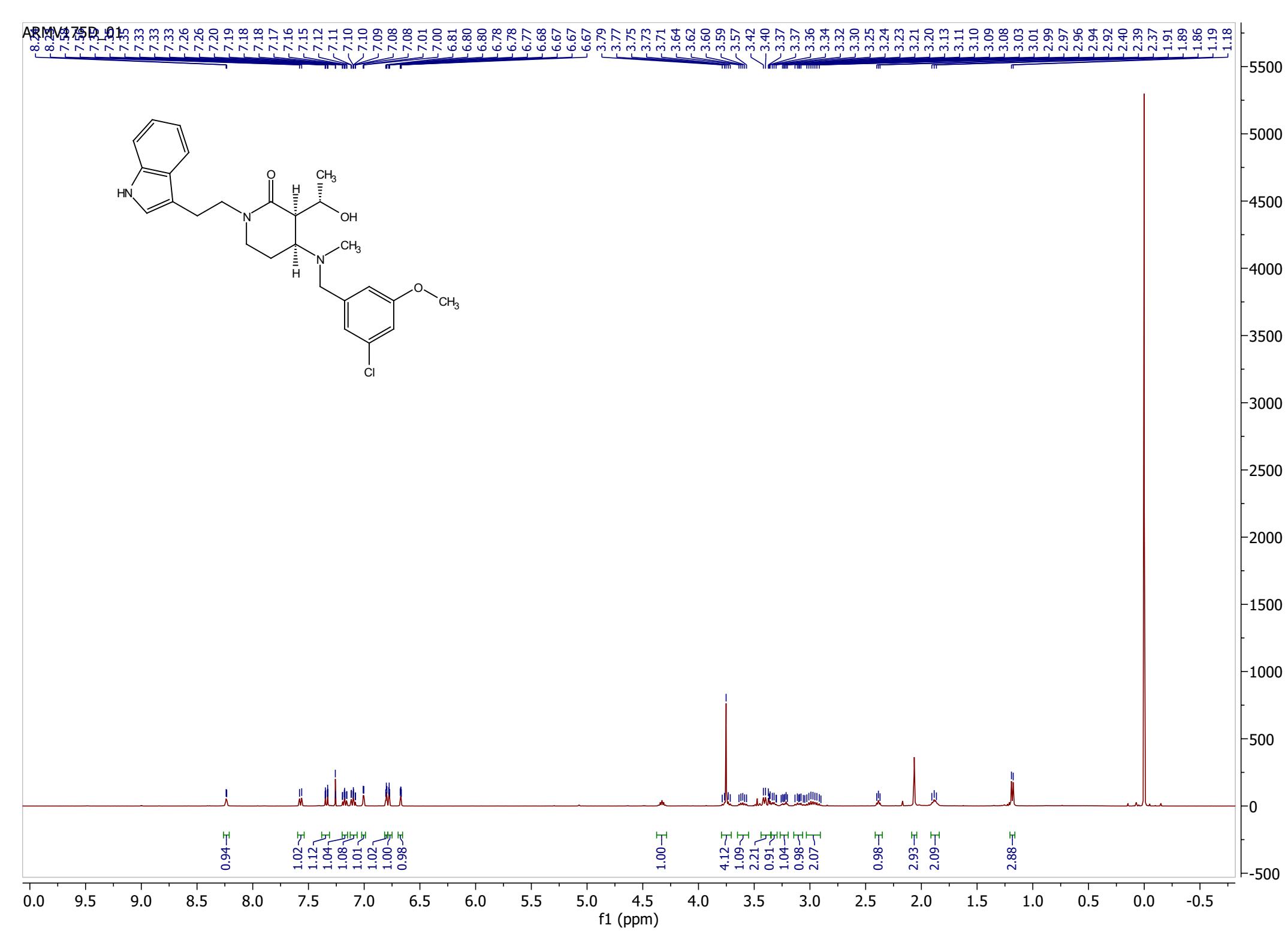
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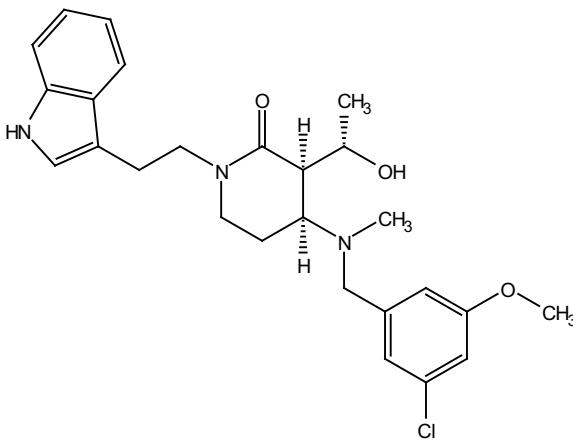
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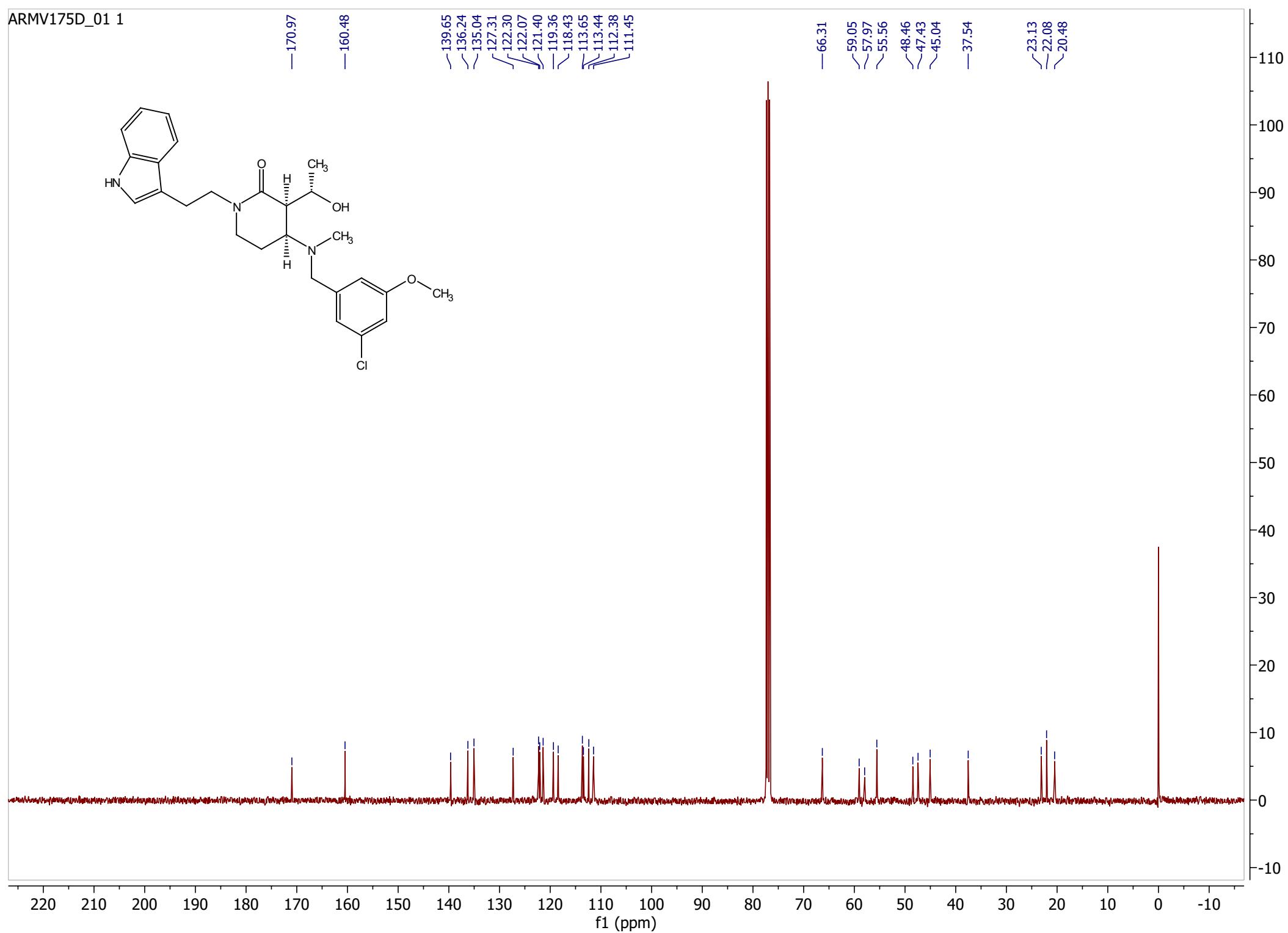
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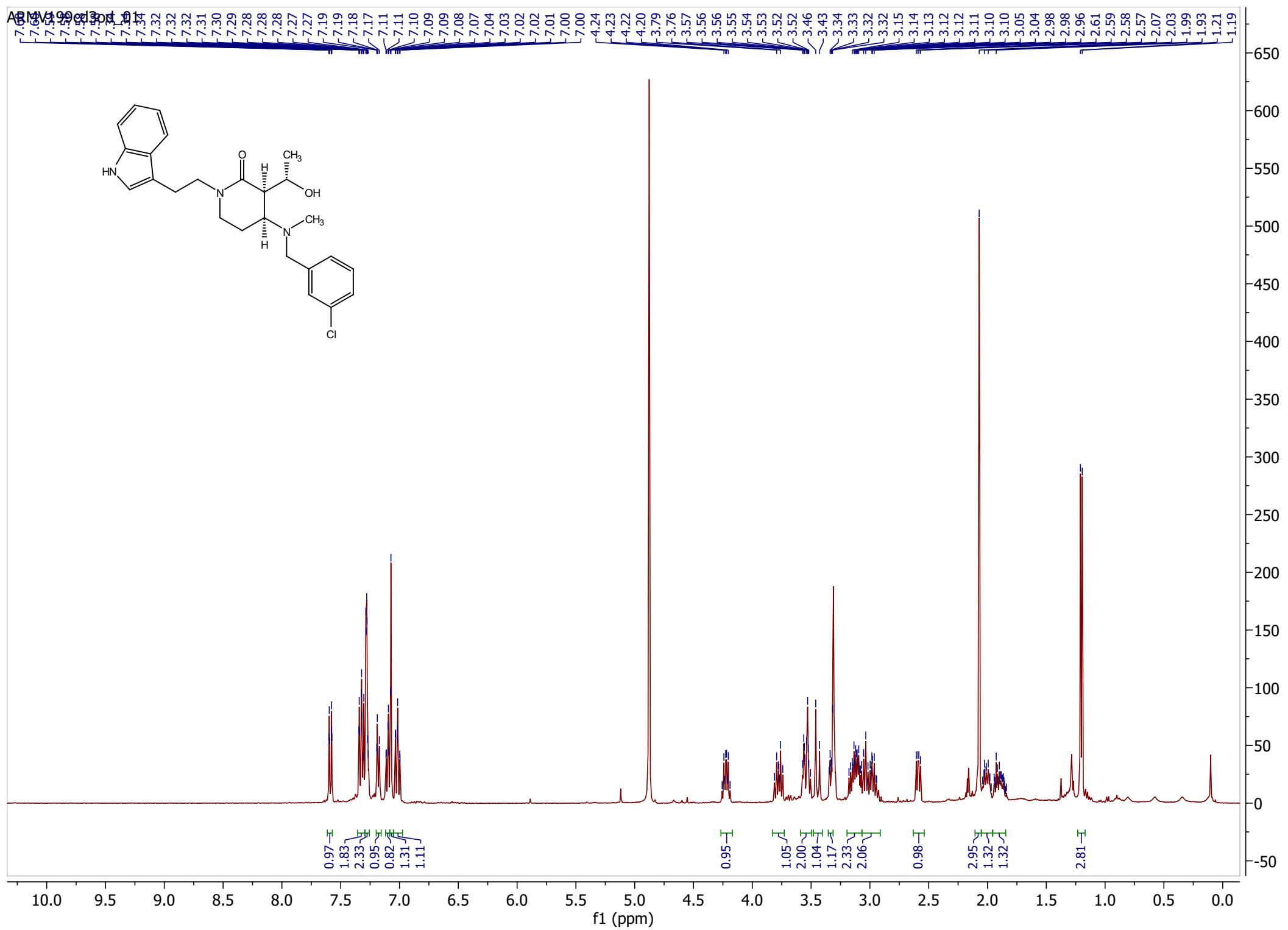
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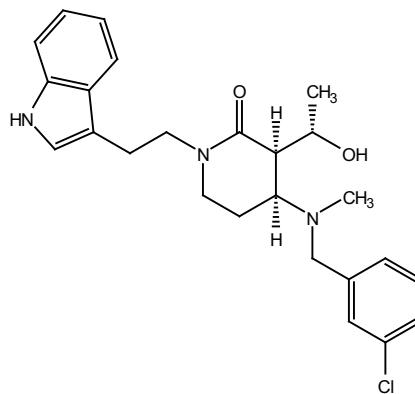
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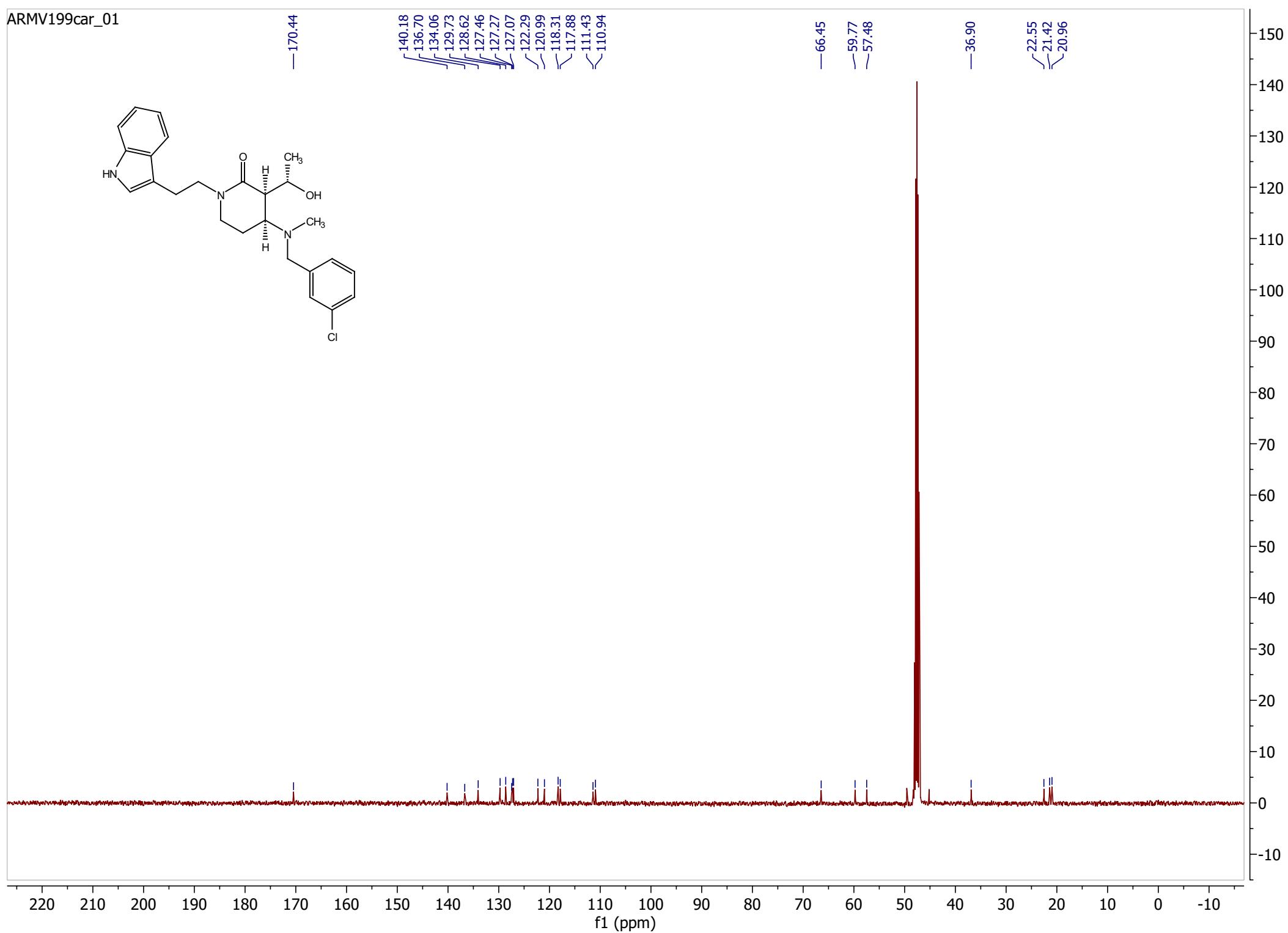


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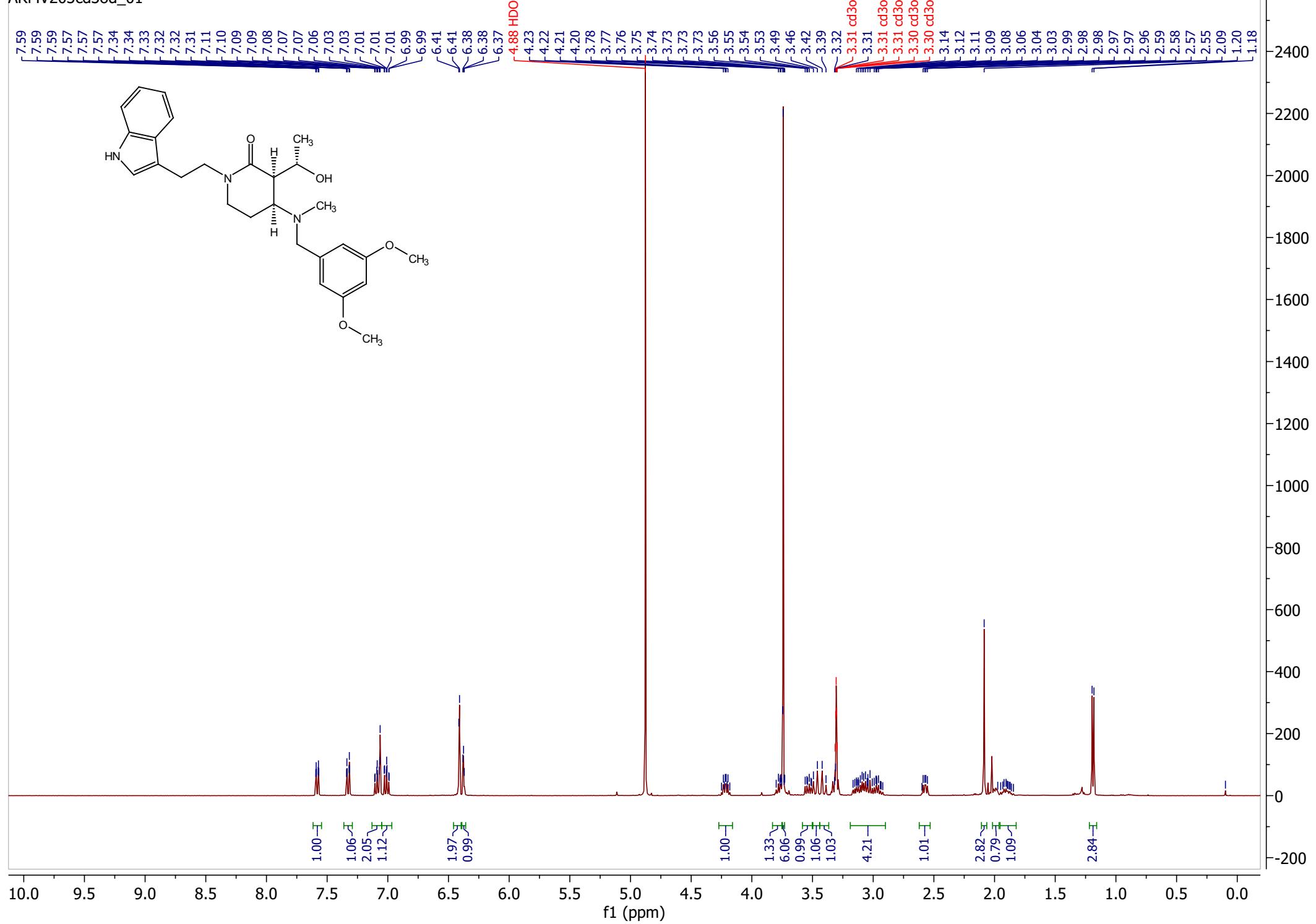
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—57.48

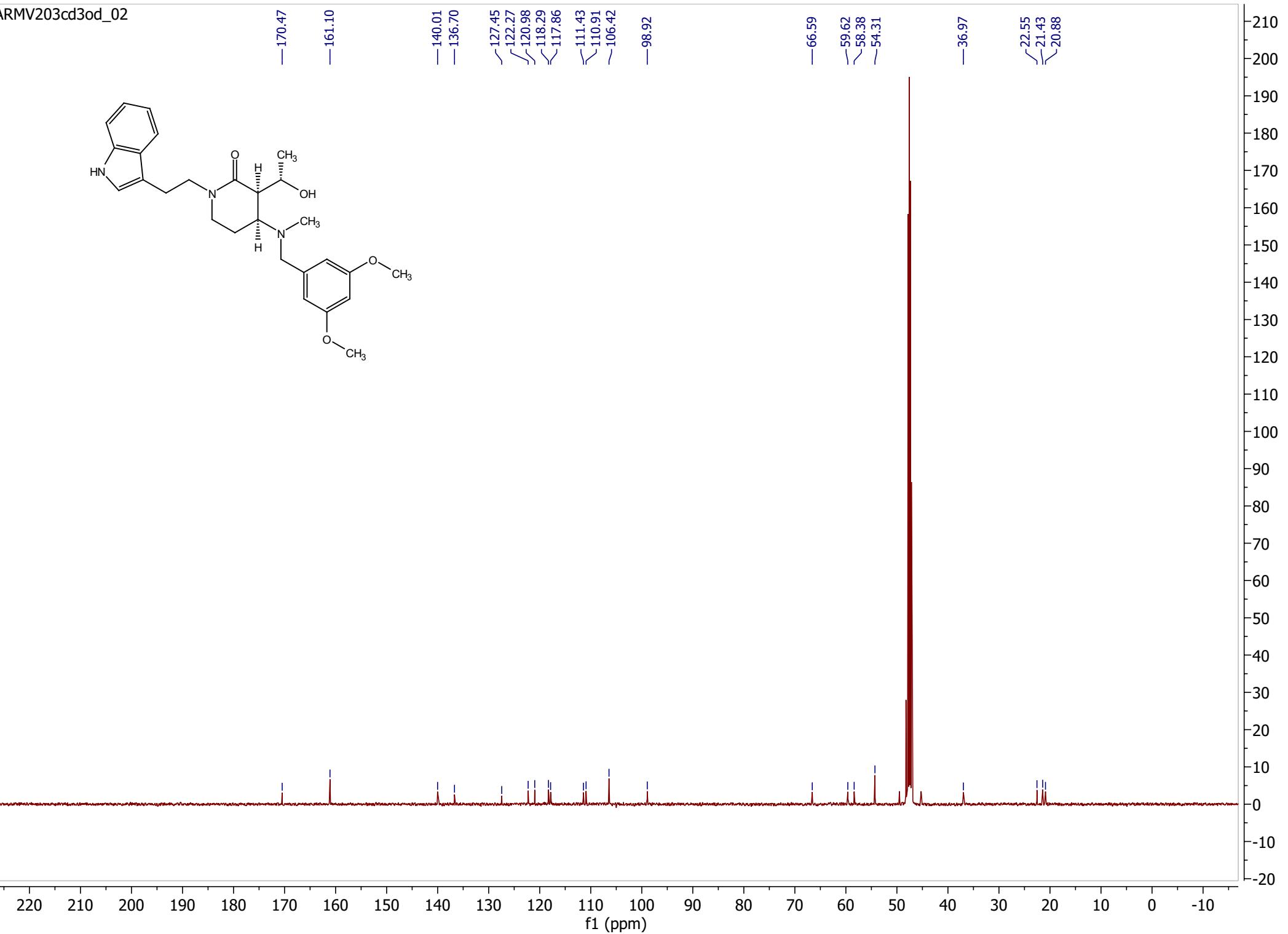
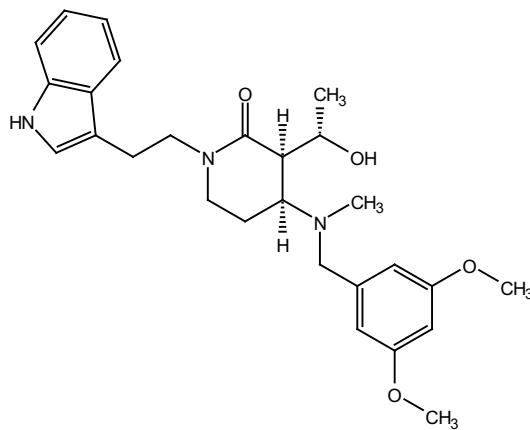
—36.90



ARMV203cd3od_01

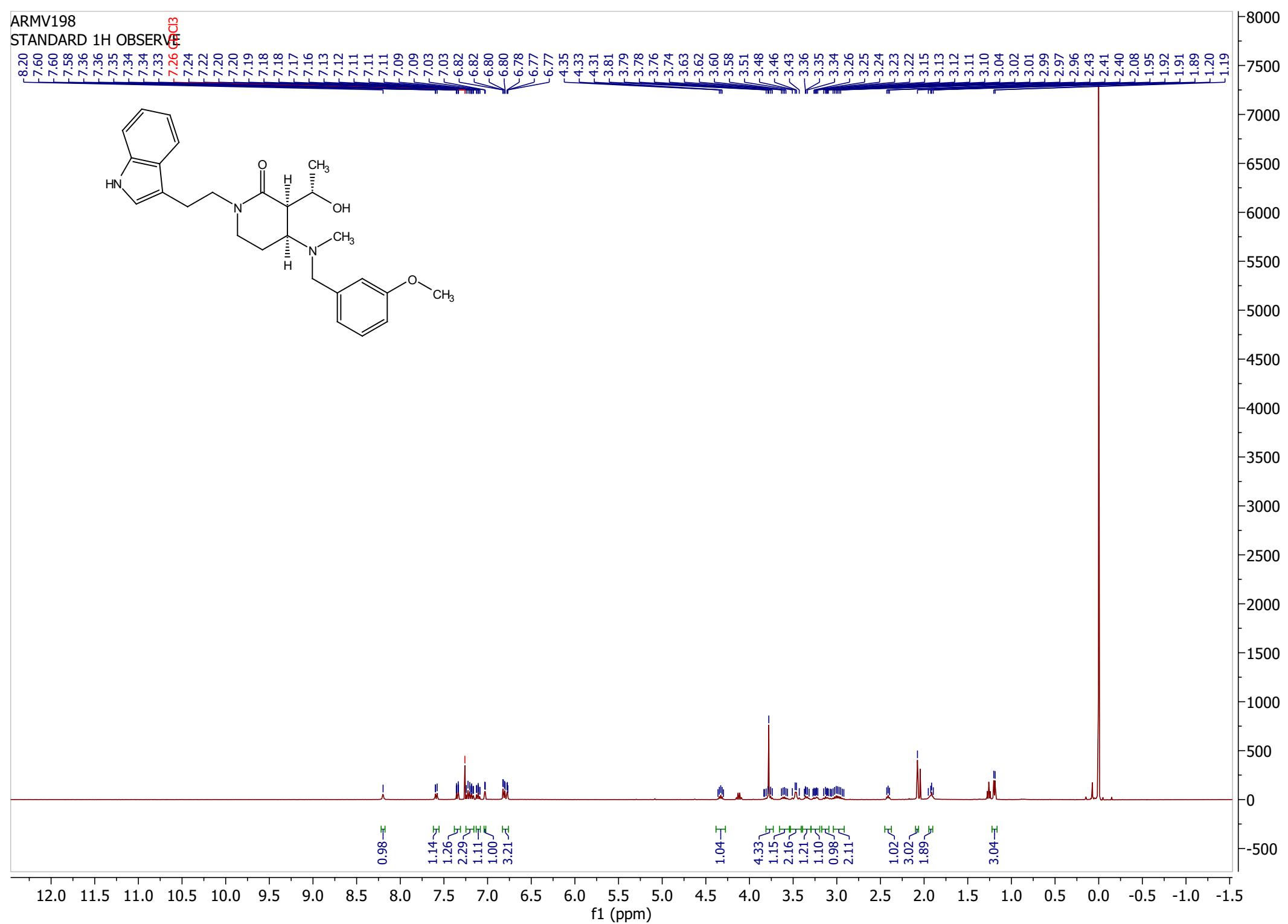


ARMV203cd3od_02

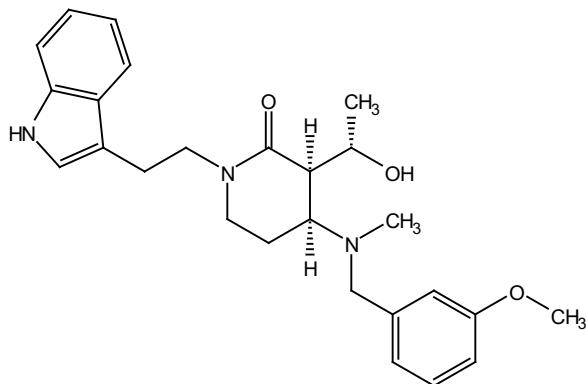


ARMV198

STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



ARMV198carb_01



— 160.01

— 138.92
— 136.71
— 129.22
— 127.45
— 122.27
— 120.97
— 118.28
— 117.86
— 114.12
— 112.74
— 111.42
— 110.91

— 66.57
— 59.73
— 58.16
— 54.20

— 36.86
— 21.44
— 20.88

220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

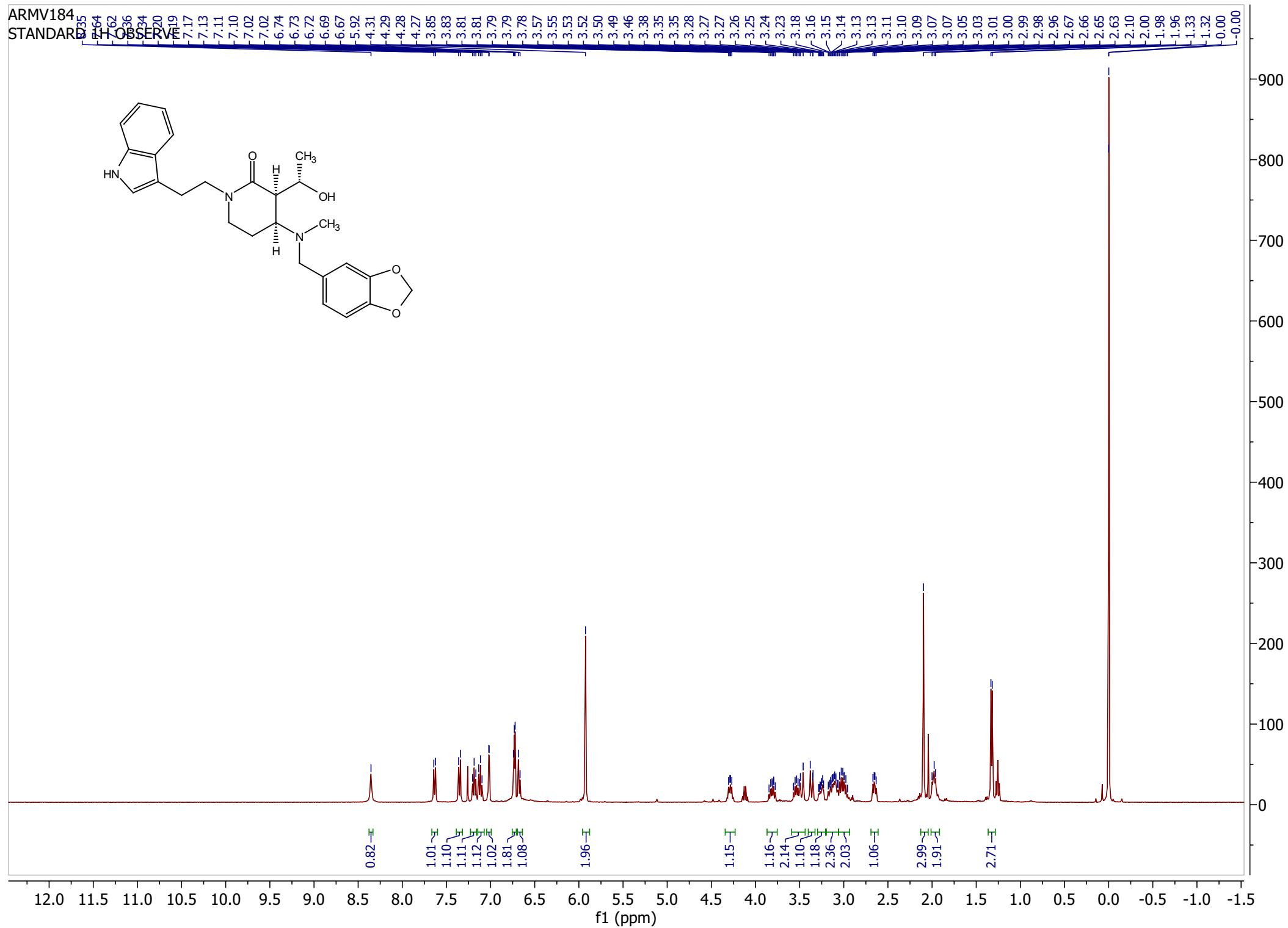
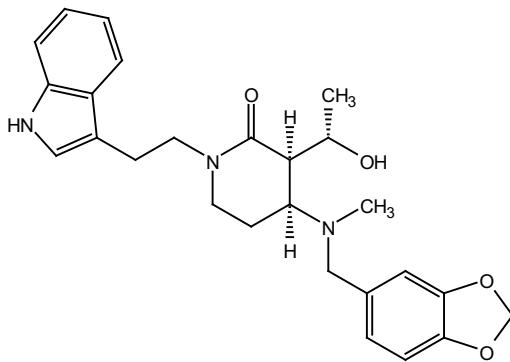
250
240
230
220
210
200
190
180
170
160
150
140
130
120
110
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
-10
-20

ARMV184

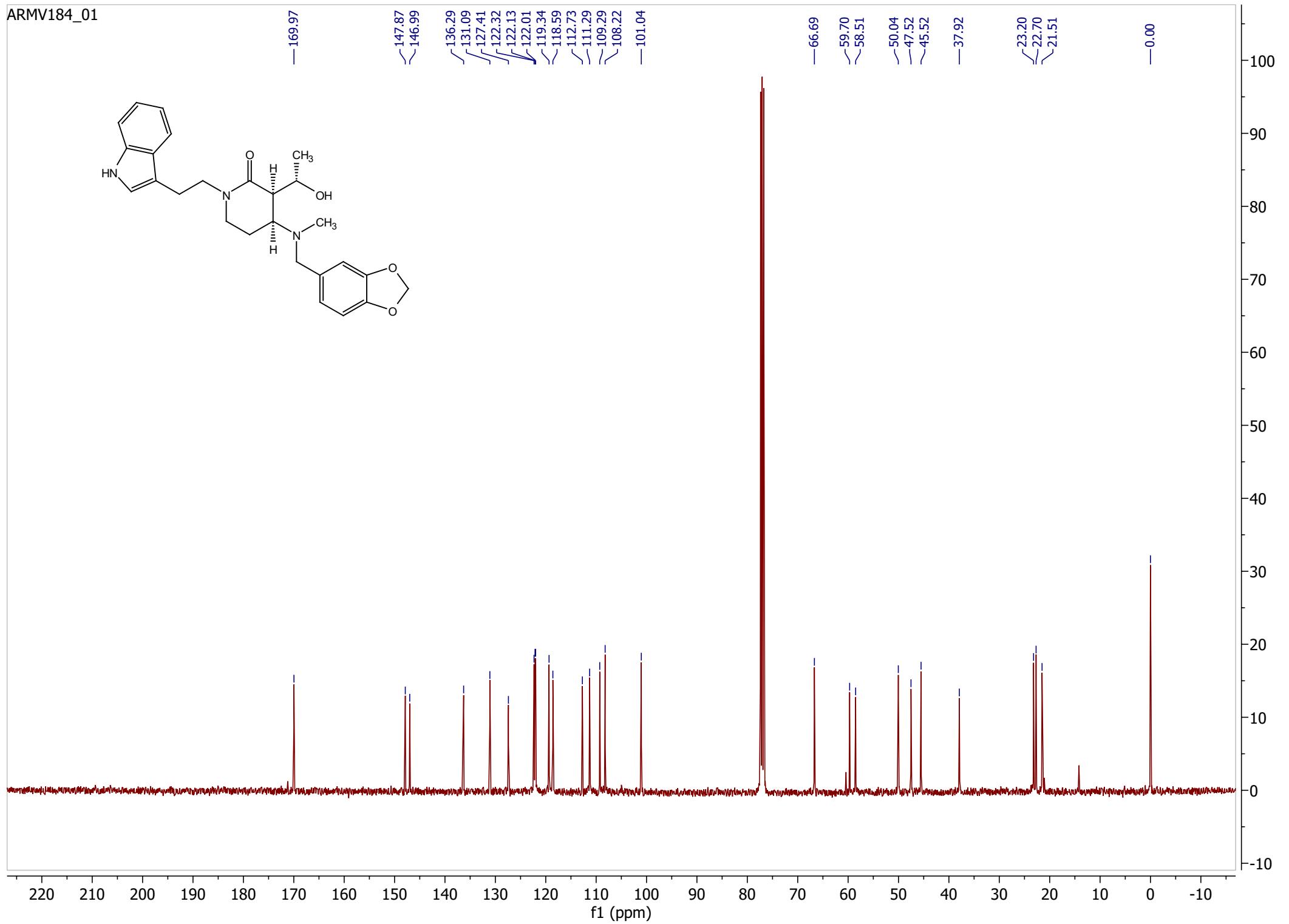
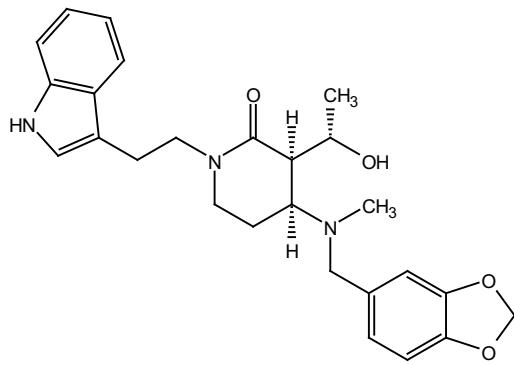
STANDARD

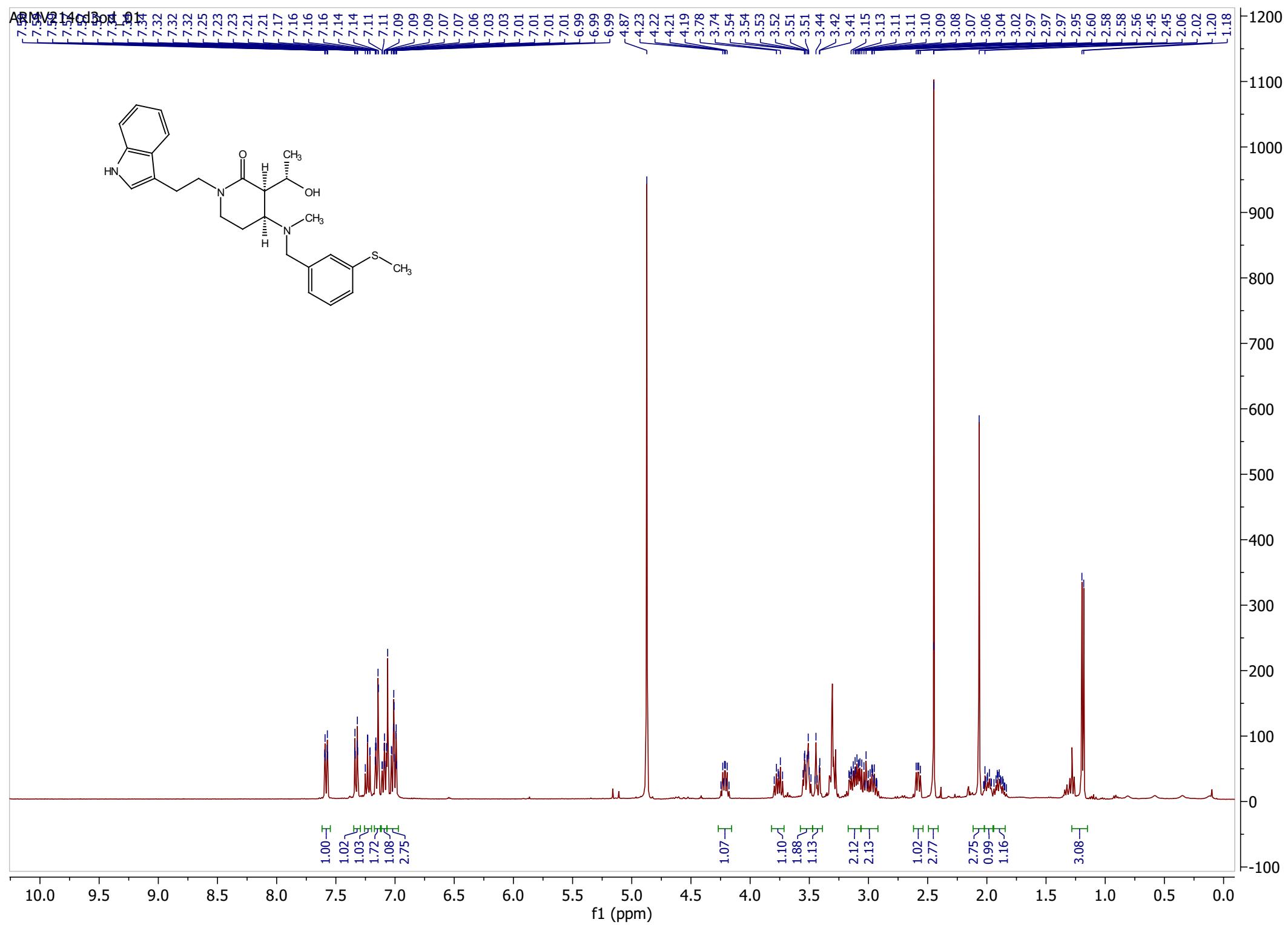
TH OBSERVE

7.35
7.64
7.62
7.36
7.34
7.20
7.19
7.17
7.13
7.11
7.10
7.02
7.02
6.74
6.73
6.72
6.69
5.92
4.31
4.29
4.28
4.27
3.85
3.83
3.81
3.57
3.55
3.53
3.52
3.50
3.49
3.46
3.38
3.35
3.35
3.28
3.27
3.27
3.26
3.25
3.24
3.23
3.18
3.16
3.15
3.14
3.13
3.13
3.11
3.10
3.09
3.09
3.07
3.07
3.01
3.00
2.99
2.98
2.98
2.96
2.96
2.67
2.66
2.65
2.63
2.63
2.10
2.00
1.98
1.96
1.96
1.33
1.32
1.32
0.00

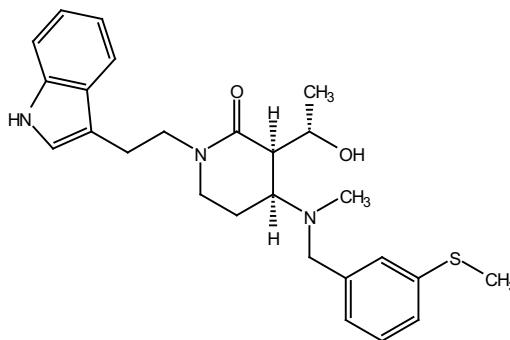


ARMV184_01





ARMV214carb_01



— 170.39

139.23
138.35
136.70
128.65
127.46
126.38
125.27
125.15
122.29
121.01
118.32
117.89
111.43
110.94

— 66.55
— 59.74
— 57.97

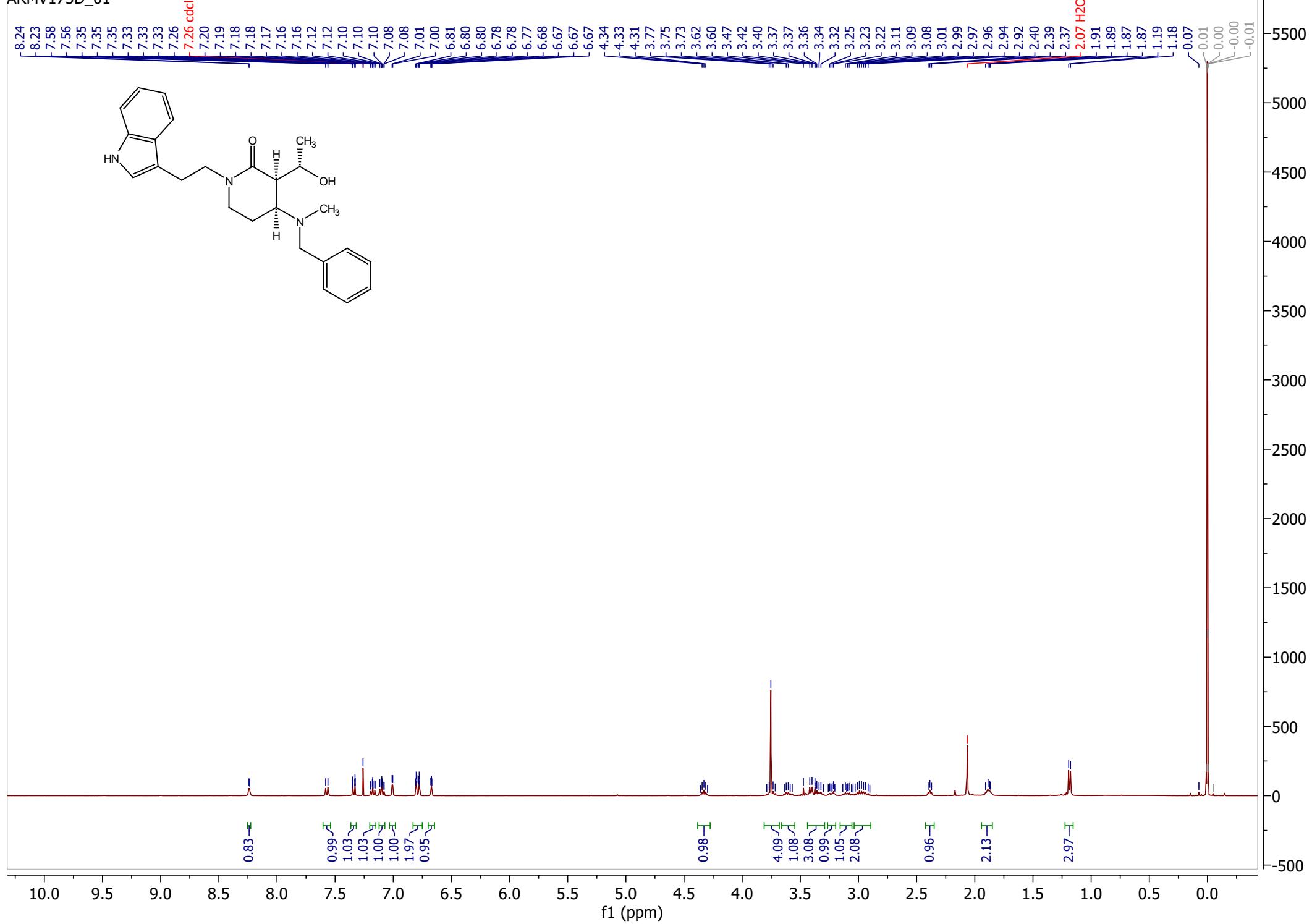
— 36.86
— 22.55
— 21.46
— 20.91
— 14.12

220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

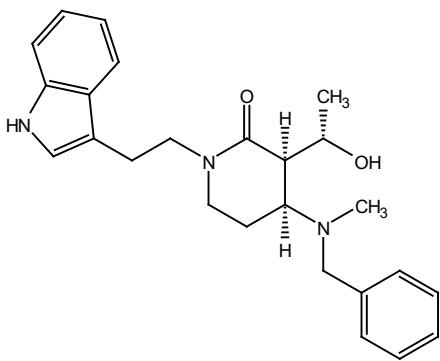
f1 (ppm)

150
140
130
120
110
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0 -10

ARMV175D_01



ARMV175D_01 1

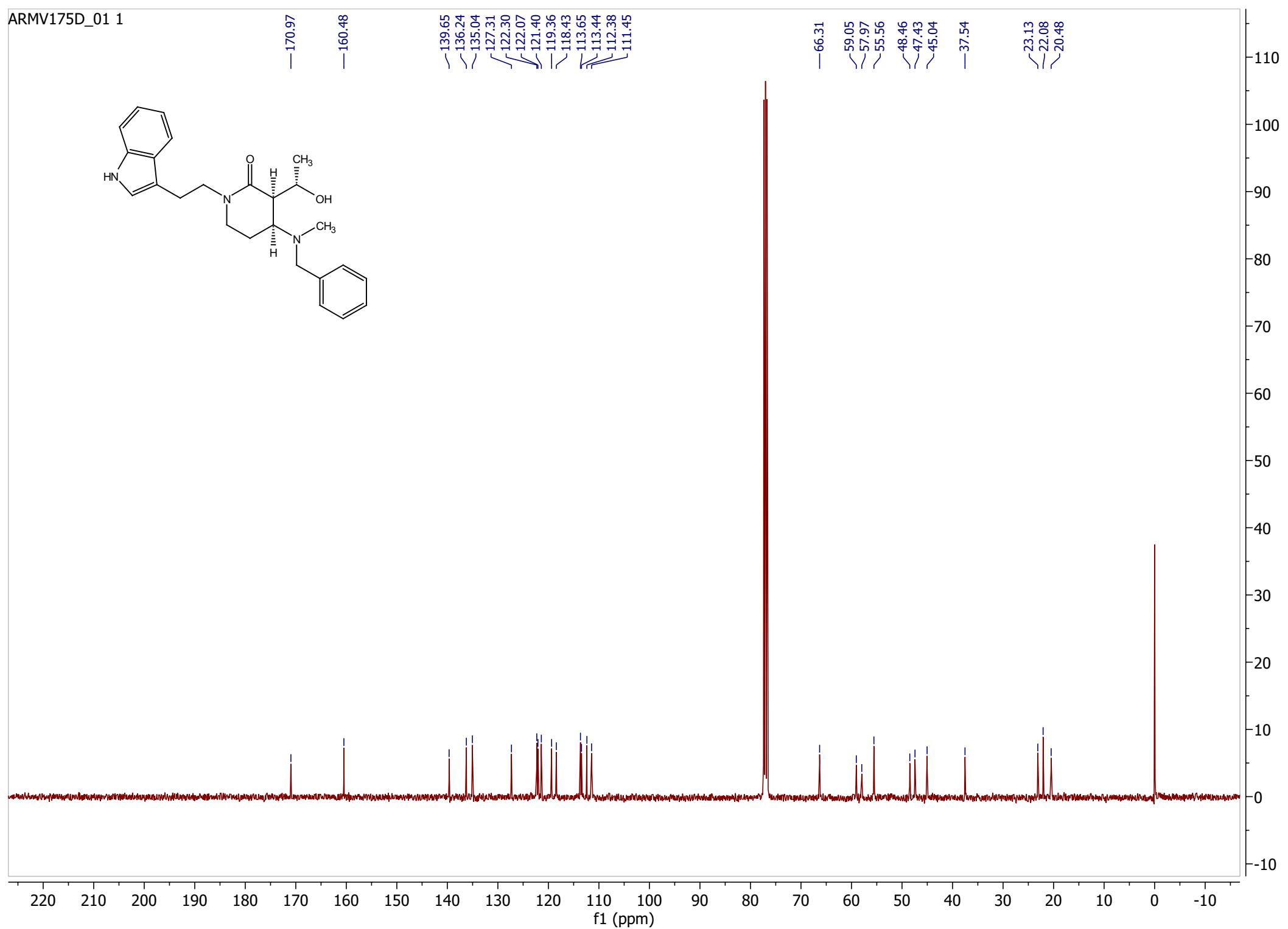


—170.97

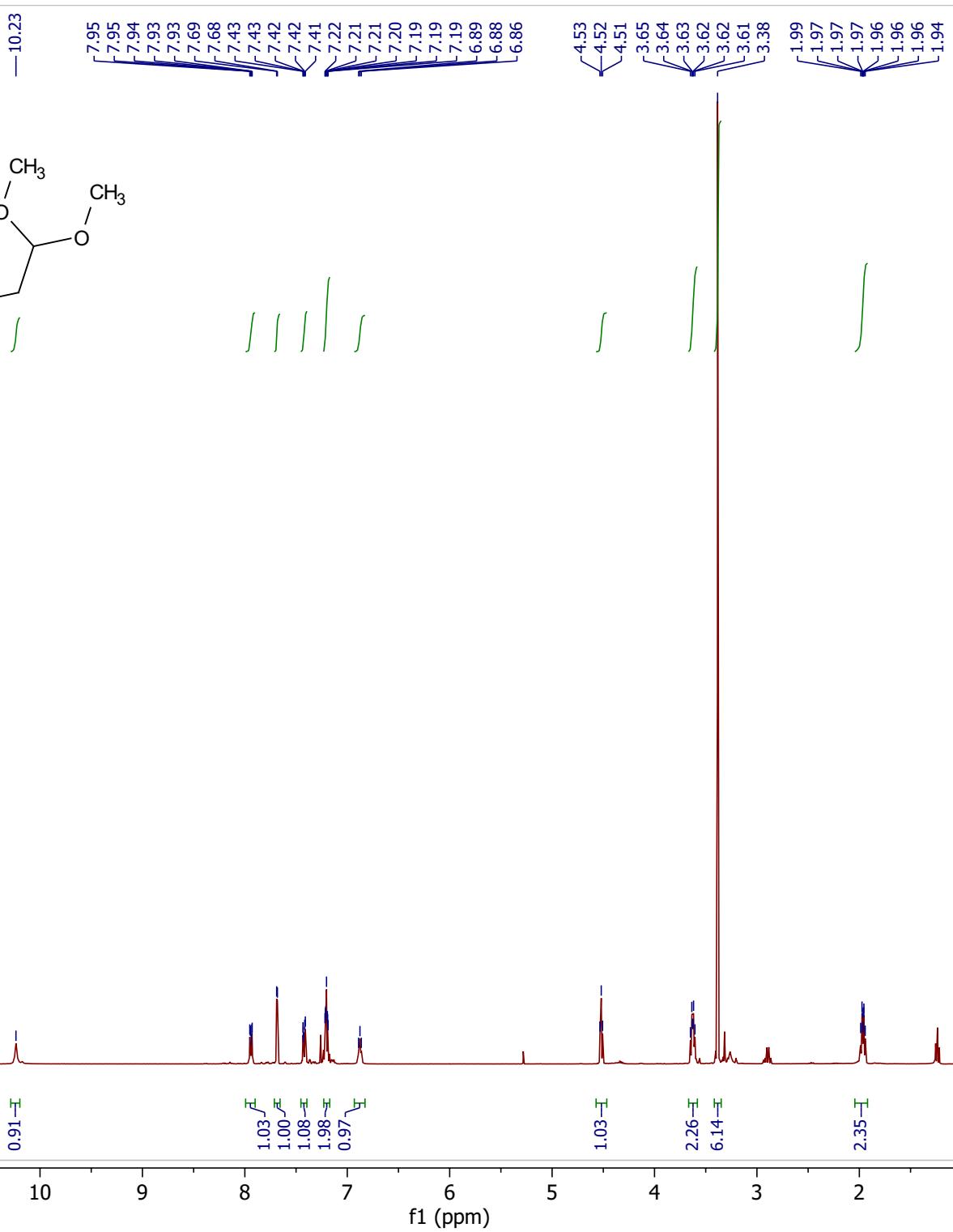
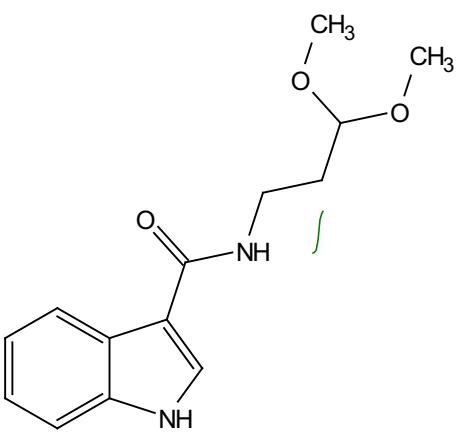
—160.48

139.65
136.24
135.04
127.31
122.30
122.07
121.40
119.36
118.43
113.65
113.44
112.38
111.45

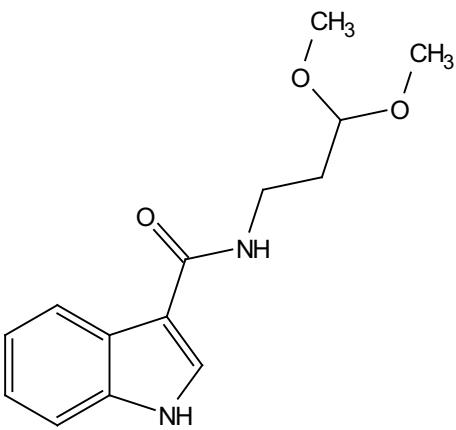
—66.31
59.05
57.97
55.56
48.46
47.43
45.04
—37.54
23.13
22.08
20.48



PROTON_01
ARMVII143crude



ARMV248_01



—164.56

—135.62

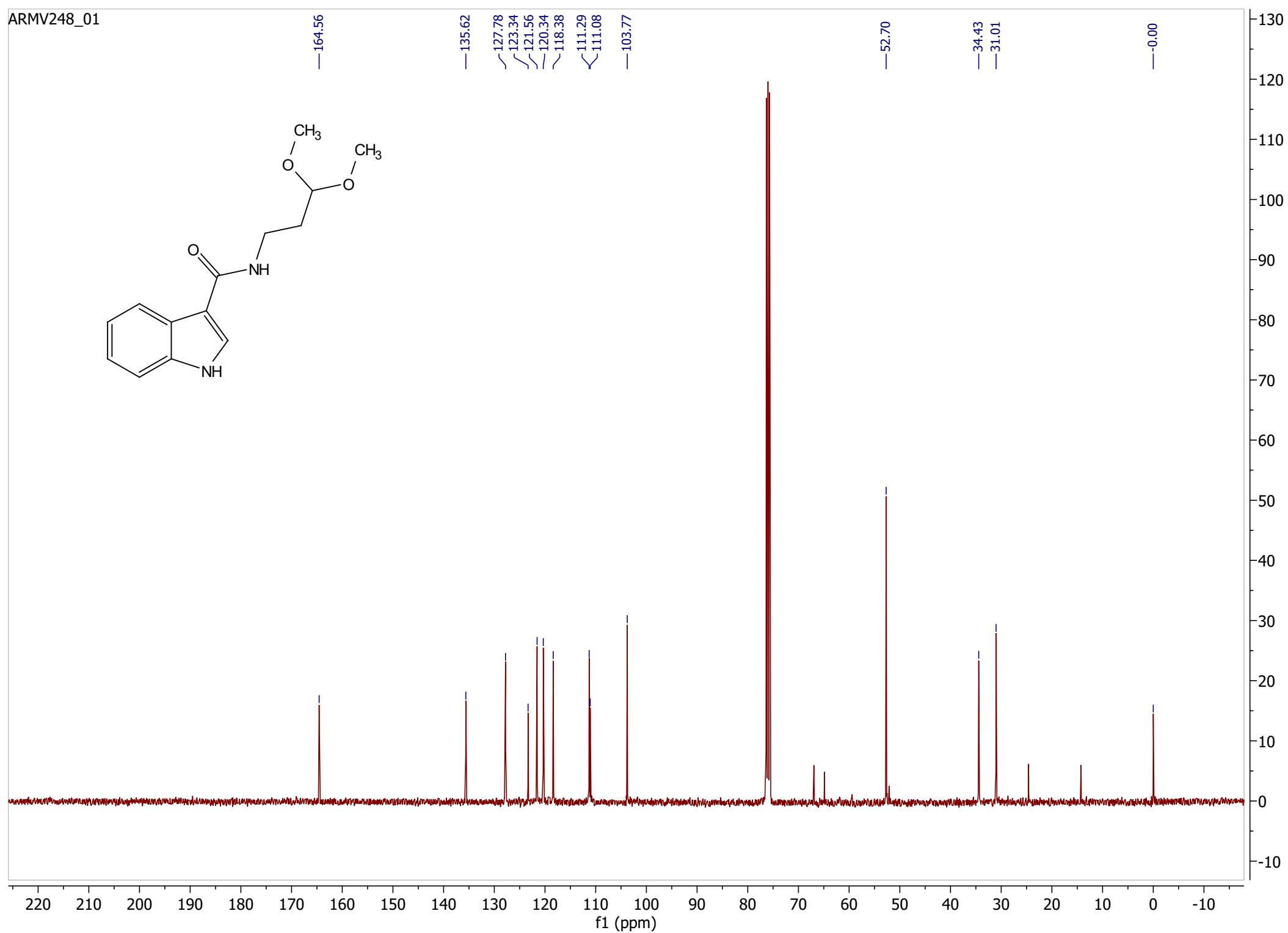
—103.77

—52.70

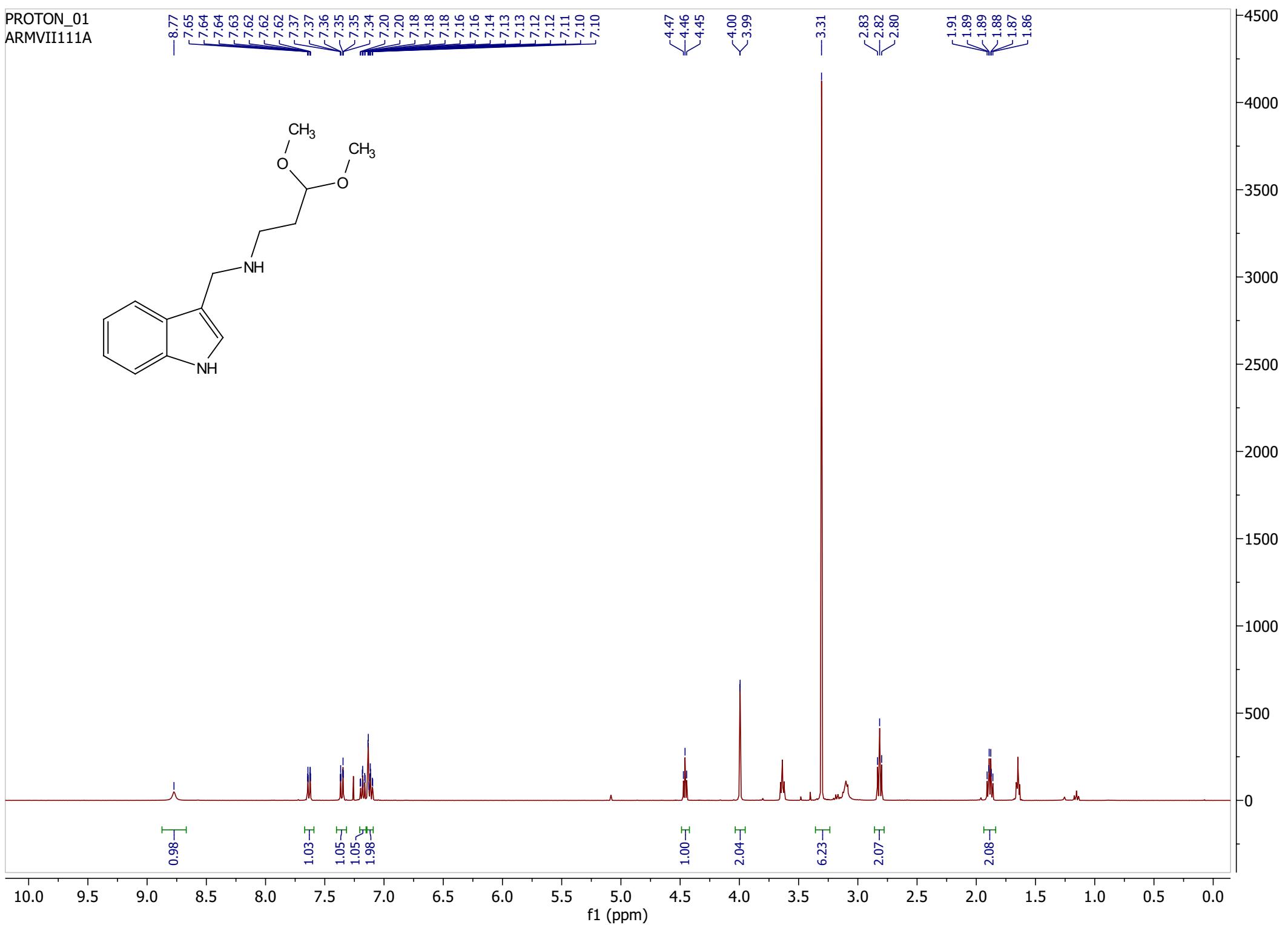
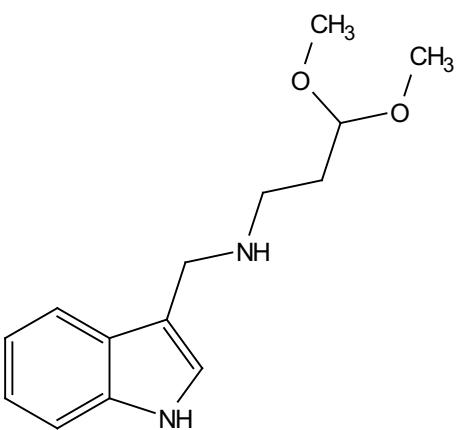
—34.43

—31.01

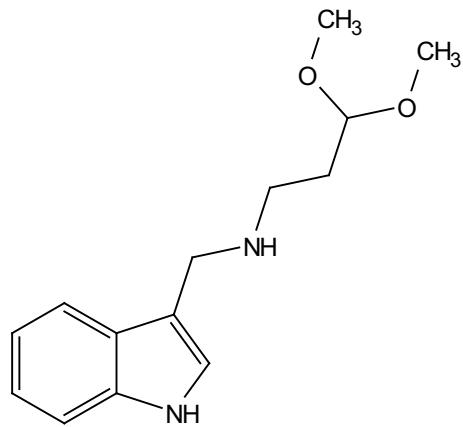
—0.00



PROTON_01
ARMVII111A



CARBON_01
ARMVII111A



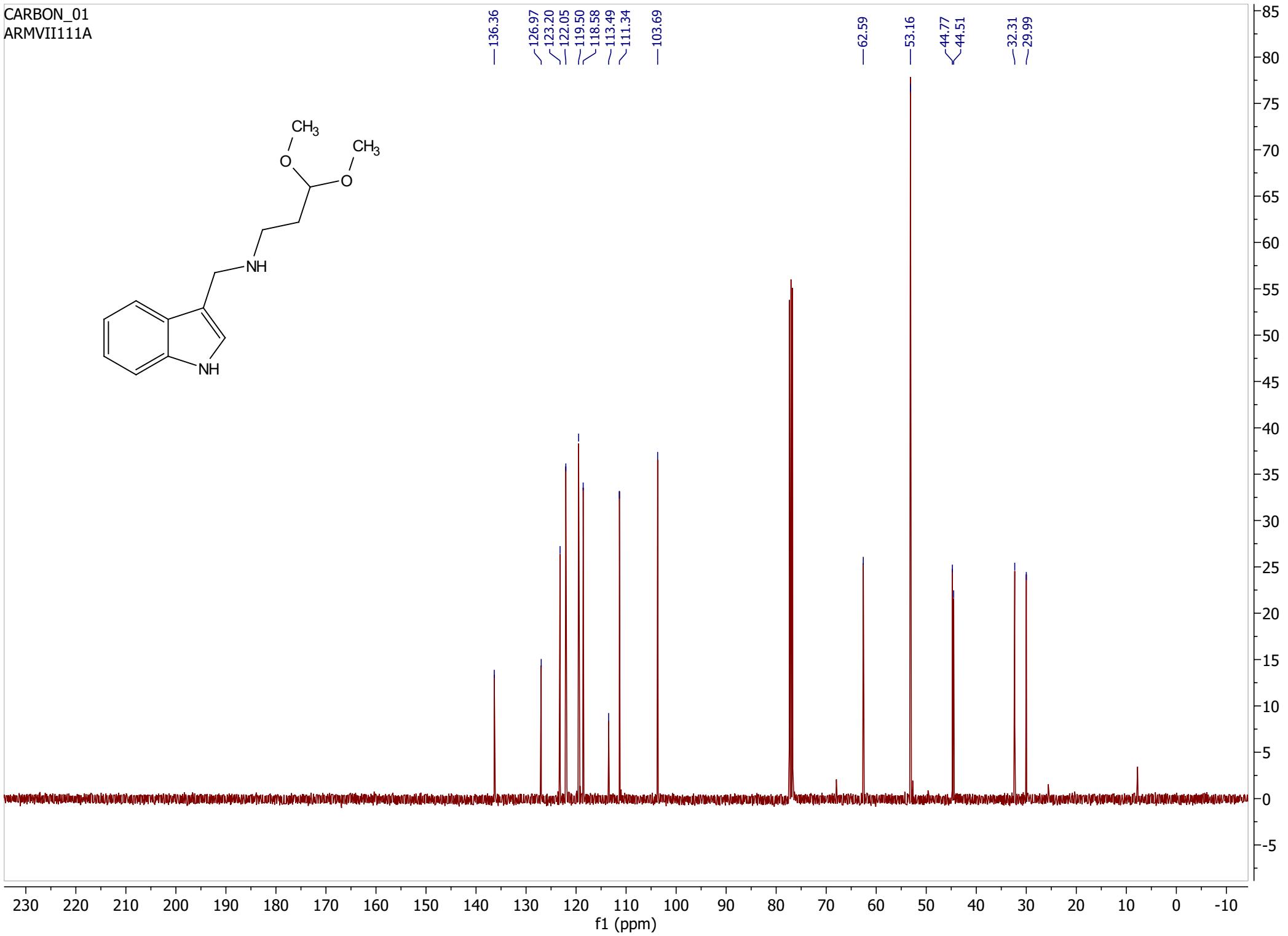
136.36
126.97
123.20
122.05
119.50
118.58
113.49
111.34
103.69

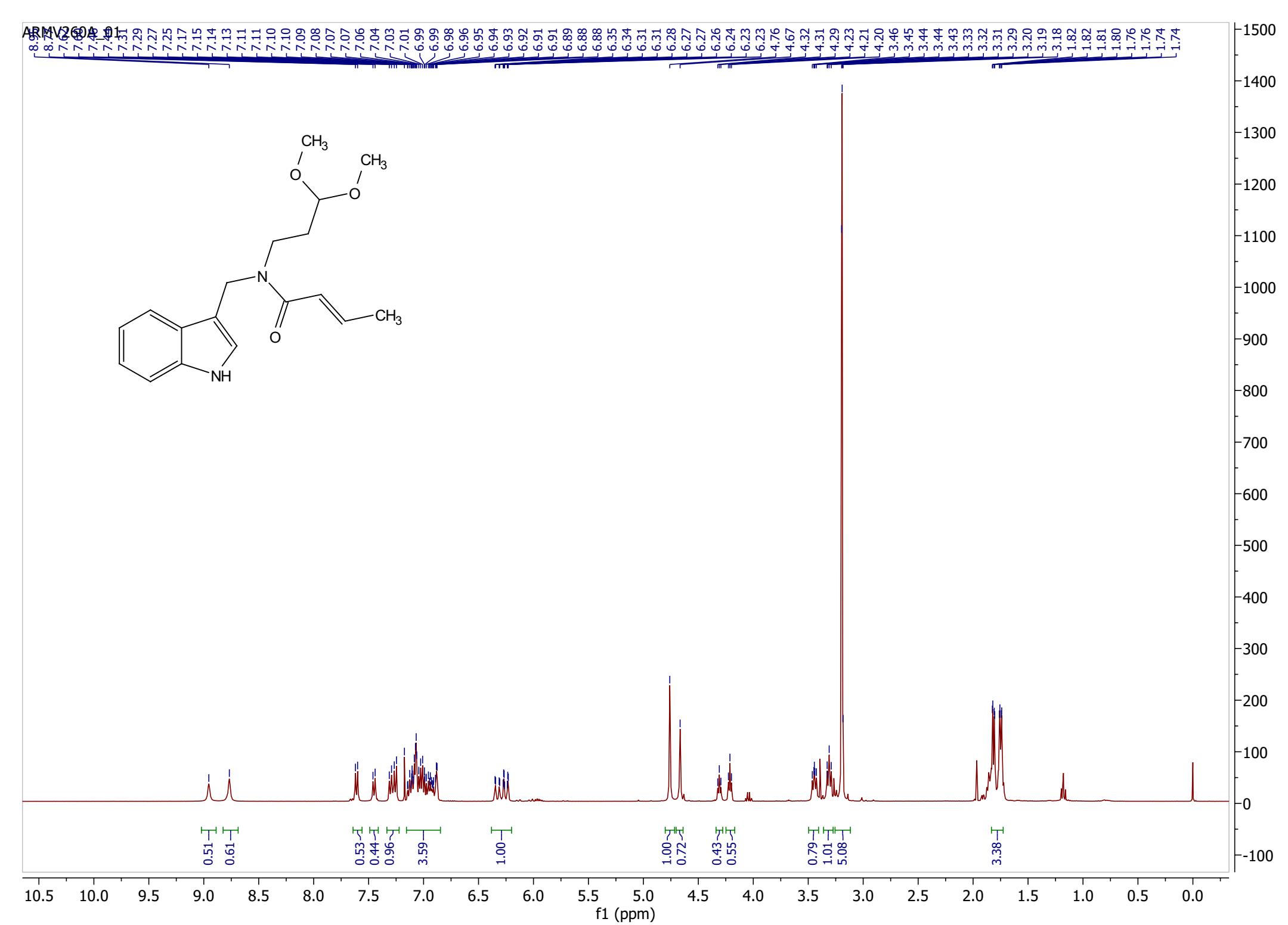
62.59

53.16

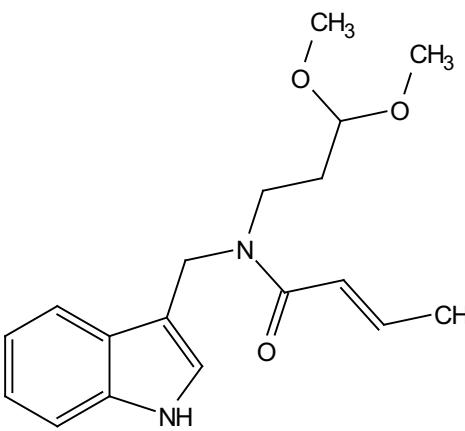
44.77
44.51

32.31
29.99





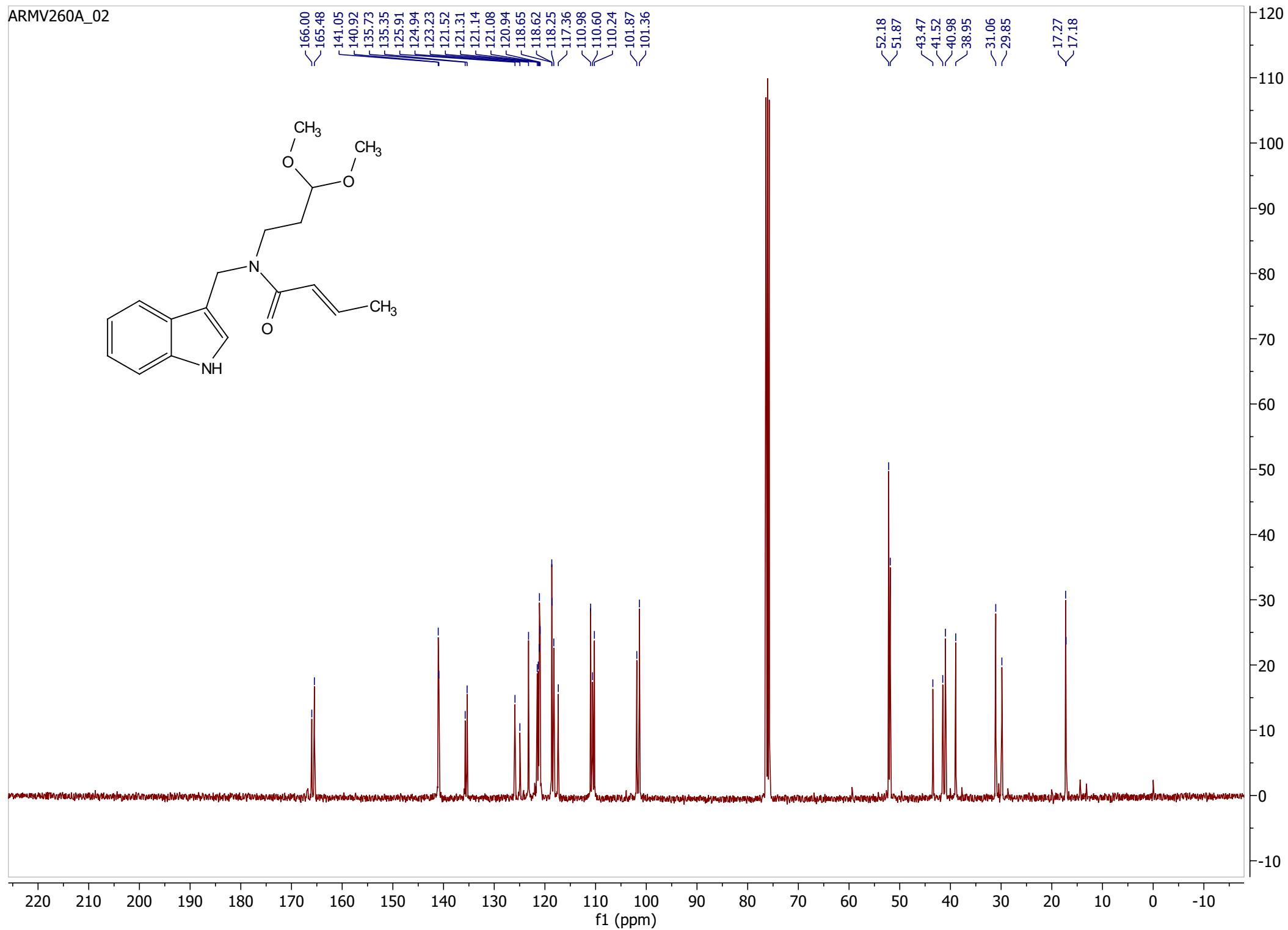
ARMV260A_02



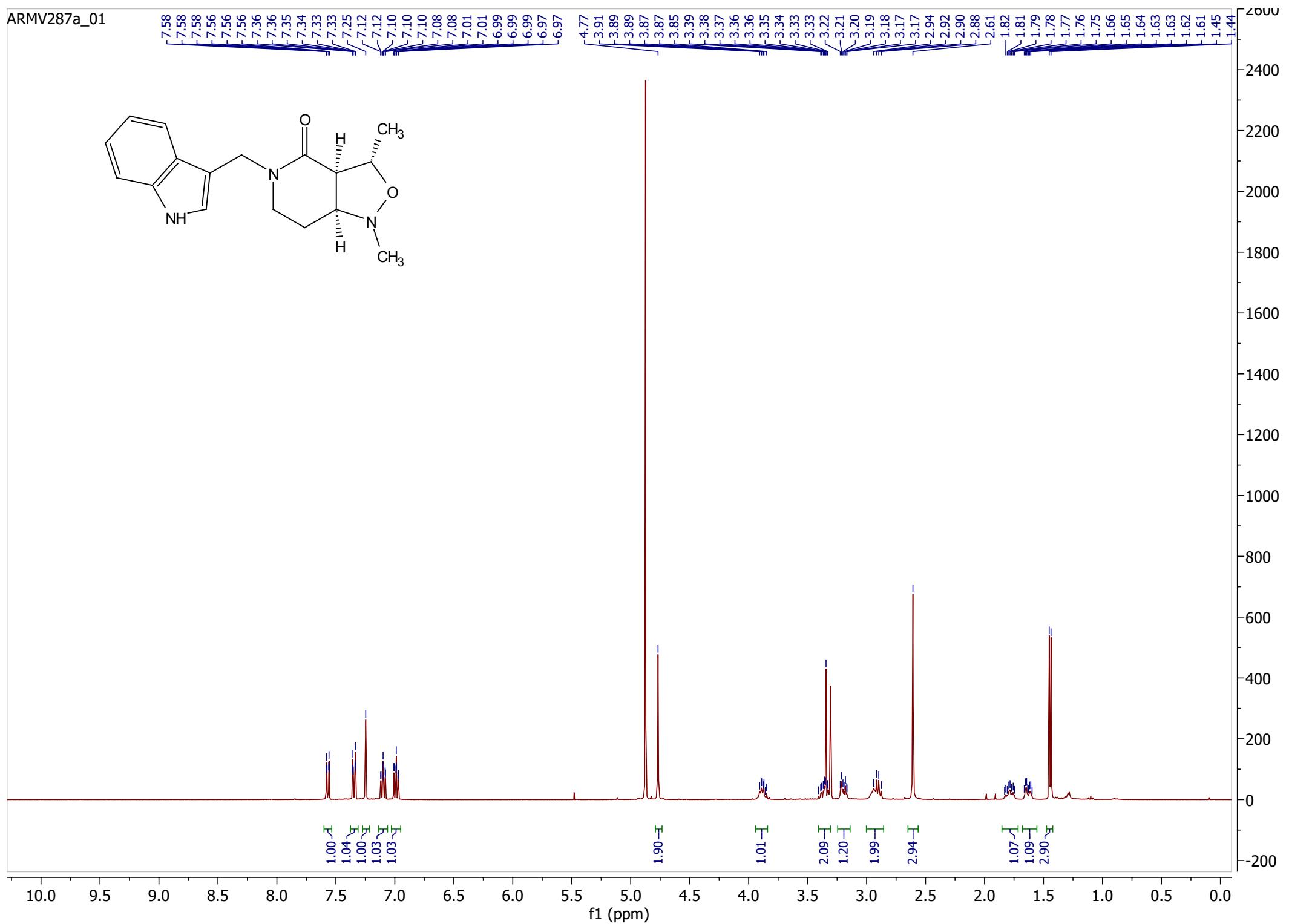
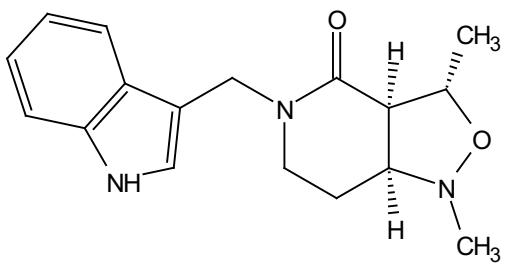
166.00
165.48
141.05
140.92
135.73
135.35
125.91
124.94
123.23
121.52
121.31
121.14
121.08
120.94
118.65
118.62
118.25
117.36
110.98
110.60
110.24
101.87
101.36

52.18
51.87
43.47
41.52
40.98
38.95
31.06
29.85

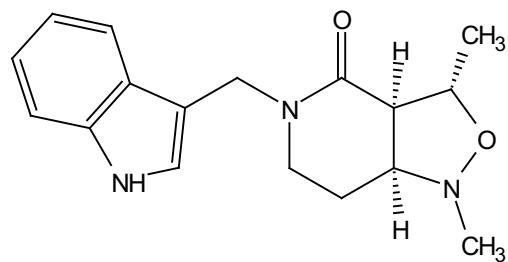
17.27
17.18



ARMV287a_01



ARMV287a_02



-169.26

-136.94

126.52
124.52
121.38
118.72
118.44
111.01
109.80

-77.36

-66.19

-54.91

41.39
41.12

-24.10

-18.09

250

200

150

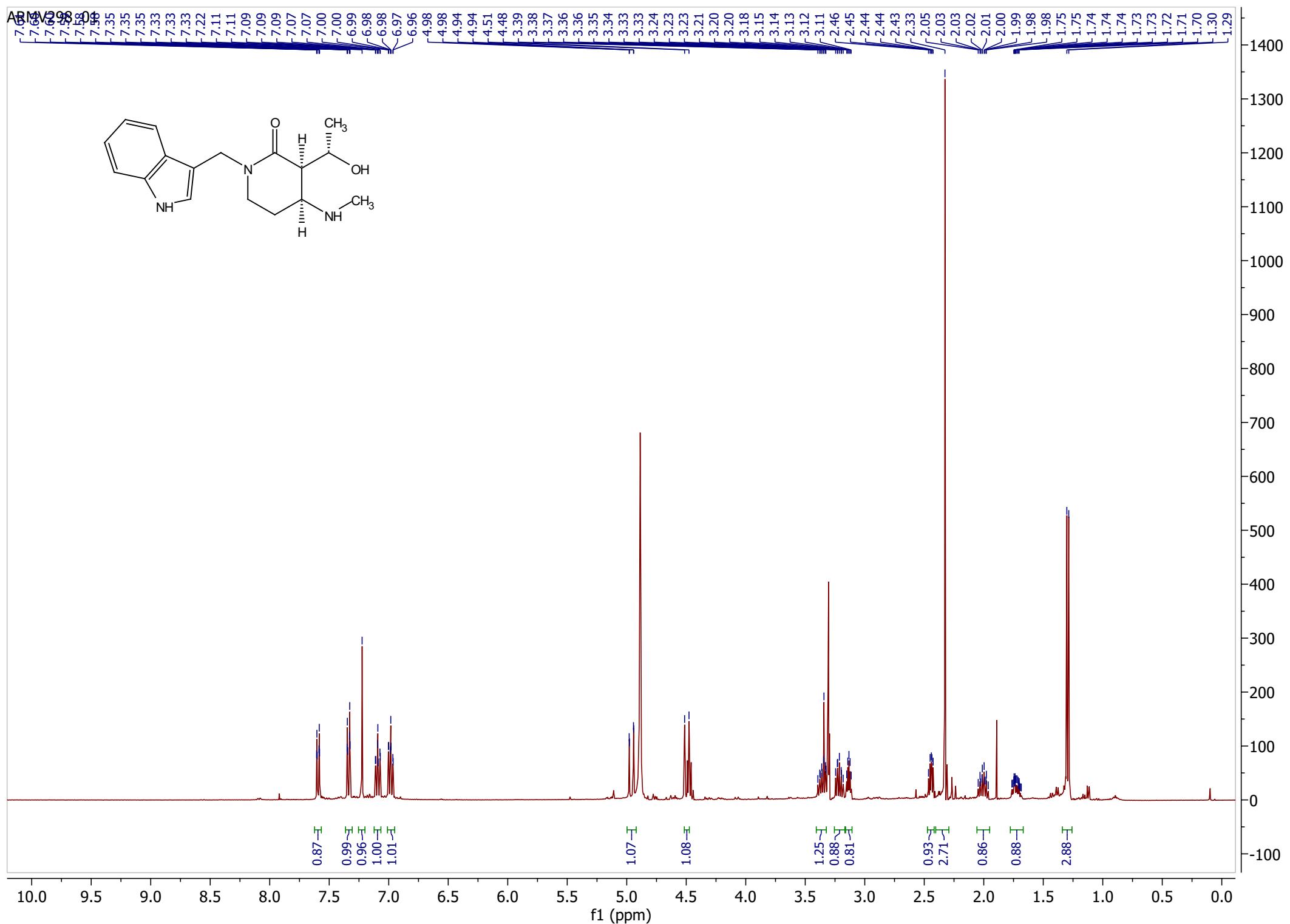
100

50

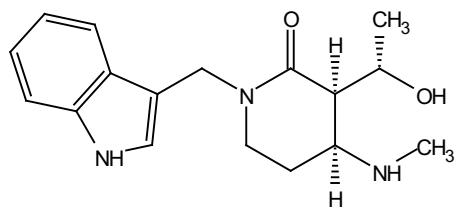
0

220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)



ARMV298_01 1



—169.73

—136.83

126.67
124.44
121.29
118.67
118.43
110.95
110.13

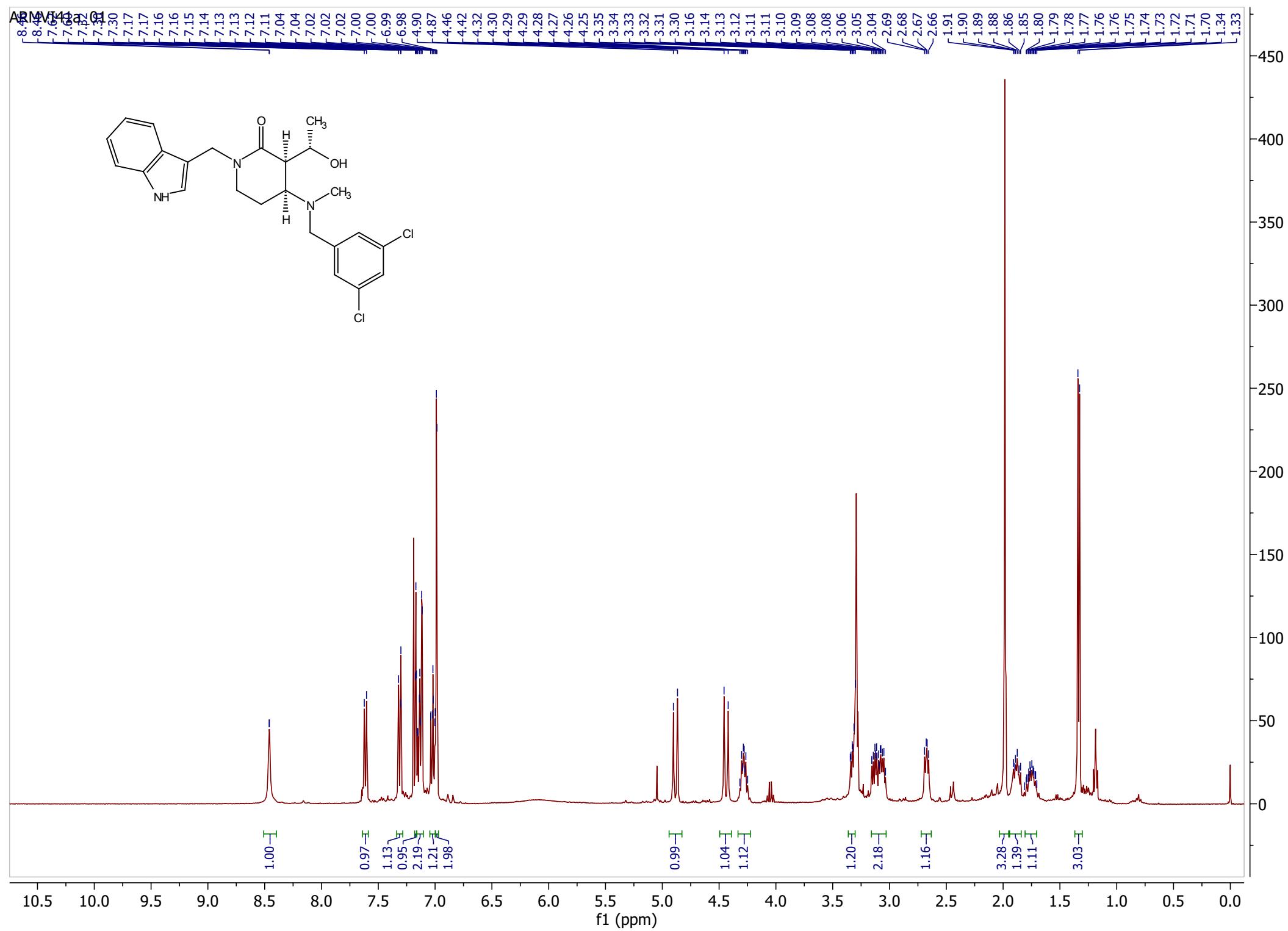
—66.29

—54.86
—50.15
—42.11
—40.77
—32.45
—23.85
—20.98

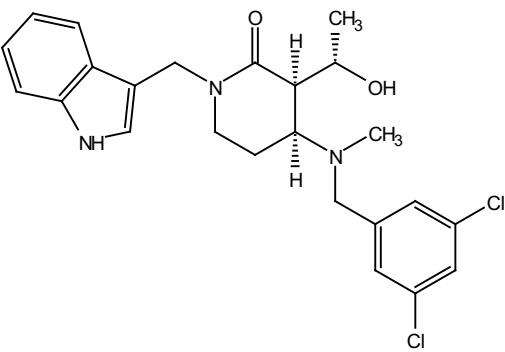
220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

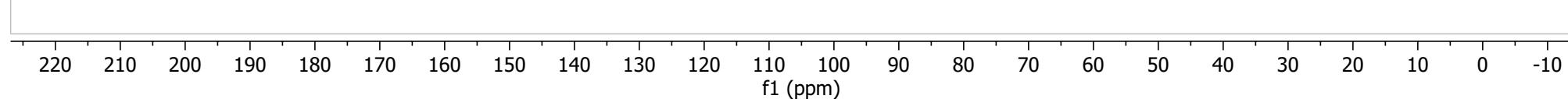
280
260
240
220
200
180
160
140
120
100
80
60
40
20
0
-20



ARMVI41a_02



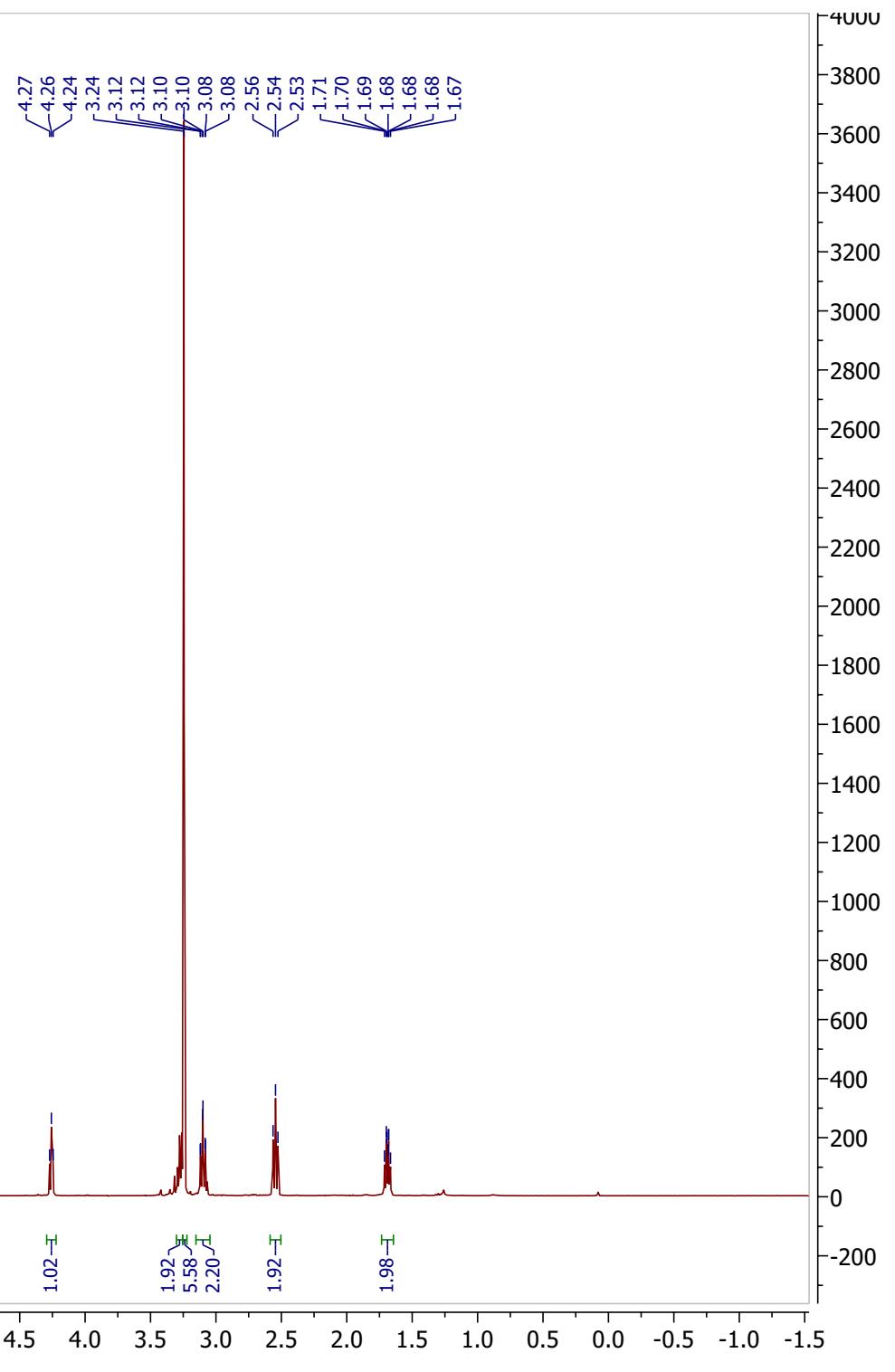
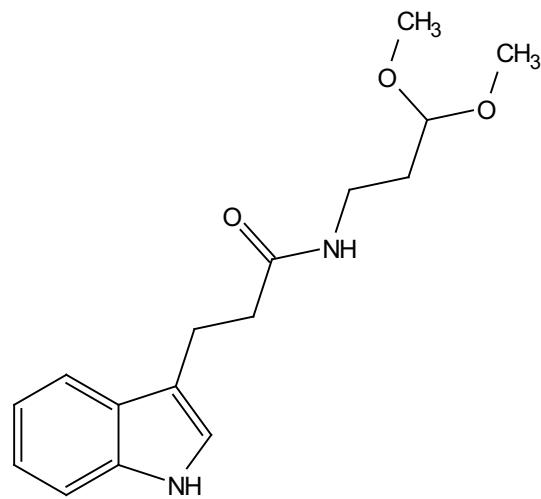
—169.75

141.21
136.33
135.12
127.73
127.06
126.79
124.30
122.44
119.94
119.36
111.51
111.28—66.50
—60.46
—57.49
—50.28
—43.54
—40.81
—38.65—22.65
—21.6234
32
30
28
26
24
22
20
18
16
14
12
10
8
6
4
2
0
-2

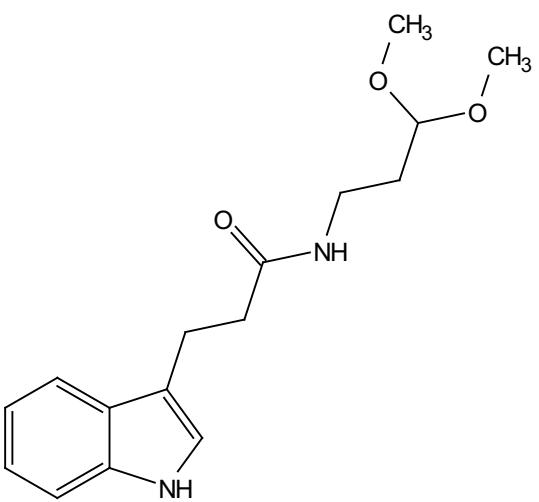
ARMV245B

STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

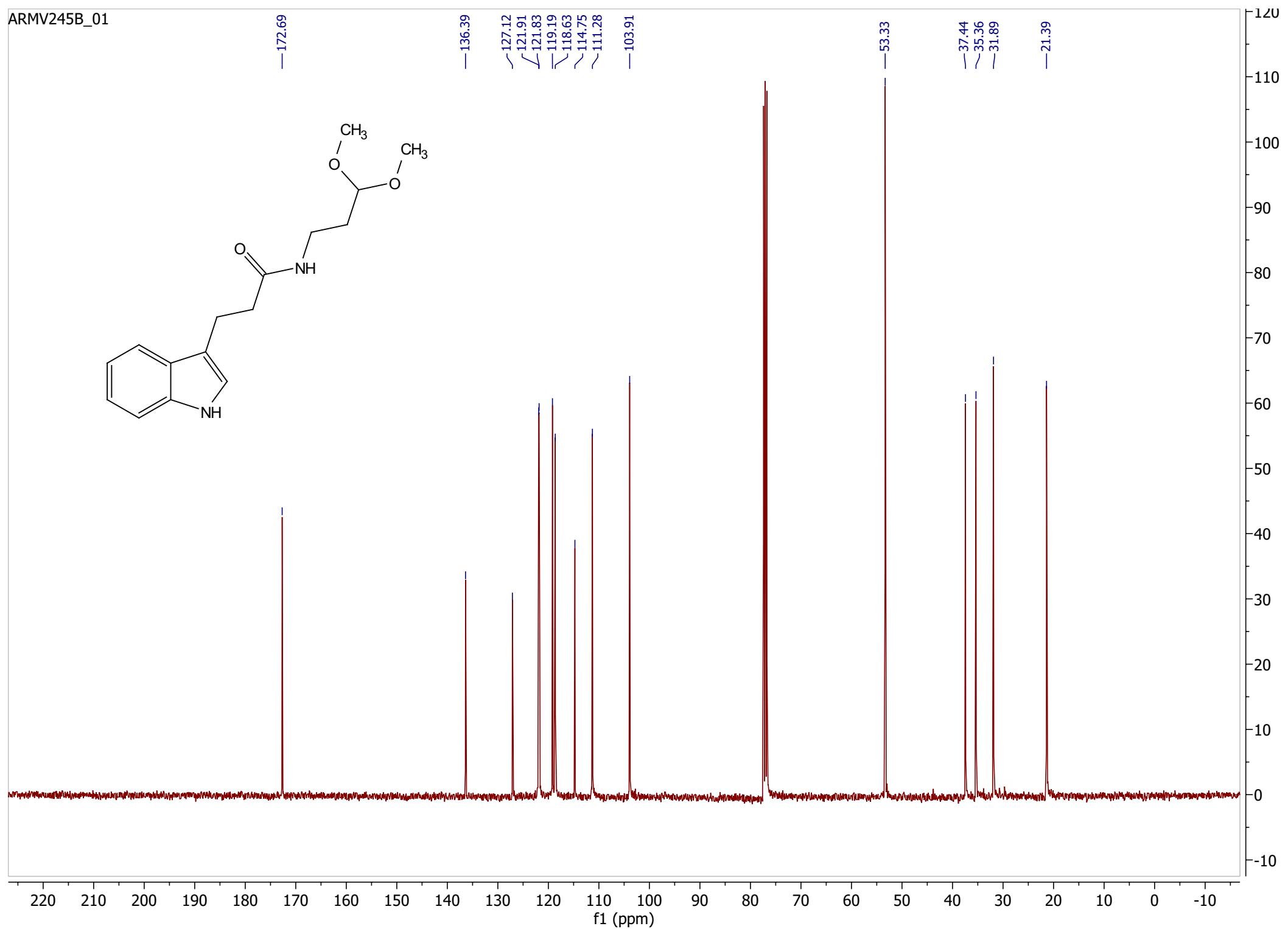
8.42
7.60
7.60
7.60
7.59
7.58
7.58
7.58
7.57
7.55
7.55
7.53
7.53
7.34
7.33
7.32
7.26 CDCl₃
7.19
7.19
7.18
7.17
7.17
7.16
7.16
7.17
7.17
7.12
7.12
7.11
7.10
7.10
7.09
7.09
7.08
7.08
6.97
6.96
6.96
6.96
5.94



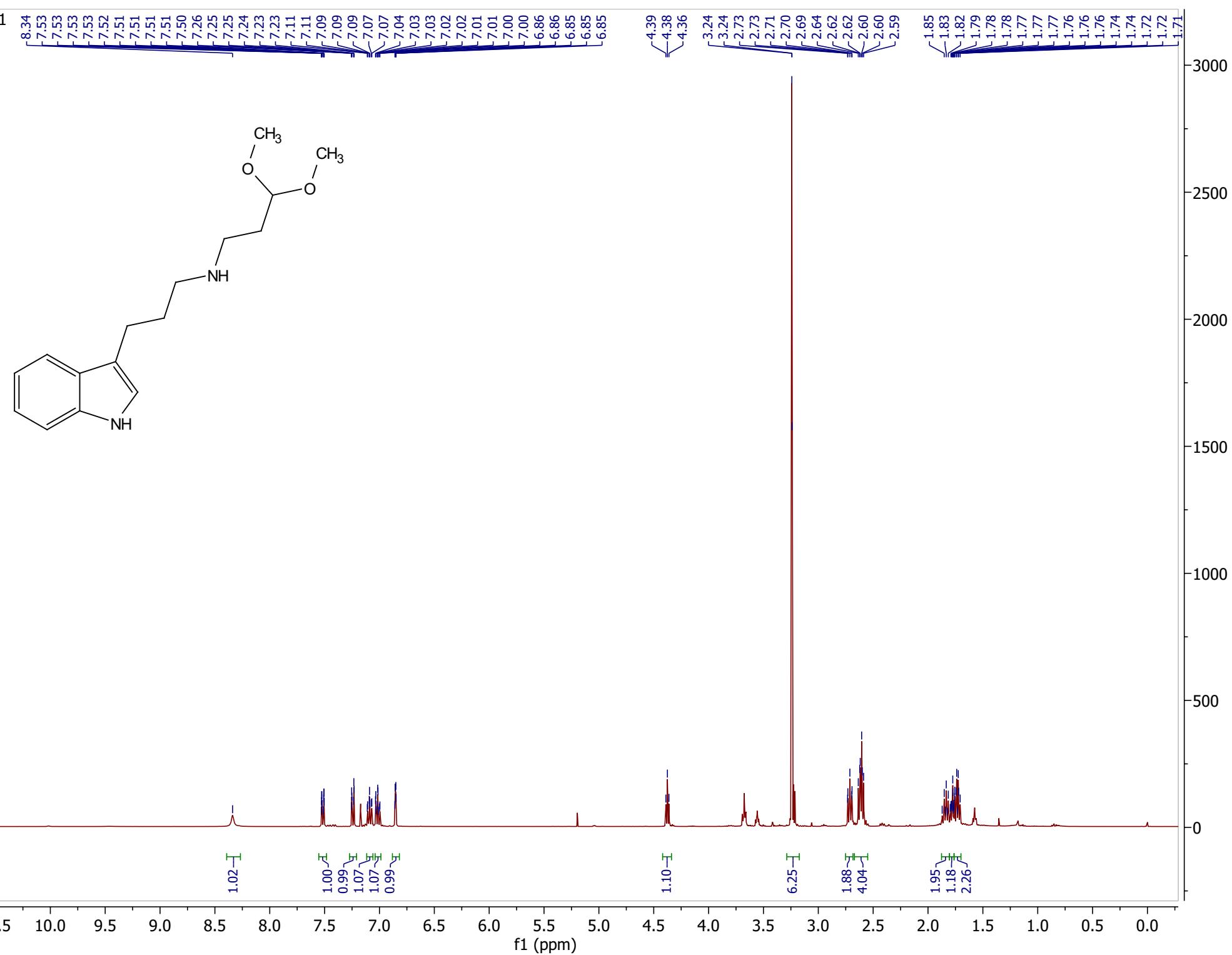
ARMV245B_01

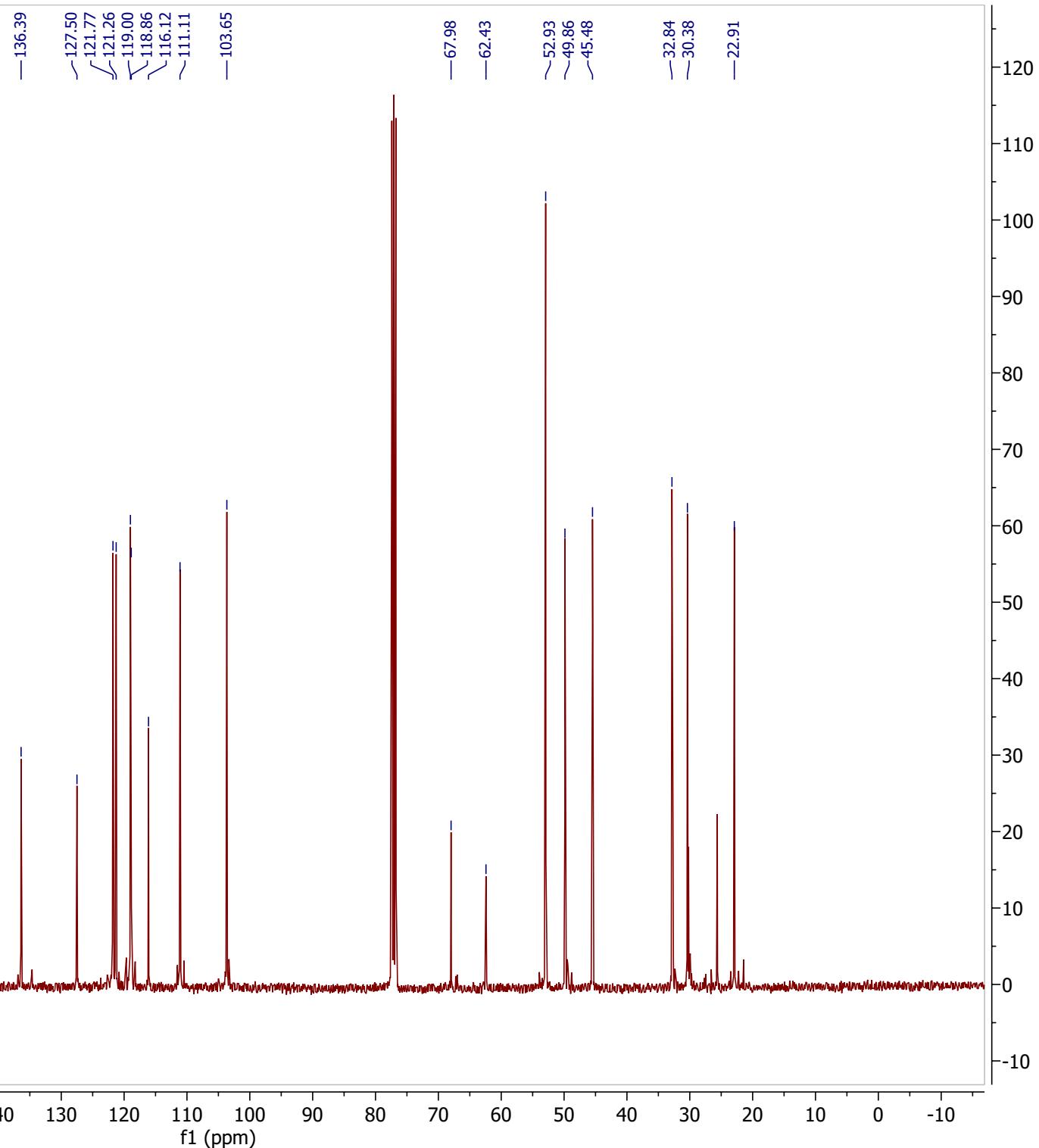
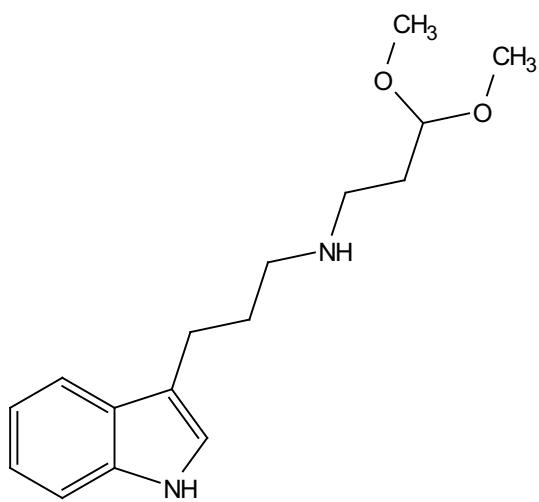


—172.69 —136.39 —127.12
—121.91 —121.83 —119.19
—118.63 —114.75 —111.28
—103.91 —53.33 —37.44
—35.36 —31.89 —21.39

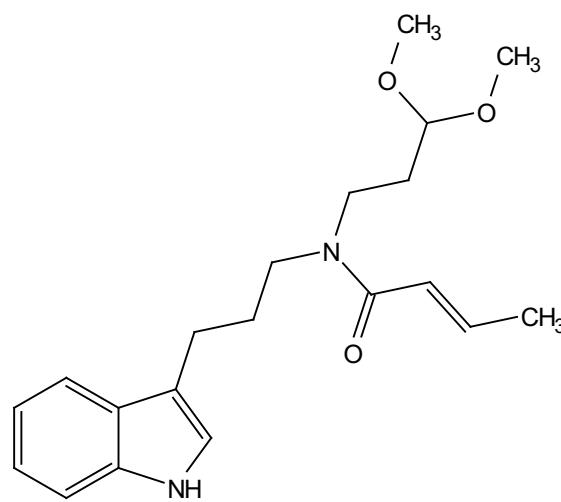


ARMV254_01

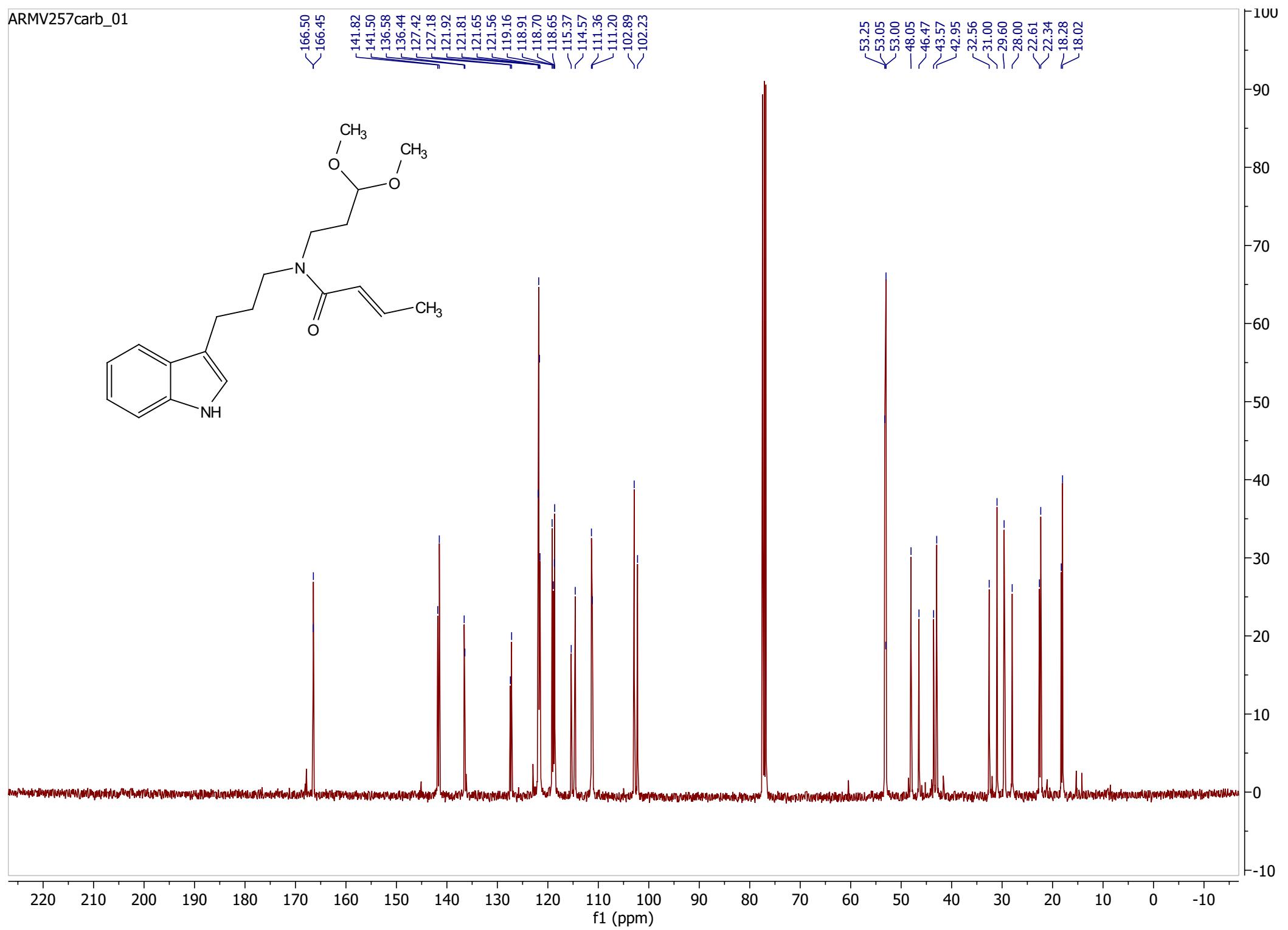
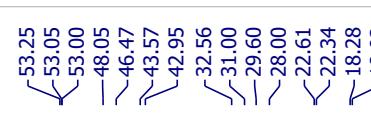
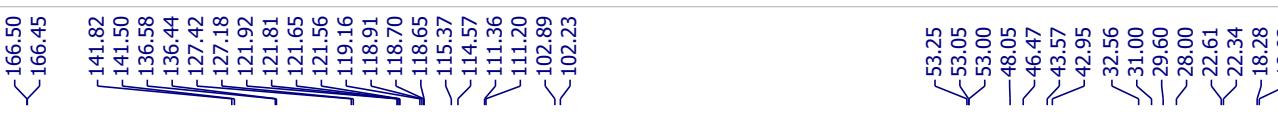
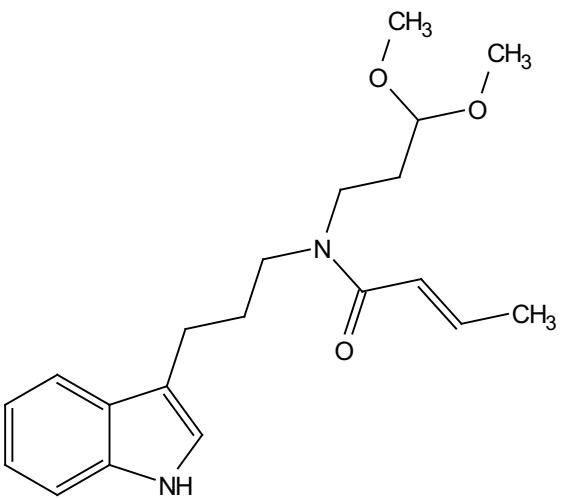




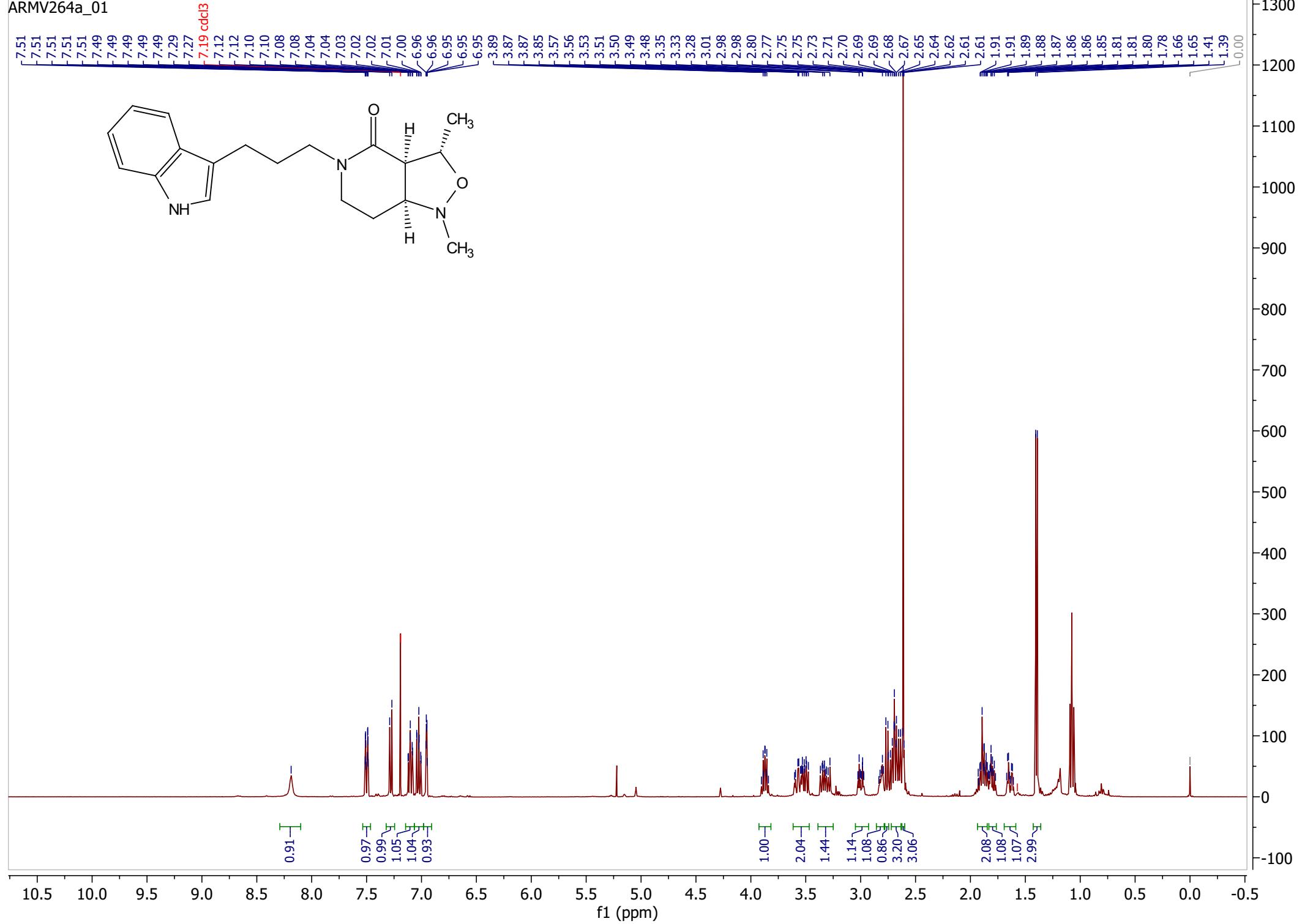
ARMV257A
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



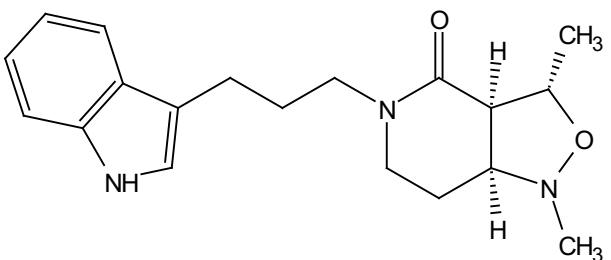
ARMV257carb_01



ARMV264a_01



ARMV264a_02



-168.97

-136.37

-66.12

-55.40

-47.30

-46.05

-43.21

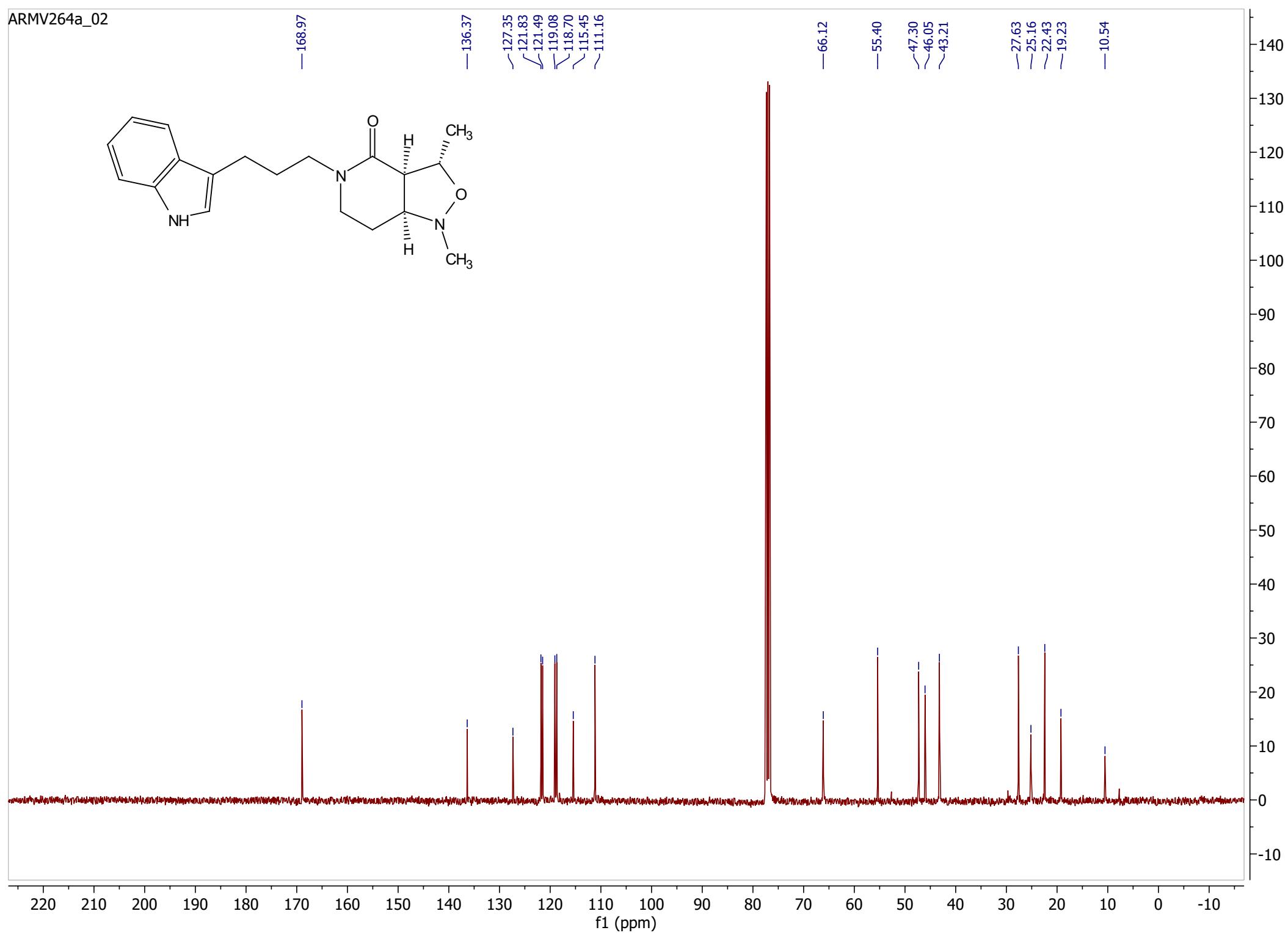
-27.63

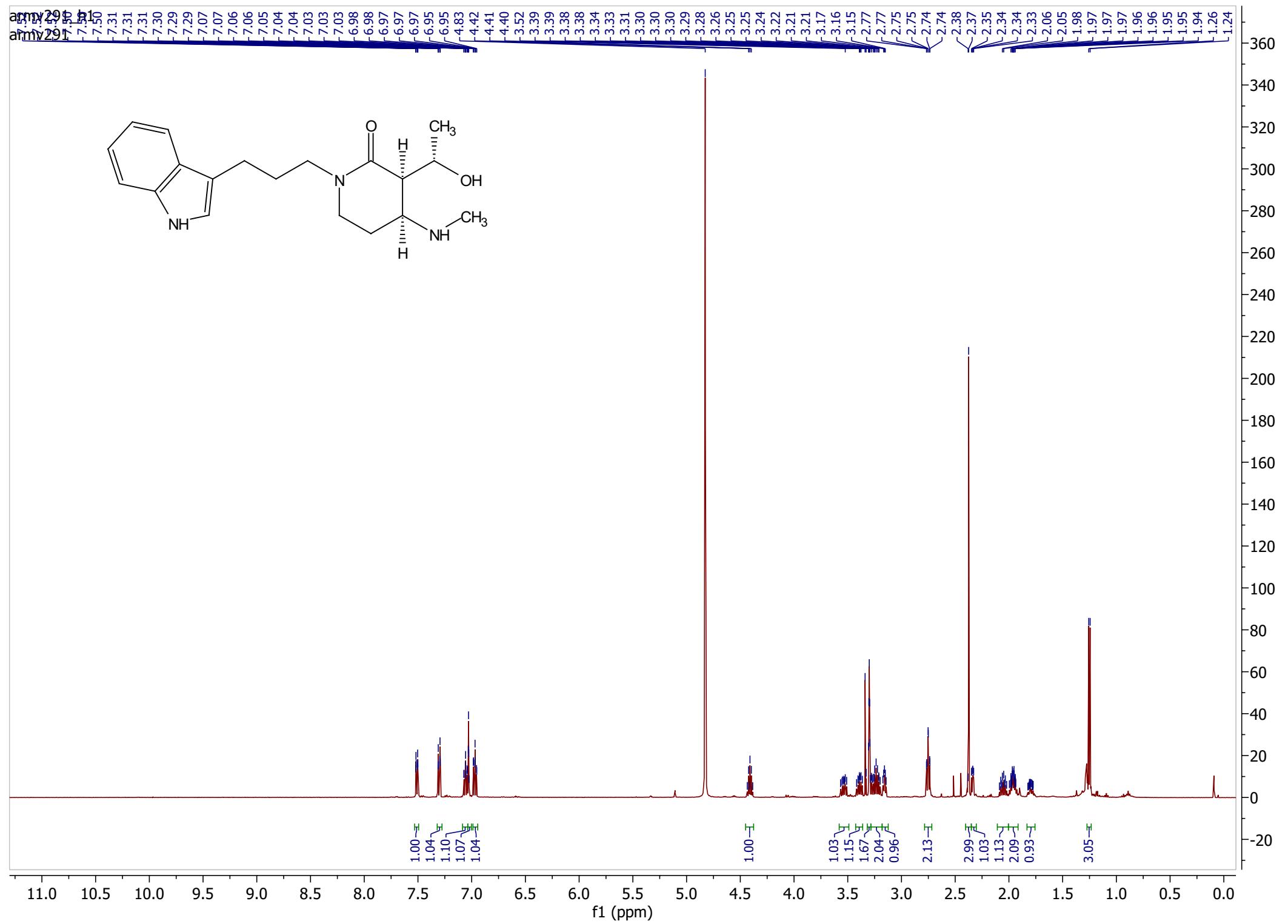
-25.16

-22.43

-19.23

-10.54





armv291_c13
armv291

-171.24

-138.21

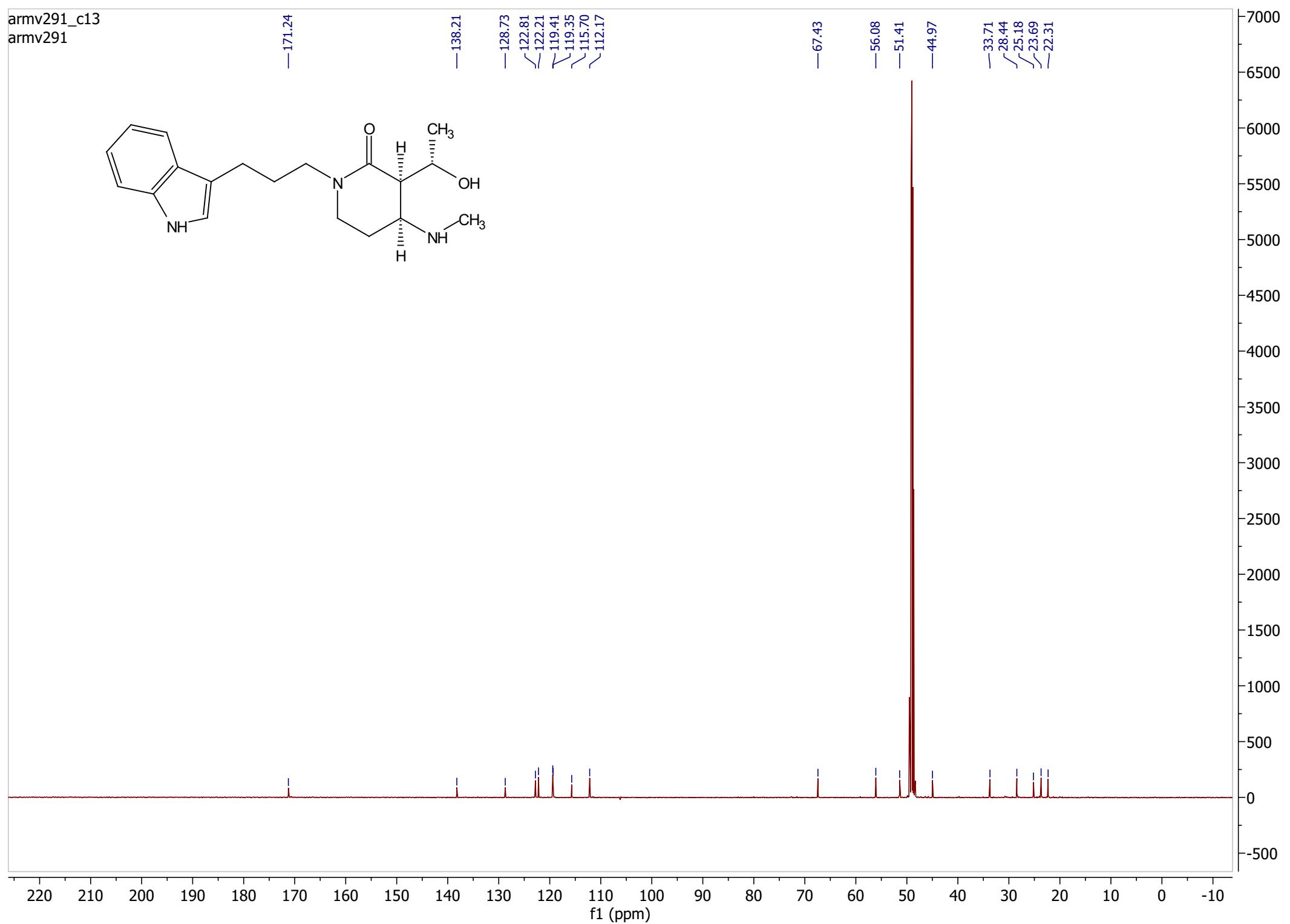
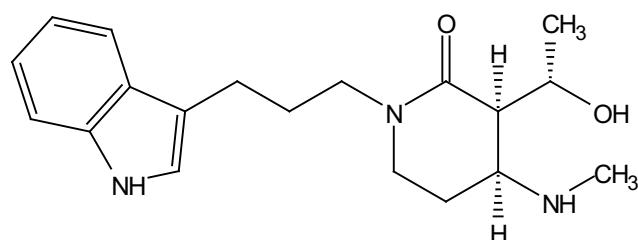
-67.43

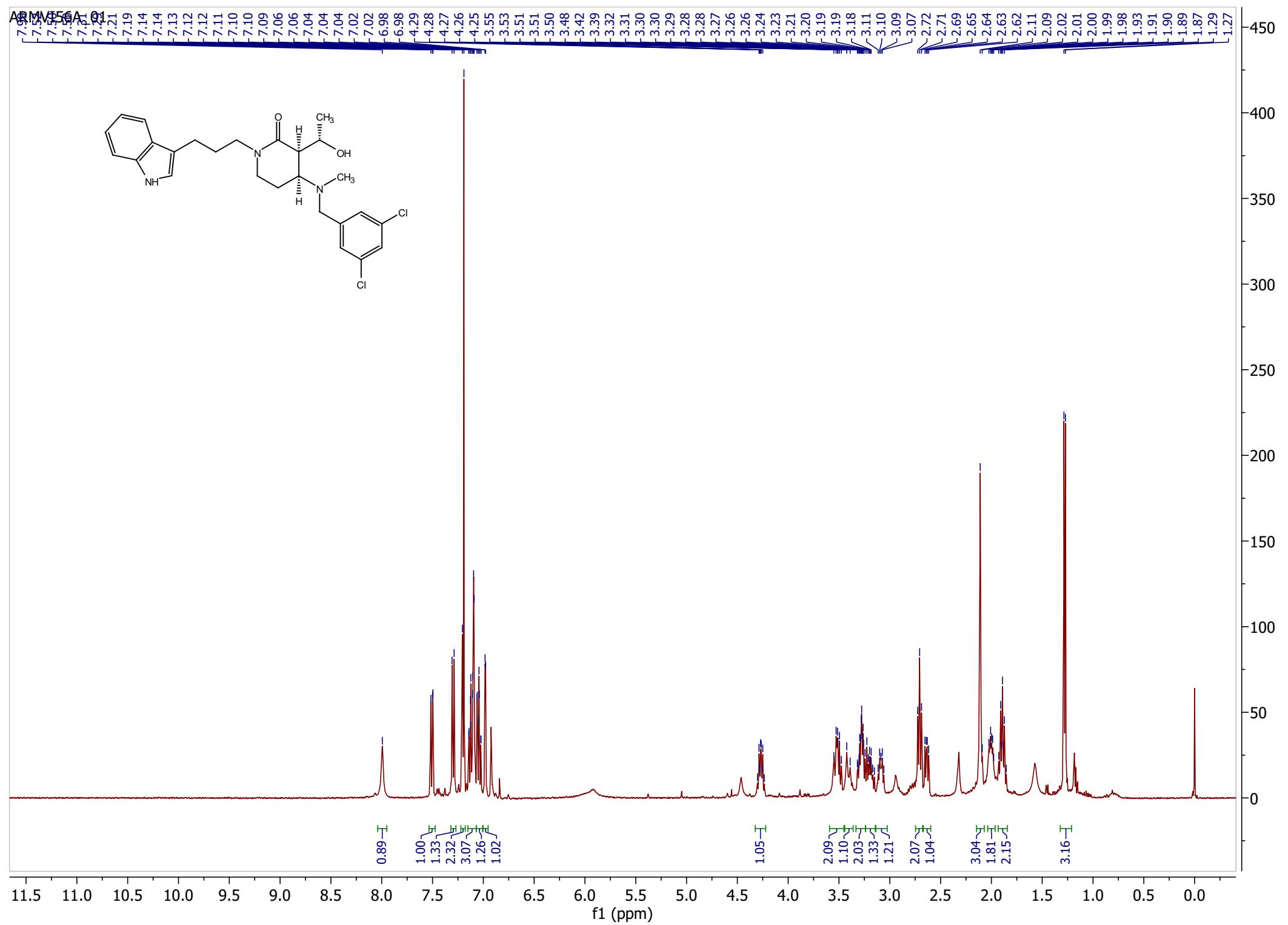
-56.08

-51.41

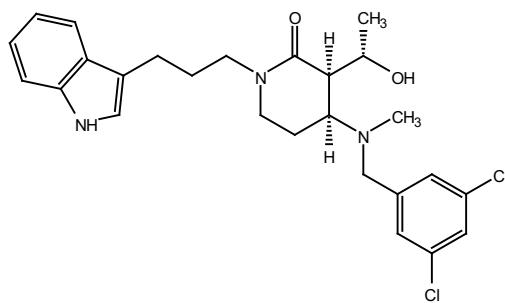
-44.97

-33.71
-28.44
-25.18
-23.69
-22.31





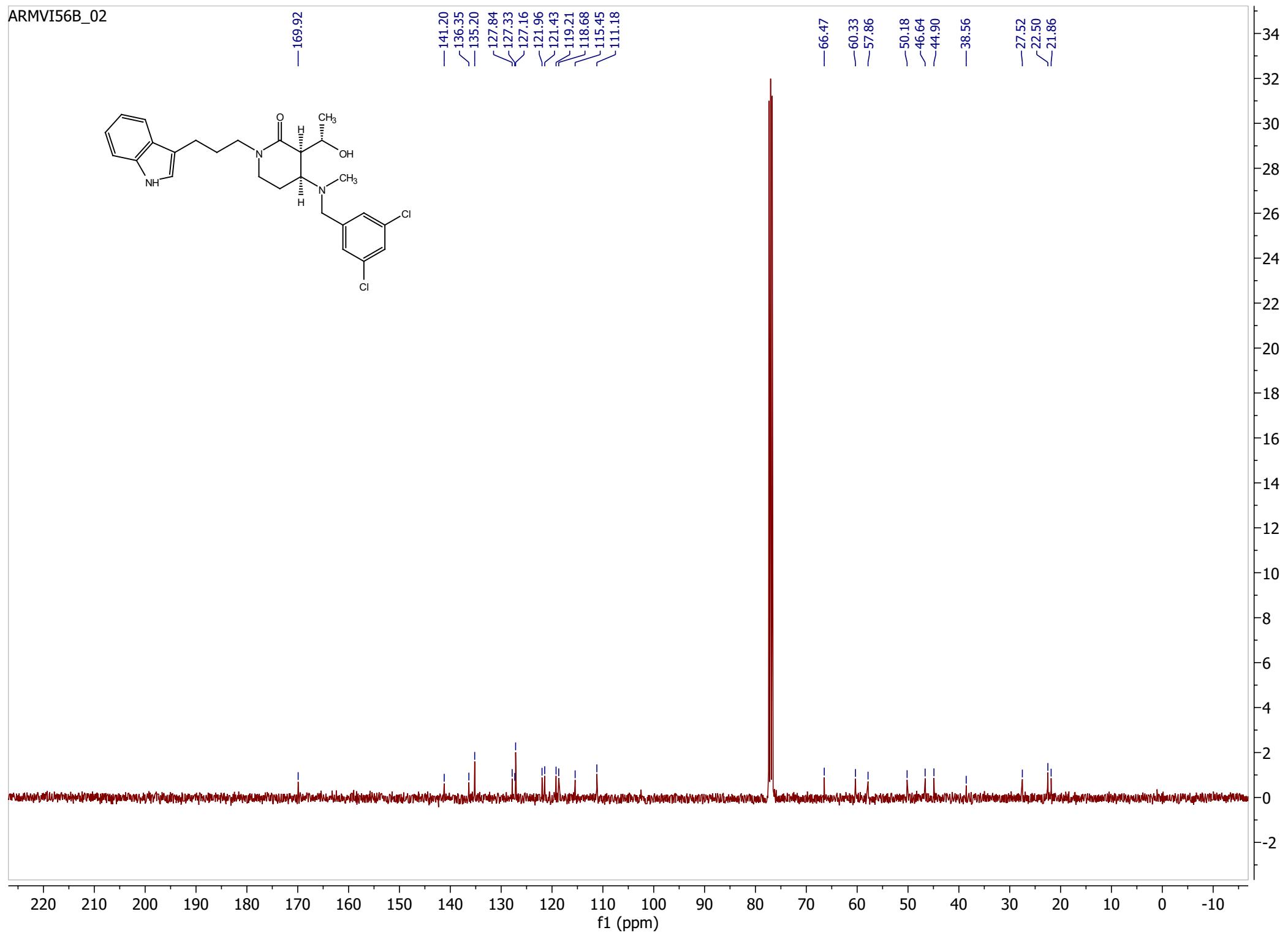
ARMVI56B_02



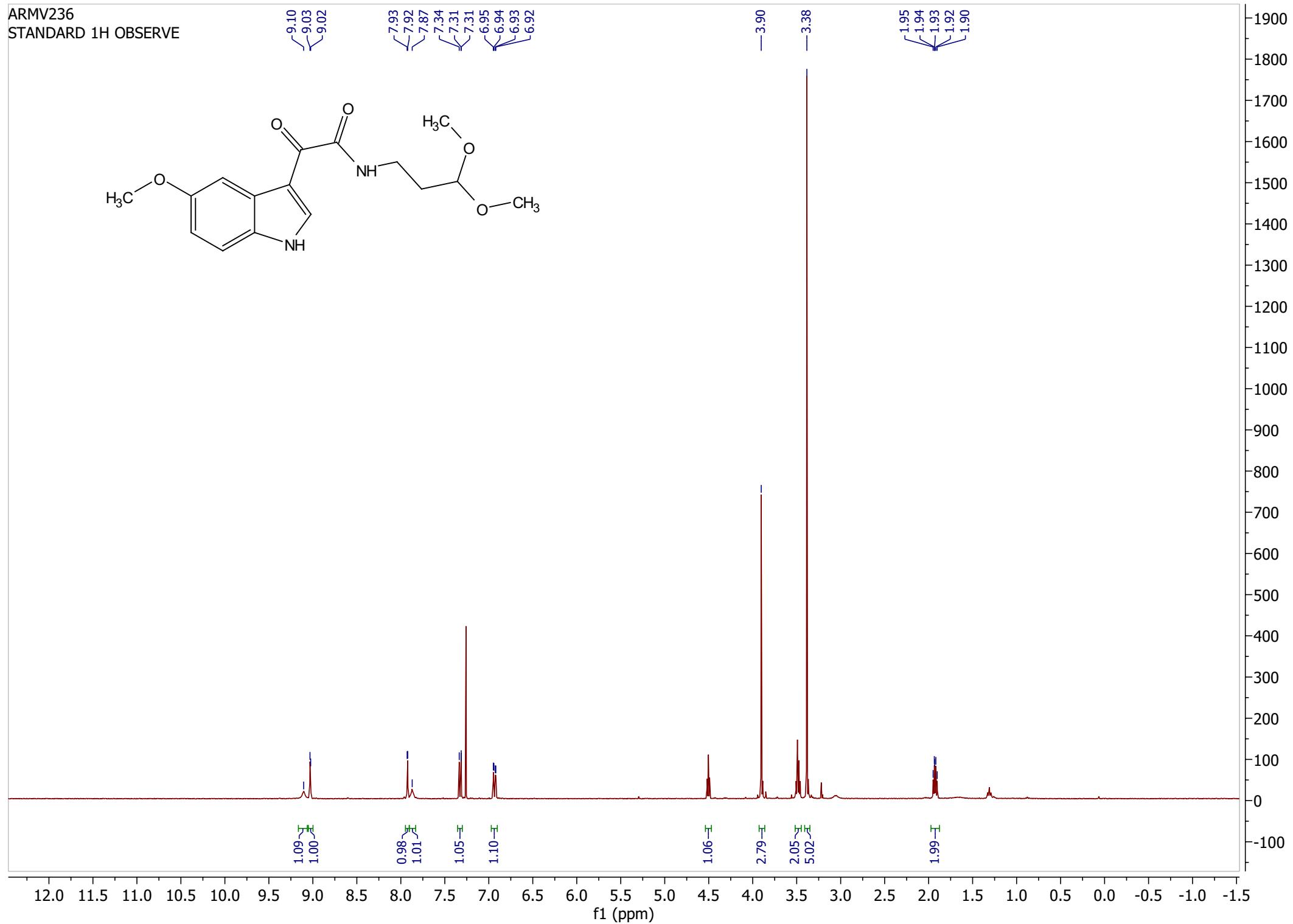
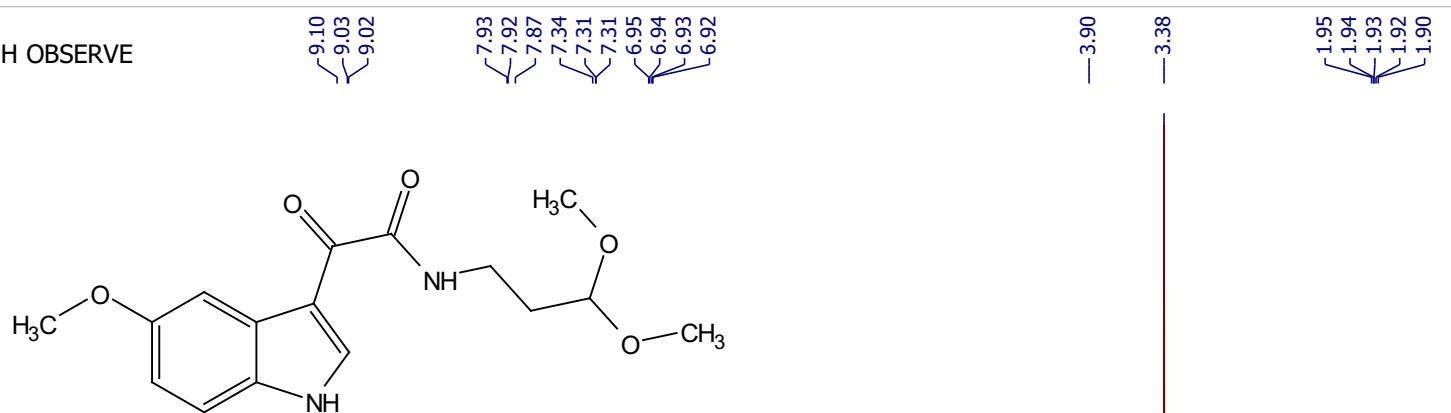
—169.92

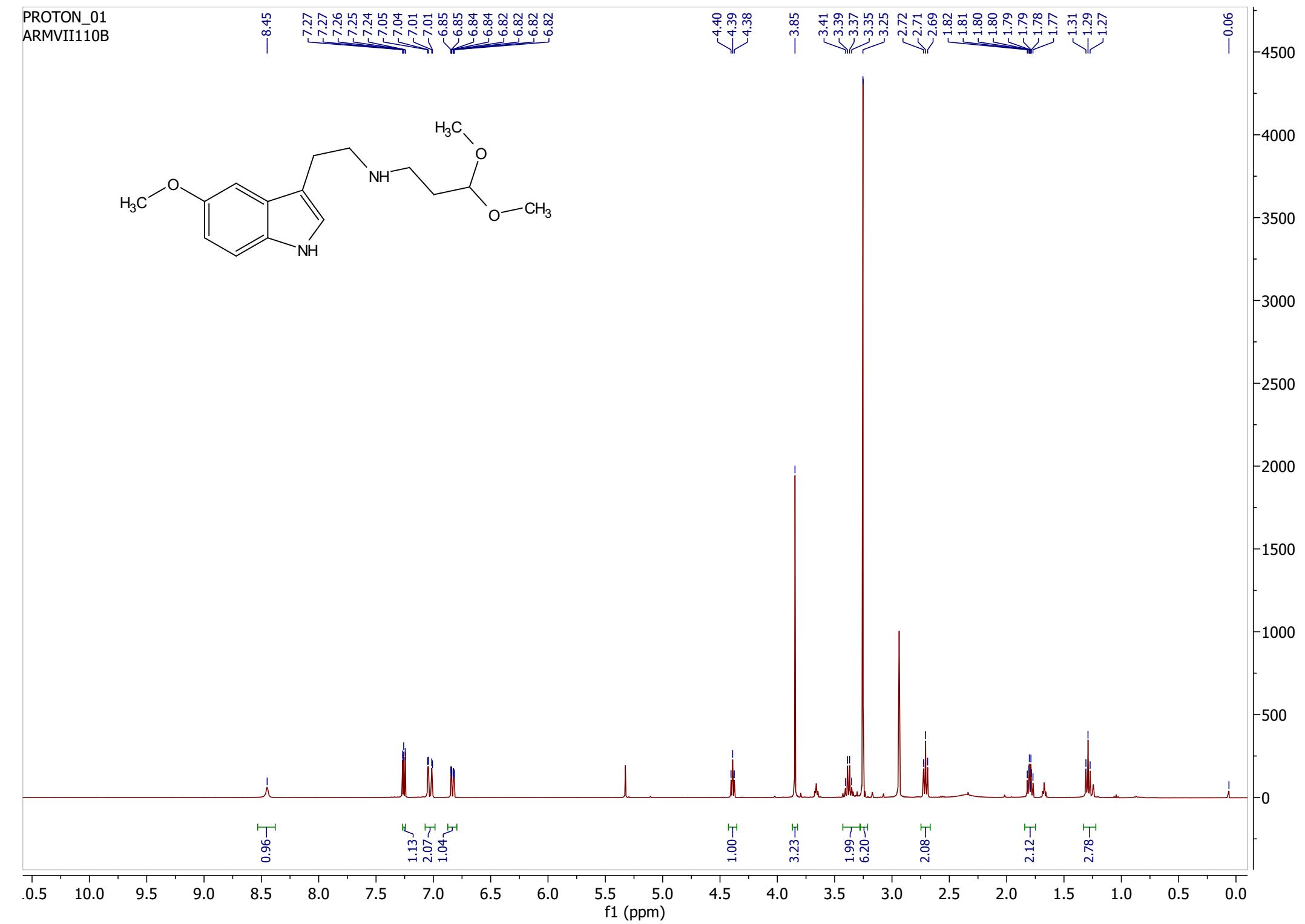
—141.20
—136.35
—135.20
—127.84
—127.33
—127.16
—121.96
—121.43
—119.21
—118.68
—115.45
—111.18

—66.47
—60.33
—57.86
—50.18
—46.64
—44.90
—38.56
—27.52
—22.50
—21.86

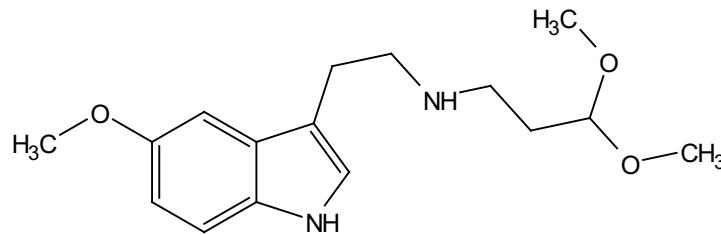


ARMV236
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

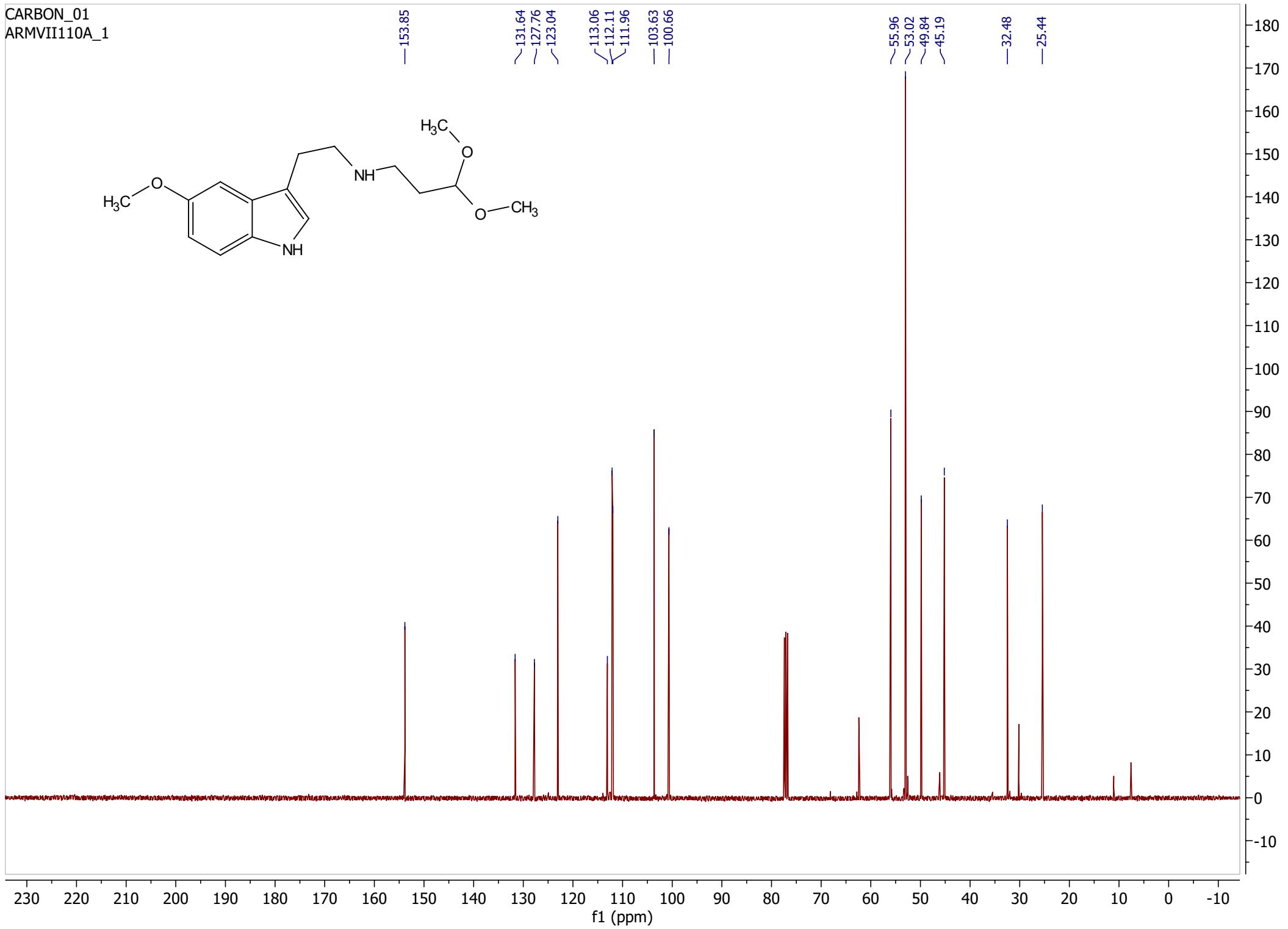


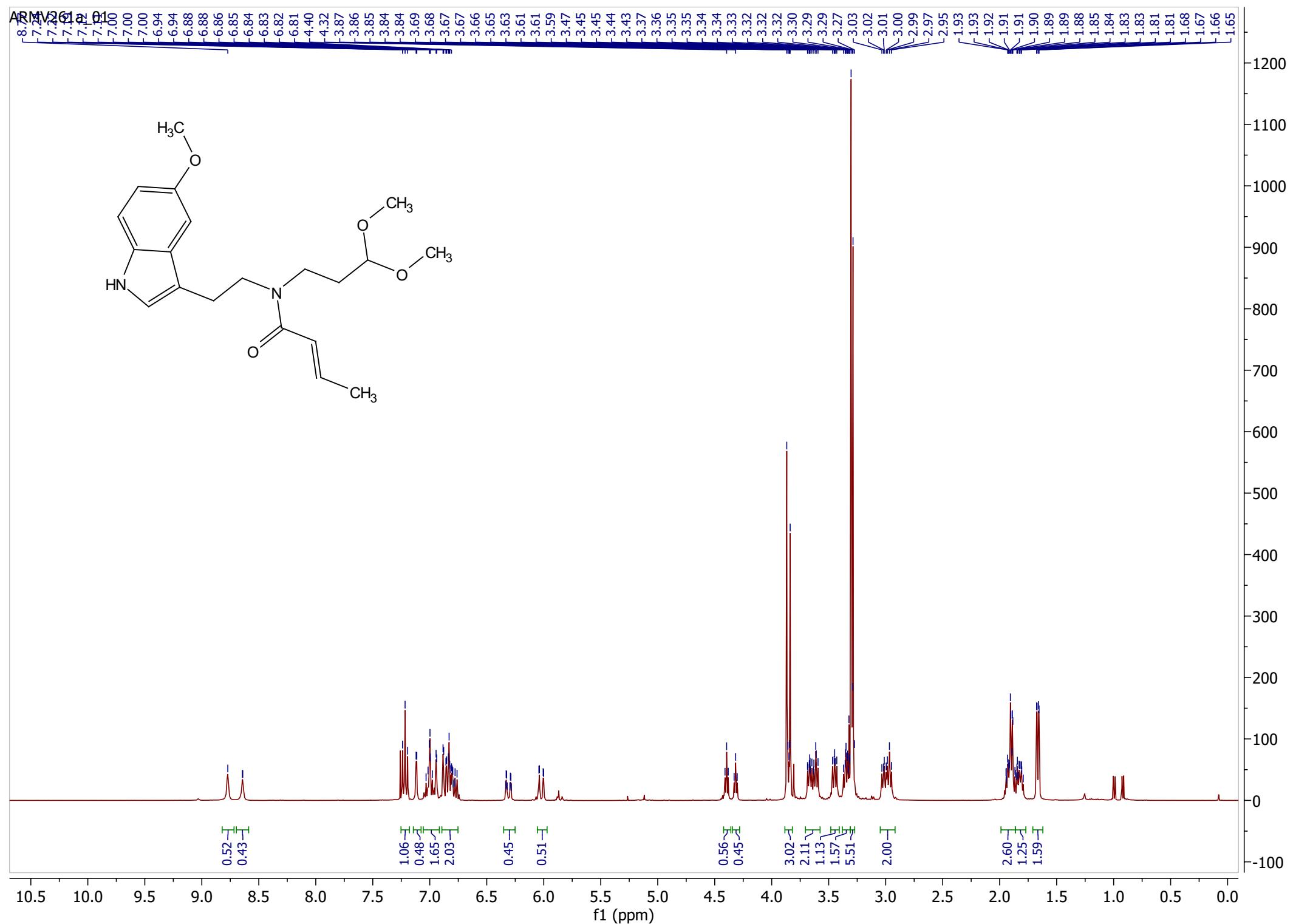


CARBON_01
ARMVII110A_1

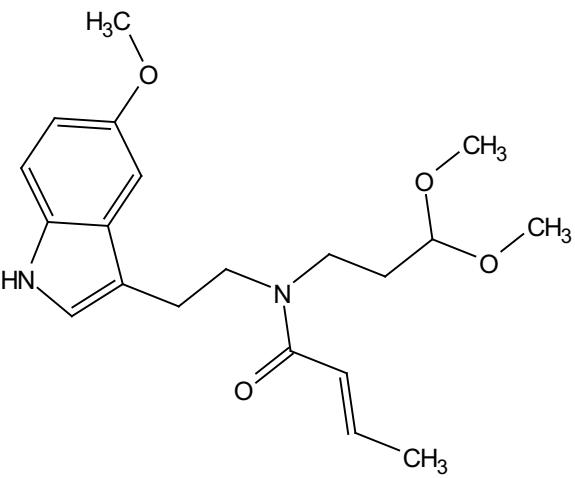


—153.85 —
~131.64
~127.76
~123.04
~113.06
~112.11
~111.96
~103.63
~100.66
—
~55.96
~53.02
~49.84
~45.19
—
—32.48
—25.44



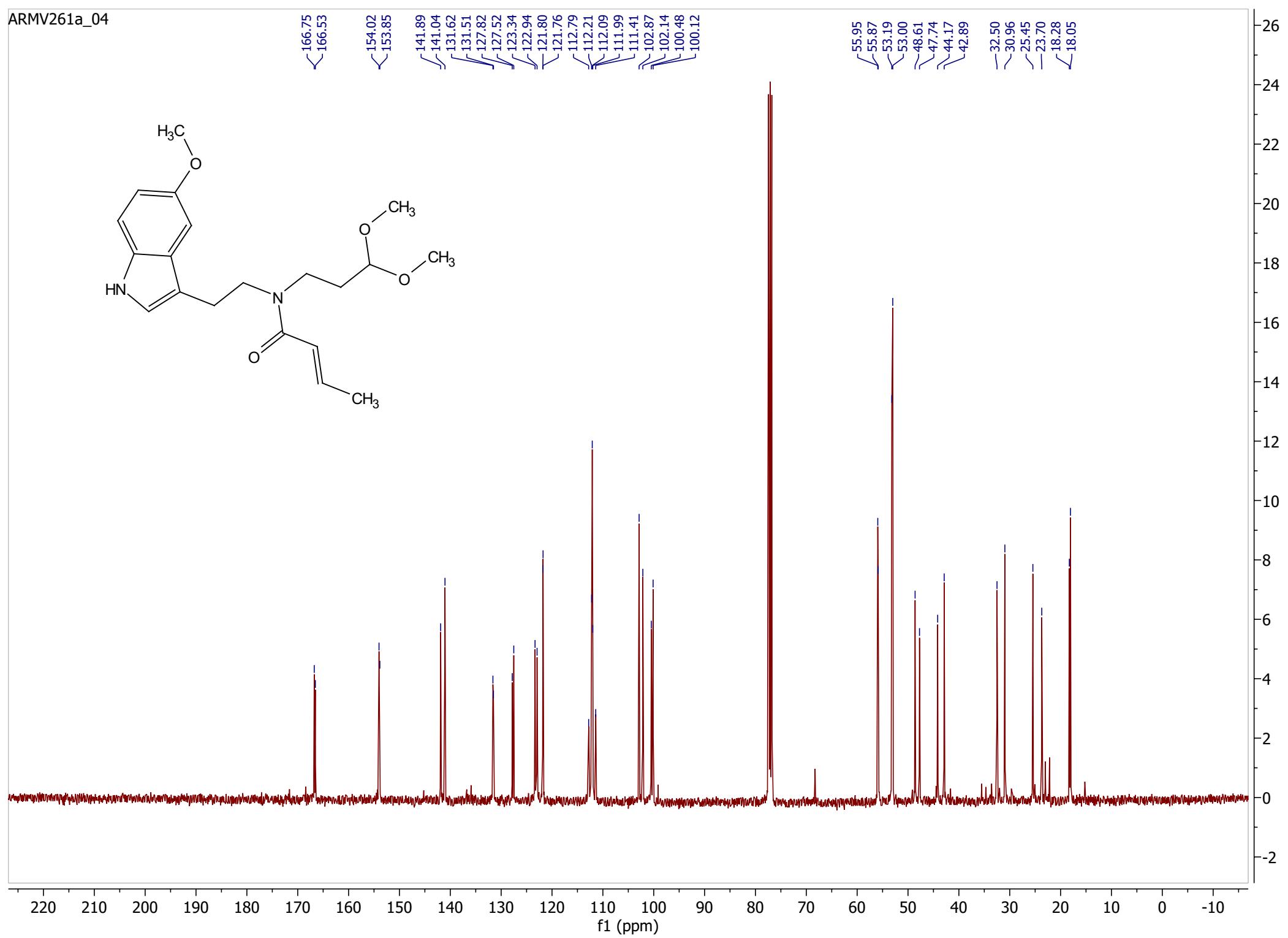


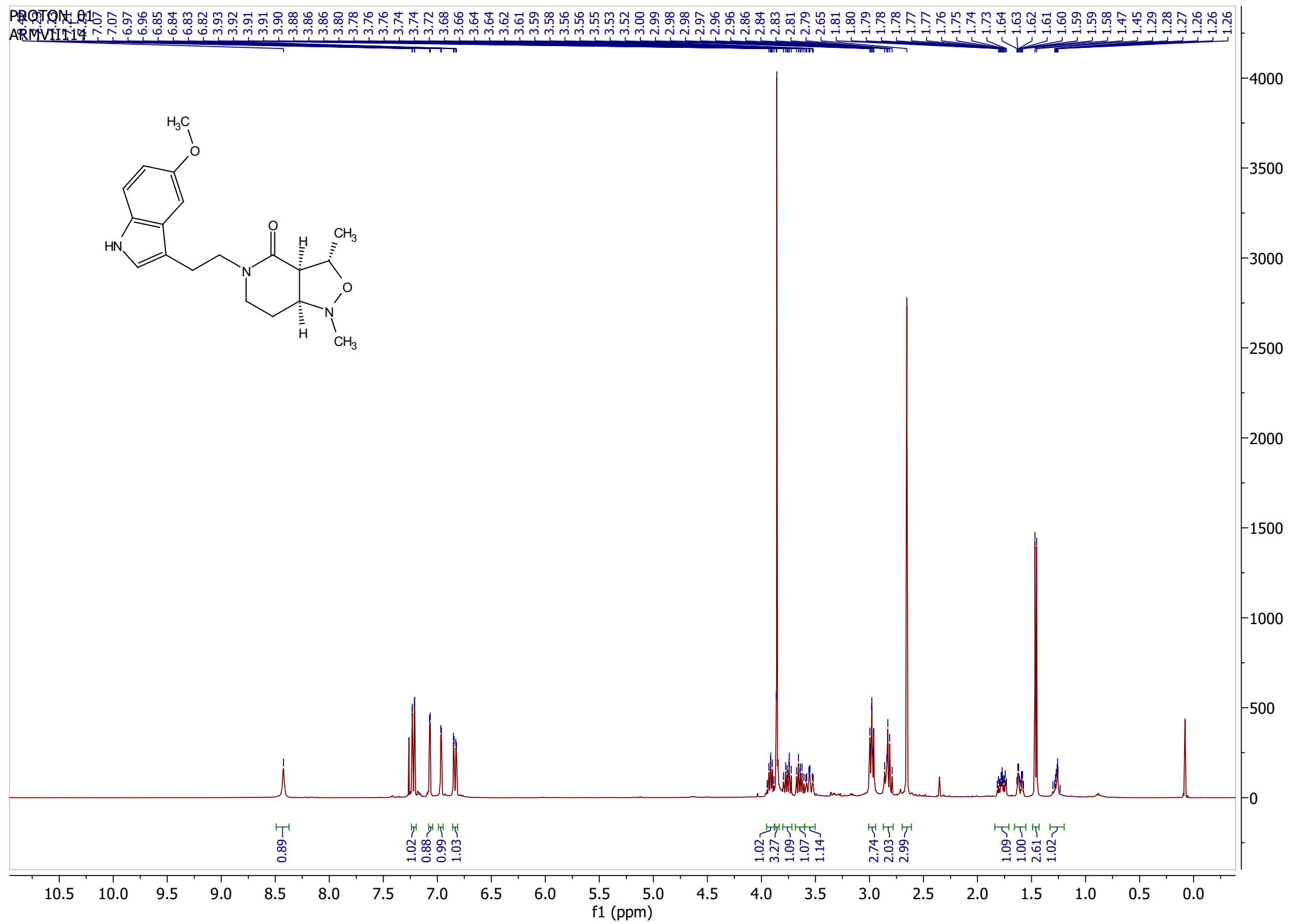
ARMV261a_04



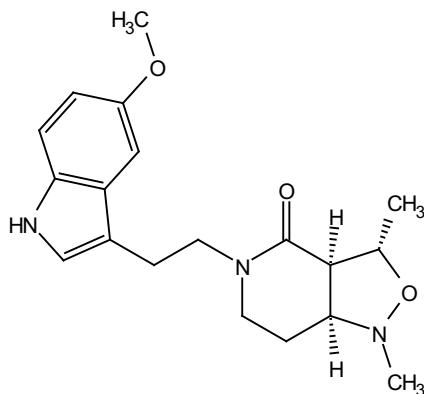
166.75
166.53
154.02
153.85
141.89
141.04
131.62
131.51
127.82
127.52
123.34
122.94
121.80
121.76
112.79
112.21
112.09
111.99
111.41
102.87
102.14
100.48
100.12

55.95
55.87
53.19
53.00
48.61
47.74
44.17
42.89

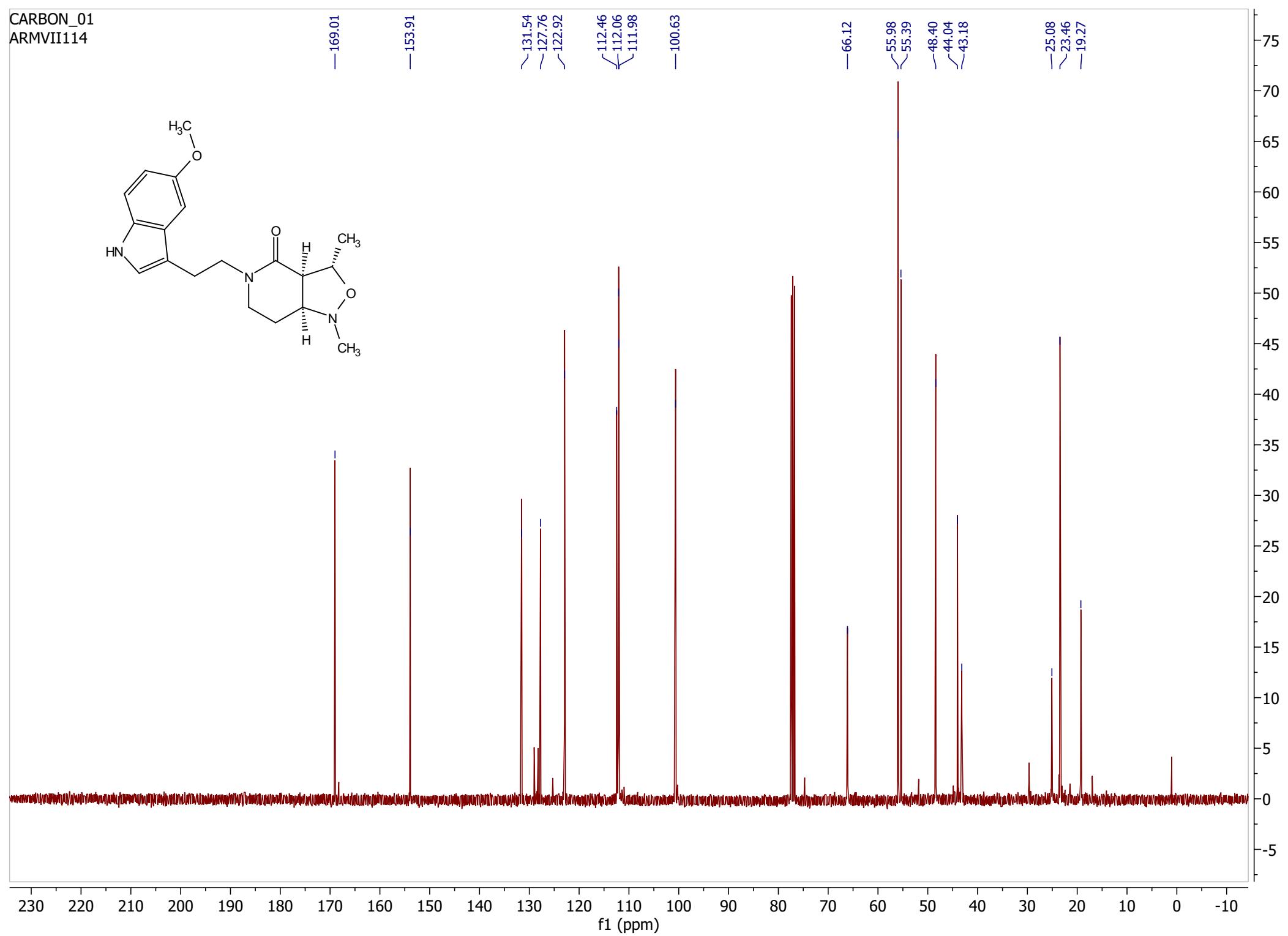




CARBON_01
ARMVII114



—169.01 —153.91 —100.63 —66.12 —25.08
~131.54 ~127.76 ~122.92 ~112.46 ~112.06 ~111.98
~55.98 ~55.39 ~48.40 ~44.04 ~43.18
~23.46 ~19.27



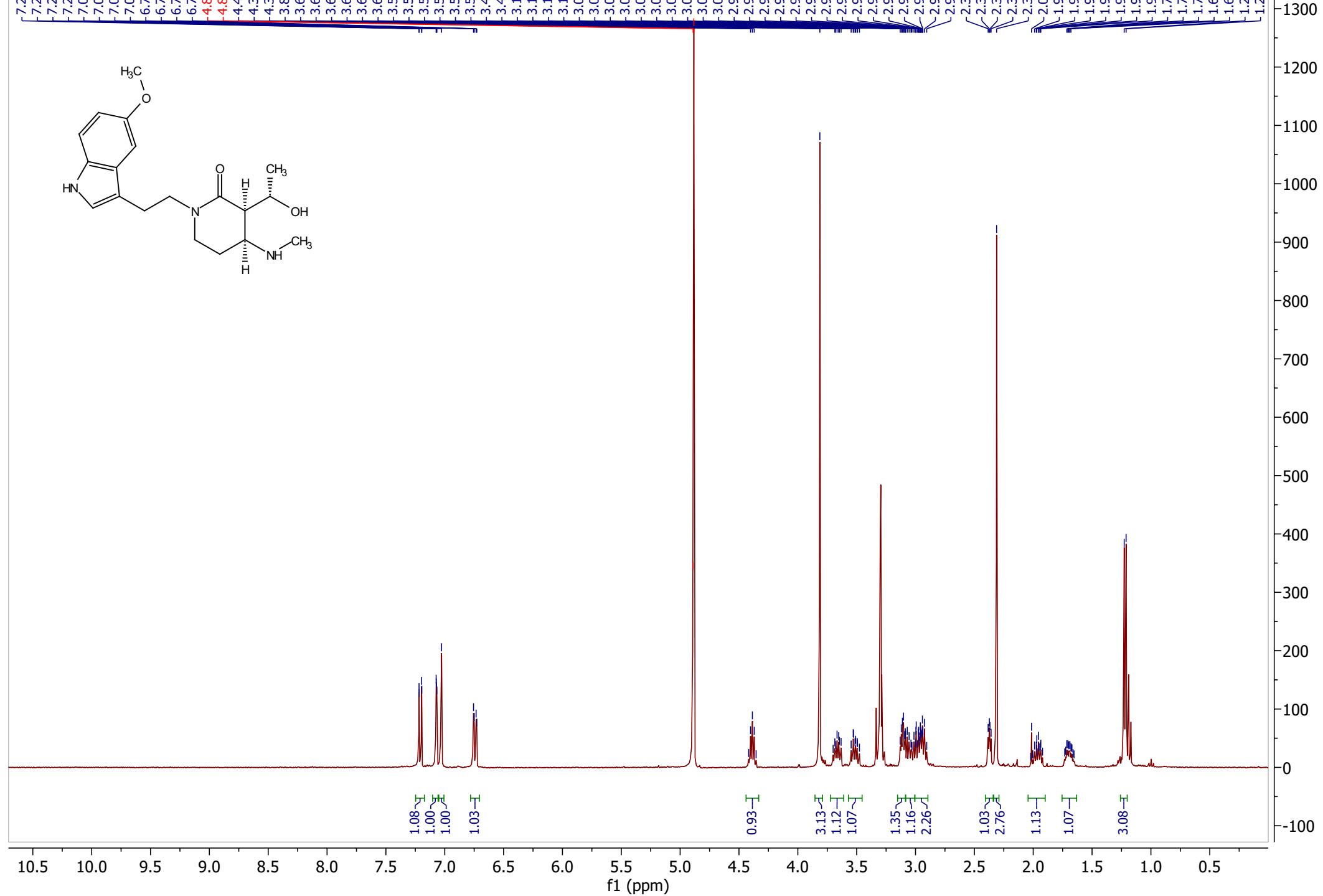
ARMV230BCd3od

STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

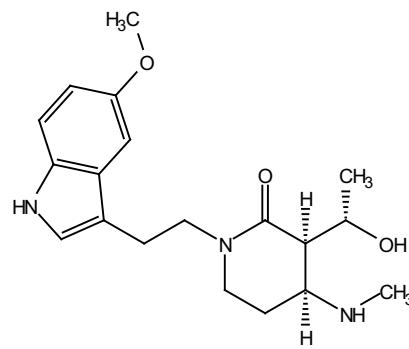
7.22
7.20
7.07
7.07
6.76
6.75
6.73
6.73

-4.89 HDO

-4.88 HDO



ARMV230B3_01



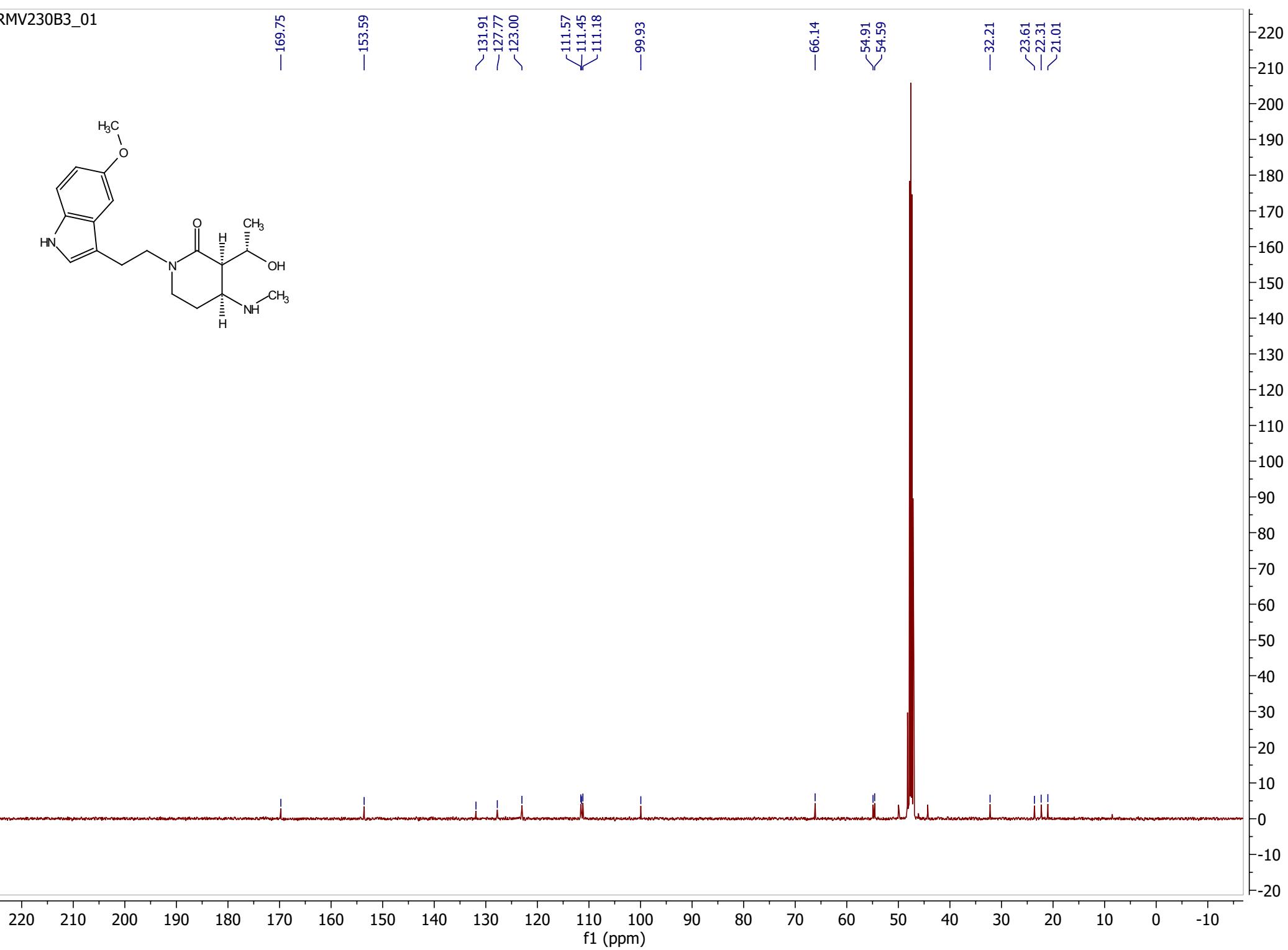
—169.75

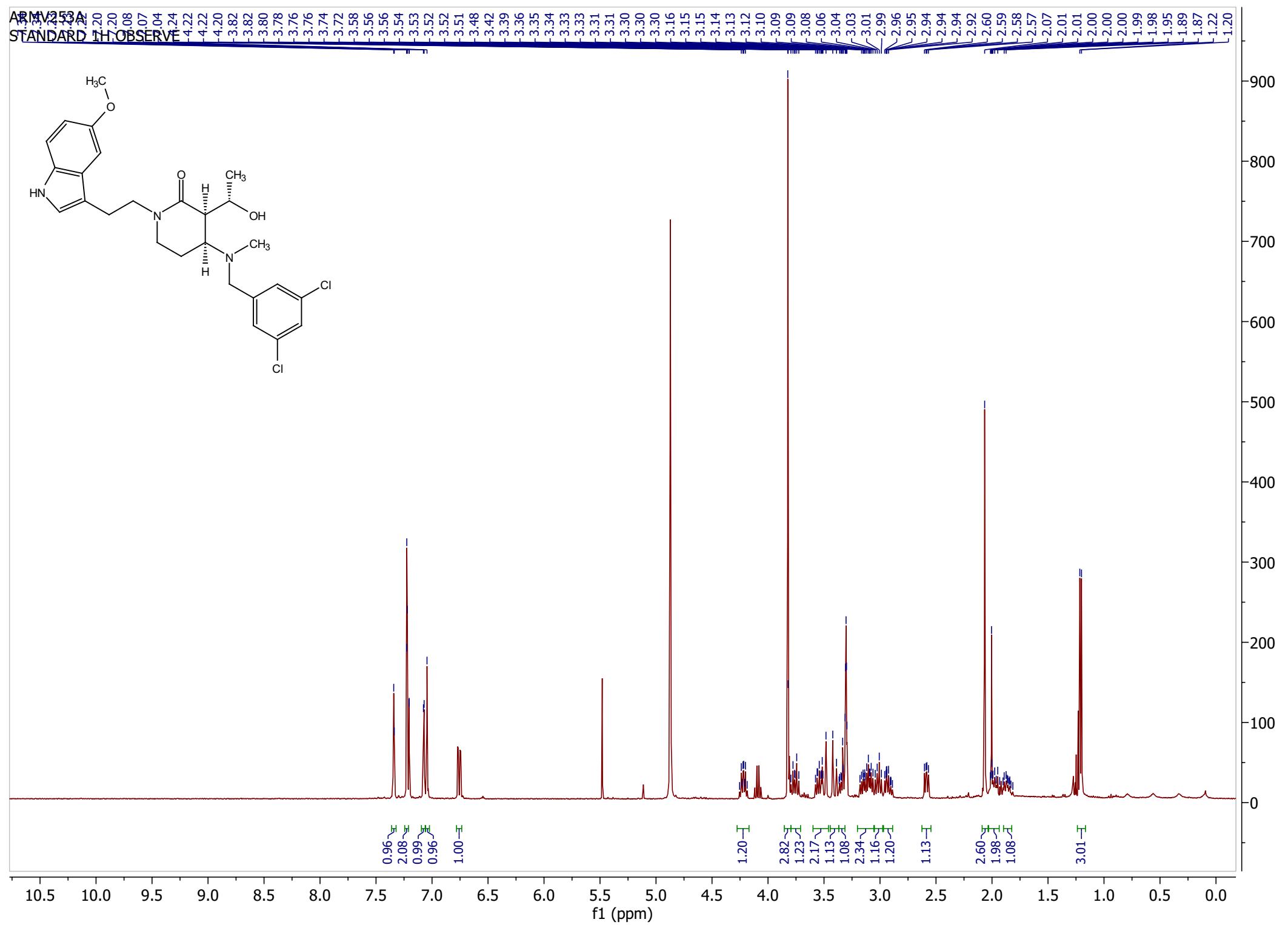
—153.59

 \sim 131.91
—127.77
 \sim 123.00111.57
111.45
111.18

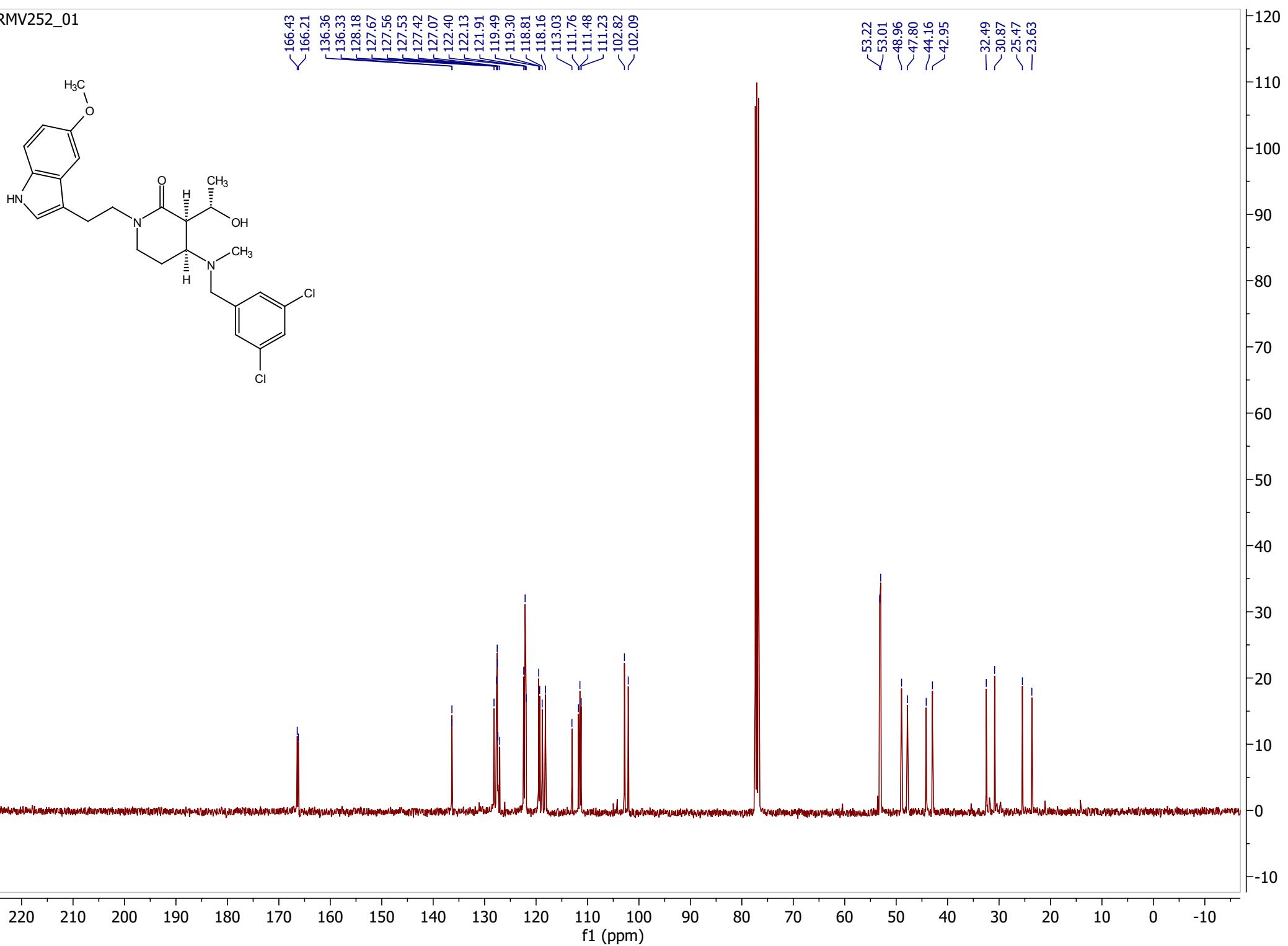
—99.93

—66.14

54.91
54.59—32.21
 \sim 23.61
 \sim 22.31
 \sim 21.01

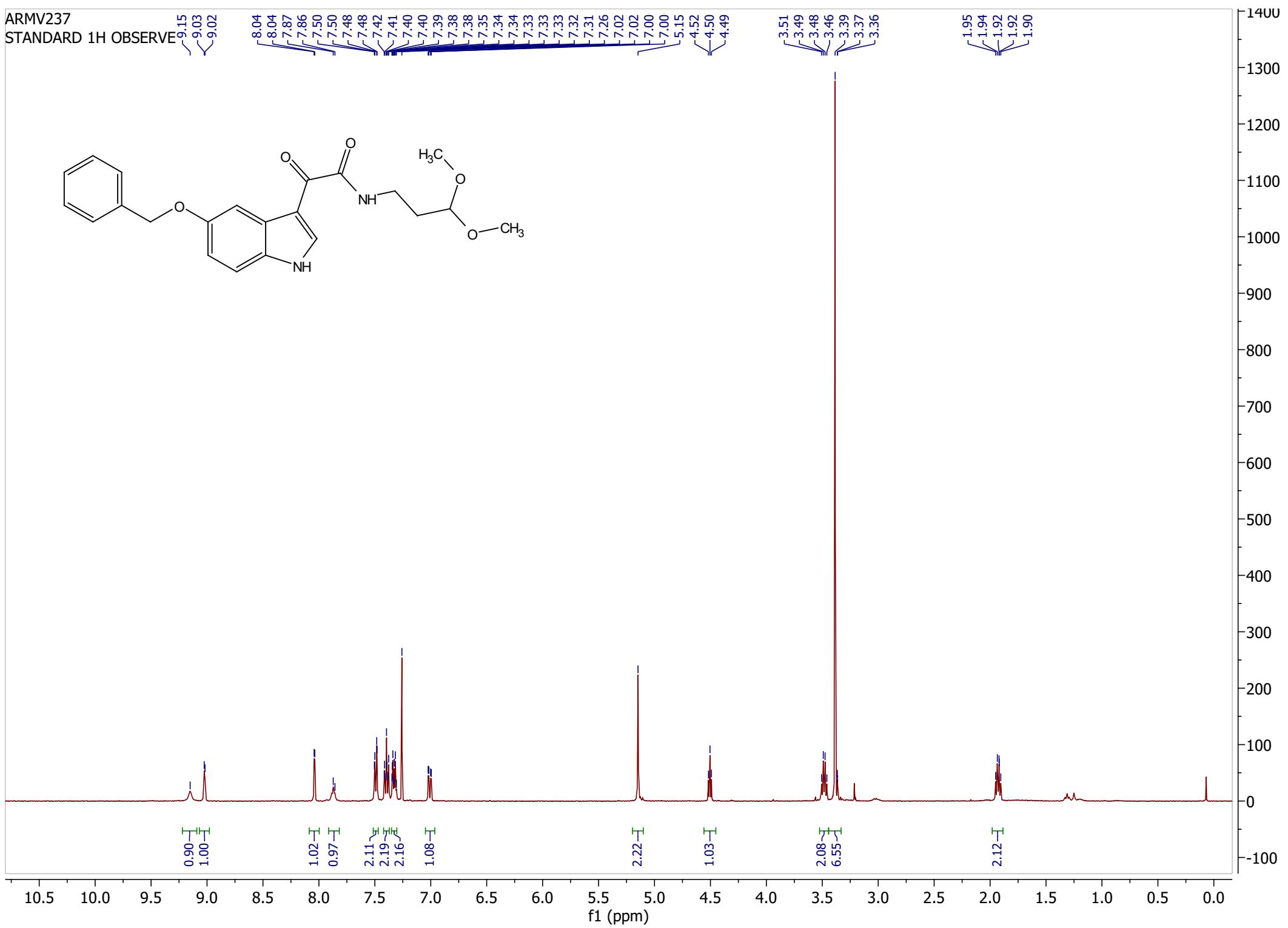


ARMV252_01

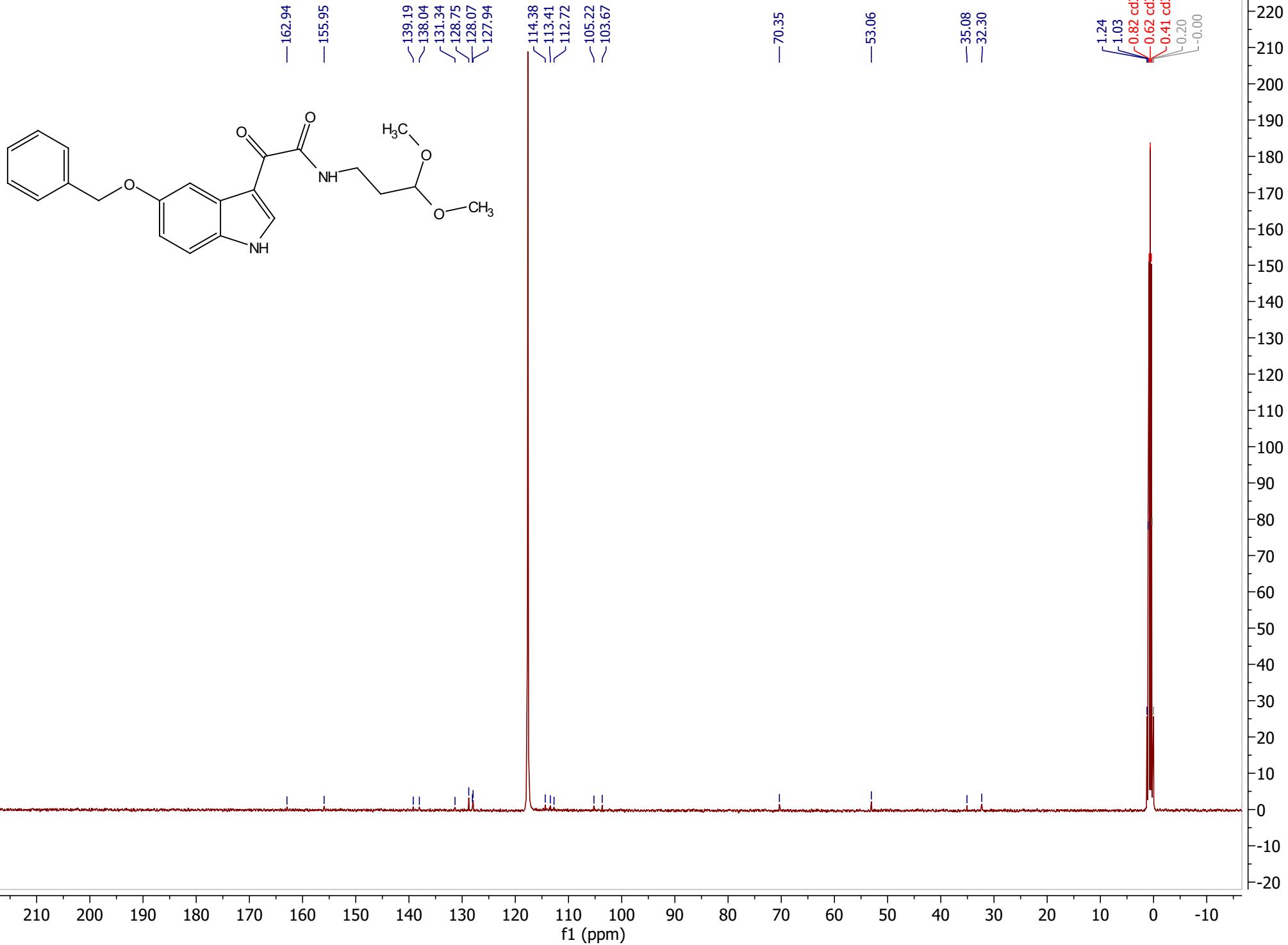


ARMV237

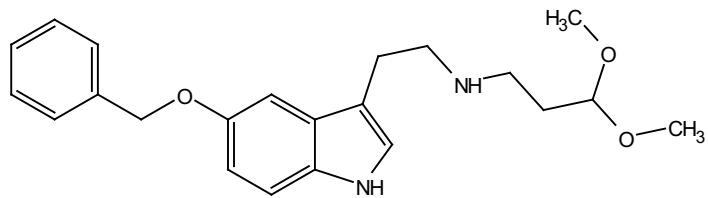
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



ARMV227B_01



PROTON_01
ARMVII119



—8.42

—5.11

4.43
4.42
4.40

3.28
2.95
2.74
2.72
2.71
1.84
1.83
1.82
1.81
1.81
1.79

1.00

2.06
2.35
1.35
1.13
1.14
1.03
1.17

2.16

0.92

5.19
3.69
1.81

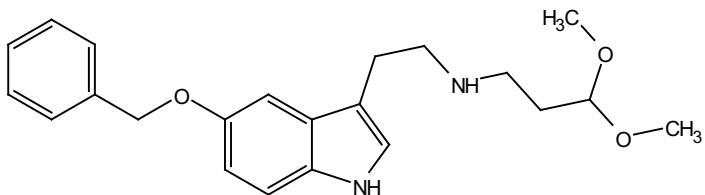
2.03

4 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 -1 -2

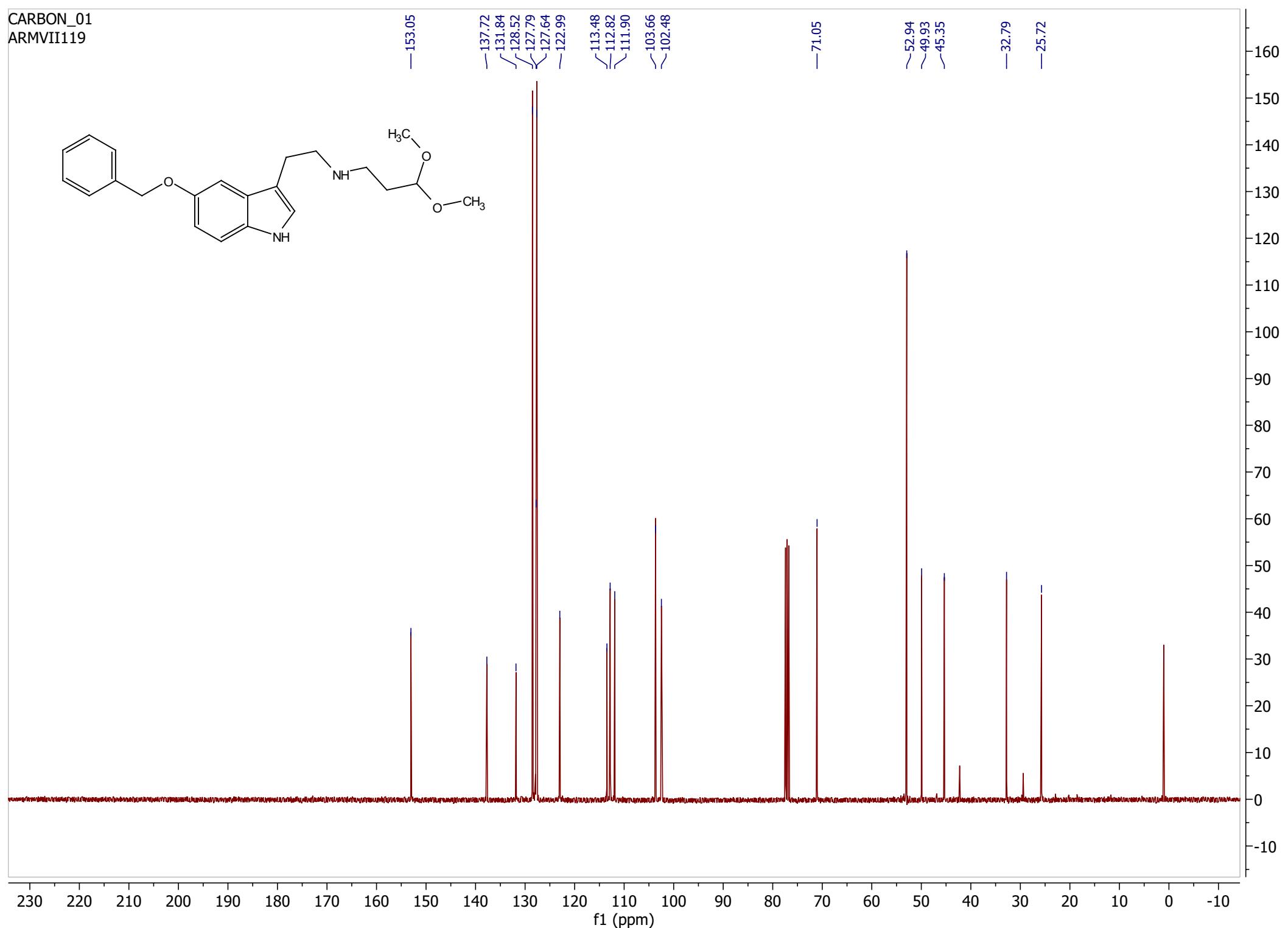
f1 (ppm)

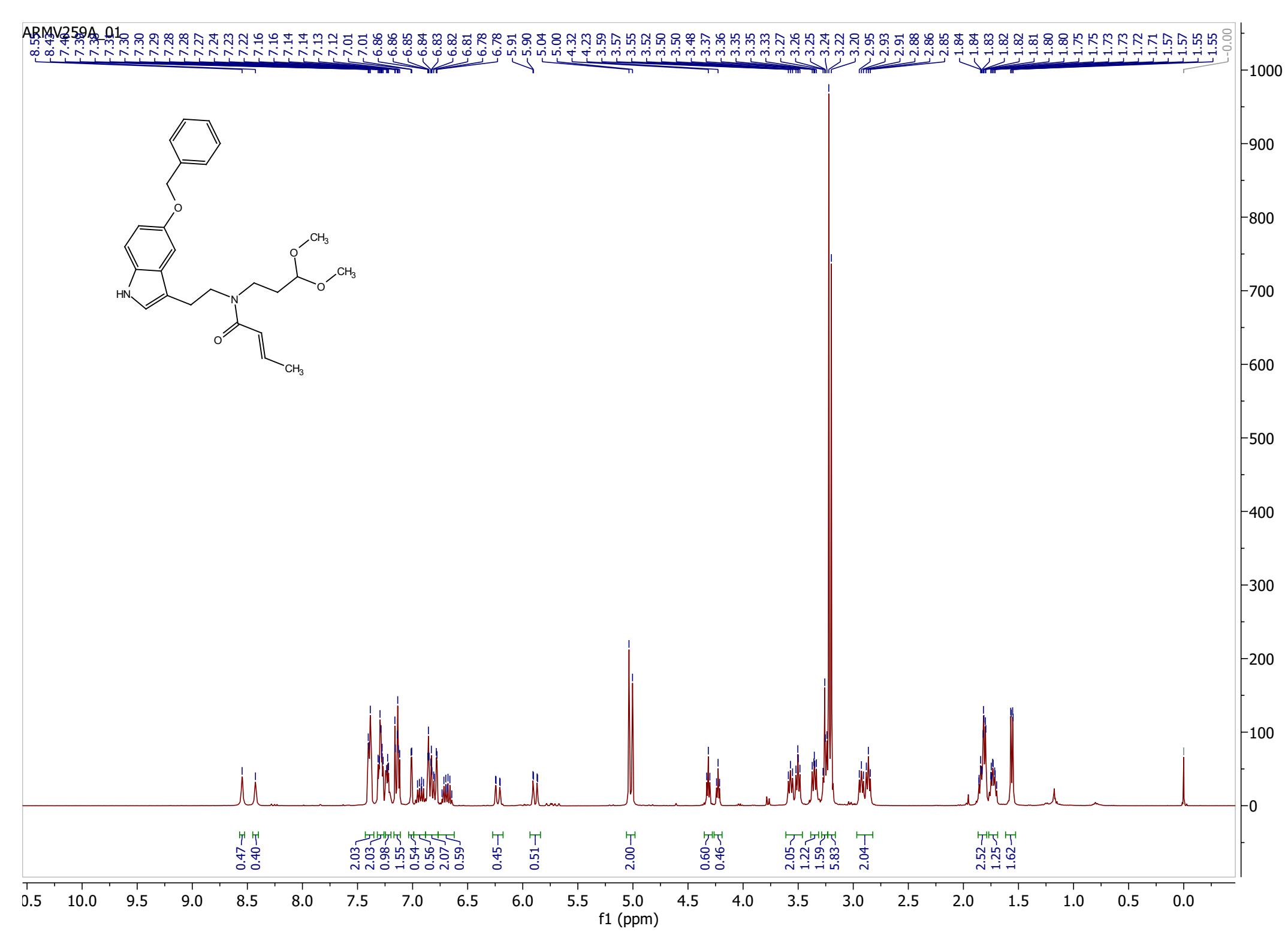
6000
5500
5000
4500
4000
3500
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
-500

CARBON_01
ARMVII119

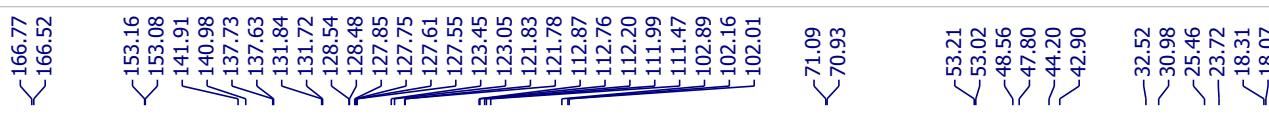
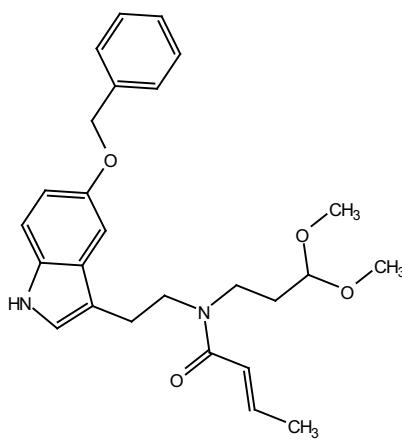


—153.05 —137.72
—131.84 —128.52
—127.79 —127.64
—122.99 —113.48
—112.82 —111.90
—103.66 —102.48
—71.05 —52.94
—49.93 —45.35
—32.79 —25.72



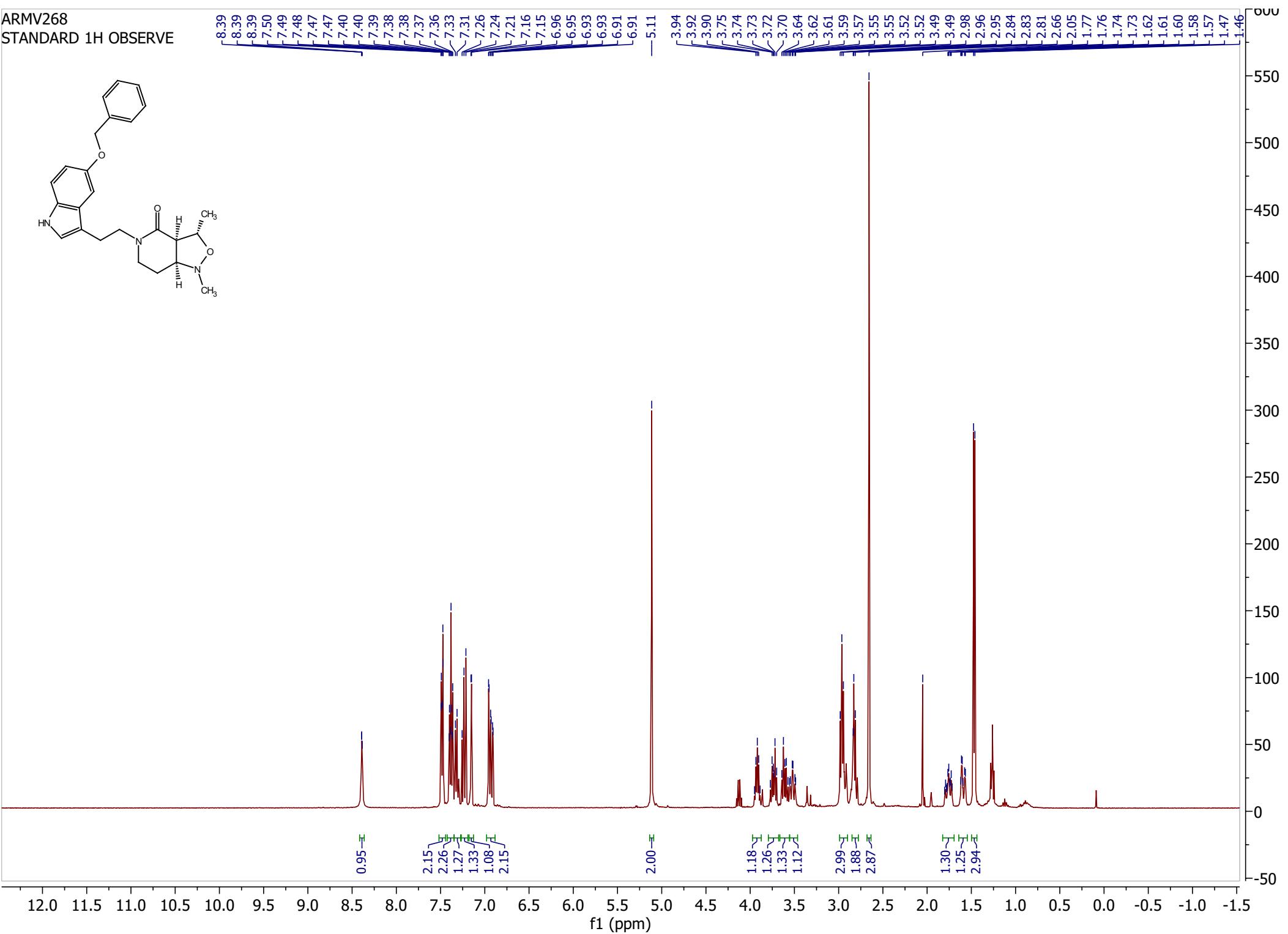
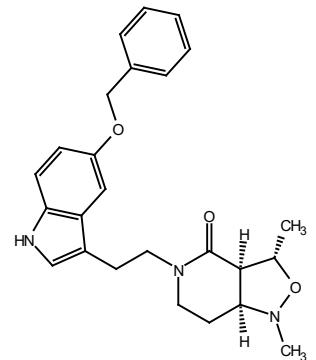


ARMV259A_02

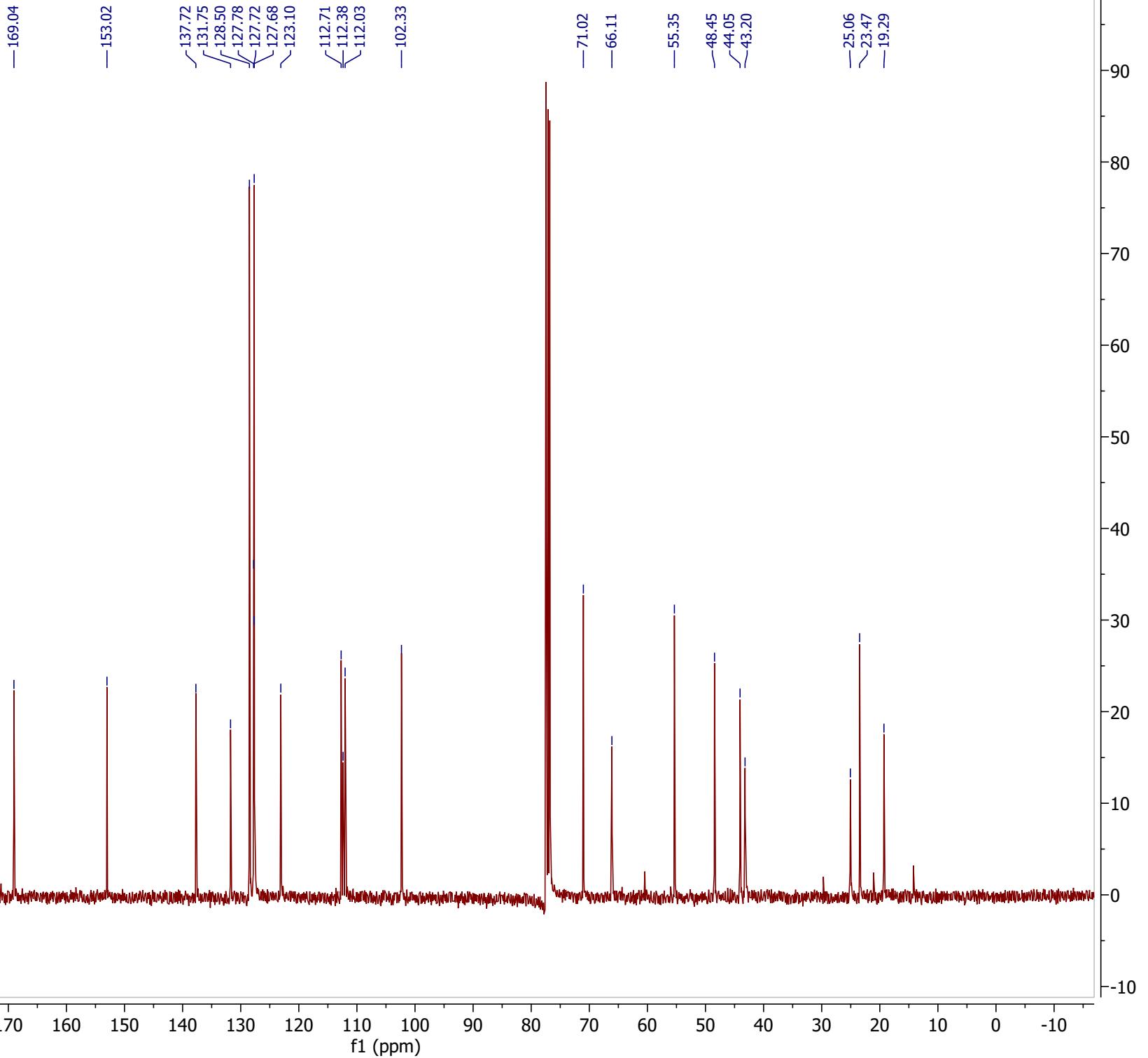
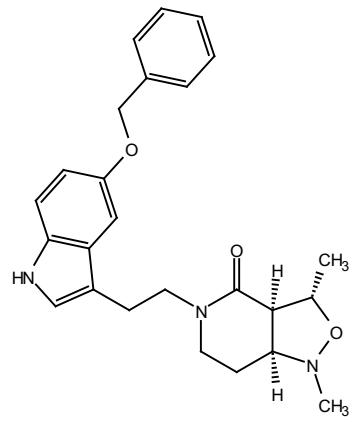


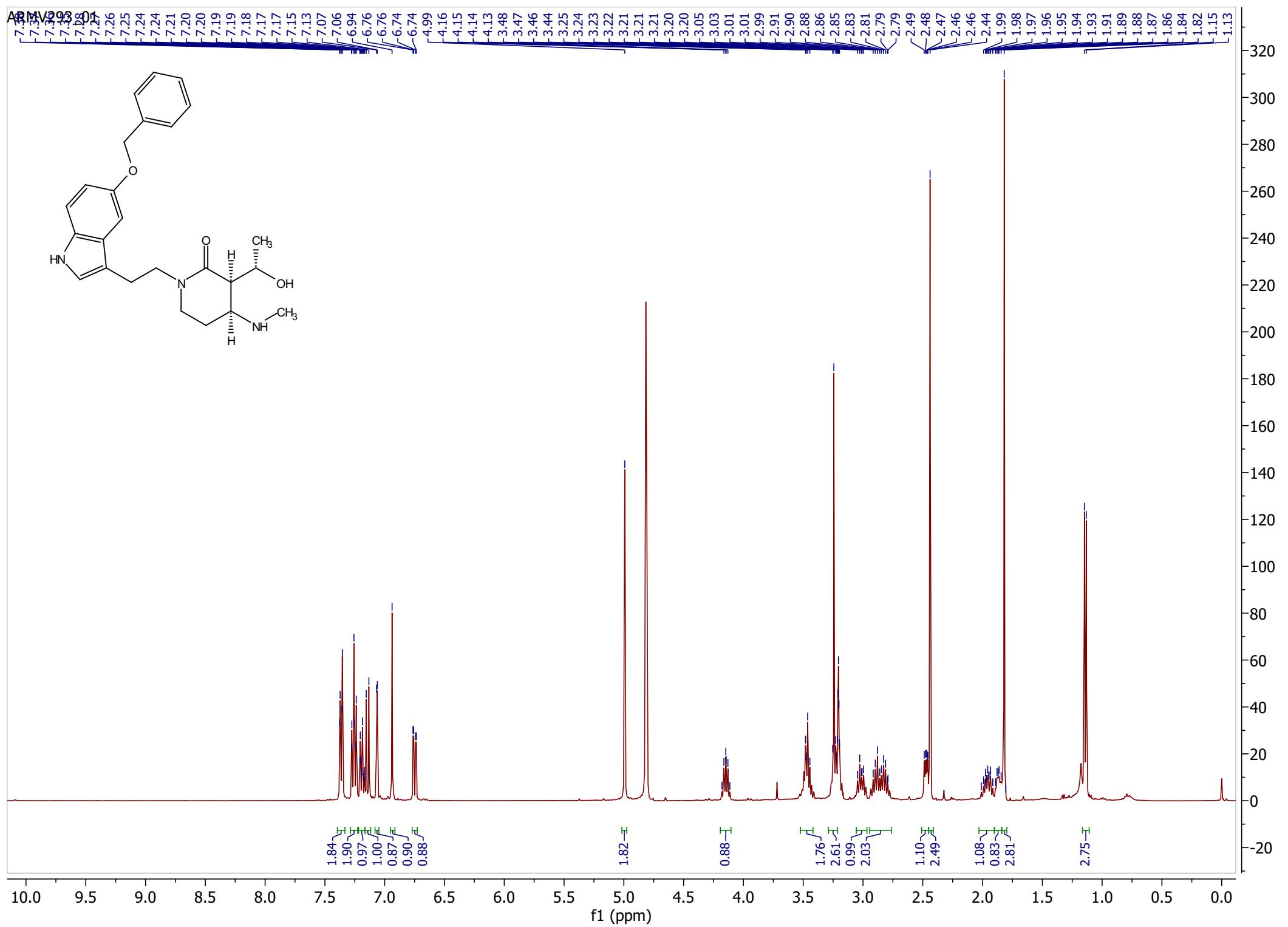
f1 (ppm)

ARMV268
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

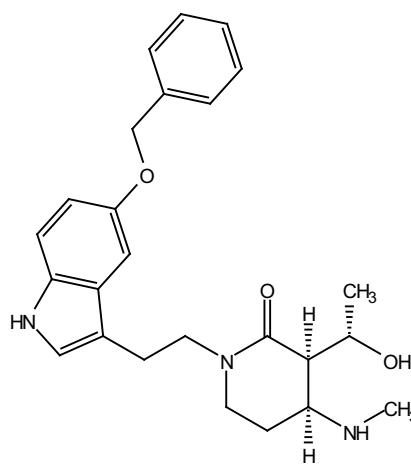


ARMV268_02 1



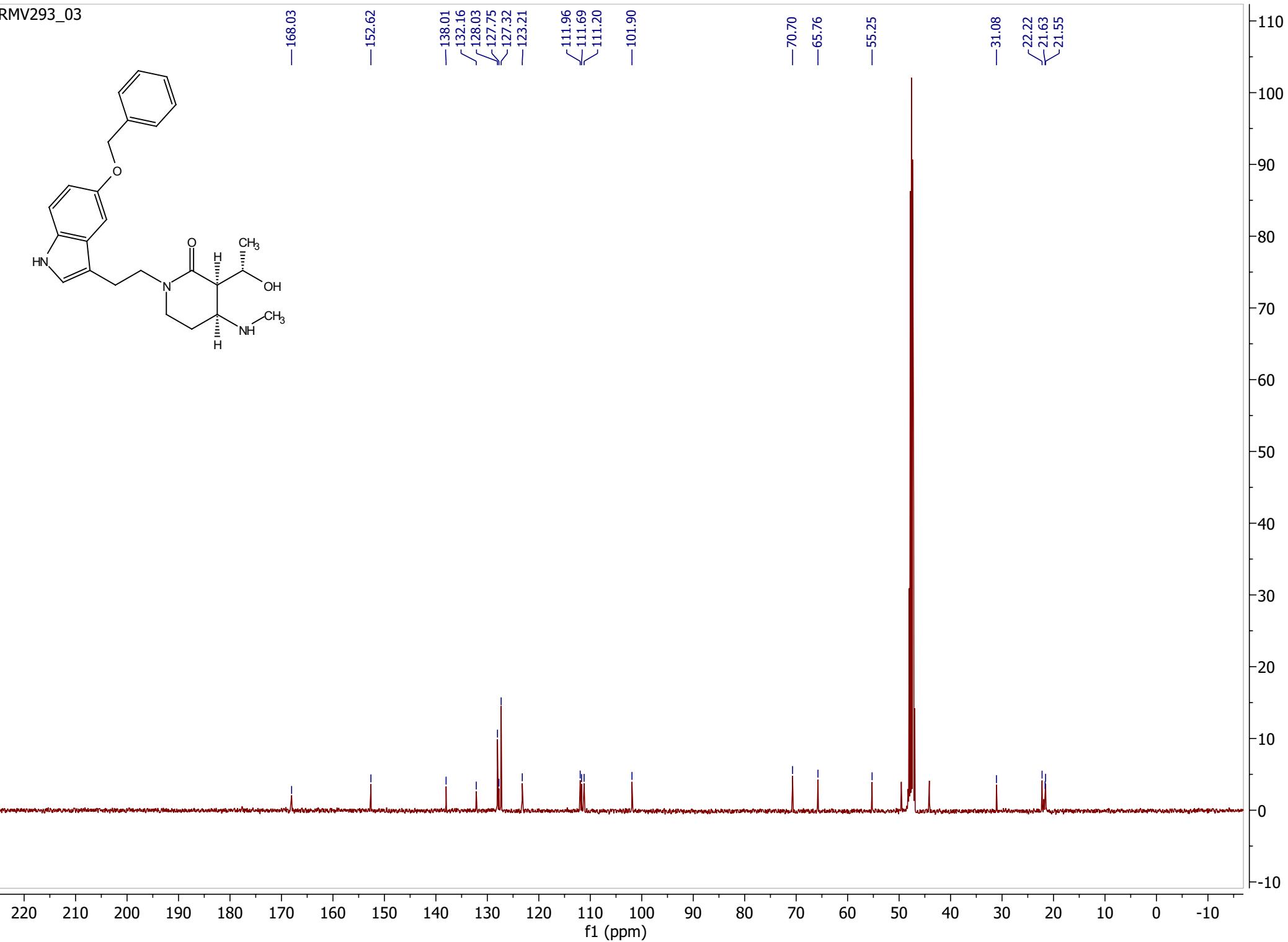


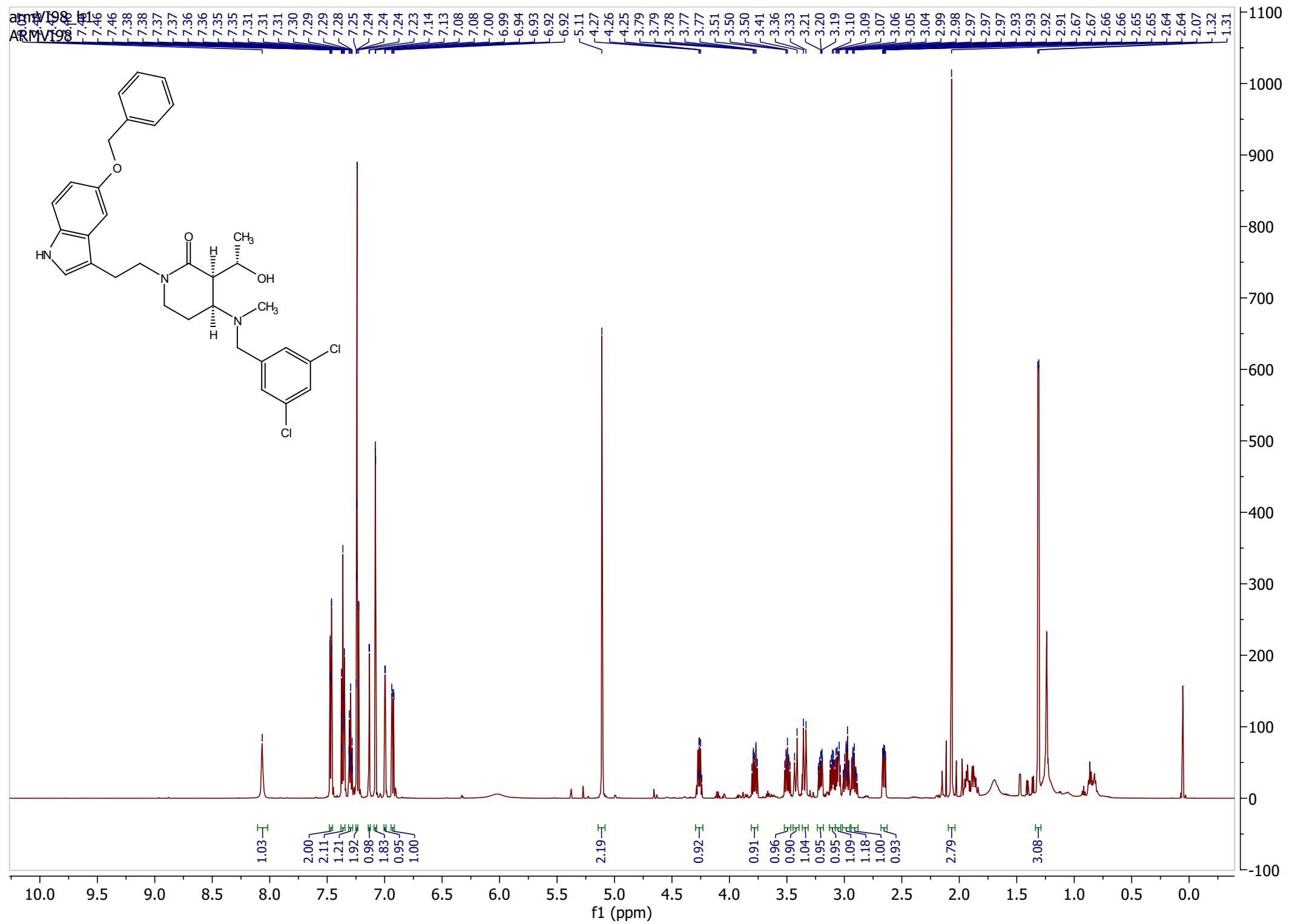
ARMV293_03



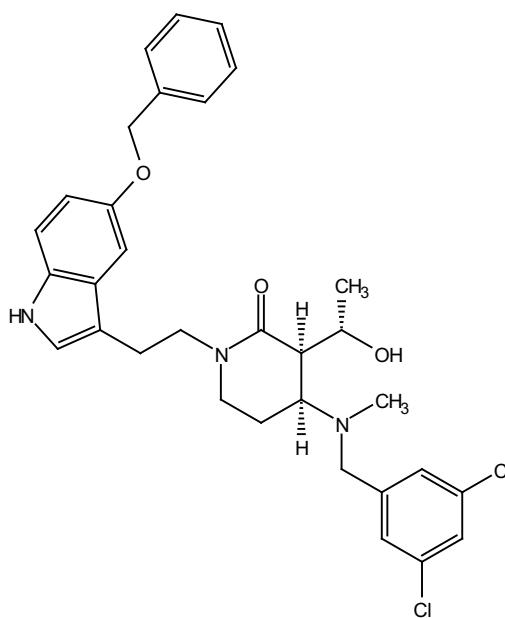
—168.03

—152.62

—138.01
—132.16
—128.03
—127.75
—127.32
—123.21
—101.90—70.70
—65.76
—55.25—31.08
—22.22
—21.63
—21.55



armVI98_c13
ARMVI98



-169.83

-153.12
-137.64
-135.14
-131.62
-128.48
-128.47
-127.83
-127.77
-127.76
-127.58
-127.13
-122.99
-112.75
-112.48
-111.94

-102.43

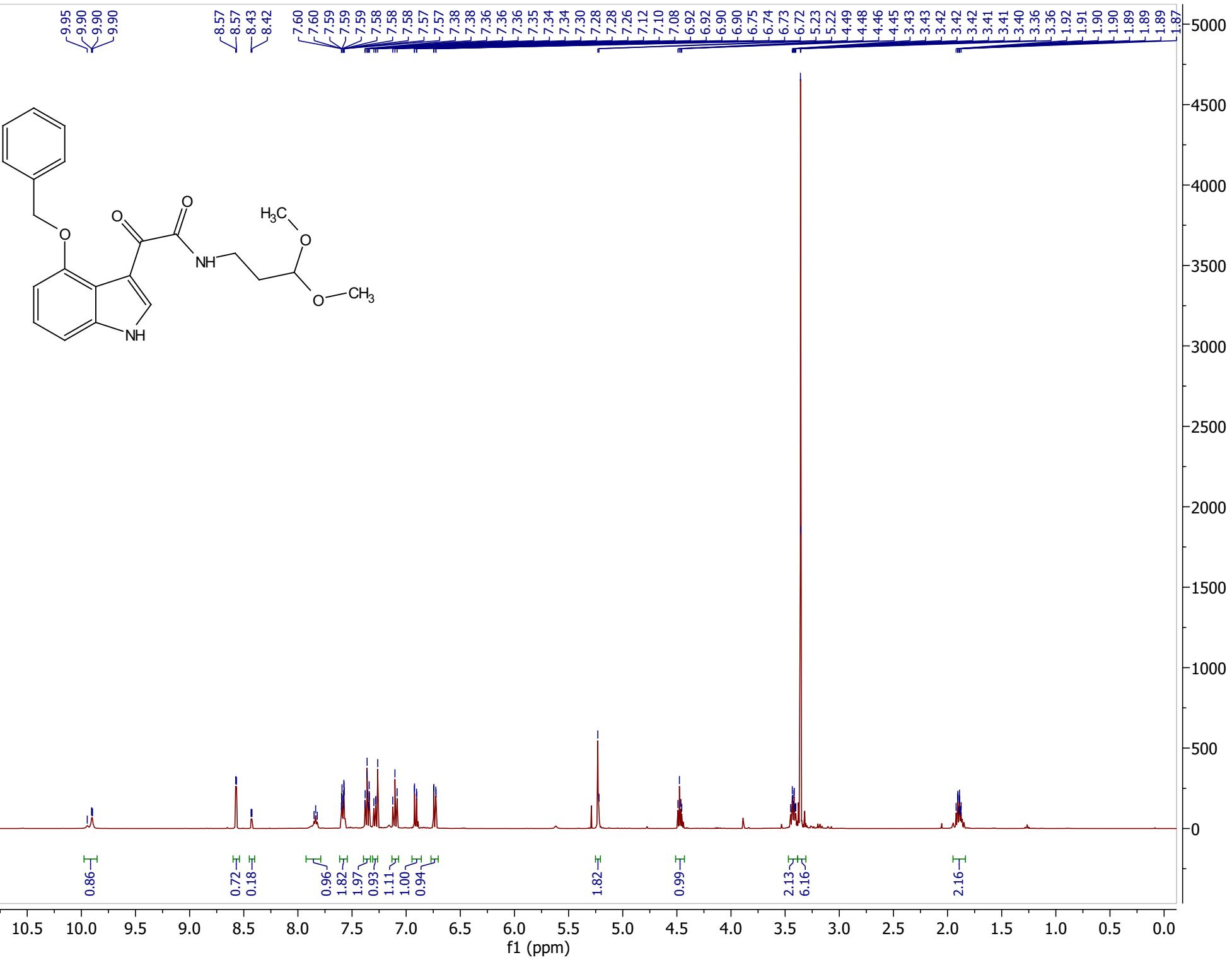
-71.03
-66.45
-60.29
-57.60
-50.14
-47.19
-45.32
-38.55

-23.14
-22.53
-21.75

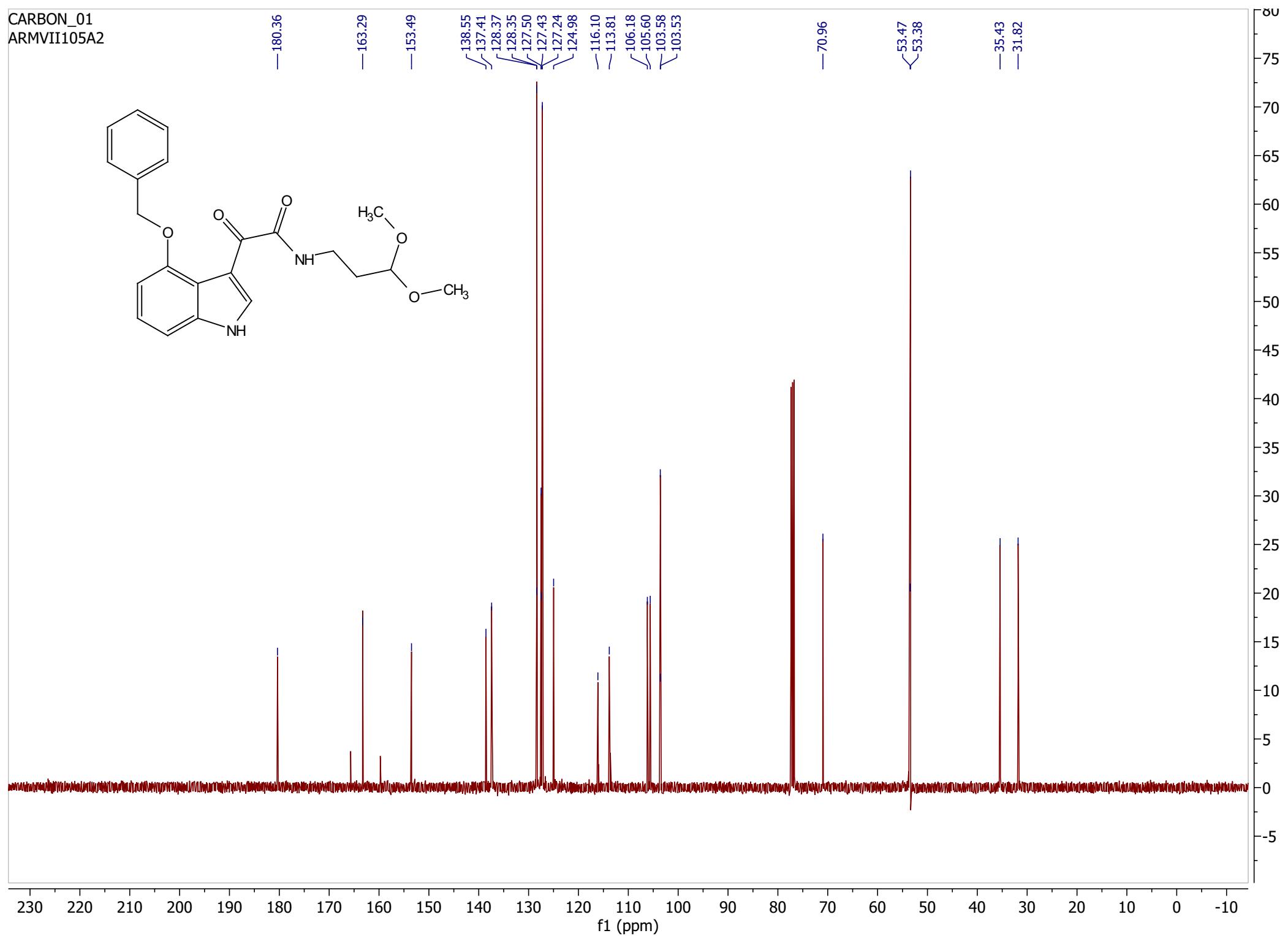
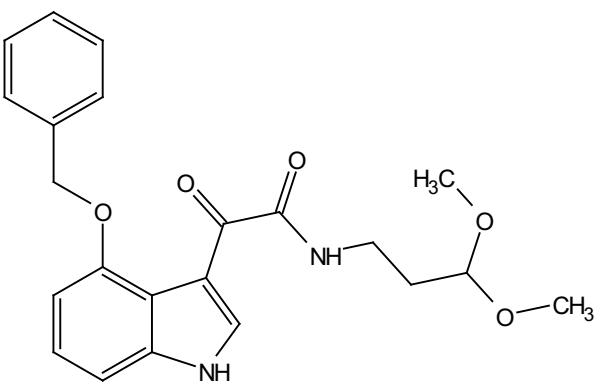
230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

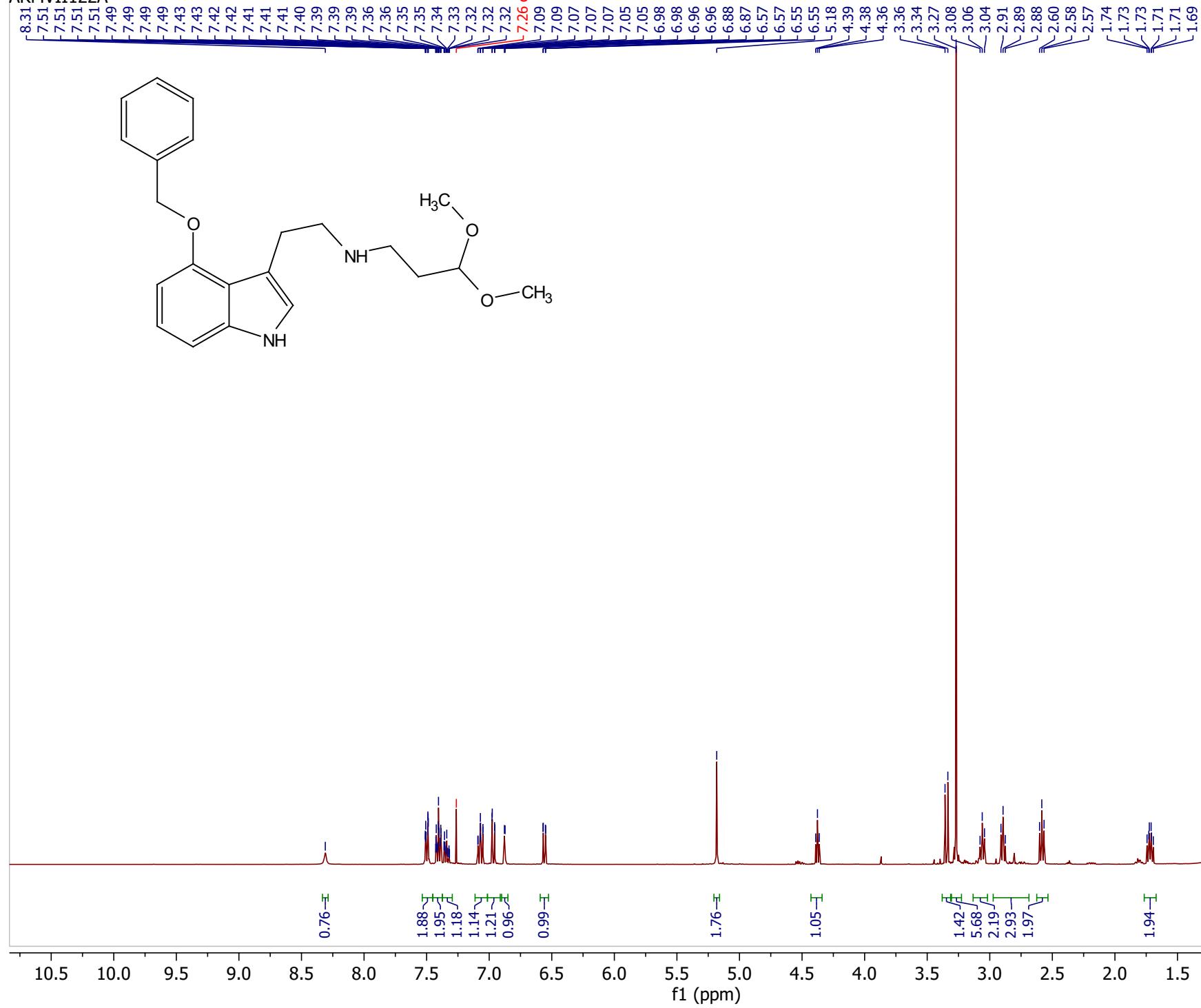
PROTON_01
ARMVII105A2



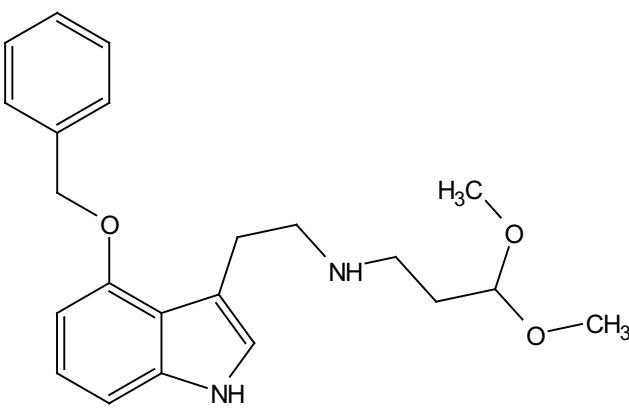
CARBON_01
ARMVII105A2



PROTON_01
ARMVII122A

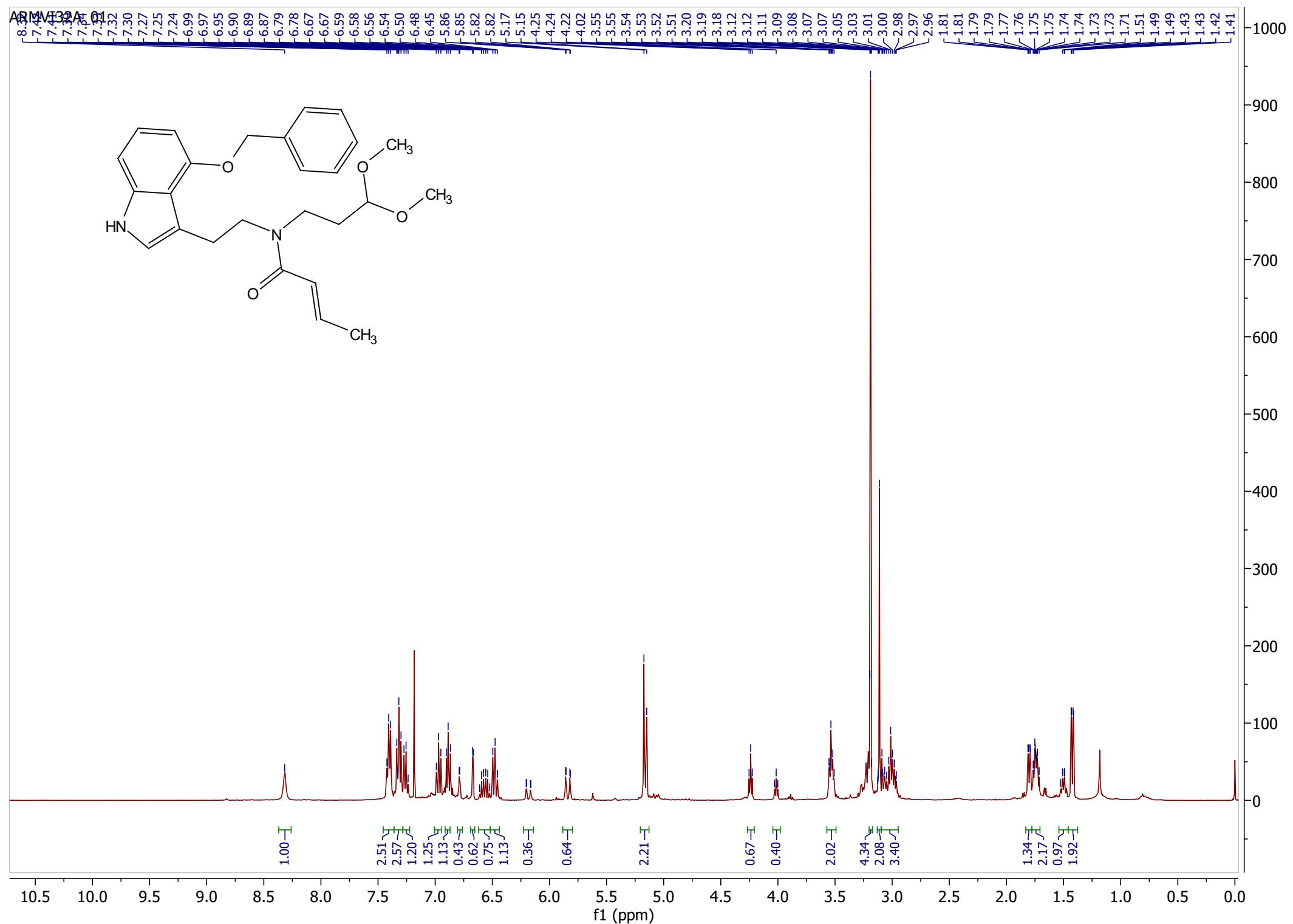


CARBON_01
ARMVII122A

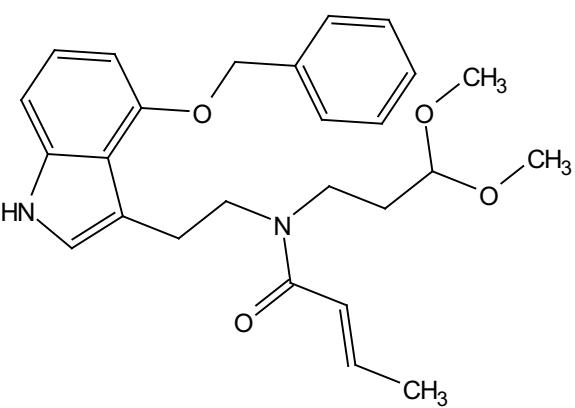


230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)



ARMVI32A_02



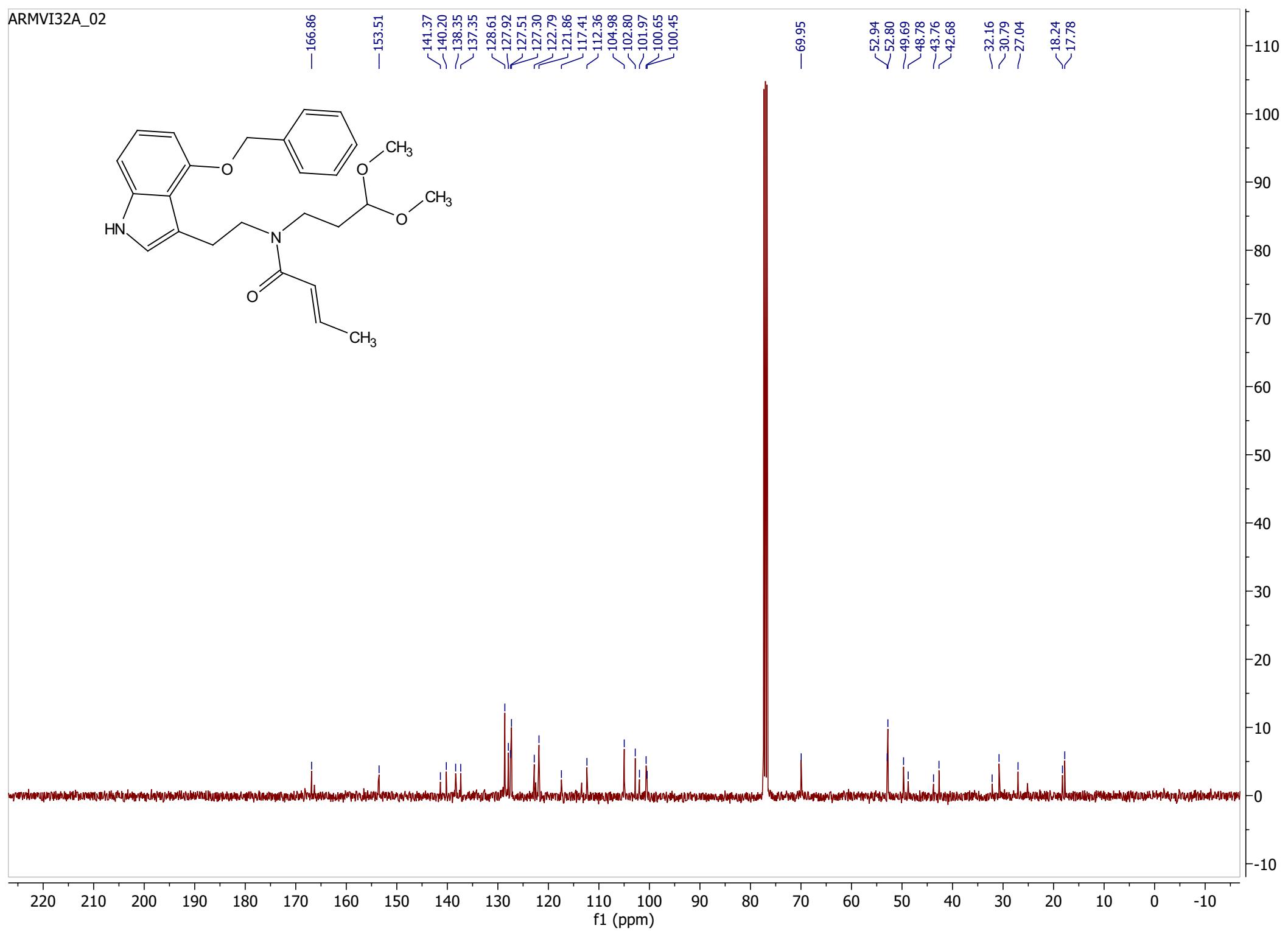
—166.86

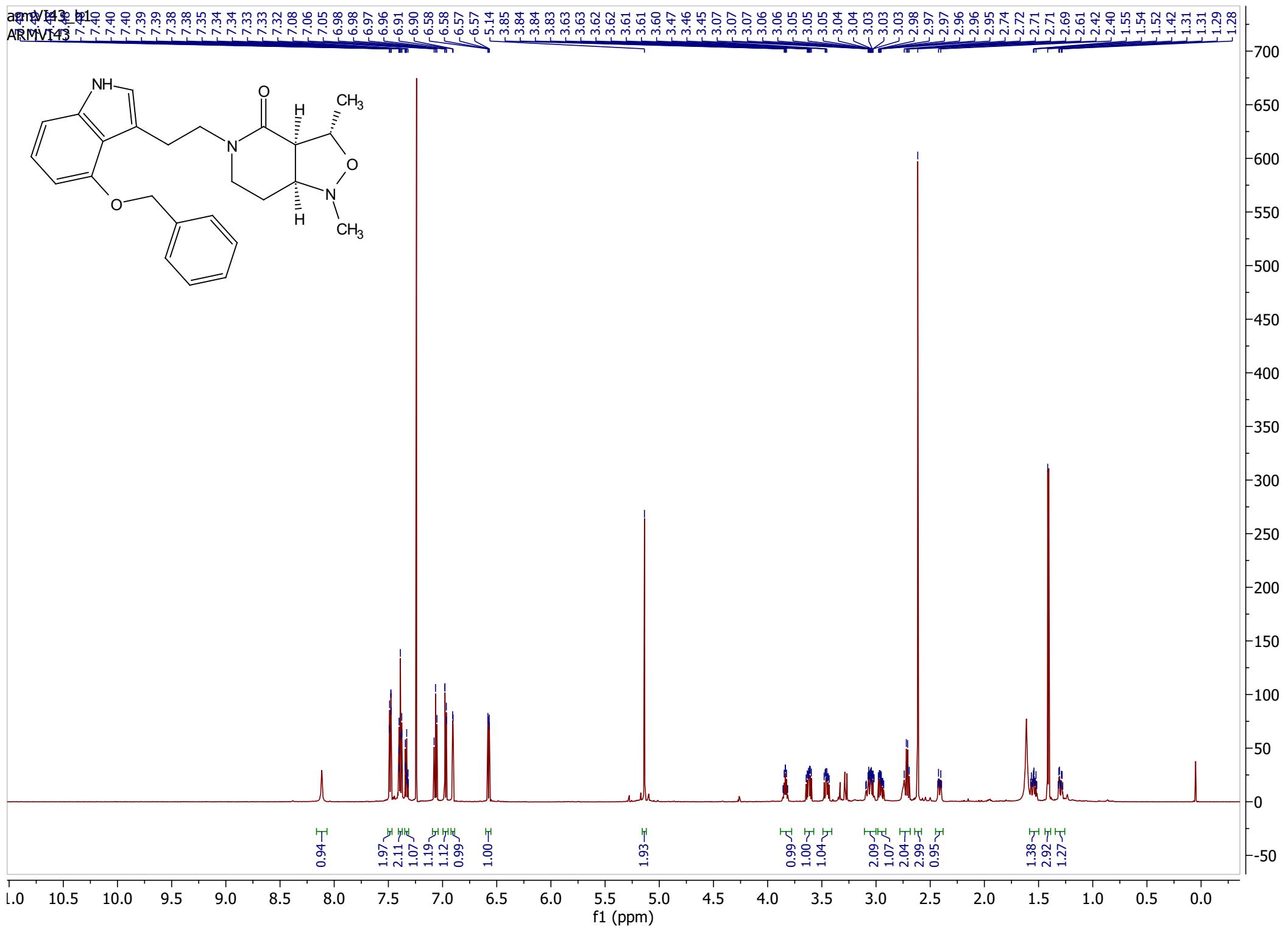
—153.51

141.37
140.20
138.35
137.35
128.61
127.92
127.51
127.30
122.79
121.86
117.41
112.36
104.98
102.80
101.97
100.65
100.45

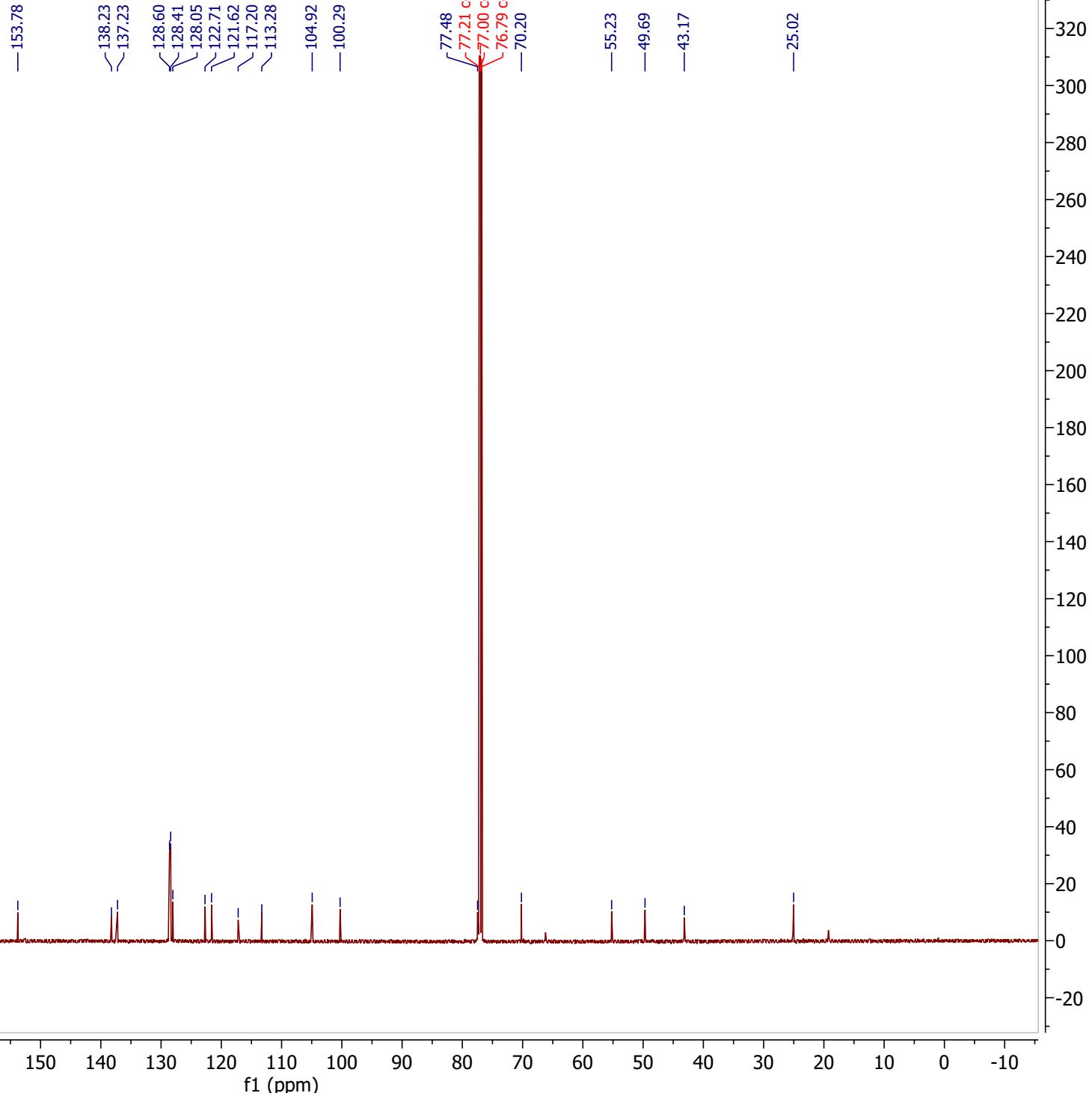
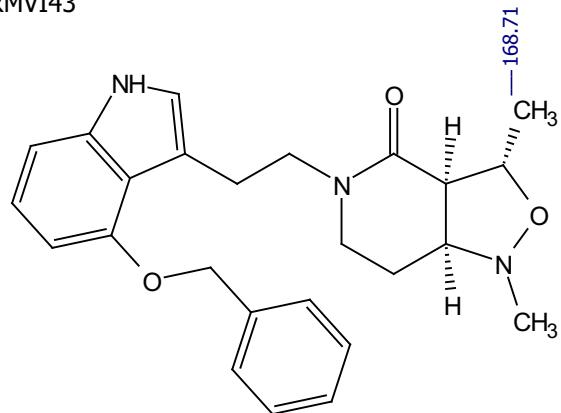
—69.95

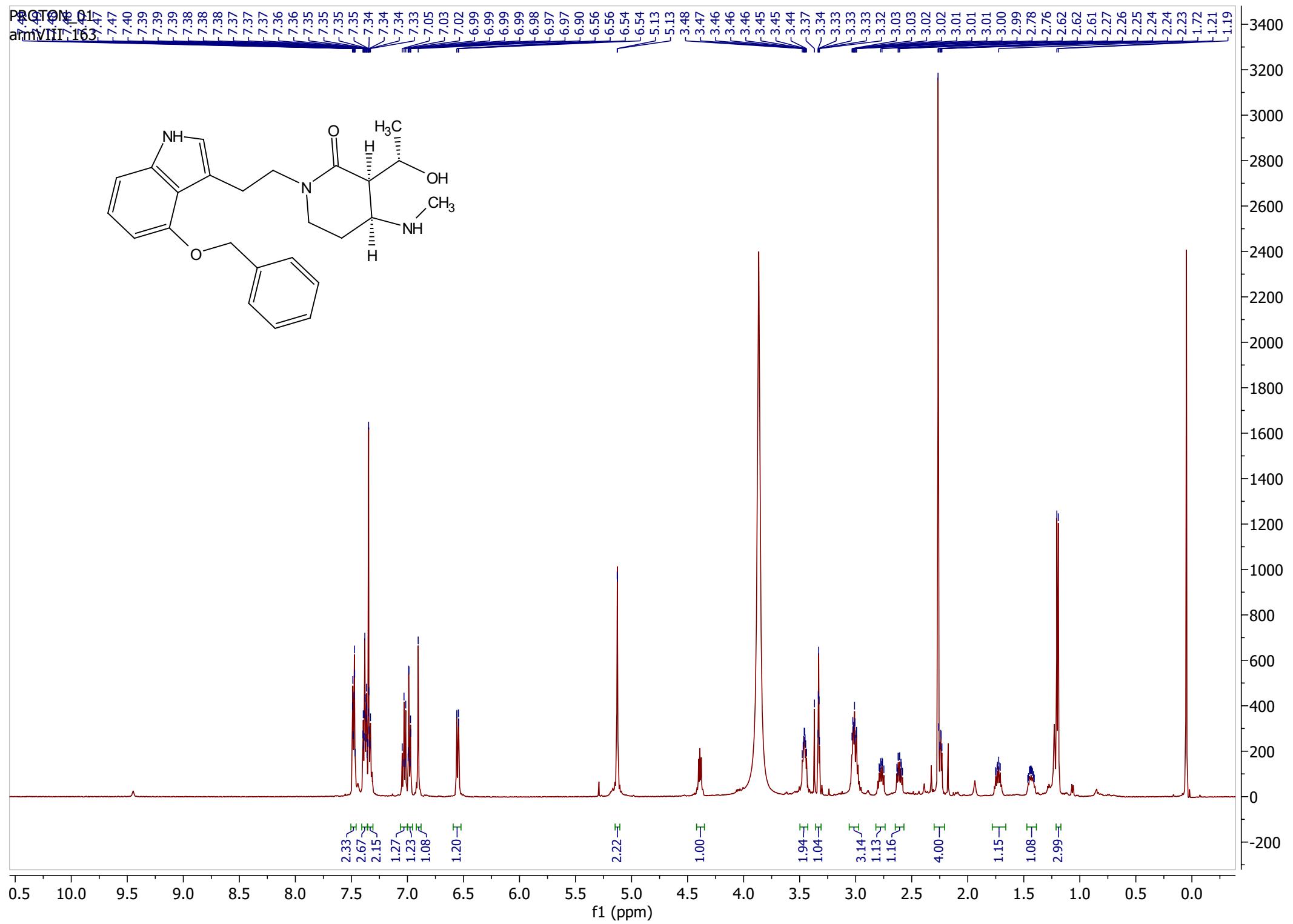
52.94
52.80
49.69
48.78
43.76
42.68
32.16
30.79
27.04
18.24
17.78



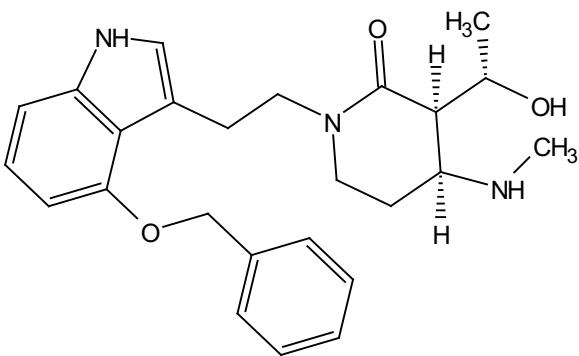


armVI43_c13
ARMVI43





CARBON_01
armVIII_163

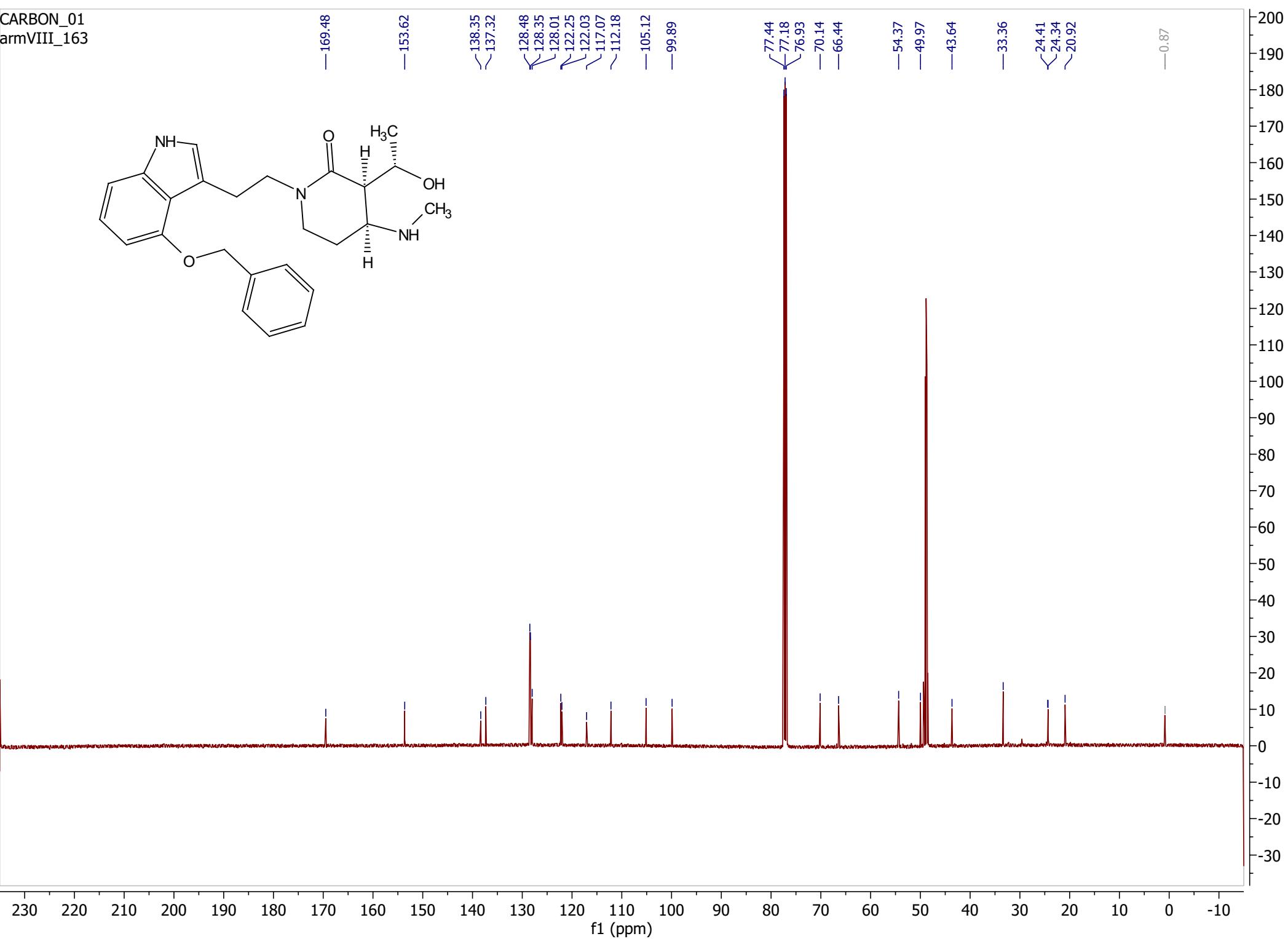


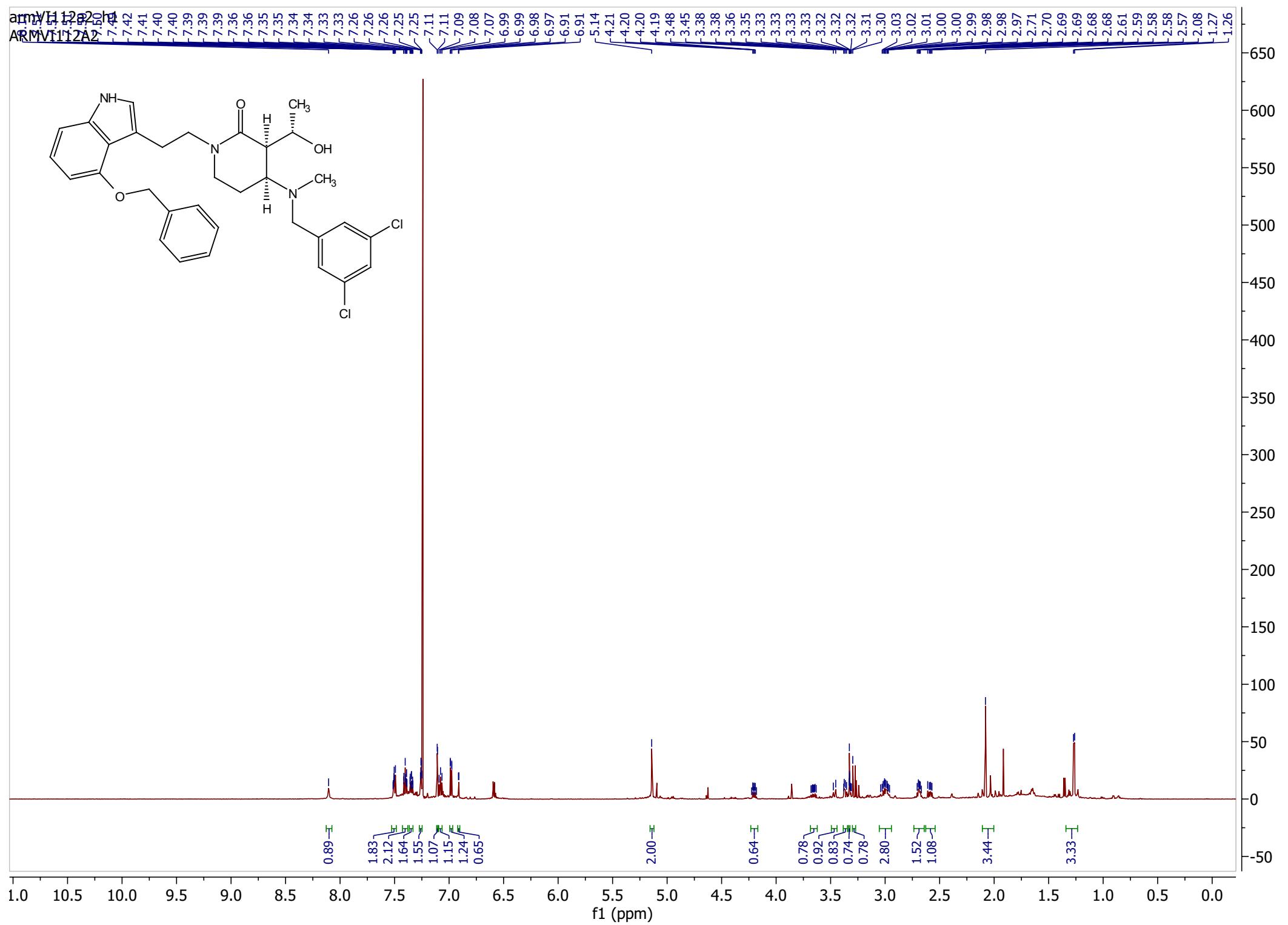
—169.48
—153.62

—138.35
—137.32
—128.48
—128.35
—128.01
—122.25
—122.03
—117.07
—112.18
—105.12
—99.89

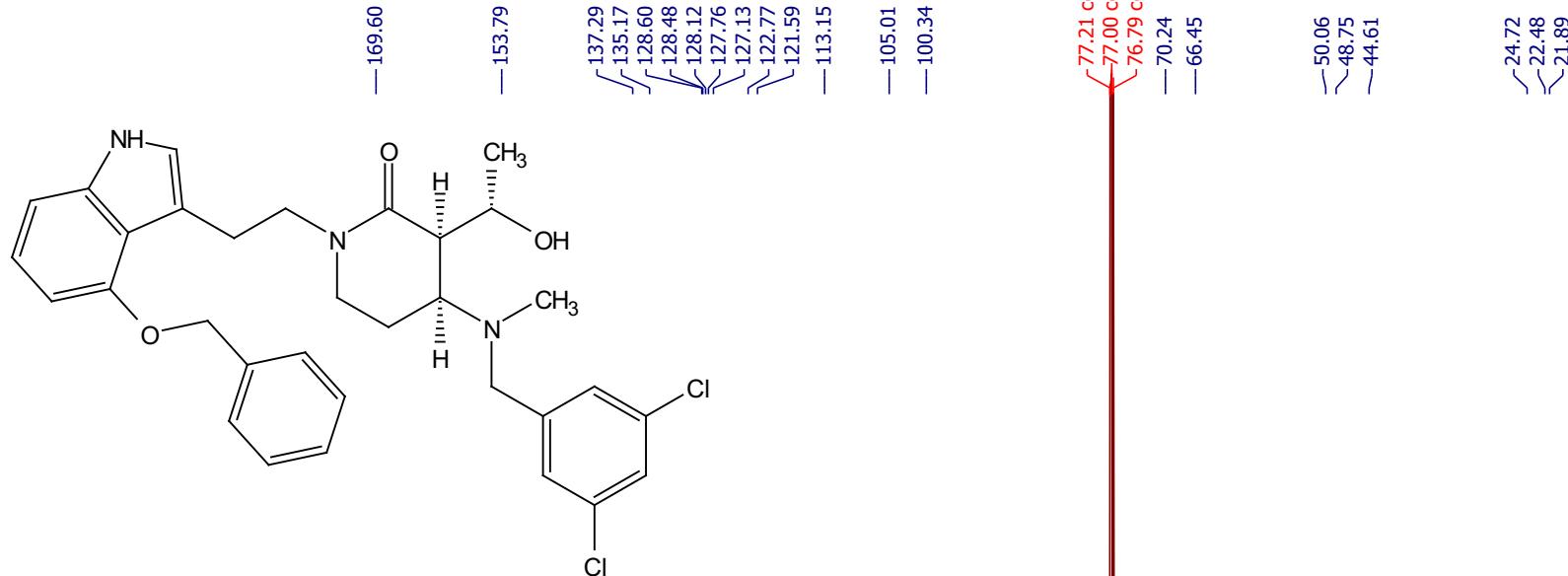
77.44
77.18
76.93
—70.14
—66.44
—54.37
—49.97
—43.64
—33.36
24.41
24.34
20.92

—0.87





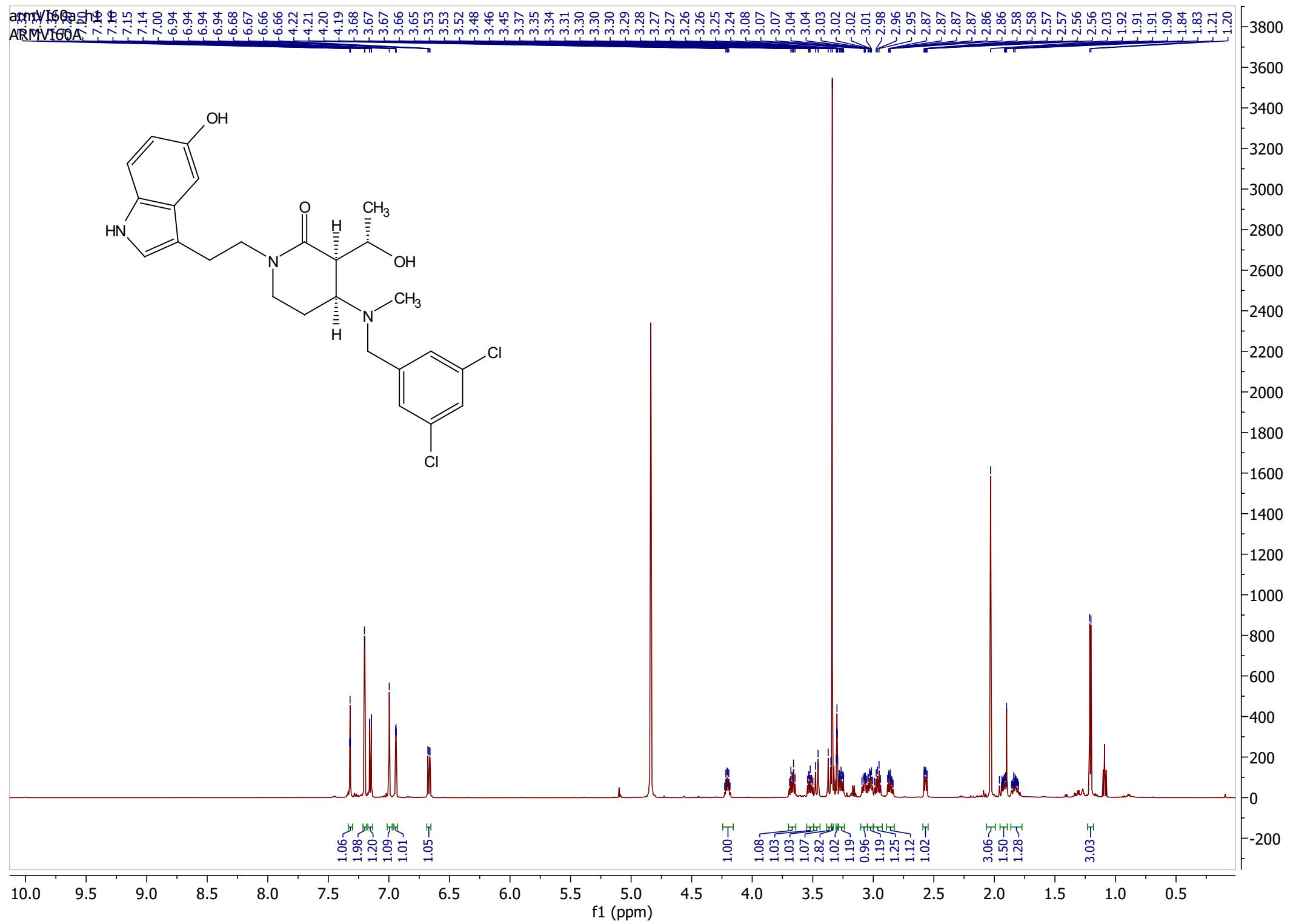
armVI112a2_c13
ARMVI112A2



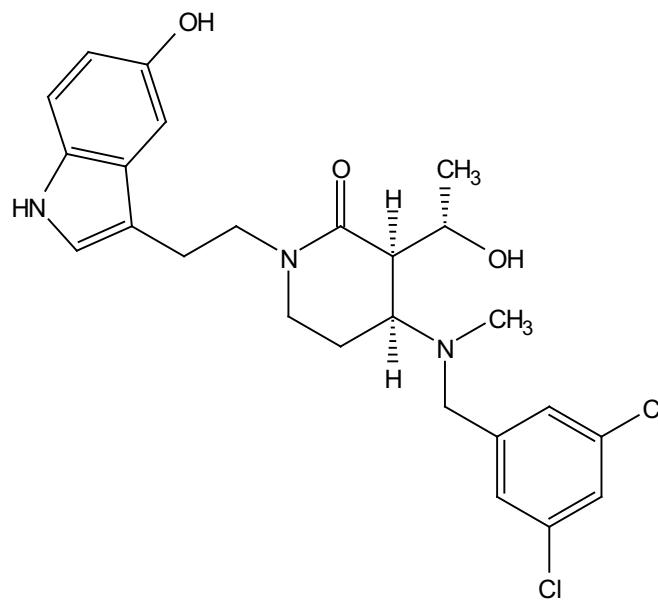
230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

1000
900
800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0



armVI60a_c13
ARMVI60A



—171.89
—151.27
—143.71
—136.20
—132.98
—129.59
—128.51
—128.43
—124.52
—103.51

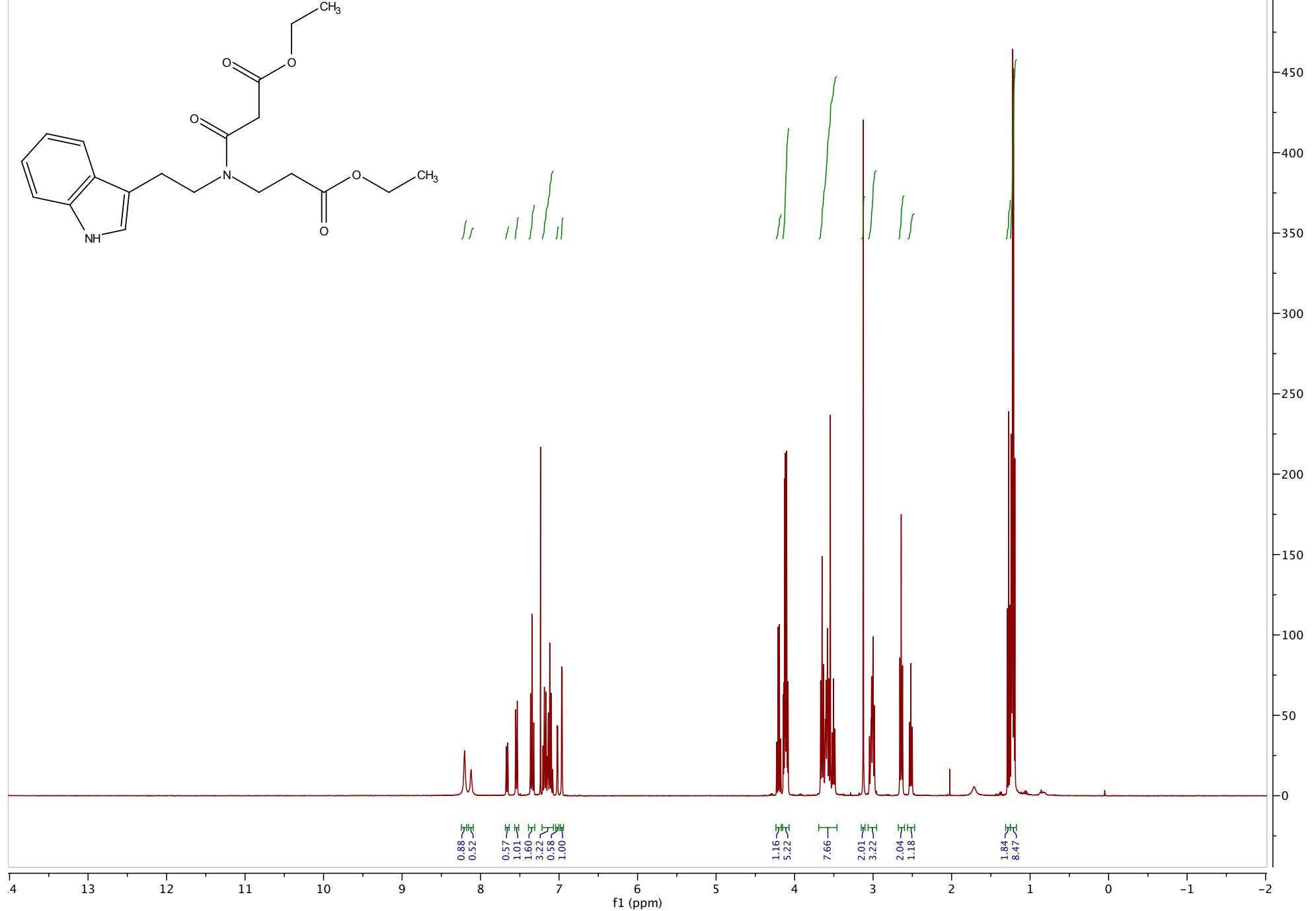
—67.71
—61.18
—58.44
—51.14
—49.28 cd3od
—49.14 cd3od
—49.00 cd3od
—48.86 cd3od
—48.72 cd3od
—48.57 cd3od
—46.62
—38.47
—24.00
—22.83
—22.52
—22.47

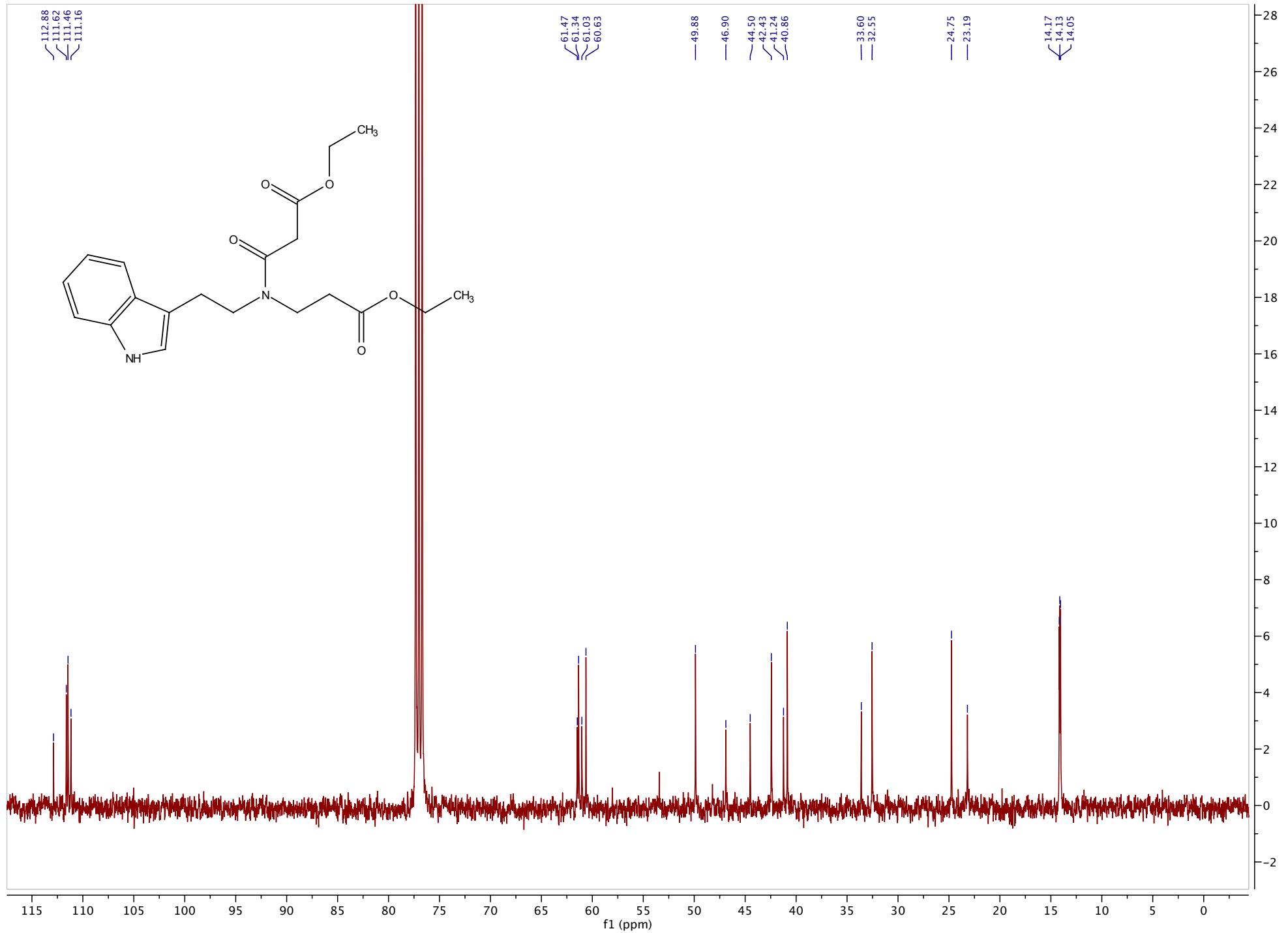
230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

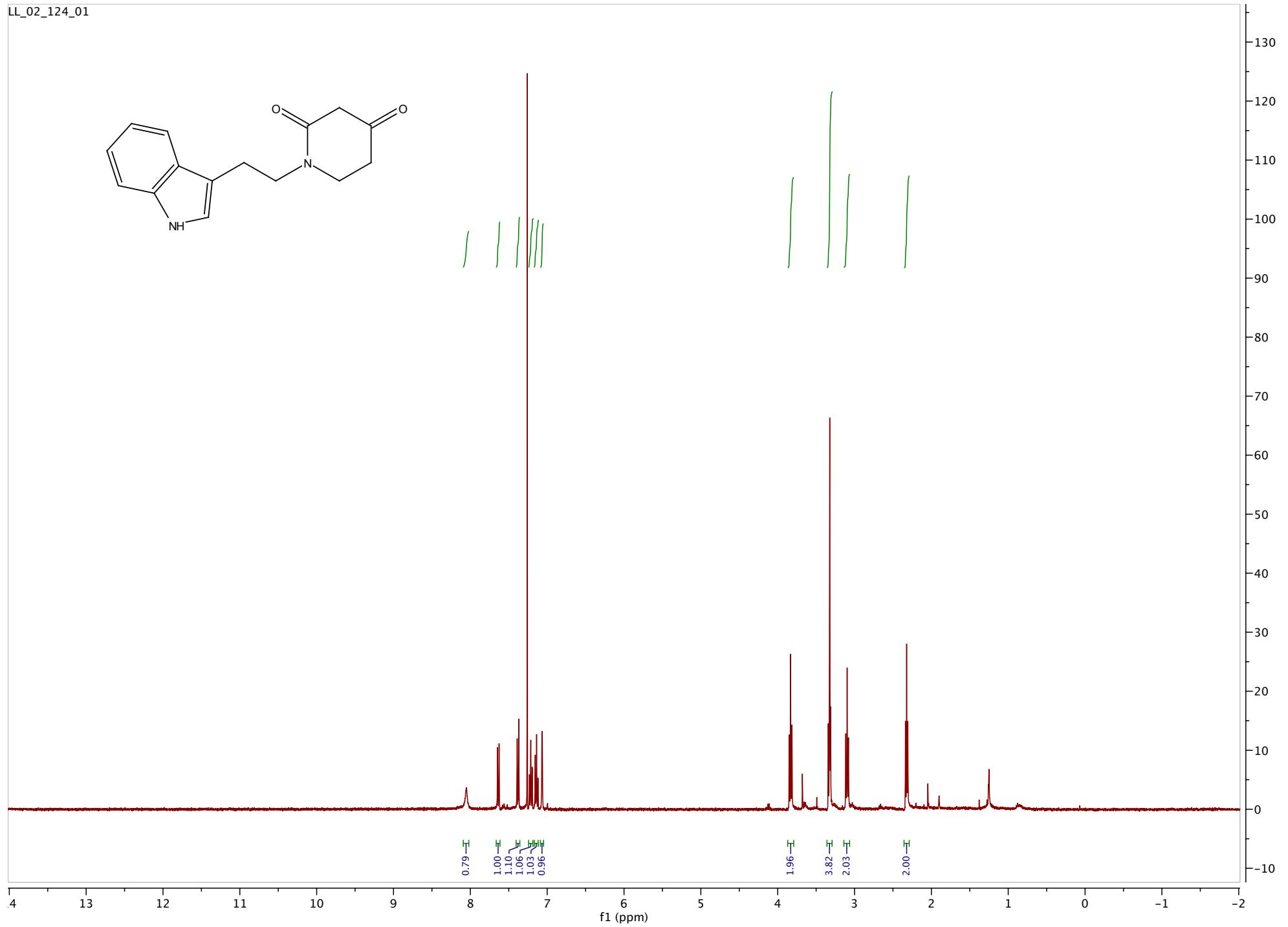
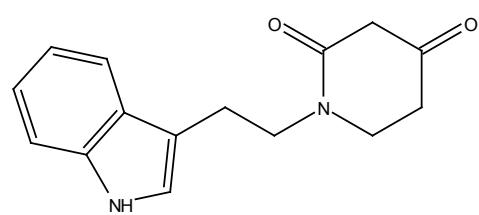
1100
1000
900
800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
-100

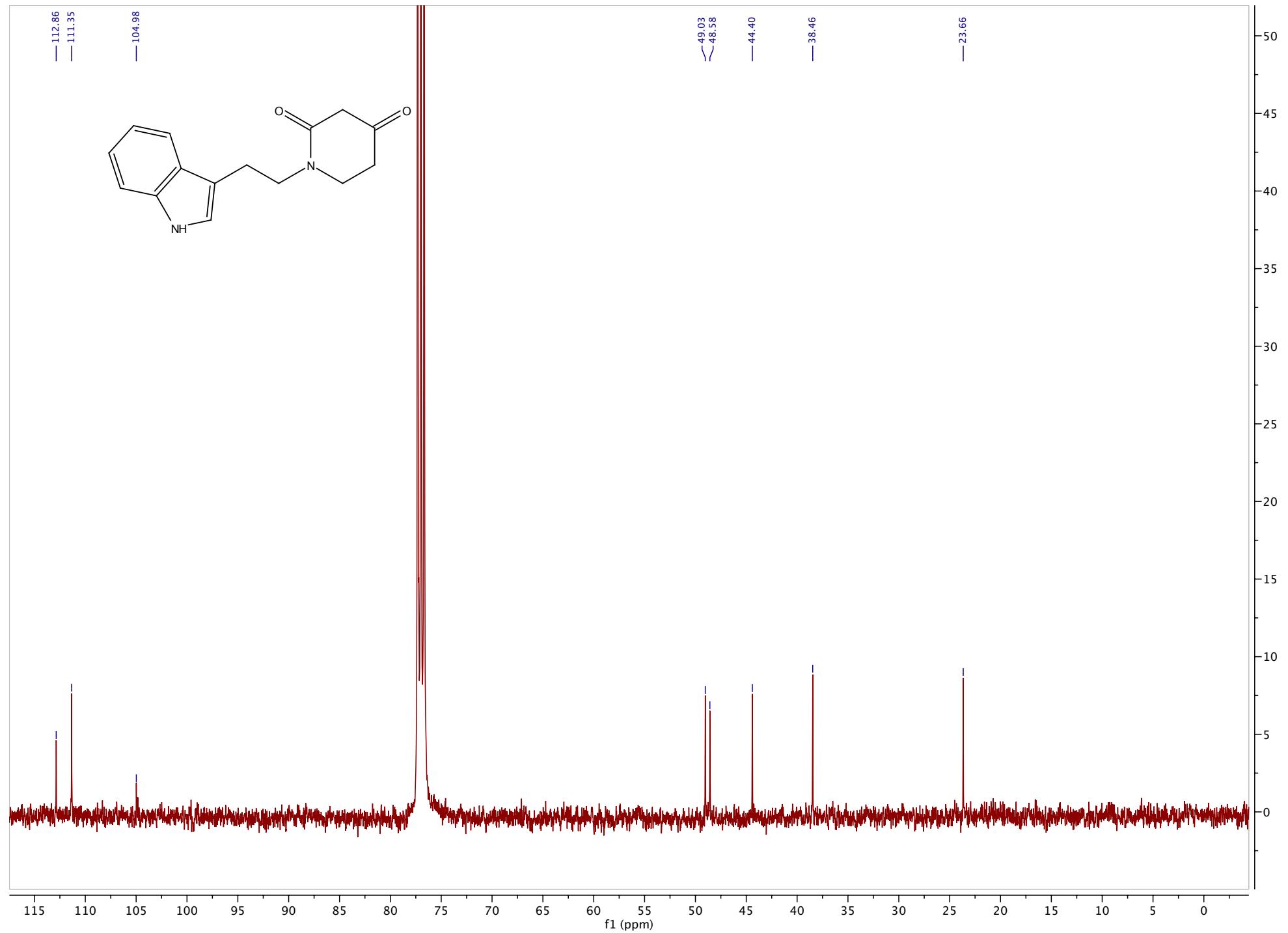
PROTON_01
LL_02_150_column



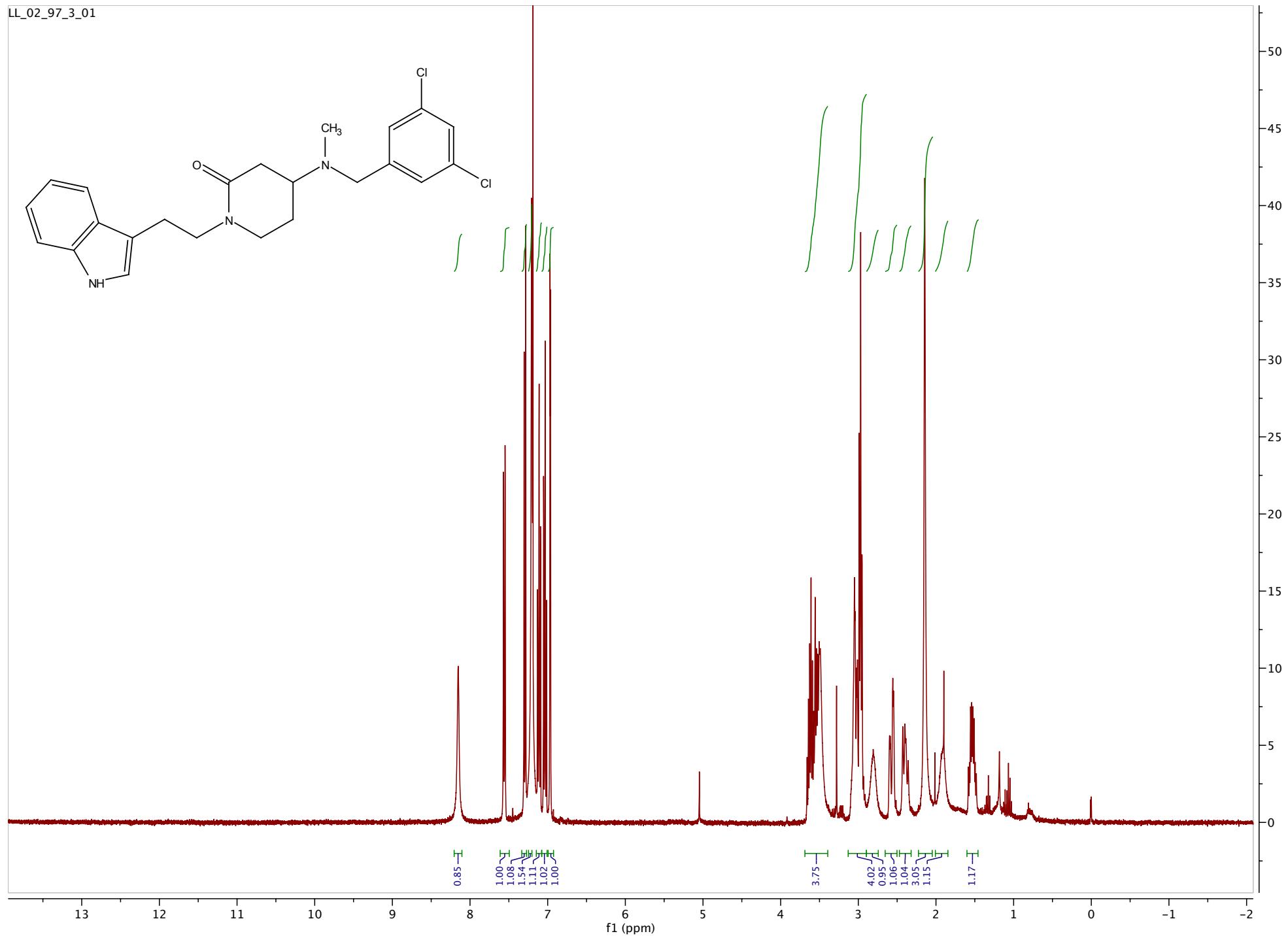
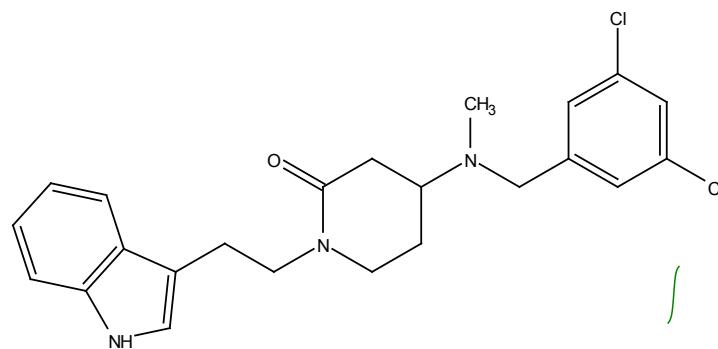


LL_02_124_01

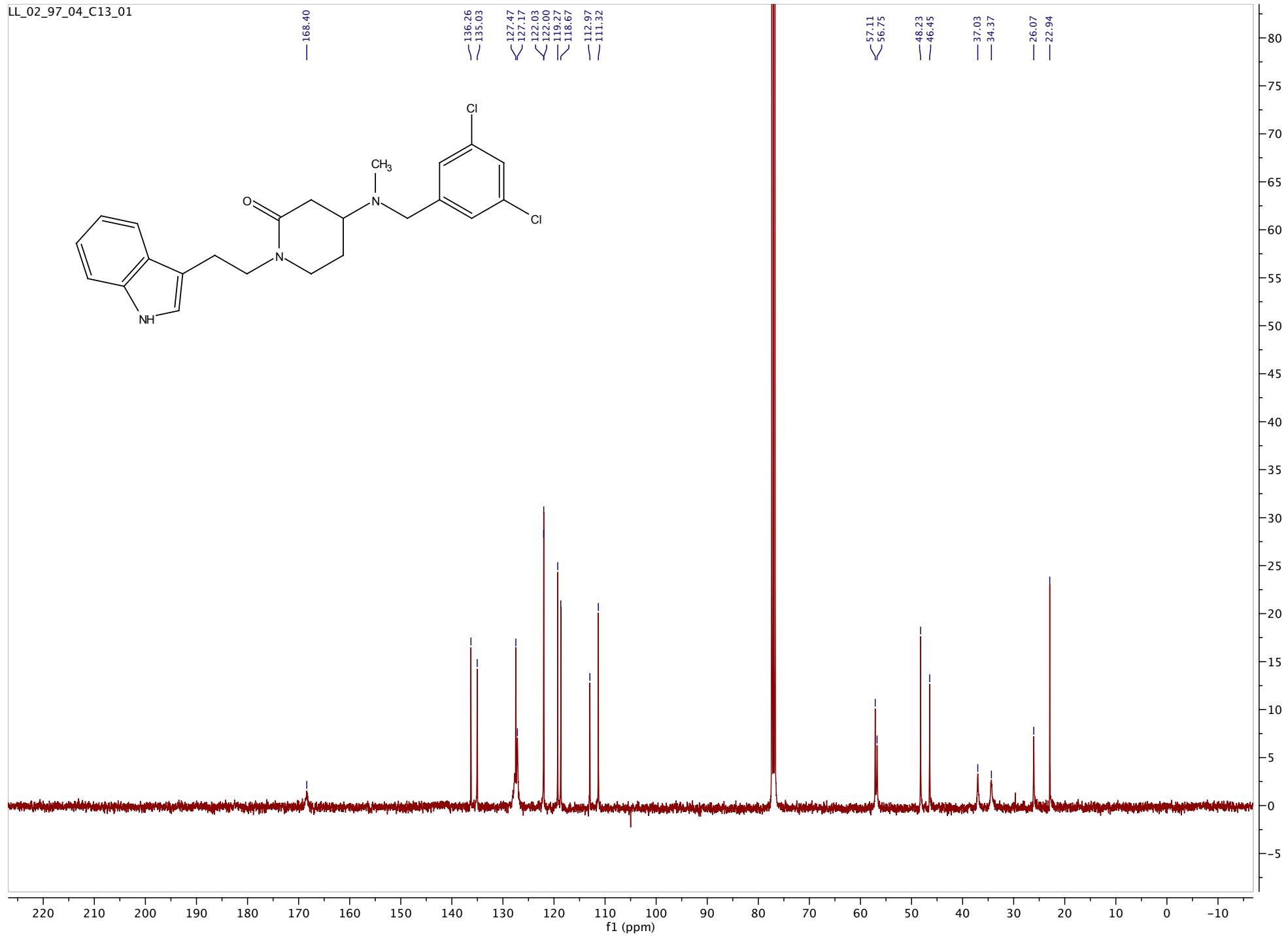




LL_02_97_3_01

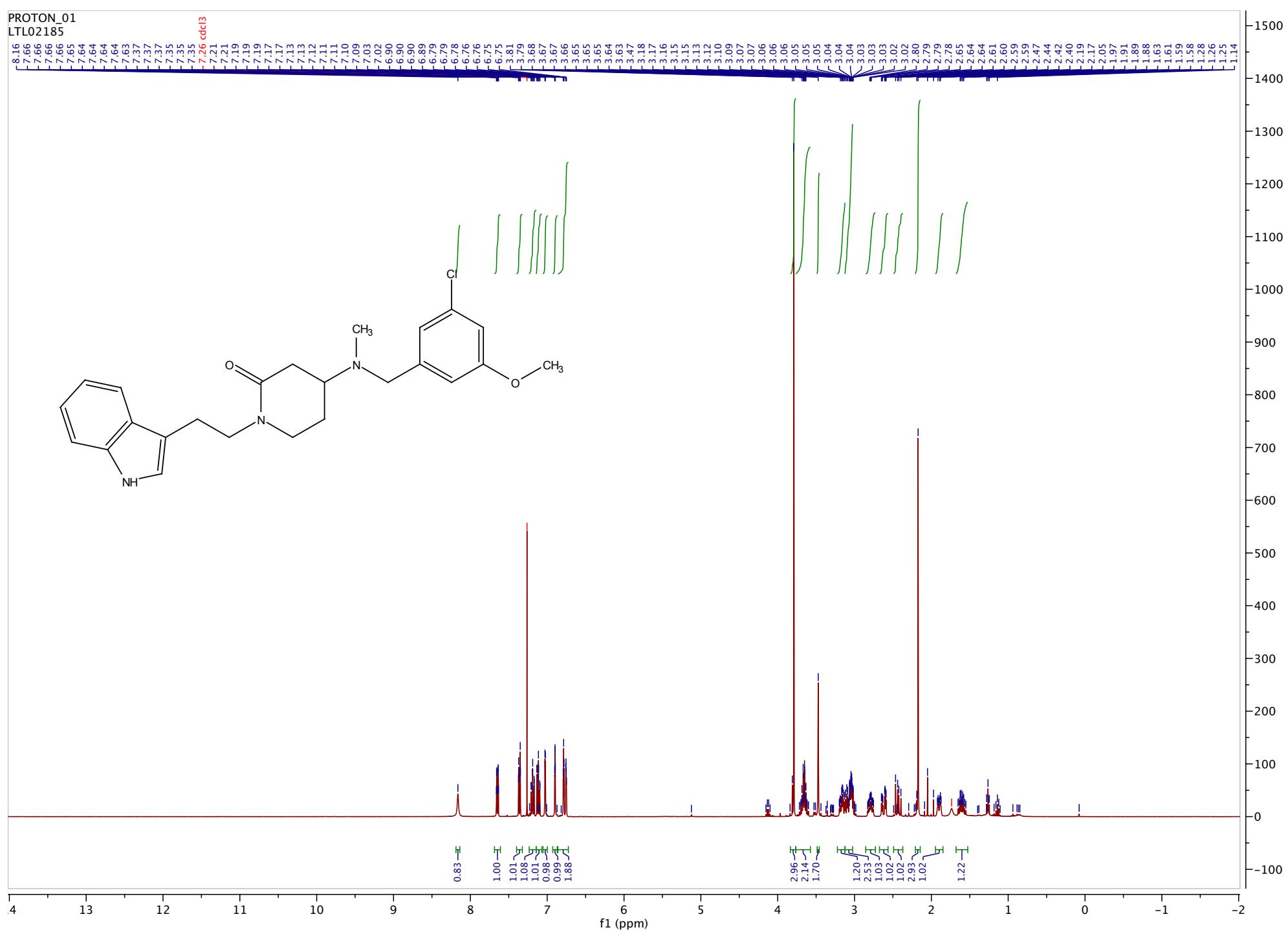
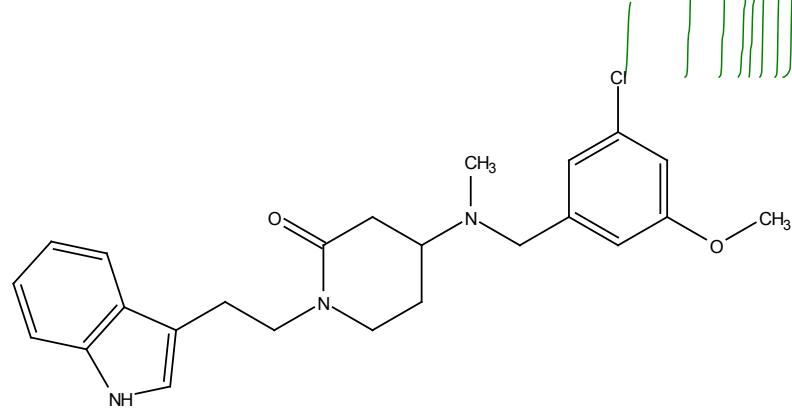


LL_02_97_04_C13_01

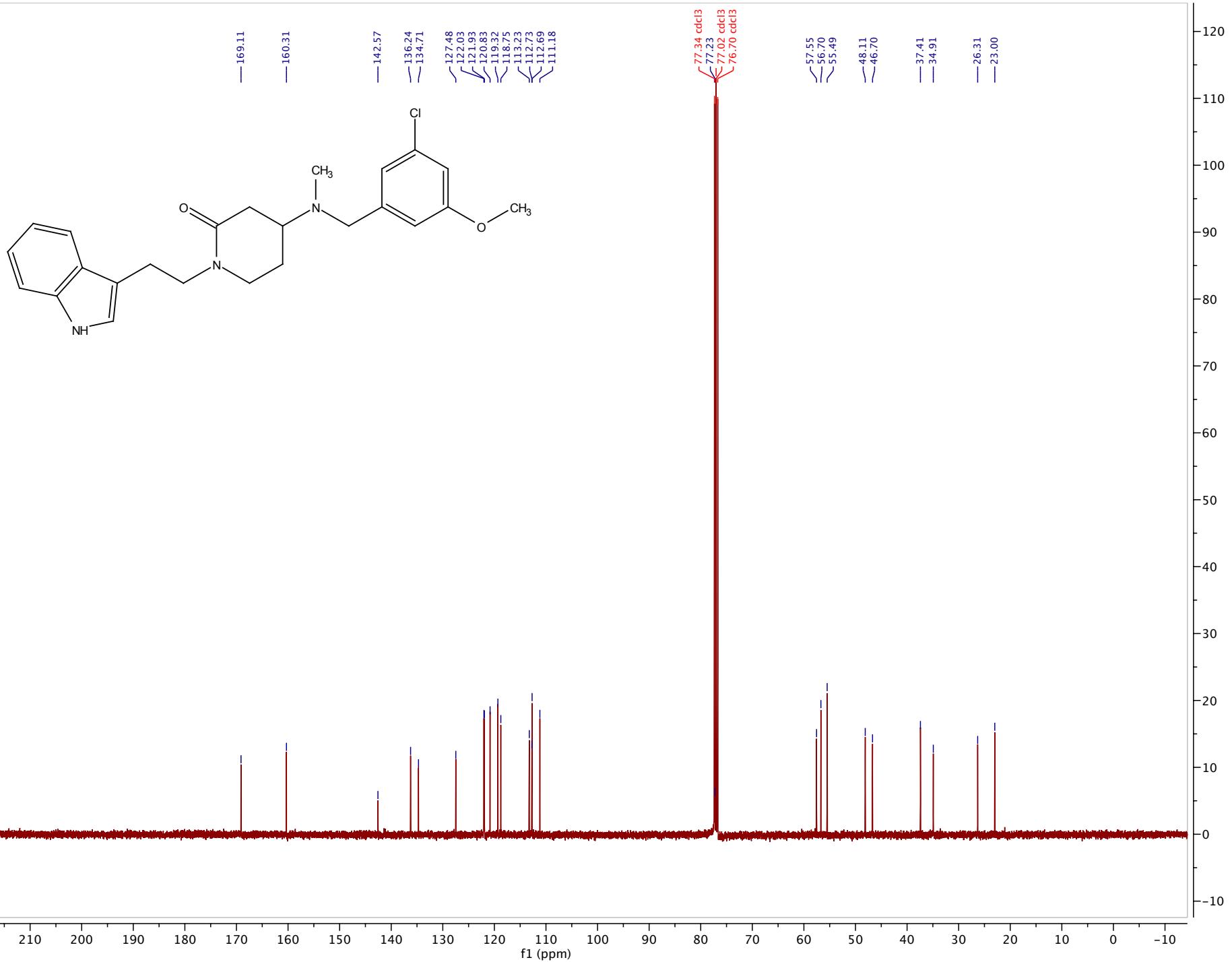


PROTON_01
LTL02185

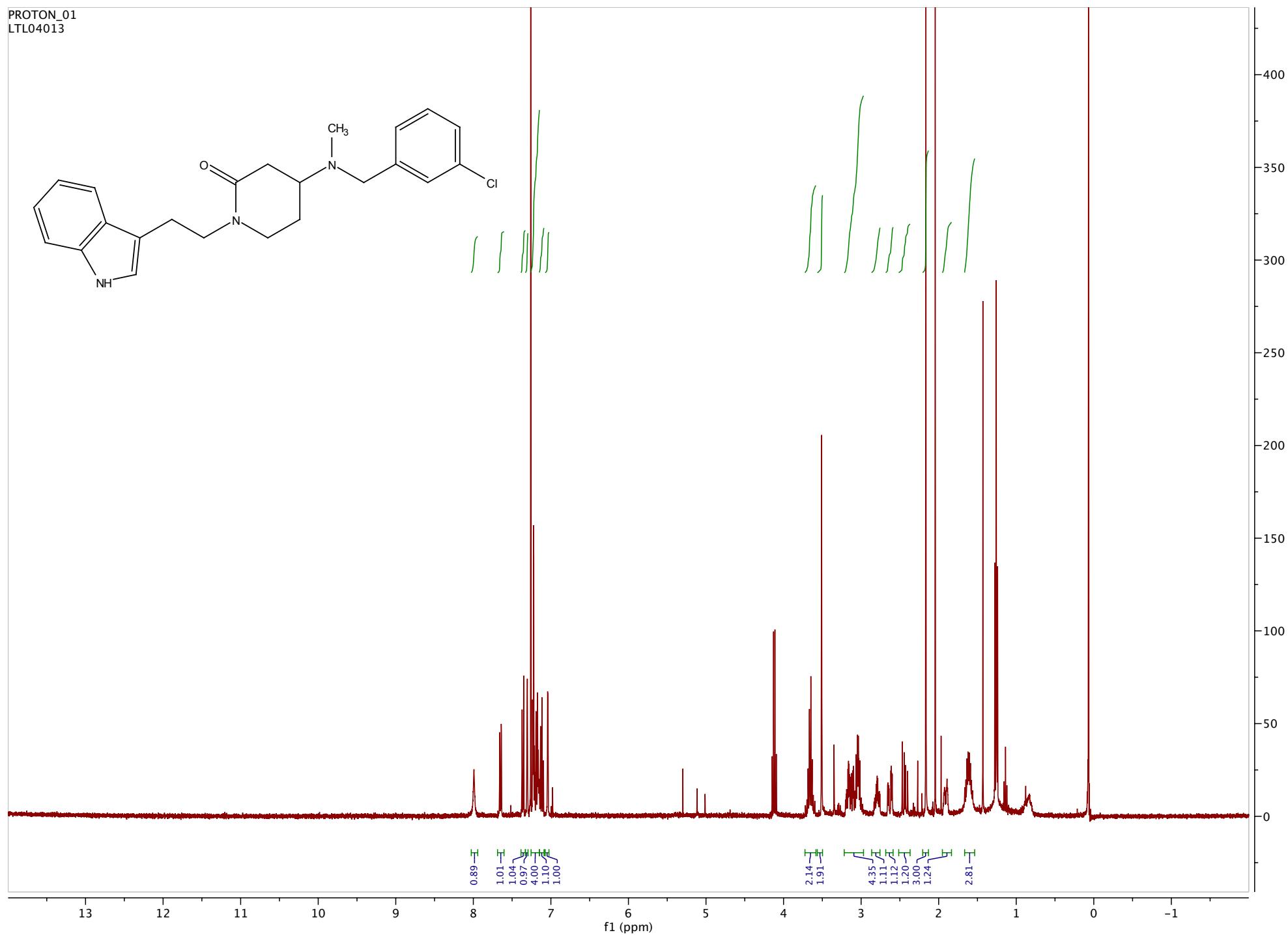
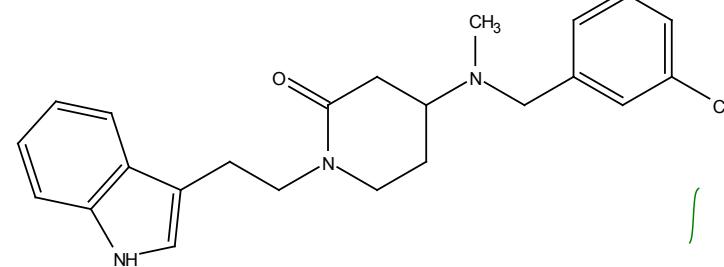
7.26 cdc13

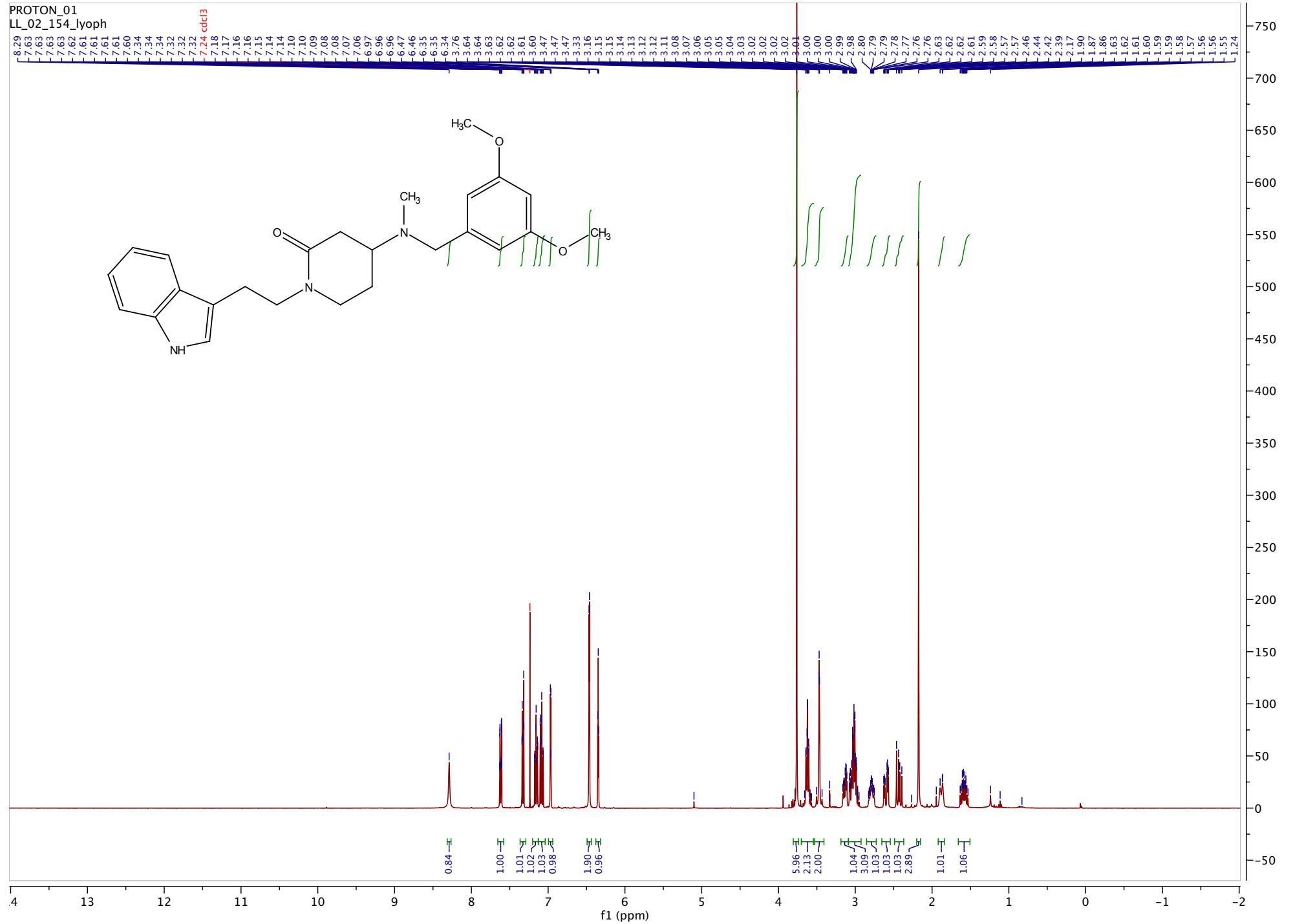


CARBON_01
LTL02185

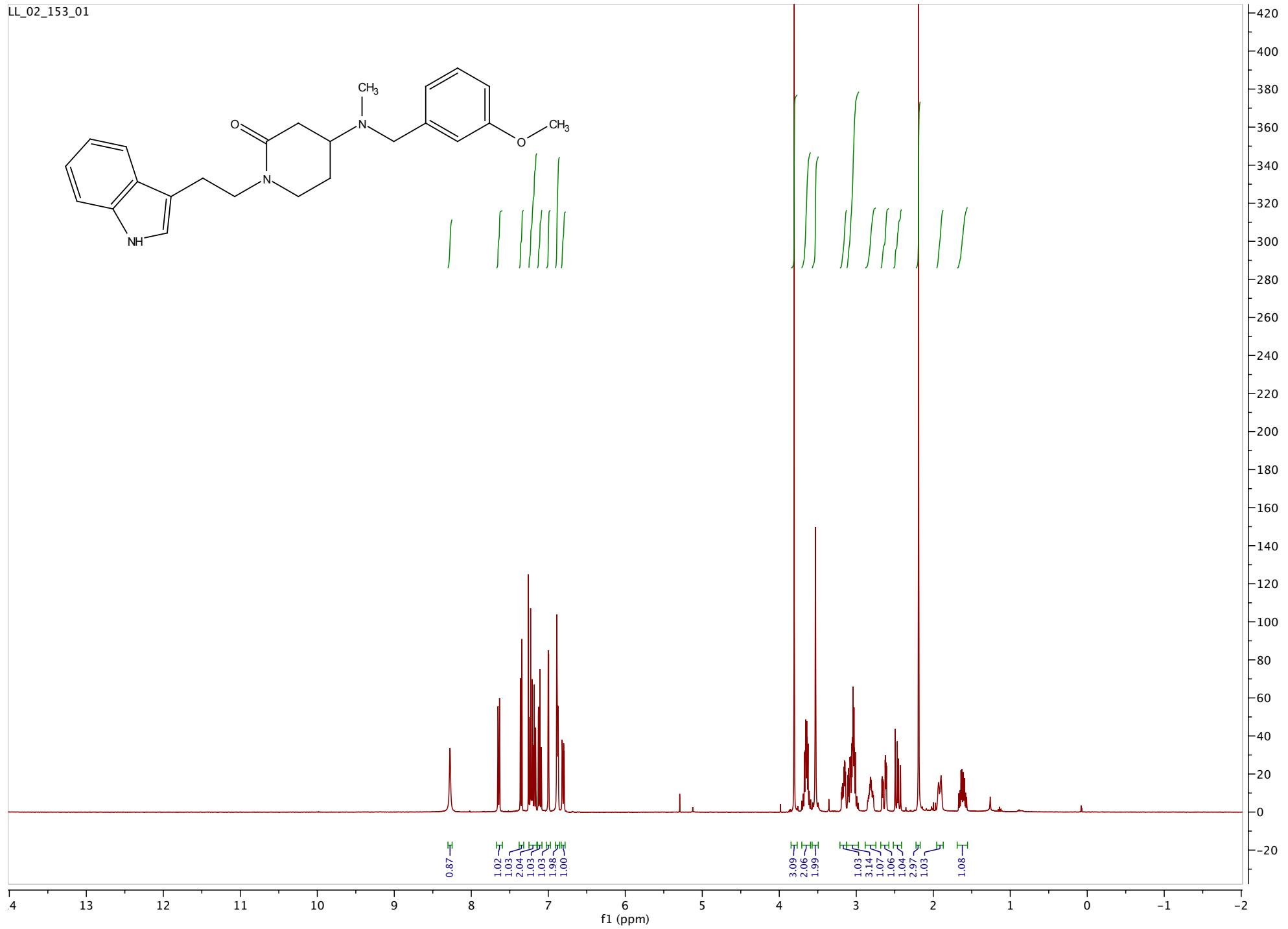
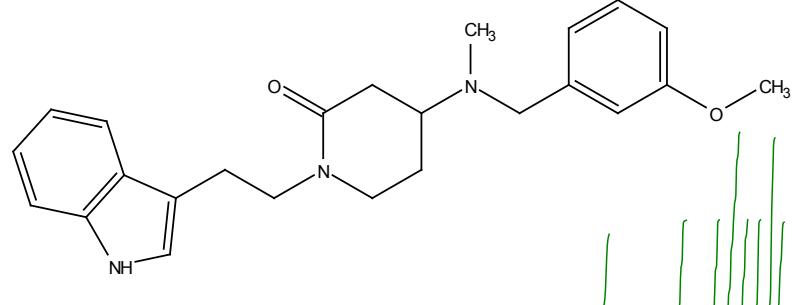


PROTON_01
LTL04013

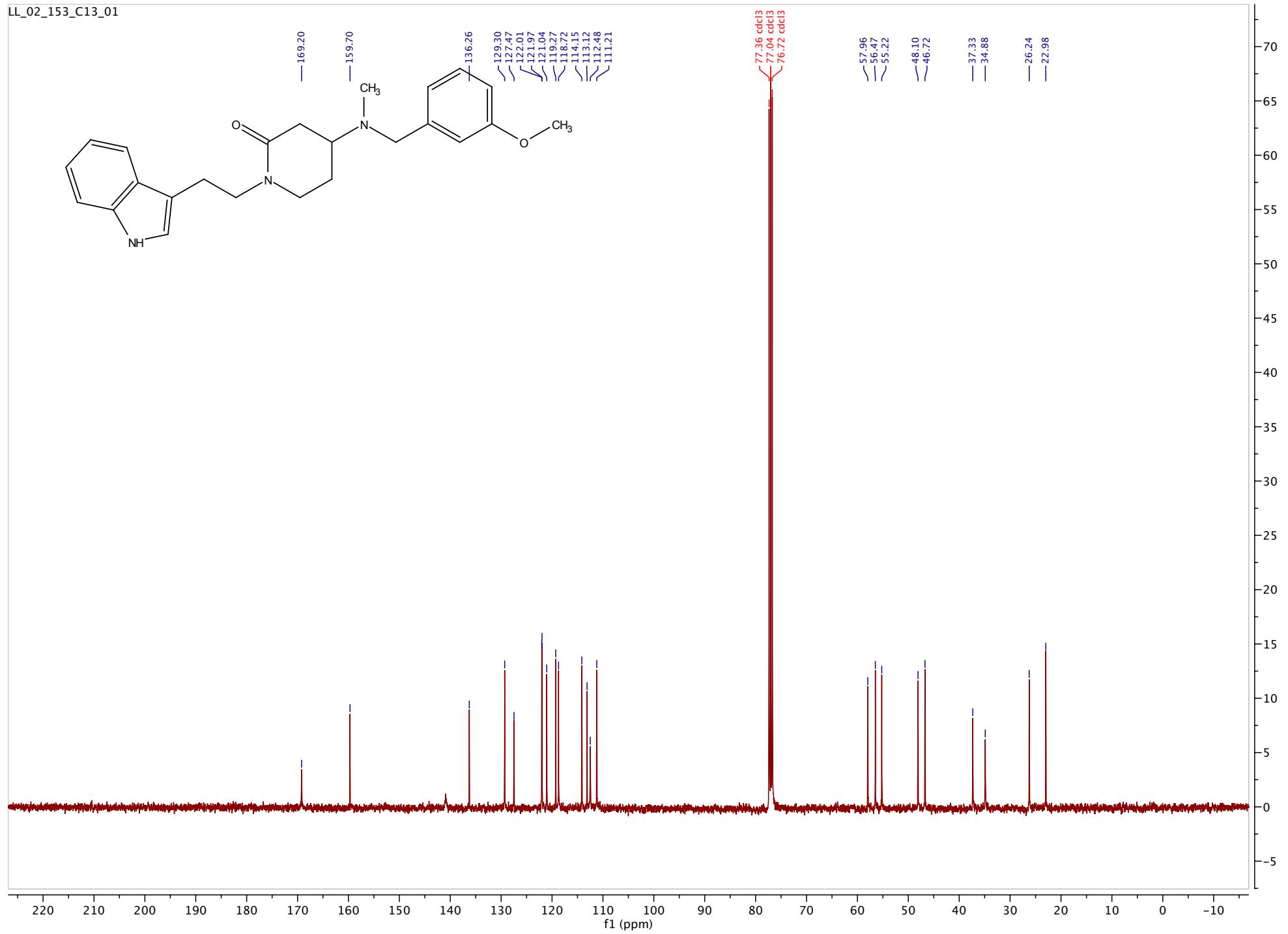
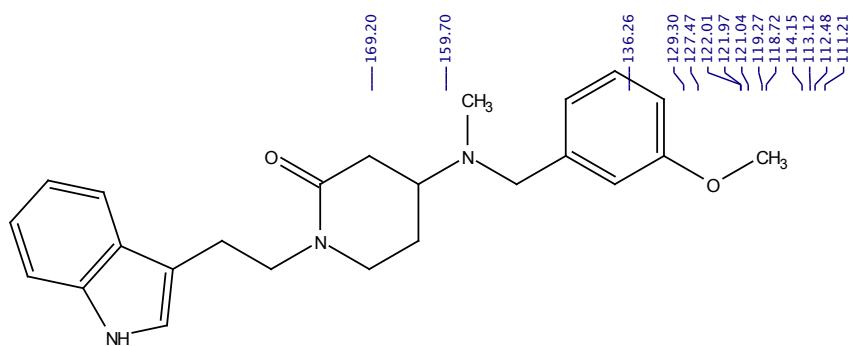




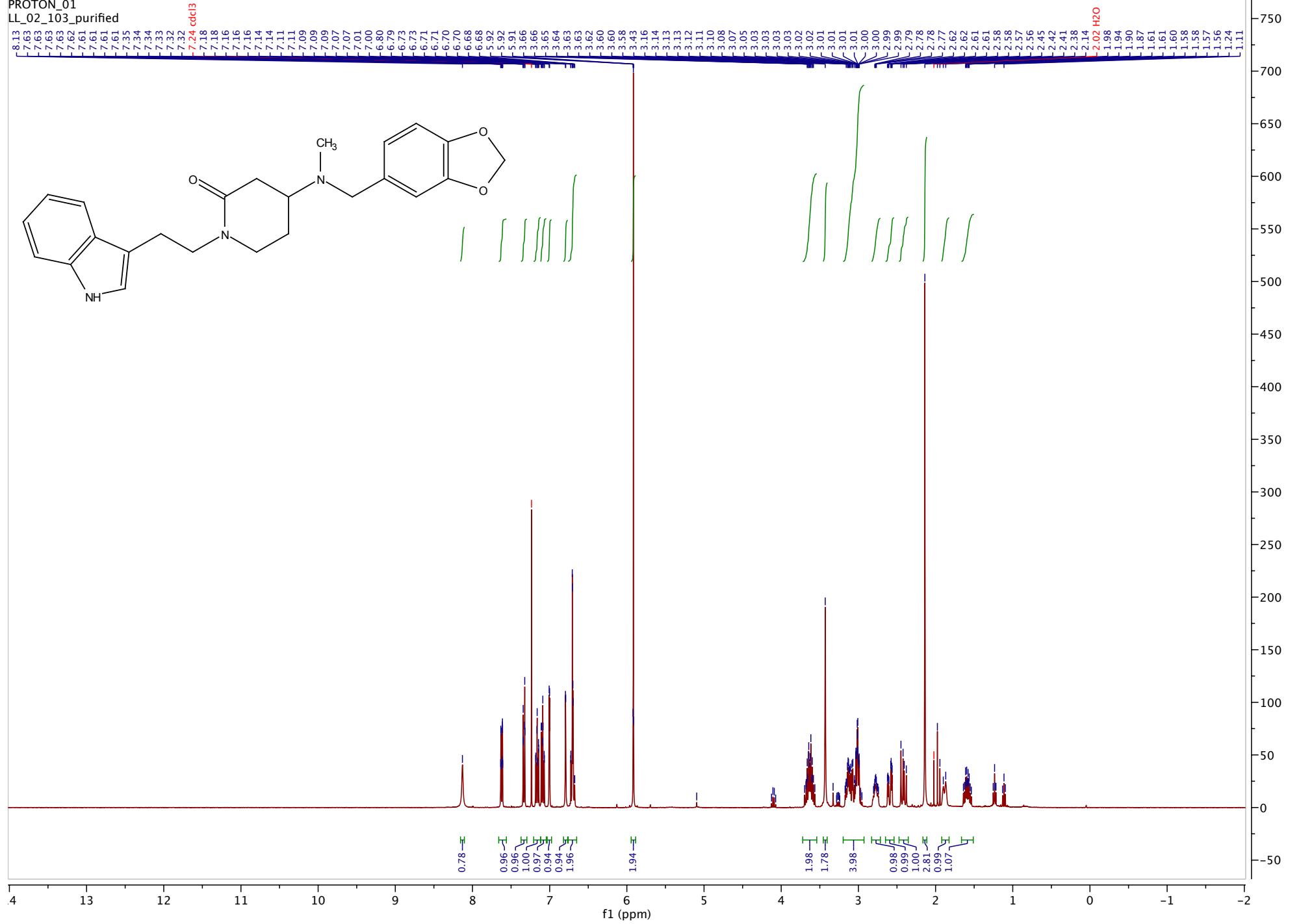
LL_02_153_01



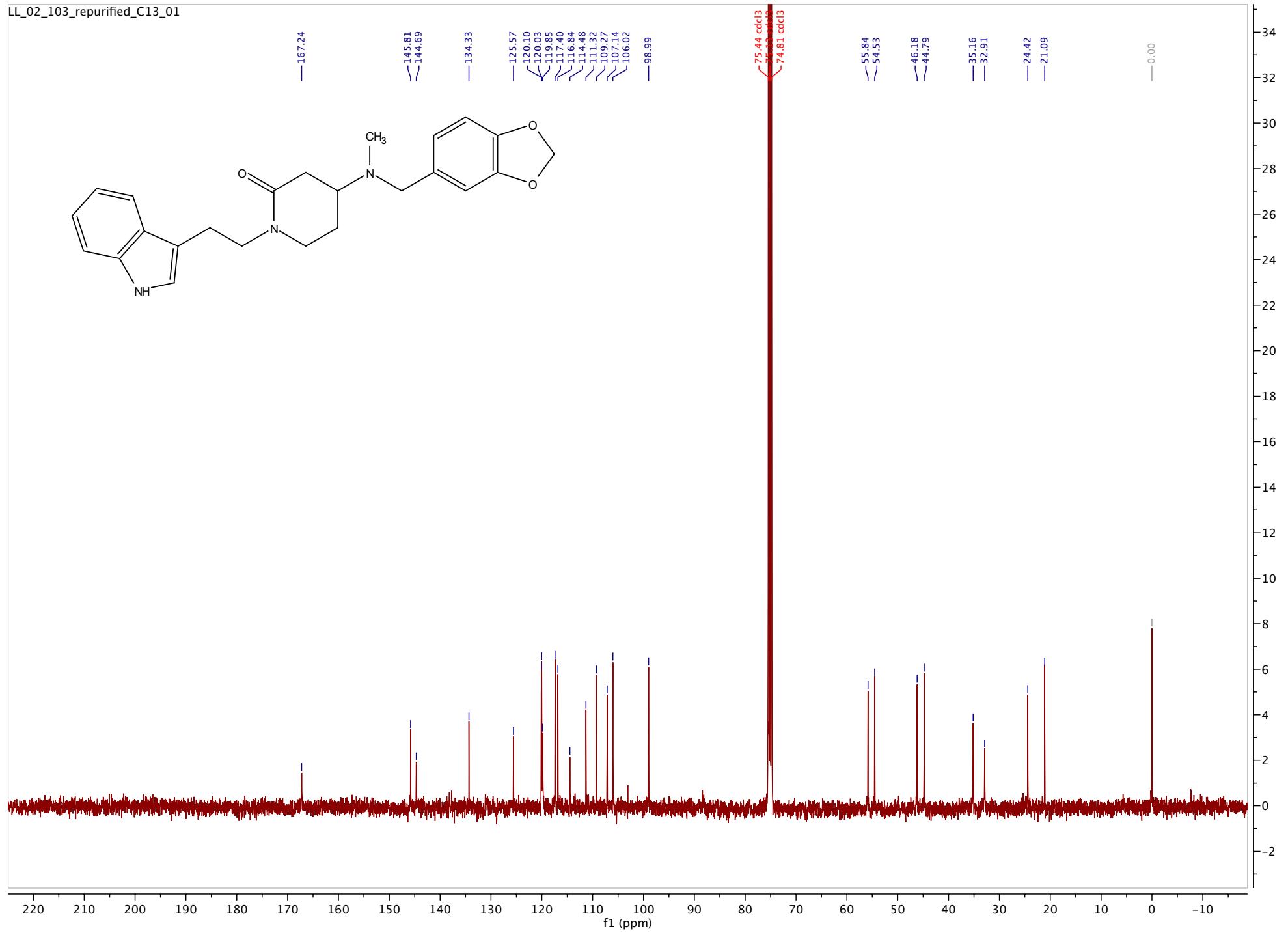
LL_02_153_C13_01



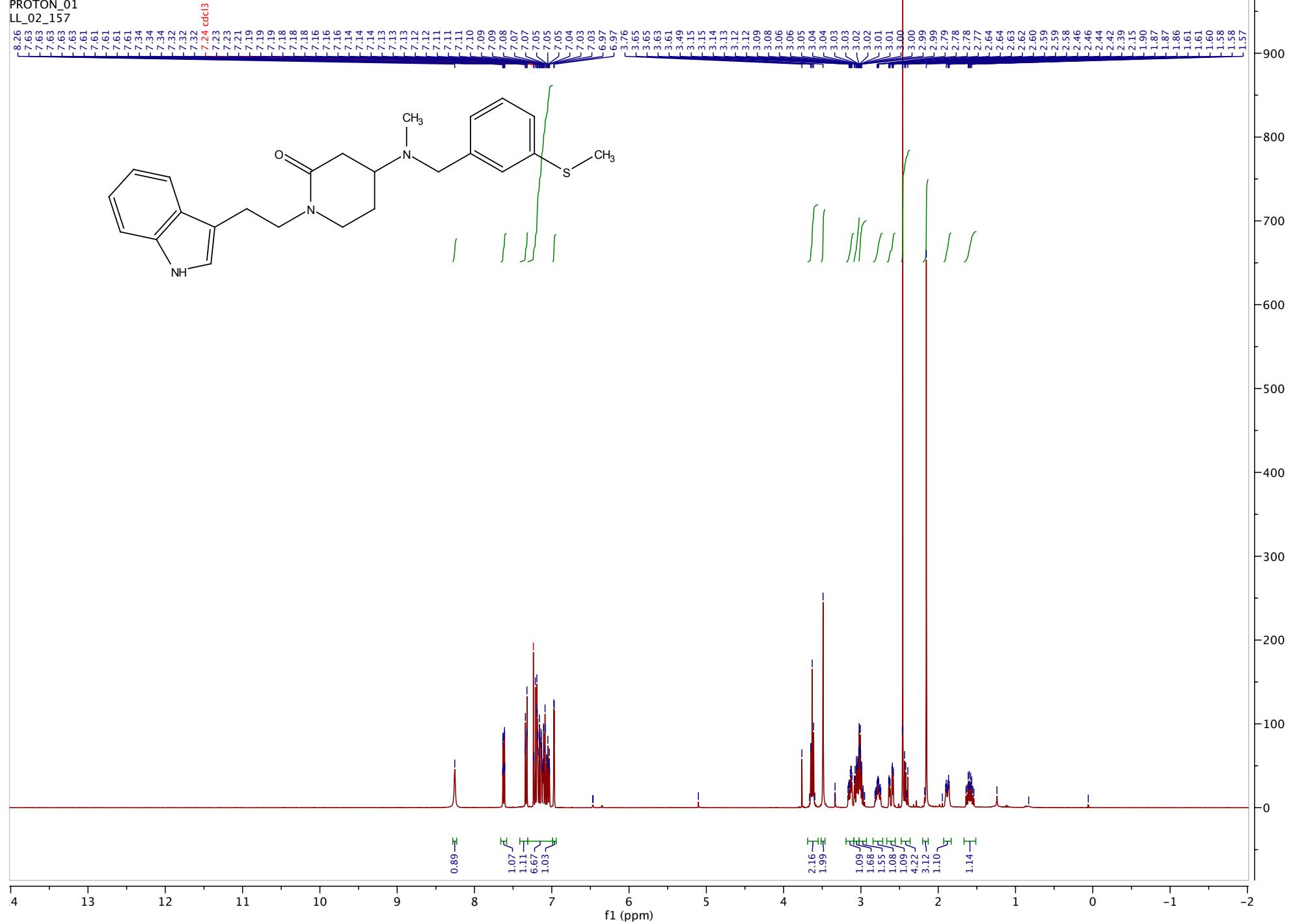
PROTON_01
LL_02_103_purified



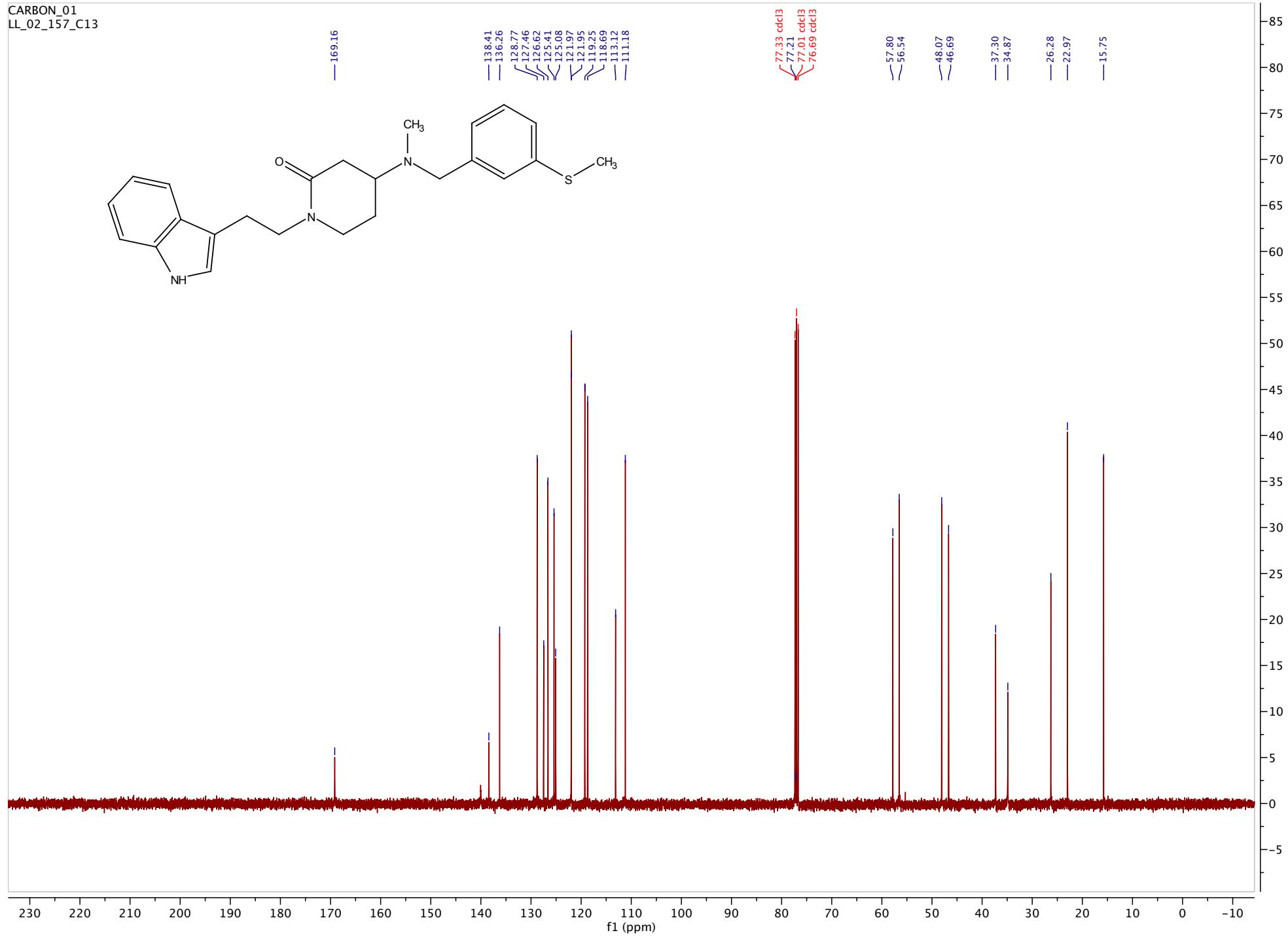
LL_02_103_repurified_C13_01



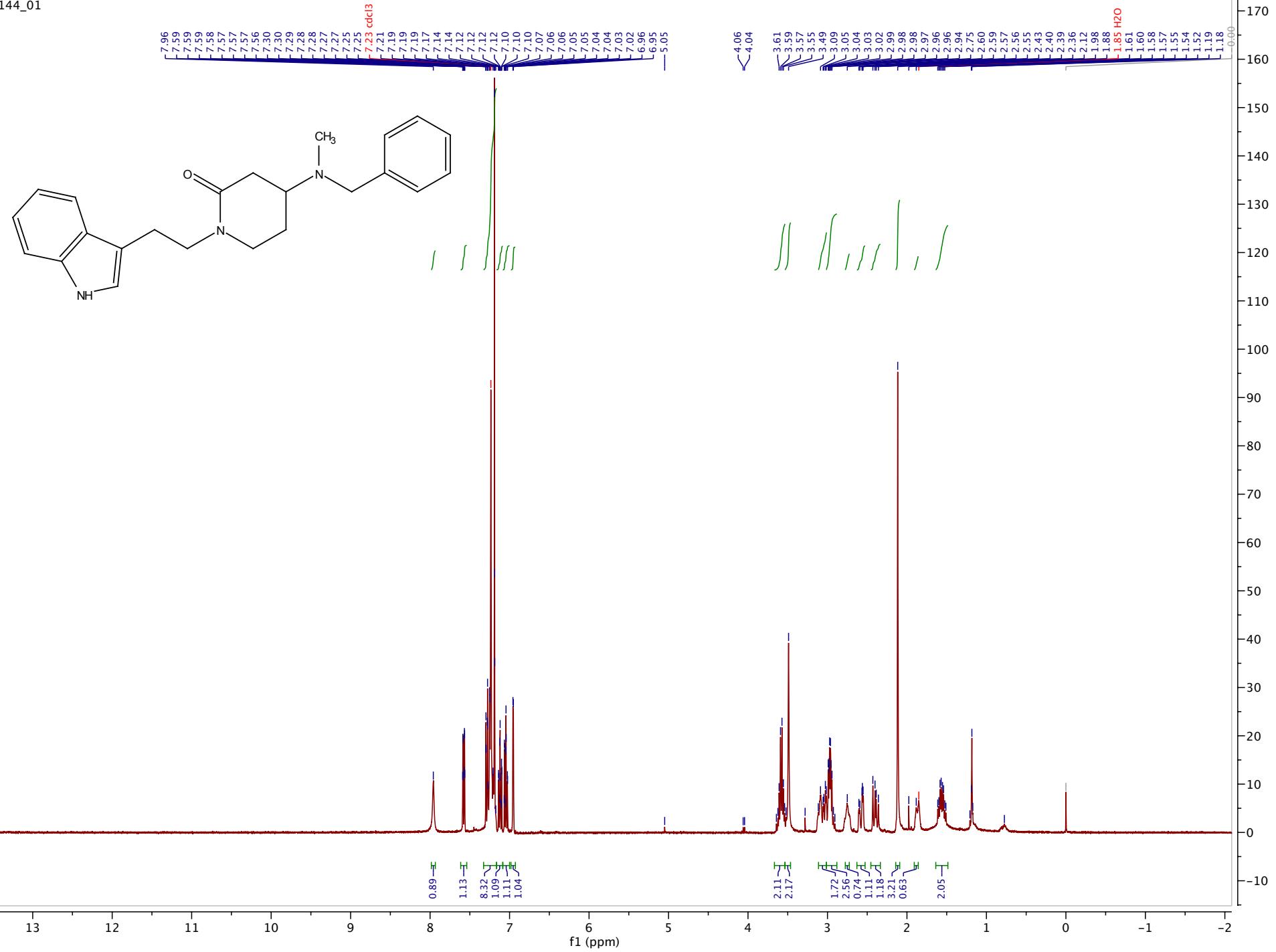
PROTON_01
LL_02_157



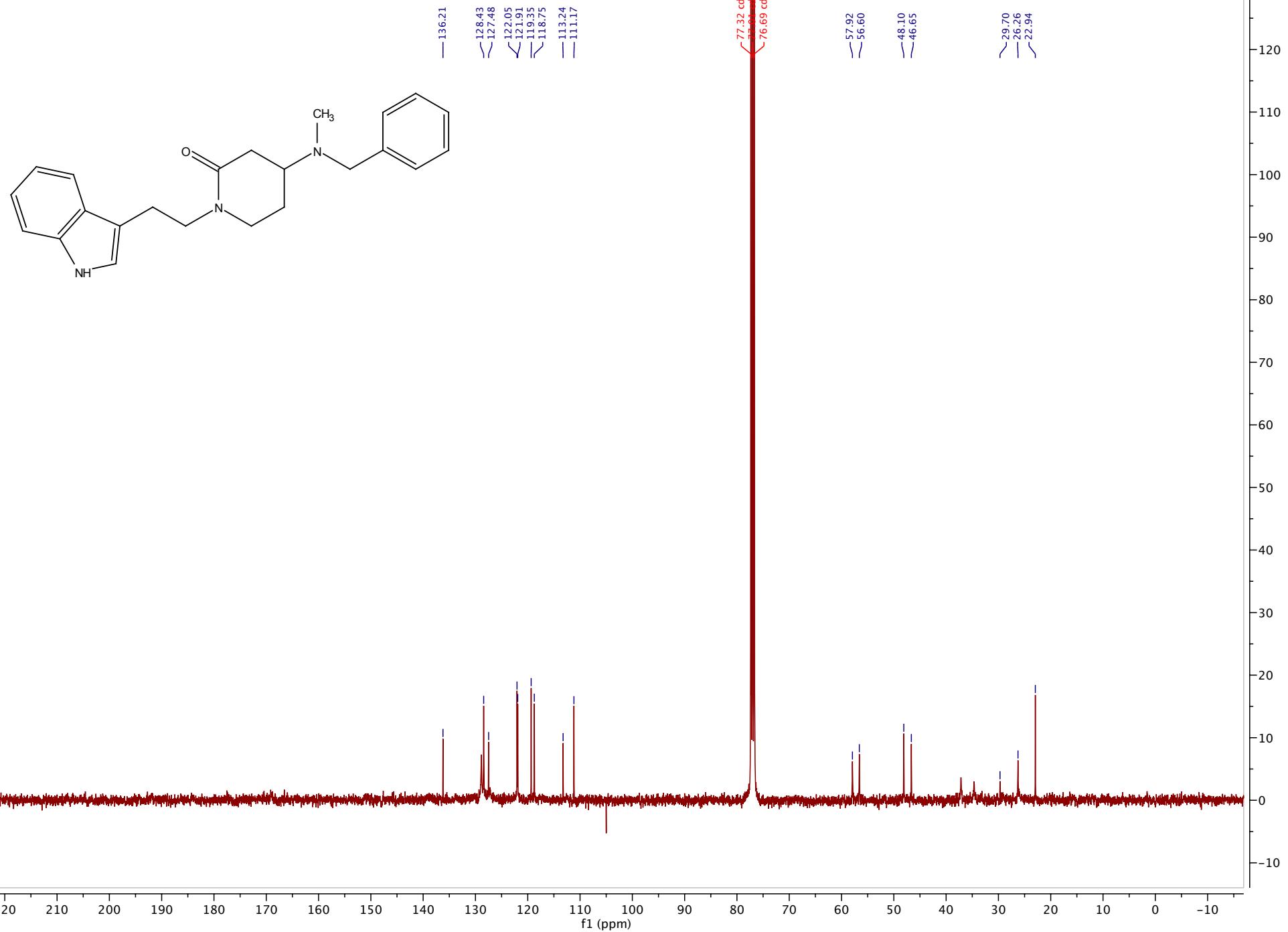
CARBON_01
LL_02_157_C13



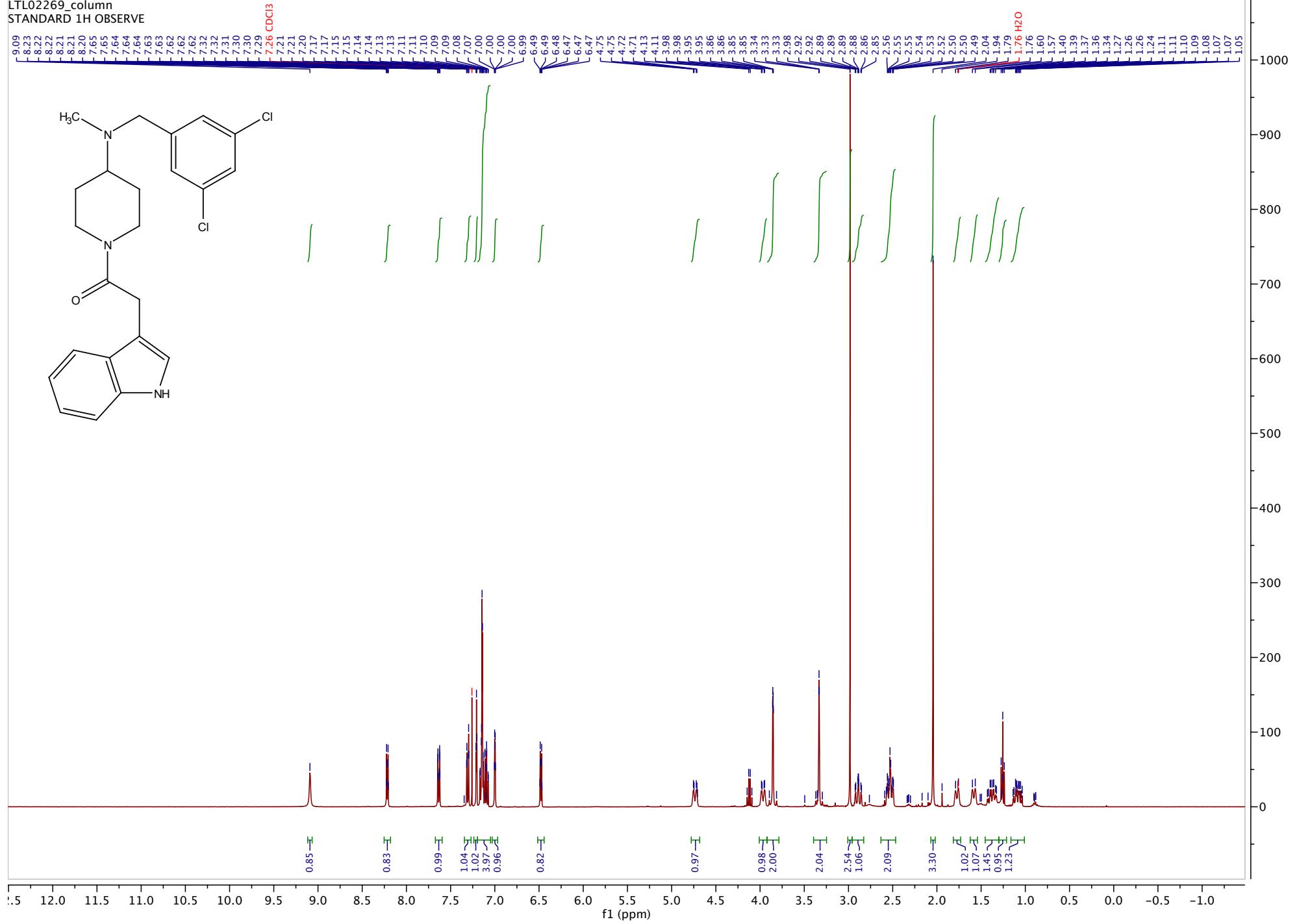
LL_02_144_01



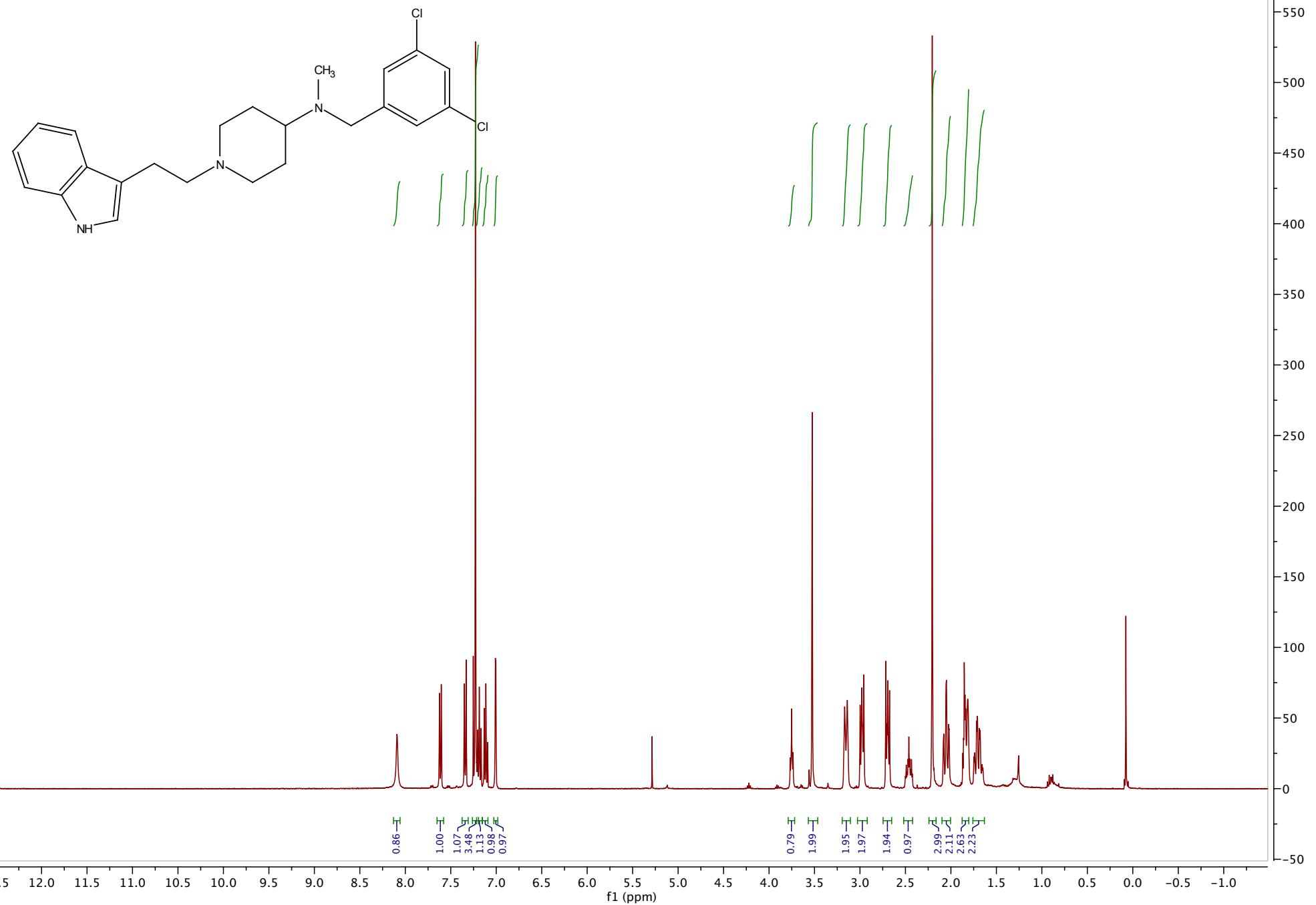
LL_02_144_C13_01



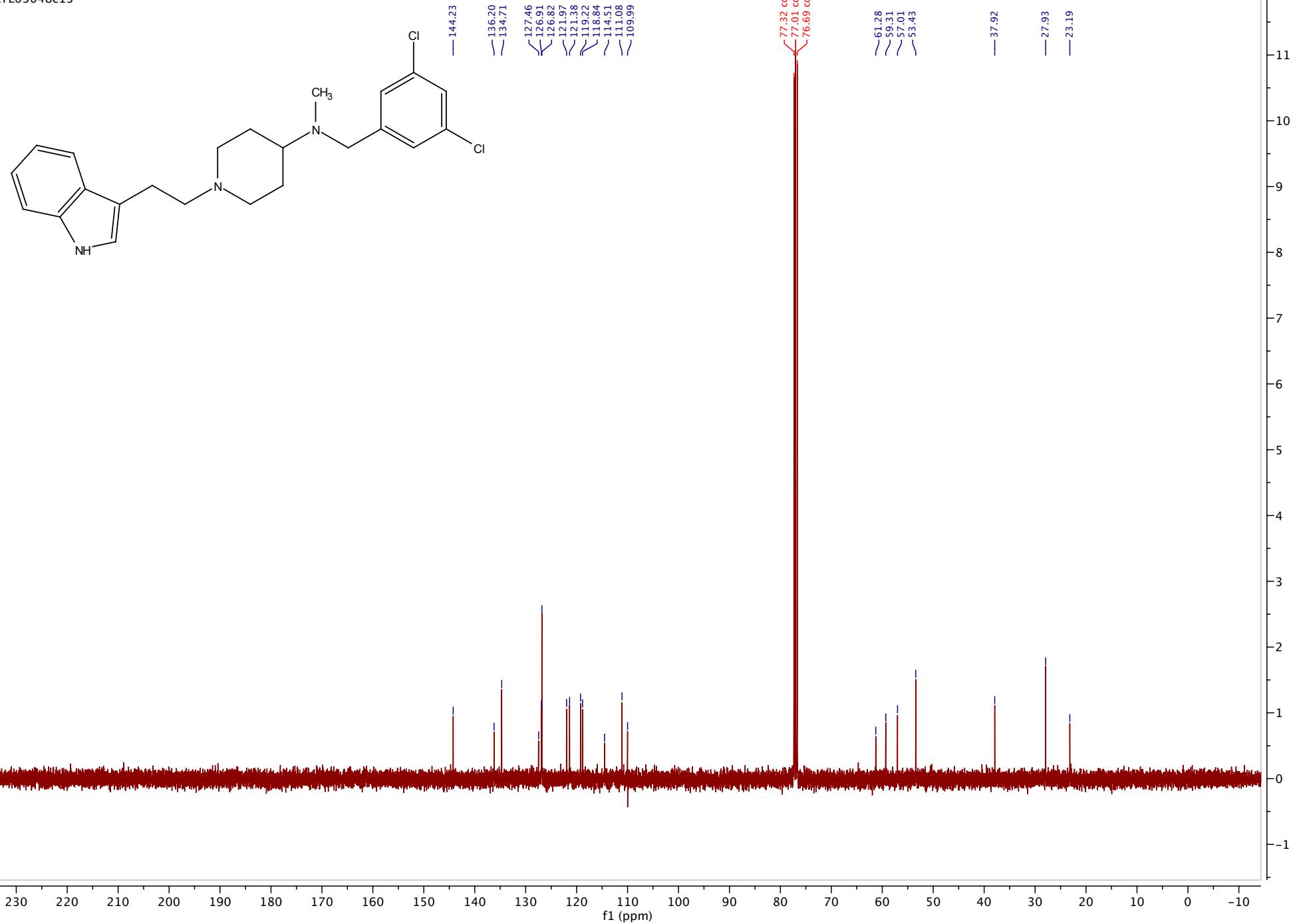
LTL02269_column
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



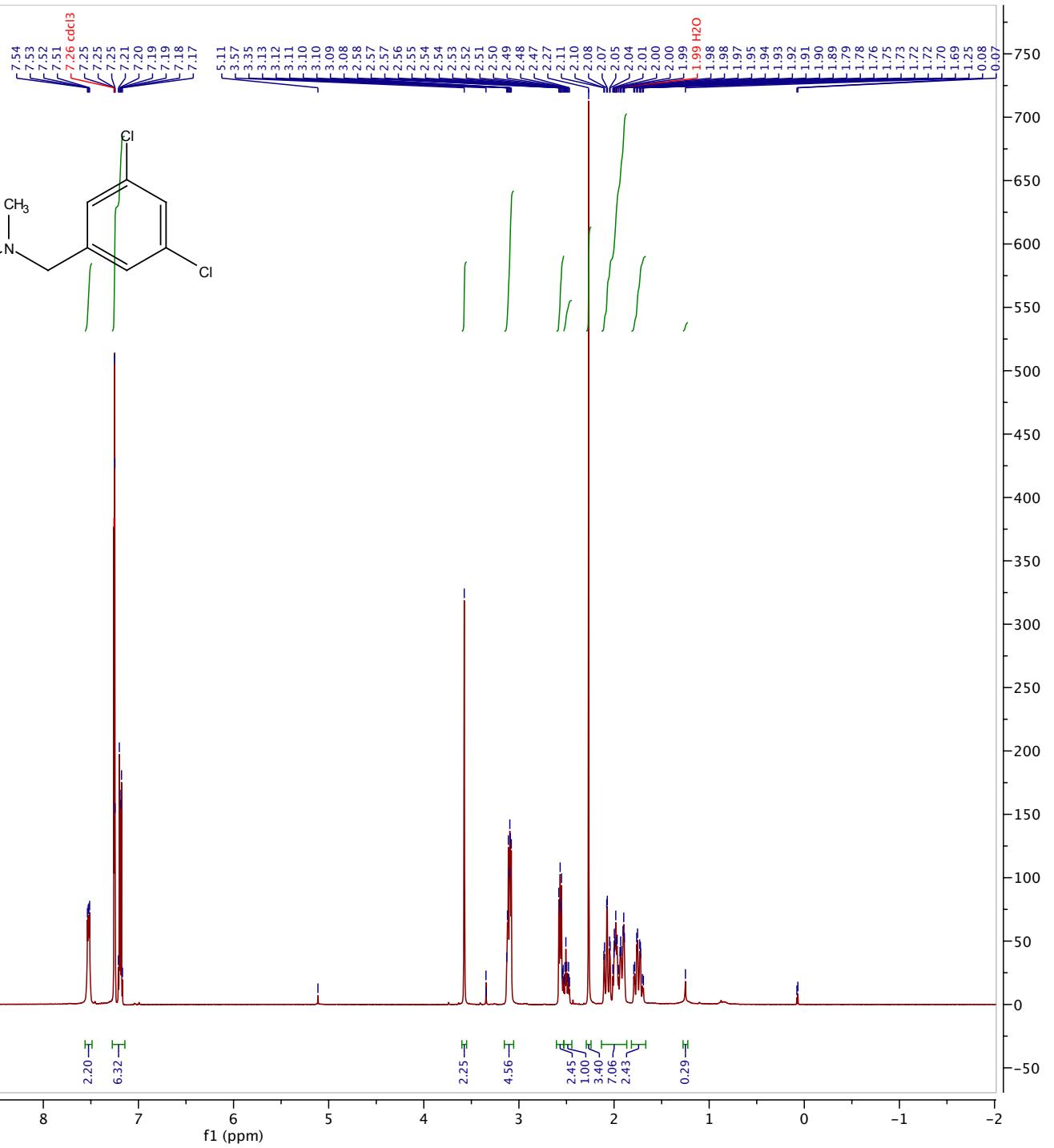
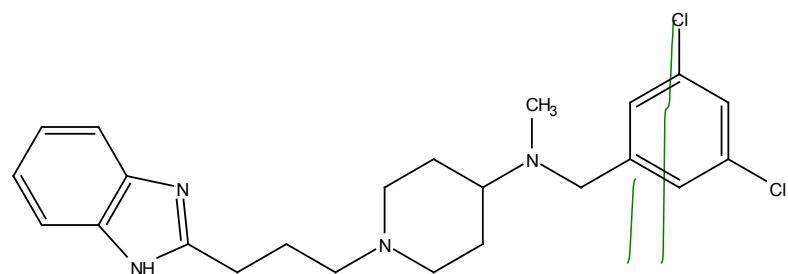
LTL03048
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



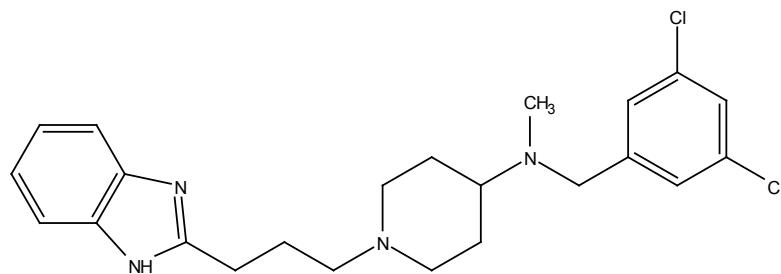
CARBON_01
LTL03048c13



PROTON_01
LTL03165_protoncarbon



CARBON_01
LTL03165_protoncarbon



— 155.66

— 143.88

— 134.82

— 127.07

— 126.76

— 121.72

— 77.33 cdc13
— 77.22
— 77.01 cdc13
— 76.69 cdc13

— 60.70
— 59.03
— 57.36
— 53.26

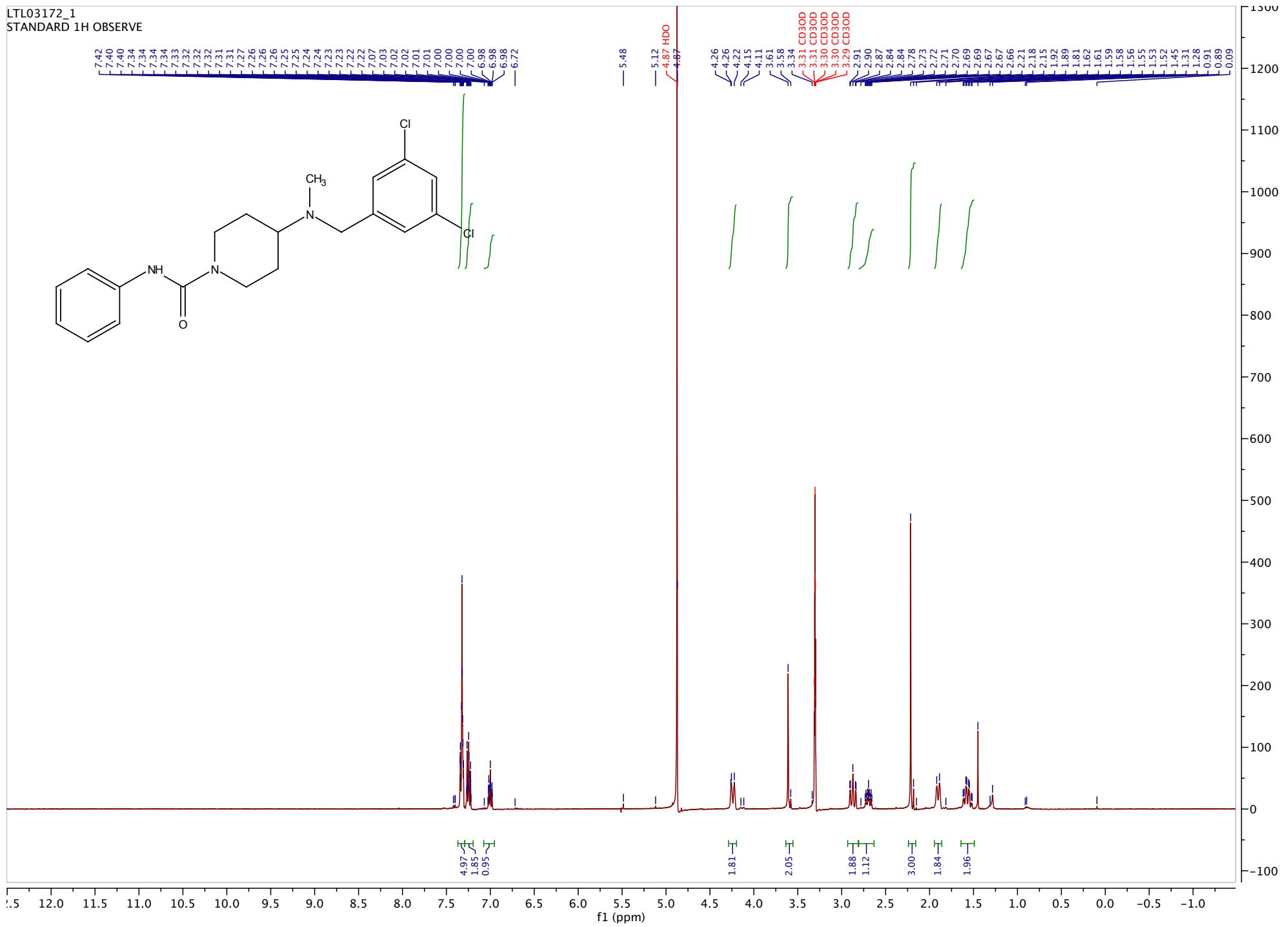
— 37.75
— 29.52
— 28.23
— 23.69

230 220 210 200 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

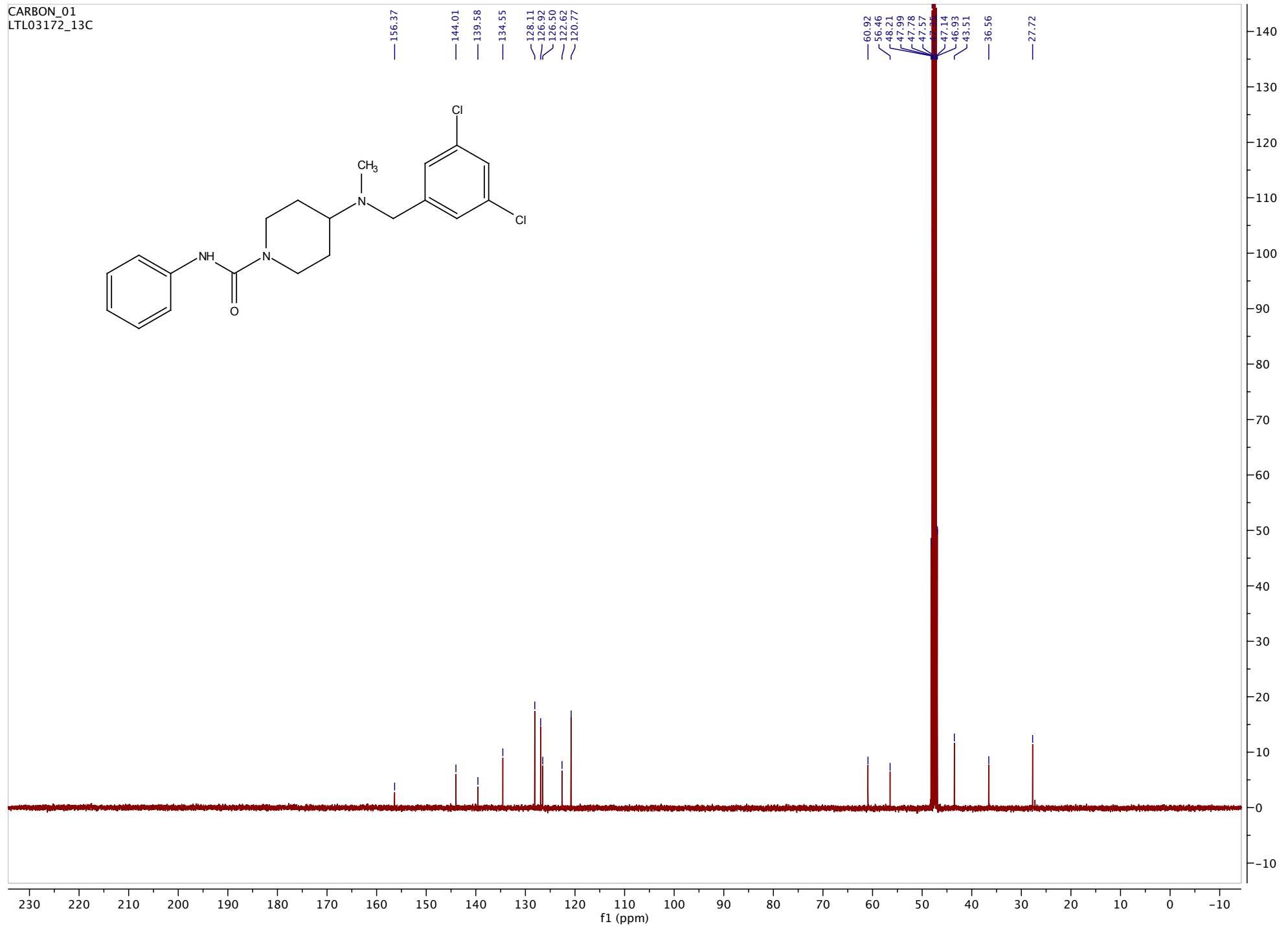
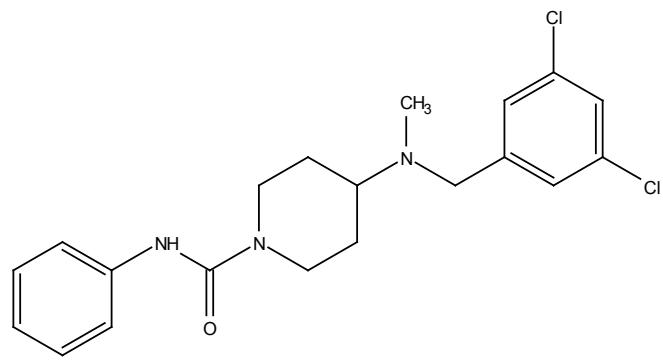
f1 (ppm)

LTL03172_1

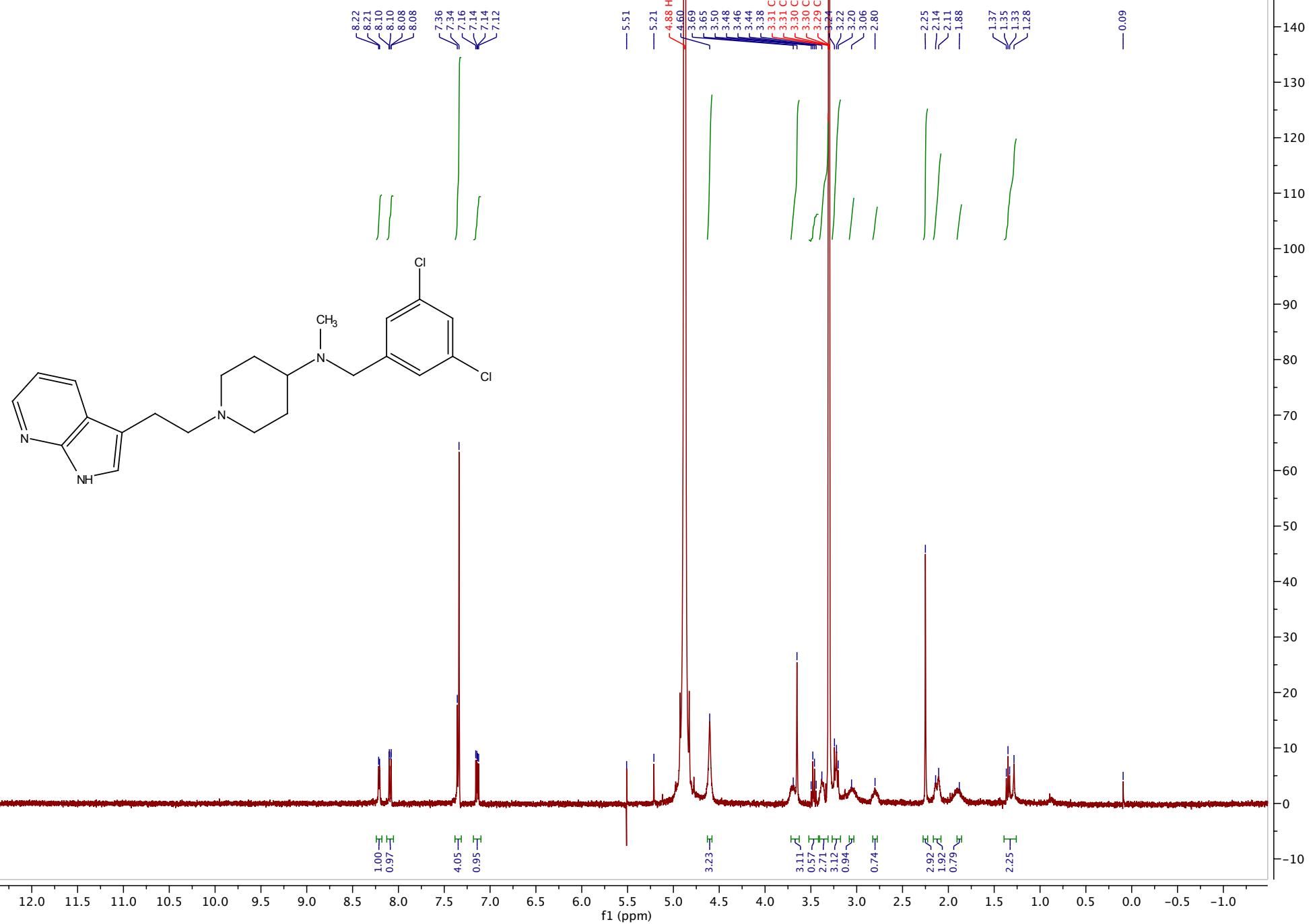
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



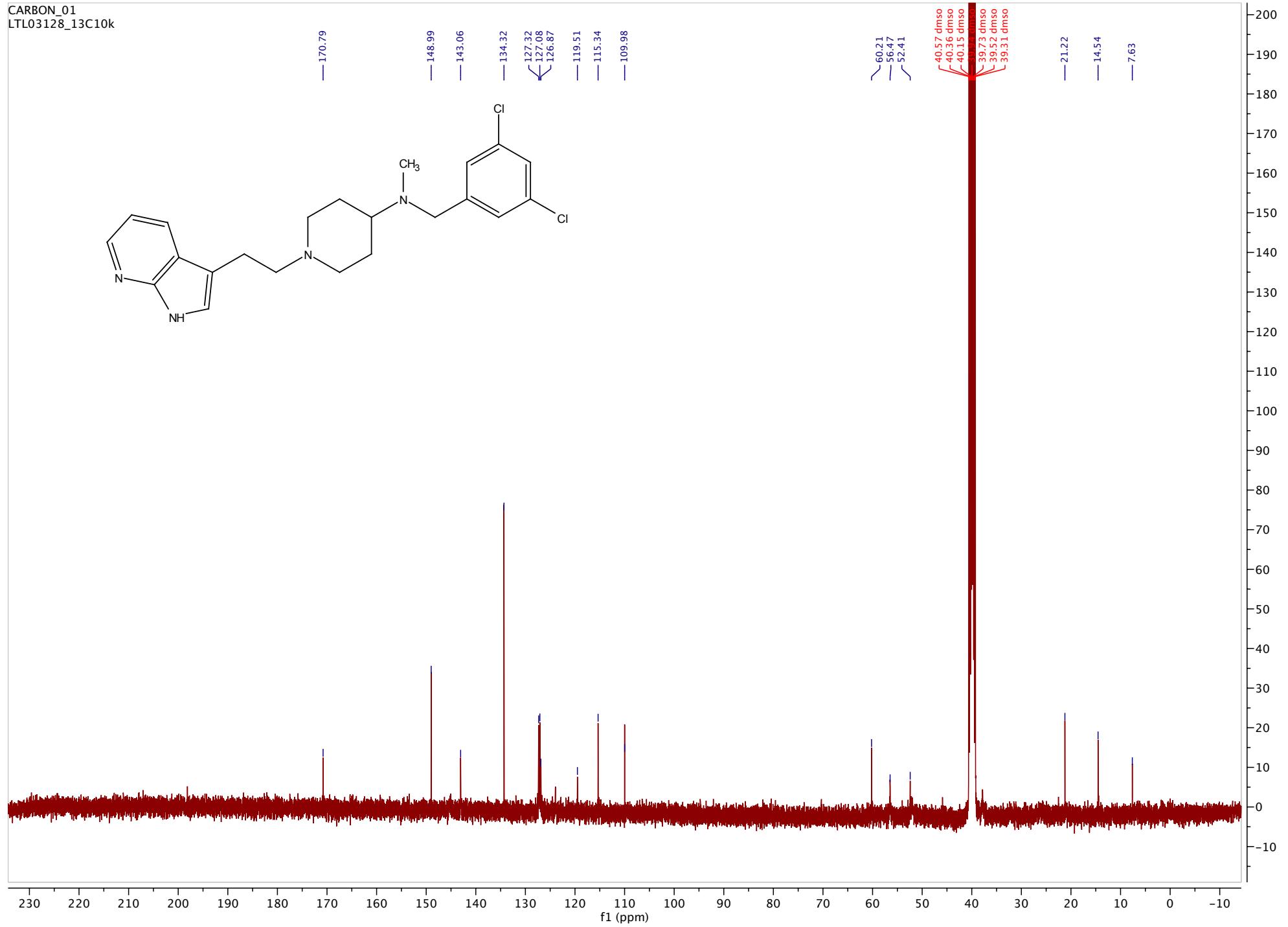
CARBON_01
LTL03172_13C



LTL03128_CD3OD
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

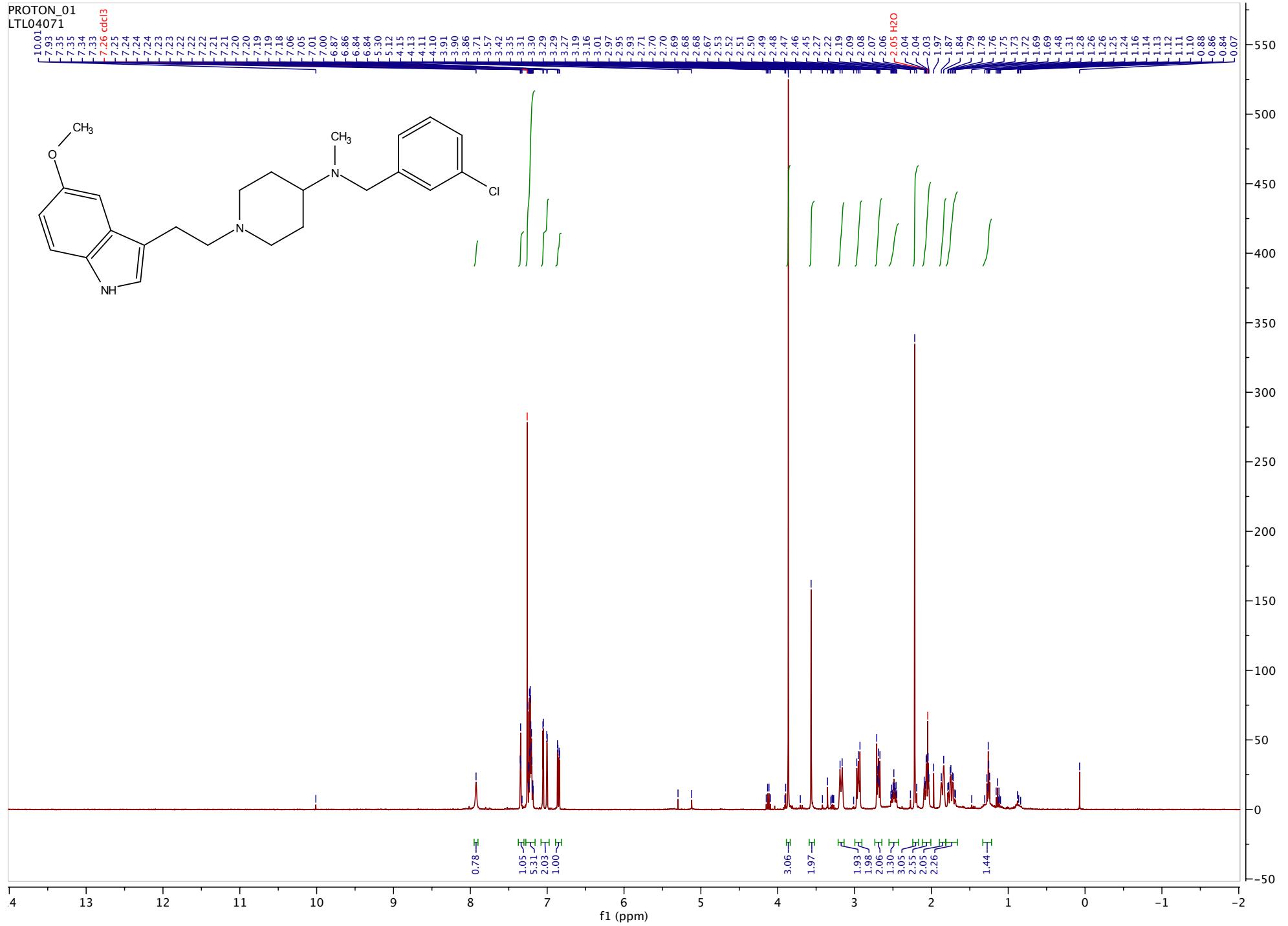
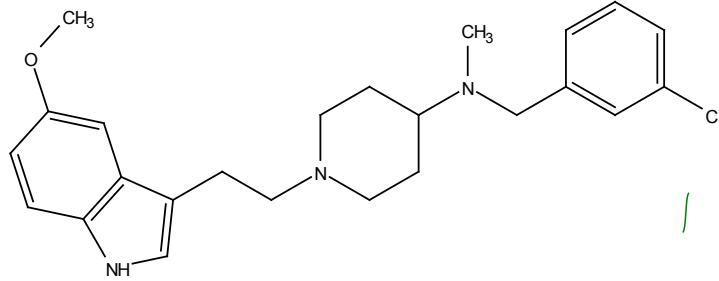


CARBON_01
LTL03128_13C10k

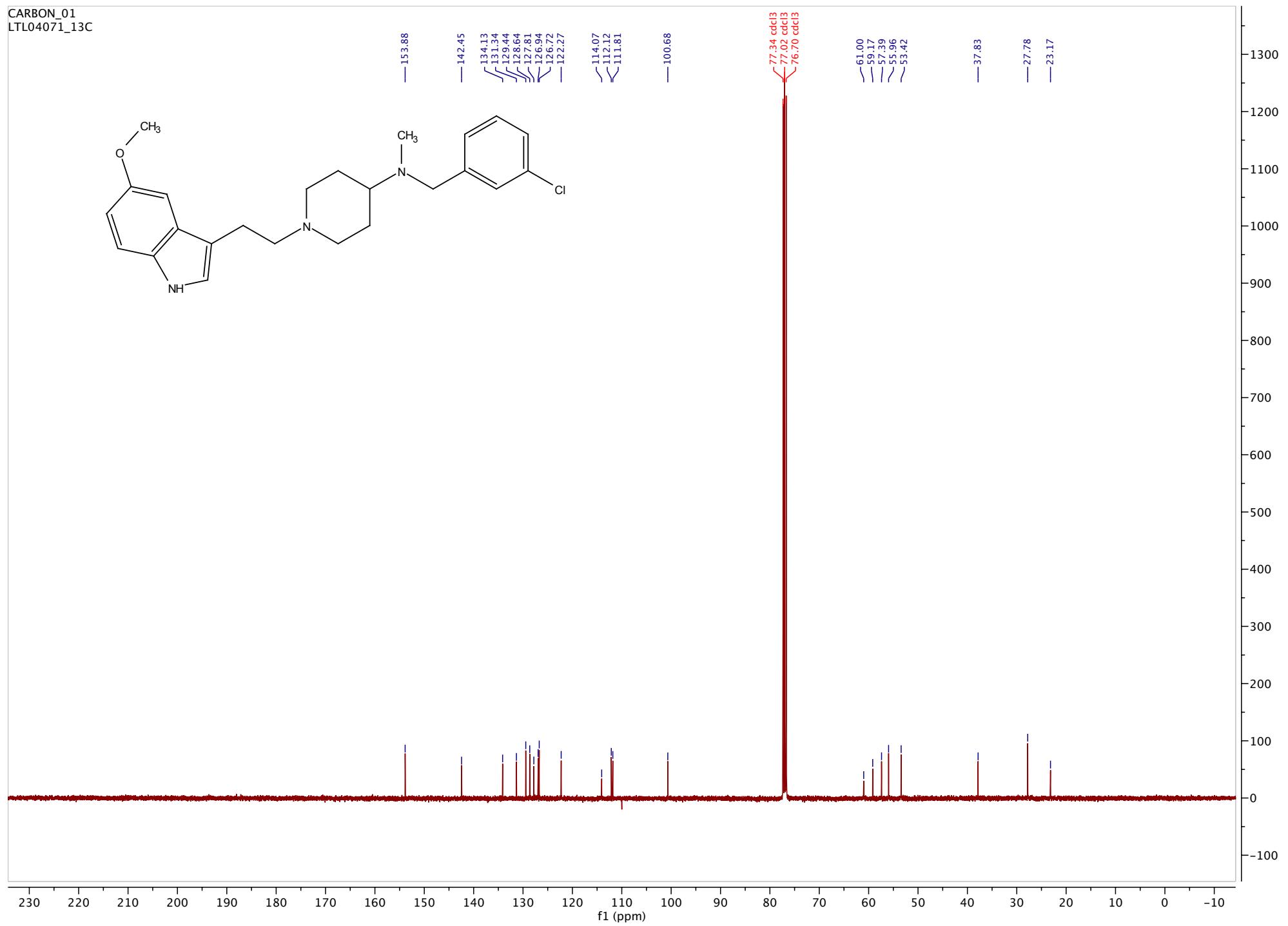


PROTON_01
LTL04071

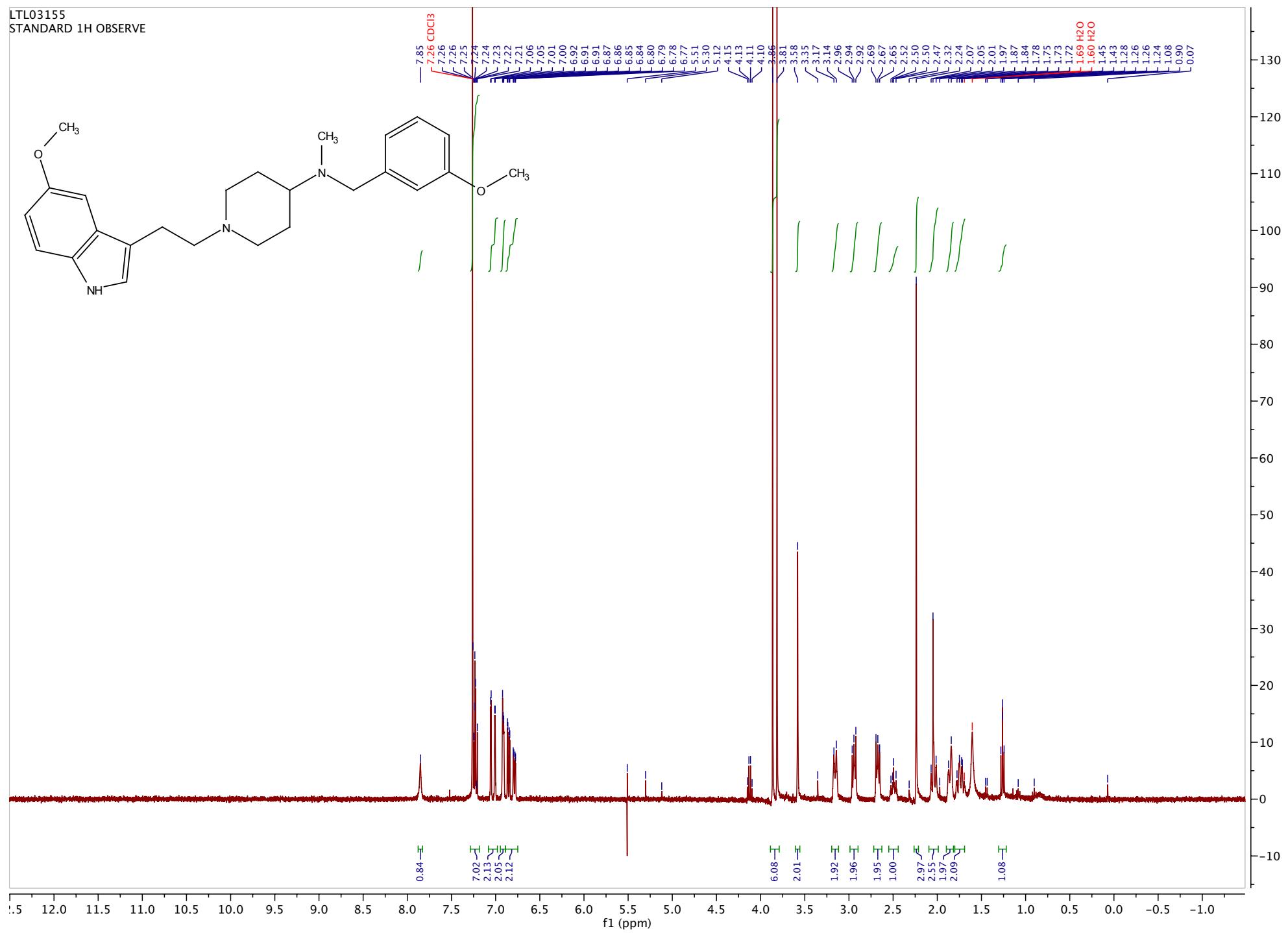
7.26 cdcl3



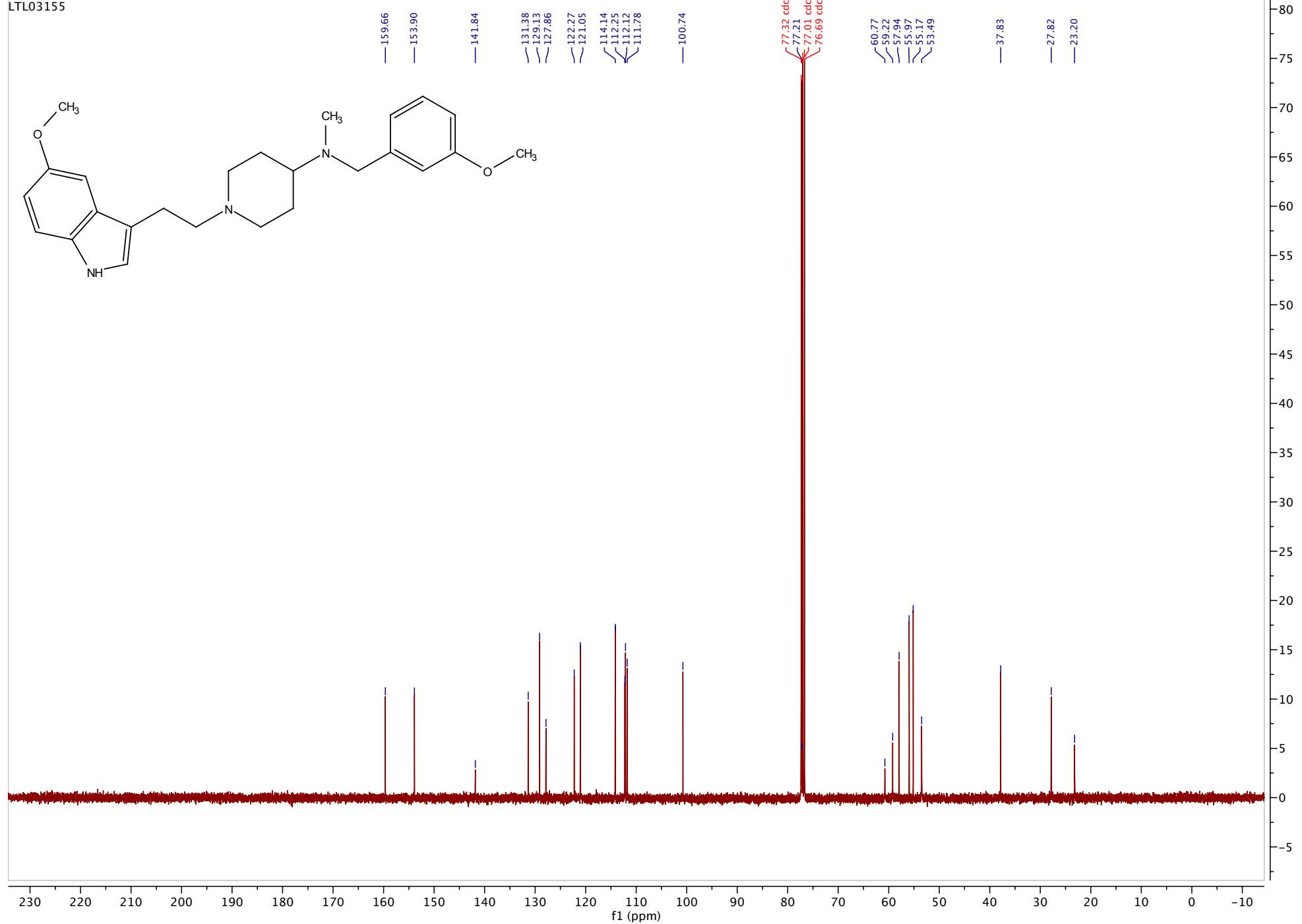
CARBON_01
LTL04071_13C



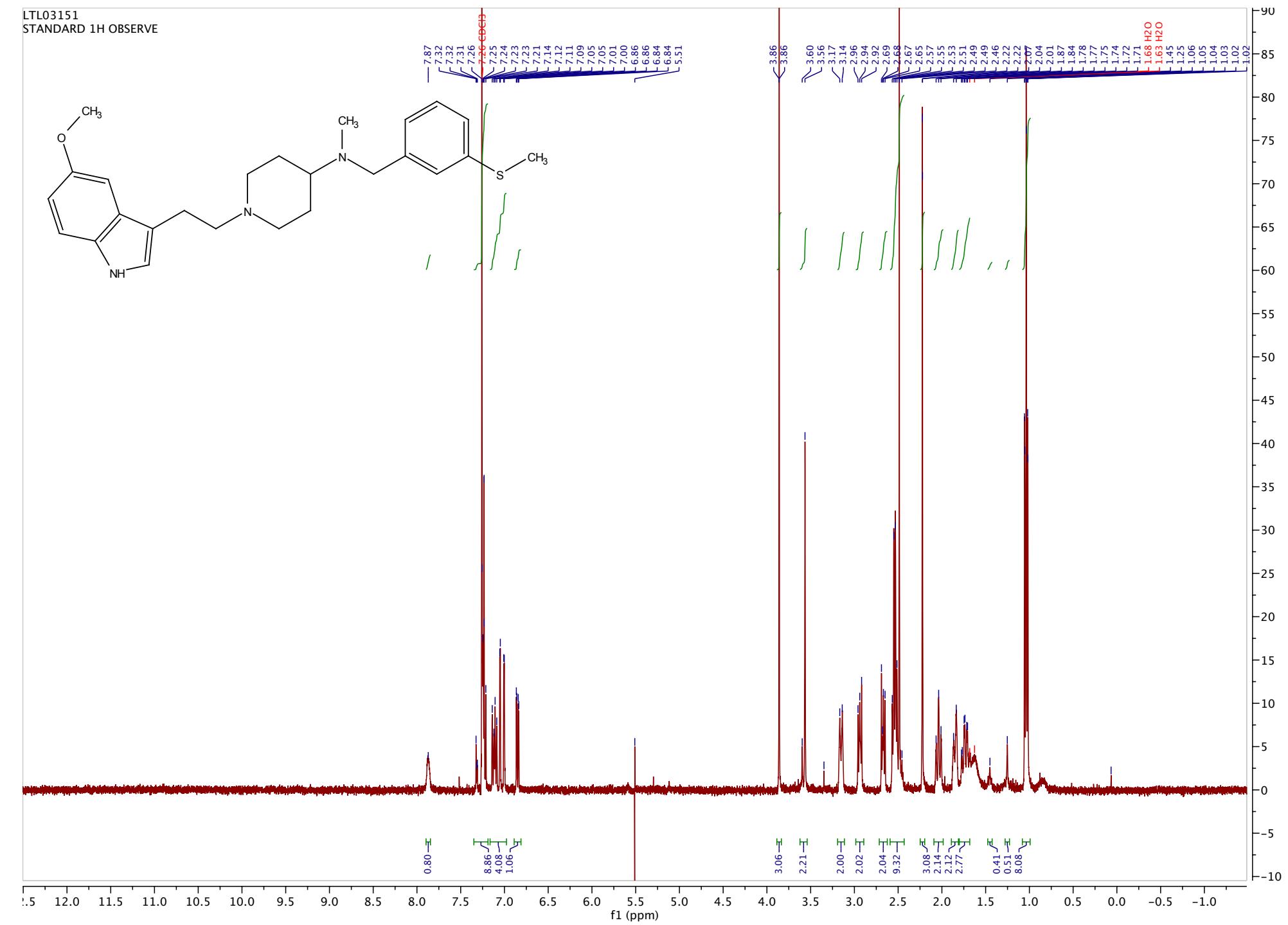
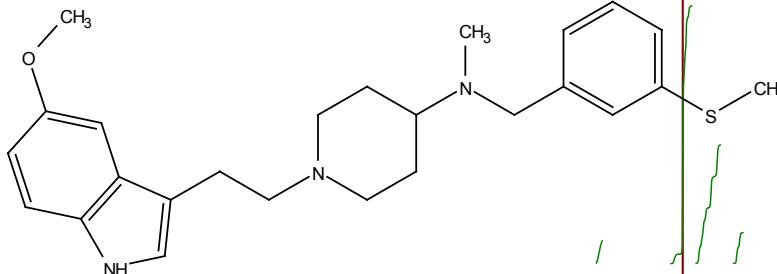
LTL03155
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



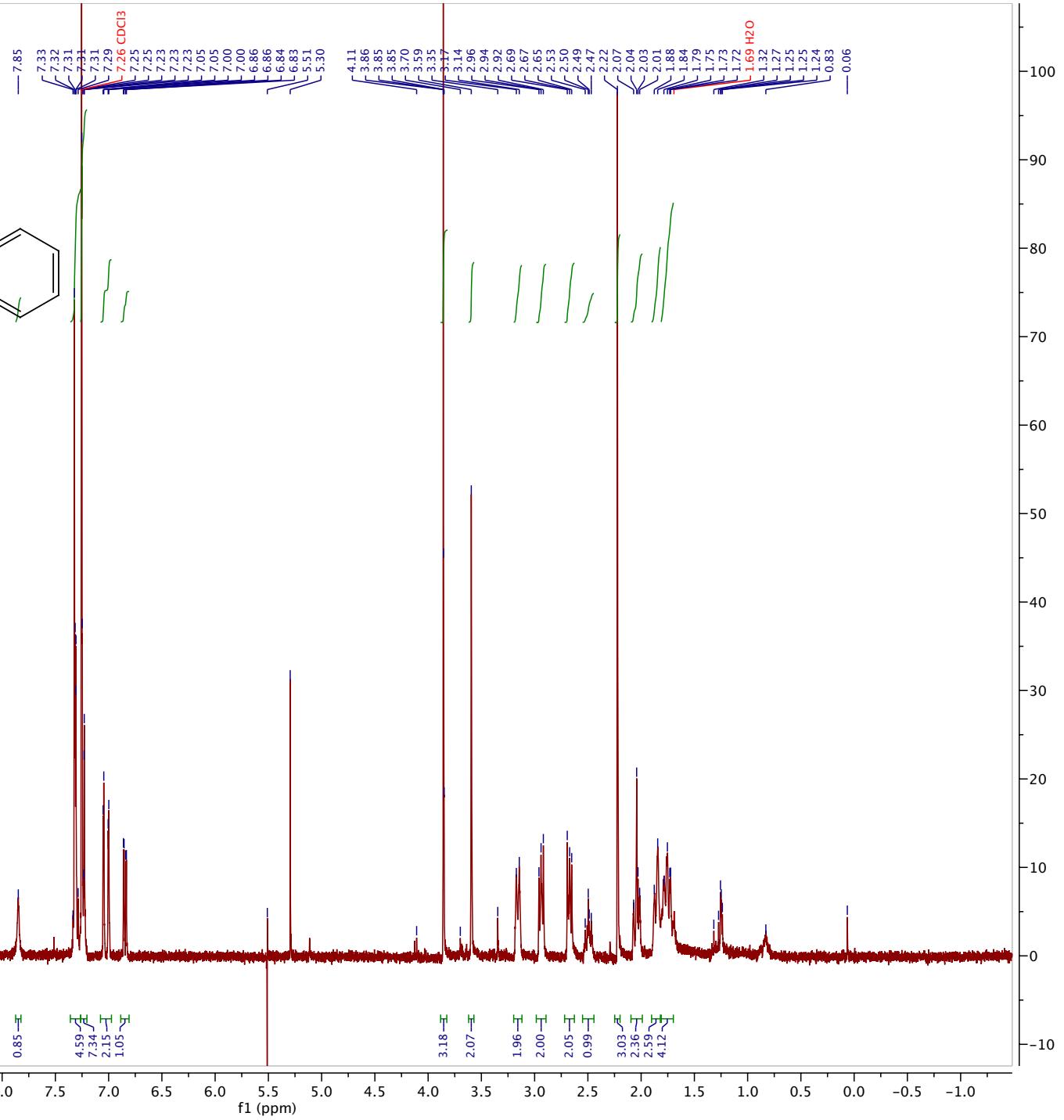
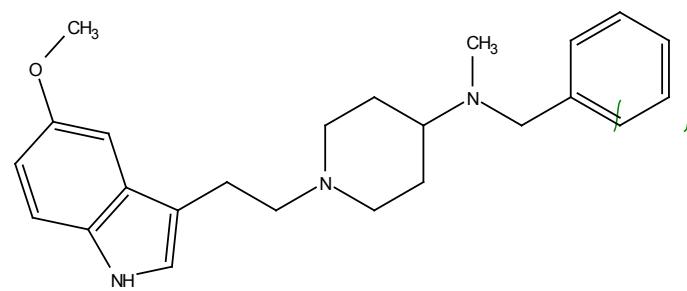
CARBON_01
LTL03155



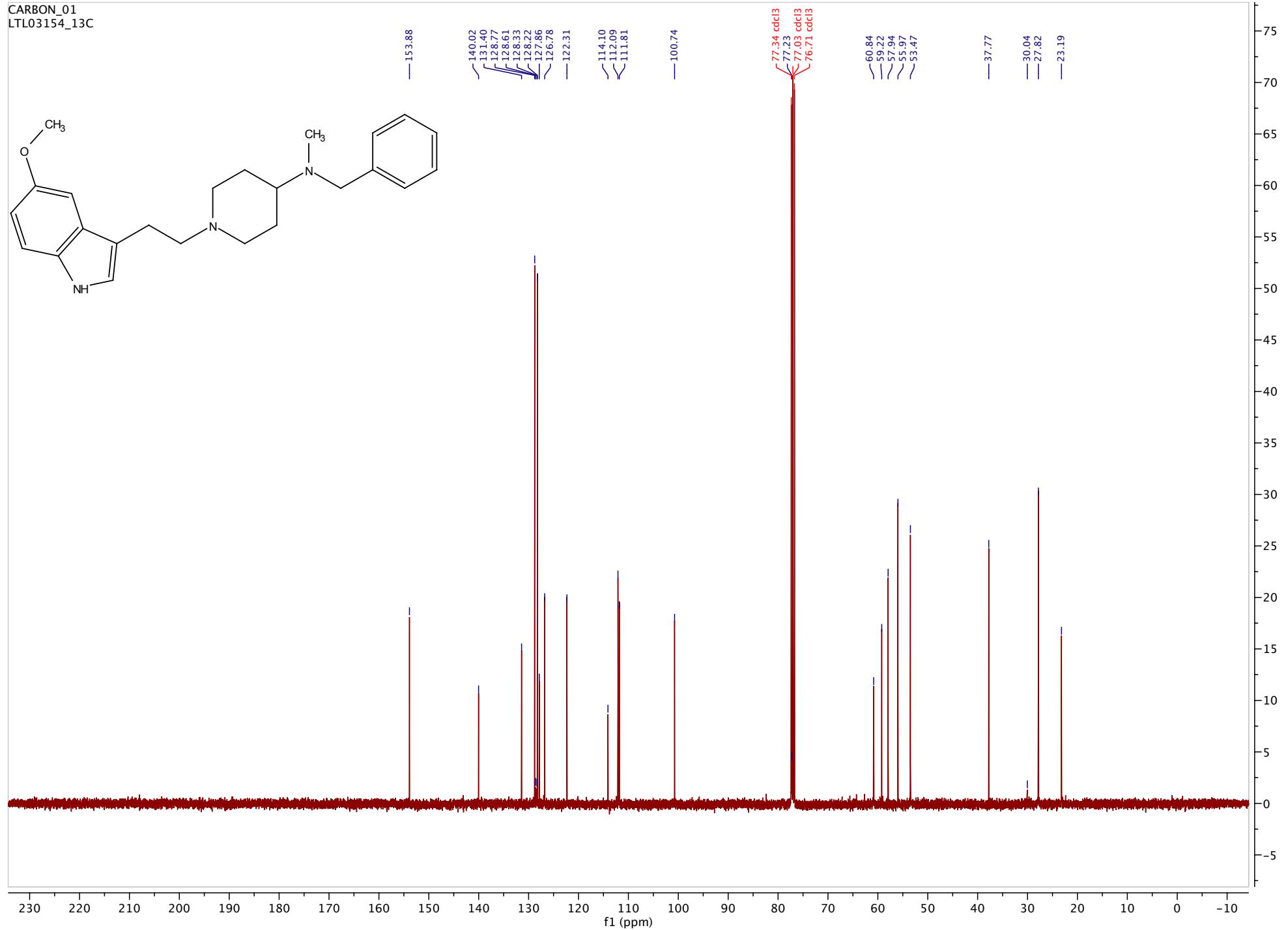
LTL03151
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



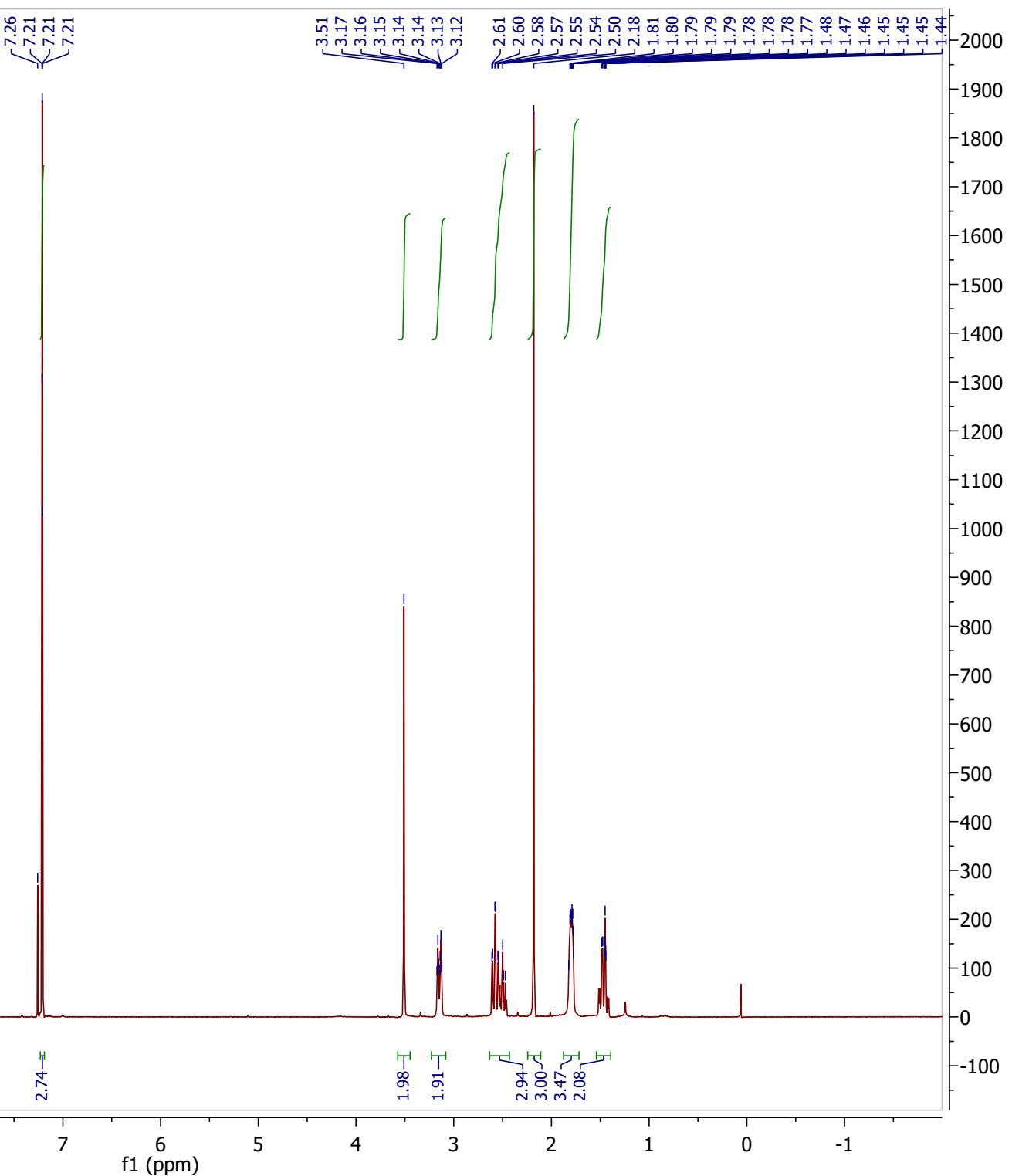
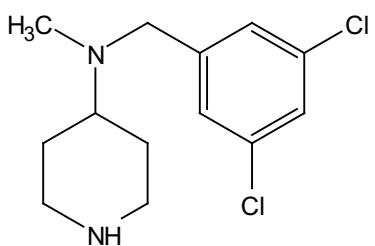
LTL03154
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



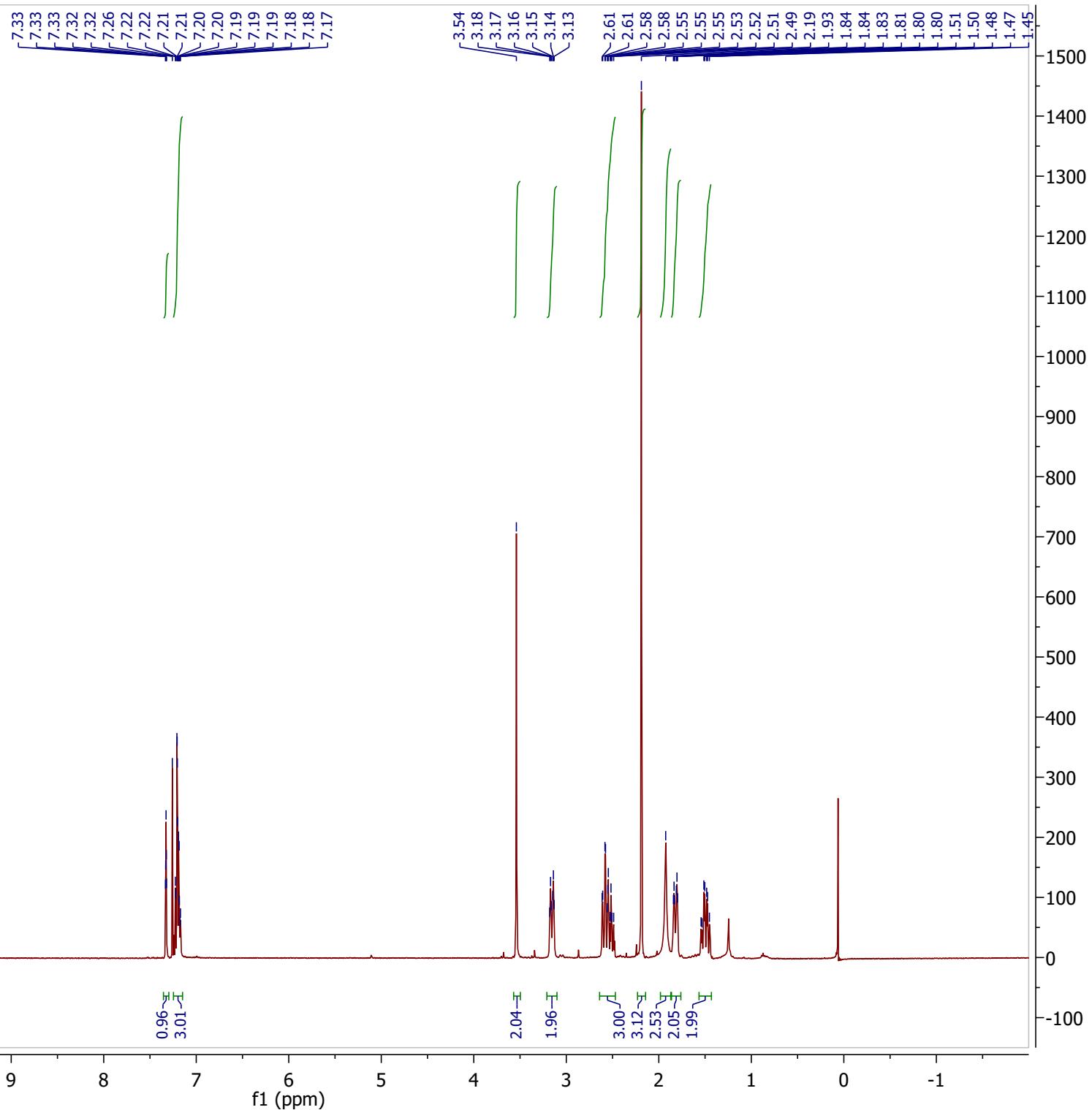
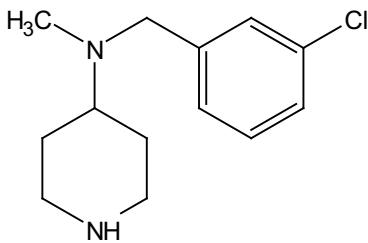
CARBON_01
LTL03154_13C



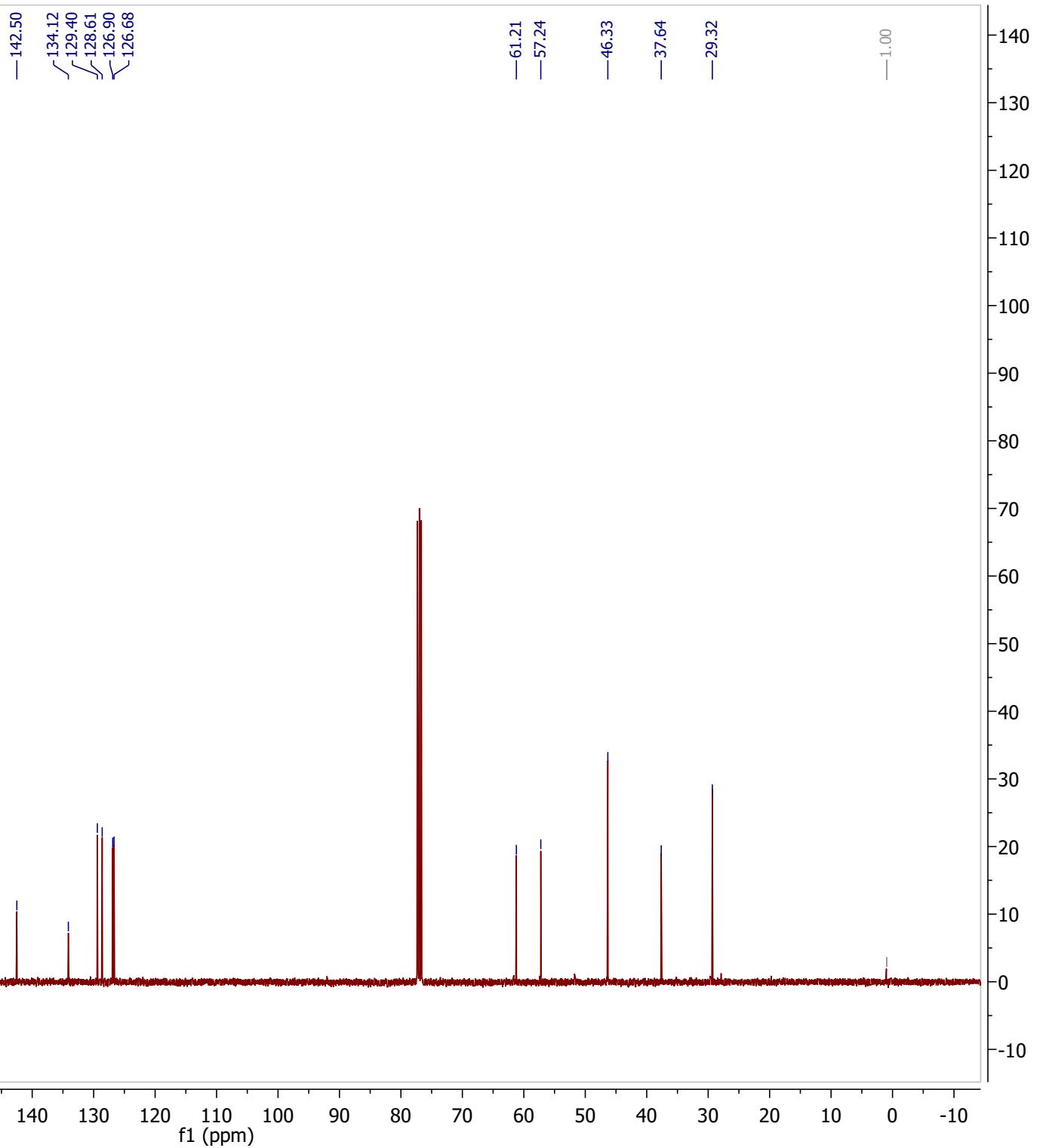
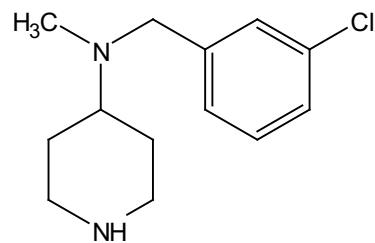
PROTON_01
LTL04032



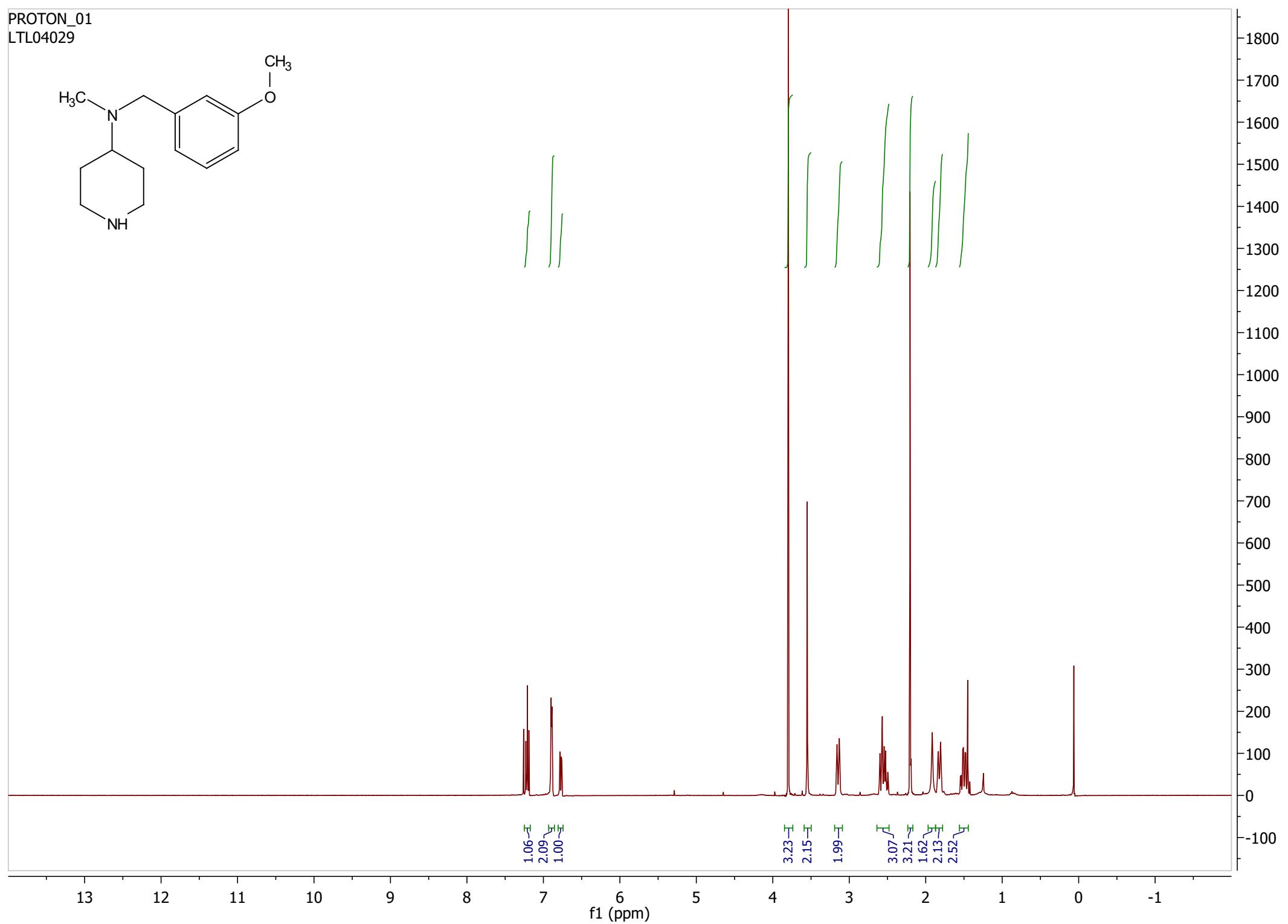
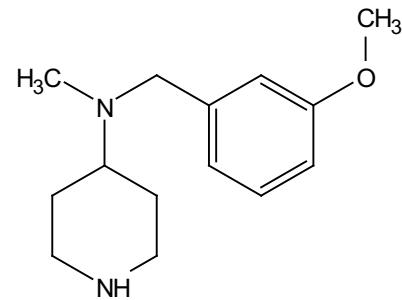
PROTON_01
LTL04031



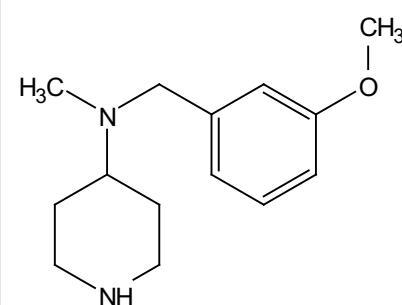
CARBON_01
LTL04031_13C



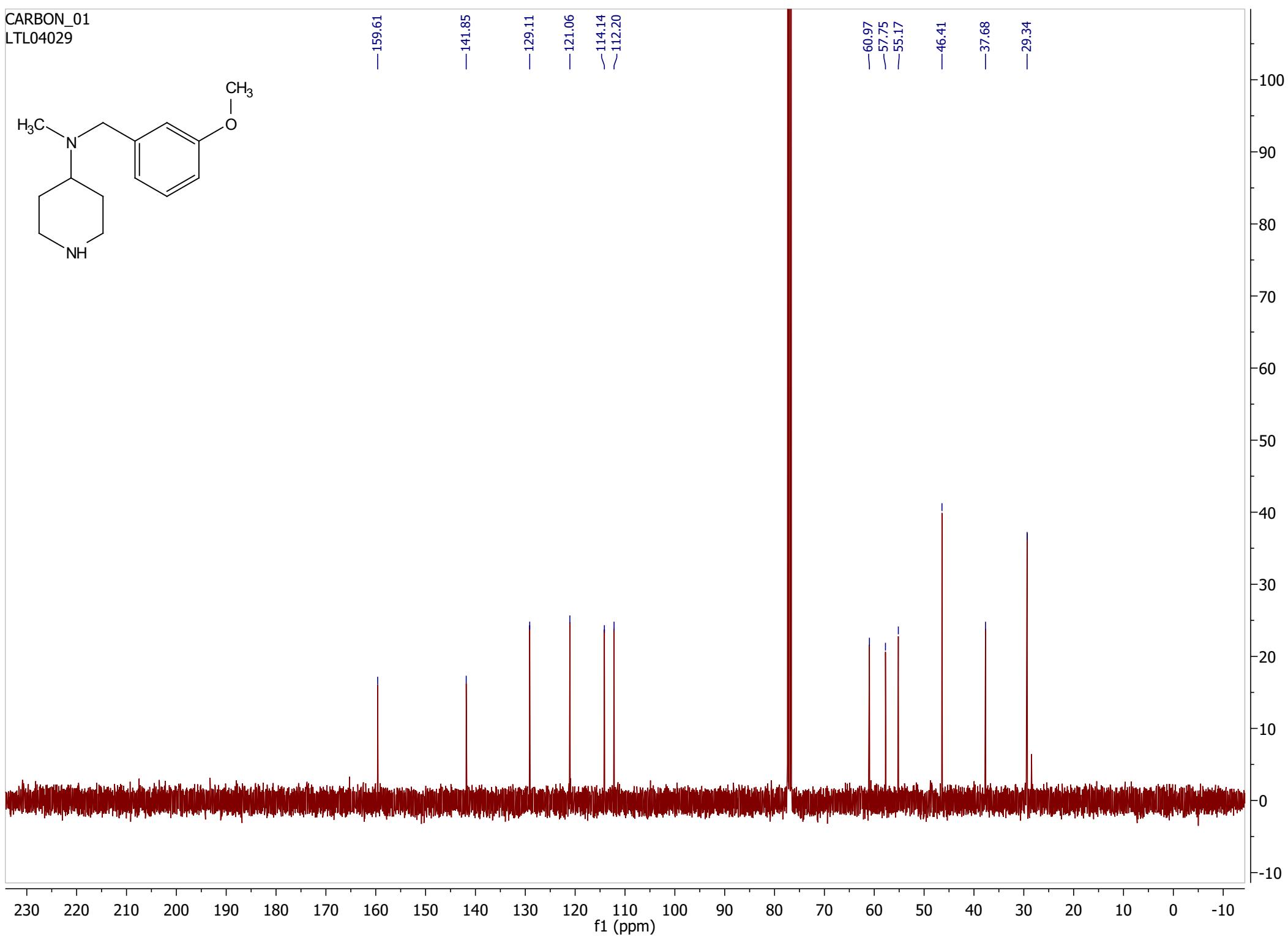
PROTON_01
LTL04029



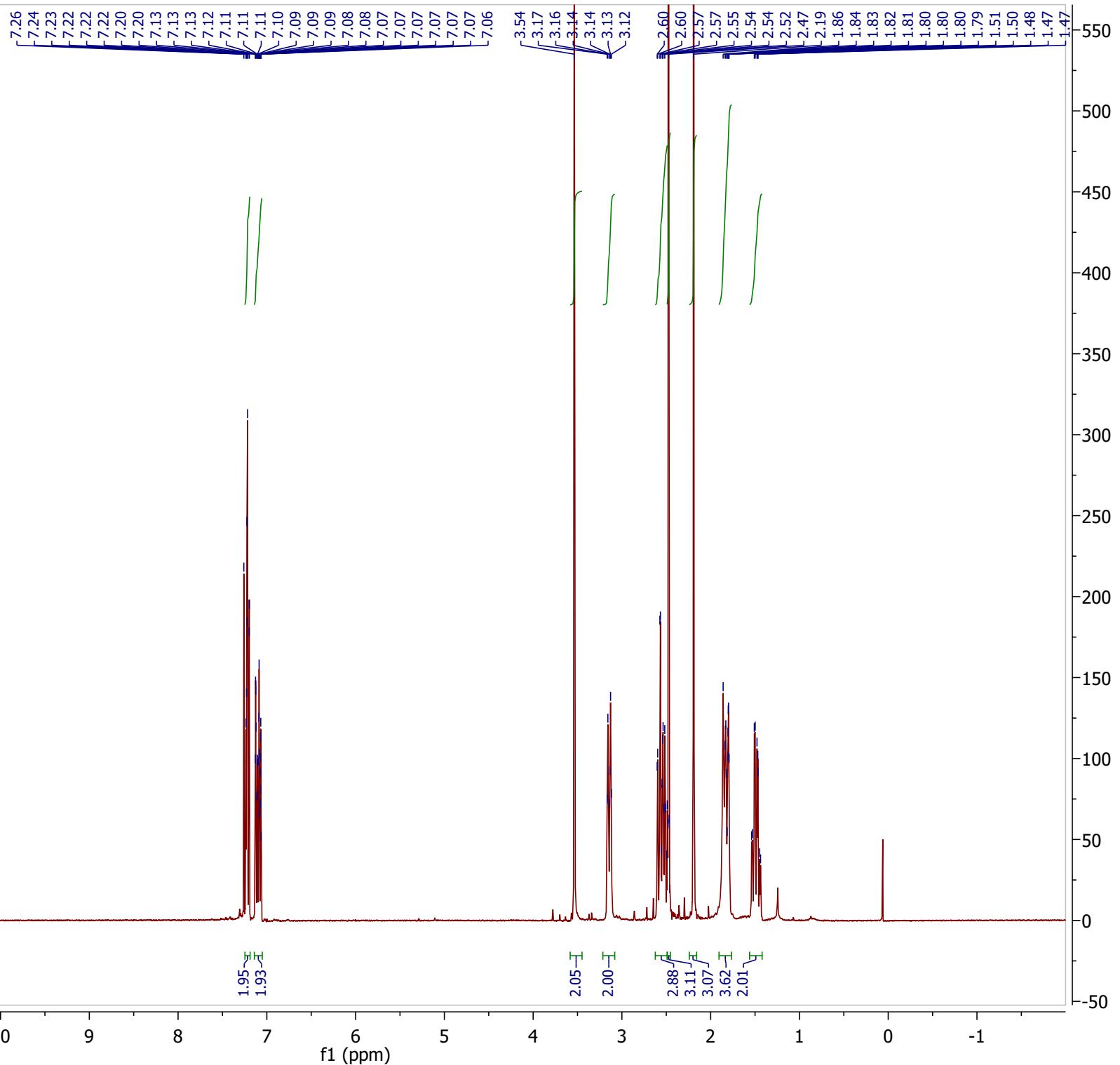
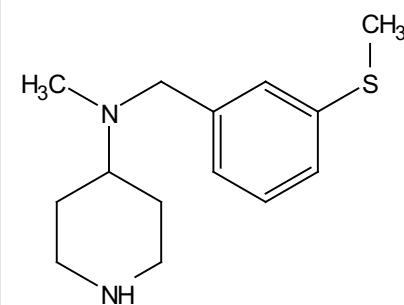
CARBON_01
LTL04029



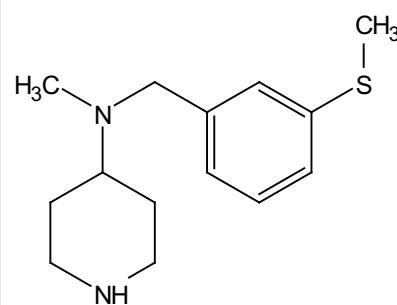
—159.61 —141.85 —129.11 —121.06 —114.14 —112.20
—60.97 —57.75 —55.17 —46.41 —37.68 —29.34



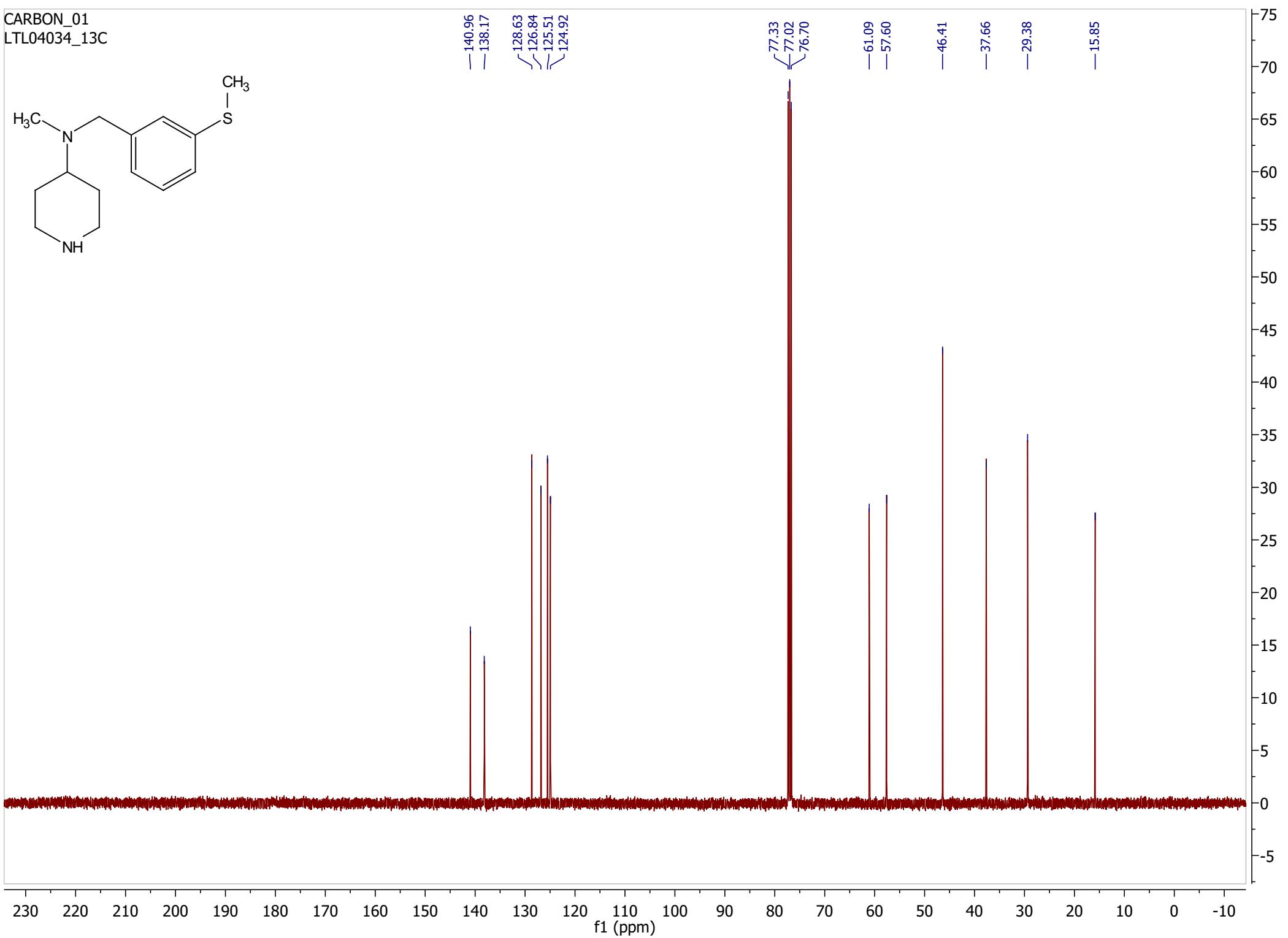
PROTON_01
LTL04034

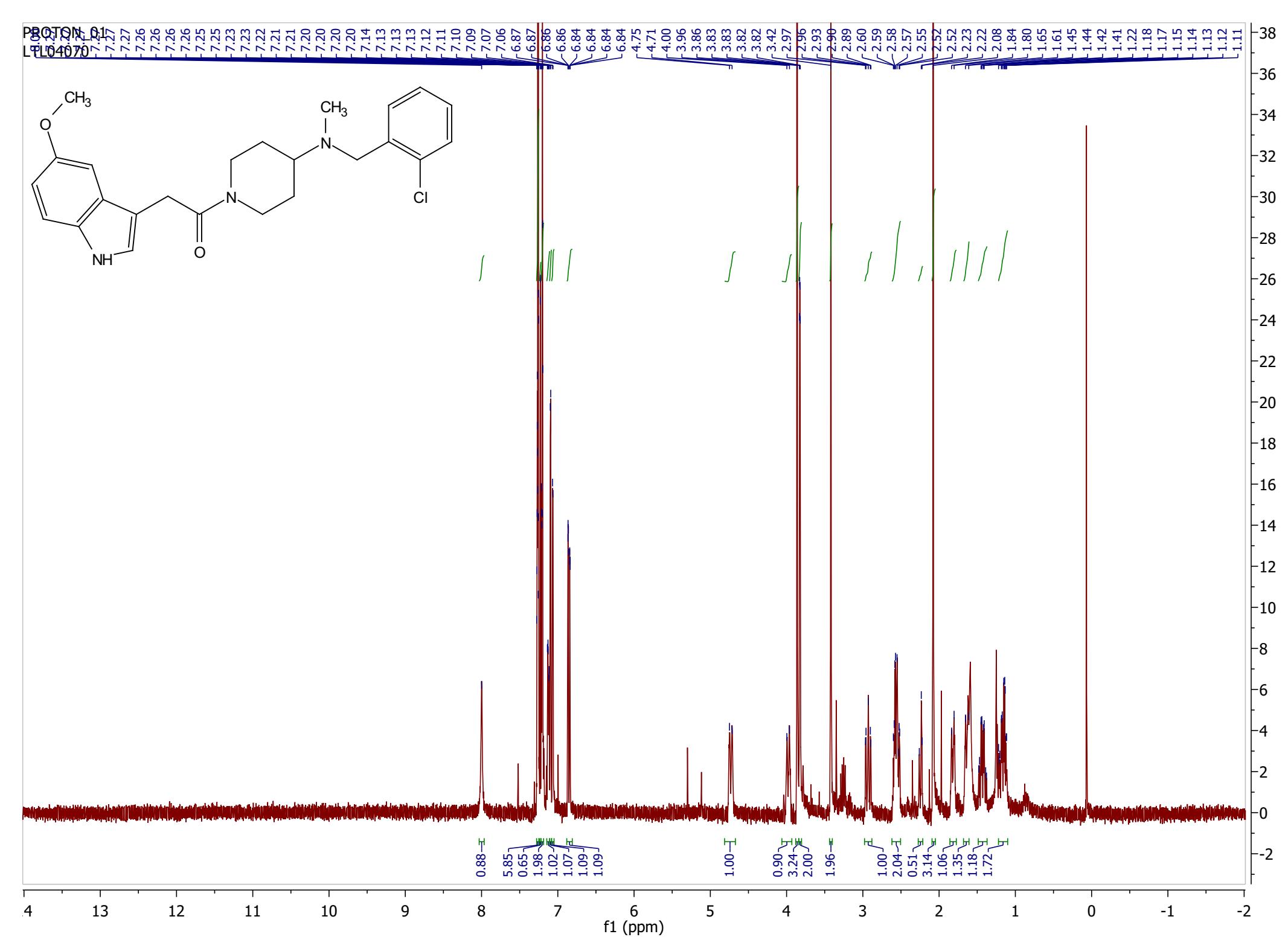


CARBON_01
LTL04034_13C

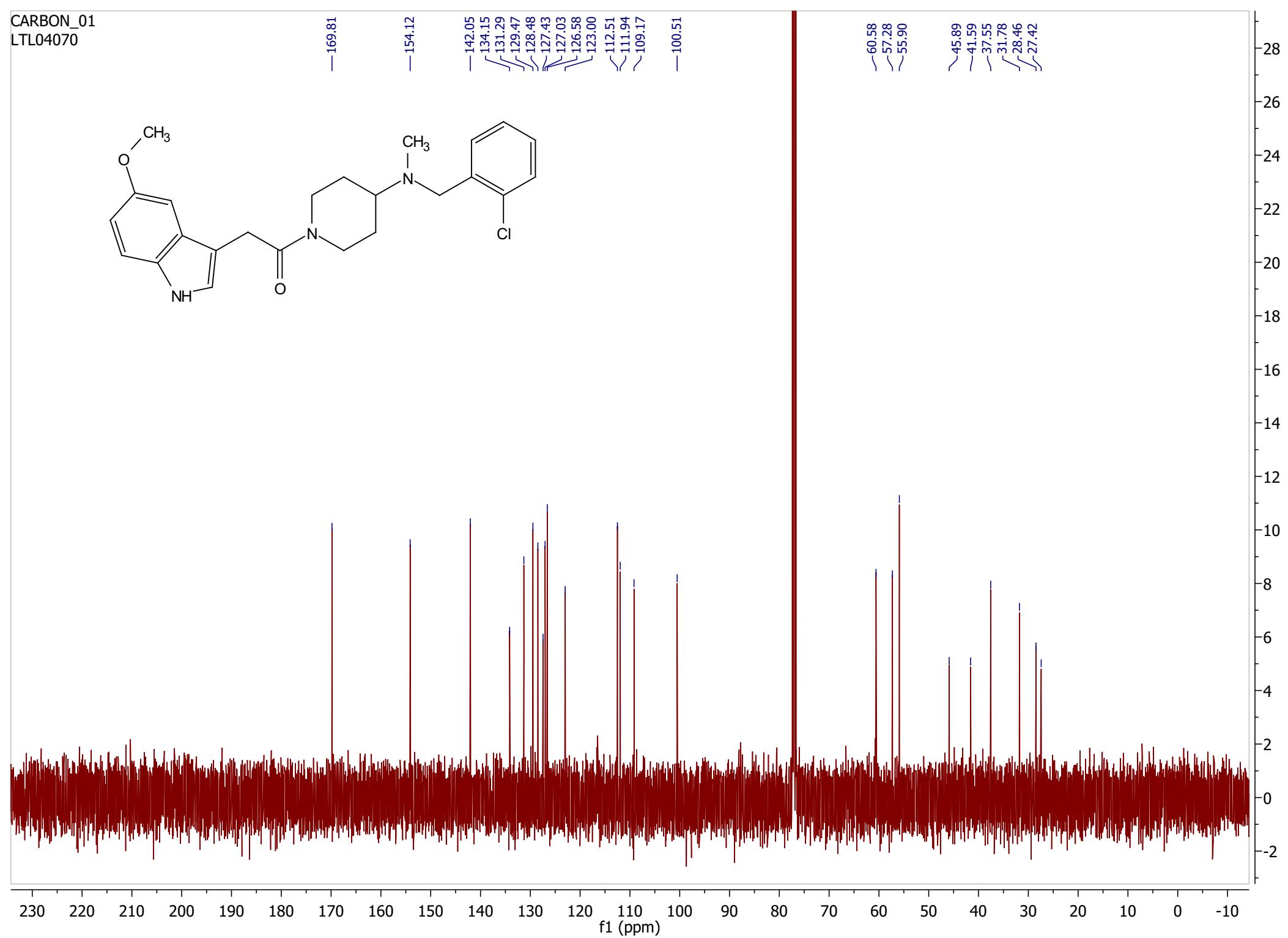


-140.96
-138.17
128.63
126.84
125.51
124.92
77.33
77.02
76.70
-61.09
-57.60
-46.41
-37.66
-29.38
-15.85

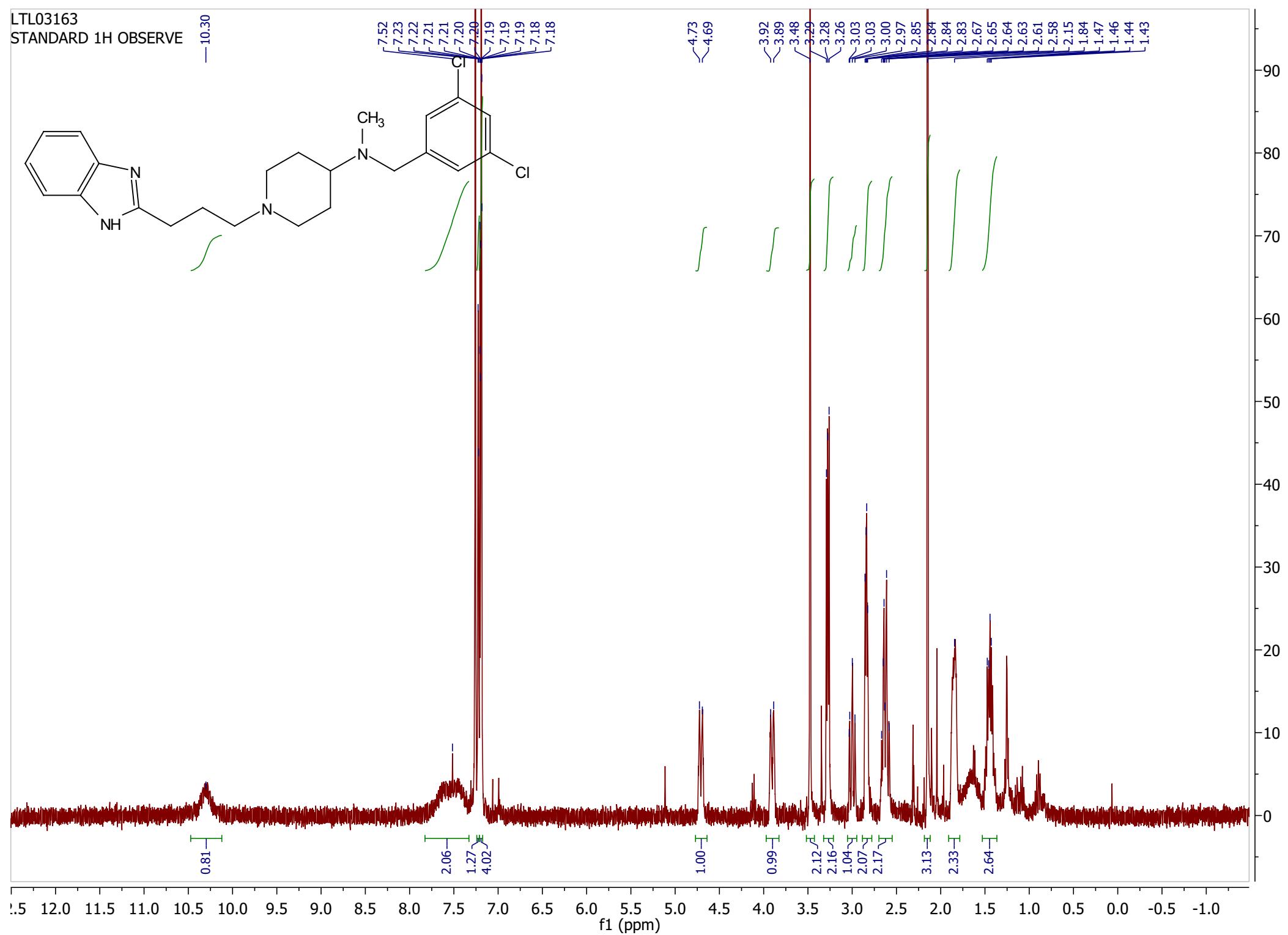




CARBON_01
LTL04070

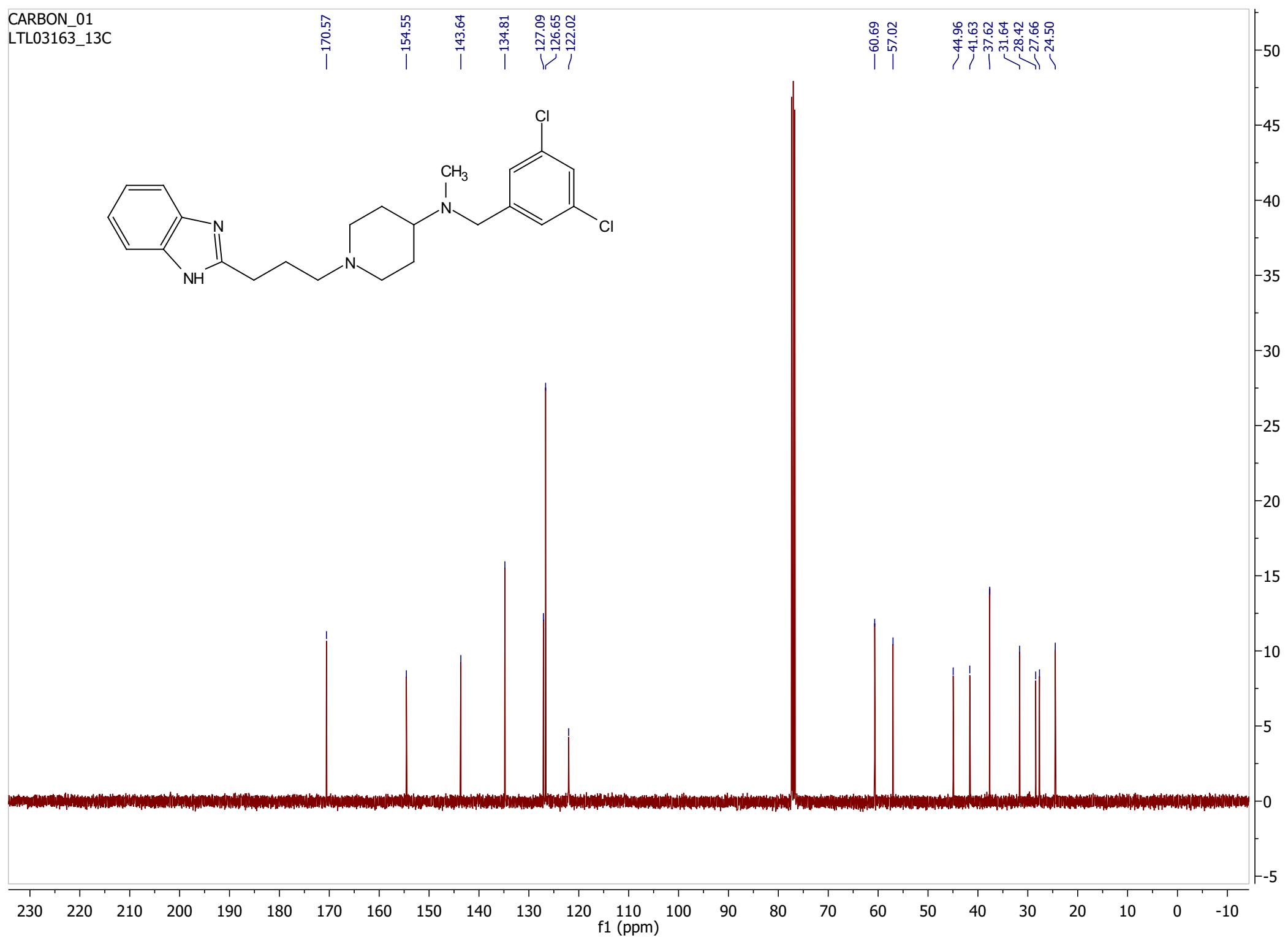
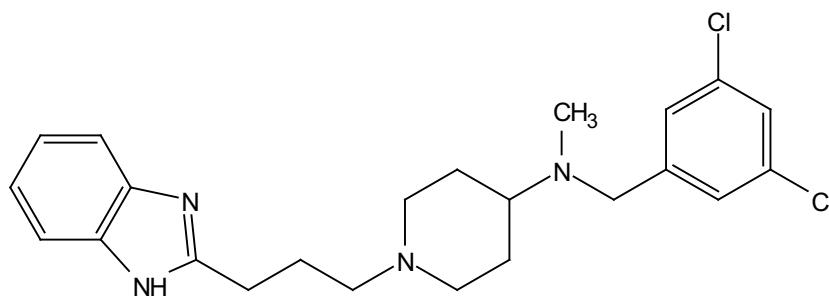


LTL03163
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE

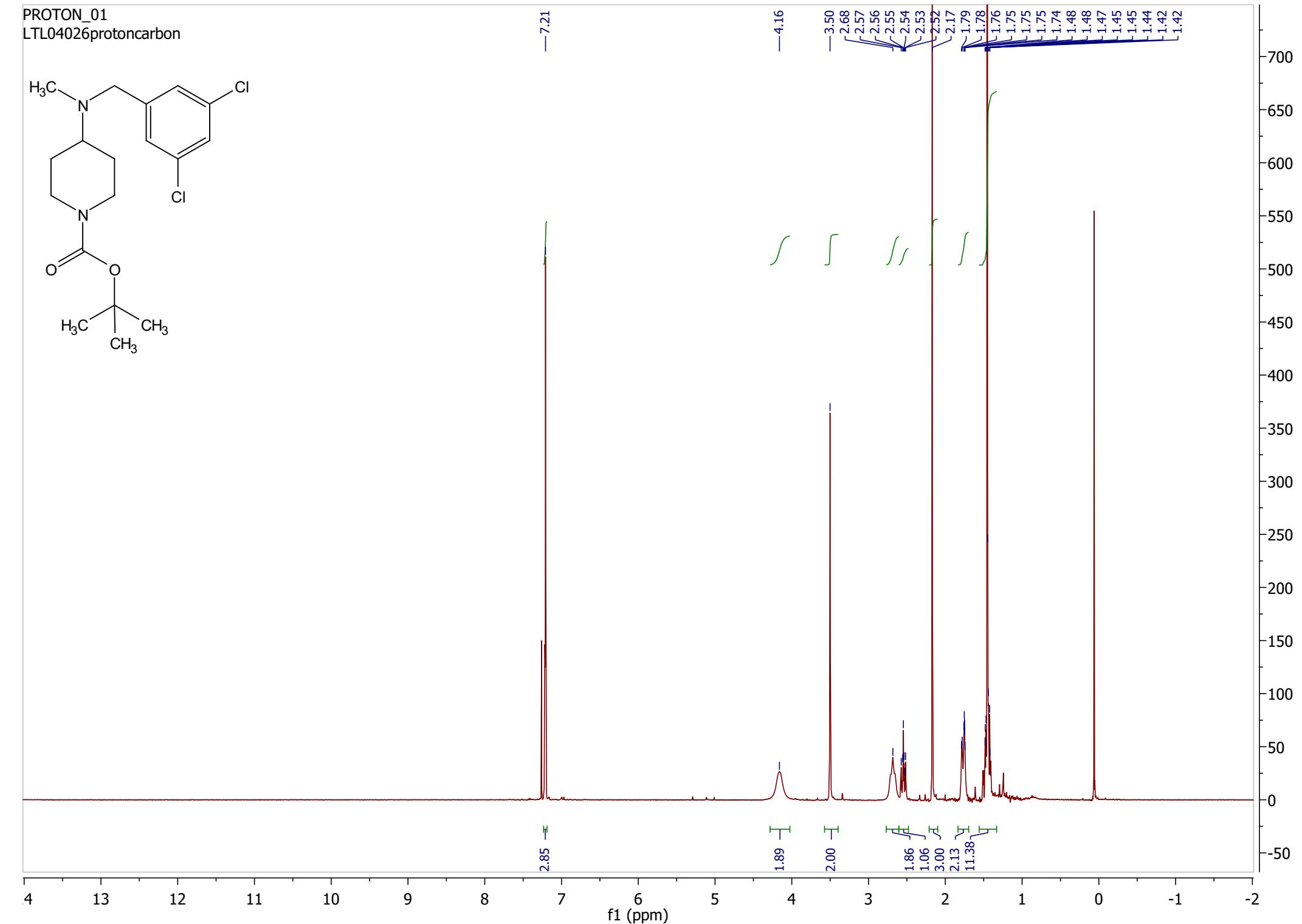
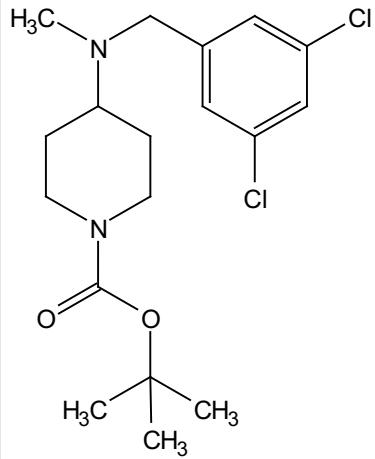


CARBON_01
LTL03163_13C

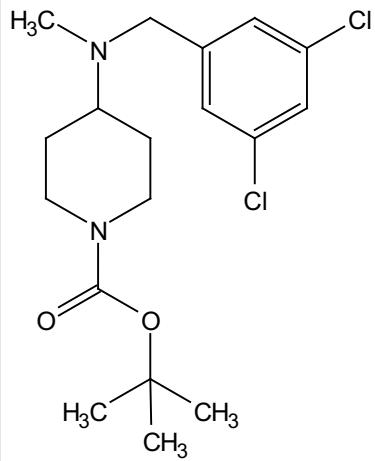
-170.57 -154.55 -143.64 -134.81 127.09 126.65 122.02
-60.69 -57.02
~44.96 ~41.63 ~37.62 ~31.64 ~28.42 ~27.66 ~24.50



PROTON_01
LTL04026protoncarbon



CARBON_01
LTL04026protoncarbon

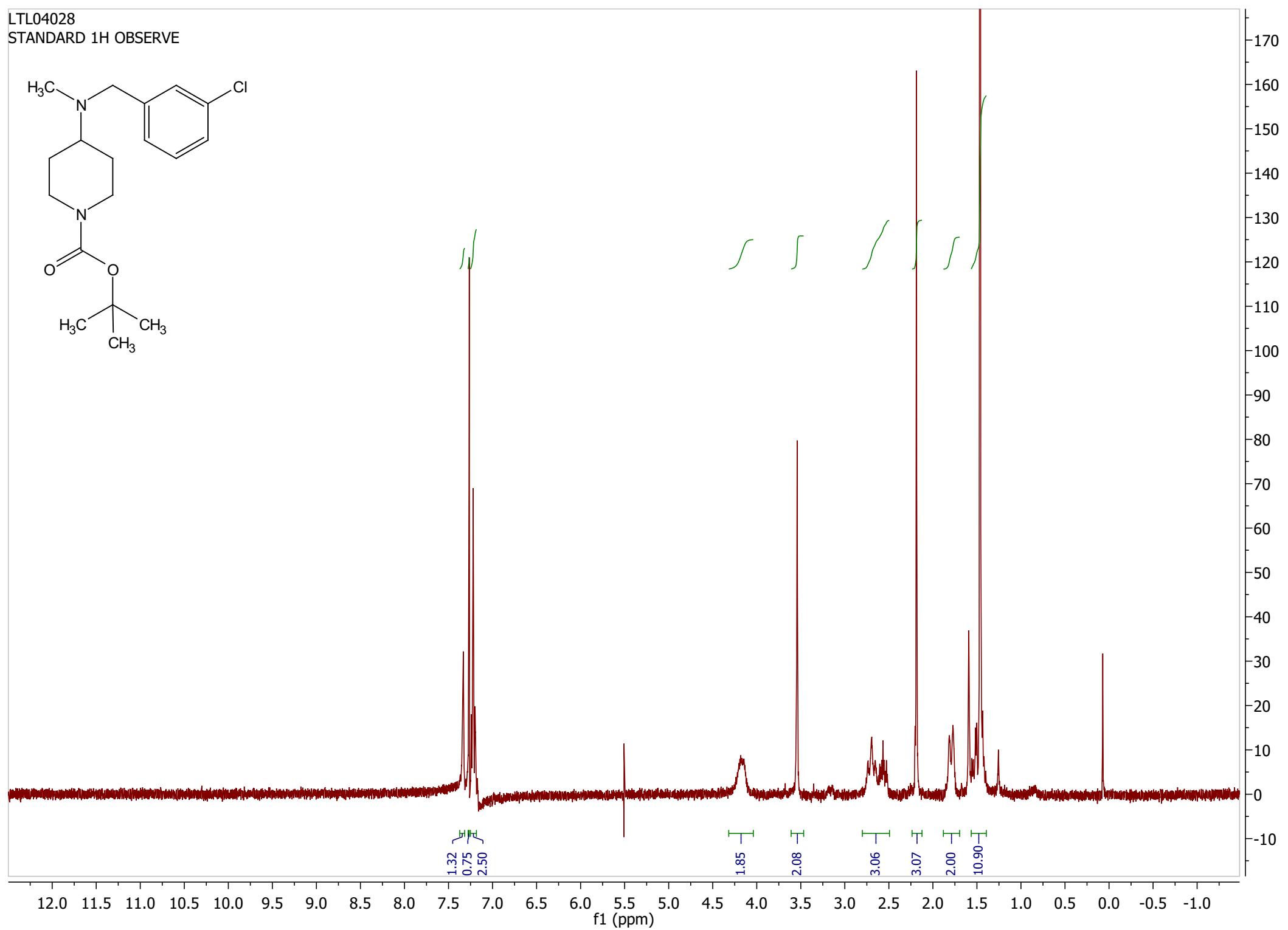
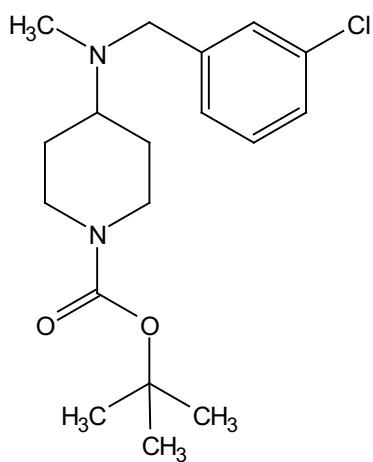


—154.70 —143.93 —134.75 —126.99
—126.73 —79.47 —61.17 —57.02
—37.70 —28.44

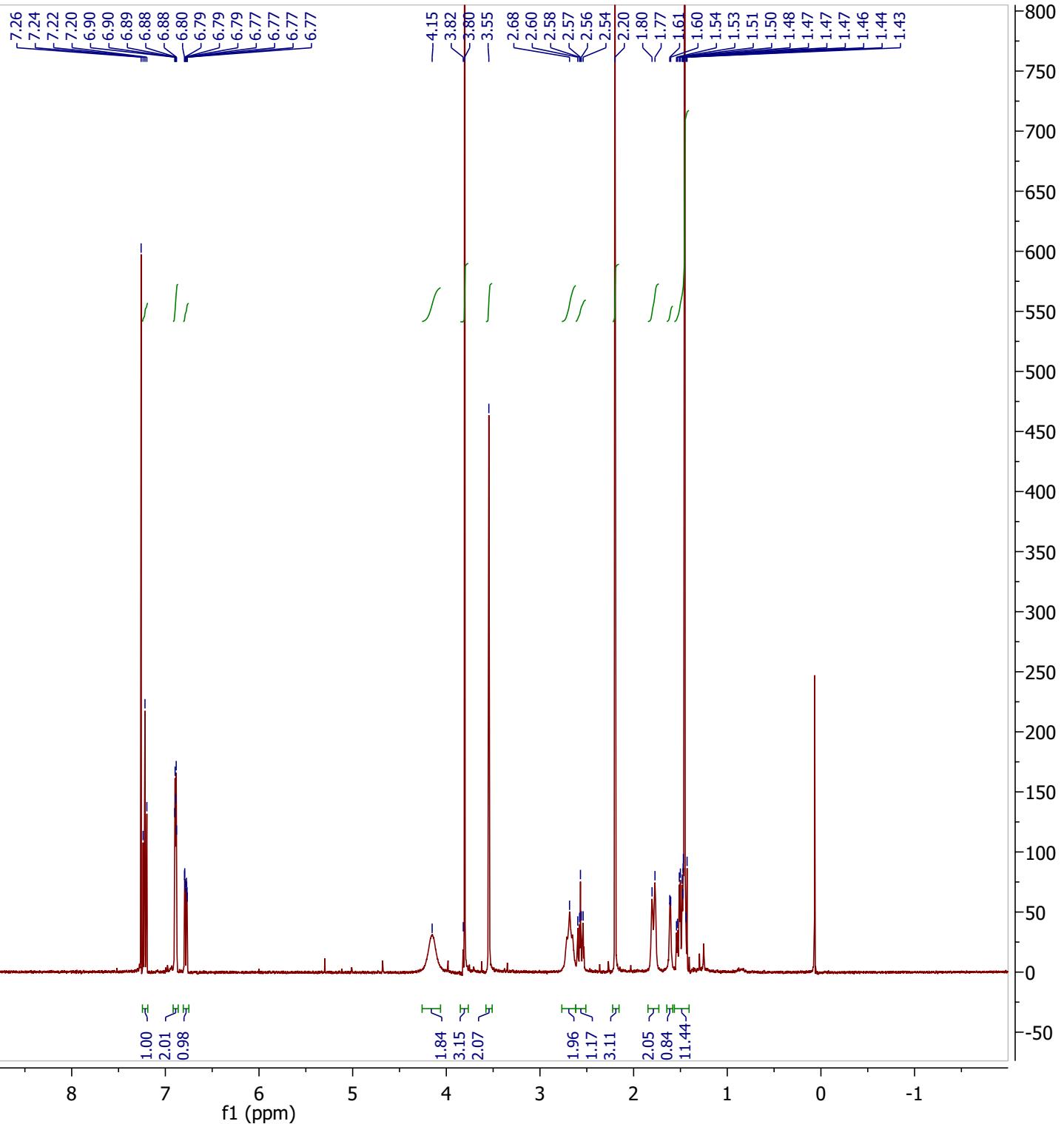
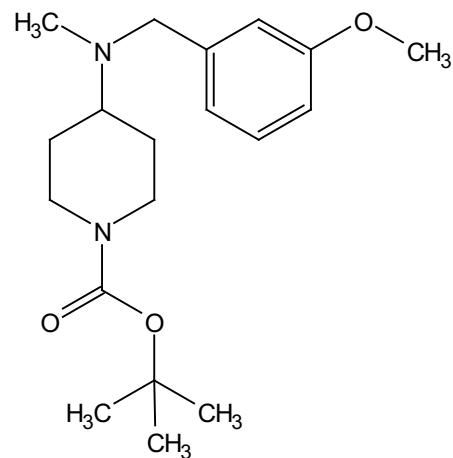
230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

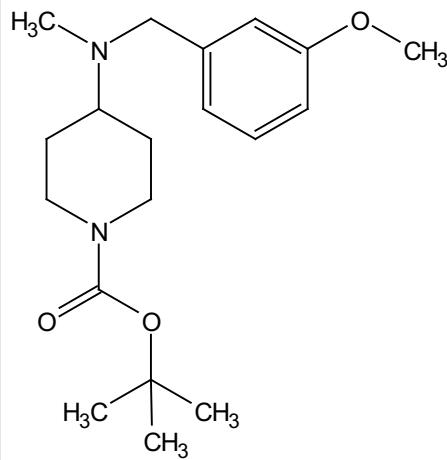
LTL04028
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



PROTON_01
LTL04016
cdcl3



CARBON_01
LTL04016

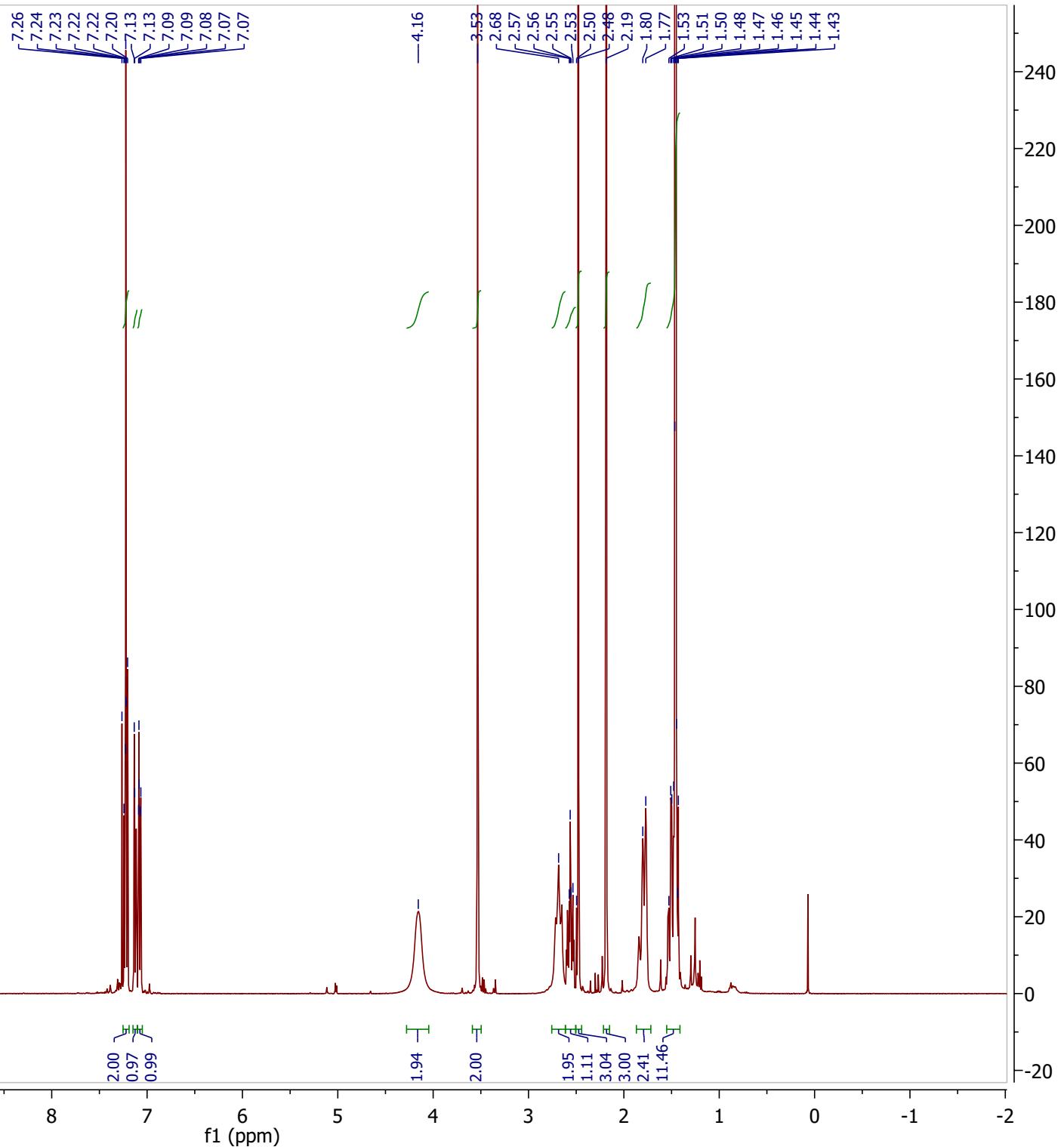
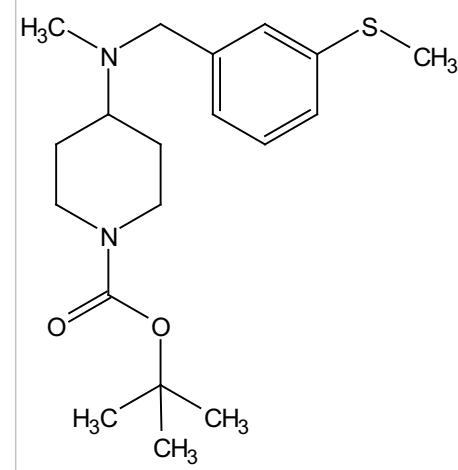


—159.65 —154.75
—141.60 —129.16
—120.96 >—114.09
>—112.23
—79.38
—60.67 —57.94
—55.16
—37.68
—28.45

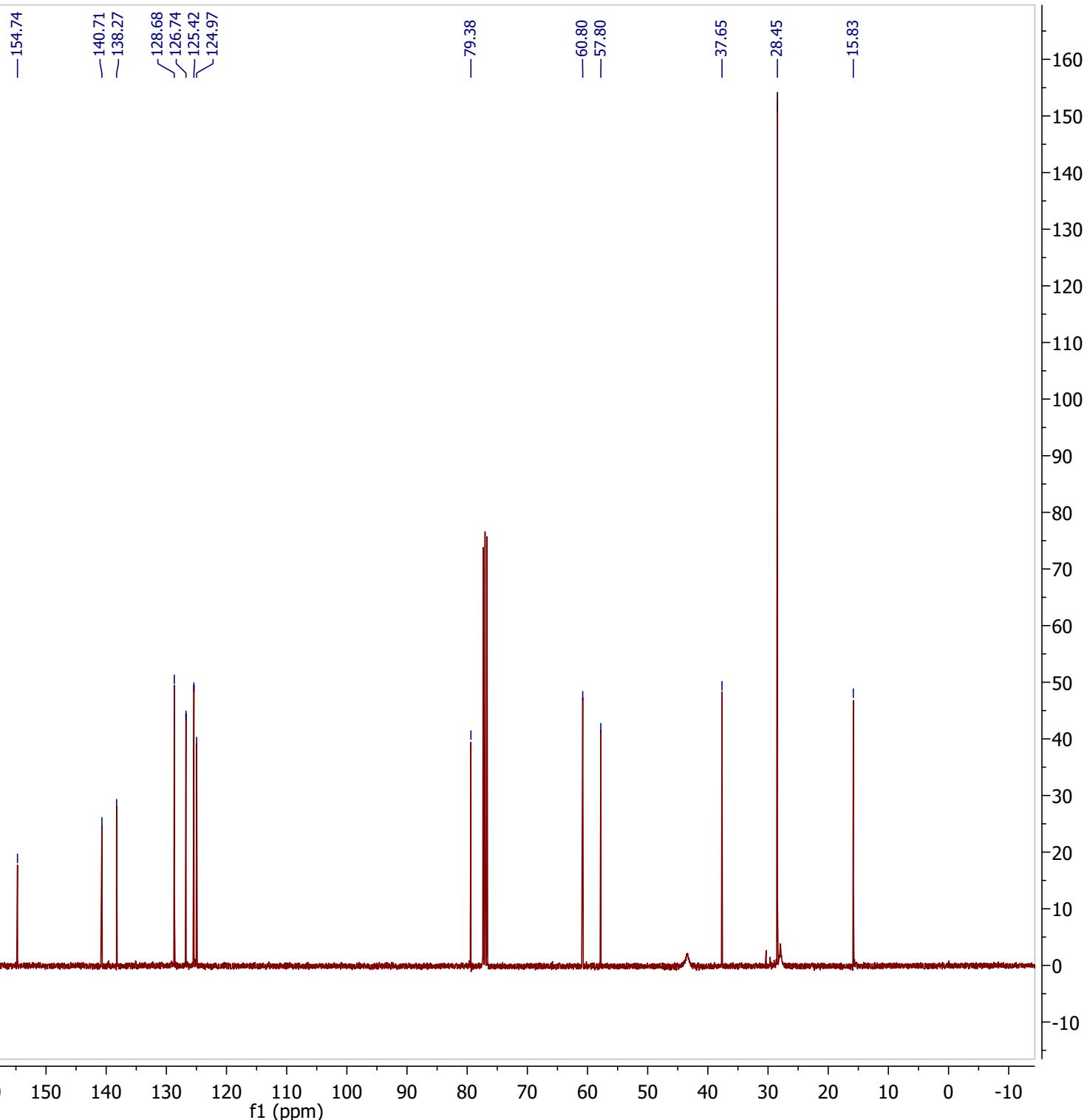
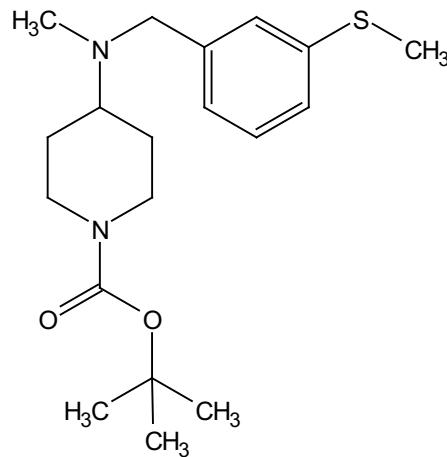
230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10

f1 (ppm)

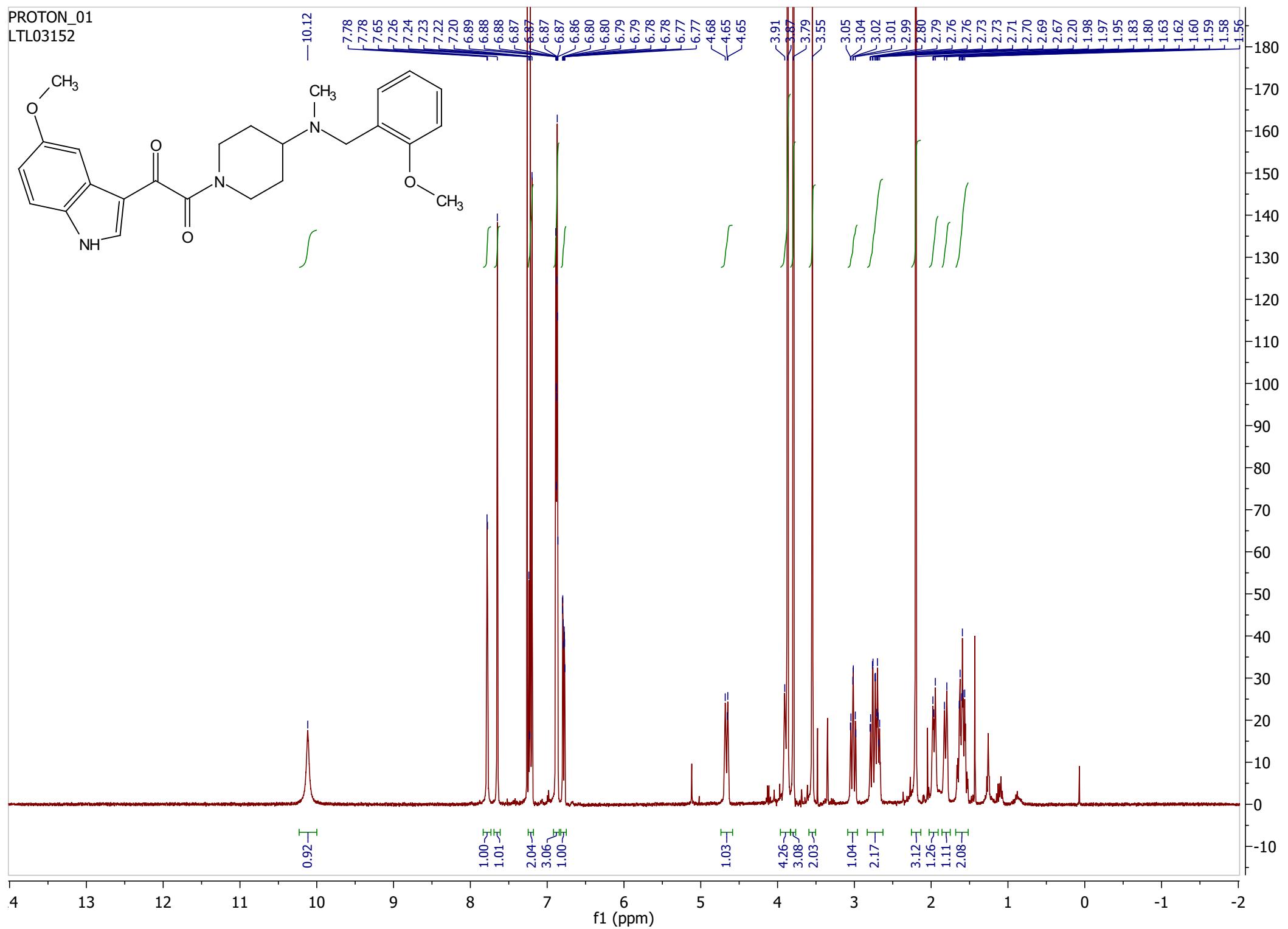
PROTON_01
LTL04020



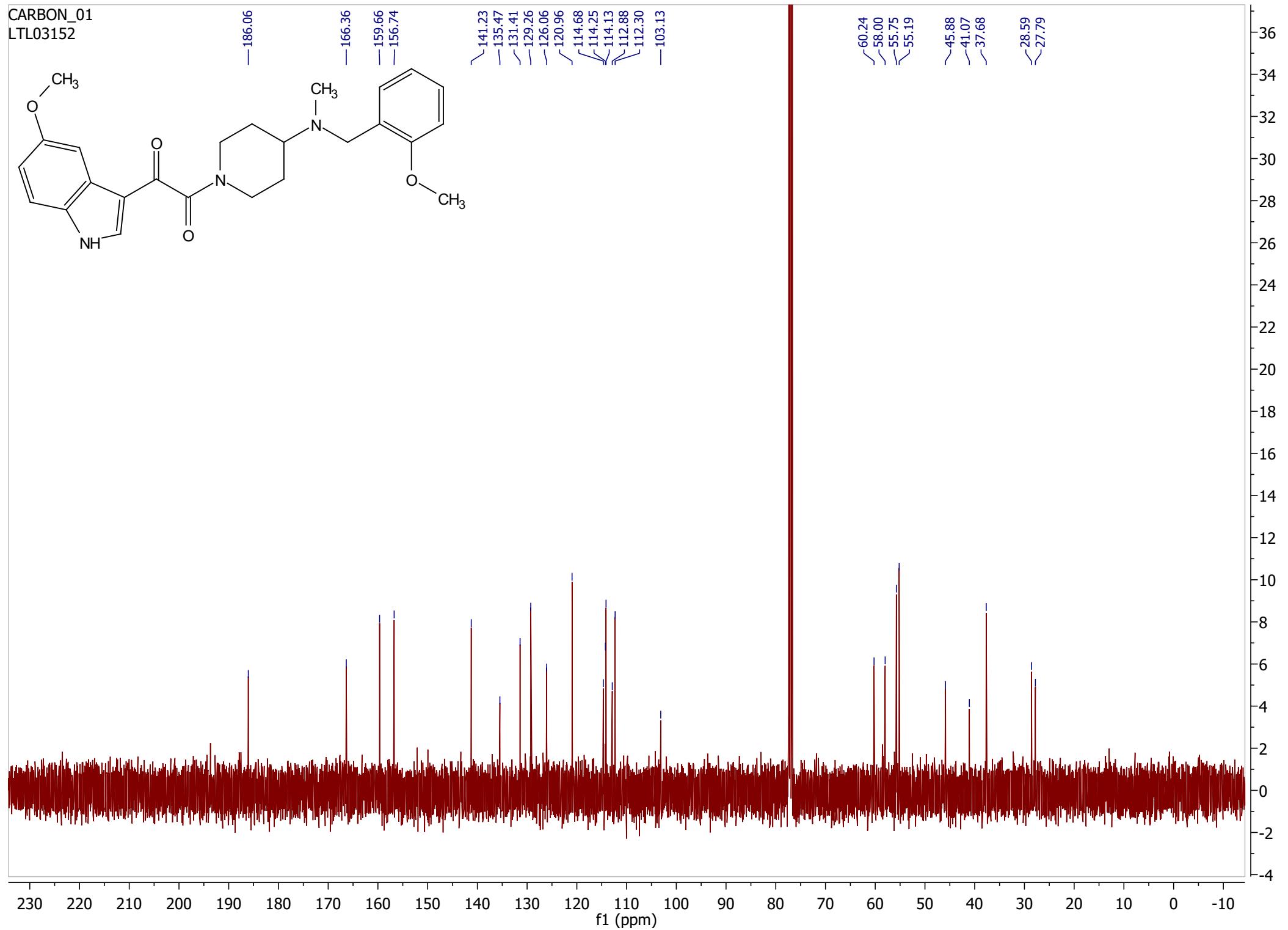
CARBON_01
LTL04020



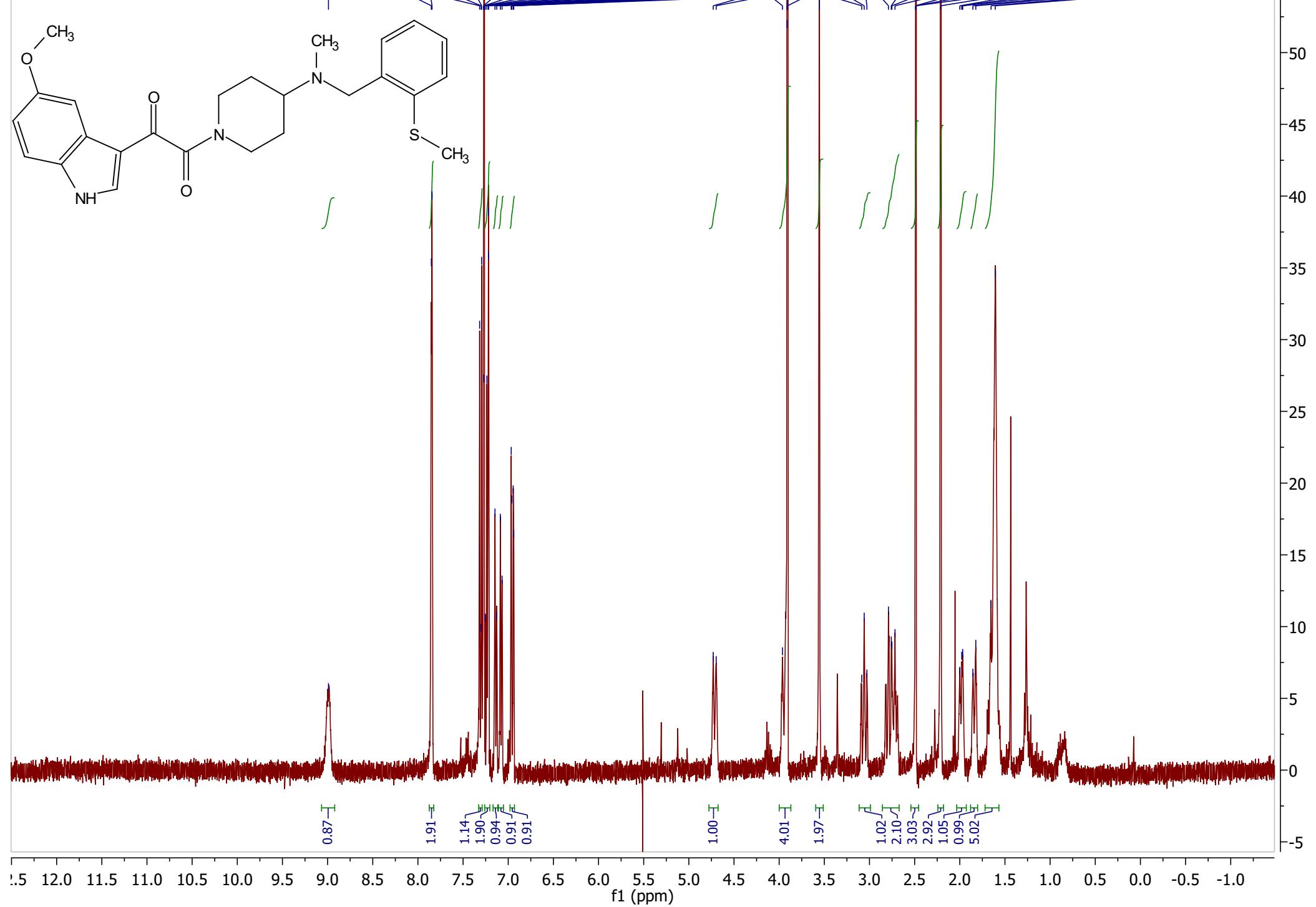
PROTON_01
LTL03152



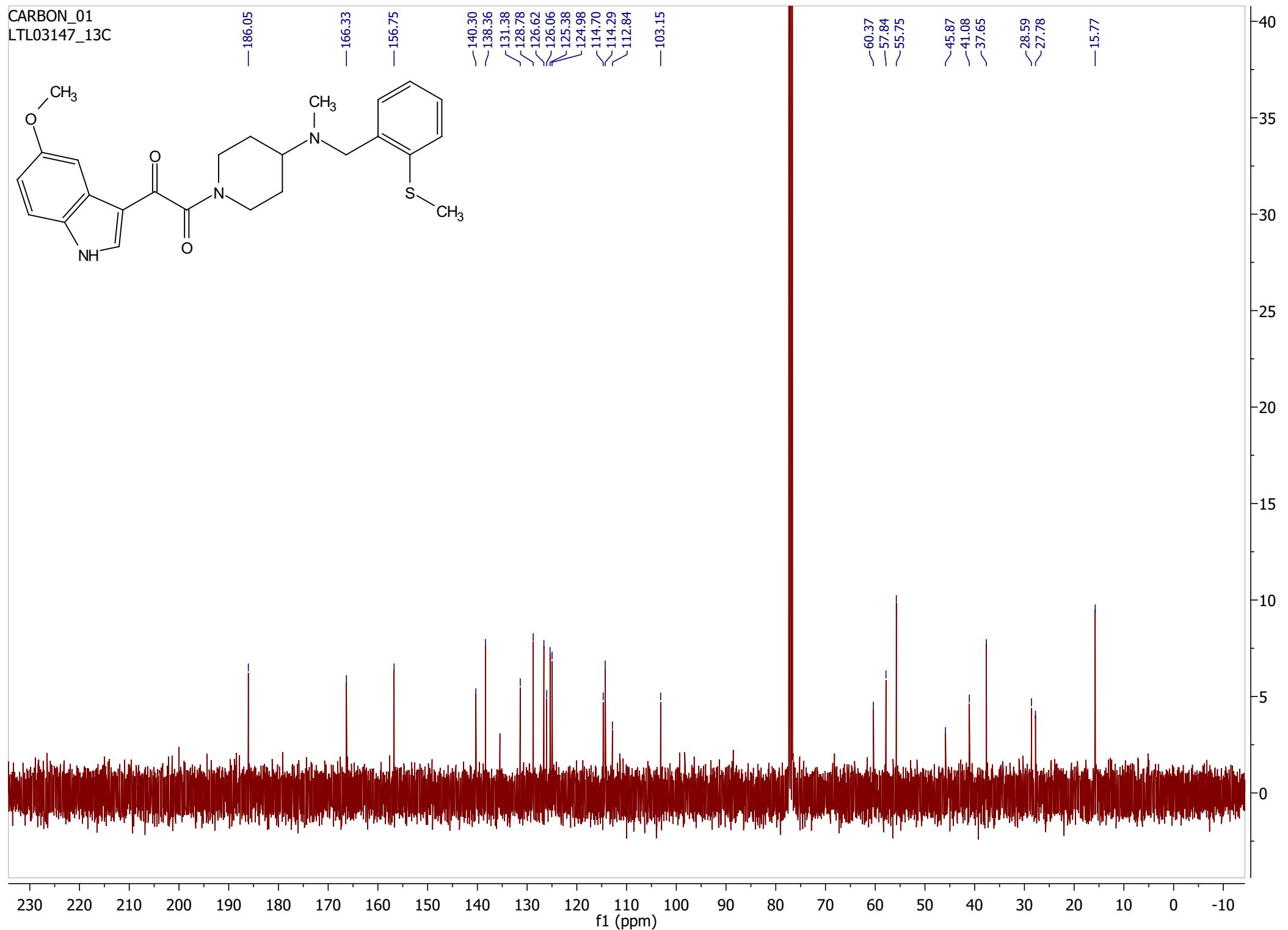
CARBON_01
LTL03152



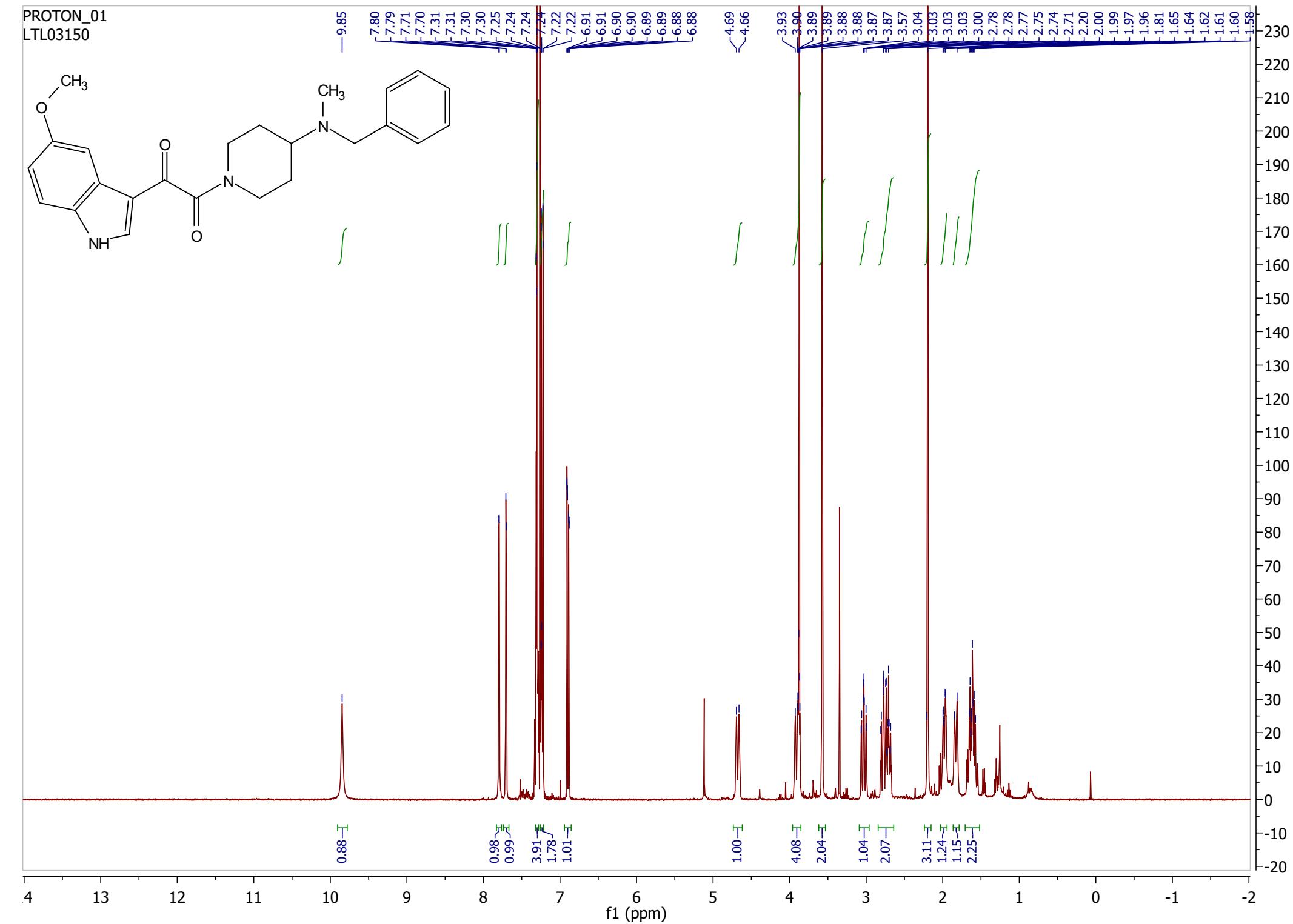
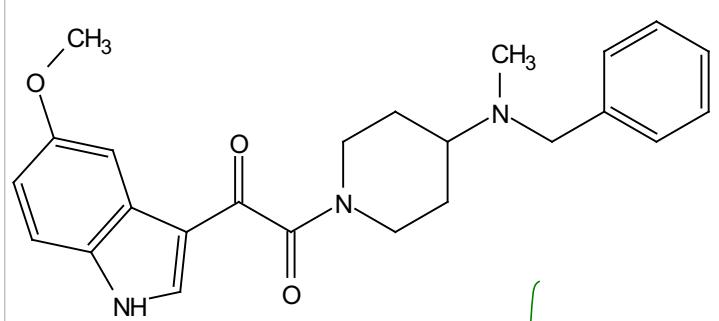
LTL03147_hivac
STANDARD 1H OBSERVE



CARBON_01
LTL03147_13C



PROTON_01
LTL03150



CARBON_01
LTL03150

