Ronner et al. Supplemental Index 1

Supplemental Index: Persistent leukocytosis in polycythemia vera is associated with disease evolution but not thrombosis: an analysis from a 520-patient retrospective multi-center database

Supplemental Table S1: Summary of goodness-of-fit statistics for 12-month HCT, WBC, and PLT trajectory groups.

нст	1	Number of Groups Selected			Selected	MDO	Number of Groups Selected			Selected	Platelet	Number of Groups			Selecte		
HUI	1	2	3	4	Model	WBC	1	2	3	4	Model	Platelet	1	2	3	4	Mod
Log likelihood	-5914.9	-5767.2	-5660.8	-5625.6	-5647.3	Log likelihood	-1449.8	-1130.2	-978.4	-879.5	-872.6	Log likelihood	-1759.8	-1412.3	-1271.4	-1185.2	-1271
BIC	-5927.1	-5791.6	-5697.3	-5674.2	-5686.9	BIC	-1461.9	-1154.6	-1014.9	-928.2	-924.3	BIC	-1771.9	-1436.7	-1307.9	-1233.9	-1305
Entropy	-	116.35	93.72	110.79	91.00	Entropy	-	47.76	89.61	87.58	85.43	Entropy	_	52.37	68.74	100.98	68.9
Entropy (relative)	-	0.62	0.81	0.82	0.81	Entropy (relative)	-	0.84	0.81	0.86	0.86	Entropy (relative)	-	0.83	0.86	0.83	0.86
Two-group model	1	2	3	4		Two-group model	1	2	3	4		Two-group model	1	2	3	4	
1. n, 258 (59%)	0.854	0.146				1. n, 318 (72%)	0.963	0.037				1. n, 162 (37%)	0.923	0.077			
2. n, 182 (41%)	0.099	0.901				2. n, 122 (28%)	0.058	0.942				2. n, 278 (63%)	0.038	0.962			
Three-group model	1	2	3			Three-group model	1	2	3			Three-group model	1	2	3		
1. <i>n</i> , 36 (8%)	0.881	0.119	0			1. <i>n</i> , 130 (30%)	0.91	0.09	0			1. <i>n</i> , 36 (8%)	0.918	0.082	0		
2. n, 293 (67%)	0.011	0.931	0.058			2. n, 240 (54%)	0.057	0.910	0.033			2. n, 183 (42%)	0.011	0.931	0.058		
3. n, 111 (25%)	0	0.123	0.877			3. <i>n</i> , 70 (16%)	0	0.077	0.923			3. n, 221 (50%)	0	0.060	0.940		
Four-group model	1	2	3	4		Four-group model	1	2	3	4		Four-group model	1	2	3	4	
1. n, 35 (8%)	0.887	0.021	0.092	0		1. <i>n</i> , 105 (24%)	0.91	0.09	0	0		1. <i>n</i> , 17 (4%)	0.948	0.052	0	0	
2. n, 20 (4%)	0.005	0.857	0.118	0.02		2. n, 222 (50%)	0.048	0.923	0.029	0		2. n, 118 (27%)	0.007	0.929	0.064	0	
3. n, 272 (62%)	0.011	0.028	0.91	0.051		3. n, 97 (22%)	0	0.067	0.926	0.006		3. n, 205 (47%)	0	0.051	0.889	0.059	
4. n, 113 (26%)	0	0.02	0.088	0.892		4. <i>n</i> , 16 (4%)	0	0	0.06	0.94		4. n, 100 (23%)	0	0	0.094	0.906	
Selected Model						Selected Model						Selected Model					
1. <i>n</i> , 36 (8%)	0.893	0.107	0			1. <i>n</i> , 106 (24%)	0.912	0.088	0	0		1. <i>n</i> , 36 (8%)	0.92	0.08	0		
2. n, 295 (67%)	0.012	0.929	0.059			2. n, 222 (50%)	0.047	0.926	0.027	0.000		2. n, 183 (42%)	0.011	0.932	0.057		
3. n, 109 (25%)	0	0.115	0.885			3. n, 97 (22%)	0	0.066	0.925	0.009		3. n, 221 (50%)	0	0.062	0.938		
						4. n, 15 (3%)	0	0	0.044	0.956							
Intercepts (I) and Linea Selected Model: G1: I (0.42), L = -1.38 (0.29), 57.40 (0.73), L = -4.97	= 32.74 ((Q = 0.17	0.89), L = (0.06), C	0.24 (0. = -0.006	l1); G2: l 8 (0.003);	= 45.55 G3: I =	Intercepts (I) and Linea Selected Model: G1: I (0.006), C=-0.0009 (0.0 = 0.012 (0.004), C = -0 I=3.44 (0.09), L=0.17 (I	= 1.96 (0 0004); G2 0.0005 (0.	0.04), L = 2: I = 2.34 0002); G	-0.17 (0.4 4 (0.03), L 3: I = 2.74	03), Q=0 _ = -0.09 4 (0.02);	.02 (0.02), Q G4:	Intercepts (I) and Linea Selected Model: G1: I (0.002); G2: I = 5.79 (C G3: I = 6.41 (0.03), L=-	= 4.87 (0 .04), L =	0.08), L = -0.06 (0.0	-0.06 (0.	03), Q=0	0.004

Bold values represent the mean posterior probability values for each group within each model

Supplemental Table S2: Comparison of baseline characteristics of thrombosis and evolution cohorts included in multivariable Cox proportional hazards models to those excluded for loss to follow up or event within trajectory modeling period.

Thrombosis		
Characteristic	Included in Trajectory Modeling	Included in Cox Modeling
Patients (N)	440	377
Age at diagnosis, years		
Median (Min-Max)	58 (20-93)	58 (20-93)
Male, N (%)	213 (48%)	181 (48%)
Duration of disease prior to contact, months		
Median (Min-Max)	2 (0-358)	2 (0-358)
Prior Thrombosis N(%)	110 (25%)	93 (25%)
Number of cardiovascular risk factors (median)	1	1
Diabetes, N (%)	45 (10%)	38 (10%)
Hypertension, N (%)	180 (41%)	151 (40%)
Hyperlipidemia, N (%)	107 (24%)	90 (24%)
Coronary Artery	41 (9%)	36 (10%)
Disease, N (%)		
History of Smoking, N (%)	110 (25%)	97 (26%)
Evolution		
Characteristic	Included in	Included in Cox
	Trajectory Modeling	Modeling
Patients (N, %)	440	378
Age at diagnosis, years		
Median (Min-Max)	58 (20 – 93)	58 (20-93)
Duration of disease (prior to contact), months		
Median (Min-Max)	2 (0 – 358)	2 (0-358)

Supplemental Table S3: Summary and distribution of baseline characteristics of patient cohorts across 12-month WBC, HCT, and PLT trajectory groups.

Characteristic	Overall	WBC5	WBC10	WBC15	WBC35	р
Patients N (%)	377	93 (25%)	189 (50%)	81 (21%)	14 (4%)	
Age at diagnosis, years Median (range)	58 (20-93)	59 (22-90)	57 (20- 93)	58 (22- 91)	57 (36- 75)	0.9118
Gender)		,	0.6132
Male N (%)	181 (48%)	42 (45%)	89 (47%)	44 (54%)	6 (43%)	
Duration of disease (prior to contact), months						0.0143
Median (range)	2 (0-358)	1 (0-312)	2 (0-358)	11 (0- 356)	30 (0- 165)	
Prior Thrombosis N (%)	93 (25%)	32 (34%)	48 (25%)	11 (14%)	2 (14%)	0.0119
Number of cardiovascular risk factors (median)	1	1	1	1	1	
Diabetes N (%)	38 (10%)	7 (8%)	18 (10%)	11 (14%)	2 (14%)	0.5516
Hypertension N (%)	151 (40%)	35 (38%)	76 (40%)	35 (43%)	5 (36%)	0.8792
Hyperlipidemia N (%)	90 (24%)	20 (22%)	44 (23%)	20 (25%)	6 (43%)	0.3721
Coronary Artery Disease (N, %)	36 (10%)	9 (10%)	21 (11%)	5 (6%)	1 (7%)	0.6373
History of Smoking N (%)	97 (26%)	24 (26%)	44 (23%)	27 (33%)	2 (14%)	0.2611
Pack-years, median (range)	12 (0.3-90)	20 (0.3 – 60)	15 (1-81)	8.25 (0.5- 90)	3 (1-5)	0.3827
Period of phlebotomy-only during trajectory period N(%)	118 (31%)	15 (16%)	69 (37%)	29 (36%)	5 (35%)	0.0042
On aspirin during trajectory period N(%)	340 (90%)	85 (91%)	165 (87%)	76 (94%)	14 (100%)	0.1978
On hydroxyurea during trajectory period N(%)	226 (60%)	61 (66%)	117 (62%)	41 (51%)	7 (50%)	0.1682
On Ruxolitinib during trajectory period N(%)	40 (11%)	5 (5%)	20 (11%)	13 (16%)	2 (14%)	0.1440
On pegIFN-a2a during trajectory period N(%)	34 (9%)	11 (12%)	19 (10%)	4 (5%)	0 (0%)	0.2435
VBC and evolution						
Characteristic	Overall	WBC5	WBC10	WBC15	WBC35	<u>р</u>
Patients (N, %) Age at diagnosis, years	378	94	193	80	11	0.9824
Median (range)	58 (20-93)	59 (22-90)	58 (20- 93)	59 (22- 91)	55 (36- 76)	
Duration of disease (prior to						0.0849
contact), months Median (range)	2 (0-358)	2 (0-312)	1 (0-358)	9 (9-356)	41(0-	
Period of phlebotomy-only during	1 20 (32%)	16 (17%)	71 (37%)	29 (36%)	151) 4 (36%)	0.0058
trajectory period N(%) On aspirin during trajectory	341 (90%)	85 (90%)	170	75 (94%)	11	0.3444
period N(%) On hydroxyurea during trajectory		61 (65%)	(88%) 119	39 (49%)	(100%) 4 (36%)	0.0522
period N(%) On Ruxolitinib during trajectory	38 (10%)	5 (5%)	(62%) 20 (10%)	12 (15%)	1 (9%)	0.2099
period N(%) On pegIFN-a2a during trajectory	. ,					0.3007
VID DEDIFINAZA OURIDO TRAJECTORY	34 (9%)	11 (12%)	19 (10%)	4 (5%)	0 (0%)	0.3007
period N(%)						
period N(%) dematocrit and thrombosis						
	Overall 377	HCT35 28 (7%)	HCT43 256 (68%)		T47 (25%)	p

Age at diagnosis, years					0.0304
Median (range)	58 (20-93)	56 (24-82)	57 (20-93)	62 (21-91)	
Gender	404 (450)		440 (400)		<0.0001
Male N (%)	181 (48%)	4 (14%)	110 (43%)	67 (72%)	
Duration of disease (prior to					<0.0001
contact), months					
Median (range)	2 (0-358)	48 (0-237)	6 (0-358)	0 (0-163)	
Prior Thrombosis N (%)	93 (25%)	11 (39%)	66 (26%)	16 (17%)	0.0455
Number of cardiovascular risk	1	0	1	1	
factors (median)					
Diabetes N (%)	38 (10%)	2 (7%)	26 (10%)	10 (11%)	0.8545
Hypertension N (%)	151 (40%)	10 (36%)	95 (37%)	46 (50%)	0.1016
Hyperlipidemia N (%)	90 (24%)	4 (14%)	63 (25%)	23 (25%)	0.4653
Coronary Artery	36 (10%)	3 (11%)	24 (9%)	9 (10%)	0.9730
Disease N (%)					
History of Smoking N (%)	97 (26%)	5 (18%)	65 (25%)	27 (29%)	0.4833
Pack-years, median (range)	12 (0.3-90)	13.75 (0-30)	12 (0-81)	12.5 (0-90)	0.7959
Period of phlebotomy-only	118 (31%)	4 (14%)	77 (30%)	37 (40%)	0.0293
during trajectory period N(%)					
On aspirin during trajectory	340 (90%)	26 (93%)	232 (91%)	82 (88%)	0.7020
period N(%)					
On hydroxyurea during	226 (60%)	17 (61%)	148 (58%)	61 (66%)	0.4218
trajectory period N(%)	- *	. ,		. ,	
On Ruxolitinib during trajectory	40 (11%)	4 (14%)	25 (10%)	11 (12%)	0.6918
period N(%)			. ,		
On pegIFN-a2a during	34 (9%)	2 (7%)	24 (9%)	8 (9%)	0.9142
trajectory period N(%)	. /	. ,	· /	· /	
lematocrit and evolution					
Characteristic	Overall	HCT35	HCT43	HCT45	р
Patients N (%)	378	21 (5%)	261 (69%)	96 (25%)	
Age at diagnosis, years		_ (()))			0.0387
Median (range)	58 (20-93)	57 (24-82)	58 (20-93)	62 (21-91)	
Duration of disease (prior to	00 (20 00)	0. (0_)		•= (=: •:)	<0.0001
contact), months					0.0007
Median (range)	2 (0-358)	13 (0-167)	6 (0-358)	0 (0-163)	
Period of phlebotomy-only	120 (32%)	3 (14%)	78 (30%)	39 (41%)	0.0323
during trajectory period N(%)	120 (0270)	0 (11/0)	10 (00 /0)	00 (1170)	0.0020
On aspirin during trajectory	341 (90%)	20 (95%)	237 (91%)	84 (88%)	0.4714
period N(%)		20 (00 /0)	201 (0170)	01 (0070)	0.1714
On hydroxyurea during	223 (59%)	11 (52%)	150 (57%)	62 (65%)	0.3927
trajectory period N(%)	220 (00 /0)	(02/0)			0.0021
On Ruxolitinib during	38 (10%)	3 (14%)	25 (10%)	10 (10%)	0.7807
trajectory period N(%)	00 (1070)	0 (1470)	20 (1070)	10 (1070)	0.7007
On pegIFN-a2a during	34 (9%)	2 (10%)	24 (9%)	8 (8%)	0.9650
trajectory period N(%)	JT (370)	2 (10/0)	27 (370)	0 (0 /0)	0.3030
Platelet and thrombosis					
	Overall	DITADE		DI TEAA	
Characteristic	Overall	PLT125	PLT300	PLT600	р
Patients N (%)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	158 (42%)	186 (49%)	
A (11 1	377	33 (9%)		()	
Median (range)	377 58 (20-93)	57 (36-87)	63 (21-93)	54 (20-91)	0.0004
Median (range) Gender	58 (20-93)	57 (36-87)	63 (21-93)	54 (20-91)	0.0004 0.0292
Median (range) Gender Male N (%)					0.0292
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to	58 (20-93)	57 (36-87)	63 (21-93)	54 (20-91)	
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months	58 (20-93) 181 (48%)	57 (36-87) 20 (61%)	63 (21-93) 84 (53%)	54 (20-91) 77 (41%)	0.0292
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months Median (range)	58 (20-93) 181 (48%) 2 (0-358)	57 (36-87) 20 (61%) 16 (0-232)	63 (21-93) 84 (53%) 1 (0-356)	54 (20-91) 77 (41%) 3 (0-358)	0.0292 0.3204
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months Median (range)	58 (20-93) 181 (48%)	57 (36-87) 20 (61%)	63 (21-93) 84 (53%)	54 (20-91) 77 (41%)	0.0292
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months Median (range) Prior Thrombosis N (%)	58 (20-93) 181 (48%) 2 (0-358)	57 (36-87) 20 (61%) 16 (0-232)	63 (21-93) 84 (53%) 1 (0-356)	54 (20-91) 77 (41%) 3 (0-358)	0.0292 0.3204
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months Median (range) Prior Thrombosis N (%) Number of cardiovascular risk	58 (20-93) 181 (48%) 2 (0-358) 93 (25%)	57 (36-87) 20 (61%) 16 (0-232) 8 (24%)	63 (21-93) 84 (53%) 1 (0-356) 45 (28%)	54 (20-91) 77 (41%) 3 (0-358) 40 (22%)	0.0292 0.3204
Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months Median (range) Prior Thrombosis N (%) Number of cardiovascular risk	58 (20-93) 181 (48%) 2 (0-358) 93 (25%)	57 (36-87) 20 (61%) 16 (0-232) 8 (24%) 1 3 (9%)	63 (21-93) 84 (53%) 1 (0-356) 45 (28%)	54 (20-91) 77 (41%) 3 (0-358) 40 (22%)	0.0292 0.3204
Median (range) Gender Male N (%) Duration of disease (prior to contact), months Median (range) Prior Thrombosis N (%) Number of cardiovascular risk factors (median)	58 (20-93) 181 (48%) 2 (0-358) 93 (25%) 1	57 (36-87) 20 (61%) 16 (0-232) 8 (24%) 1	63 (21-93) 84 (53%) 1 (0-356) 45 (28%) 1	54 (20-91) 77 (41%) 3 (0-358) 40 (22%) 1	0.0292 0.3204 0.3262

Coronary Artery Disease N (%)	36 (10%)	3 (9%)	20 (13%)	13 (7%)	0.2032
History of Smoking N (%)	97 (26%)	10 (30%)	50 (32%)	37 (20%)	0.0374
Pack-years, median (range)	12.5	12 (1-40)	13.75 (0.3-90)	12 (0.5-45)	0.2269
Period of phlebotomy-only during trajectory period N(%)	118 (31%)	10 (30%)	44 (28%)	64 (34%)	0.4218
On aspirin during trajectory period N(%)	340 (90%)	30 (91%)	140 (89%)	170 (91%)	0.6795
On hydroxyurea during trajectory period N(%)	226 (60%)	21 (64%)	102 (65%)	103 (55%)	0.2015
On Ruxolitinib during trajectory period N(%)	40 (11%)	4 (12%)	13 (8%)	23 (12%)	0.4428
On pegIFN-a2a during trajectory period N(%)	34 (9%)	4 (12%)	11 (7%)	19 (10%)	0.4662
Platelet and evolution					
Characteristic	Overall	PLT125	PLT300	PLT600	р
Patients N (%)	378	26 (7%)	157 (41%)	195 (52%)	
Age at diagnosis, years		()	· · · · ·	(/ /	0.0009
Median (range)	58 (20-93)	58 (36-87)	63 (21-93)	55 (20-91)	
Duration of disease (prior to contact), months	. , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.2854
Median (range)	2 (0-358)	4 (0-177)	1 (0-356)	4 (0-358)	
Period of phlebotomy-only during trajectory period N(%)	120 (32%)	8 (31%)	45 (29%)	67 (34%)	0.5182
On aspirin during trajectory period N(%)	341 (90%)	25 (96%)	138 (88%)	178 (91%)	0.3256
On hydroxyurea during trajectory period N(%)	223 (59%)	19 (73%)	102 (65%)	102 (52%)	0.0178
On Ruxolitinib during trajectory period N(%)	38 (10%)	3 (12%)	13 (8%)	22 (11%)	0.6266
On pegIFN-a2a during trajectory period N(%)	34 (9%)	4 (15%)	11 (7%)	19 (10%)	0.3347

Supplemental Table S4: Survival analysis examining association between CBC trajectories and hazard of thrombosis with exclusion of patients experiencing superficial thrombotic events.

Thrombosis									
	Event Rate	Median time-to- event (months)	HR ¹ [95% CI]	р	Overall p				
eukocyte tra	njectory								
WBC5	4/92 (4%)	24.4	Reference		0.3128				
WBC10	21/189 (11%)	35.0	2.75 [0.92-8.18]	0.0696					
WBC15	5/79 (6%)	32.0	1.86 [0.48-7.15]	0.3694					
WBC35	1/14 (7%)	24.1	2.91 [0.30-27.96]	0.3544					
Overall	31/374 (9%)								
HCT Trajecto	ry								
HCT35	3/28 (11%)	34.8	0.99 [0.23-4.31]	0.9937	0.1820				
HCT43	16/254 (6%)	29.8	0.50 [0.22-1.14]	0.1009					
HCT47	12/92 (13%)	29.1	Reference						
Overall	31/374 (9%)								
PLT Trajector	Ŷ								
PLT125	3/32 (9%)	26.6	Reference		0.8444				
PLT300	13/157 (8%)	32.0	0.71 [0.20-2.55]	0.6034					
PLT600	15/185 (8%)	31.7	0.85 [0.24-3.00]	0.7961					
Overall	31/374 (9%)								

¹ Multivariable HR adjusted for age at diagnosis, sex, duration of disease at time of institutional contact, sum of cardiovascular risk factors (diabetes, hypertension, hyperlipidemia, coronary artery disease, smoking), and whether or not the patient was on cytoreductive therapy (hydroxyurea, PEGinterferon-alfa, or Ruxolitinib) at some point during landmark trajectory modeling period.