Online Appendix

This appendix has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

Supplement to: Garovic, VD, White WM, Lisa Vaughan LE, et al.

A population-based cohort study of incidence of hypertensive disorders of pregnancy, long-term outcomes, and multimorbidity

Supplementary Appendix

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Online Tables

Online Table 1. Hospital International Classification of Diseases Adapted (HICDA) codes utilized to identify potential

cases of HPD in the study population between 1976 and 1982

HICDA Codes used
0650-0664 Full-term delivery of livebirth or stillbirth and premature delivery of livebirth or
stillbirth after 20 weeks of gestation
4000-4050 Hypertension, malignant, accelerated
06370-06379 Preeclampsia, eclampsia, HELLP, toxemia
06330-06339 Intrauterine death
06343-06344 Intrauterine growth retardation
06352 Infarction, placental
06353 Insufficiency, placental (mother's history)
07600-07603 Premature infant, preterm
07640 Fetal distress before labor
07649 Birth asphyxia, unspecified
07747 High blood pressure, labile blood pressure
07756 Edema, swelling fluid retention

07700 Coma
07703 Convulsion, seizure
07733 Hyperreflexia, abnormal reflexes
Berkson codes used
013502 Dead, fetus
013512 Maceration, fetus
013554 Still birth

Online Table 2. Definitions and diagnostic criteria of hypertensive disorders of pregnancy ¹

Chronic hypertension. Diagnosed based on data obtained at <20 weeks of gestation, chronic hypertension was diagnosed if any of these three criteria were met during non-Emergency room visits: (1) SBP>140 mm Hg or DBP>90 mm Hg on at least two occasions within one month, but at least 6 hours apart; (2) prescription of an antihypertensive medication or; (3) evidence of chronic hypertension prior to pregnancy AND one SBP>140 mm Hg or DBP>90 mm Hg prior to 20 gestational weeks. Women with chronic hypertension were eligible for the superimposed diagnoses of eclampsia or preeclampsia.

Gestational hypertension. Diagnosed based on data obtained at >20 weeks of gestation, gestational hypertension was diagnosed if any of these three criteria were met during non-Emergency room visits: (1) sustained SBP>140 mm Hg or DBP>90 mm Hg in a previously normotensive woman (occurred more than 50% of consecutive blood pressure readings from the first recorded elevated prenatal blood pressure through 24 hours postpartum); or (2) one SBP>140 mm Hg and/or DBP>90mm Hg in a patient who was also prescribed an anti-hypertensive medication for blood pressure control within

one week of the blood pressure elevation.; or (3) by expert physician review if the patient had one or more blood pressure elevations more than 48 hours after delivery, but was coded as normotensive by the algorithm. The latter definition was included in an effort to identify postpartum HDP.

Preeclampsia. Diagnosed based on data obtained at >20 weeks of gestation, preeclampsia was defined as gestational hypertension plus (1) new or worsening proteinuria; (2) administration of magnesium sulfate for seizure prophylaxis; or (3) new abnormal laboratory testing (AST/ALT>70 U/L, platelet count <100 x10(9)/L, or serum creatinine>1.1 mg/dL). If the only evidence, in addition to gestational hypertension, was subjective symptoms of persistent headache, epigastric pain or hyperreflexia, then a diagnosis of possible preeclampsia was assigned. Preeclampsia superimposed on chronic hypertension required worsening of BP control plus new onset or worsening proteinuria, new abnormal lab tests, or subjective symptoms.

Eclampsia. Defined as preeclampsia plus new onset seizures

Description *	CCC+	CMS (ICD-9 codes) ‡
Hyperlipidemia	53	272.0, 272.1, 272.2, 272.3, 272.4
Hypertension	98,99	401.0, 401.1, 401.9, 402.00, 402.01, 402.10, 402.11, 402.90, 402.91, 403.00, 403.01, 403.10, 403.11, 403.90, 403.91, 404.00, 404.01, 404.02, 404.03, 404.10, 404.11, 404.12, 404.13, 404.90, 404.91, 404.92, 404.93, 405.01, 405.09, 405.11, 405.19, 405.91, 405.99, 362.11, 437.2
Depression	657	296.20, 296.21, 296.22, 296.23, 296.24, 296.25, 296.26, 296.30, 296.31, 296.32, 296.33, 296.34, 296.35, 296.36, 296.51, 296.52, 296.53, 296.54, 296.55, 296.56, 296.60, 296.61, 296.62, 296.63, 296.64, 296.65, 296.66, 296.89, 298.0, 300.4, 309.1, 311
Diabetes	49,50	249.00, 249.01, 249.10, 249.11, 249.20, 249.21, 249.30, 249.31, 249.40, 249.41, 249.50, 249.51, 249.60, 249.61, 249.70, 249.71, 249.80, 249.81, 249.90, 249.91, 250.00, 250.01, 250.02, 250.03, 250.10, 250.11, 250.12, 250.13, 250.20, 250.21, 250.22, 250.23, 250.30, 250.31, 250.32, 250.33, 250.40, 250.41, 250.42, 250.43, 250.50, 250.51, 250.52, 250.53, 250.60, 250.61, 250.62, 250.63, 250.70, 250.71, 250.72, 250.73, 250.80, 250.81, 250.82, 250.83, 250.90, 250.91, 250.92, 250.93, 357.2, 362.01, 362.02, 362.03, 362.04, 362.05, 362.06, 366.41
Arthritis	202,203	714.0, 714.1, 714.2, 714.30, 714.31, 714.32, 714.33, 715.00, 715.04, 715.09, 715.10, 715.11, 715.12, 715.13, 715.14, 715.15, 715.16, 715.17, 715.18, 715.20, 715.21, 715.22, 715.23, 715.24, 715.25, 715.26, 715.27, 715.28, 715.30, 715.31, 715.32, 715.33, 715.34, 715.35, 715.36, 715.37, 715.38, 715.80, 715.89, 715.90, 715.91, 715.92, 715.93, 715.94, 715.95, 715.96, 715.97, 715.98, 720.0, 721.0, 721.1, 721.2, 721.3, 721.90, 721.91
Cancer	11-43	Female breast cancer: 174.0, 174.1, 174.2, 174.3, 174.4, 174.5, 174.6, 174.8, 174.9, 175.0, 175.9, 233.0, V10.3. Colorectal cancer: 154.0, 154.1, 153.0, 153.1, 153.2, 153.3, 153.4, 153.5, 153.6, 153.7, 153.8, 153.9, 230.3, 230.4, V10.05. Prostate cancer: 185, 233.4, V10.46. Lung cancer: 162.2, 162.3, 162.4, 162.5, 162.8, 162.9, 231.2, V10.11.
Cardiac arrhythmia	105,106	427.31
Asthma	128	493.00, 493.01, 493.02, 493.10, 493.11, 493.12, 493.20, 493.21, 493.22, 493.81, 493.82, 493.90, 493.91, 493.92

Online Table 3. Chronic conditions recommended by the US-DHHS to study multimorbidity²

Coronary artery disease	100,101	410.00, 410.01, 410.02, 410.10, 410.11, 410.12, 410.20, 410.21, 410.22, 410.30, 410.31, 410.32, 410.40, 410.41, 410.42, 410.50, 410.51, 410.52, 410.60, 410.61, 410.62, 410.70, 410.71, 410.72, 410.80, 410.81, 410.82, 410.90, 410.91, 410.92, 411.0, 411.1, 411.81, 411.89, 412, 413.0, 413.1, 413.9, 414.00, 414.01, 414.02, 414.03, 414.04, 414.05, 414.06, 414.07, 414.12, 414.2, 414.3, 414.8, 414.9
Substance abuse disorders (drug and alcohol)	660,661	Not applicable
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	127	490, 491.0, 491.1, 491.20, 491.21, 491.22, 491.8, 491.9, 492.0, 492.8, 494.0, 494.1, 496
Osteoporosis	206	733.00, 733.01, 733.02, 733.03, 733.09
Chronic kidney disease	158	016.00, 016.01, 016.02, 016.03, 016.04, 016.05, 016.06, 095.4, 189.0, 189.9, 223.0, 236.91, 249.40, 249.41, 250.40, 250.41, 250.42, 250.43, 271.4, 274.10, 283.11, 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.03, 404.12, 404.13, 404.92, 404.93, 440.1, 442.1, 572.4, 580.0, 580.4, 580.81, 580.89, 580.9, 581.0, 581.1, 581.2, 581.3, 581.81, 581.89, 581.9, 582.0, 582.1, 582.2, 582.4, 582.81, 582.89, 582.9, 583.0, 583.1, 583.2, 583.4, 583.6, 583.7, 583.81, 583.89, 583.9, 584.5, 584.6, 584.7, 584.8, 584.9, 585.1, 585.2, 585.3, 585.4, 585.5, 585.6, 585.9, 586, 587, 588.0, 588.1, 588.81, 588.89, 588.9, 591, 753.12, 753.13, 753.14, 753.15, 753.16, 753.17, 753.19, 753.20, 753.21, 753.22, 753.23, 753.29, 794.4
Stroke	109-112	430, 431, 433.01, 433.11, 433.21, 433.31, 433.81, 433.91, 434.00, 434.01,434.10, 434.11, 434.90, 434.91, 435.0, 435.1, 435.3, 435.8, 435.9, 436, 997.02
Congestive heart failure	108	398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.11, 404.91, 404.03, 404.13, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20, 428.21, 428.22, 428.23, 428.30, 428.31, 428.32, 428.33, 428.40, 428.41, 428.42, 428.43, 428.9
Dementia (including Alzheimer's and other senile dementias)	653	331.0, 331.11, 331.19, 331.2, 331.7, 290.0, 290.10, 290.11, 290.12, 290.13, 290.20, 290.21, 290.3, 290.40, 290.41, 290.42, 290.43, 294.0, 294.10, 294.11, 294.8, 797

CCC = Clinical Classification Codes; CMS = Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services; ICD-9 = International Classification of Diseases, 9th revision; US-DHHS = US Department of Health and Human Services.

For this study we only considered 16 of the 20 conditions. The following 4 conditions were rare and not considered: human immunodeficiency virus infections, autism spectrum disorders, schizophrenia, and hepatitisThe 16 conditions were defined by the US-DHHS as detailed elsewhere. ³ Each condition is defined by having a code in either the CCC group of codes or the CMS group of codes. Conditions are listed in decreasing order of frequency (by overall age and sex standardized prevalence).

+ We list the CCC chapters developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ). Each CCC chapter includes a list of ICD-9 codes as detailed Isewhere.⁴

‡We list the ICD-9 codes defined in the Chronic Conditions Data Warehouse of the CMS.

Age	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	TOTAL
(years)								
<20	99	100	82	89	118	109	97	694
20-24	333	373	386	405	430	462	465	2853
25-29	517	544	530	563	612	581	614	3961
30-34	227	214	250	275	276	303	320	1865
35+	56	52	61	74	79	82	85	489
TOTAL	1232	1283	1309	1406	1515	1536	1581	9862

Online Table 4. Denominators used for the results by calendar year in Online Table 7

Online Table 5. Demographic and perinatal characteristics of women with 719 pregnancies which met criteria for hypertensive disorders of pregnancy during 1976-1982 for residents of Olmsted County, Minnesota

	Type of HDP					
	Preeclampsia	Eclampsia	superimposed on chronic HTN	Gestational HTN	Chronic HTN	
Characteristic	(n=324)	(n=4)	(n=22)	(n=300)	(n=69)	
Age at delivery (years), mean(SD)	24.94 (5.24)	30.50 (8.58)	26.14 (4.23)	26.79 (5.26)	29.23 (5.71)	
BMI (kg/m ²), mean(SD)*	24.76 (4.82)	23.39 (3.23)	27.16 (6.71)	25.71 (5.53)	27.44 (6.33)	
Parity prior to pregnancy, n (%) †						
0	241 (74.4%)	2 (50.0%)	16 (72.7%)	151 (50.3%)	29 (42.0%)	
1	50 (15.4%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (13.6%)	74 (24.7%)	17 (24.6%)	
2	20 (6.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	42 (14.0%)	12 (17.4%)	
3 or more	13 (4.0%)	2 (50.0%)	3 (13.6%)	33 (11.0%)	11 (15.9%)	
History of diabetes, n (%) ‡	6 (1.9%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (4.5%)	5 (1.7%)	2 (2.9%)	
History of smoking, n (%) ‡	141 (43.5%)	0 (0.0%)	9 (40.9%)	130 (43.3%)	17 (24.6%)	
Twin pregnancies, n (%)	13 (4.0%)	1 (25.0%)	2 (9.1%)	8 (2.7%)	2 (2.9%)	
Gestational weeks, n (%)						

<34 weeks (pre-term)	13 (4.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (4.5%)	1 (0.3%)	1 (1.4%)
34-36 weeks (pre-term)	29 (9.0%)	1 (25.0%)	4 (18.2%)	13 (4.3%)	5 (7.2%)
≥37 weeks (term)	282 (87.0%)	3 (75.0%)	17 (77.3%)	286 (95.3%)	63 (91.3%)
Pregnancy Type, n (%)					
Liveborn	316 (97.5%)	4 (100.0%)	20 (90.9%)	298 (99.3%)	69 (100.0%)
Stillborn	8 (2.5%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (9.1%)	2 (0.7%)	0 (0.0%)
Fetal weight percentile, n (%) \S					
≥10%	254/323 (78.6%)	0 (0.0%)	14/21 (66.7%)	265/296 (89.5%)	61 (88.4%)
<10%	69/323 (21.4%)	4 (100.0%)	7/21 (33.3%)	31/296 (10.5%)	8 (11.6%)
APGAR 1 minute, median(IQR) \S	8.0 (7.0, 9.0)	7.5 (7.0, 8.0)	8.0 (5.0, 8.0)	8.0 (7.0, 9.0)	8.0 (7.5, 9.0)
APGAR 5 minute, median(IQR) \S	9.0 (9.0, 10.0)	9.0 (8.0, 9.0)	9.0 (8.0, 9.0)	9.0 (9.0, 10.0)	9.0 (9.0, 10.0)
Education, n (%)					
Less than high school graduate	31 (9.6%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	13 (4.3%)	2 (2.9%)
High school graduate	84 (25.9%)	1 (25.0%)	6 (27.3%)	83 (27.7%)	24 (34.8%)
GED/adult diploma	32 (9.9%)	1 (25.0%)	1 (4.5%)	32 (10.7%)	5 (7.2%)
Some college	69 (21.3%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (31.8%)	57 (19.0%)	10 (14.5%)
College graduate or more	83 (25.6%)	2 (50.0%)	6 (27.3%)	92 (30.7%)	25 (36.2%)
Unknown	25 (7.7%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (9.1%)	23 (7.7%)	3 (4.3%)

Abbreviations: APGAR, appearance, pulse, grimace, activity, and respiration; BMI, body mass index; GED, general equivalency

diploma; HTN, hypertension.

*BMI based on weight taken closest to conception date, within 6 months prior and up to 20 gestational weeks. +Parity defined as number of pregnancies with a gestational age ≥20 weeks resulting in a live or still birth.

‡ Including during current pregnancy

§ Fetal weight considered small for gestational age was defined as < 10% by the Brenner 1976 growth curve ⁵ If twins, the fetal weight percentile and APGAR scores are based on the baby with the lowest birth weight.

	Not in per- woman cohort	In per-woman cohort	
Characteristic	(N=450)	(N=269)	p value
Age at pregnancy, mean(SD)	26.90 (5.88)	25.01 (4.38)	<0.001
Pregnancy Type, n (%)			0.77
Live birth	442 (98.2%)	265 (98.5%)	
Still birth	8 (1.8%)	4 (1.5%)	
Gestational weeks, n (%)			0.31
<34 weeks (pre-term)	8 (1.8%)	8 (3.0%)	
34-36 weeks (pre-term)	29 (6.4%)	23 (8.6%)	
≥37 weeks (term)	413 (91.8%)	238 (88.5%)	
BMI, mean (SD)	26.16 (5.86)	24.42 (4.38)	<0.001
History of smoking prior to pregnancy, y (%)	174 (38.7%)	123 (45.7%)	0.037
History of diabetes, y (%)	12 (2.7%)	2 (0.7%)	0.071
Education			0.001
Less than high school graduate	34 (7.6%)	12 (4.5%)	
High school graduate	122 (27.1%)	76 (28.3%)	
GED/adult diploma	31 (6.9%)	40 (14.9%)	

Online Table 6. Comparison of exposed pregnancies from the per-woman cohort (n=269) compared to the pregnancies NOT in the per-woman cohort (n=450) from the n=719 total exposed pregnancies

Characteristic	Not in per- woman cohort (N=450)	In per-woman cohort (N=269)	p value
Some College	83 (18.4%)	60 (22.3%)	
College graduate or more	141 (31.3%)	67 (24.9%)	
Unknown	39 (8.7%)	14 (5.2%)	

P-values were derived from equal variance t-test for continuous variables and chi square tests for categorical variables.

Online Table 7. Age-specific per-pregnancy incidence (per 100 pregnancies) of hypertensive disorders of pregnancy

Hypertensive disorders of	Overall Incidence	Incidence (95% CI) by calendar year of delivery [*]				
pregnancy /Age at delivery	(95% CI) [†]	1976-1977 (N=2,515)	1978-1980 (N=4,230)	1981-1982 (N=3,117)		
Preeclampsia						
<20	6.5 (4.8, 8.6)	5.5 (2.8, 9.7)	7.3 (4.6, 10.9)	6.3 (3.4, 10.6)		
20-24	4.4 (3.6, 5.2)	4.5 (3.1, 6.3)	4.3 (3.2, 5.6)	4.3 (3.1, 5.8)		
25-29	2.6 (2.1, 3.1)	2.0 (1.2, 3.0)	2.5 (1.8, 3.4)	3.3 (2.3, 4.4)		
30-34	1.9 (1.3, 2.6)	2.0 (0.94, 3.8)	1.6 (0.9, 2.8)	2.1 (1.1, 3.5)		
≥35	3.5 (2.0, 5.5)	4.6 (1.5, 10.5)	3.7 (1.6, 7.2)	2.4 (0.66, 6.0)		
Eclampsia						
<20	0 (0, 0.53)	0 (0, 1.8)	0 (0, 1.3)	0 (0, 1.8)		
20-24	0.04 (0, 0.20)	0 (0, 0.52)	0 (0, 0.30)	0.11 (0, 0.60)		
25-29	0.05 (0.01, 0.18)	0.09 (0, 0.52)	0 (0, 0.22)	0.08 (0, 0.47)		
30-34	0 (0, 0.20)	0 (0, 0.83)	0 (0, 0.46)	0 (0, 0.59)		
≥35	0.20 (0.01, 1.1)	0 (0, 3.4)	0.47 (0.01, 2.6)	0 (0, 2.2)		
Preeclampsia						
superimposed on chronic						
HTN						
<20	0.43 (0.09, 1.3)	1.0 (0.12, 3.6)	0 (0, 1.3)	0.49 (0.01, 2.7)		
20-24	0.07 (0.01, 0.25)	0 (0, 0.52)	0.16 (0.02, 0.59)	0 (0, 0.40)		
25-29	0.33 (0.17, 0.56)	0.28 (0.06, 0.82)	0.47 (0.2, 0.92)	0.17 (0.02, 0.60)		
30-34	0.16 (0.03, 0.47)	0.23 (0.01, 1.3)	0.12 (0, 0.69)	0.16 (0, 0.89)		
35+	0.20 (0.01, 1.1)	0 (0, 3.4)	0 (0, 1.7)	0.6 (0.02, 3.3)		
Gestational HTN						
<20	2.9 (1.8, 4.4)	3.5 (1.4, 7.1)	1.7 (0.56, 4.0)	3.9 (1.7, 7.5)		
20-24	3.0 (2.4, 3.7)	2.4 (1.4, 3.8)	3.0 (2.1, 4.1)	3.5 (2.4, 4.8)		
25-29	2.7 (2.2, 3.3)	1.8 (1.1, 2.8)	3.5 (2.6, 4.4)	2.4 (1.6, 3.5)		
30-34	3.1 (2.3, 3.9)	1.1 (0.37, 2.6)	3.4 (2.2, 4.9)	4.0 (2.6, 5.9)		
35+	6.3 (4.4, 8.9)	0.93 (0.02, 5.1)	7.9 (4.7, 12.4)	7.8 (4.2, 12.9)		
Chronic HTN						
<20	0.29 (0.03, 1.0)	0 (0, 1.8)	0.35 (0.01, 1.9)	0.49 (0.01, 2.7)		
20-24	0.49 (0.27, 0.82)	0.57 (0.15, 1.4)	0.57 (0.23, 1.2)	0.32 (0.07, 0.94)		
25-29	0.45 (0.27, 0.72)	0.09 (0, 0.52)	0.65 (0.32, 1.2)	0.50 (0.18, 1.1)		
30-34	1.1 (0.66, 1.7)	0.45 (0.05, 1.6)	1.5 (0.78, 2.6)	0.96 (0.35, 2.1)		
≥35	3.1 (1.7, 5.0)	0.93 (0.02, 5.1)	3.3 (1.3, 6.6)	4.2 (1.7, 8.5)		

among 9,862 pregnancies during 1976-1982 for residents of Olmsted County, Minnesota, overall and by calendar year

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