

**Question:** Should OAGB vs. AGB be used for weight loss?

Certainty assessment							N <sup>o</sup> of patients		Effect		Certainty	Importance
N <sup>o</sup> of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	OAGB	LAGB	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute (95% CI)		
<b>Post-operative BMI (follow up: mean 1 years; assessed with: kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>												
4	observational studies	serious	very serious	not serious	not serious	publication bias strongly suspected	0/0	0.0%	<b>MD -6.58</b> (-9.37 to -3.79)	<b>-- per 1.000</b> (from - to --)	⊕○○○ VERY LOW	
<b>T2DM remission (follow up: mean 1 years)</b>												
2	observational studies	serious	not serious	not serious	not serious	none	0/0	0.0%	<b>RR 1.48</b> (0.98 to 2.25)	<b>0 fewer per 1.000</b> (from 0 fewer to 0 fewer)	⊕○○○ VERY LOW	
<b>Post-operative Waist Circumference (follow up: mean 1 years)</b>												
3	observational studies	serious	very serious	not serious	serious	strong association	0/0	0.0%	<b>MD 14.15</b> (-27.23 to -1.06)	<b>-- per 1.000</b> (from - to --)	⊕○○○ VERY LOW	

**CI:** Confidence interval; **RR:** Risk ratio