# THE LANCET

## Supplementary appendix

This appendix formed part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed. We post it as supplied by the authors.

Supplement to: Cummings MJ, Baldwin MR, Abrams D, et al. Epidemiology, clinical course, and outcomes of critically ill adults with COVID-19 in New York City: a prospective cohort study. *Lancet* 2020; published online May 19. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(20)31189-2.

### Web Appendix

#### Table S1: Ordinal Scale Used to Evaluate Clinical Status During Hospitalization

Clinical Status	Point
Not hospitalized, performing normal activities	1
Not hospitalized, but unable to perform normal activities	2
Hospitalized, not requiring supplemental oxygen	3
Hospitalized, requiring supplemental oxygen via nasal cannula	4
Hospitalized, requiring respiratory support via non-rebreather mask, or high-flow nasal cannula oxygen therapy, or noninvasive mechanical ventilation	5
Hospitalized, requiring extracorporeal membrane oxygen, invasive mechanical ventilation, or both	6
Death	7

Table S2: Risk factors for in-hospital mortality adjusted by Sequential Organ Failure Assessment

Score

Variable	Univariable HR (95% CI)	Multivariable HR (95% CI)
Age, per ten-year increase	1.49 (1.29-1.73)	1.28 (1.06-1.54)
Male gender	0.85 (0.57-1.27)	1.34 (0.81-2.21)
Symptom duration prior to hospital presentation, per day	0.98 (0.93-1.02)	1.01 (0.97-1.05)
Hypertension	2.24 (1.40-3.59)	1.81 (1.01-3.25)
Chronic cardiac disease <sup>a</sup>	2.21 (1.44-3.39)	1.76 (1.04-2.99)
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or interstitial lung disease	3.15 (1.84-5.39)	4.39 (2.13-9.03)
Chronic kidney disease	1.50 (0.92-2.45)	
Diabetes mellitus	1.65 (1.11-2.44)	1.57 (0.95-2.60)
Body-mass-index ≥40	0.76 (0.40-1.47)	
Interleukin-6, per-decile increase	1.12 (1.04-1.21)	1.11 (1.01-1.21)
D-dimer, per-decile increase	1.18 (1.10-1.27)	1.08 (0.99-1.19)
SOFA score, per one-point increase	1.13 (1.06-1.21)	1.06 (0.98-1.15)

Abbreviations: HR: hazard ratio; CI: Confidence interval; SOFA: Sequential Organ Failure Assessment.

Legend: "Coronary artery disease or congestive heart failure

Figure Legend

Figure S1: Flow diagram for study

#### Figure S1

