

Supplementary Materials for

Improving the efficiency of precise genome editing with site-specific Cas9-oligonucleotide conjugates

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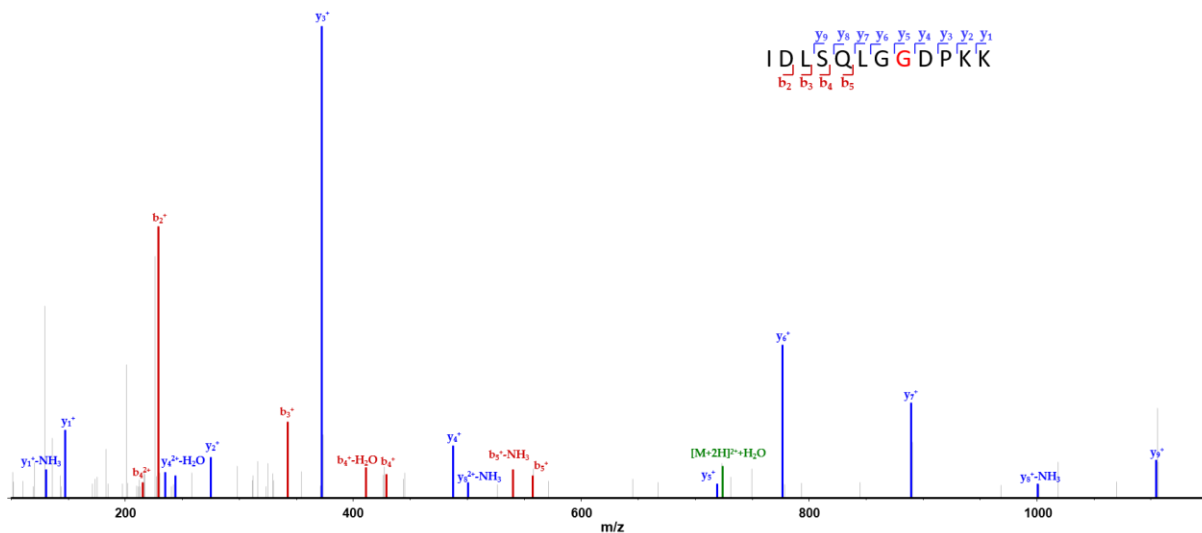


Fig. S1. Peptide mass spec of G1367-AeF.

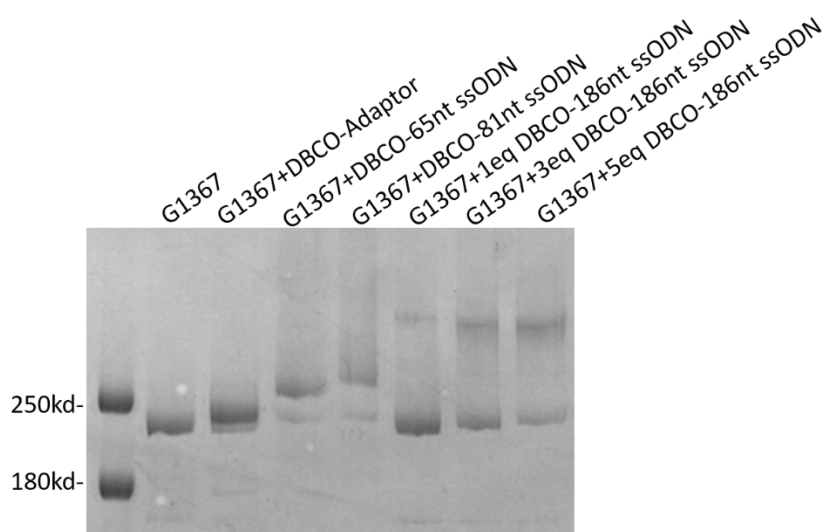


Fig. S2. SDS-PAGE analysis the G1367 conjugate with different length DBCO modified ssODN at 1:1 stoichiometry. DBCO-adaptor(25nt), DBCO-ssODN 65nt/81nt and DBCO-186nt were mixed with pre-assembled G1367AeF RNP (500ng) at the equivalent 3 hours at 4 degree and analysis by SDS-PAGE.

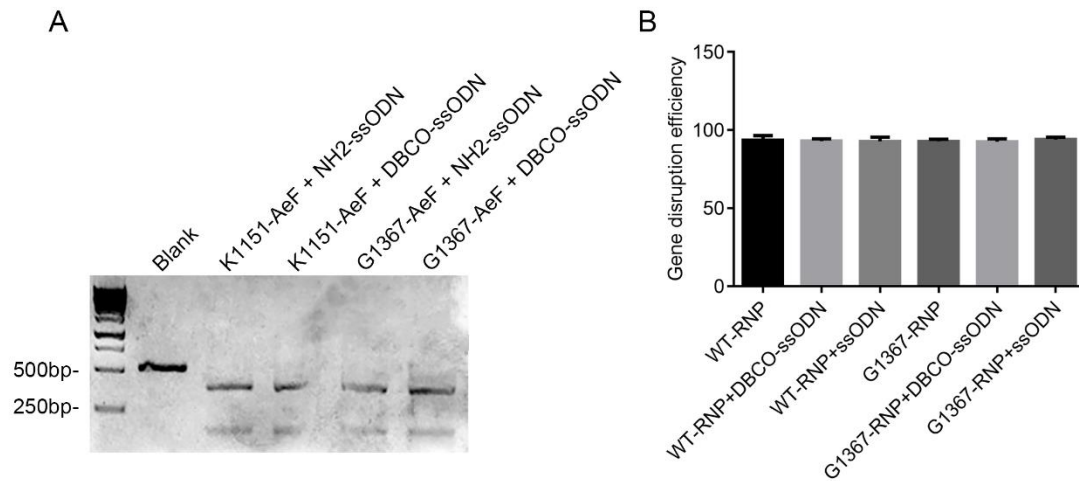


Fig. S3. Gene disruption activity of Cas9-ssODN conjugate *in vitro* and *in cell*. (a) Different Cas9 mutants were assembled into RNPs and incubated with DBCO or NH₂ modified ssODN. The resulting complex were measured for cleavage activity *in vitro*, and the cleavage products were measured on a 1% agarose. (b) Cas9 G1367-AeF mutant and wt Cas9 were assembled into RNP with DBCO or NH₂ modified ssODN, the complex was delivered in HEK293 EGFP Teton cell through electroporation and analyzed by Flow cytometry 48h post-transduction.

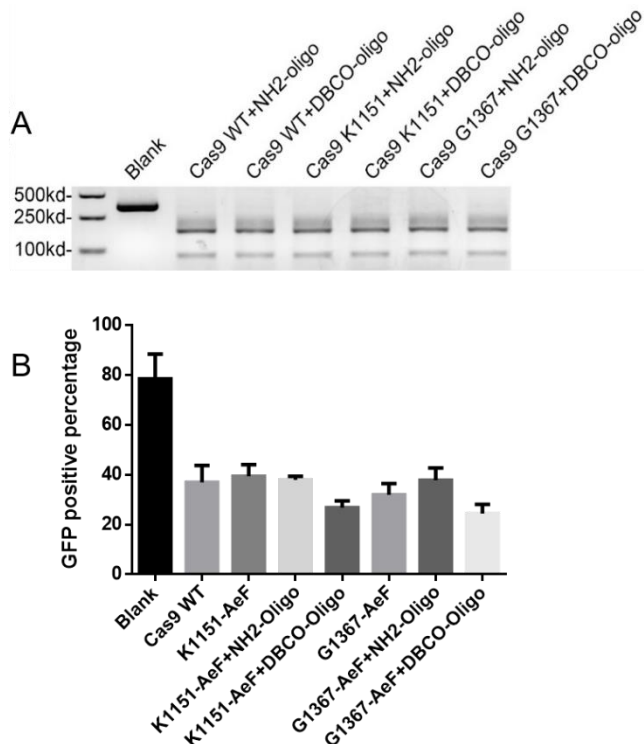


Fig. S4. Cleavage activity of Cas9 mutants reacted with modified oligos *in vitro* and *in cell*. (A) RNPs were pre-incubated with NH₂ or DBCO modified oligo DNA, forming RNP-oligo DNA complex and analyzed for cleavage activity on agarose gel. (B) RNP with adaptor conjugated at different sites were transfected into HEK293-Teton-EGFP by RNAiMAX and

analyzed by flow cytometry 2 days post-transduction. Error bars represent the standard deviation of triplicates.

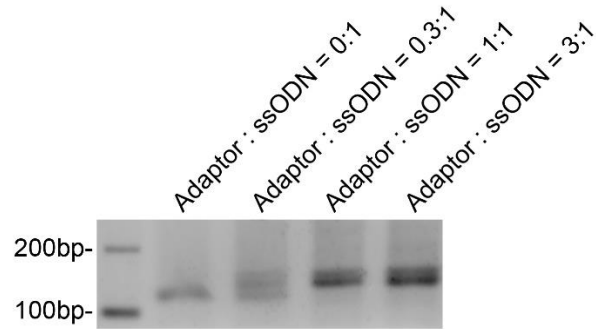


Fig. S5. Oligonucleotide-adaptor paired with ssODN. Oligonucleotide-adaptor was mixed with ssODN at different molar ratio in vitro, and analyzed on a 2% agarose gel.

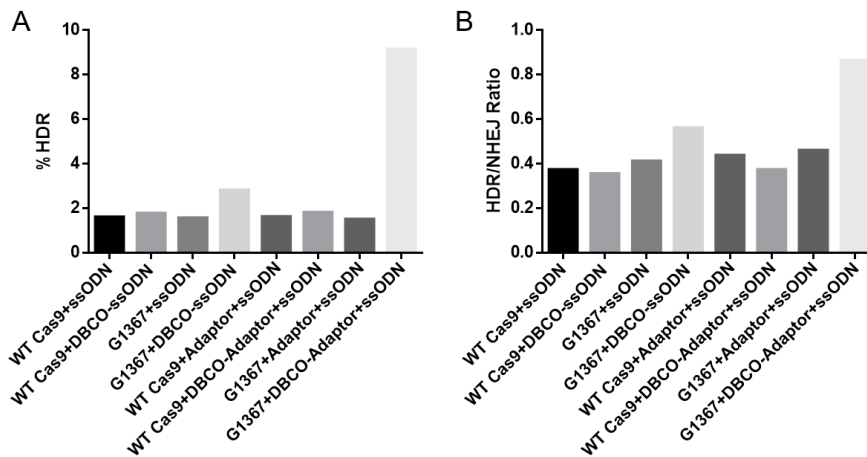


Fig. S6. Deep sequencing confirmation of HiBiT insertion and HDR enhancement.

(A) Absolute HDR efficiency was quantified by deep sequencing. (B) HDR/NHEJ ratio was calculated based on data from deep sequencing.

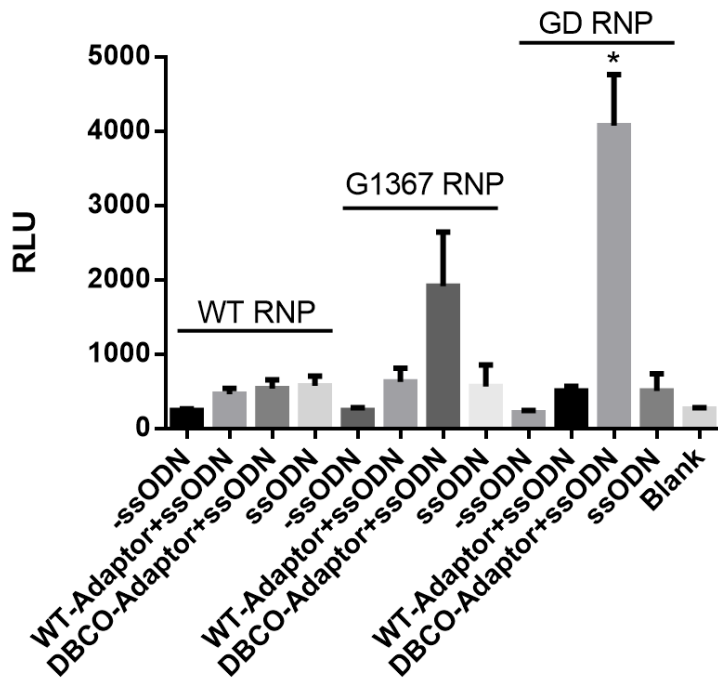


Fig. S7. The HDR efficiency of RNP-dual ssODN complexes. RNP with adaptor conjugated at different sites were transfected into HEK293 by RNAiMAX and analyzed by Hibit assay 2 days post-transduction. Error bars represent the standard deviation of triplicates. Significance was calculated by means of a 2-tailed Student's *t*-test; * $P < 0.05$.

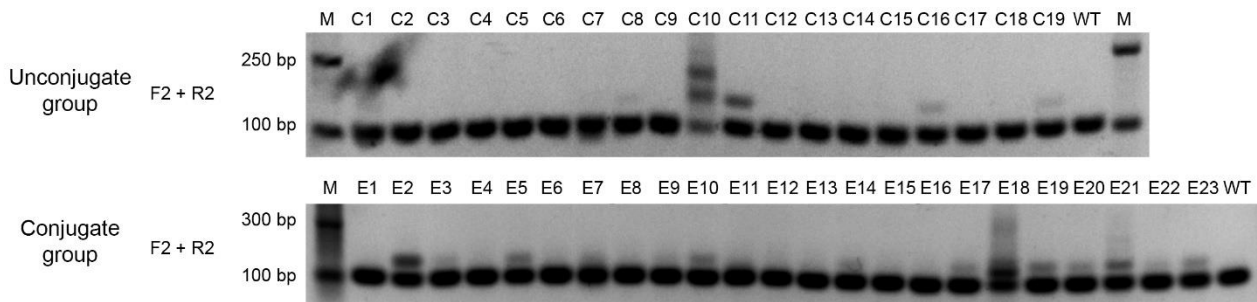


Fig. S8. Genotyping PCR of zygotes after RNP microinjection. A 141 bp fragment containing a 42 bp V5 tag can be specifically detected in edited zygotes using primer F2 and R2, and 99 bp band was amplified both in edited and unedited zygotes.

Table S1. Expression yield of Cas9 and its chemical mutants.

Mutation site	Expression yield	Mutation site	Expression yield
WT	3mg/L	K929	0.2mg/L
K3	Degradation seriously	L1004	2.7mg/L
D39	Inclusion body	K1151	2.8mg/L
H41	0.25mg/L	K1153	1.5mg/L
H754	0.17mg/L	G1361	0.8mg/L
L833	Low expression	G1367	3mg/L

**Table S2. Primer and donor sequence used in the study
a. Primers used for mutagenesis PCR**

Name	Sequence
K3TAG-FW	CCAAGAAGAAGAGGAAGGTGATGGATtAGAAATACTC AATAGGCTTAGATATCGGCAC
K3TAG-RV	GTGCCGATATCTAAGCCTATTGAGTATTTCTaATCCATC ACCTTCCTCTTCTTCTTGG
D39TAG-FW	GTTCAAGGTTCTGGGAAATACATAGCGCCACAGTATCA AAAAAAATC
D39TAG-RV	GATTTTTTTTGATACTGTGGCGCTATGTATTTCCAGAA CCTTGAAC
H41TAG-FW	GTTCTGGGAAATACAGACCGCTAGAGTATCAAAAAAA ATCTTATAGGGGCTC
H41TAG-RV	GAGCCCCTATAAGATTTTTTTTGATACTCTAGCGGTCT GTATTTCCAGAAC
H754TAG-FW	GAATTGGTCAAAGTAATGGGGCGGTAGAAGCCAGAAA ATATCGTTATTGAAATGGC
H754TAG-RV	GCCATTTCAATAACGATATTTTCTGGCTTCTACCGCCCC ATTACTTTGACCAATTC
L833TAG-F	AGAATTAGATATTAATCGTTAGAGTGATTATGATGTGC ATC
L833TAG-R	GATCGACATCATAATCACTCTAACGATTAATATCTAAT TCT
K929TAG-F	GTTGAAACTCGCCAAATCACTTAGCATGTGGCACAAT TTTG
K929TAG-R	CAAATTTGTGCCACATGCTAAGTGATTTGGCGAGTTT CAAC
L1004TAG-F	CTGCTTTGATTAAGAAATATCCAAAATAGGAATCGGA GTTTGTCTATGGTG
L1004TAG-R	CACCATAGACAAACTCCGATTCCTATTTTGGATATTTT TTAATCAAAGCAG
K1151TAG-F	CTAGTGGTTGCTAAGGTGGAATAGGGGAAATCGAAGA AGTTAAA
K1151TAG-R	TTTAACTTCTTCGATTTCCCTATTCCACCTTAGCAACC ACTAG
K1153TAG-FW	GTTGCTAAGGTGGAAAAAGGGTAGTCAAGAAGTTAA AATCCGTT

K1153TAG-R	AACGGATTTAACTTCTTCGACTACCCTTTTTCCACCTT AGCAAC
D1361TAG-F	GTCTTTATGAAACACGCATTTAGTTGAGTCAGCTAGGA GGTGA
D1361TAG-R	TCACCTCCTAGCTGACTCAACTAAATGCGTGTTTCATA AAGAC
G1367TAG-FW	CGCATTGATTTGAGTCAGCTAGGATAGGACCCCAAGA AGAAGAGGAAGGTG
G1367TAG-RV	CACCTTCTTCTTCTTGGGGTCCTATCCTAGCTGACT CAAATCAATGCG

b. Primers used for V5 genotype verification

Name	Sequence
F1	ACATGGGCAAGCCCATCC
R1	GCGTTAATTTGGATGGGATTGGTGG
F2	GGCCATTAACGGCACACTG
R2	CCTCCAATTCCTTGTATCTC

c. Primers used for deep sequencing

Name	Sequence
CX-FW	GAATTTGGCTACAGCAACAGGG
CX-RV	GGTCTCTCTTCTCCTTGTGC

d. ssODN sequences and fragments used for ligation

Name	Sequence
GAPDH-186nt ssODN	TCTTCTAGGTATGACAACGAATTTGGCTACAGCAA CAGGGTGGTGGACCTCATGGCCACATGGCCTCCA AGGAGGTGAGCGGCTGGCGGCTGTTCAAGAAGATT AGCTAAGACCCCTGGACCACCAGCCCCAGCAAGA GCACAAGAGGAAGAGAGAGACCCTCACTGCTGGG GAGTCCCTGCCAC
Sox2-162nt ssODN	TACCAGAGCGGCCCGGTGCCCGGCACGGCCATTAA CGGCACACTGCCCTGTTCGCACATGGGCAAGCCCA TCCCCAACCCCTGCTGGGCCTGGACAGCACCTGA GGGCTGGACTGCGAACTGGAGAAGGGGAGAGATT TTCAAAGAGATACAAGGGAATTG

e. Sequences of gRNA

Name	Sequence
EGFP	GGGCGAGGAGCTGTTACCG
SOX2	TGCCCTGTTCGCACATGTGA