

### **Additional File 3. Sensitivity analysis**

In some studies, estimated gestational age (EGA) in weeks (without days) was available at malaria episodes but not at delivery. When the EGA at delivery was calculated from the EGA at malaria episode, the difference of a maximum of seven days (i.e. day 0 or day 6 of the same week) can affect the binary category of PTB and SGA. For those studies, results assuming day 0 of the week were presented as the primary analyses, and those assuming day 6 of the week were presented as sensitivity analyses.

For PTB, the overall pooled proportion of extremely PTB (<28.0 weeks), very PTB ( $\geq 28$  to <32.0 weeks) and moderate to late PTB ( $\geq 32.0$  to <37.0 weeks) was 0·0% (5/2610, 95% CI 0·0 to 0·0,  $I^2$  0%), 0·1% (34/3279, 95% CI 0·0 to 0·4,  $I^2$  0%) and 7·8% (438/4147, 95% CI 5·6 to 10·3,  $I^2$  81%), respectively. The results of the univariable and multivariable analyses were similar to the primary analysis results (Additional Table 3-1), except that malaria transmission intensity was not associated with the risk of PTB.

For SGA, the overall pooled proportion of SGA was 38·1% (1310/3674, 95% CI 32·7 to 43·6,  $I^2$  88%). The results of the univariable and multivariable analyses were similar to the primary analysis results (Additional Table 3-2).

Additional Table 3-1. Univariable and multivariable logistic regression on the risk of moderate-to-late preterm birth assuming day 6 on the week

Baseline characteristic	Proportion (%)	Univariable		Multivariable (Complete case)		Multivariable (MI)	
		OR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value
<b>Treatment</b>							
AL	114/1043 (11%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
AAP	4/76 (5%)	0.62 (0.19–2.01)	0.42	1.77 (0.33–9.45)	0.51	0.55 (0.16–1.89)	0.34
AS	15/174 (9%)	1.57 (0.72–3.40)	0.26	1.58 (0.61–4.12)	0.35	1.27 (0.55–2.91)	0.57
ASAQ	82/750 (11%)	0.95 (0.69–1.31)	0.77	1.03 (0.71–1.49)	0.87	0.97 (0.70–1.34)	0.84
ASMQ	81/927 (9%)	0.95 (0.69–1.32)	0.77	0.78 (0.52–1.16)	0.21	0.91 (0.65–1.28)	0.59
ASSP	21/148 (14%)	1.81 (0.88–3.71)	0.11	0.89 (0.36–2.20)	0.80	1.67 (0.78–3.58)	0.19
DP	102/807 (13%)	1.19 (0.88–1.61)	0.26	1.20 (0.87–1.67)	0.27	1.14 (0.83–1.56)	0.42
Q	15/171 (9%)	1.28 (0.63–2.59)	0.50	2.40 (0.59–9.71)	0.22	1.53 (0.72–3.23)	0.27
QC	4/51 (8%)	1.18 (0.32–4.44)	0.80	No data		1.18 (0.29–4.81)	0.82
<b>EGA at malaria episode</b>							
4.0–13.9	5/38 (13%)	4.34 (1.56–12.06)	0.005	2.71 (0.74–9.91)	0.13	4.02 (1.41–11.43)	0.009
14.0–19.9	53/866 (6%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
20.0–23.9	101/1029 (10%)	1.86 (1.31–2.64)	0.001	1.78 (1.20–2.65)	0.004	1.85 (1.30–2.65)	<0.001
24.0–27.9	90/921 (10%)	1.98 (1.38–2.84)	<0.001	2.31 (1.54–3.46)	<0.001	2.17 (1.50–3.14)	<0.001
28.0–36.9 (weeks)	189/1293 (15%)	3.79 (2.71–5.31)	<0.001	4.80 (3.26–7.06)	<0.001	4.51 (3.19–6.38)	<0.001
<b>Age Group</b>							
<20	210/1334 (16%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
20–25	106/1333 (8%)	0.50 (0.39–0.65)	<0.001	0.61 (0.43–0.86)	0.005	0.60 (0.44–0.82)	0.001
25–30	68/804 (8%)	0.54 (0.40–0.73)	<0.001	0.91 (0.56–1.48)	0.70	0.73 (0.48–1.13)	0.16
30–35	28/401 (7%)	0.44 (0.29–0.67)	<0.001	0.52 (0.27–0.98)	0.04	0.56 (0.33–0.97)	0.04
≥35 (years)	26/275 (9%)	0.71 (0.46–1.11)	0.14	0.77 (0.37–1.58)	0.48	0.92 (0.52–1.63)	0.78
<b>Pregnancy history</b>							
G 1	210/1449 (14%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
G 2 with no loss	58/706 (8%)	0.55 (0.41–0.75)	<0.001	0.72 (0.48–1.07)	0.10	0.68 (0.48–0.98)	0.04
G≥3 with no loss	91/1129 (8%)	0.54 (0.41–0.70)	<0.001	0.60 (0.37–0.96)	0.03	0.66 (0.44–1.00)	0.048
G 2 with 1 loss	27/252 (11%)	0.81 (0.52–1.26)	0.35	1.12 (0.70–1.80)	0.64	0.92 (0.58–1.45)	0.72
G≥3 with 1 loss	34/436 (8%)	0.56 (0.38–0.82)	0.003	0.64 (0.38–1.10)	0.11	0.66 (0.41–1.07)	0.09
G≥3 with ≥2 losses	15/138 (11%)	1.01 (0.57–1.79)	0.97	1.38 (0.67–2.84)	0.38	1.16 (0.61–2.21)	0.64
Weight (kg)	437/4146 (11%)	0.98 (0.97–1.00)	0.009				
Height (cm)	399/3670 (11%)	0.98 (0.97–1.00)	0.05	0.98 (0.96–1.00)	0.08	0.98 (0.96–1.00)	0.05
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	399/3670 (11%)	0.96 (0.92–1.00)	0.047	0.95 (0.91–1.00)	0.04	0.94 (0.9–0.99)	0.009
HIV infection	Yes 4/31 (13%)	1.97 (0.65–5.98)	0.23	2.95 (0.54–16.03)	0.21	1.43 (0.43–4.8)	0.55
	No 376/3476 (11%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
Parasitaemia ( $\log_{10}/\mu\text{L}$ )	438/4147 (11%)	1.08 (0.95–1.22)	0.23				
Fever >37.5°C	Yes 35/375 (9%)	1.08 (0.74–1.57)	0.70				
	No 393/3734 (11%)	Reference					
Haemoglobin (g/dL)	435/4123 (11%)	0.93 (0.86–1.00)	0.05				
Gametocytaemia	Yes 21/154 (14%)	1.68 (1.03–2.72)	0.04				
	No 407/3936 (10%)	Reference					
Mixed Infection	Yes 2/29 (7%)	1.09 (0.25–4.71)	0.91				
	No 436/4118 (11%)	Reference					
<b>Malaria transmission</b>							
Low	72/929 (8%)	0.81 (0.47–1.41)	0.46				
Moderate	265/2247 (12%)	Reference					
High	101/971 (10%)	0.92 (0.49–1.71)	0.79				

Intraclass correlation: 0.09. AAP: artesunate with atovaquone-proguanil, AL: artemether-lumefantrine, aOR: adjusted odds ratio, AS: artesunate monotherapy, ASAQ: artesunate-amodiaquine, ASMQ: artesunate-mefloquine, ASSP: artesunate-sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine, BMI: body mass index, CI: confidence interval, DP: dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine, EGA: estimated gestational age, G: gravidity, HIV: human immunodeficiency virus, OR: odds ratio, Q: quinine monotherapy, QC: quinine with clindamycin.

Additional Table 3-2. Univariable and multivariable logistic regression on the risk of small-for-gestational-age assuming day 6 on the week

Baseline characteristic	Proportion (%)	Univariable		Multivariable (Complete case)		Multivariable (MI)		
		OR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	
<b>Treatment</b>								
AL	307/969 (32%)	Reference		Reference		Reference		
AAP	25/55 (45%)	1.61 (0.78–3.29)	0.20	0.52 (0.14–1.92)	0.33	1.43 (0.60–3.39)	0.42	
AS	56/154 (36%)	1.22 (0.75–1.98)	0.42	1.20 (0.68–2.14)	0.53	1.16 (0.68–1.98)	0.58	
ASAQ	253/695 (36%)	1.24 (0.99–1.56)	0.06	1.13 (0.86–1.49)	0.39	1.28 (1.01–1.62)	0.045	
ASMQ	337/810 (42%)	1.11 (0.89–1.39)	0.35	1.09 (0.84–1.42)	0.51	1.10 (0.87–1.38)	0.44	
ASSP	67/128 (52%)	1.51 (0.92–2.49)	0.10	1.77 (0.98–3.22)	0.06	1.39 (0.81–2.39)	0.23	
DP	230/703 (33%)	0.98 (0.77–1.23)	0.84	0.98 (0.76–1.27)	0.87	0.97 (0.76–1.24)	0.83	
Q	20/119 (17%)	0.50 (0.27–0.89)	0.02	0.16 (0.04–0.65)	0.01	0.56 (0.28–1.12)	0.10	
QC	15/41 (37%)	1.09 (0.46–2.58)	0.84	No data		0.89 (0.33–2.46)	0.83	
<b>EGA at malaria episode</b>								
4.0–13.9	10/31 (32%)	0.66 (0.29–1.49)	0.32	0.65 (0.26–1.60)	0.35	0.59 (0.25–1.36)	0.21	
14.0–19.9	288/758 (38%)	Reference		Reference		Reference		
20.0–23.9	334/911 (37%)	0.84 (0.68–1.03)	0.10	0.84 (0.66–1.07)	0.16	0.84 (0.68–1.04)	0.11	
24.0–27.9	295/816 (36%)	0.75 (0.61–0.94)	0.01	0.80 (0.62–1.04)	0.09	0.81 (0.65–1.02)	0.07	
28.0–36.9	367/1119 (33%)	0.58 (0.47–0.72)	<0.001	0.64 (0.50–0.82)	<0.001	0.67 (0.54–0.83)	<0.001	
≥37.0 (weeks)	16/39 (41%)	1.03 (0.51–2.05)	0.94	0.47 (0.12–1.81)	0.27	1.28 (0.62–2.64)	0.51	
<b>Age Group</b>								
<20	494/1199 (41%)	Reference						
20–25	431/1175 (37%)	0.69 (0.58–0.83)	<0.001					
25–30	210/710 (30%)	0.50 (0.40–0.61)	<0.001					
30–35	96/348 (28%)	0.45 (0.34–0.59)	<0.001					
≥35 (years)	79/242 (33%)	0.56 (0.41–0.76)	<0.001					
<b>Pregnancy history</b>								
G 1	577/1312 (44%)	Reference		Reference		Reference		
G 2 with no loss	192/606 (32%)	0.54 (0.44–0.66)	<0.001	0.59 (0.46–0.75)	<0.001	0.57 (0.46–0.70)	<0.001	
G≥3 with no loss	257/998 (26%)	0.40 (0.33–0.48)	<0.001	0.47 (0.37–0.59)	<0.001	0.47 (0.38–0.57)	<0.001	
G 2 with 1 loss	99/225 (44%)	0.80 (0.59–1.07)	0.13	0.72 (0.51–1.01)	0.06	0.79 (0.59–1.08)	0.14	
G≥3 with 1 loss	116/379 (31%)	0.46 (0.36–0.59)	<0.001	0.52 (0.39–0.71)	<0.001	0.54 (0.41–0.70)	<0.001	
G≥3 with ≥2 losses	50/117 (43%)	0.77 (0.52–1.14)	0.19	0.77 (0.47–1.25)	0.29	0.81 (0.54–1.22)	0.31	
Weight (kg)	1310/3674 (36%)	0.95 (0.94–0.96)	<0.001					
Height (cm)	1193/3315 (36%)	0.96 (0.94–0.97)	<0.001	0.95 (0.94–0.97)	<0.001	0.95 (0.94–0.96)	<0.001	
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	1193/3315 (36%)	0.92 (0.90–0.95)	<0.001	0.92 (0.89–0.95)	<0.001	0.92 (0.90–0.95)	<0.001	
HIV infection	Yes	7/24 (29%)	0.82 (0.32–2.08)	0.68	2.26 (0.55–9.23)	0.26	1.11 (0.47–2.62)	0.82
	No	225/568 (40%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
Parasitaemia ( $\log_{10}/\mu\text{L}$ )	1310/3674 (36%)	1.24 (1.13–1.35)	<0.001	1.16 (1.04–1.30)	0.007	1.13 (1.03–1.24)	0.01	
Fever >37.5°C	Yes	124/324 (38%)	1.03 (0.81–1.33)	0.80				
	No	1178/3322 (35%)	Reference					
Haemoglobin (g/dL)	1306/3657 (36%)	0.88 (0.83–0.92)	<0.001					
Gametocytaemia	Yes	45/133 (34%)	0.91 (0.62–1.32)	0.61				
	No	1246/3490 (36%)	Reference					
Mixed Infection	Yes	14/25 (56%)	2.98 (1.30–6.80)	0.01	1.43 (0.49–4.20)	0.51	2.47 (1.05–5.82)	0.04
	No	1296/3649 (36%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
<b>Malaria transmission</b>								
Low	277/726 (38%)	0.90 (0.59–1.37)	0.61					
Moderate	680/2018 (34%)	Reference						
High	353/930 (38%)	0.82 (0.54–1.25)	0.36					

Intraclass correlation: 0.06. AAP: artesunate with atovaquone-proguanil, AL: artemether-lumefantrine, aOR: adjusted odds ratio, AS: artesunate monotherapy, ASAQ: artesunate-amodiaquine, ASMQ: artesunate-mefloquine, ASSP: artesunate-sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine, BMI: body mass index, CI: confidence interval, DP: dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine, EGA: estimated gestational age, G: gravidity, HIV: human immunodeficiency virus, OR: odds ratio, Q: quinine monotherapy, QC: quinine with clindamycin.

One reviewer requested to run analyses stratified by geographical region. We have conducted requested analyses for moderate-to-late PTB, SGA and placental malaria, which have enough number of events. In Asia, there are only one or two study sites included, so interpretation needs caution. Same imputed dataset was used for each outcome (except placental malaria which multiple imputation was not needed).

Additional Table 3-3. Multivariable logistic regression on the risk of moderate-to-late preterm birth

stratified by geographical region using multiple imputation

Baseline characteristic	Proportion (%)	Multivariable (All)		Multivariable (Africa)		Multivariable (Asia)	
		aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value
<b>Treatment</b>							
AL	156/1035 (15%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
AAP	4/76 (5%)	0.69 (0.19–2.44)	0.56	No data		1.88 (0.40–8.82)	0.43
AS	15/174 (9%)	1.49 (0.64–3.50)	0.36	No data		3.00 (0.83–10.82)	0.09
ASAQ	124/747 (17%)	1.05 (0.79–1.39)	0.75	1.03 (0.78–1.38)	0.82	No data	
ASMQ	128/926 (14%)	1.07 (0.80–1.41)	0.65	1.01 (0.75–1.35)	0.97	4.60 (1.26–16.77)	0.02
ASSP	22/147 (15%)	1.83 (0.88–3.81)	0.10	4.90 (1.23–19.48)	0.02	4.02 (1.05–15.38)	0.04
DP	151/804 (19%)	1.22 (0.93–1.60)	0.15	1.23 (0.93–1.62)	0.15	1.23 (0.19–7.88)	0.83
Q	15/171 (9%)	1.67 (0.79–3.54)	0.18	1.74 (0.56–5.44)	0.34	5.85 (1.46–23.53)	0.01
QC	4/51 (8%)	1.39 (0.34–5.67)	0.65	No data		2.97 (0.62–14.21)	0.17
<b>EGA at malaria episode</b>							
4.0–13.9	5/38 (13%)	3.92 (1.38–11.13)	0.01	3.75 (0.34–40.99)	0.28	2.89 (0.81–10.30)	0.10
14.0–19.9	78/863 (9%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
20.0–23.9	136/1023 (13%)	1.71 (1.25–2.32)	<0.001	1.84 (1.33–2.56)	<0.001	1.04 (0.42–2.57)	0.94
24.0–27.9	142/917 (15%)	2.37 (1.74–3.23)	<0.001	2.53 (1.81–3.53)	<0.001	1.78 (0.75–4.24)	0.19
28.0–36.9 (weeks)	258/1290 (20%)	4.33 (3.21–5.84)	<0.001	5.00 (3.61–6.92)	<0.001	1.86 (0.86–4.04)	0.11
<b>Age Group</b>							
<20	284/1323 (21%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
20–25	154/1330 (12%)	0.67 (0.51–0.87)	0.003	0.68 (0.51–0.91)	0.01	0.57 (0.26–1.23)	0.15
25–30	100/803 (12%)	0.82 (0.56–1.18)	0.29	0.93 (0.62–1.40)	0.73	0.50 (0.19–1.33)	0.16
30–35	46/401 (11%)	0.72 (0.45–1.12)	0.15	0.79 (0.48–1.31)	0.37	0.45 (0.15–1.38)	0.16
≥35 (years)	35/274 (13%)	0.99 (0.60–1.64)	0.98	1.28 (0.74–2.24)	0.38	0.40 (0.12–1.37)	0.14
<b>Pregnancy history</b>							
G 1	284/1439 (20%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
G 2 with no loss	81/704 (12%)	0.65 (0.48–0.89)	0.007	0.64 (0.46–0.90)	0.01	0.63 (0.26–1.51)	0.30
G≥3 with no loss	141/1128 (12%)	0.67 (0.47–0.96)	0.03	0.57 (0.39–0.85)	0.01	1.48 (0.63–3.50)	0.37
G 2 with 1 loss	41/251 (16%)	0.95 (0.65–1.40)	0.81	0.96 (0.64–1.45)	0.86	0.90 (0.25–3.27)	0.87
G≥3 with 1 loss	51/435 (12%)	0.66 (0.44–0.99)	0.046	0.62 (0.40–0.97)	0.03	0.74 (0.24–2.25)	0.59
G≥3 with ≥2 losses	18/137 (13%)	1.00 (0.56–1.79)	1.00	0.62 (0.29–1.36)	0.24	2.79 (1.04–7.47)	0.04
Weight (kg)	618/4130 (15%)						
Height (cm)	579/3655 (16%)	0.98 (0.96–0.99)	0.01	0.98 (0.96–1.00)	0.02	0.98 (0.93–1.04)	0.52
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	579/3655 (16%)	0.94 (0.90–0.97)	<0.001	0.94 (0.90–0.98)	0.002	0.94 (0.84–1.06)	0.32
HIV infection	Yes	4/31 (13%)	1.22 (0.36–4.09)	0.75	1.10 (0.37–3.24)	0.87	No data
	No	527/3462 (15%)	Reference	Reference			
Parasitaemia ( $\log_{10}/\mu\text{L}$ )	619/4131 (15%)						
Fever >37.5°C	Yes	45/375 (12%)					
	No	563/3719 (15%)					
Haemoglobin (g/dL)		616/4107 (15%)					
Gametocytaemia	Yes	24/153 (16%)					
	No	584/3922 (15%)					
Mixed Infection	Yes	2/29 (7%)					
	No	617/4102 (15%)					
<b>Malaria transmission</b>							
Low	72/929 (8%)	0.42 (0.22–0.81)	0.009	0.84 (0.26–2.69)	0.77		
Moderate	397/2236 (18%)	Reference		Reference		No data	
High	150/966 (16%)	0.86 (0.47–1.58)	0.63	0.69 (0.34–1.42)	0.31	No data	

AAP: artesunate with atovaquone-proguanil, AL: artemether-lumefantrine, aOR: adjusted odds ratio, AS: artesunate monotherapy, ASAQ: artesunate-amodiaquine, ASMQ: artesunate-mefloquine, ASSP: artesunate-sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine, BMI: body mass index, CI: confidence interval, DP: dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine, EGA: estimated gestational age, G: gravidity, HIV: human immunodeficiency virus, MI: multiple imputation, OR: odds ratio, Q: quinine monotherapy, QC: quinine with clindamycin.

Additional Table 3-4. Multivariable logistic regression on the risk of small-for-gestational-age stratified by geographical region using multiple imputation

Baseline characteristic	Proportion (%)	Multivariable (All)		Multivariable (Africa)		Multivariable (Asia)	
		aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value
<b>Treatment</b>							
AL	241/973 (25%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
AAP	25/55 (45%)	1.85 (0.72–4.75)	0.20	No data		2.19 (1.05–4.53)	0.04
AS	56/154 (36%)	1.26 (0.74–2.16)	0.40	No data		1.41 (0.80–2.50)	0.24
ASAQ	164/700 (23%)	1.05 (0.80–1.37)	0.73	1.04 (0.79–1.36)	0.79	No data	
ASMQ	257/820 (31%)	1.00 (0.78–1.28)	0.99	1.01 (0.78–1.31)	0.92	2.00 (1.10–3.67)	0.02
ASSP	66/129 (51%)	1.37 (0.79–2.36)	0.27	0.29 (0.07–1.19)	0.09	3.21 (1.71–6.02)	<0.001
DP	163/716 (23%)	0.87 (0.67–1.14)	0.31	0.86 (0.65–1.13)	0.27	1.99 (0.84–4.70)	0.12
Q	20/119 (17%)	0.69 (0.32–1.52)	0.36	0.67 (0.27–1.68)	0.39	0.85 (0.35–2.07)	0.72
QC	15/41 (37%)	1.11 (0.37–3.35)	0.86	No data		1.37 (0.61–3.08)	0.44
<b>EGA at malaria episode</b>							
4.0–13.9	10/31 (32%)	0.62 (0.27–1.45)	0.27	0.14 (0.01–2.70)	0.19	0.82 (0.32–2.09)	0.68
14.0–19.9	227/765 (30%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
20.0–23.9	246/914 (27%)	0.80 (0.63–1.00)	0.05	0.77 (0.60–1.00)	0.05	0.85 (0.50–1.43)	0.54
24.0–27.9	219/820 (27%)	0.80 (0.63–1.01)	0.07	0.77 (0.59–1.00)	0.05	0.88 (0.51–1.53)	0.65
28.0–36.9	289/1138 (25%)	0.70 (0.55–0.87)	0.002	0.58 (0.45–0.76)	<0.001	1.21 (0.76–1.95)	0.42
≥37.0 (weeks)	16/39 (41%)	1.36 (0.66–2.84)	0.41	0.29 (0.05–1.83)	0.19	2.81 (1.13–6.99)	0.03
<b>Age Group</b>							
<20	379/1202 (32%)						
20–25	332/1185 (28%)						
25–30	170/717 (24%)						
30–35	63/357 (18%)						
≥35 (years)	63/246 (26%)						
<b>Pregnancy history</b>							
G 1	444/1316 (34%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
G 2 with no loss	154/614 (25%)	0.62 (0.49–0.78)	<0.001	0.55 (0.42–0.72)	<0.001	0.87 (0.54–1.39)	0.55
G ≥3 with no loss	186/1011 (18%)	0.48 (0.39–0.60)	<0.001	0.46 (0.36–0.58)	<0.001	0.57 (0.36–0.90)	0.02
G 2 with 1 loss	76/225 (34%)	0.82 (0.59–1.12)	0.21	0.80 (0.56–1.13)	0.20	0.94 (0.40–2.21)	0.89
G ≥3 with 1 loss	88/387 (23%)	0.54 (0.41–0.72)	<0.001	0.52 (0.37–0.72)	<0.001	0.67 (0.38–1.18)	0.16
G ≥3 with ≥2 losses	40/117 (34%)	0.79 (0.51–1.21)	0.27	0.73 (0.42–1.29)	0.28	0.83 (0.41–1.67)	0.61
Weight (kg)	1007/3707 (27%)						
Height (cm)	891/3347 (27%)	0.95 (0.93–0.96)	<0.001	0.94 (0.93–0.96)	<0.001	0.96 (0.93–0.99)	0.01
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	891/3347 (27%)	0.92 (0.89–0.95)	<0.001	0.92 (0.89–0.96)	<0.001	0.92 (0.86–0.99)	0.03
HIV infection	Yes 6/24 (25%)	1.04 (0.43–2.55)	0.92	1.22 (0.45–3.26)	0.69	No data	
	No 849/3105 (27%)	Reference		Reference			
Parasitaemia ( $\log_{10}/\mu\text{L}$ )	1007/3707 (27%)	1.14 (1.03–1.26)	0.009	1.14 (1.01–1.29)	0.03	1.10 (0.93–1.31)	0.27
Fever >37.5°C	Yes 112/325 (34%)						
	No 888/3352 (26%)						
Haemoglobin (g/dL)	1003/3690 (27%)						
Gametocytaemia	Yes 36/133 (27%)						
	No 953/3522 (27%)						
Mixed Infection	Yes 14/25 (56%)	2.54 (1.07–5.99)	0.03	19.79 (1.55–252.07)	0.02	1.88 (0.73–4.86)	0.19
	No 993/3682 (27%)	Reference					
<b>Malaria transmission</b>							
Low	277/726 (38%)						
Moderate	484/2040 (24%)						
High	246/941 (26%)						

AAP: artesunate with atovaquone-proguanil, AL: artemether-lumefantrine, aOR: adjusted odds ratio, AS: artesunate monotherapy, ASAQ: artesunate-amodiaquine, ASMQ: artesunate-mefloquine, ASSP: artesunate-sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine, BMI: body mass index, CI: confidence interval, DP: dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine, EGA: estimated gestational age, G: gravidity, HIV: human immunodeficiency virus, MI: multiple imputation, OR: odds ratio, Q: quinine monotherapy, QC: quinine with clindamycin.

Additional Table 3-5. Multivariable logistic regression on the risk of malaria pigment deposition stratified by geographical region

Baseline characteristic	Proportion (%)	Multivariable (All)		Multivariable (Africa)		Multivariable (Asia)		
		aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	aOR (95% CI)	p-value	
<b>Treatment</b>								
AL	733/880 (83%)	Reference		Reference		Reference		
AS	56/84 (67%)	1.77 (0.85–3.68)	0.13	No data		1.91 (0.91–4.00)	0.09	
ASAQ	544/645 (84%)	0.90 (0.63–1.28)	0.55	0.90 (0.63–1.28)	0.57	No data		
ASMQ	560/658 (85%)	0.78 (0.54–1.13)	0.20	0.80 (0.55–1.15)	0.23	No data		
DP	559/642 (87%)	0.91 (0.62–1.34)	0.64	0.91 (0.62–1.34)	0.64	No data		
Q	53/78 (68%)	0.80 (0.38–1.66)	0.55	0.73 (0.35–1.55)	0.42	No data		
Interval from malaria to delivery (week)	2505/2987 (84%)	0.97 (0.95–0.99)	0.002	0.98 (0.96–1.00)	0.01	0.96 (0.91–1.01)	0.09	
Age (year)	2505/2987 (84%)	0.93 (0.91–0.95)	<0.001	0.91 (0.89–0.94)	<0.001	1.03 (0.97–1.10)	0.35	
<b>Parity</b>								
0	1199/1292 (93%)	Reference		Reference		Reference		
1	498/580 (86%)	0.82 (0.58–1.17)	0.27	0.81 (0.56–1.18)	0.27	0.94 (0.30–2.94)	0.92	
≥2	807/1112 (73%)	0.59 (0.41–0.86)	0.006	0.65 (0.44–0.96)	0.03	0.43 (0.13–1.43)	0.17	
Weight (kg)	2505/2987 (84%)							
Height (cm)	2383/2806 (85%)							
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	2383/2806 (85%)							
HIV infection	Yes	18/24 (75%)						
	No	2035/2414 (84%)						
Parasitaemia ( $\log_{10}/\mu\text{L}$ )	2505/2987 (84%)	1.67 (1.42–1.96)	<0.001	1.54 (1.30–1.83)	<0.001	2.39 (1.51–3.77)	<0.001	
Body temperature (°C)	2504/2986 (84%)	1.22 (1.00–1.49)	0.045	1.13 (0.90–1.42)	0.28	1.28 (0.84–1.94)	0.25	
Haemoglobin (g/dL)	2500/2978 (84%)	0.72 (0.65–0.78)	<0.001	0.70 (0.63–0.77)	<0.001	0.81 (0.62–1.05)	0.12	
Gametocytaemia	Yes	84/91 (92%)	3.62 (1.58–8.26)	0.002	4.31 (1.50–12.36)	0.01	3.43 (0.77–15.40)	0.11
	No	2417/2891 (84%)	Reference		Reference		Reference	
Mixed Infection	Yes	12/16 (75%)						
	No	2493/2971 (84%)						
<b>Malaria transmission</b>								
Low	159/249 (64%)	0.81 (0.34–1.91)	0.63	1.20 (0.55–2.58)	0.65			
Moderate	1588/1838 (86%)	Reference		Reference				
High	758/900 (84%)	1.16 (0.63–2.13)	0.64	1.17 (0.67–2.06)	0.58			

AL: artemether-lumefantrine, aOR: adjusted odds ratio, AS: artesunate monotherapy, ASAQ: artesunate-amodiaquine, ASMQ: artesunate-mefloquine, BMI: body mass index, CI: confidence interval, DP: dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine, EGA: estimated gestational age, G: gravidity, HIV: human immunodeficiency virus, OR: odds ratio, Q: quinine monotherapy.