

Supplementary Online Content

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This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Variables Tested in Cox Proportional Hazards Regression Model for NHL

Main effect:

- Flu/Bu vs. Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs. Flu/Mel140 vs. Flu/Cy

Patient-related variables:

- Age at transplant: continuous & by age group: decades
- Patient sex: male vs. female
- Karnofsky performance status at transplant: ≥ 90 vs. < 90 vs. missing
- HCT-CI at transplant: 0 vs 1-2 vs ≥ 3 vs. missing
- Race: White vs. others vs. not reported

Disease-related variables:

- Histology: FL vs. DLBCL vs. MCL vs. other B cell vs. T cell
- Remission status at HCT: CR vs PR vs. resistant vs. untreated/unknown vs. missing
- History of autologous transplant: no vs. yes
- Time from diagnosis to HCT: ≥ 12 months vs. < 12 months

Transplant-related variables:

- Transplant donor type: matched related donor vs. matched unrelated donor
- GVHD prophylaxis: CNI + MTX ± others except MMF vs. CNI + MMF ± others vs. CNI + others except MMF, MTX
- ATG/Alemtuzumab use in conditioning: no vs. yes
- Rituximab in conditioning: no vs. yes vs. missing
- Donor-recipient CMV status: -/+ vs. others vs. missing
- Year of transplant: continuous

Abbreviations: ATG, anti-thymocyte globulin; Bu, busulfan; CMV, cytomegalovirus; CNI, calcineurin inhibitor; CR, complete remission; Cy, cyclophosphamide; DLBCL, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; FL, follicular lymphoma; Flu, fludarabine; GVHD, graft-versus-host disease; HCT, hematopoietic cell transplantation; HCT-CI, Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation Comorbidity Index; MCL, mantle cell lymphoma; Mel, melphalan; MMF, Mycophenolate mofetil; MTX, methotrexate; NHL, non-Hodgkin lymphoma; PR, partial remission; RIC/NMA, reduced-intensity conditioning/non-myeloablative; TBI, total body irradiation.

eTable 2. Baseline Characteristics of NHL Patients Receiving RIC/NMA Conditioning Regimens Followed by alloHCT

| | Flu/Bu | Flu/Cy/ 2GyTBI | Flu/Mel140 | Flu/Cy | P valu e |
|---|------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| Number of patients | 458 | 89 | 885 | 391 | |
| Median patient age, years (range) | 58 (23-75) | 57 (29-74) | 20-76) | 56 (19-76) | < 0.001 |
| > 60 | 187 (41) | 34 (38) | 282 (32) | 123 (32) | |
| Male sex | 291 (64) | 61 (69) | 566 (64) | 268 (69) | 0.32 |
| Karnofsky performance score ≥ 90 | 260 (57) | 58 (65) | 549 (62) | 265 (68) | < 0.001 |
| Not reported | 2 (<1) | 4 (4) | 20 (2) | 24 (6) | |
| HCT-CI | | | | | < 0.001 |
| 0 | 107 (23) | 46 (52) | 323 (36) | 143 (37) | |
| 1-2 | 142 (31) | 20 (22) | 246 (28) | 112 (29) | |
| ≥ 3 | 207 (45) | 19 (21) | 293 (33) | 98 (25) | |
| Not reported | 2 (<1) | 4 (4) | 23 (3) | 38 (10) | |
| Patient race | | | | | < 0.001 |
| White | 429 (94) | 80 (90) | 736 (83) | 329 (84) | |
| Other | 29 (6) | 9 (10) | 145 (16) | 61 (16) | |
| Not reported | 0 | 0 | 4 (<1) | 1 (<1) | |
| Donor type | | | | | 0.003 |
| Matched related donor | 219 (48) | 45 (51) | 456 (52) | 236 (60) | |
| Matched unrelated donor | 239 (52) | 44 (49) | 429 (48) | 155 (40) | |
| Lymphoma subtype | | | | | < 0.001 |
| Follicular lymphoma | 95 (21) | 32 (36) | 152 (17) | 138 (35) | |
| Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma | 151 (33) | 17 (19) | 296 (33) | 78 (20) | |
| Mantle cell lymphoma | 81 (18) | 15 (17) | 132 (15) | 116 (30) | |
| Other B-cell lymphoma | 20 (4) | 9 (10) | 44 (5) | 19 (5) | |
| T-cell NHL | 111 (24) | 16 (18) | 261 (29) | 40 (10) | |
| Remission at HCT | | | | | 0.09 |
| Complete remission | 202 (44) | 50 (56) | 364 (41) | 162 (41) | |
| Partial remission | 190 (41) | 33 (37) | 379 (43) | 162 (41) | |
| Resistant | 53 (12) | 6 (7) | 125 (14) | 57 (15) | |
| Untreated/Not reported | 13 (3) | 0 | 17 (2) | 10 (3) | |
| History of prior autoHCT | 179 (39) | 32 (36) | 326 (37) | 133 (34) | 0.5 |
| Median time from diagnosis to HCT, months (range) | 33 (3-340) | 46 (3-236) | 29 (<2-460) | 38 (2-310) | 0.001 |
| GVHD prophylaxis | | | | | 0.001 |
| CNI + MMF +- other(s) | 117 (26) | 23 (26) | 100 (11) | 68 (17) | |
| CNI + MTX +- other(s) | 307 (67) | 61 (69) | 494 (56) | 249 (64) | |
| CNI + other(s) | 34 (7) | 5 (6) | 291 (33) | 74 (19) | |
| ATG/alemtuzumab in conditioning | 159 (35) | 47 (53) | 269 (30) | 81 (21) | 0.001 |
| Rituximab use in conditioning | 7 (2) | 35 (39) | 80 (9) | 199 (51) | 0.001 |
| CMV status = Donor negative/ Recipient positive | 113 (25) | 15 (17) | 222 (25) | 88 (23) | 0.04 |
| Year of HCT | | | | | |
| 2008-2010 | 120 (26) | 45 (51) | 216 (24) | 166 (42) | |
| 2011-2013 | 168 (37) | 35 (39) | 320 (36) | 144 (37) | |

| | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| 2014-2016 | 170 (37) | 9 (10) | 349 (39) | 81 (21) | |
| Median follow-up of survivors, months (range) | 48 (3-101) | 71 (9-103) | 47 (2-117) | 60 (3-115) | |

Abbreviations: allo, allogeneic; auto, autologous; ATG, anti-thymocyte globulin; Bu, busulfan; CNI, calcineurin inhibitor; Cy, cyclophosphamide; Flu, fludarabine; GVHD, graft-versus-host disease; HCT, hematopoietic cell transplantation; HCT-CI, Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation Comorbidity Index; Mel, melphalan; MMF, Mycophenolate mofetil; MTX, methotrexate; NHL, non-Hodgkin lymphoma; RIC/NMA, reduced-intensity conditioning/non-myeloablative; TBI, total body irradiation.

eTable 1. Adjusted Risk of GVHD, NRM, and Progression/Relapse, by Conditioning Regimen

| | N | OR (95% CI) | P value | Q value |
|--|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Grade 3-4 acute GVHD^a | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 432 | 1 | 0.15^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 78 | 0.81 (0.37-1.77) | 0.59 | 1 |
| Flu/Mel140 | 832 | 1.42 (0.99-2.02) | 0.05 | 0.74 |
| Flu/Cy | 378 | 1.34 (0.9-2.01) | 0.15 | 0.74 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.57 (0.27-1.22) | 0.15 | 0.74 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.60 (0.27-1.32) | 0.21 | 0.77 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.06 (0.75-1.49) | 0.76 | 1.00 |
| Chronic GVHD^c | N | HR (95% CI) | P value | Q value |
| Flu/Bu | 437 | 1 | 0.006^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 84 | 0.96 (0.68-1.34) | 0.79 | 1 |
| Flu/Mel140 | 827 | 1.12 (0.94-1.33) | 0.21 | 1 |
| Flu/Cy | 377 | 0.81(0.67-0.99) | 0.04 | 0.29 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.85 (0.61-1.19) | 0.35 | 1 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 1.18 (0.83-1.67) | 0.35 | 1 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.38 (1.15-1.65) | < 0.001 | 0.006 |
| Non-relapse mortality^d | N | HR (95% CI) | P value | Q value |
| Flu/Bu | 457 | 1 | < 0.001^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 89 | 0.75 (0.43-1.31) | 0.31 | 0.97 |
| Flu/Mel140 | 879 | 1.78 (1.37-2.31) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |
| Flu/Cy | 389 | 1.00 (0.7-1.42) | 0.99 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.42 (0.25-0.72) | 0.001 | 0.005 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.75 (0.42-1.34) | 0.33 | 0.97 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.79 (1.33-2.39) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |
| Progression/relapse^e | N | HR (95% CI) | P value | Q value |
| Flu/Bu | 458 | 1 | 0.001^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 89 | 0.65 (0.44-0.97) | 0.04 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Mel140 | 885 | 0.79 (0.66-0.94) | 0.007 | 0.07 |
| Flu/Cy | 391 | 1.08 (0.88-1.33) | 0.48 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.83 (0.56-1.23) | 0.36 | 1 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.61 (0.40-0.91) | 0.02 | 0.10 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 0.73 (0.60-0.88) | 0.001 | 0.01 |
| Progression-free survival^f | N | HR (95% CI) | P value | Q value |
| Flu/Bu | 458 | 1 | 0.09^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 89 | 0.70 (0.51-0.98) | 0.04 | 0.2 |
| Flu/Mel140 | 885 | 1.03 (0.89-1.19) | 0.71 | 1 |
| Flu/Cy | 391 | 1.07 (0.89-1.29) | 0.46 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.68 (0.50-0.94) | 0.02 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.66 (0.47-0.91) | 0.01 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 0.96 (0.81-1.13) | 0.61 | 1 |

(continued on next page)

| Overall Survival ^g | | HR (95% CI) | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| Flu/Bu | 458 | 1 | < 0.001 ^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 89 | 0.72 (0.49-1.06) | 0.10 | 0.37 |
| Flu/Mel140 | 885 | 1.34 (1.13-1.59) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |
| Flu/Cy | 391 | 0.88 (0.7-1.11) | 0.27 | 0.79 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.54 (0.37-0.78) | 0.001 | 0.0049 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.82 (0.55-1.23) | 0.33 | 0.81 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.53 (1.25-1.87) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |

Abbreviations: Bu, Busulfan; CI, confidence interval; Cy, cyclophosphamide; Flu, fludarabine; GVHD, graft-versus-host disease; HR, hazard ratio; Mel, Melphalan; TBI, total body irradiation.

^a Grade 3-4 acute GHVD adjusted for GVHD prophylaxis.

^b Overall P values show whether the main effect was significant based on the Wald test in the final model. The other P values are from pairwise comparisons between two conditioning regimens. For each outcome, the first 3 P values show the P values from pairwise comparisons against the reference group (Flu/Bu). The 3 P values in the contrast are from the pairwise comparisons as stated. All pairwise comparisons were from the Wald test.

^c Chronic GVHD adjusted for donor type, GVHD prophylaxis, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

^d NRM adjusted for age, KPS, HCT-CI, prior autoHCT, and ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

^e Progression/relapse adjusted for remission at HCT, NHL subtype, donor type, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

^f Progression free survival adjusted for KPS, NHL subtype, remission at HCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

^g Overall survival adjusted for patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, NHL subtype, remission status at HCT, and ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

eTable 4. Propensity Score Matching Results

| | N | HR (95% CI) | P value | Q value |
|---|-----|------------------|----------------------|---------|
| Non-relapse mortality | | | | |
| Conditioning regimen ^a | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 415 | 1 | < 0.001 ^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 88 | 0.75 (0.42-1.35) | 0.35 | 1 |
| Flu/ Mel140 | 587 | 1.91 (1.48-2.46) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |
| Flu/Cy | 376 | 1.02 (0.73-1.42) | 0.90 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.40 (0.23-0.68) | < 0.001 | 0.004 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.74 (0.40-1.37) | 0.34 | 1 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.87 (1.42-2.46) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |
| Progression/relapse ^c | | | | |
| Conditioning regimen ^d | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 415 | 1 | 0.003 ^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 88 | 0.66 (0.42-1.03) | 0.07 | 0.26 |
| Flu/ Mel140 | 587 | 0.82 (0.69-0.97) | 0.02 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Cy | 376 | 1.09 (0.87-1.37) | 0.45 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.81 (0.52-1.24) | 0.33 | 0.97 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.60 (0.39-0.94) | 0.03 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 0.75 (0.62-0.91) | 0.003 | 0.04 |
| Progression-free survival ^e | | | | |
| Conditioning regimen ^f | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 415 | 1 | 0.06 ^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 88 | 0.68 (0.48-0.97) | 0.03 | 0.15 |
| Flu/ Mel140 | 587 | 1.07 (0.93-1.24) | 0.35 | 1 |
| Flu/Cy | 376 | 1.05 (0.89-1.25) | 0.55 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.63 (0.45-0.89) | 0.01 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.64 (0.45-0.93) | 0.02 | 0.15 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.02 (0.86-1.99) | 0.85 | 1 |
| Overall survival ^g | | | | |
| Conditioning regimen ^h | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 416 | 1 | < 0.001 ^b | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | 88 | 0.79 (0.52-1.18) | 0.25 | 0.92 |
| Flu/ Mel140 | 587 | 1.43 (1.20-1.71) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |
| Flu/Cy | 376 | 0.90 (0.72-1.13) | 0.36 | 1 |
| Contrast | | | | |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Mel140 | | 0.55 (0.37-0.81) | 0.003 | 0.014 |
| Flu/Cy/2GyTBI vs Flu/Cy | | 0.87 (0.58-1.31) | 0.51 | 1 |
| Flu/Mel140 vs Flu/Cy | | 1.59 (1.29-1.95) | < 0.001 | < 0.001 |

Abbreviations: Bu, Busulfan; CI, confidence interval; Cy, cyclophosphamide; Flu, fludarabine; GVHD, graft-versus-host disease; HR, hazard ratio; Mel, Melphalan; TBI, total body irradiation

^aNon-relapse mortality adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-Cl, prior autoHCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^bOverall P values showing whether the main effect was significant based on the Wald test in the final model. The other P values are from pairwise comparisons between two conditioning regimens. For each outcome, the first 3 P values show the P values from pairwise comparisons against the reference group (Flu/Bu). The 3 P values in the contrast are from the pairwise comparisons as stated. All pairwise comparisons were from the Wald test.

^cProgression/relapse adjusted for significant covariates: remission status at HCT, NHL histology, donor type, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^d Non-relapse mortality adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, prior autoHCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^e Progression free survival adjusted for significant covariates: KPS, NHL histology, remission status at HCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^f Non-relapse mortality adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, prior autoHCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^g Overall survival adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, NHL histology, remission status at HCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^h Non-relapse mortality adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, prior autoHCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

eTable 5. Subset Analysis Results by Conditioning Regimen

| | N | HR | HR Lower CI | HR Upper CI | P value |
|--|----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Non-relapse mortality^a | | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 415 | 1 | | | |
| Flu/Mel140 | 587 | 1.88 | 1.47 | 2.41 | <0.001 |
| Progression/relapse^b | | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 415 | 1 | | | |
| Flu/Mel140 | 587 | 0.82 | 0.69 | 0.97 | 0.02 |
| Progression-free survival^c | | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 415 | 1 | | | |
| Flu/Mel140 | 587 | 1.07 | 0.93 | 1.24 | 0.34 |
| Overall survival^d | | | | | |
| Flu/Bu | 416 | 1 | | | |
| Flu/Mel140 | 587 | 1.42 | 1.19 | 1.69 | <0.001 |

Note: The *P* values are from a pairwise comparison between Flu/Bu and Flu/Mel140 based on the Wald test.

^a Non-relapse mortality adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, prior autoHCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^b Progression/relapse adjusted for significant covariates: remission status at HCT, NHL histology, donor type, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^c Progression-free survival adjusted for significant covariates: KPS, NHL histology, remission status at HCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning

^d Overall survival adjusted for significant covariates: patient age, KPS, HCT-CI, NHL histology, remission status at HCT, ATG/alemtuzumab use in conditioning.

eTable 6. Causes of Death

| | Flu/Bu | Flu/Cy/2GyTBI | Flu/Mel140 | Flu/Cy |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Number of patients | 194 | 30 | 428 | 143 |
| Cause of death, No. (%) | | | | |
| Primary disease | 103 (53) | 11 (37) | 164 (38) | 60 (42) |
| Graft-versus-host disease | 28 (14) | 6 (20) | 46 (11) | 13 (9) |
| Infection | 22 (11) | 3 (10) | 73 (17) | 18 (13) |
| Organ failure | 11 (6) | 3 (10) | 47 (11) | 19 (13) |
| Secondary malignancy | 4 (2) | 1 (3) | 12 (3) | 4 (3) |
| Graft failure | 3 (2) | 1 (3) | 31 (7) | 2 (1) |
| IPS/ARDS | 2 (1) | 0 | 2 (<1) | 3 (2) |
| Organ toxicity | 0 | 0 | 1 (<1) | 0 |
| Vascular | 0 | 0 | 5 (1) | 2 (1) |
| Other causes ^a | 16 (8) | 3 (10) | 35 (8) | 18 (13) |
| Unknown | 5 (3) | 2 (7) | 12 (3) | 4 (3) |

Abbreviations: IPn, idiopathic pneumonia syndrome; ARDS, acute respiratory distress syndrome

^aOther causes: **Flu/Bu:** 14 other HCT-related cause, not otherwise specified (NOS); 1 colon perforation; 1 sudden death. **Flu/Cy/2GyTBI:** 3 other HCT-related cause, NOS. **Flu/Mel140:** 29 other HCT-related cause, NOS; 1 accidental death; 1 complication from gallbladder surgery; 1 suicide; 1 large volume hemoptysis following NGT placement; 1 respiratory distress not related to HCT; 1 sudden death. **Flu/Cy:** 15 other HCT-related cause, NOS; 1 accidental overdose; 1 broken femur; 1 motor vehicle accident.

eTable 7. CIBMTR Data Collection Forms

| Form | Revision | Link |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---|
| Pre-Transplant Essential Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2402/Rev4.0/2402R4.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Essential Data | 5 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2400/Rev5.0/2400R5.0.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Essential Data | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2400/Rev4.0/2400R4.0.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Essential Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Pages/DataCollectionFormInfo.aspx?dcfid=357 |
| Pre-Transplant Essential Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2400/Rev2.0/Pre-TED-080409-r2.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Essential Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2400/Rev1.0/Pre-TED-1.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Disease Classification | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2402/Rev4.0/2402R4+.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Disease Classification | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2400/Rev1.0/Pre-TED-1.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Disease Classification | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2402/Rev2.0/2402R2.0.pdf |
| Pre-Transplant Disease Classification | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2402/Rev1.0/2402R1.0.pdf |
| Post-Transplant Essential Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2450/Rev5.0/2450R5+.pdf |
| Post-Transplant Essential Data | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2450/Rev4.0/2450R4.0.pdf |
| Post-Transplant Essential Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2450/Rev3.0/2450R3.0.pdf |
| Post-Transplant Essential Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2450/Rev2.0/Post-TED-081009-r2x.pdf |
| Post-Transplant Essential Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2450/Rev1.0/Post-TED-1.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev7.0/2005R7.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | 6 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev6.0/2005R6.0.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | 5 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev5.0/2005R5.0.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev4.0/Form2005_R4_Retired.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev3.0/combine-2005_HLA_r3_.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev2.0/combine-2005-HLA-r2.pdf |
| Confirmation of HLA Typing | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2005/Rev1.0/combine_2005_HLA.pdf |
| Infectious disease markers | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2004/Rev5.0/2004R5+.pdf |
| Infectious disease markers | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2004/Rev4.0/2004R4.0.pdf |

| | | |
|---|--------|---|
| Infectious disease markers | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2004/Rev3.0/Form2004_R3_Retired.pdf |
| Infectious disease markers | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2004/Rev2.0/combine-2004-IDMs-r2.pdf |
| Infectious disease markers | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2004/Rev1.0/combine_2004_IDMs.pdf |
| Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant Infusion | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2006/Rev5.0/2006R5+.pdf |
| Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant Infusion | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2006/Rev4.0/2006R4.0.pdf |
| Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant Infusion | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2006/REV3.0/Form2006_R3_Retired.pdf |
| Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant Infusion | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2006/Rev2.0/combine-2006-INF-r2.pdf |
| Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant Infusion | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2006/Rev1.0/combine_2006_INF.pdf |
| Recipient Baseline Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2000/Rev5.0/2000R5.pdf |
| Recipient Baseline Data | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2000/Rev4.0/2000R4.0+.pdf |
| Recipient Baseline Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2000/Rev3.0/Form2000_R3_Retired.pdf |
| Recipient Baseline Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2000/Rev2.0/2000-Baseline-r2-rtrd.pdf |
| Recipient Baseline Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2000/Rev1.0/combine_2000_baselin.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Pre-HCT Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2018/Rev5/2018R5.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Pre-HCT Data | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2018/Rev4.0/2018R4.0.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Pre-HCT Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2018/Rev3.0/2018.R3.0.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Pre-HCT Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2018/Rev2.0/Form2018_R2_Retired.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Pre-HCT Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2018/Rev1.0/combine_2018_LYM_201.pdf |
| Post-HCT Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2100/Rev5.0/2100R5.0.pdf |
| Post-HCT Data | 4 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2100/Rev4.0/2100R4.0.pdf |
| Post-HCT Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2100/Rev3.0/2100R3.0.pdf |
| Post-HCT Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2100/Rev2.0/combine-2100-Follow.pdf |

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| Post-HCT Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2100/Rev1.0/combine_2100_Follow_.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Post-Infusion Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2118/Rev4.0/2118R4.0.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Post-Infusion Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2118/Rev3.0/2118R3.0.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Post-Infusion Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2118/Rev2.0/Form2118_R2_Retired.pdf |
| Hodgkin and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Post-Infusion Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2118/Rev1.0/combine_2118_LYM.pdf |
| Recipient Death Data | Active | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2900/Rev4/2900R4.pdf |
| Recipient Death Data | 3 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2900/Rev3.0/2900R3.0.pdf |
| Recipient Death Data | 2 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2900/Rev2.0/Form%202900%20R2%20(8).pdf |
| Recipient Death Data | 1 | https://www.cibmtr.org/DataManagement/DataCollectionForms/Documents/2900/Rev1.0/combine_2900_Death.pdf |