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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see<u>Authors & Referees</u> and the<u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics

For	all st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a	'a Confirmed				
	×	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement			
	x	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly			
	x	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.			
×		A description of all covariates tested			
X		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons			
	×	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)			
	×	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.			
X		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings			
X		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes			
×		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated			
		Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.			

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection	BD FACSCalibur was used to collect and Flowjo (7.6) was used to analyze flow cytometry data. The radioactivity in cells and organs was measured by a1490 Wizard automatic gamma counter. TEM data was collected using HITACHI (HT7700). AFM data was collected using Bruker Dimension Ico (MDTC-EQ-M16-01). The hydrodynamic size was measured using a Malvern Zetasizer Nano-ZS (ZEN3600). Raman data were collected using Horiba Jobin - Yvon Lab Ram HR VIS HR-Raman microscope. XPS data was recorded on ESCALAB 250 (Thermo Fihser). UV-Vis-NIR data were measured using the Agilent Cary 8454 UV-Visible spectrophotometer. EPR data was acquired in a Bruker EMXPlus-10/12 system. The infrared thermographic and temperatures of tumor/cell were recorded by a FLIR E6 infrared camera (Arlington, VA). PET images were collected using Inveon PET scanner (Siemens Medical Solutions). Fluorescent cell imaging was performed on KEYENCE BA-X700 (all-in-one Fluorescence Microscope). MTT data was collected using Bio-Rad Mode 680 microplate reader.
Data analysis	Analysis of flow cytometry data was performed with Flowjo v7.6 software. Graph Pad Prism 8.0 and Origin 9.0 were used for data statistics and statistical significance calculation. Microsoft Excel 2016 was used for biodistribution and tumor size analysis. PET images were analyzed using ASIPro VM version 6.3.3.0 software (Siemens Medical Solutions). Zetasizer Nano software v3.30 for analyses of particle size. TEM data was analyzed using Gatan-DigitalMicrograph-3.9.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The authors declare that the data supporting the findings of this study are available with the papers and its Supplementary Information. Additional data and source files are available from the corresponding author upon reasonable request.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences
Behavioural & social sciences
Cological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	No statistical methods were used to predetermine the sample sizes. The number of animals in each group (n = 5-6) was determined according to previous studies cited in our manuscript. The size of each sample is in close agreement with those studies already published and with the need for statistical analysis to discuss the degree of differences and measure the variability of these in vivo data. In previous studies we determined this sample size is sufficient to ensure reproducibility. For all cell based assays, all experiments were performed for more than 3 biological independent samples in triplicate. For PET imaging study, at least three times independent experiments were performed in three biological independent mice each time. For blood biochemical, H&E staining, and hematology studies, three mice for each sample were used based on previous studies cited in our manuscript. This size is sufficient because no significant difference was observed between biological replicates.
Data exclusions	No data were excluded from the analysis.
Replication	All the experimental findings were replicated with the number of replicates, animals and variation shown by n and SD. All experimental findings were replicated successfully using biological replicates on different days. For PET imaging study, all the control and experimental groups were repeated at least three times.
Randomization	PET imaging study: animals were distributed randomly into different groups. Therapeutics study: animals were inoculated with tumor cell suspensions and after randomly distributed into the control and experimental groups. Each specific treatment was administrated to animals according to established schedules and regimens. For blood biochemical, H&E staining, and hematology studies, genetically identical animals were randomly allocated into different groups. Each specific treatment was administrated to animals according to established schedules and regimens. For blood biochemical, H&E staining, and hematology studies, genetically identical animals were randomly allocated into different groups. Each specific treatment was administrated to animals according to established schedules and regimens. The blood samples and organs were collected from the corresponding animals without randomization process.
Blinding	Investigators were blinded when grouping tumor bearing mice, measuring tumor size, performing biodistribution and PET imaging study. Investigators for TEM and AFM characterization are blinded to the samples. During the experiments designed to evaluate anti-tumor efficacy, animals were inoculated with tumor cells and randomly divided into control and treatment groups. The investigators were not blinded during these pre-clinical proof-of-concept studies based on combinatorial schemes. Specifically, the researcher who administrates the drugs into animals was blinded to the drugs and animals. The researcher in charge of IR laser irradiation is not blinded to the groups because of pre-designed protocol should be applied to different groups. For blood biochemical, H&E staining, and hematology studies, the researchers were blinded to group allocation during data collection and analysis. For cell based FACS and fluorescence imaging, the researchers who analysis the samples are independent to who collected the samples. For other experiments, the investigators were blinded to group allocation during data collection and analysis.

Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study descriptionBriefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional,
quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).Research sampleState the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information
(e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving
existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.

Sampling strategy	Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.
Data collection	Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.
Timing	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Non-participation	State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.
Randomization	If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.
Research sample	Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.
Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.
Did the study involve field	d work? Yes No

Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).
Access and import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Ma	terials	&	experimental	systems

n/a	Involved in the study				
×	Antibodies				
	x Eukaryotic cell lines				
×	Palaeontology				
	X Animals and other organisms				
×	Human research participants				
×	Clinical data				

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study		
×	ChIP-seq		
	Flow cytometry		
×	MRI-based neuroimaging		

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An	tı	b)d	ies

Antibodies used	Describe all antibodies used in the study; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Validation	Describe the validation of each primary antibody for the species and application, noting any validation statements on the manufacturer's website, relevant citations, antibody profiles in online databases, or data provided in the manuscript.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>	
Cell line source(s)	Human breast adenocarcinoma (MDA-MB-231), murine squamous carcinoma (SCC VII), Uppsala 87 Malignant Glioma U87MG, and mouse melanoma (B16F10) cells were obtained from the American Type Culture Collections (ATCC).
Authentication	ATCC used morphology, karyotyping, and PCR based approaches to confirm the identity of human cell lines and to rule out both intra- and interspecies contamination. Also, the cell line were frequently checked by their morphological features.
Mycoplasma contamination	All cells were negative for mycoplasma.
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	No commonly misidentified cell line were used.

Palaeontology

Specimen provenance	Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.
Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals	6 to 8-week-old male Balb/c nude mice, C3H/HeJ mice, and male C57BL/6J mice (purchased from Japan SLC, Shizuoka, Japan) were used in this study.
Wild animals	No wild animals were used in this study.
Field-collected samples	This study did not involve samples collected from the fields.
Ethics oversight	All animals received humane care, and the Animal Ethics Committee of the National Institute of Radiological Sciences approved all the animal experiments. All experiments were carried out according to the recommendations of the Committee for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, National Institute of Radiological Sciences.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants Population characteristics Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above." Recruitment Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results. Ethics oversight Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about clinical studies

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJEguidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration	Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.
Study protocol	Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.
Data collection	Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.
Outcomes	Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links May remain private before publication.	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.
Methodology	
Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- **X** The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- **x** The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- **X** All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- **X** A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	Single cell suspensions from cultured cells were used for flow cytometry tests.
Instrument	BD FACSCalibur
Software	Flowjo v7.6
Cell population abundance	Relevant cell fractions were above 90% for all samples.
Gating strategy	Generally, cells were first gated on FSC/SCC. Singlet cells were usually gated using FSC-H and FSC-A. Debris were removed by thresholding.

x Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.	
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.	
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).	
Acquisition		
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla	
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.	
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	Used Not used	
Preprocessing		
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).	
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.	

Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis: 🗌 Whole brain 🔲 ROI-based 📄 Both		
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u>)	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	

Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study Image: State of the study Functional and/or effective connectivity Image: State of the study Graph analysis Image: State of the study Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis	
Functional and/or effective connectivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis	Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.