Characteristics	Total -	ACTN4 FISH		D volue*
		NCN	CNI	-r value
Total	261	238	23	
Age				
≤ 50	61	58	3	0.204
> 50	200	180	20	0.304
Histology				
Invasive ductal carcinoma	235	213	22	0.487
Others	26	25	1	
Histological grade				
1 or 2	233	216	17	0.024
3	28	22	6	0.024
Nuclear grade				
1 or 2	226	210	16	0.021
3	35	28	7	0.021
Adjuvant chemotherapy				
Yes	24	23	1	0 705
No	237	215	22	0.705
Hormone therapy				
Yes	87	75	12	0.062
No	174	163	11	0.062

Supplementary Table S1. Correlation of *ACTN4* **gene status with clinicopathological characteristics** (US cohort).

Abbreviations: FISH, fluorescence *in situ* hybridization; NCN, normal copy number; CNI, copy number increase.

*Fisher's exact test. *P* values of < 0.05 are shown in bold.

Supplementary Table S2. Cox proportional hazards model analysis of factors associated with recurrence (US cohort).

	Univ	Univariate analysis			Multivariate analysis		
Characteristics	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	P value*	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	P value*	
Age							
≤ 50/> 50	0.77	0.34-1.76	0.53				
Histology							
IDC/others	1.12	0.34-3.71	0.86				
Histological grade							
1-2/3	1.34	0.46-3.89	0.59				
Nuclear grade							
1-2/3	1.07	0.37-3.09	0.9				
ACTN4 FISH							
NCN/CNI	2.73	1.03-7.24	0.04				

Abbreviations: IDC, intraductal carcinoma; FISH, fluorescence *in situ* hybridization; NCN, normal copy number; CNI, copy number increase; CI, confidence interval.

*Cox regression analysis. *P* values of < 0.05 are shown in bold.

Supplementary Table S3. Cox proportional hazards model analysis of factors associated with death (US cohort).

	Uni	Univariate analysis			Multivariate analysis			
Characteristics	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	P value*	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	P value*		
Age								
≤ 50/> 50	0.7	0.24-2.00	0.5					
Histology								
IDC/others	1.36	0.31-5.99	0.68					
Histological grade								
1-2/3	1.87	0.53-6.58	0.33					
Nuclear grade								
1-2/3	1.45	0.41-5.11	0.56					
ACTN4 FISH								
NCN/CNI	4.01	1.29-12.49	0.016					

Abbreviations: IDC, intraductal carcinoma; FISH, fluorescence *in situ* hybridization; NCN, normal copy number; CNI, copy number increase; CI, confidence interval.

*Cox regression analysis. *P* values of < 0.05 are shown in bold.







Α



B

Α B **<u>Triple-negative</u> Triple-negative Breast cancer-specific survival** 1.0 1.0 **Disease-free survival** 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 - ACTN4 NCN (n = 53) - ACTN4 NCN (n = 53) 0.4 ACTN4 CNI (n = 13)0.4 — *ACTN4* CNI (*n* = 13) — P = 0.996P = 0.7410.2 0.2 0.0 0.0 150 0 50 100 50 100 150 0 survival..day. Months Number at risk Number at risk NCN CNI 53 13 41 9 30 5 $\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1 \end{array}$ NCN CNI 53 13 40 8 30 4 $\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$

Legends for Supplementary Figures

Supplementary Figure S1. Selection of eligible individuals (US cohort).

Supplementary Figure S2. Survival curves for stage I patients according to the copy number of *ACTN4* (Japanese cohort).

Kaplan-Meier estimation of DFS (**A**) and BCSS (**B**) of patients with HR-positive, HER2negative, node-negative pathological stage I invasive breast cancer carrying (red) and not carrying (black) *ACTN4* CNI. Differences between the curves were assessed using the log-rank test.

Supplementary Figure S3. Survival curves for stage II patients according to the copy number of *ACTN4* (Japanese cohort).

Kaplan-Meier estimation of DFS (**A**) and BCSS (**B**) of patients with HR-positive, HER2negative, node-negative pathological stage II invasive breast cancer carrying (red) and not carrying (black) *ACTN4* CNI. Differences between the curves were assessed using the log-rank test.

Supplementary Figure S4. Survival curves of patients with HER2-positive tumors according to the copy number of *ACTN4* (Japanese cohort).

Kaplan-Meier estimation of DFS (**A**) and BCSS (**B**) of patients with HER2-positive, node-negative invasive breast cancer carrying (red) and not carrying (black) *ACTN4* CNI. Differences between the curves were assessed using the log-rank test.

Supplementary Figure S5. Survival curves of patients with triple-negative tumors

according to the copy number of ACTN4 (Japanese cohort).

Kaplan-Meier estimation of DFS (**A**) and BCSS (**B**) of patients with triple-negative, nodenegative invasive breast cancer carrying (red) and not carrying (black) *ACTN4* CNI. Differences between the curves were assessed using the log-rank test.