

Metabolite Profiling of Rambutan (*Nephelium lappaceum* L.) Seeds using UPLC-qTOF-MS/MS and Senomorphic Effects in Aged Human Dermal Fibroblasts

**Yae Rin Lee ^{1,†}, Hyo Moon Cho ^{1,†}, Eun Jin Park ¹, Mi Zhang ¹, Thi Phuong Doan ¹, Ba Wool
Lee ¹, Kyung A Cho ² and Won Keun Oh ^{1,*}**

¹ Korea Bioactive Natural Material Bank, Research Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences,
College of Pharmacy, Seoul National University, Seoul 08826, Republic of Korea;

leeyarin93@snu.ac.kr (Y.R.L); chgyans@naver.com (H.M.C); eunjin_p@snu.ac.kr (E.J.P);

mintazhang@snu.ac.kr (M.Z); phuongoan@snu.ac.kr (T.P.D); paul36@snu.ac.kr (B.W.L);

wkoh1@snu.ac.kr (W.K.O)

² Department of Biochemistry, Chonnam National University Medical School, Gwangju
51828, Korea; kacho@jnu.ac.kr (K.A.C)

* Correspondence: wkoh1@snu.ac.kr; Tel.: +82-2-880-7872

† These authors contributed equally to this work.

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Figure S38: IR spectrum of compound **9**.

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Figure S40: Sugar Analysis. Compound **7** (2.5 mg) was heated in 0.1 mL at 110°C for 1.5 h of 2 M HCl. After acid hydrolyzed sample was neutralized with Na_2CO_3 and dried. The residue was derivatized with L-cysteine methyl ester hydrochloride in anhydrous pyridine (200 μL , 60°C , 1 h) and subsequently added phenylisothiocyanate (1 μL , 60°C , 1 h). The

sugar derivatives from compound **7** were compared with standard sugar derivatives by the HPLC analysis and were confirm the absolute configuration of these sugars to be D-glucose, and L-rhamnose.

Figure S41: Molecular Networking

Figure S42: Effect of *N. lappaceum* peel, pulp and seed on p16Ink4A and SA- β -gal promoter activity in human dermal fibroblasts.

Figure S43: Annotation of the molecular networking of the crude extract from *N. lappaceum* pulp (red nodes), peel (Aquamarine nodes), seed (green nodes) which shows flavonoid, ellagitannin, gallotannin and sugar.

Figure S44: DAD chromatograms of crude extract of *N. lappaceum* pulp (A), peel (B), and seed (C) at 280 nm. (D) major compounds of pulp, peel and seed extracts of *N. lappaceum* identified in corresponding MS / MS fragmentation profiles.

Figure S45: Effect of total extract and four fractions on p16INK4A and SA- β -gal transcription in human dermal fibroblasts. Human dermal fibroblasts were transiently co-transfected with pGL3-p16ink4a (A) or pGL3-glb1 (B) promoter with β -galactosidase as a transfection control.

Figure S46: The cytotoxicity effect of total extract and four fractions 20 μ g/mL (A) and 10 μ M compounds **1-9** obtained from *N. lappaceum* seeds (B) both in young and senescent

HDFs. After 24 h of incubation with tested fractions and compounds, the MTT assay was carried out as described in the experimental section.

Figure S47: Senescence-associated β -galactosidase staining of HDFs. Young and aged HDFs stained for 24h for SA- β -galactosidase. Images of young HDFs (passage 14) had little staining, while aged HDFs (passage 39) stained blue.

Figure S48: Quantification of senescence-associated β -galactosidase staining. Aged HDF cells were treated three times over 6 days with vehicle or 10 μ M compounds **2**, **4**, and **9** and quantified through images obtained from a fluorescence microscope.

Figure S49: Mechanism of action of compounds **2**, **4**, and **9** isolated from Rambutan.

Table S1: ^1H NMR data for compounds **1–6**, **8** and **9**.

Table S2: ^{13}C NMR data for compounds **1–6**, **8** and **9**.

Table S3. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR data for compound **7**.

Table S4: Sequence of primer used in qRT-PCR.

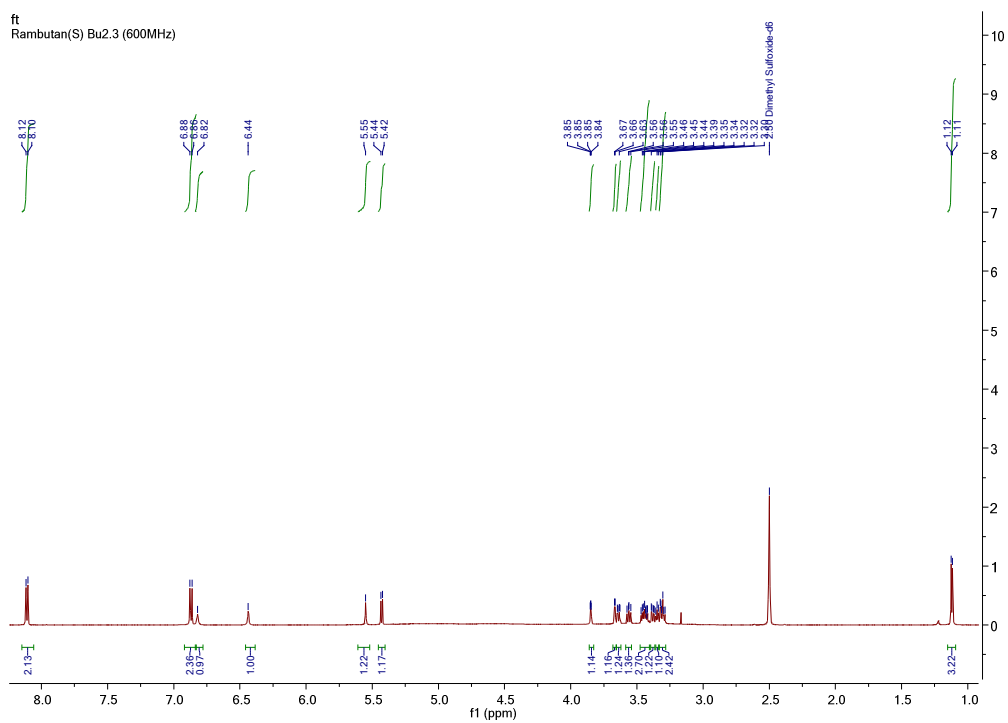


Figure S1: ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **1** (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆).

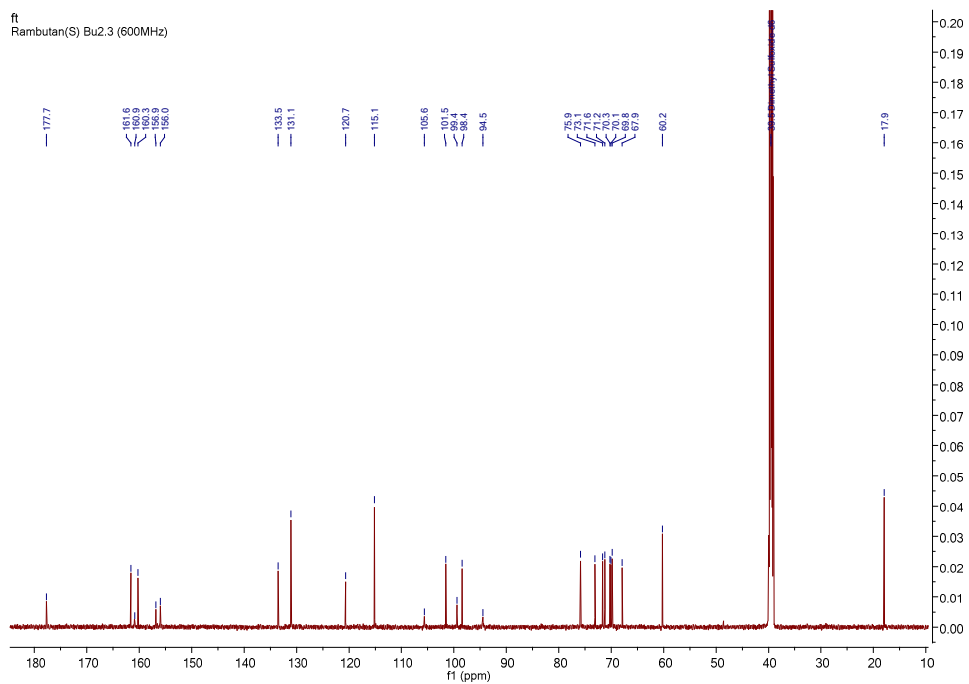
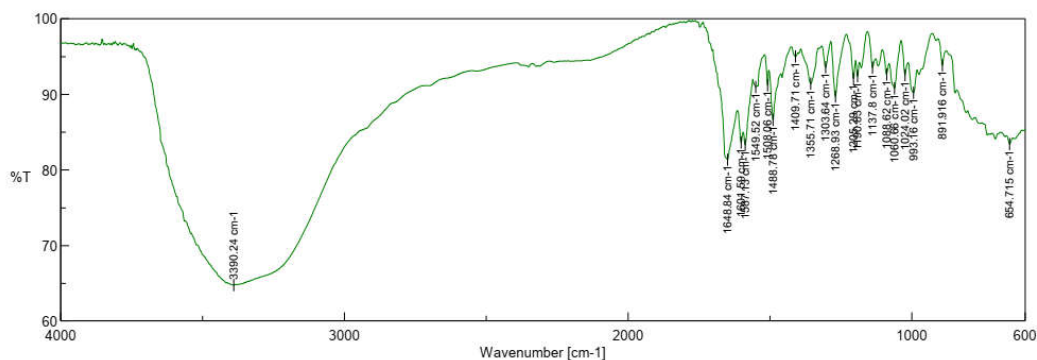


Figure S2: ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **1** (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆).



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Division		Detector	TGS
Company	공통기기실	Accumulation	Auto (30)
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		Zero Filling	On
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Vertical	%T	Filter	Auto (30000 Hz)
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End	4000.6 cm-1		
Data pitch	0.964233 cm-1		
Data points	3528		

Figure S3: IR spectrum of compound 1.

Peak 1

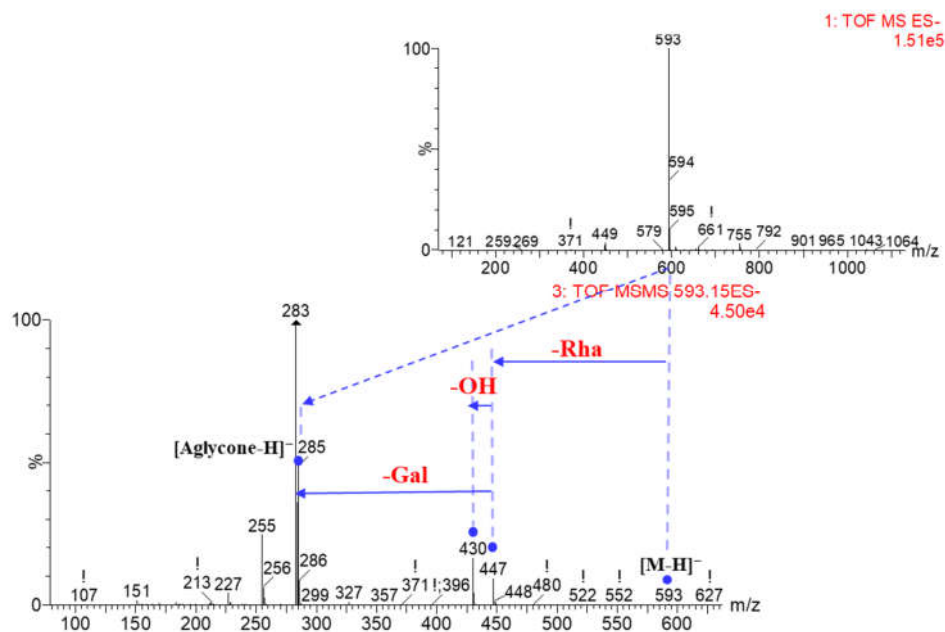


Figure S4: Fragmentation pathway of compound 1.

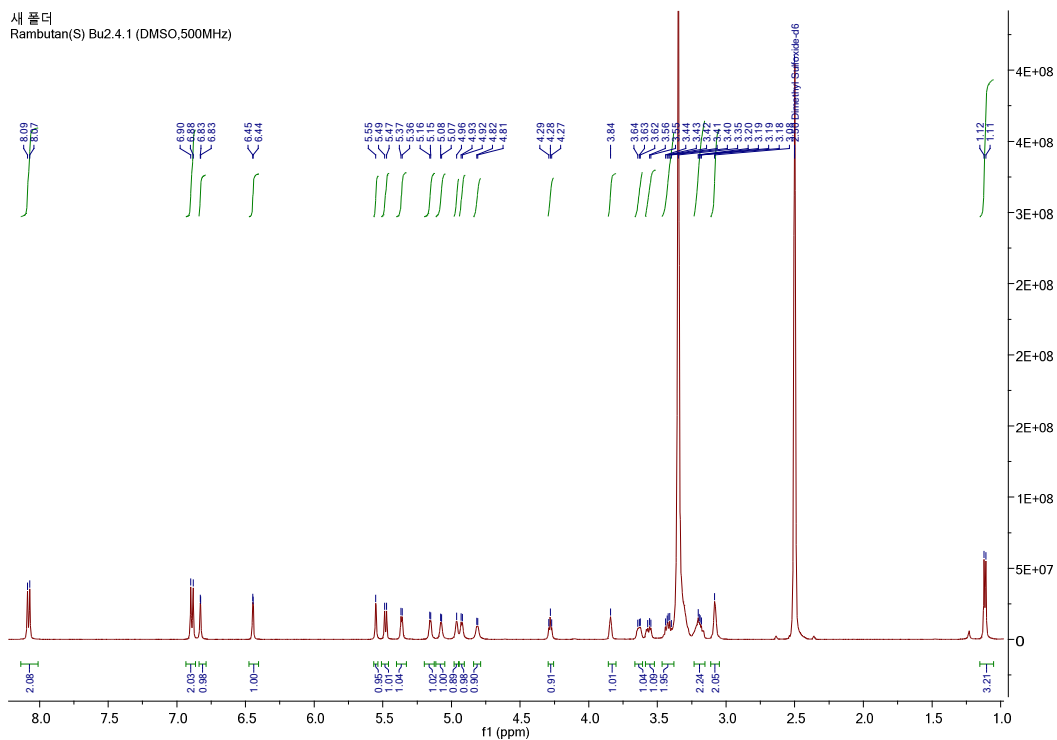


Figure S5: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **2** (500 MHz, DMSO-d_6).

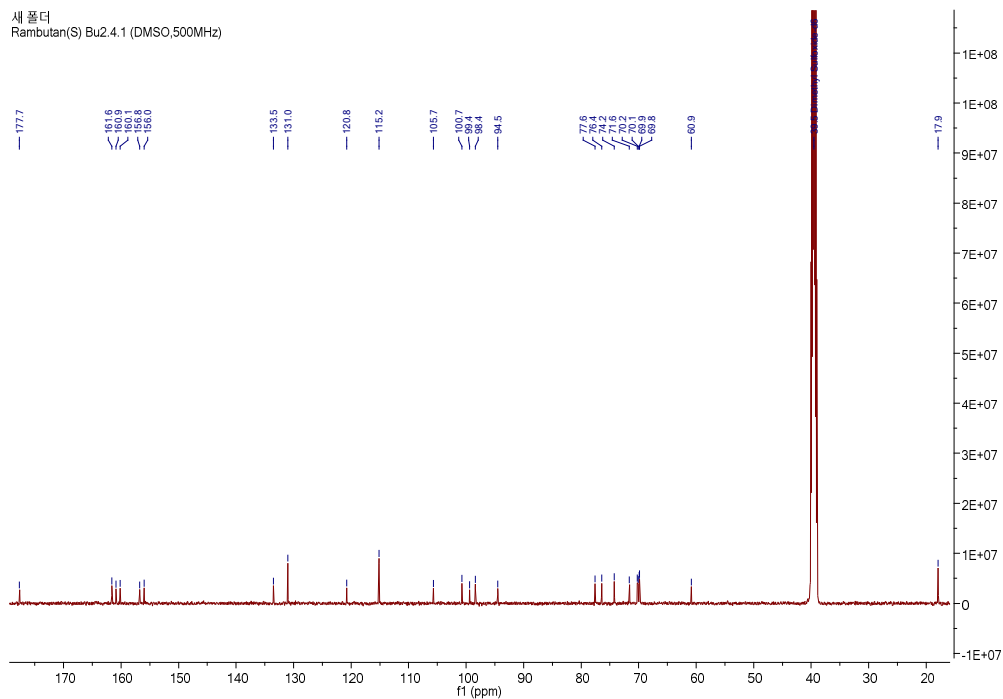


Figure S6: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **2** (125 MHz, DMSO-d_6).

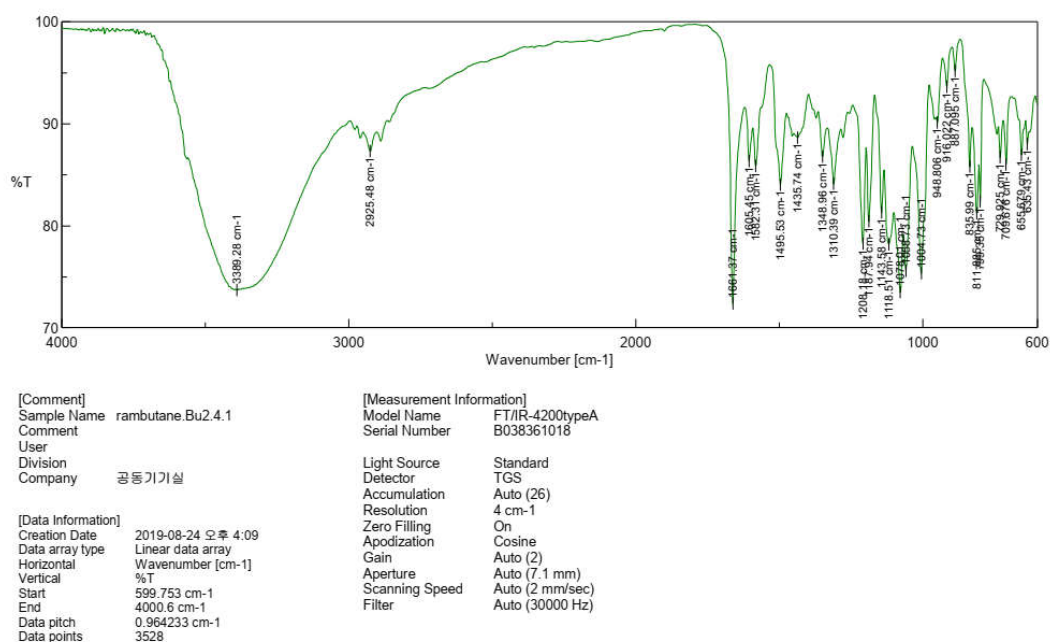


Figure S7: IR spectrum of compound 2.

Peak 2

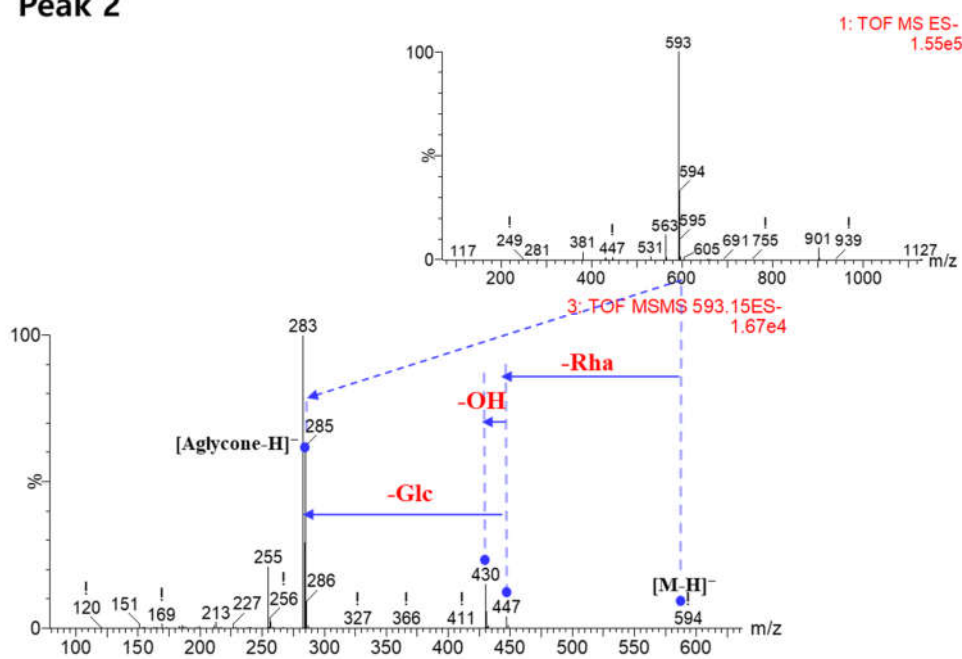


Figure S8: Fragmentation pathway of compound 2.

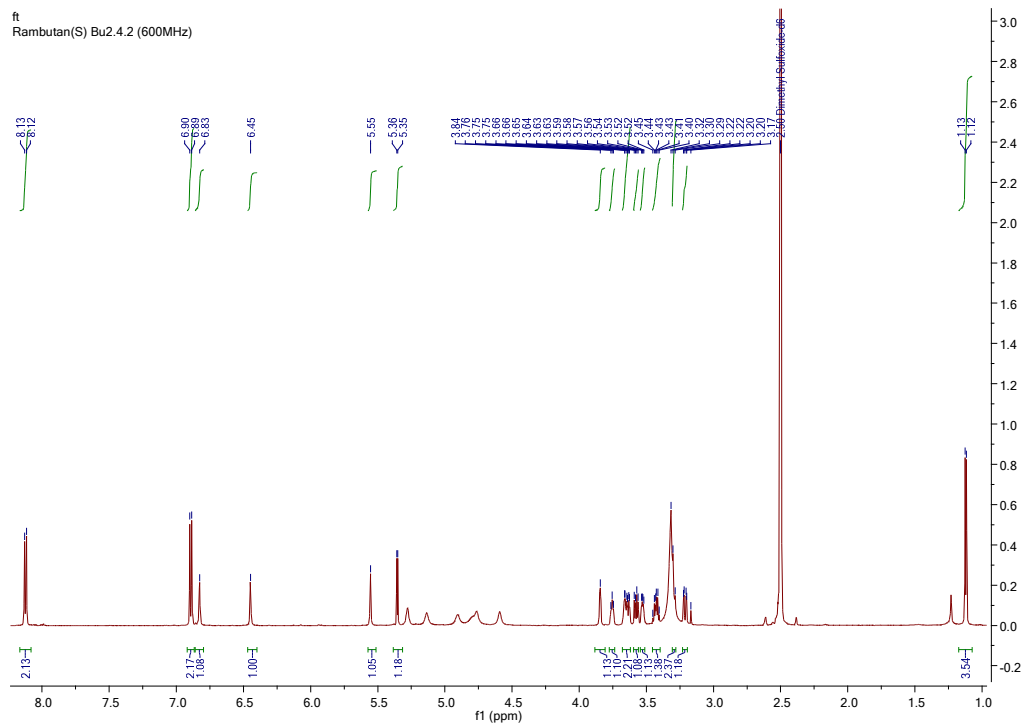


Figure S9: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3** (600 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$).

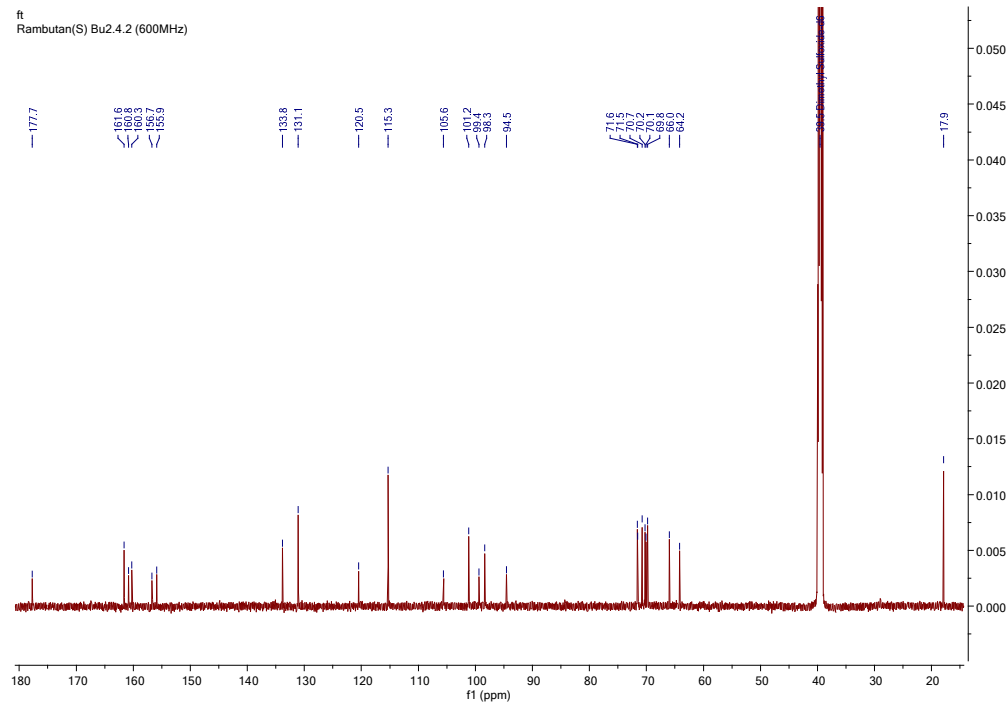


Figure S10: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **3** (150 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$).

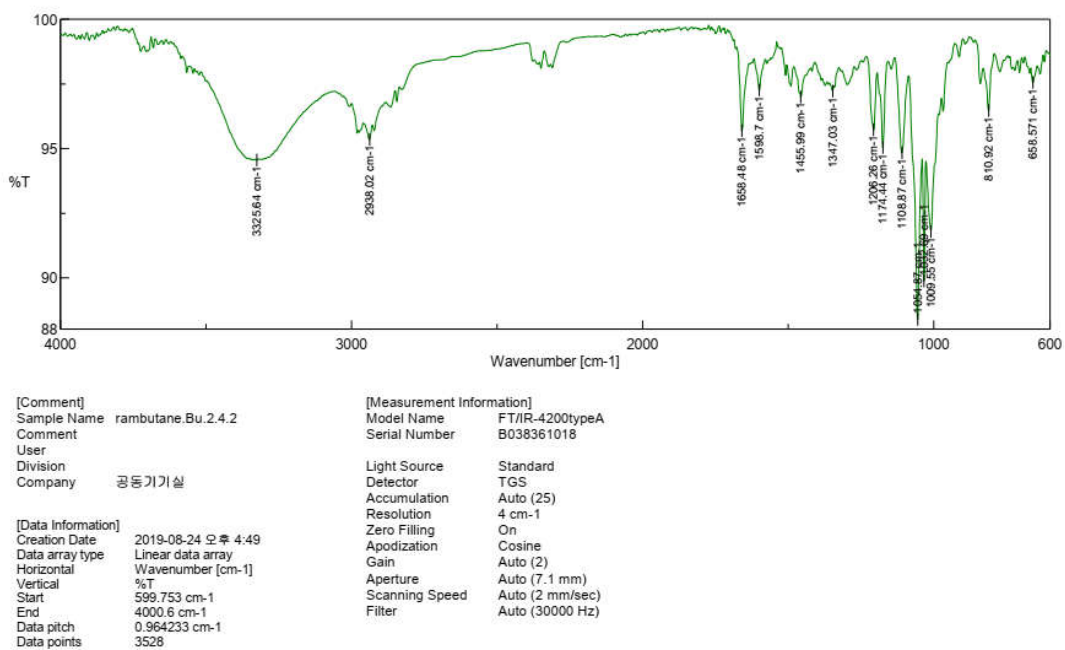


Figure S11: IR spectrum of compound 3.

Peak 3

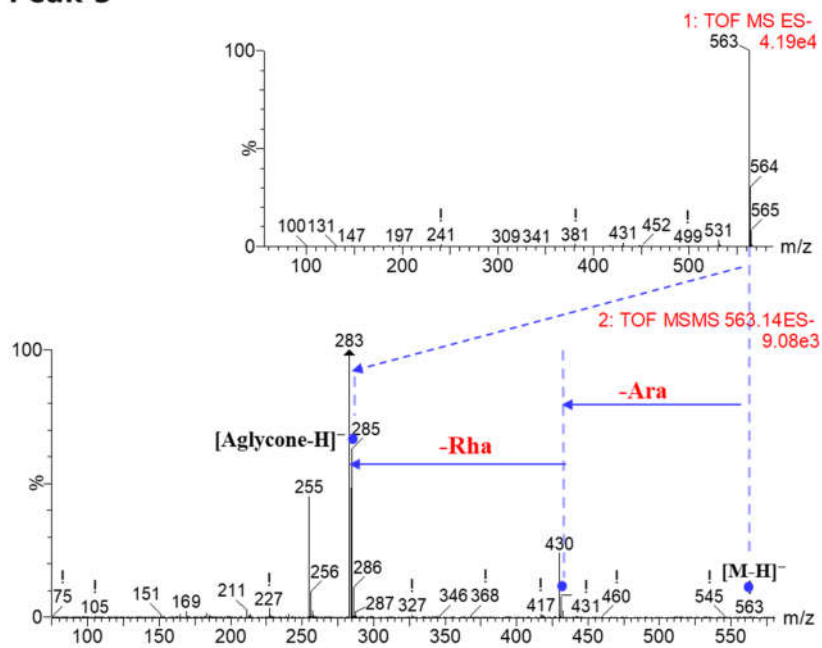


Figure S12: Fragmentation pathway of compound 3.

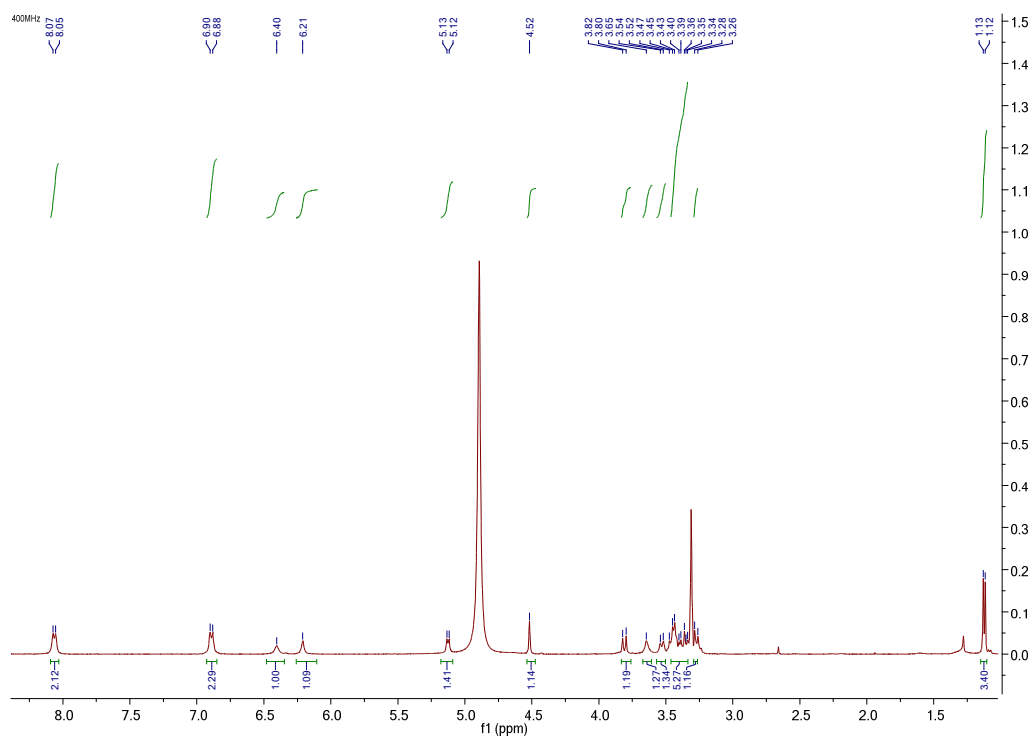


Figure S13: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **4** (400 MHz, Methanol- d_4).

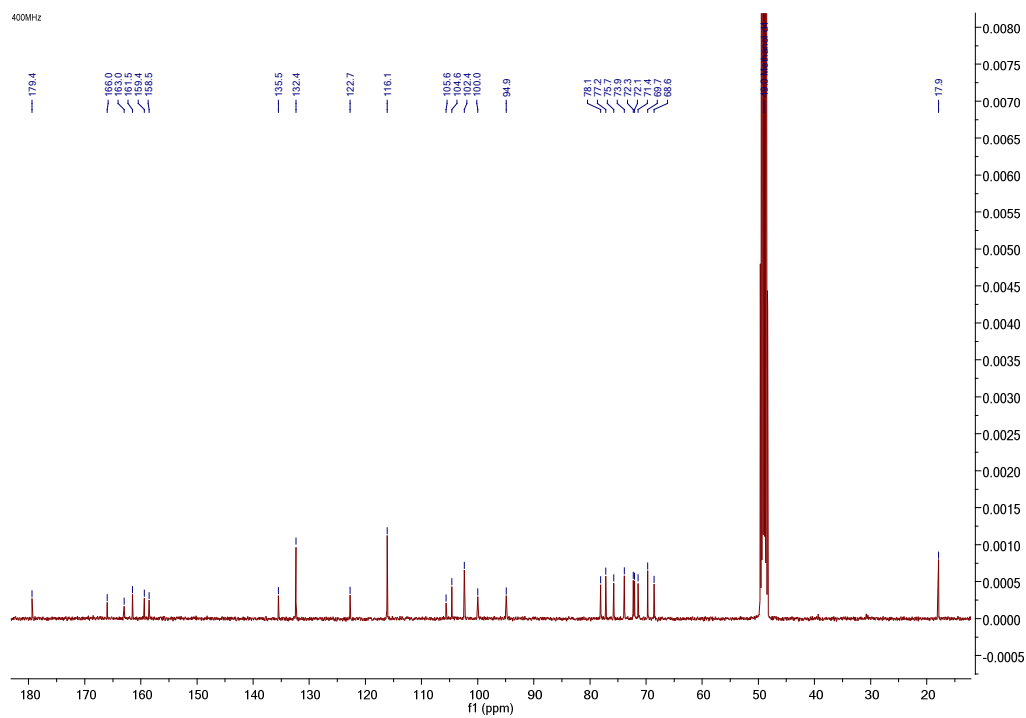
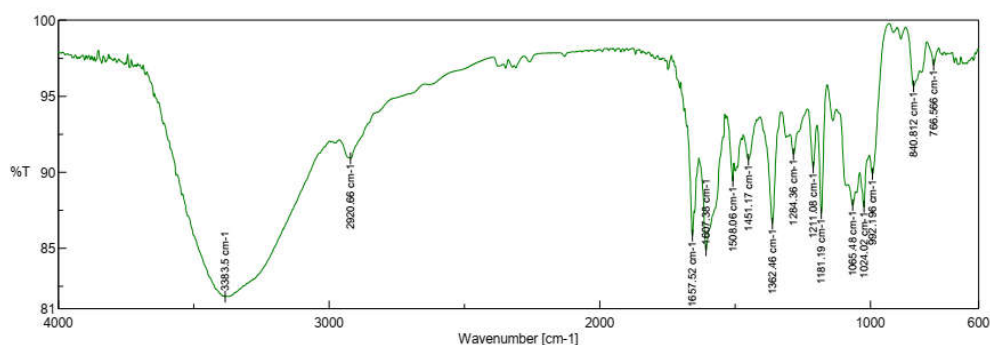


Figure S14: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **4** (100 MHz, Methanol- d_4).



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User		Light Source	Standard
Division		Detector	TGS
Company	공동기기실	Accumulation	Auto (22)
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[Data Information]		Zero Filling	On
Creation Date	2019-08-24 오후 4:38	Apodization	Cosine
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Vertical	%T	Scanning Speed	Auto (2 mm/sec)
Start	599.753 cm-1	Filter	Auto (30000 Hz)
End	4000.6 cm-1		
Data pitch	0.964233 cm-1		
Data points	3528		

Figure S15: IR spectrum of compound 4.

Peak 4

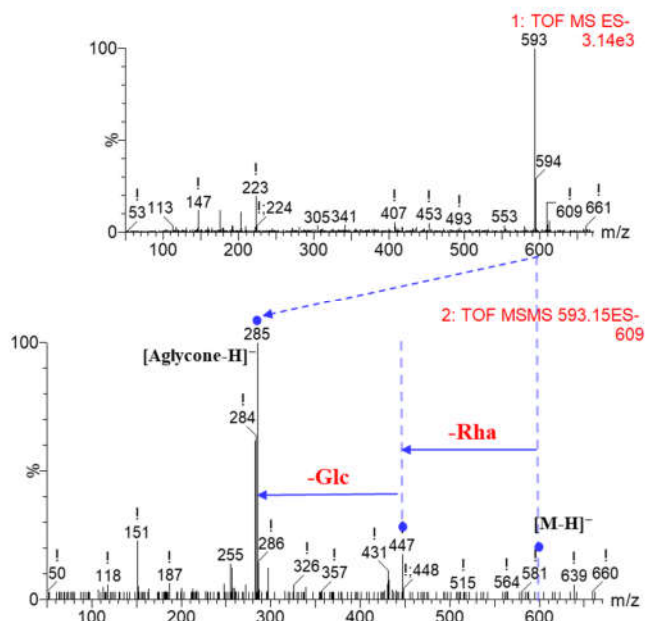


Figure S16: Fragmentation pathway of compound 4.

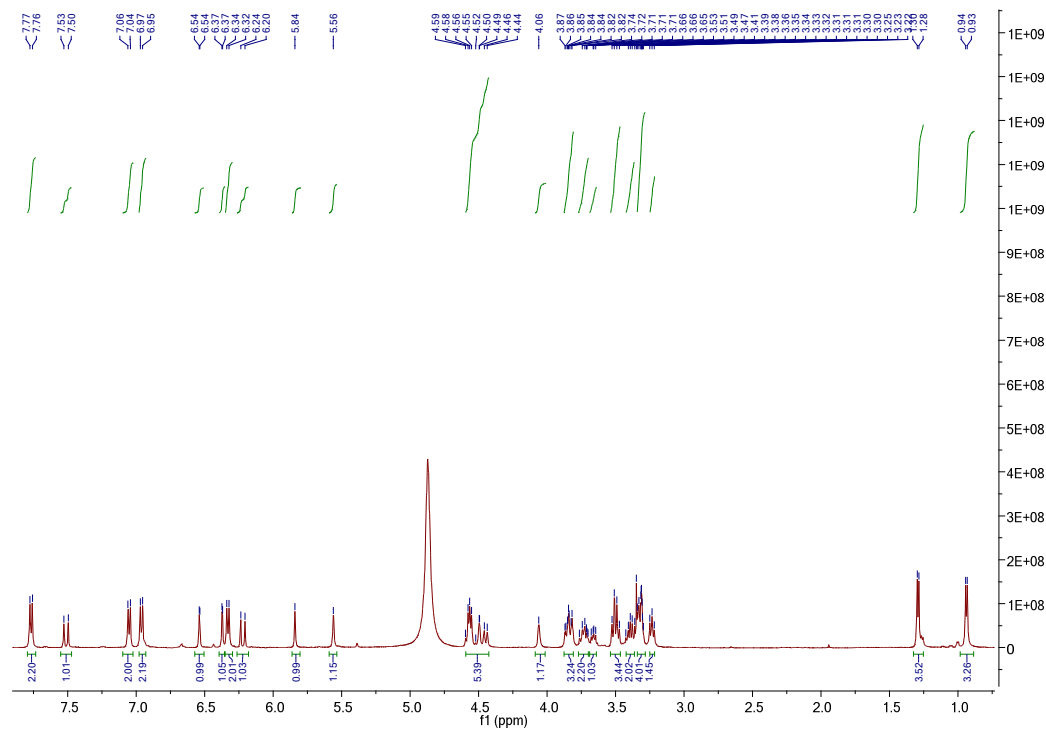


Figure S17: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **5** (500 MHz, Methanol- d_4).

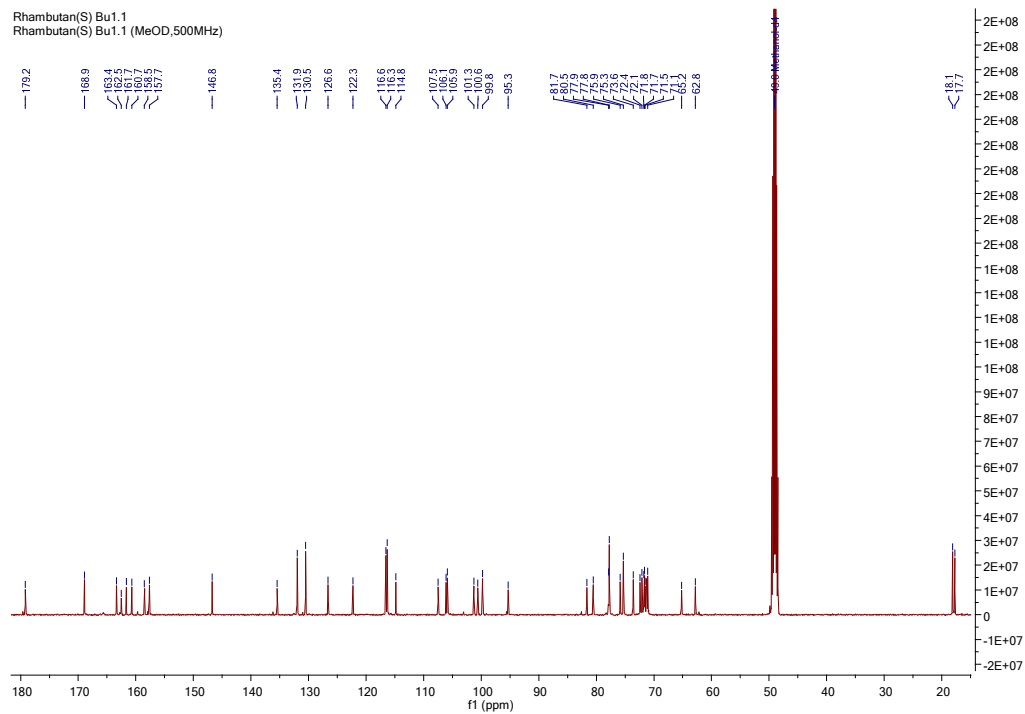
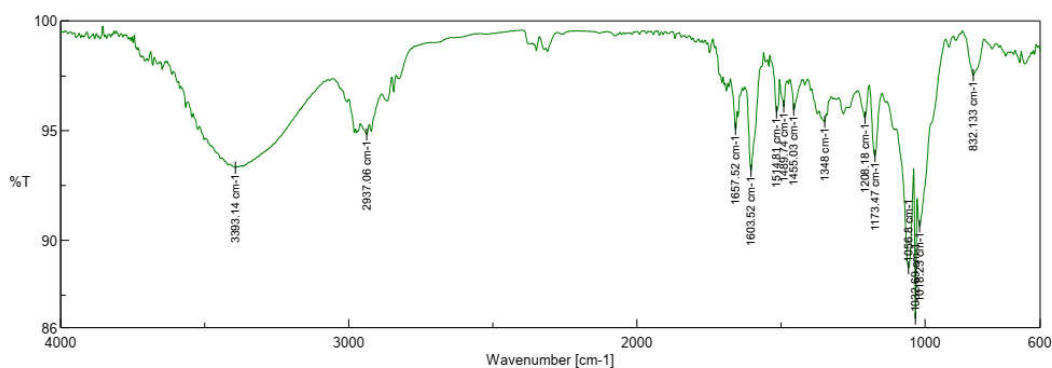


Figure S18: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **5** (125 MHz, Methanol- d_4).



[Comment]		[Measurement Information]	
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Comment		Serial Number	B038361018
User		Light Source	Standard
Division		Detector	TGS
Company	공통기기실	Accumulation	Auto (23)
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		Zero Filling	On
		Apodization	Cosine
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		Filter	Auto (30000 Hz)
[Data Information]			
Creation Date	2019-08-24 오후 4:42		
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Vertical	%T		
Start	599.753 cm⁻¹		
End	4000.6 cm⁻¹		
Data pitch	0.964233 cm⁻¹		
Data points	3528		

Figure S19: IR spectrum of compound 5.

Peak 5

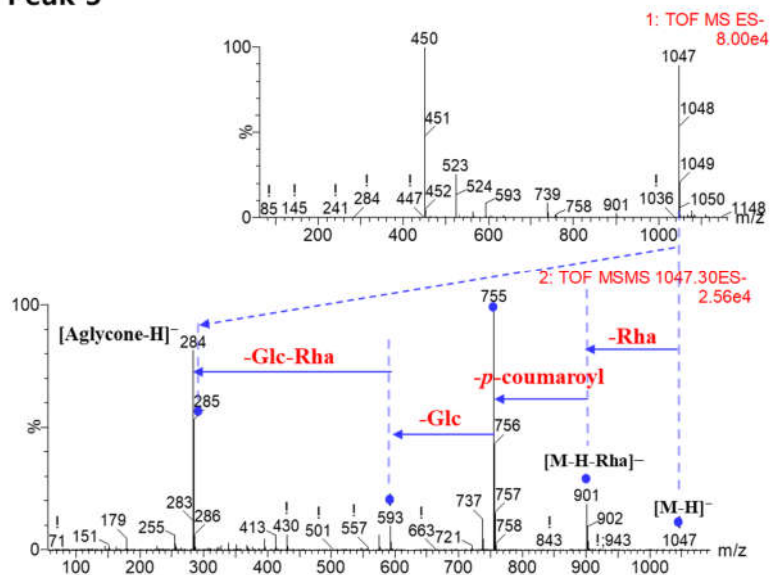


Figure S20: Fragmentation pathway of compound 5.

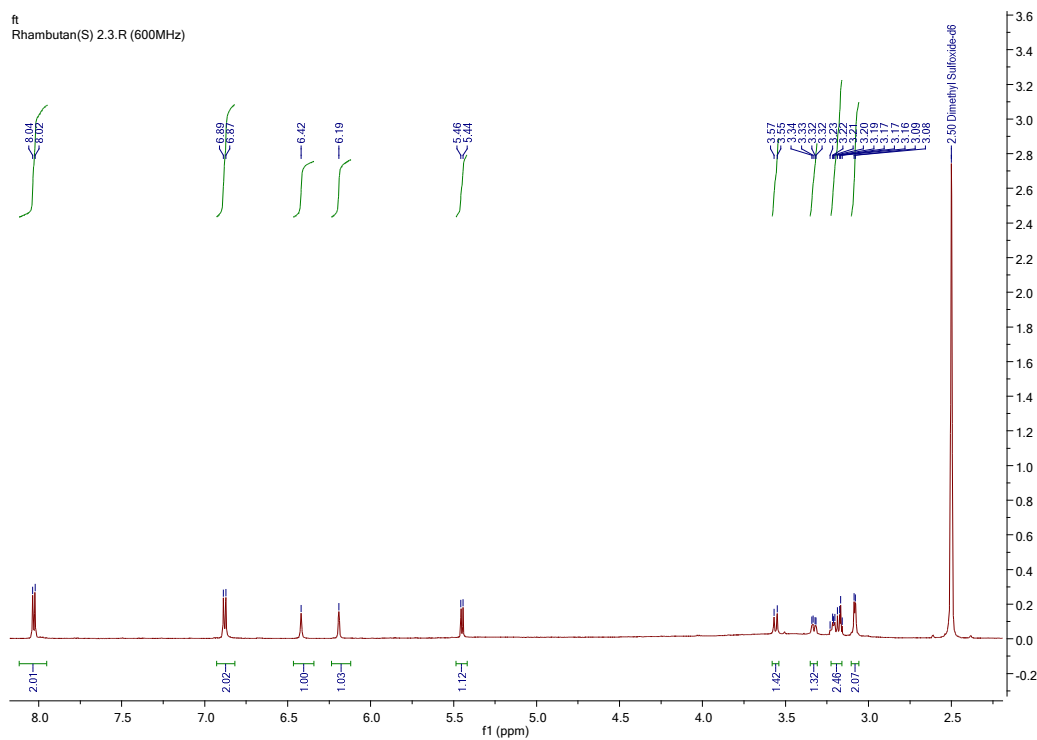


Figure S21: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **6** (600 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

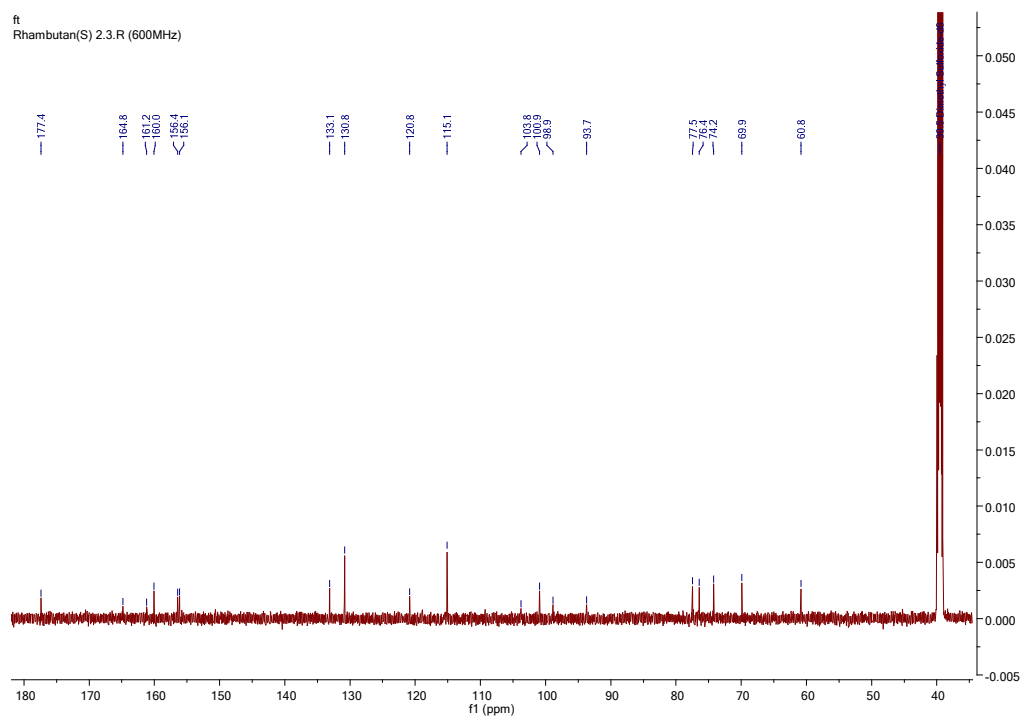
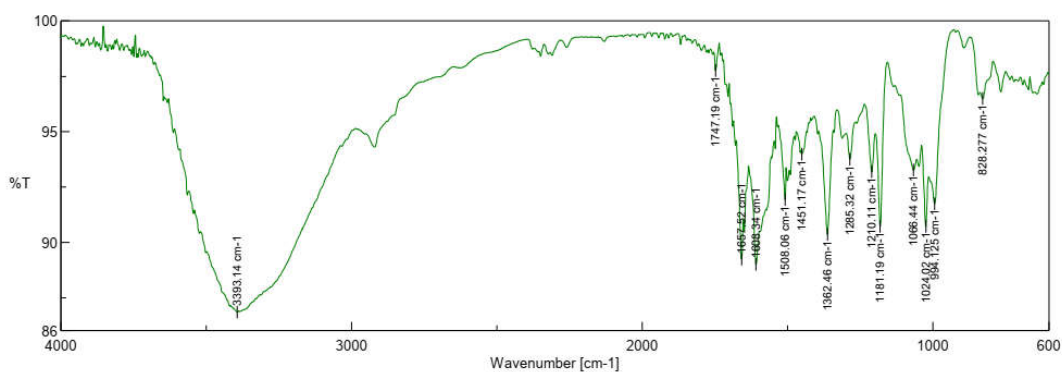


Figure S22: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **6** (150 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$).



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Vertical	%T	Filter	Auto (30000 Hz)
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Data pitch	0.964233 cm-1		
Data points	3528		

Figure S23: IR spectrum of compound 6.

Peak 6

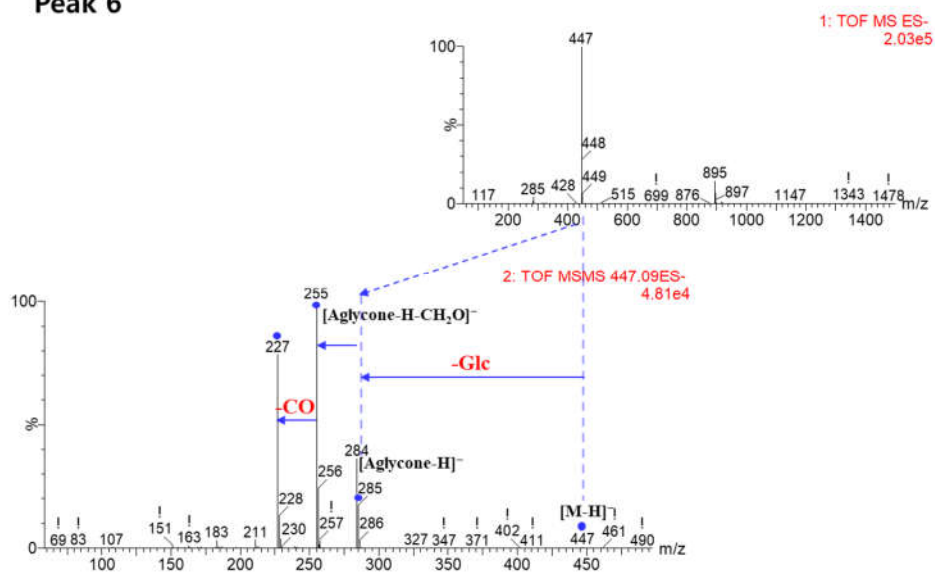


Figure S24: Fragmentation pathway of compound 6.

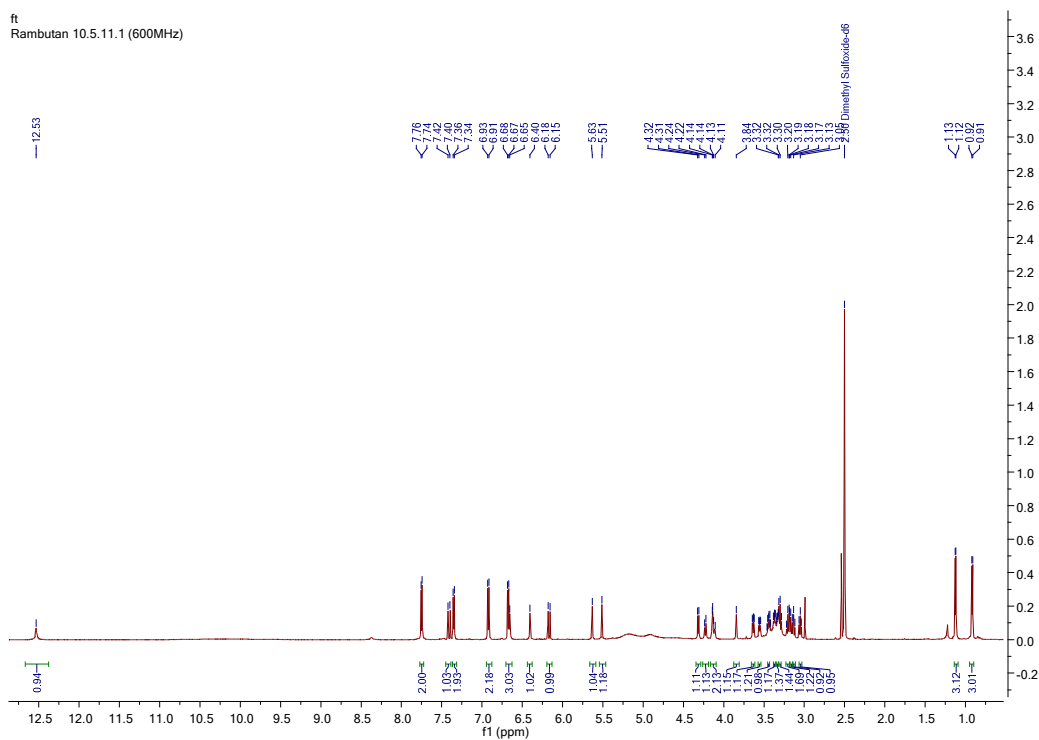


Figure S25: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound 7 (600 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

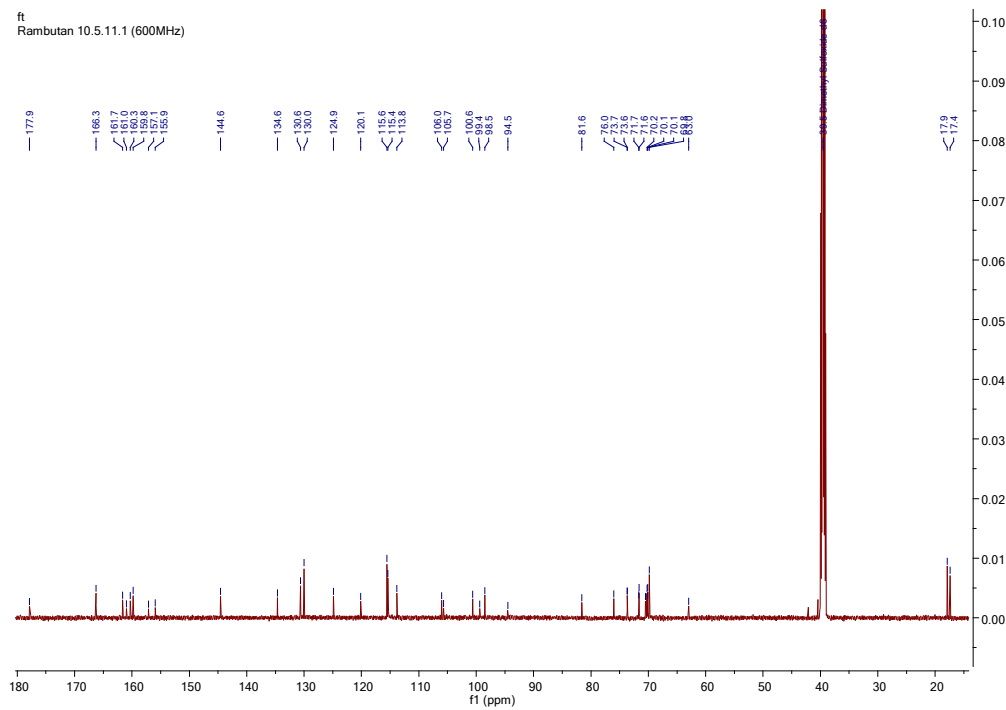


Figure S26: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound 7 (150 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

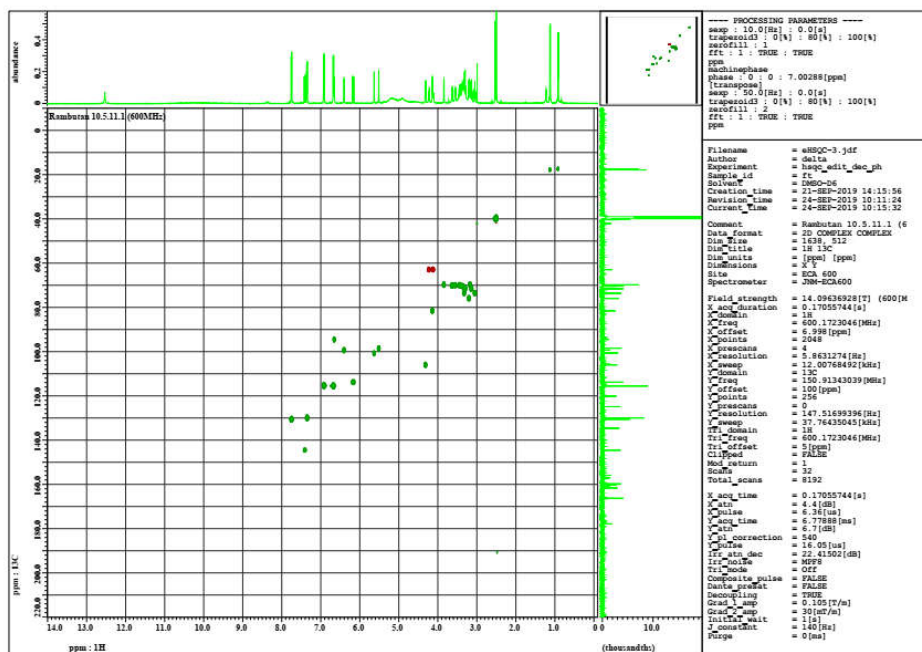


Figure S27: HSQC NMR spectrum of compound 7 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6).

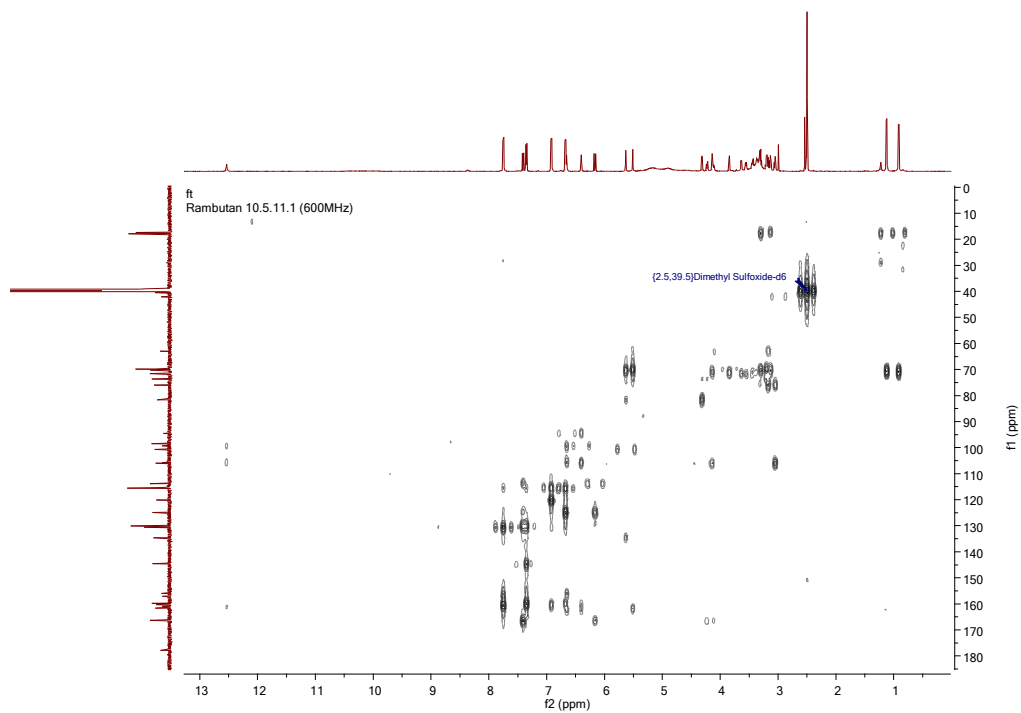


Figure S28: HMBC NMR spectrum of compound 7 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6).

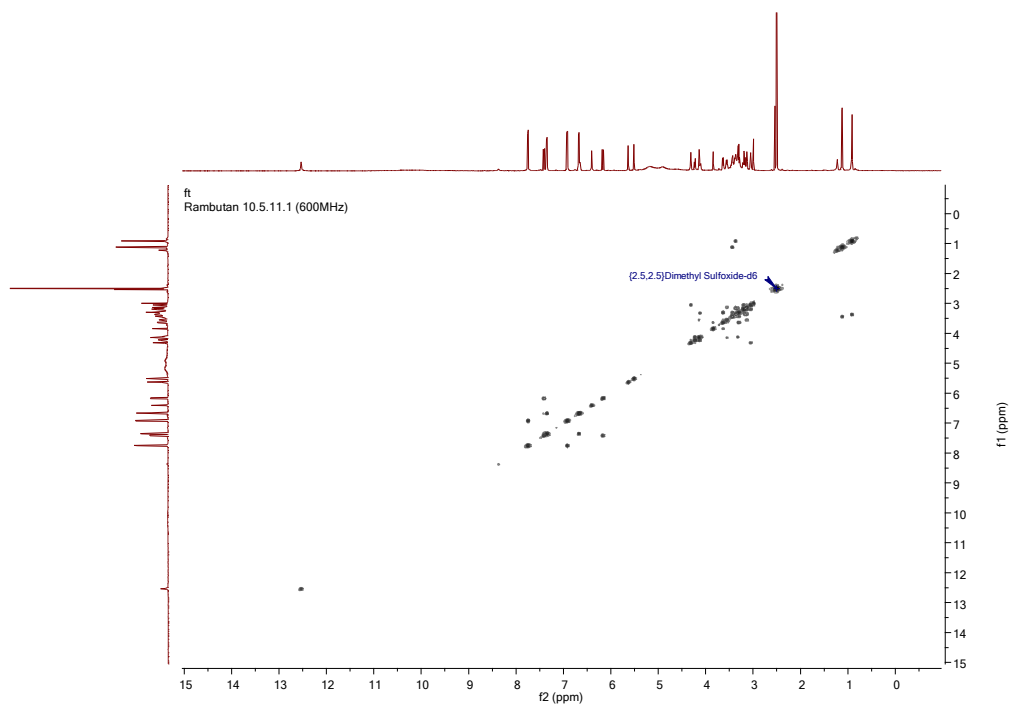
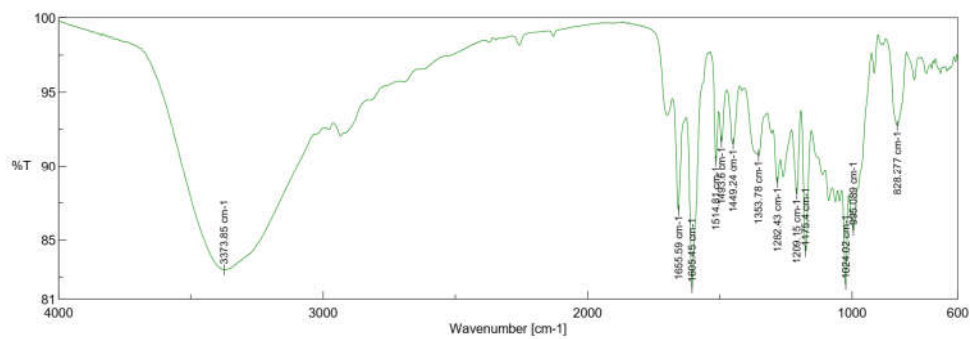


Figure S29: ^1H - ^1H COSY NMR spectrum of compound 7 (600 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$).



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Division		Detector	TGS
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Vertical	%T	Scanning Speed	Auto (2 mm/sec)
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End	4000.6 cm-1		
Data pitch	0.964233 cm-1		
Data points	3528		

Figure S30: IR spectrum of compound 7.

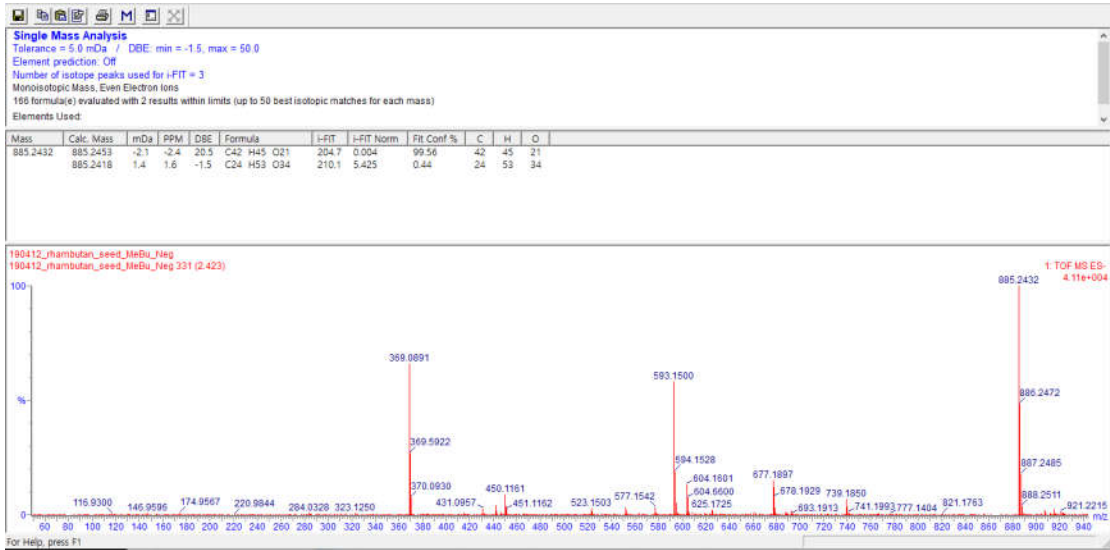


Figure S31: HRESIMS spectrum of compound 7.

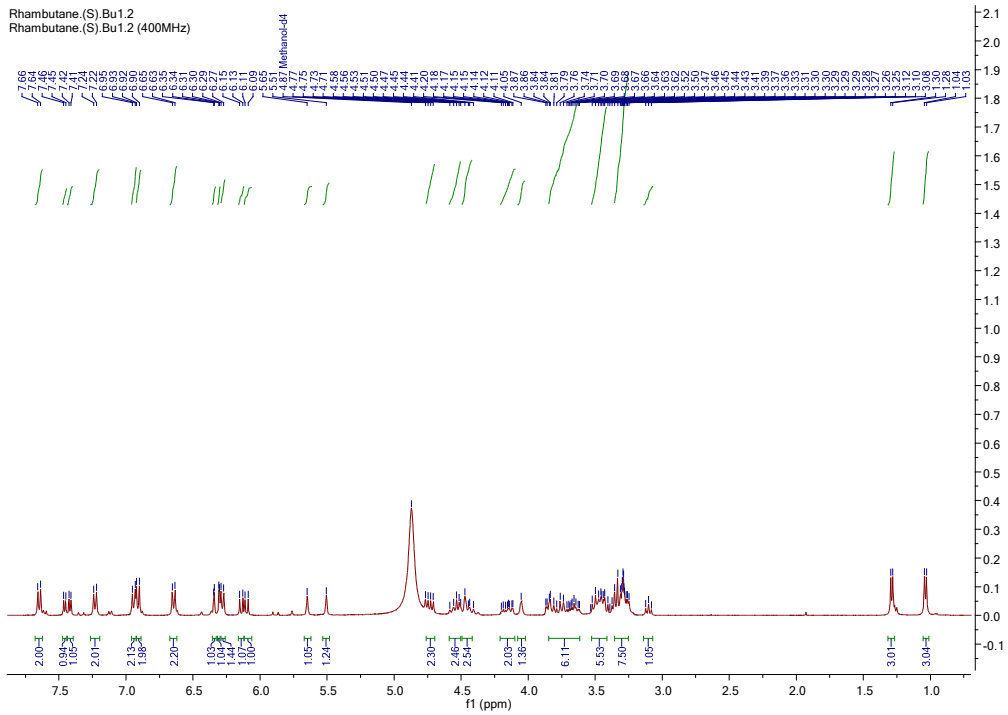


Figure S32: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **8** (400 MHz, Methanol- d_4).

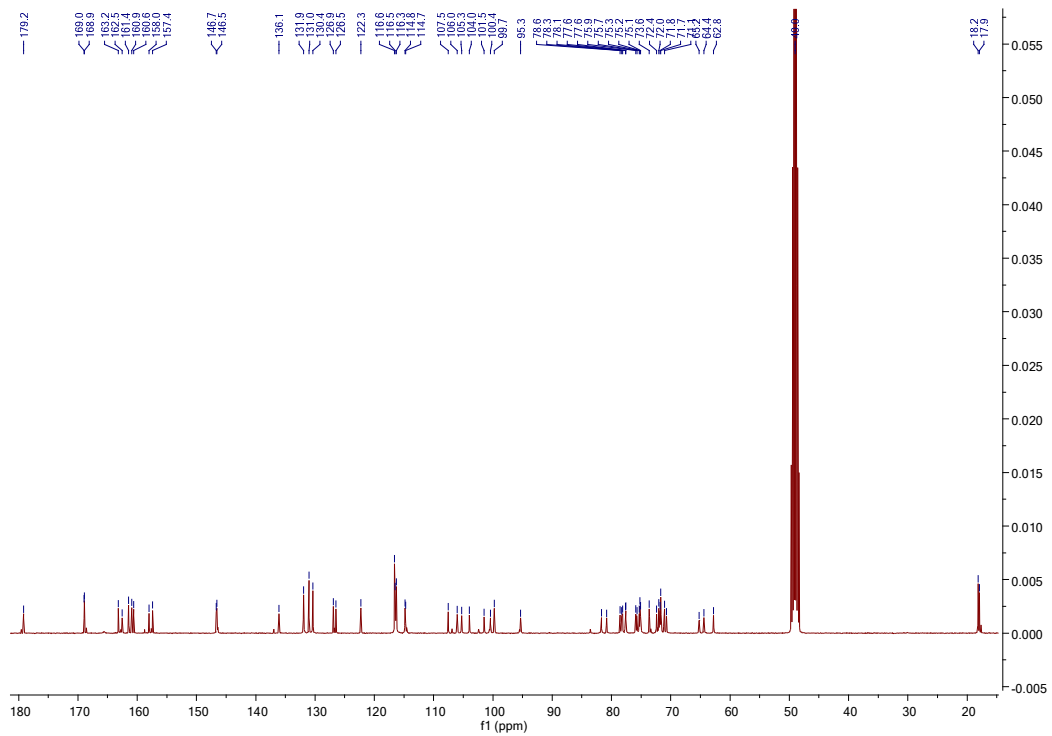
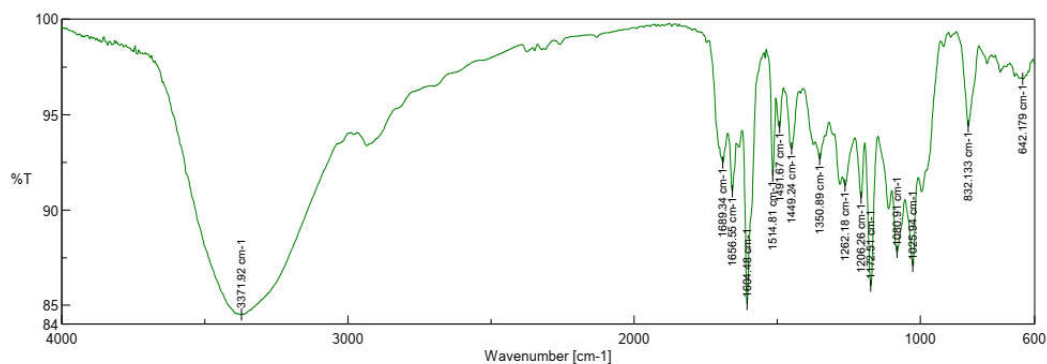


Figure S33: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **8** (100 MHz, Methanol- d_4).



[Comment]		[Measurement Information]	
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Comment		Serial Number	B038361018
User		Light Source	Standard
Division		Detector	TGS
Company	공통기기실	Accumulation	Auto (23)
		Resolution	4 cm-1
		Zero Filling	On
		Apodization	Cosine
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[Data Information]			
Creation Date	2019-08-24 오후 4:23		
Data array type	Linear data array		
Horizontal	Wavenumber [cm-1]		
Vertical	%T		
Start	599.753 cm-1		
End	4000.6 cm-1		
Data pitch	0.964233 cm-1		
Data points	3528		

Figure S34: IR spectrum of compound 8.

Peak 8

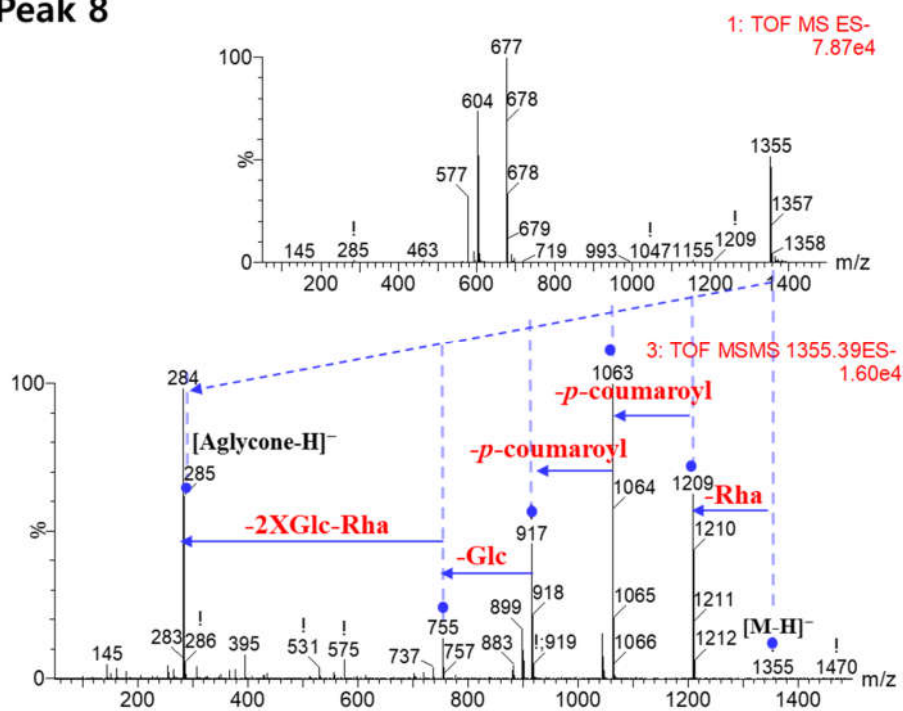


Figure S35: Fragmentation pathway of compound 8.

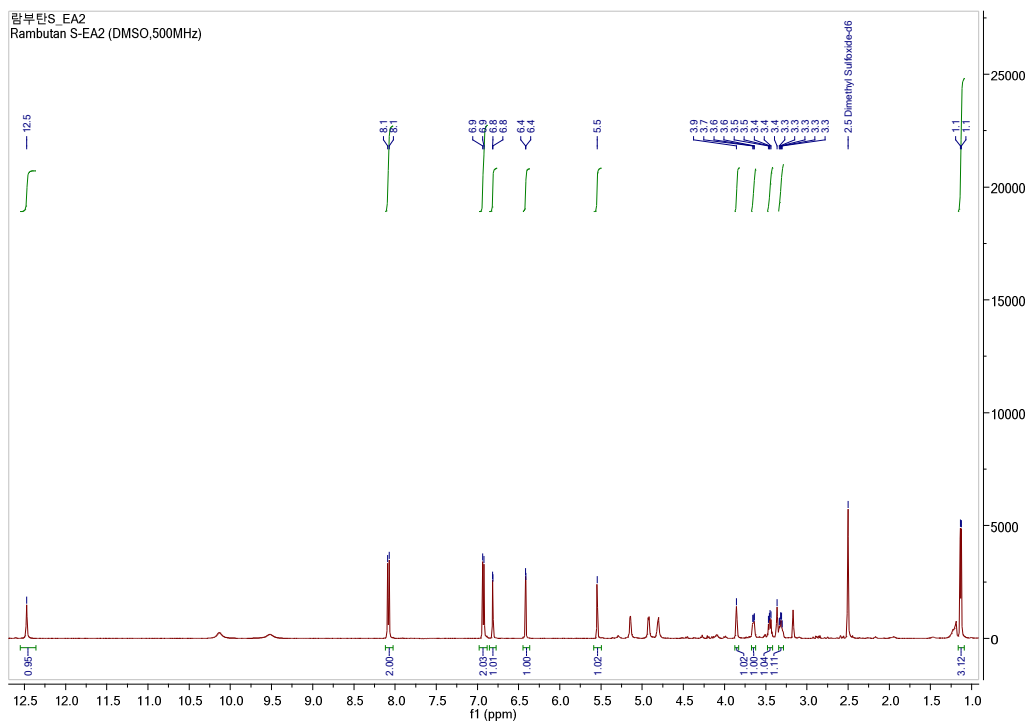


Figure S36: ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **9** (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$).

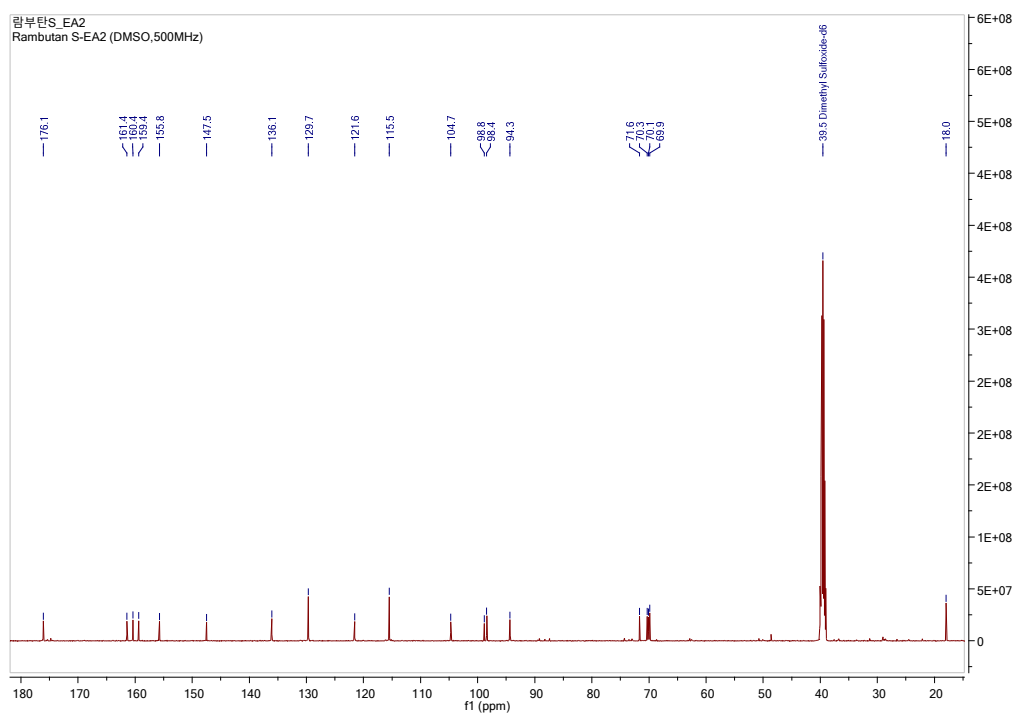
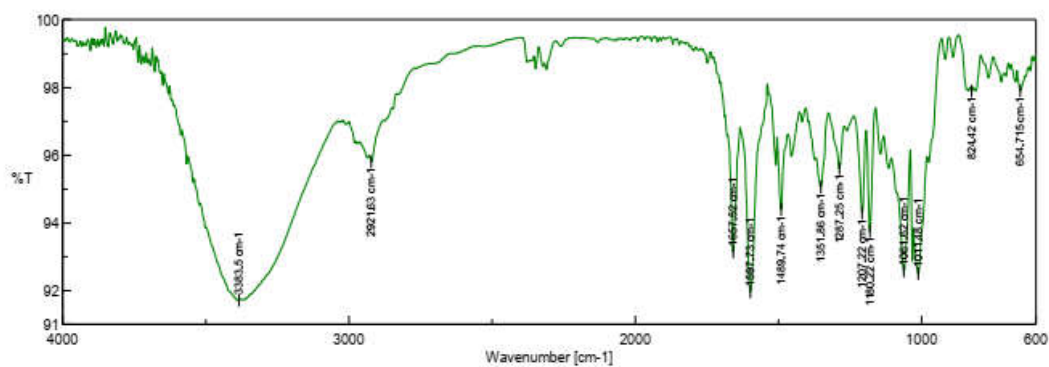


Figure S37: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **9** (125 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$).



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User		Light Source	Standard
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Vertical	%T		
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Data pitch	0.964233 cm⁻¹		
Data points	3528		

Figure S38: IR spectrum of compound 9.

Peak 9

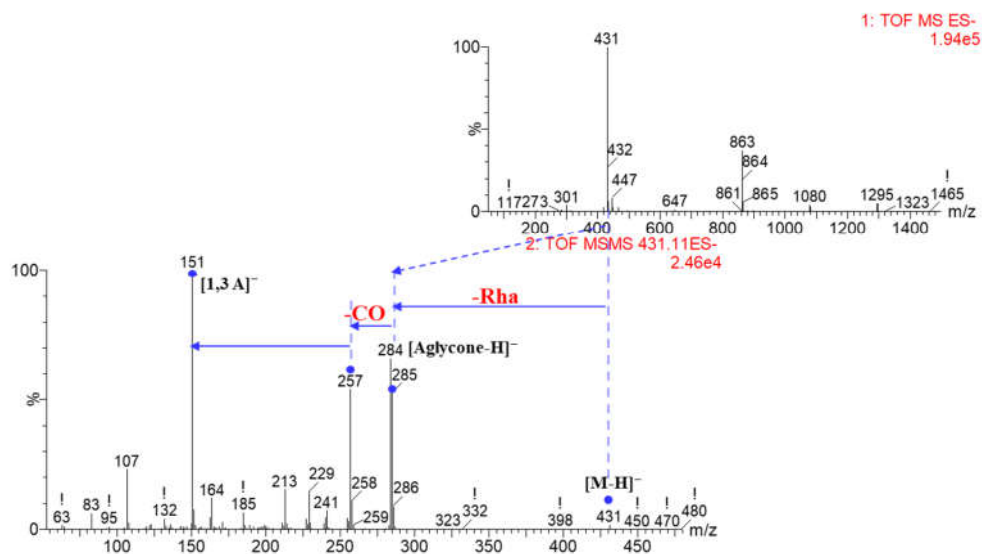


Figure S39: Fragmentation pathway of compound 9.

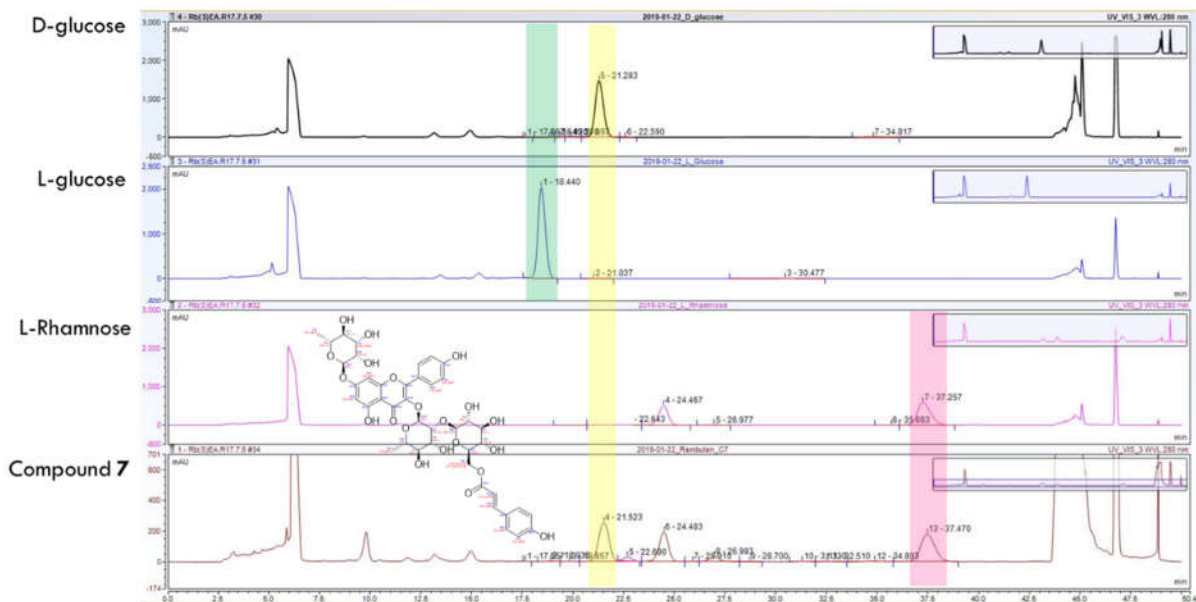


Figure S40: Sugar Analysis. Compound **7** (2.5 mg) was heated in 0.1 mL at 110°C for 1.5 h of 2 M HCl. After acid hydrolysed sample was neutralized with Na₂CO₃ and dried. The residue was derivatized with L-cysteine methyl ester hydrochloride in anhydrous pyridine (200 μL, 60 °C, 1 h) and subsequently added phenylisothiocyanate (1 μL, 60 °C, 1 h). The sugar derivatives from compound **7** were compared with standard sugar derivatives by the HPLC analysis and were confirm the absolute configuration of these sugars to be D-glucose, and L-rhamnose.

Figure S41: Molecular Networking

HRESIMS / MS data of the bioactive fractions of *N. lappaceum* seed and extracts of each part of *N. lappaceum* (pulp, peel, seed) were performed by Xevo G2 QTOF mass spectrometer with a Waters Acquity UHPLC[®] BEH C18 (100 mm × 2.1 mm, 1.7 μm) column. Those data generated molecular networking job with HRESIMS/MS spectra and analyzed in comparison with several reference papers and advanced library searches of GNPS. Before creating molecular networking, MS / MS data were preprocessed using the MZmine 2 program to increase reliability and then uploaded on the GNPS platform (<https://gnps.ucsd.edu>) to create molecular networking. The parameters for the generation of the molecular network were set as follows: the precursor ion mass tolerance of 0.02 Da, Fragment ion mass tolerance of 0.02 Da, a cosine score above 0.65, minimum matched fragment ions below 4 counts were removed from the MS/MS spectra. The Matching with the publicly accessible GNPS spectral library was performed with a score threshold of 0.65 and matched fragment ion number above 4. After that, the GNPS data were visualized using Cytoscape 3.7.1. The completed molecular network of *N. lappaceum* active fractions is explored and downloaded from the GNPS website via the following link.: <https://gnps.ucsd.edu/ProteoSAFe/status.jsp?task=301c3a87d4594d648031a1399c2c3ff7>. The completed molecular network of *N. lappaceum* pulp, peel, seed extract is explored and downloaded from the GNPS website via the following link: <https://gnps.ucsd.edu/ProteoSAFe/status.jsp?task=9b427c2e16304de89f32167f679612f1>.

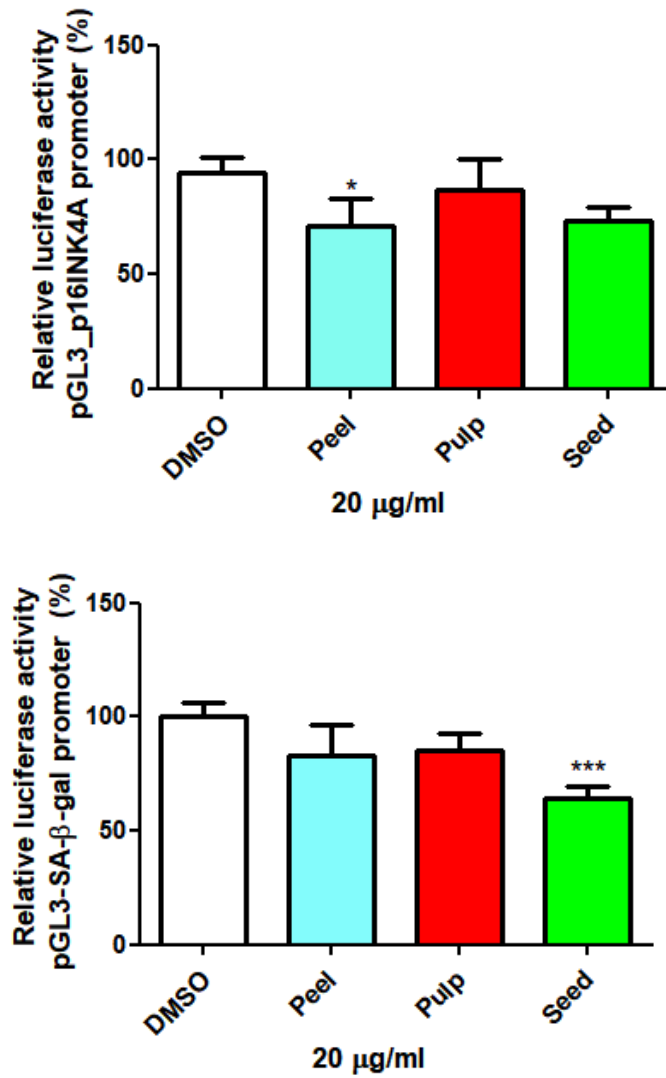


Figure S42: Effect of *N. lappaceum* peel, pulp and seed on p16Ink4A and SA-β-gal promoter activity in human dermal fibroblasts.

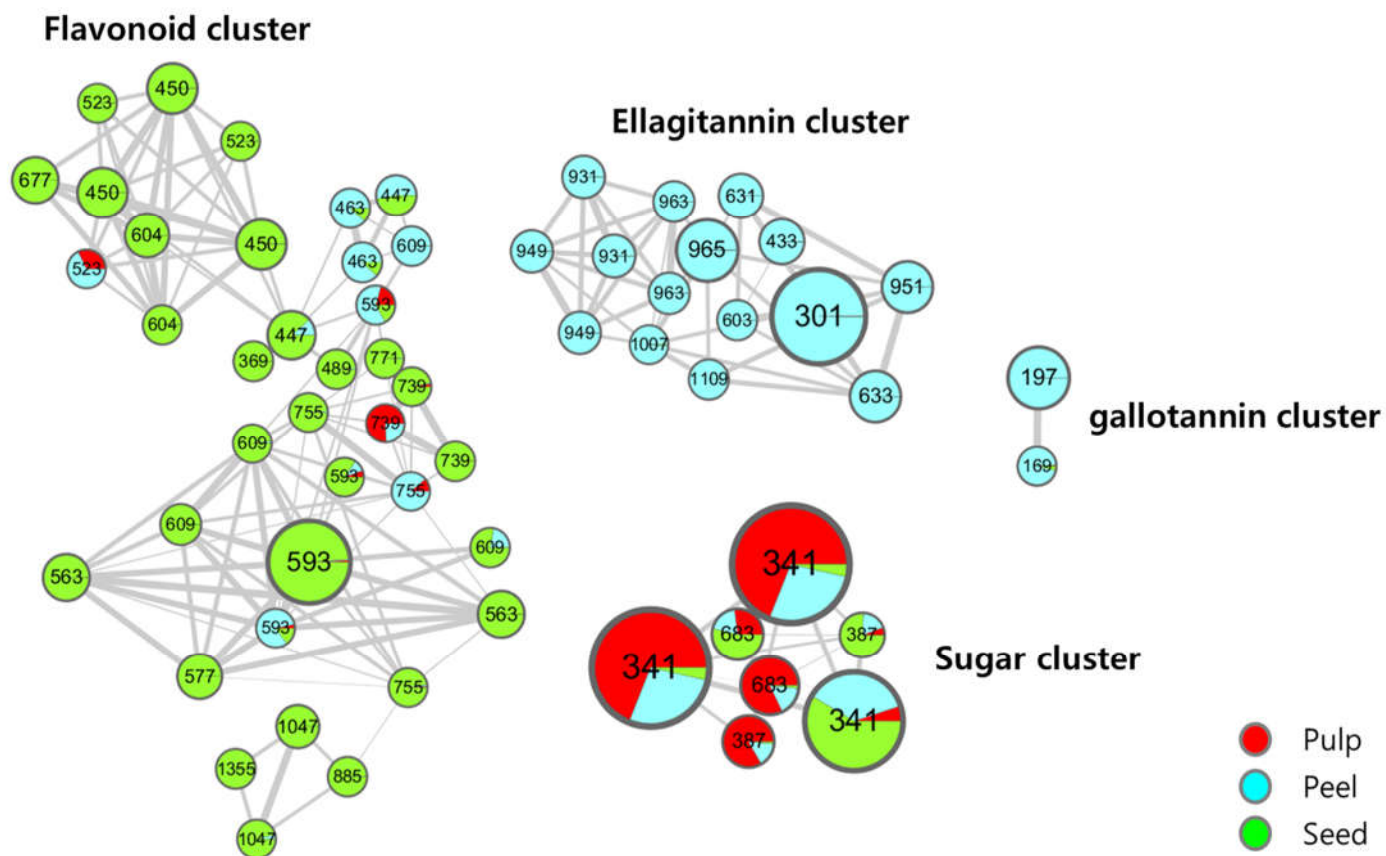
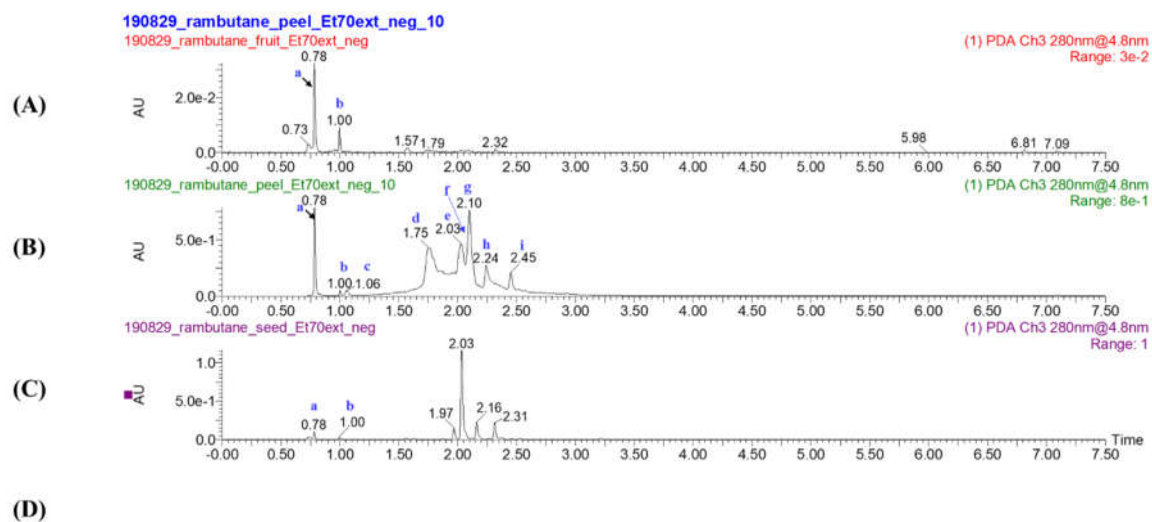


Figure S43: Annotation of the molecular networking of the crude extract from *N. lappaceum* pulp (red nodes), peel (Aquamarine nodes), seed (green nodes) which shows flavonoid, ellagitannin, gallotannin and sugar.



Peak	t_R (mins)	Compounds	Formula [M-H] ⁻	[M-H] ⁻		MS/MS fragments	Error (ppm)	Group	References
				Observed	Calculated				
a	0.79	Disaccharides	C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁	341.1092	341.1084	179,161	2.3	Sugar	(Verardo et al., 2009) (Gabbani et al., 2010)
b	0.99	Disaccharides	C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁	341.1087	341.1084	179,161	0.9	Sugar	(Verardo et al., 2009) (Gabbani et al., 2010)
c	1.06	Galic acid	C ₇ H ₅ O ₅	169.0143	169.0137	125	3.5	Gallotannins	(Yisimayili et al., 2019) (Sun et al., 2014) (Mena et al., 2012)
d	1.75	Conlagin	C ₂₇ H ₂₁ O ₁₈	633.0724	633.0728	463, 301, 279, 169	-0.6	Ellagitannin	(Yisimayili et al., 2019) (Hernández et al., 2017) (Thitlerdecha et al., 2010)
e	2.03	Geraniin	C ₄₁ H ₂₇ O ₂₇	951.0709	951.0740	933, 301, 169	-3.3	Ellagitannin	(Hernández et al., 2017) (Thitlerdecha et al., 2010)
f	2.05	Ellagic acid pentoside	C ₁₉ H ₁₃ O ₁₂	433.0406	433.0407	301, 169	-0.2	Ellagitannin	(Hernández et al., 2017)
g	2.10	Rhoipteleannina H	C ₁₂ H ₂₉ O ₂₇	965.0887	965.0896	301, 247, 169	-0.9	Ellagitannin	(Jiang et al., 1999) (Quiñela et al., 2017)
h	2.24	Ellagic acid	C ₁₄ H ₅ O ₆	300.9998	300.9984	257, 229, 185	4.7	Ellagitannin	(Yisimayili et al., 2019) (Mena et al., 2012) (Hernández et al., 2017)
i	2.45	ethyl gallate	C ₉ H ₉ O ₅	197.0445	197.0450	169, 124	-2.5	gallotannins	(Thitlerdecha et al., 2010) (Zhang et al., 2017) (Mahmood et al., 2018)

Figure S44: DAD chromatograms of crude extract of *N. lappaceum* pulp (A), peel (B), and seed (C) at 280 nm. (D) major compounds of pulp, peel and seed extracts of *N. lappaceum* identified in corresponding MS / MS fragmentation profiles.

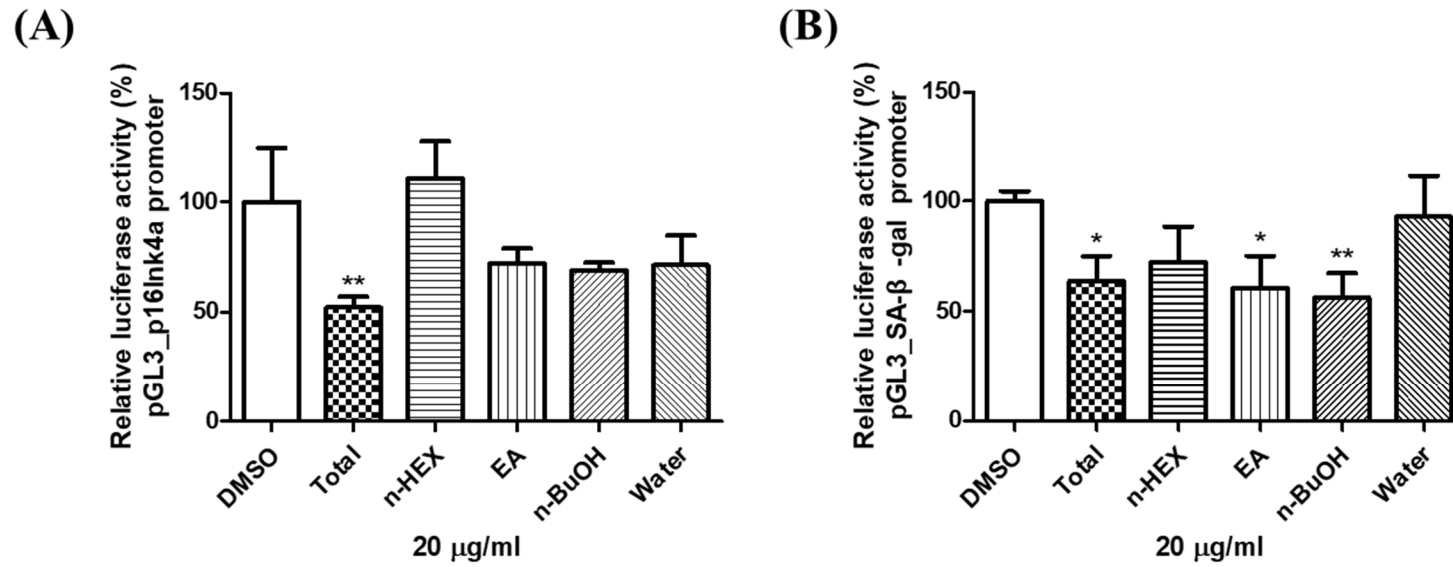


Figure S45. Effect of crude extract and four fractions from *N. lappaceum* seeds on p16INK4A and SA- β -gal transcription in human dermal fibroblasts. Human dermal fibroblasts were transiently co-transfected with pGL3-p16ink4a (**A**) or pGL3-glb1 (**B**) promoter with β -galactosidase as a transfection control.

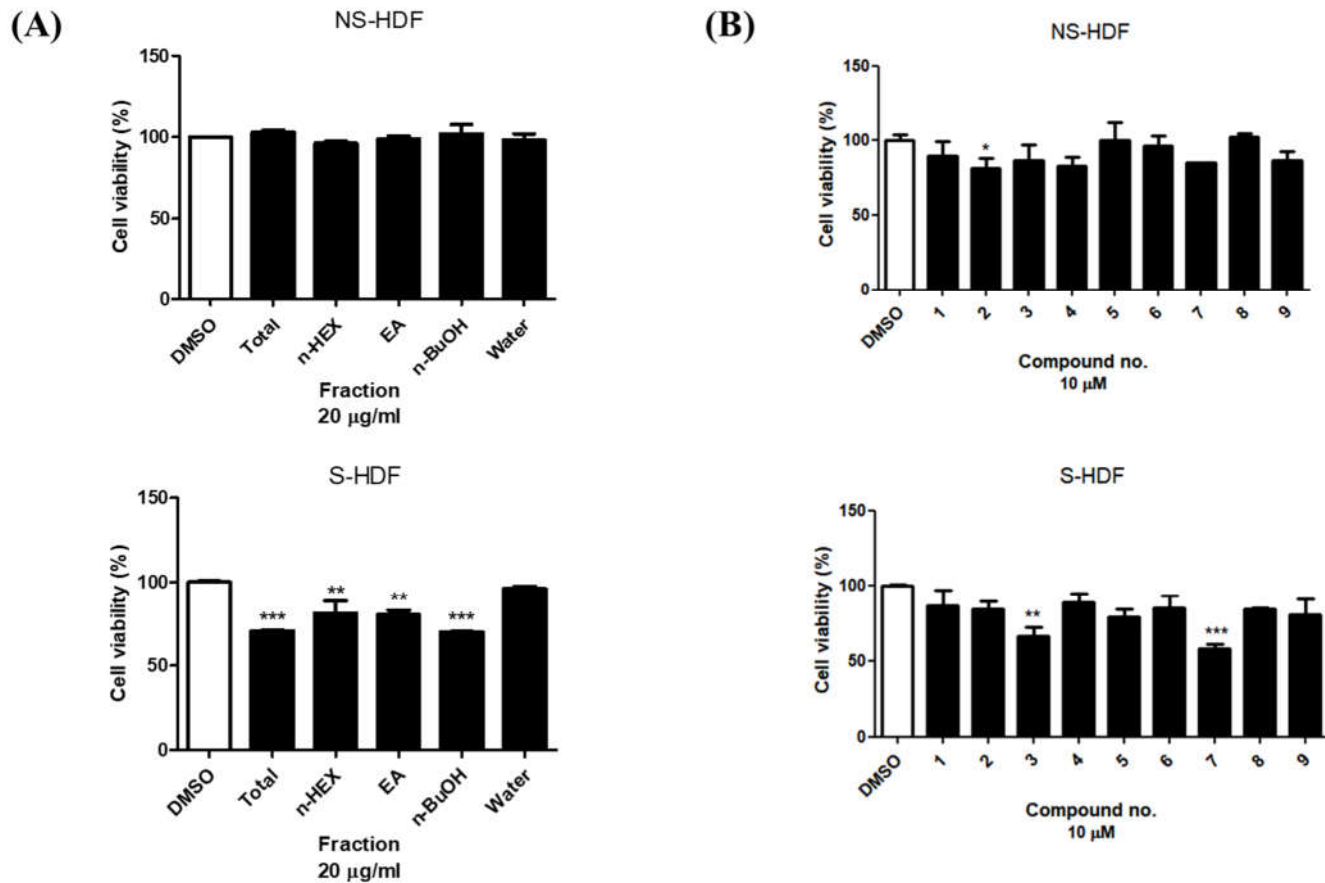


Figure S46: The cytotoxicity effect of total extract and four fractions 20 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ (A) and 10 μM compounds 1-9 obtained from *N. lappaceum* seeds (B) both in young and senescent HDFs. After 72 h of incubation with tested fractions and compounds, the MTT assay was carried out as described in the experimental section.

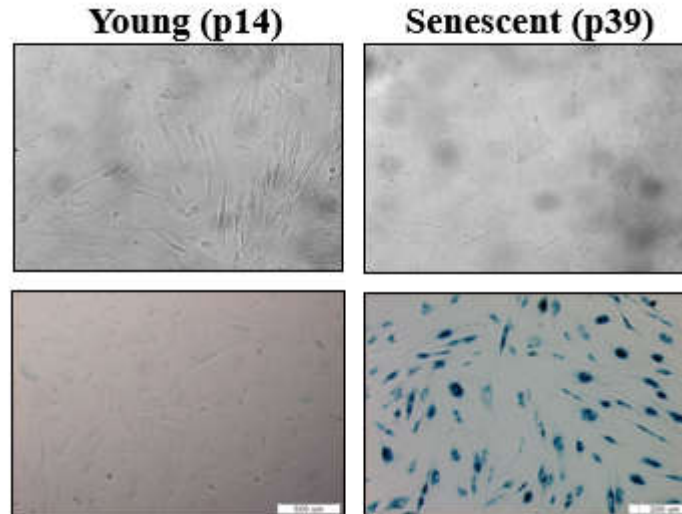


Figure S47: Senescence-associated β -galactosidase staining of HDFs. Young and aged HDFs stained for 24h for SA- β galactosidase. Images of young HDFs (passage 14) had little staining, while aged HDFs (passage 39) stained blue.

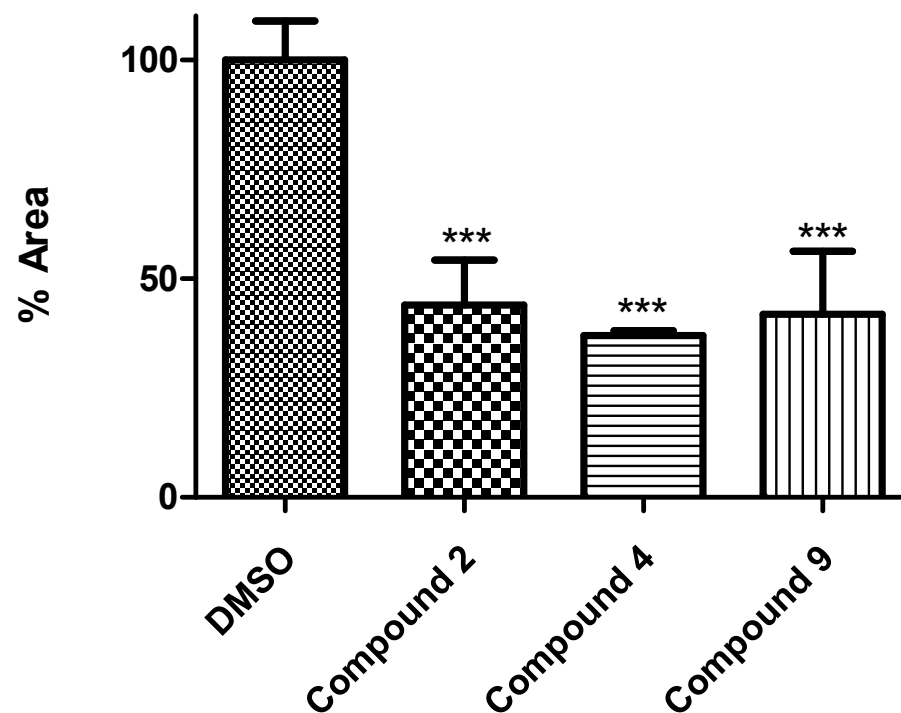


Figure S48: Quantification of senescence-associated β -galactosidase staining. Aged HDF cells were treated three times over 6 days with vehicle or 10 μ M compounds 2, 4, and 9 and quantified through images obtained from a fluorescence microscope. Data were calculated by the mean \pm SD of three independent experiments. Significant differences between the groups were determined using one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) with the Tukey method. Statistical significance was accepted at * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, and *** $p < 0.001$.

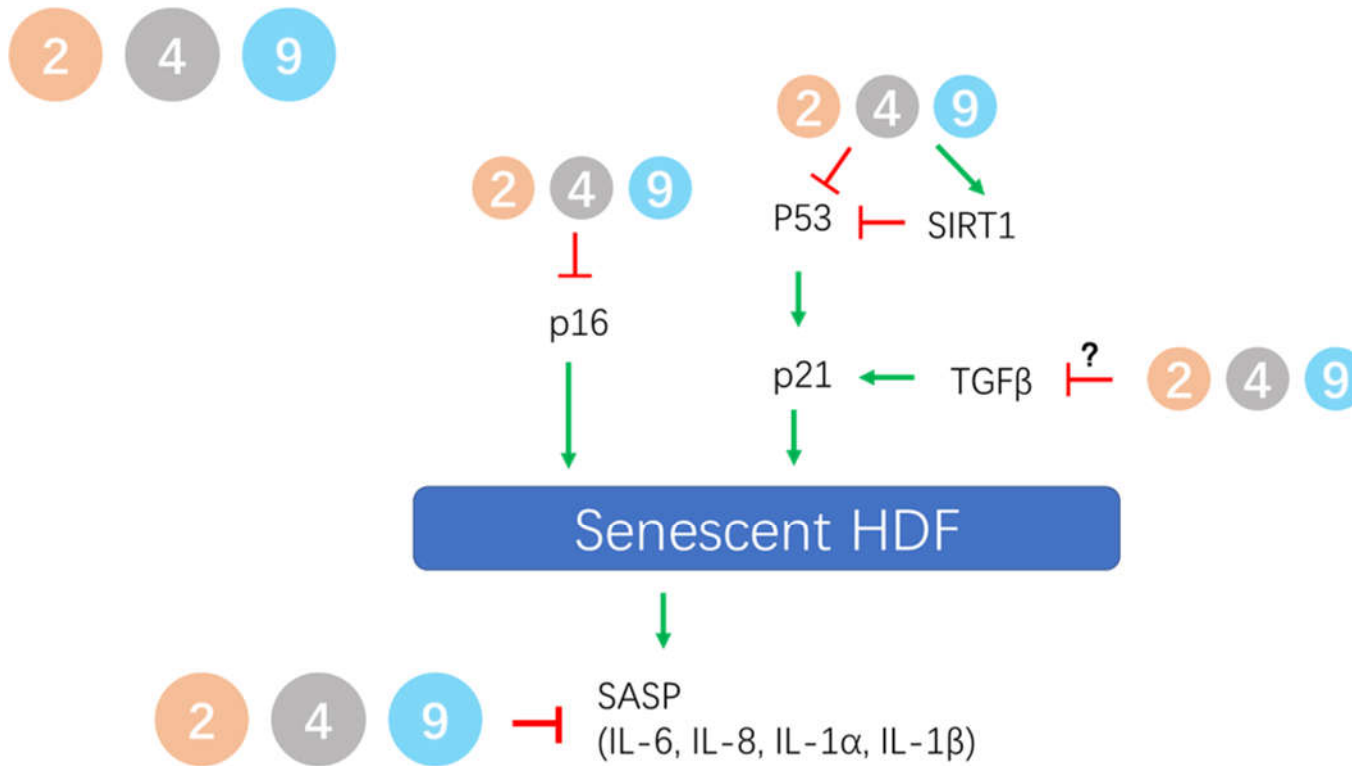


Figure S49: Mechanism of action of compounds 2, 4, and 9 isolated from Rambutan.

Table S1. ¹H NMR data for compounds **1–6, 8 and 9**.

position	1^a	2^b	3^a	4^c	5^d	6^a	8^c	9^b
	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in Hz)
6	6.44, s	6.44, d (1.7)	6.45, s	6.21, s	6.37, d (1.8)	6.19, br s	6.31, d (2.0)	6.82, d (2.0)
8	6.82, s	6.83, d, (1.7)	6.83, s	6.40, s	6.54, d (1.8)	6.42, br s	6.35, d (2.0)	6.42, d (2.0)
2'	8.11, d (8.8)	8.07, d (8.8)	8.12, d (8.8)	8.05, d (7.7)	7.77, br d (8.7)	8.03, d (8.7)	7.64, d (8.7)	8.09, d (8.9)
3'	6.87, d (8.8)	6.88, d (8.8)	6.89, d (8.8)	6.89, d (7.7)	6.95, br d (8.7)	6.88, d (8.7)	6.90, d (8.7)	6.94, d 8.9)
5'	6.87, d (8.8)	6.88, d (8.8)	6.89, d (8.8)	6.89, d (7.7)	6.95, br d (8.7)	6.88, d (8.7)	6.90, d (8.7)	6.94, d 8.9)
6'	8.11, d (8.8)	8.07, d (8.8)	8.12, d (8.8)	8.05, d (7.7)	7.77, br d (8.7)	8.03, d (8.7)	7.64, d (8.7)	8.09, d (8.9)
	3-Galactosyl	3-Glucosyl	3-arabinosyl	3-Glucosyl	3-Rhamnosyl	3-Glucosyl	3-Rhamnosyl	
1''	5.44, d (7.6)	5.47, d (7.3)	5.36, d (5.1)	5.13, d (6.6)	5.84, s	5.46, d (7.5)	5.65, brs	
2''	3.17-3.85, m ^e	3.08-4.29, m ^e	3.75, t (5.5)	3.3-3.6 ^e	4.49 ^e	3.19 ^e	4.47, m ^e	
3''			3.53, dd (6.8, 3.0)		3.84 ^e	3.21 ^e	4.11, dd, (2.7,10.0)	
4''			3.65, m ^e		3.49 ^e	3.09 ^e	3.75, m ^e	
5''			3.58, dd, (11.5, 5.5)		3.23 ^e	3.09 ^e	3.49-3.36, m ^e	
			3.21, dd (11.4, 2.5)					
6''				3.80, br d (10.1)	0.94, d (6.1)	3.57, d (11.5)	1.03 (d, J = 6.1) ^e	
				3.3-3.6 ^e		3.33, d (11.4, 4.2)		
	7-Rhamnosyl	7-Rhamnosyl	7-Rhamnosyl	6''-Rhamnosyl	7-Rhamnosyl		7-Rhamnosyl	7-Rhamnosyl
1'''	5.55, s	5.55, s	5.55, s	4.5, d (1.5)	5.56, s		5.51, br s	5.55, s
2'''	3.17-3.85, m	3.08-4.29, m ^e	3.84, br s	3.65, br s	4.06, br s		4.05, br s	3.85, br s
3'''			3.64, dd (9.3, 3.2)	3.51, d (9.0)	3.86 ^e		3.83, m ^e	3.66, m
4'''			3.30 ^e	3.3-3.6 ^e	3.49 ^e		3.48, m ^e	3.31, m

5'''			3.43, dq (12.4, 6.2)		3.66 ^e	3.70–3.64, m ^e	3.47, m
6'''	1.12, d (6.2)	1.11, d (6.1)	1.12, d (6.2)	1.12, d (6.1)	1.30, d (6.1)	1.28, d (6.1)	1.14, d (6.1)
					2''-Glucosyl	2''-Glucosyl	
1''''					4.56, d (7.2)	4.51, d (7.8)	
2''''					3.23 ^e	3.25, m ^e	
3''''					3.39 ^e	3.35, m ^e	
4''''					3.32 ^e	3.31 ^e	
5''''					3.32 ^e	3.36, m ^e	
6''''					3.86 ^e	4.49, m ^e	
					3.71 ^e	4.18, dd (5.9, 12.0)	
					3''-Glucosyl	3''-Glucosyl	
1'''''					4.45, d (7.2)	4.75, d (7.8)	
2'''''					3.35 ^e	3.32, m ^e	
3'''''					3.47 ^e	3.36, m ^e	
4'''''					3.29 ^e	3.28, m ^e	
5'''''					3.74 ^e	3.71, m ^e	
6'''''					4.53 ^e	4.56, m ^e	
					4.42 ^e	4.41, m ^e	
					6''''-(E)-p-coumaroyl	4''-Glucosyl	
1''''''						4.71, d (7.9)	
2''''''					6.24, d (15.9)	3.08, t (8.5)	
3''''''					7.53, d (15.9)	3.30, m ^e	
4''''''						3.25, m ^e	
5''''''/9''''''					7.06, d (8.5)	3.22, m ^e	

6''''/8''''	6.34, d (8.5)	3.80, m ^e 3.62, m ^e
		6''''-(E)-p-coumaroyl
1''''		
2''''		6.11, d (15.9)
3''''		7.42, d (15.9)
4''''		
5''''/ 9''''		7.24, d (8.5)
6''''/ 8''''		6.65, d (8.5)
7''''		
		6''''-(E)-p-coumaroyl
1''''		
2''''		6.15, d (15.9)
3''''		7.45, d (15.9)
4''''		
5''''/ 9''''		6.95, d (8.6)
6''''/ 8''''		6.27, d (8.6)
7''''		

^a Recorded in DMSO-*d*6 at 600 MHz; ^b Recorded in DMSO-*d*6 at 500 MHz; ^c Recorded in methanol-*d*4 at 400 MHz; ^d Recorded in methanol-*d*4 at 500 MHz; ^e Overlapped.

1 **Table S2.** ¹³C NMR data for compounds **1–6, 8 and 9.**

position	1^a	2^b	3^a	4^c	5^d	6^a	8^c	9^b
	δ_C	δ_C	δ_C	δ_C	δ_C	δ_C	δ_C	δ_C
2	156.9	156.8	156.7	161.5	158.5	156.1	158.0	147.5
3	133.5	133.5	133.8	135.5	135.4	133.1	136.1	136.1
4	177.7	177.4	177.7	179.4	179.2	177.4	179.2	176.1
5	160.9	160.1	160.8	163.0	162.5	161.2	162.5	160.4
6	98.4	98.4	99.4	100.0	100.6	98.9	100.4	98.8
7	161.6	161.6	161.6	166.0	163.4	164.8	163.2	161.4
8	94.5	94.5	94.5	94.9	95.3	93.7	95.3	94.3
9	156.0	156.0	155.9	158.5	157.7	156.4	157.4	155.8
10	105.6	105.7	105.6	105.6	107.5	103.8	107.5	104.7
1'	120.7	120.8	120.5	122.7	122.3	120.8	122.3	121.6
2'	131.1	131.0	131.6	132.4	131.9	130.8	131.9	129.7
3'	115.1	115.2	115.3	116.1	116.6	115.1	116.6	115.5
4'	160.3	160.9	160.3	159.4	161.7	160.0	161.4	159.4
5'	115.1	115.2	115.3	116.1	116.6	115.1	116.6	115.5
6'	131.1	131.0	131.6	132.4	131.9	130.8	131.9	159.4
	<i>3-Galactosyl</i>	<i>3-Glucosyl</i>	<i>3-arabinosyl</i>	<i>3-Glucosyl</i>	<i>3-Rhamnosyl</i>	<i>3-Glucosyl</i>	<i>3-Rhamnosyl</i>	
1''	101.5	100.7	101.2	104.6	101.3	100.9	101.5	
2''	71.6	74.2	70.7	75.7	80.5	74.2	81.7	
3''	73.1	76.4	71.5	78.1	81.7	76.4	80.8	
4''	67.9	70.2	66.0	71.4	71.5	69.9	78.3	
5''	75.9	77.6	64.2	77.2	71.8	77.5	70.7	
6''	60.2	60.9		68.6	17.7	60.8	17.9	
	<i>7-Rhamnosyl</i>	<i>7-Rhamnosyl</i>	<i>7-Rhamnosyl</i>	<i>6''-Rhamnosyl</i>	<i>7-Rhamnosyl</i>		<i>7-Rhamnosyl</i>	<i>7-Rhamnosyl</i>
1'''	99.8	99.4	98.3	102.4	99.8		99.7	98.4
2'''	70.1	69.9	70.1	72.1	71.7		71.7	70.1
3'''	70.3	70.1	70.2	73.9	72.1		72.0	70.3
4'''	71.2	71.6	71.6	75.7	73.6		73.6	71.6
5'''	69.8	69.8	69.8	69.7	71.1		71.1	69.9
6'''	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	18.1		18.2	18.0
					<i>2''-Glucosyl</i>		<i>2''-Glucosyl</i>	
1''''					105.9		106.0	
2''''					75.3		75.2	
3''''					77.8		78.1	
4''''					77.8		71.8	
5''''					77.9		75.1	
6''''					62.8		64.4	

1''''	<i>3''-Glucosyl</i>	<i>3''-Glucosyl</i>
2''''	106.1	105.3
3''''	75.3	75.3
4''''	77.8	77.6
5''''	72.4	72.4
6''''	75.9	75.9
	65.2	65.2
1''''''	<i>6''''-(E)-p-</i>	<i>4''-Glucosyl</i>
2''''''	168.9	104.0
3''''''	114.8	75.7
4''''''	146.8	78.6
5''''''	126.6	71.8
6''''''	130.5	77.6
7''''''	116.3	62.8
	160.7	
1''''''''		<i>6''''-(E)-p-</i>
2''''''''		169.0
3''''''''		114.8
4''''''''		146.7
5''''''''/		126.9
6''''''''/		131.0
8''''''''		116.5
7''''''''		160.9
1''''''''''		<i>6''''-(E)-p-</i>
2''''''''''		168.9
3''''''''''		114.7
4''''''''''		146.5
5''''''''''/		126.5
6''''''''''/		130.4
8''''''''''		116.3
7''''''''''		160.6

^a Recorded in DMSO-*d*6 at 150 MHz; ^b Recorded in DMSO-*d*6 at 125 MHz; ^c Recorded in methanol-*d*4 at 100 MHz; ^d Recorded in methanol-*d*4 at 125 MHz.

Table S3. ¹H and ¹³C NMR data for compound 7

position	7^a		No.	7^b	
	δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in	δ_{C}		δ_{H} , mult (<i>J</i> in	δ_{C}
2		157.1	2''-Glucosyl		
3		134.6	1''''	4.32, d (7.8)	106.0
4		177.9	2''''	3.05, t (8.3)	73.7
5		161.0	3''''	3.21, m	76.0
6	6.40, brs	99.4	4''''	3.18, m	69.8
7		161.7	5''''	3.33, m ^c	73.6
8	6.65, brs	94.5	6''''	4.23, br d (11.8)	63.0
9		155.9		4.12, dd (11.8, 5.5)	
10		105.7	6''''-(E)-p-coumaroyl		
1'		120.1	1'''''		166.3
2'	7.75, d (8.7)	130.6	2'''''	6.14, d (15.9)	113.8
3'	6.92, d (8.7)	115.4	3'''''	7.41, d (15.9)	144.6
4'		160.3	4'''''		124.9
5'	6.92, d (8.7)	115.4	5'''''	7.35, d (8.6)	130.0
6'	7.75, d (8.7)	130.6	6'''''	6.68, d (8.6)	115.6
3-Rhamnosyl			7'''''		159.8
1''	5.63, s	100.6	8'''''	6.68, d (8.6)	115.6
2''	4.14, br s	81.8	9'''''	7.35, d (8.6)	130.0
3''	3.55, dd (9.6, 3.2)	70.1	5-OH	12.53, s	
4''	3.13, m ^c	71.7			
5''	3.37, m ^c	70.2			
6''	0.92, d (6.2)	17.4			
7-Rhamnosyl					
1'''	5.51, s	98.5			
2'''	3.84, br s	69.8			
3'''	3.63, dd (9.3, 3.2)	70.1			
4'''	3.29, m ^c	71.6			
5'''	3.44, m ^c	70.1			
6'''	1.12, d (6.1)	17.9			

^a Recorded in DMSO-*d*₆ at 600 MHz; ^b Recorded in DMSO-*d*₆ at 150 MHz; ^c Overlapped

Table S4.

Gene (human)	Sequences of primer used	
p16INK4A	Forward	ATATGCCTTCCCCCACTACC
	Reverse	CGTGAGTGCTCACTCCAGAA
p21CIP1	Forward	ATGAAATTCACCCCCTTCC
	Reverse	CCCTAGGCTGTGCTCACTTC
p53	Forward	GGCCCACTTCACCGTACTAA
	Reverse	GTGGTTTCAAGGCCAGATGT
Glb1	Forward	TTTGACTACCTGCGCTTCT
	Reverse	AGTCCACCGTGGTGTAGAGG
IL-6	Forward	AGGAGACTTGCCTGGTGAAA
	Reverse	CAGGGGTGGTTATTGCATCT
IL-8	Forward	GTGCAGTTTTGCCAAGGAGT
	Reverse	CTCTGCACCCAGTTTTCTT
IL-1 α	Forward	ATCAGTACCTCACGGCTGCT
	Reverse	TGGGTATCTCAGGCATCTCC
IL-1 β	Forward	CTGTCCTGCGTGTTGAAAGA
	Reverse	TTCTGCTTGAGAGGTGCTGA
18s	Forward	CTACCACATCCAAGGAAGCA
	Reverse	TTTTTCGTCACCTACCTCCCCG