

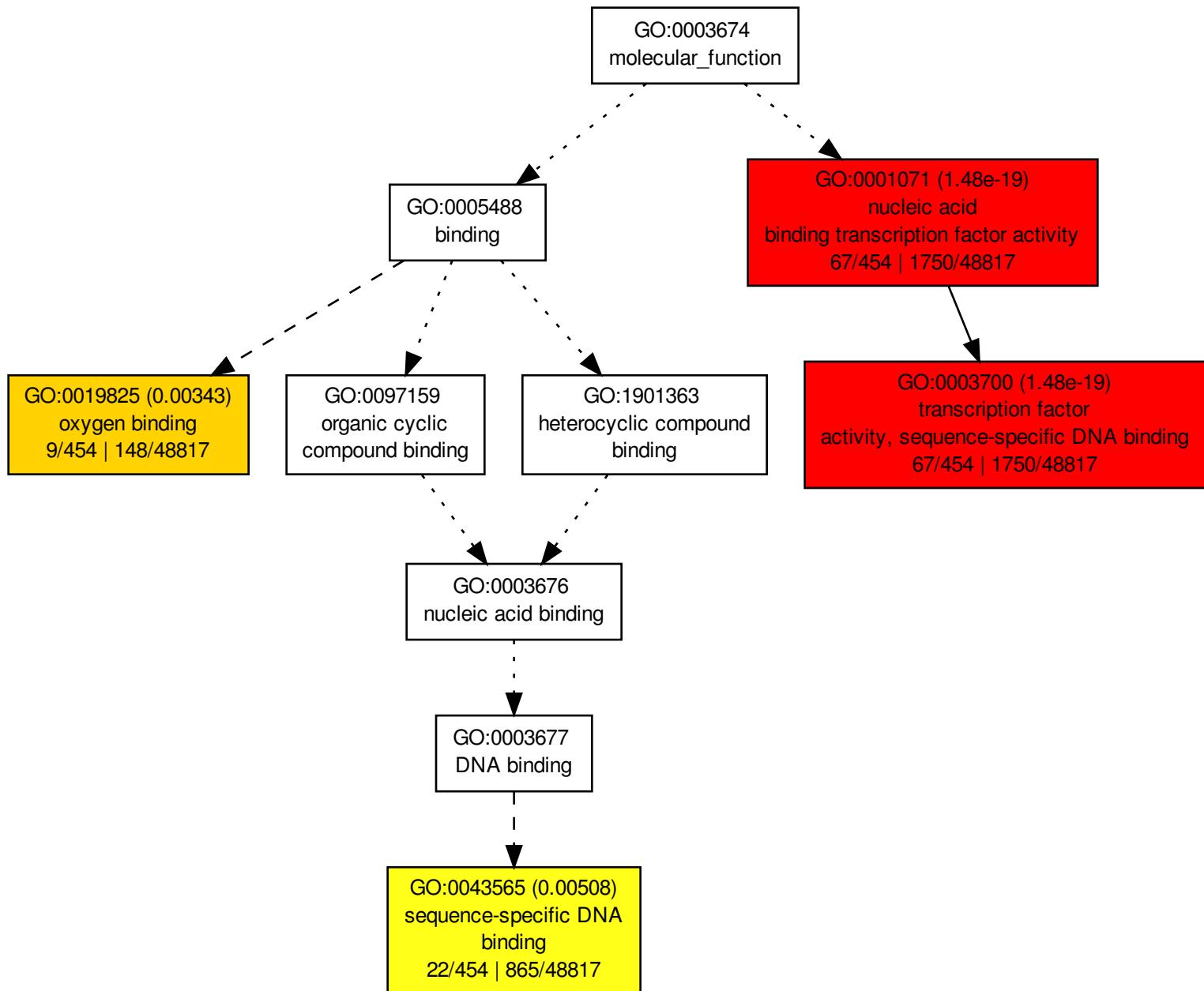
Supplementary figures

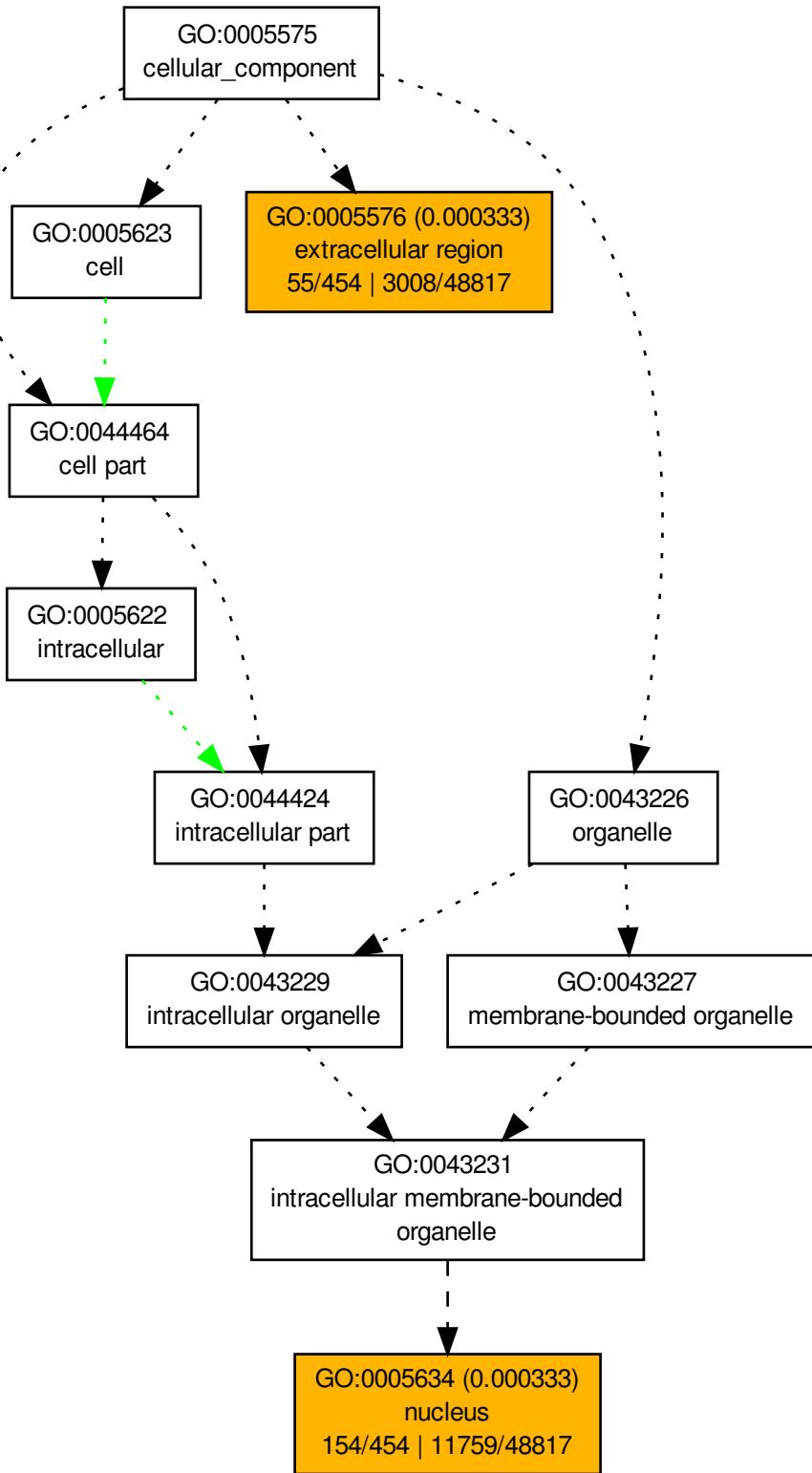
Transcriptome analyses suggest that changes in fungal endophyte lifestyle could be involved in grapevine bud necrosis

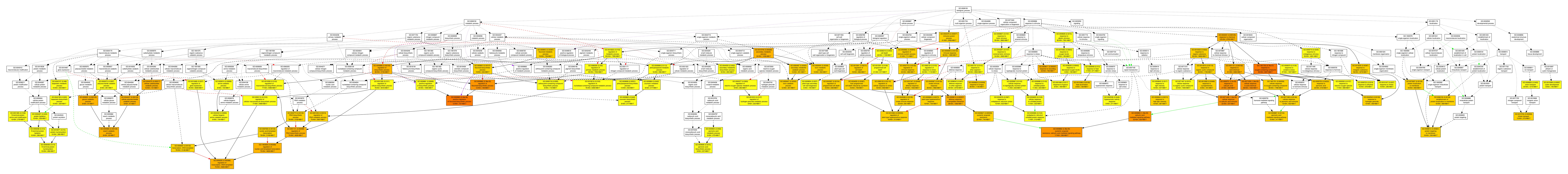
Thales Henrique Cherubino Ribeiro¹, Christiane Noronha Fernandes-Brum¹, Claudia Rita de Souza², Frederico Alcantara Novelli Dias², Osmar De Almeida Junior³, Murilo de Albuquerque Regina², Kellen Kauanne Pimenta de Oliveira¹, Gabriel Lasmar dos Reis¹, Larissa Maia Oliveira⁴, Fernanda de Paula Fernandes², Laurent Torregrosa⁵, Jorge Teodoro de Souza⁴, Antonio Chalfun-Junior (ORCID 0000-0002-1794-9429)^{1*}

- 1. Laboratory of Molecular Plant Physiology, Department of Biology, Federal University of Lavras, Lavras, Brazil**
- 2. Technological Center of Grape and Wine Research, Agronomical Research Institute of Minas Gerais, Caldas, Brazil**
- 3. Coordination of Integral Technical Assistance of São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil**
- 4. Department of Phytopathology, Federal University of Lavras, Lavras, Brazil**
- 5. Montpellier SupAgro, France**

***Corresponding author at: Laboratory of Molecular Plant Physiology, Biology Department, Federal University of Lavras (UFLA), s/n - Cx. P. 3037- Minas Gerais, Brazil. Fax: +55-35-3829-1887, chalfunjunior@ufla.br**







GO:0003674
molecular_function

⋮

GO:0001071 (3.86e-18)
nucleic acid

binding transcription factor activity
60/395 | 1750/48817

GO:0003700 (3.86e-18)
transcription factor
activity, sequence-specific DNA binding
60/395 | 1750/48817

GO:0005575
cellular_component

:



GO:0005576 (2.19e-12)
extracellular region
69/395 | 3008/48817

