EGF-induced COX-2 regulates metastasis of head and neck squamous cell carcinoma through upregulation of ANGPTL4

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Supplementary S1-S4



Supplementary Fig. 1. The expressions of EGFR, COX-2 and ANGPTL4 are correlated with each other in HNSCC patients. The correlation between the expression of EGFR, COX-2 and ANGPTL4 was evaluated through GEPIA based on TCGA database (Ref: Nucleic Acids Research, 2017, 45:W98-W102).



Supplementary Fig. 2. The expression of ANGPTL4 is regulated by EGF and COX-2 activation. TU183 cells were treated with various concentrations of celecoxib, PGE₂, and 50 ng/ml EGF for 6 h. The expression of ANGPTL4 mRNA and protein was analyzed using RT-PCR and examined by 2% agarose gel electrophoresis or real-time quantitative PCR and ELISA, respectively.



Supplementary Fig. 3. EGF-induced EMT marker is regulated by ANGPTL4 in HNSCC cancer cells. (A, B) Cells were transfected with 20 nM ANGPTL4 siRNA oligonucleotides (siANGPTL4) by lipofection and then treated with 50 ng/ml EGF for 18 h. The expression of ANGPTL4, E-cadherin, Snail, Twist, Fibronectin, MMP-1, and MMP-9 mRNA was analyzed by real-time quantitative PCR in FaDu (A) and TU183 (B) cells. * P<0.05; **P<0.01; ***P<0.01



Supplementary Fig. 4. The expression of ANGPTL4 is essential for PGE_2 -induced expressions of MMP-2 and MMP-9 in TU183 cells: Cells were transfected with 20 nM ANGPTL4 siRNA oligonucleotides (siANGPTL4) by lipofection and then treated with 20 μ M PGE₂. The expression of ANGPTL4, MMP-2, and MMP-9 mRNA was analyzed by real-time quantitative PCR.