

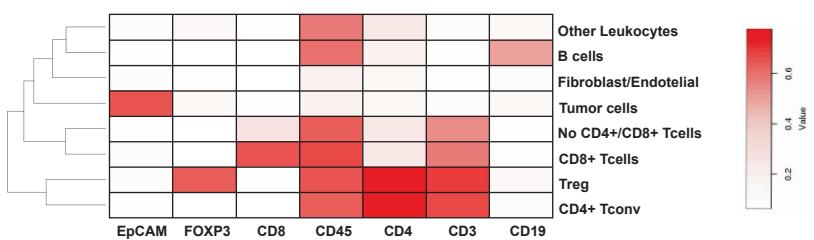
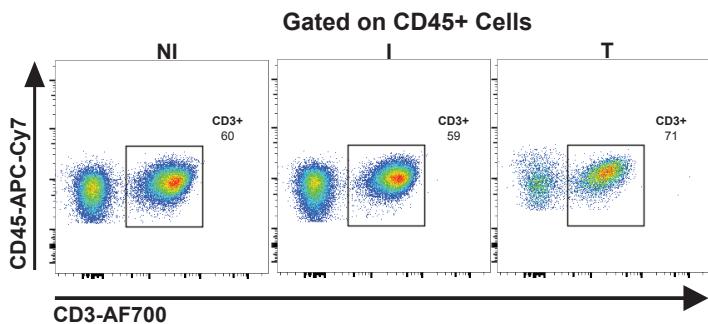
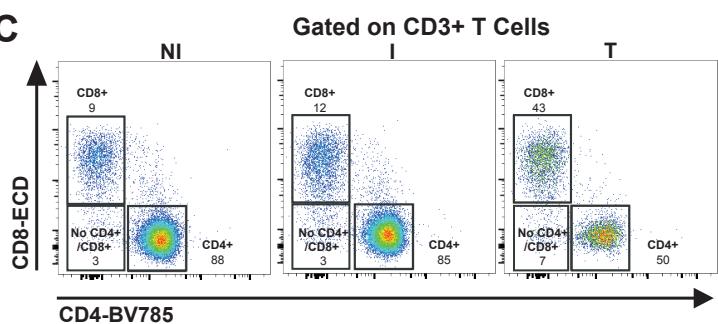
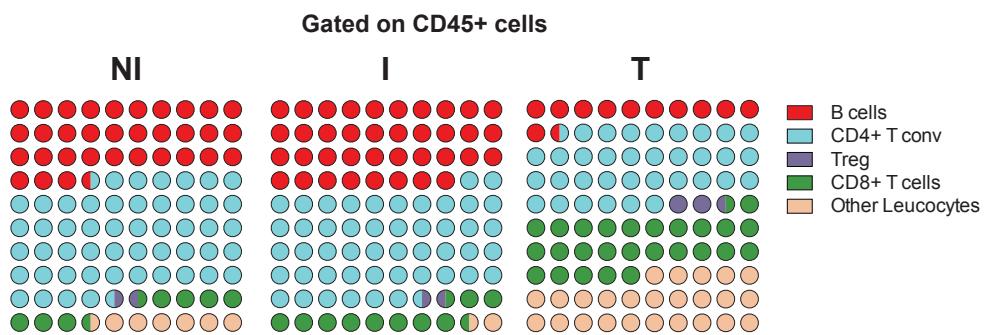
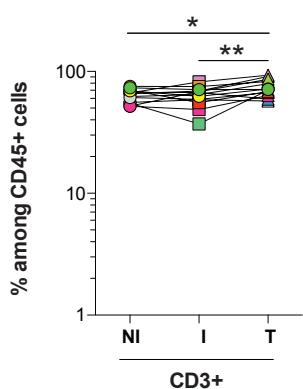
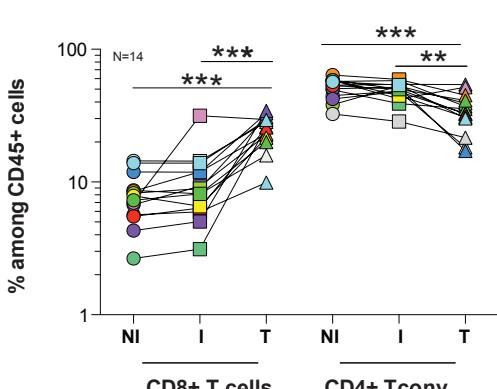
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Tumor invasion in draining lymph nodes is associated with Treg accumulation in breast cancer patients

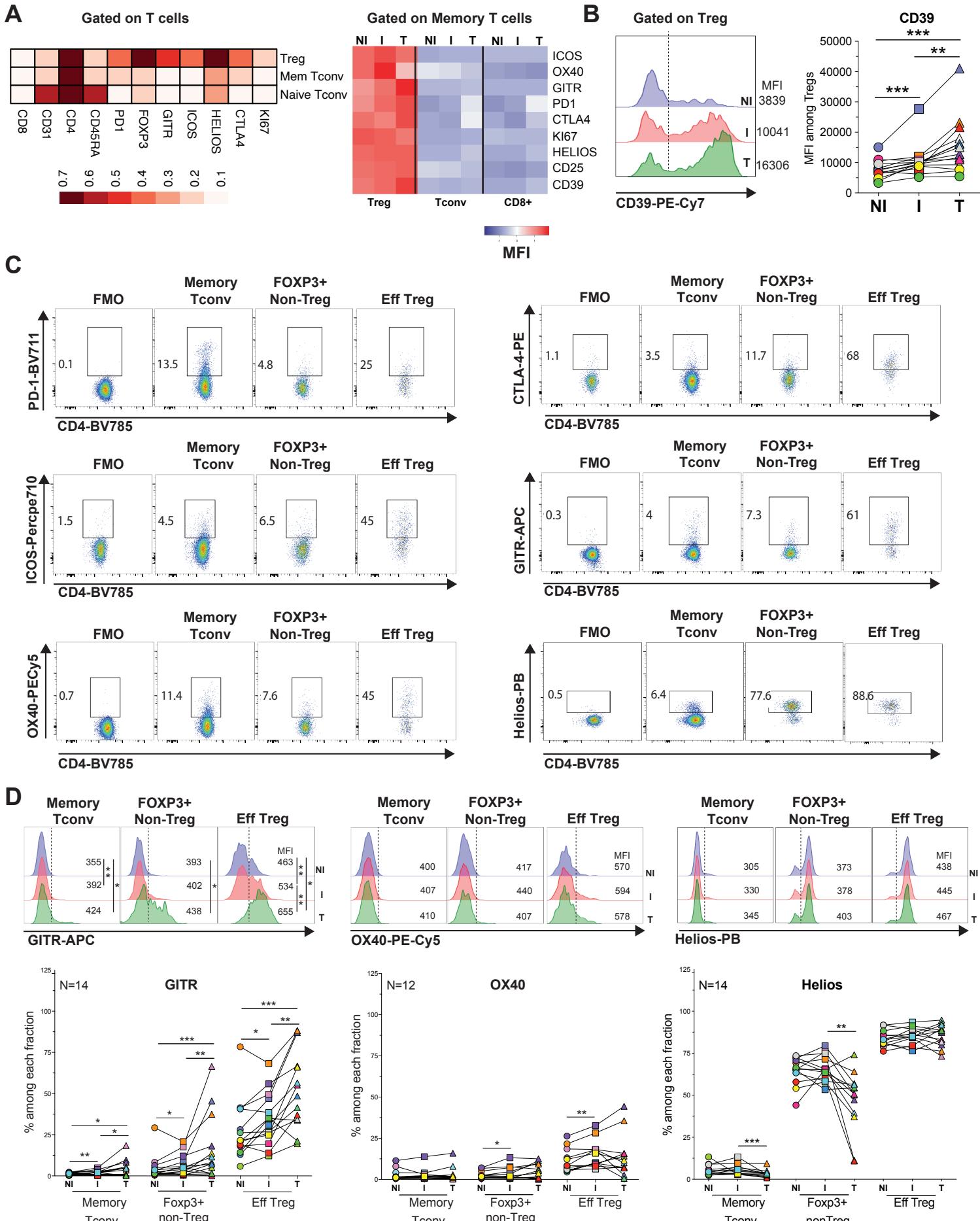
Nicolas Gonzalo Núñez, Jimena Tosello et al.

Corresponding author:

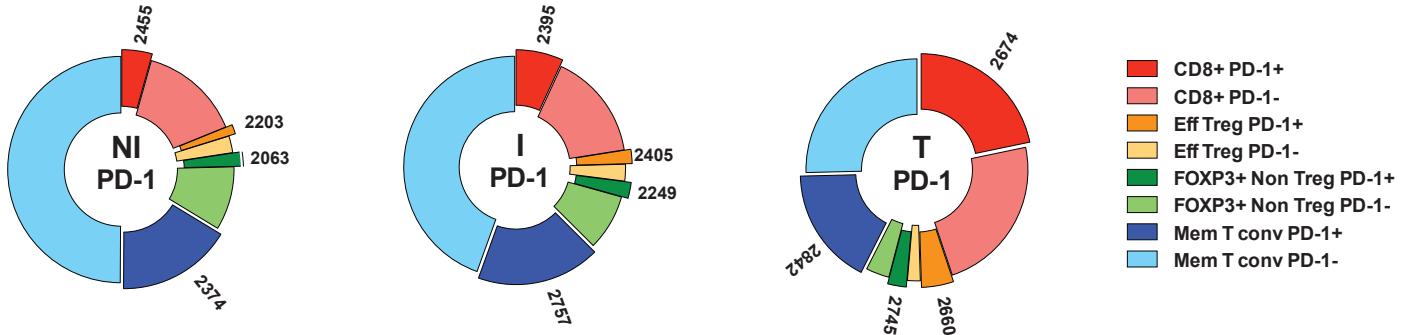
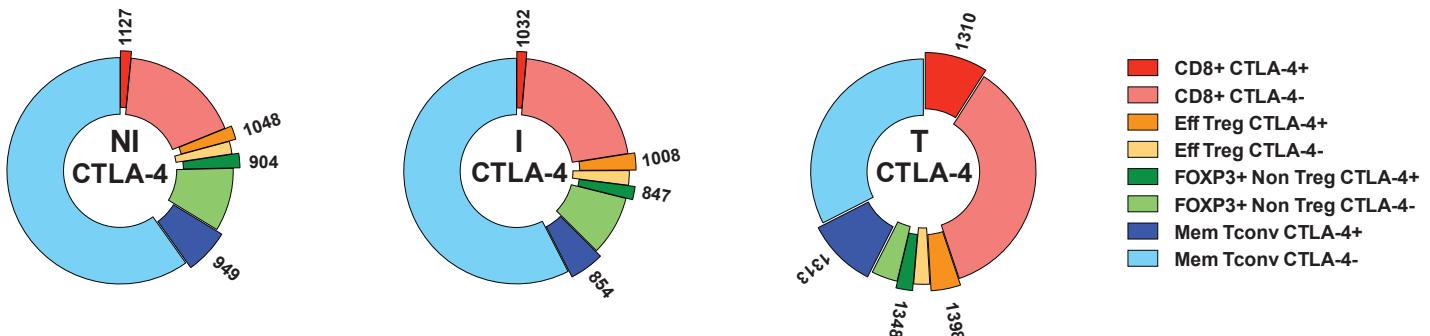
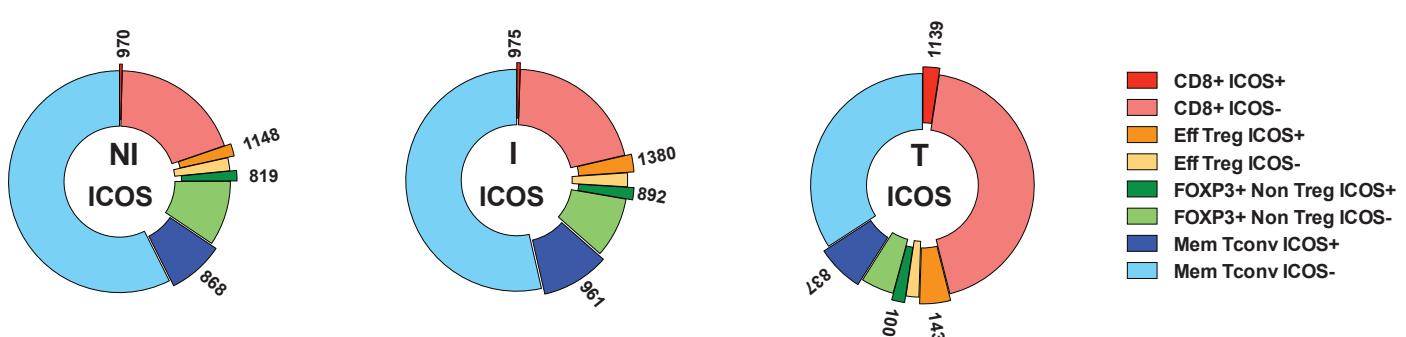
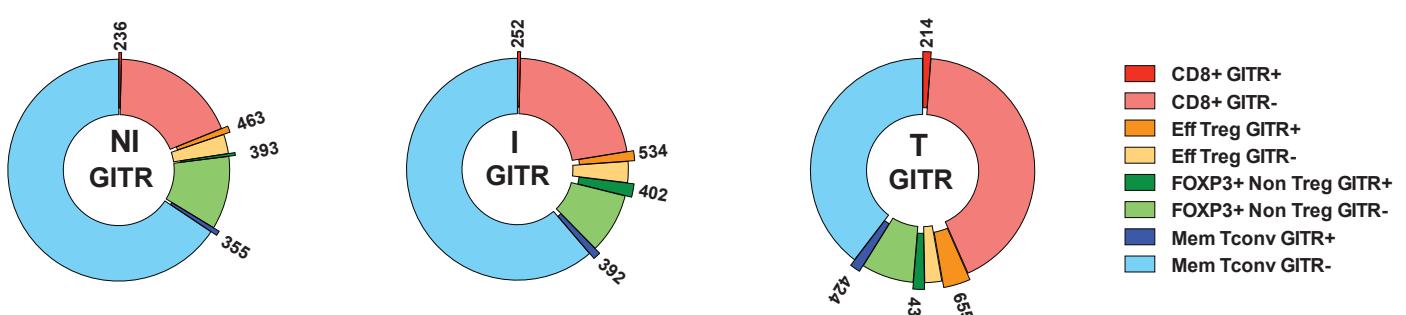
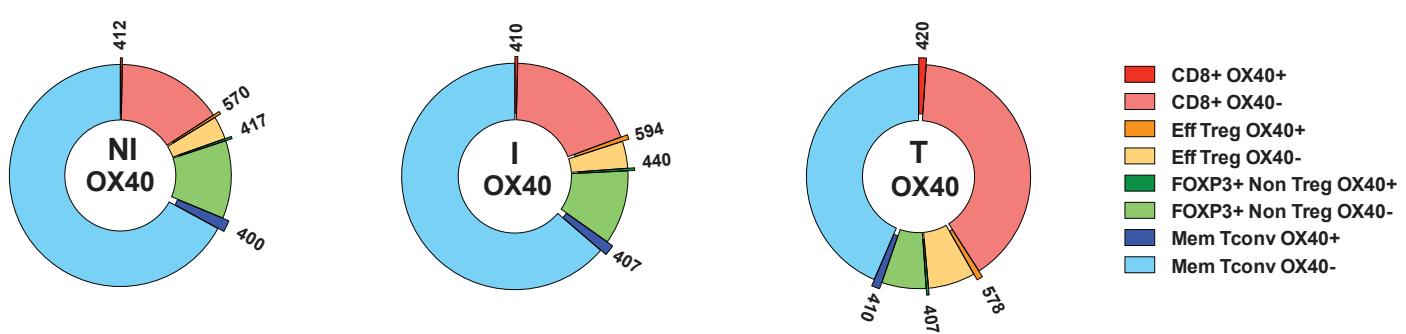
Eliane Piaggio. E-mail: eliane.piaggio@curie.fr

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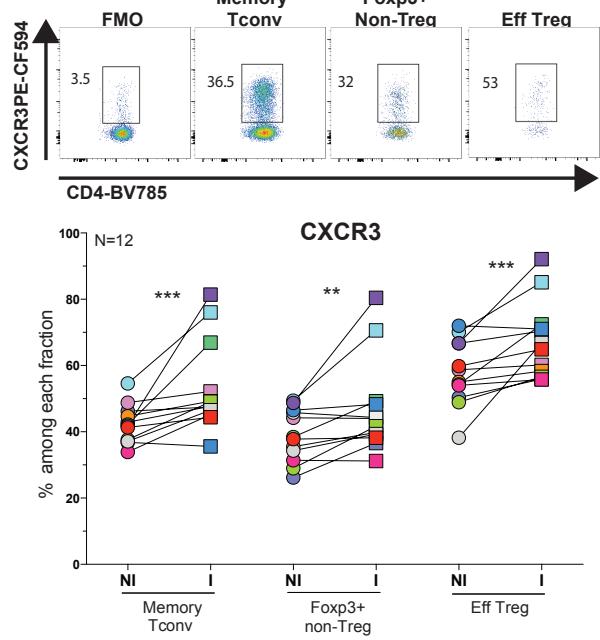
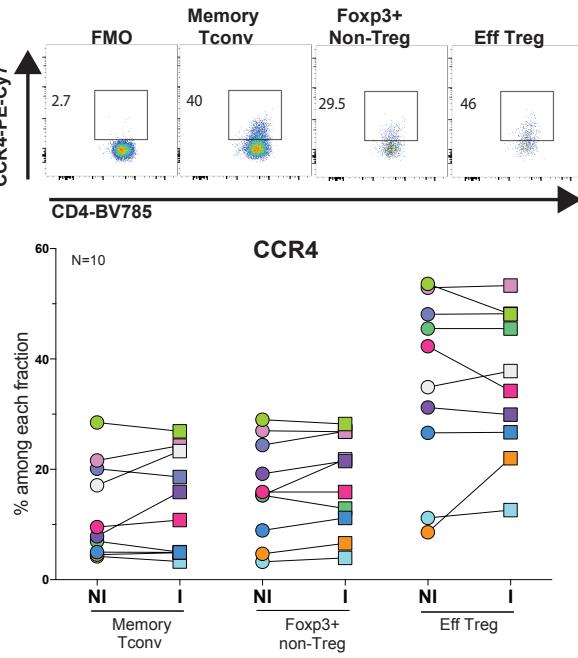
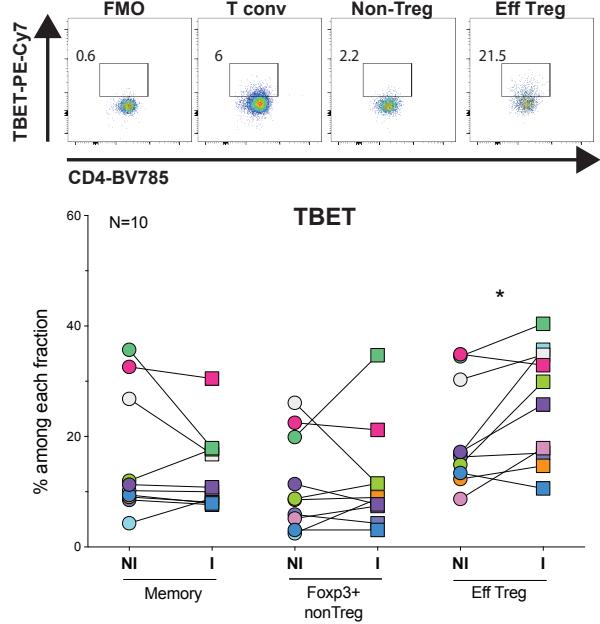
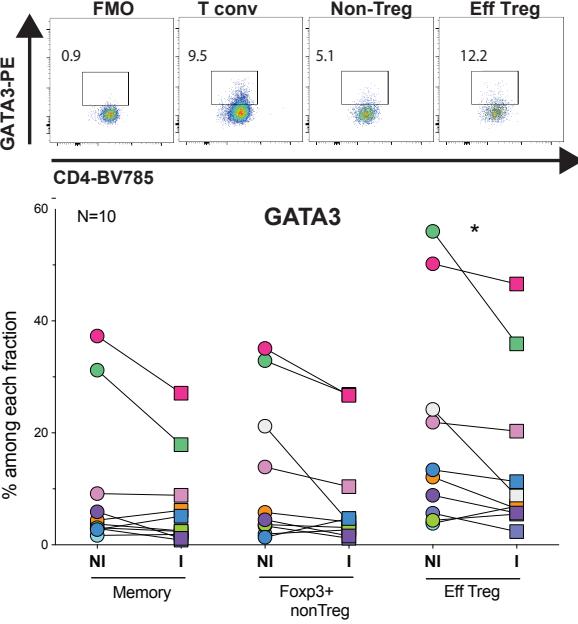
Supplementary Figure 1. Overall distribution of immune cell populations in NI and I TDLNs, and tumor. Cell suspensions of TDLNs and tumors were stained for CD45, CD3, CD4 and CD8. A) Heat map showing the median marker expression value for each defined population from Figure 1E. Red and white indicate higher and lower expression, respectively. B) Representative flow cytometric analysis of CD3+ T cells among CD45+ cells. C) Representative flow cytometric analysis of CD4+ and CD8+ T cells among CD3+ T cells. D) Frequencies of B cell and T cell subpopulations among CD45+ cells in TDLNs and tumor. E) Frequency of T cells among CD45+ cells in TDLNs and tumor (NI TDLN vs T p=0.017; I TDLN vs T p=0.0037). Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed rank test. (N=13). F) Frequency of CD8+ and CD4+ Tconv cells among CD45+ cells in TDLNs and tumor (CD8+ T cells: NI TDLN vs T p=0.0001; I TDLN vs T p=0.0002; CD4+ Tconv: NI TDLN vs T p=0.0006; I TDLN vs T p=0.0012). Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed rank test, *, p < 0.05, **, p < 0.01, ***, p < 0.001. (N=14).



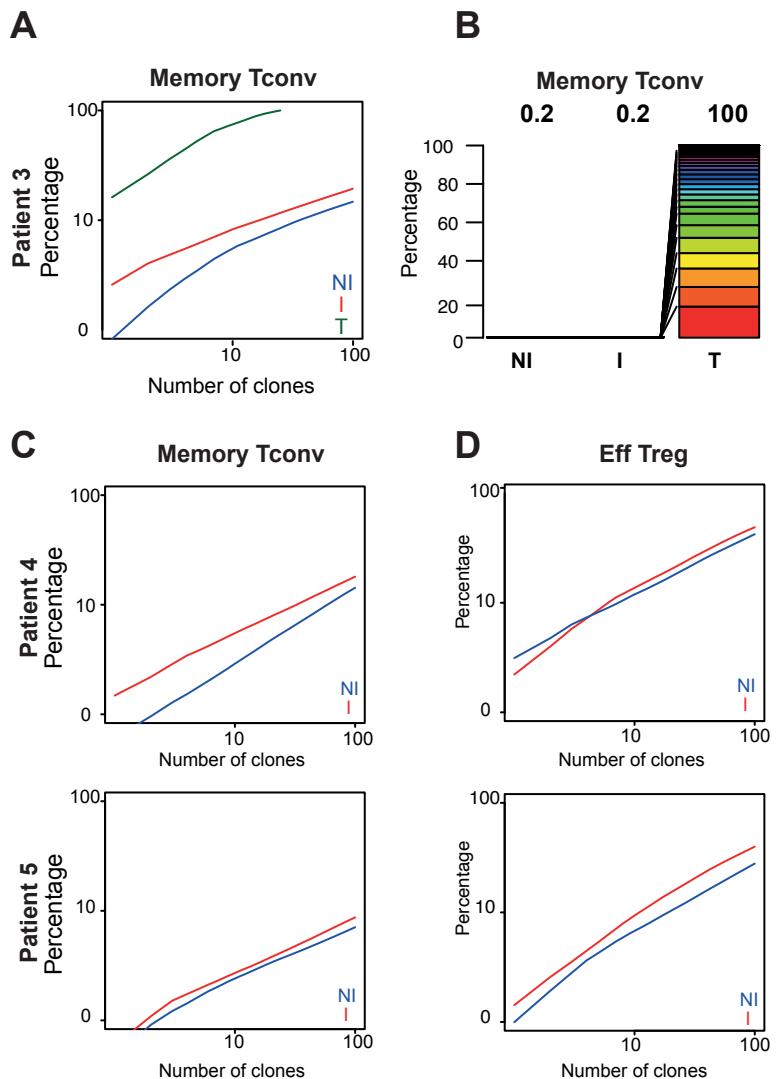
Supplementary Figure 2. Immune checkpoint expression profile of CD4+T cells from TDNLs and tumor. Cell suspensions of TDNLs and tumors were stained for CD3, CD4, CD45RA, FOXP3, ICOS, GITR, OX40, PD-1, CTLA-4, CD31, CD25, CD39, HELIOS and KI67. A) Heat maps showing the median marker expression value for each defined population (left panel) or each tissue (right panel) from Figure 2A. Red and blue indicate higher and lower expression, respectively. B) Representative flow cytometric analysis and MFIs for CD39 among Eff Tregs in TDNLs and tumor. NI vs I TDNLs p=0.0009; NI TDNL vs T p=0.0001; I TDNL vs T p=0.0012. Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed rank test .(N=14). C) Representative flow cytometric analysis and MFIs for PD-1, CTLA-4, ICOS, GITR, OX40 and Helios among the indicated memory CD4+ T cell subpopulations. D) Representative histograms and frequencies of GITR (Memory Tconv: NI vs I TDNLs p=0.0031; NI TDNL vs T p=0.0101; I TDNL vs T p=0.0494; Foxp3+non-Treg: NI vs I TDNLs p=0.0419; NI TDNL vs T p=0.0009; I TDNL vs T p=0.0052; Eff Treg: NI vs I TDNLs p=0.0245; NI TDNL vs T p=0.0001; I TDNL vs T p=0.0017), OX40 (Foxp3+non-Treg: NI vs I TDNLs p=0.0425; Eff Treg: NI vs I TDNLs p=0.0024) and Helios (Memory Tconv: I TDNL vs T p=0.0005; Foxp3+non-Treg: I TDNL vs T p=0.0024) among the indicated memory CD4+ T cell subpopulations in TDNLs and tumor.(N=14). Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed rank test, *, p < 0.05, **, p < 0.01, ***, p < 0.001.

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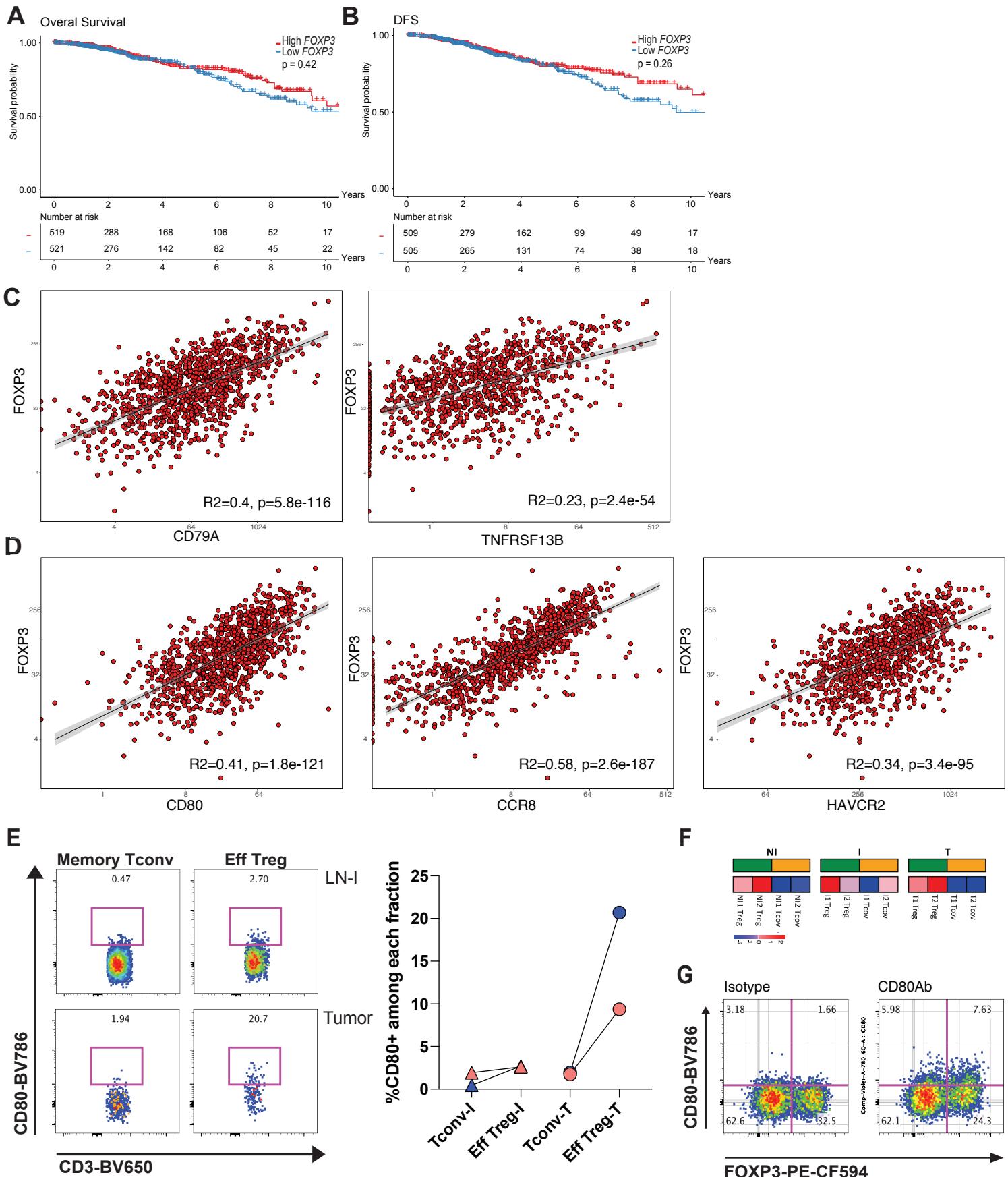
Supplementary Figure 3. Immune checkpoint expression profile of T cells from TDLNs, and tumor. Pie charts illustrating the relative size of CD8+ T cells, effector Tregs, FOXP3+ Non Treg (activated Tconvs) and, memory Tconvs cell populations expressing PD-1(A), CTLA-4(B), ICOS(C), GITR(D), and OX40(E). Exploded and darker slices represent the positive and target populations. The data are quoted as the mean MFI for each T cell subpopulation (N=12).

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Supplementary Figure 4. CD4+ T cell chemokine receptors and transcription factors in TDNLs. Cell suspensions of TDNLs were stained for CD3, CD4, CD45RA, FOXP3, CXCR3, CCR4, Tbet and Gata3. Representative flow cytometric analysis (upper panel) and frequency (lower panel) of (A) CXCR3 (Memory Tconv: $p=0.0010$; Foxp3+non-Treg: $p=0.0088$; Eff Treg: $p=0.0010$ in NI vs I TDNLs), (B) CCR4 , (C) Tbet (Eff Treg: $p=0.0273$ in NI vs I TDNLs) and (D) Gata3 (Eff Treg: $p=0.0195$ in NI vs I TDNLs)among gated CD4+ T cell subpopulations ($N=12$) in TDNLs. Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed rank test, *, $P < 0.05$, **, $P < 0.01$, ***, $P < 0.001$



Supplementary Figure 5. TCR repertoire of Tconvs and Tregs from TDLNs, and tumor. Next-generation-sequencing-based high-throughput TCR- β CDR3 analysis of bulk sorted memory T CD4+ Tconvs and Tregs from matched NI and I TDLNs and the primary tumor. A, C-D) Graphs show cumulative frequencies of TCR- β CDR3 clones of memory Tconv or Tregs from NI TDLNs (blue), I TDLNs (red) and the corresponding primary tumor when available (green), for three patients. B) Stacked bar chart depicting the usage frequencies of the top 100 tumor TCR- β CDR3 sequences and their distribution in matched NI and I TDLNs shown for Tconvs, for one patient. Numbers in the graphs indicate percentage of shown TCR- β CDR3 sequences out of total TCR- β CDR3 sequences in the sample.



Supplementary Figure 6. Clinical outcome of DEGs normalized to FOXP3 and CD80 expression. OS (A) and DFS (B) of patients with breast cancer stratified by high or low median intensity of the *FOXP3* gene. (C) Scatter plots and linear regression graphs of the correlation between the reads per million (RPM) of *CD79A*, *TNFRSF13B* genes vs *FOXP3* gene. (D) Scatter plots and linear regression graphs of the correlation between the reads per million (RPM) of *CD80*, *CCR8* and *HAVCR2* genes vs *FOXP3* gene. (E) Representative flow cytometric analysis (left panel) and frequency (right panel) of *CD80* expression on Tconv and Treg cells from I TDLNs or tumor (N=2). (F) Heatmaps showing *CD80* gene expression on Tregs and Tconvs from the 3 tissues. (G) Representative dot plot of *CD80* expression versus *FOXP3* expression on gated CD4+ T cells from tumor.

Supplementary Table 1. Clinical and pathological data of the luminal breast cancer patients

Characteristics	Patients (N=54)	Value
Age (years)		57 ± 14
Lymph node status		
Negative (N0)	0	0%
N1 (1–3)	30	56%
N2 (4–9)	14	26%
N3 (>9)	10	19%
Stage		
I	0	0%
II	26	48%
III	27	50%
IV	1	2%
Histology		
Invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC)	42	78%
Invasive lobular carcinoma (ILC)	8	15%
Others (papillary, medullary, mucinous)	4	7%
Tumor size (cm)		
T1 (≤2)	16	30%
T2 (2–5)	28	52%
T3 (>5)	10	19%
Hormone receptor status		
Estrogen receptor (ER)	53	98%
Progesterone receptor (PR)	45	83%
Histological grade (Elston and Ellis)		
Well differentiated (I)	5	9%
Moderately differentiated (II)	31	57%
Poorly differentiated (III)	18	33%

Supplementary Table 2. Immune profile of matched NI and I TDLNs and tumors

Among/CD45	NI (Mean \pm SD)	I (Mean \pm SD)	T (Mean \pm SD)
B cells	33,27 \pm 8,09	38,12 \pm 6,13	11,56 \pm 3,51
Tconv	51,25 \pm 8,95	48,2 \pm 8,07	33,31 \pm 11,26
Treg	0,88 \pm 0,75	1,38 \pm 1,32	3,87 \pm 5,34
CD8+ T cells	8,23 \pm 3,39	10,71 \pm 6,95	26,16 \pm 6,76

Supplementary Table 3. TCR beta repertoire of CD4+ T cells from TDLNs and tumors

Tconv

Patient	Sample	Number of sorted CD4+ Tconv cells	TCR beta		
			Total number of reads	Number of clones	% of shared clones*
1	NI	478993	393624	28246	1,0
	I	412819	167364	16214	10,5
	T	18294	82181	511	100,0
2	NI	796012	606802	40265	3,4
	I	613134	162613	18735	4,5
	T	17014	82303	1118	100,0
3	NI	680475	377915	25178	0,2
	I	514570	337532	8805	0,2
	T	2637	35796	25	100,0
4	NI	333649	2045304	5022	NA
	I	245321	73691	6856	NA
5	NI	628078	613389	45005	NA
	I	279838	142722	21283	NA

* among top 100 clones in the tumor

Treg

Patient	Sample	Number of sorted Treg cells	TCR beta		
			Total number of reads	Number of clones	% of shared clones*
1	NI	15000	226679	1429	2,6
	I	25206	357978	3542	1,9
	T	2015	63779	73	100,0
2	NI	14578	401493	1951	1,6
	I	9972	104711	829	17,5
	T	500	50831	66	100,0
3	NI	10129	70418	492	NA
	I	15125	71691	375	NA
4	NI	15100	443905	983	NA
	I	20059	35986	750	NA
5	NI	15062	199055	1966	NA
	I	10044	103601	1105	NA

* among top 100 clones in the tumor

Supplementary Table 4. TCR beta repertoire overlap of CD4+ T cells from matched TDLNs and tumors

Shared TCRs between Tregs and Tconvs in each tissue							
Tissue	Patients TCRs	1	2	3	4	5	Mean
NI	# clones	184	449	144	21	408	
	% of Tregs	12,9	23,0	29,3	2,1	20,8	17,6
I	# clones	483	134	54	84	179	
	% of Tregs	13,6	16,2	14,4	11,2	16,2	14,3
T	# clones	14	16	ND	ND	ND	
	% of Tregs	19,2	24,2	ND	ND	ND	21,7

Shared TCR between T-Tregs and TDLN's Tconvs							
Tissue	Patients TCRs	1	2	3	4	5	Mean
T-Tregs vs NI-Tconvs	# clones	7	16	ND	ND	ND	
	% of Tregs	9,6	24,2	ND	ND	ND	16,9
T-Tregs vs I-Tconvs	# clones	16	18	ND	ND	ND	
	% of Tregs	16,4	27,3	ND	ND	ND	21,9

*The percentage of shared clones was calculated as number of shared clones/ total number of Treg clones x 100, for each tissue.

Supplementary Table 5. Clones and providers of FACs antibodies

Antigens	Clones	Fluorochromes	Dilution	Isotypes	Manufacturers
2B4	C1.7	APC	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD27	O323	BV605	1/200	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD3	OKT3	BV650	1/100	mouse IgG2a, κ	BD Biosciences
CD4	OKT4	BV785	1/150	mouse IgG2b, κ	BD Biosciences
PD1	EH12.2H7	BV711	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
TIM3	F38-2E2	BV421	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
GITR	DT5D3	APC	1/100	mouse IgG1	Miltenyi Biotec
TIM-3	RMT3-23	APC	1/50	mouse IgG1κ	Miltenyi Biotec
KLRG1	REA261	APC-Vio770	1/100	human IgG1	Miltenyi Biotec
CD8	3B5	Alexa 700	1/100	mouse IgG2a, κ	ThermoScientific
EPCAM	1B7	PERCP e710	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	eBioscience
ICOS	ISA-3	PERCP e710	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	eBioscience
CD8	2ST8.5H7	ECD	1/50	mouse IgG2a	Beckman Coulter
CD56	N901	PE-Cy5	1/200	mouse IgG1	Beckman Coulter
CD3	UCHT1	PE-Cy7	1/200	mouse IgG1, κ	Beckman Coulter
CD3	UCHT1	Alexa 700	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD45	2D1	APC Cy7	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD19	HIB19	Alexa 700	1/50	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD80	L307.4	BV786	1/50	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD4	M-T466	APC	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	Miltenyi Biotec
CD45RA	HI100	Alexa 700	1/100	mouse IgG2b, κ	BD Biosciences
CD45RA	HI100	PE-Cy5	1/100	mouse IgG2b, κ	BD Biosciences
OX40	ACT35	PECy5	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD25	M-A251	PE	1/20	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD25	M-A251	APC Cy7	1/20	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CD4	RPA-T4	PE-CF594	1/250	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CCR6	G034E3	BV605	1/150	mouse IgG1, κ	BioLegendTM
CXCR5	51505	APC	1/100	mouse IgG2b, κ	R&D
CXCR3	1C6/CXCR3	PE-CF594	1/50	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CCR4	1G1	PE-Cy7	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CCR7	GO43H7	BV421	1/80	mouse IgG2a, κ	BioLegendTM
CRTh2	BM16	FITC	1/100	rat IgG2A, k	BioLegendTM
CD127	A019D5	BV650	1/40	mouse IgG1, κ	BioLegendTM
CCR10	FAB3478P	PE	1/100	rat IgG2A	R&D

INTRACELLULAR

Antigens	Clones	Fluorochromes	Dilution	Isotypes	Manufacturers
FOXP3	236A/E7	Alexa 488	1/20	mouse IgG1, κ	eBioscience
FOXP3	236A/E7	PE	1/20	mouse IgG1, κ	eBioscience
FOXP3	259D/C7	PE-CF594	1/20	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
GranzymeB	GB11	Alexa647	1/200	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
CTLA-4	Goat polyclonal	PE	1/100		R&D
IL17	BL168	BV711	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BioLegendTM

IFN γ	B27	V450	1/100	mouse IgG1, κ	BD Biosciences
LIVE/DEAD					
Fixable Aqua	ThermoScientific				

Supplementary Table 6. TCR beta primers

PCR1 Forward primers

Alpha Forward

TRAV1	CTGCACGTACCAGACATCTGGTT
TRAV2	GGCTCAAAGCCTCTCAGCAGG
TRAV3	GGATAACCTGTTAAAGCAGCTA
TRAV4	GGATACAAGACAAAAGTACAAACGA
TRAV5	GCTGACGTATTTCTCAATATGGA
TRAV6	GGAAAGGCCCTGTTCTTGCT
TRAV7	GCTGGATATGAGAAGCAGAAAGGA
TRAV8	AGGACTCCAGCTCTCTGAGTA
TRAV9	GTATGTCATATCCTGGAGAAGGT
TRAV10	CAGTGAGAACACAAGTCGACCG
TRAV12.1	CTTAAGTGTGATGTCGTTAC
TRAV12.2	GGGAAAAGCTGAGTTGATAATGT
TRAV12.3	GCTGATGTCACACTCCAGTGG
TRAV13.1	CCCTGGTATAAGCAAGAACCTGG
TRAV13.2	CCCTCAATTCTTACGATTCTGTC
TRAV14	GCAAAATGCAACAGAAGGTCGCTA
TRAV16	TAGAGAGAGCATCAAAAGCTTAC
TRAV17	CGTCTAAATGAAAGAGAAACACAG
TRAV18	CCTGAAAAGTTCAGAAAACCAGGAG
TRAV19	GGTCGGTATTCTTGGAACTTCCAG
TRAV20	GCTGGGGAAAGAAAGGAGAAAGAA
TRAV21	GTCAAGAGAGAGCAAAAGTGGAA
TRAV22	GGACAAAACAGAATGGAAGATTAGC
TRAV23	CCAGATGTGAGTAAAAGAAAGAG
TRAV24	GACTTTAAATGGGATGAAAAGAAGA
TRAV25	GGAGAAGTGAAGAAGCAGAAAAGAC
TRAV26.1	CCAATGAAATGCCCTCTGATCA
TRAV26.2	GCAATGTGAAACACAGAAATGGCT
TRAV27	GGTGGAGAAGTGAAGAAGTGAAG
TRAV29	GGATAAAAATGGAAGATGGAAGATTAC
TRAV30	CCTGATGATATTACTGAGGGTGA
TRAV34	GGTGGGGAAAGGAAAATCTGATAA
TRAV35	GGTGAATTGACTCTAAATGGAAGAC
TRAV36	GCTAACTCAAGTGGATTGAAAAGA
TRAV38	GAAGCTTATAAGCAACAGAAATGCAAC
TRAV39	GGAGCACTGAAGCAGGAGGGAC
TRAV40	GAGAGAACATGGGAAACAGCAAAAC
TRAV41	GCTGAGCTCAGGGAGAAGAAC

Beta Forward

TRBV2	CTGAAATTCGATGATCAATTCTCG
TRBV3-1	TCATTATAATGAAACAGTCCAAATCG
TRBV4	ACTGTCCAAGTCCCTCTCAC
TRBV5-4,8	CAGAGGAAACTYCCCTCTAGATT
TRBV5-1	GAGACACAGAGAAACAAAGGAAACTTC
TRBV6-1	GGTACCACTGACAAGGAGAAGTCC
TRBV6-2,3	GAGGGTACAACGTCCAAAGGAGAGGT
TRBV6-4	GGCAAAGGAGAAAGTCCCTGATGGTT
TRBV6-5,6	AAGGAGAAAGTCCSAATGGTACAA
TRBV6-8	CTGACAAAGAAGGAAAATGGCTAC
TRBV6-9	CACTGACAAAGGAGAAGTCCCCTGAT
TRBV7-2	AGACAAATCAGGGCTCCCCAGTGA
TRBV7-3	GACTCAGGGCTGCCAACGAT
TRBV7-8	CCAGAATGAAGCTCAACTAGACAA
TRBV7-4,6	GGTTCTCTGAGAGGGCTGAG
TRBV7-7	GGCTGCCAGTGTGATGGTTCTC
TRBV7-9	GACTTACTTCCAGAATGAAGCTCAACT
TRBV9	GAGCAGAAAGGAAACATTCTGAAACGATT
TRBV10-1,3	GGCTRATTCTACTACTATGGTT
TRBV10-2	GATAAAGGAGAAGGTCCTGATGCT
TRBV11	GATTACAGTTGCCAAAGGATCGAT
TRBV12-3,4	GATTCAAGGGATGCCGAGGATCG
TRBV12-5	GATTGGGGATGCCAGAGGATCG
TRBV13	GCAGAGCGATAAAAGGAGCATCCCT
TRBV14	TCCGGTATGCCAAACATCGATTCT
TRBV15	GATTAAACAATGAAGCAGACCCCT
TRBV16	GATGAAACAGGTATGCCAAGGAAAG
TRBV18	TATCATAGATGAGTCAGGAATGCCAAG
TRBV19	GACTTICAGAAAGGAGATATGCTGAA
TRBV20-1	CAAGGCCACATACGGCAAGGCCCT
TRBV24-1	CAAAGATATAAAACAAAGGAGAGATCT
TRBV25-1	AGAGAAGGGAGATCTTCTCTGAGT
TRBV27-1	GACTGATAAGGAGATGTTCTGAAAG
TRBV28	GGCTGATCTATTCTCATATGATGTTAA
TRBV29	GCCACATATGAGAAGTGGATTGCTT
TRBV30	GGTGGCCCAGAAATCTCTCAGGCC

PCR1 & 2 Reverse primers

Alpha Reverse with CS2 adaptor (in orange)

CS2-TRAC	TACGGTAGCAGAGACTTGGTCTCGGTGAATAGGCAGACAGACTTGT
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Beta Reverse with CS2 adaptor (in orange)

CS2-TRBC	TACGGTAGCAGAGACTTGGTCTTACAGCTGTTGGCTTTGGGTGTG
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PCR2 Forward primers

Nested alpha forward 2 with adaptor CS1 (in red)

TRAV1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAAGGTCGTTCTCATTCTCTAGTC
TRAV2	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAAGGATACAACATGACCTATGAACGG
TRAV3.1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTTGAGCTGAATTAAACAAGAGGCC
TRAV4.1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTCCCTGTTATCCCTGCCGAC
TRAV5.1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAACAAAGACCAAAAGACTCAGTGTTC
TRAV6	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAAGAGCTGAAGGTACCTTGTATACC
TRAV7	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTAAATGCTACATTACTGAGAATGG
TRAV8	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCATCAAGGTTTGGGCTGAATTAA
TRAV9	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGAAACCCTTCCACTGGAGAA
TRAV10	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATAGCAACTCTGGATGCAAGACAC
TRAV12	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAAGAGATGGAAGGTTACAGCACA
TRAV13.1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGACATTGTTCAAATGTTGGGCCAA
TRAV13.2	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGCAAGGCCAAAGAGTCACCGT
TRAV14	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCCAGAAGGCAAGAAAATCCGCCA
TRAV16	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCTGACCTTAAACAAGGGAGAGA
TRAV17	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATTAAGAGTCAGCTGACTTCCA
TRAV18	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCAGAGGTTTCCAGGCCAGTCT
TRAV19	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCCACAGTTCTCCTCAACTTAC
TRAV20	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGCCACATTAACAAAGAAGGAAGCT
TRAV21	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCCTCGTGGATAATCATCAGGA
TRAV22	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGACTGTCGCTACGGAAACGCTA
TRAV23	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACAAATCTCTCAATAAAAGTGC
TRAV24	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACGAAATAAGTGCACCTTAATACCA
TRAV25	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTTGGAGAAGCAAAAGACAGCT
TRAV26.1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGAAAGACAGAAAGTCAGCACCT
TRAV26.2	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCGCTGAAGACAGAAAGTCAGT
TRAV27	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTAACCTTTCAGTTGGTATGCAA
TRAV29	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTTAAACAAAGTGCACGCC
TRAV30	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAAATATCTGCTTATTAAATGAAAAAGC
TRAV34	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACCAAGTTGGATGAGAAAAGCAGCA
TRAV35	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTAGTTGGTATAACAGGAAAGGA
TRAV36	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGAAGACTAAGTAGCATATTAGATAAG
TRAV38	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTGTAACCTCAGAAAAGCAGCA
TRAV39	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACCTCACTGTGATACCAAAGCCGT
TRAV40	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGCGAAATATTAAGACAAAAACTC
TRAV41	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTAAATTGCCACAAATACACAGG

Nested beta forward 2 with adaptor CS1 (in red)

TRBV2	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCTGATGGATCAAATTCTCTG
TRBV3-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCTCACCTAAATCTCCAGACAAAGCT
TRBV4	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACCTGAATGCCAACAGCTCTC
TRBV5-4,8	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTGAGCTGAATGTGAACGCC
TRBV5-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCATTCTCAGGGCGCAGTTCTCT
TRBV6-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATGGTACAAATGTCCTCAGATTAAACAA
TRBV6-2,3	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACCTGTGATGGCTACATGTCTCAGA
TRBV6-4	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTGTCTCAGAGCAACACAGATGATT
TRBV6-5,6	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTCTCCAGATCAACCCACAGAGGAT
TRBV6-8	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTCTCTAGATTAACACAGGAGATT
TRBV6-9	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGCTACATGTATCCAGATCAAACA
TRBV7-2	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCCCTCTGAGAGAGACTCTG
TRBV7-3	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGTTCTTCAGTCAGGCTCAGGCC
TRBV7-8	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACAGTGTGATCCTCTTTCAGAAA
TRBV7-4,6	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCCCACTCTGAMGATCCAGCGCA
TRBV7-7	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCAGAGGCCAGGGATCCAT
TRBV7-9	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCTCAGAGGCCAAAGGGATCT
TRBV9	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACCTCCGACAAACAGTCCCTGACTT
TRBV10-1,3	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGATGGCTAYAGTGTCTAGATCAA
TRBV10-2	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGTTCTCCAGATCAAAGACAGAGA
TRBV11	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCAGAGGCCAAAGGGATGACT
TRBV12-3,4	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCTAAGATGCCATGCTATTCTC
TRBV12-5	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACACTCAGCAGAGATGCCATGCAACT
TRBV13	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATCTCAGCTAACAGTCTGACT
TRBV14	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGCTGAAAGGACTGGAGGGACGTAT
TRBV15	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGATACTTCAACCCAGGAGCCG
TRBV16	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACGCTAAGTGCCTCCAAAATTCC
TRBV18	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGAACGATTTCGCTGAATTCCCA
TRBV19	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGACAGCTCTCGGGAGAAGA
TRBV20-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGACAAGGTTCTCATCACCATGCAA
TRBV24-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTGTACAGTGTCTCGACAGGC
TRBV25-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAAACAGTCTCCAGAATAAGGACGGA
TRBV27-1	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACATACAAAGTCTCTGAAAGAGAGAGGA
TRBV28	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGGGTACAGTGTCTAGAGAGA
TRBV29	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGTTCCCATGCCGCCAAACCTA
TRBV30	ACACTGACGACATGGTTCTACAGACCCCCAGGAGGCCAGTCAT