

Supplementary File

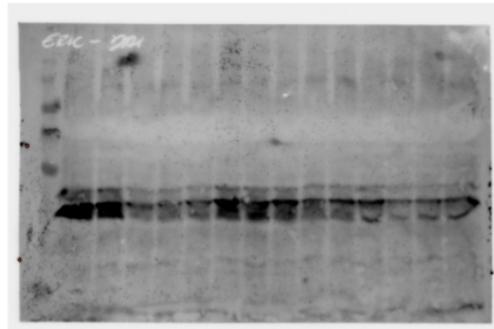
Activation of GPR40 induces hypothalamic neurogenesis through p38- and BDNF-dependent mechanisms

Daiane F. Engel¹, Vanessa C. D. Bobbo¹, Carina S. Solon¹, Guilherme A. Nogueira¹, Alexandre Moura-Assis¹, Natalia F. Mendes¹, Ariane M. Zanesco¹, Athanasios Papangelis², Trond Ulven², Licio A. Velloso^{1,*}

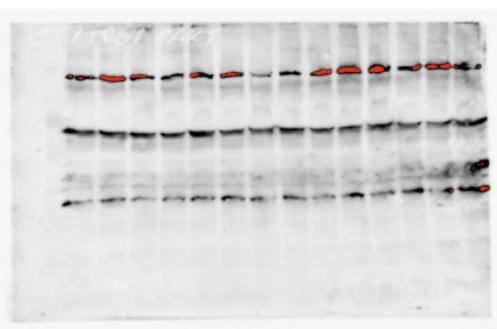
FIGURE S1. The uncut gel images of phospho-ERK, phospho-Akt, total Akt, phospho-P38 and alpha-tubulin immunocontent.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 1. Statistical analysis for all parameters measured using a one-way ANOVA or t-test in the study.

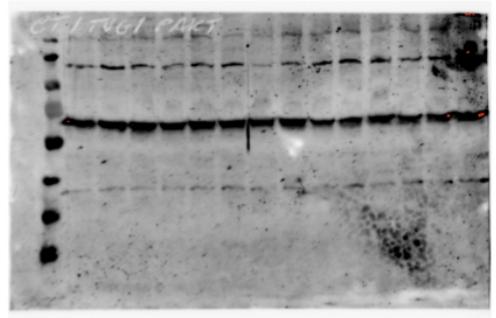
P-ERK



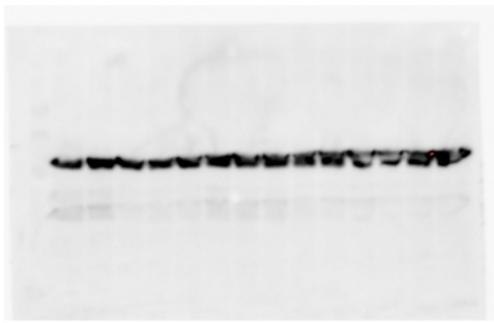
P-Akt



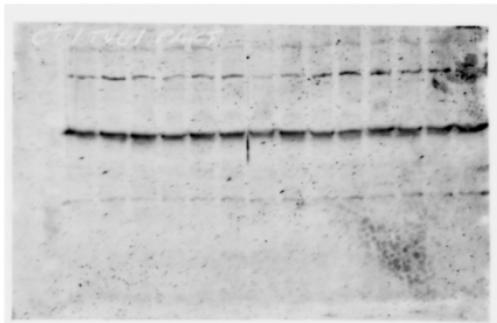
P-P38



alpha-Tubulin



Akt



alpha-Tubulin

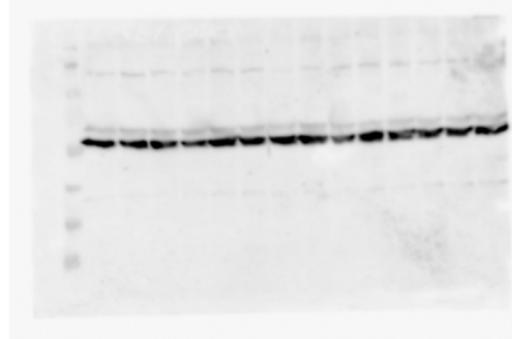


Figure	Analysis
Fig 1C - HVZ	one tailed; $t = 1.98$, df = 13; $p = 0.035$
Fig 1C - PA	one tailed; $t = 1.65$, df = 13; $p = 0.06$
Fig 1D - HVZ	one tailed; $t = 2.24$, df = 9; $p = 0.026$
Fig 1D - PA	one tailed; $t = 1.84$, df = 9; $p = 0.049$
Fig 1H	one way ANOVA [$F(4, 12) = 60.30$; $p < 0.001$
Fig 2C	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 18) = 0.69$; $p = 0.64$
Fig 2D	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 18) = 3.16$; $p = 0.03$
Fig 2E	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 16) = 11.07$; $p < 0.001$
Fig 2F	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 18) = 0.61$; $p = 0.70$
Fig 2G	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 18) = 0.56$; $p = 0.73$
Fig 2H	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 16) = 0.98$; $p = 0.46$
Fig 2I	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 18) = 2.06$; $p = 0.12$
Fig 2J	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 18) = 1.15$; $p = 0.37$
Fig 2K	one way ANOVA [$F(5, 12) = 7.58$; $p = 0.002$
Fig 3B 2h	Two tailed; $t = 14.30$, df = 4; $p < 0.0001$
Fig 3B 4h	Two tailed; $t = 0.98$ df = 3; $p = 0.40$
Fig 3B 8h	Two tailed; $t = 1.90$ df = 3; $p = 0.15$
Fig 3B 24h	Two tailed; $t = 0.75$ df = 4; $p = 0.49$
Fig 3C 2h	Two tailed; $t = 0.73$ df = 4; $p = 0.52$
Fig 3C 4h	Two tailed; $t = 1.50$ df = 4; $p = 0.21$
Fig 3C 8h	Two tailed; $t = 1.14$ df = 4; $p = 0.32$
Fig 3C 24h	Two tailed; $t = 2.86$ df = 4; $p = 0.046$
Fig 3D 2h	Two tailed; $t = 3.89$ df = 6; $p = 0.0081$
Fig 3D 4h	Two tailed; $t = 5.09$ df = 6; $p = 0.0022$
Fig 3D 8h	Two tailed; $t = 0.63$ df = 6; $p = 0.55$
Fig 3D 24h	Two tailed; $t = 0.41$ df = 6; $p = 0.70$
Fig 3E 2h	Two tailed; $t = 1.13$ df = 6; $p = 0.30$
Fig 3E 4h	Two tailed; $t = 2.64$ df = 6; $p = 0.038$
Fig 3E 8h	Two tailed; $t = 0.25$ df = 4; $p = 0.82$
Fig 3E 24h	Two tailed; $t = 2.66$ df = 6; $p = 0.037$
Fig 3F 1h	Two tailed; $t = 0.69$ df = 3; $p = 0.54$
Fig 3F 4h	Two tailed; $t = 0.30$ df = 4; $p = 0.78$
Fig 3G 1h	Two tailed; $t = 2.58$ df = 3; $p = 0.08$
Fig 3G 4h	Two tailed; $t = 2.06$ df = 4; $p = 0.11$
Fig 3H 1h	Two tailed; $t = 1.10$ df = 3; $p = 0.35$
Fig 3H 4h	Two tailed; $t = 2.59$ df = 4; $p = 0.03$
Fig 4B	one way ANOVA [$F(2, 22) = 5.77$; $p = 0.0046$
Fig 4C	one way ANOVA [$F(3, 8) = 10.45$; $p = 0.0038$
Fig 4D	one way ANOVA [$F(3, 27) = 2.35$; $p = 0.09$
Fig 4E	one way ANOVA [$F(3, 28) = 43.17$; $p < 0.0001$
Fig 4F	one way ANOVA [$F(3, 28) = 0.28$; $p = 0.84$
Fig 4G	one way ANOVA [$F(3, 8) = 7.13$; $p = 0.01$
Fig 4I	one way ANOVA [$F(3, 15) = 4.89$; $p = 0.014$

Fig 4J

one way ANOVA [$F(3, 14) = 1.40; p = 0.28$