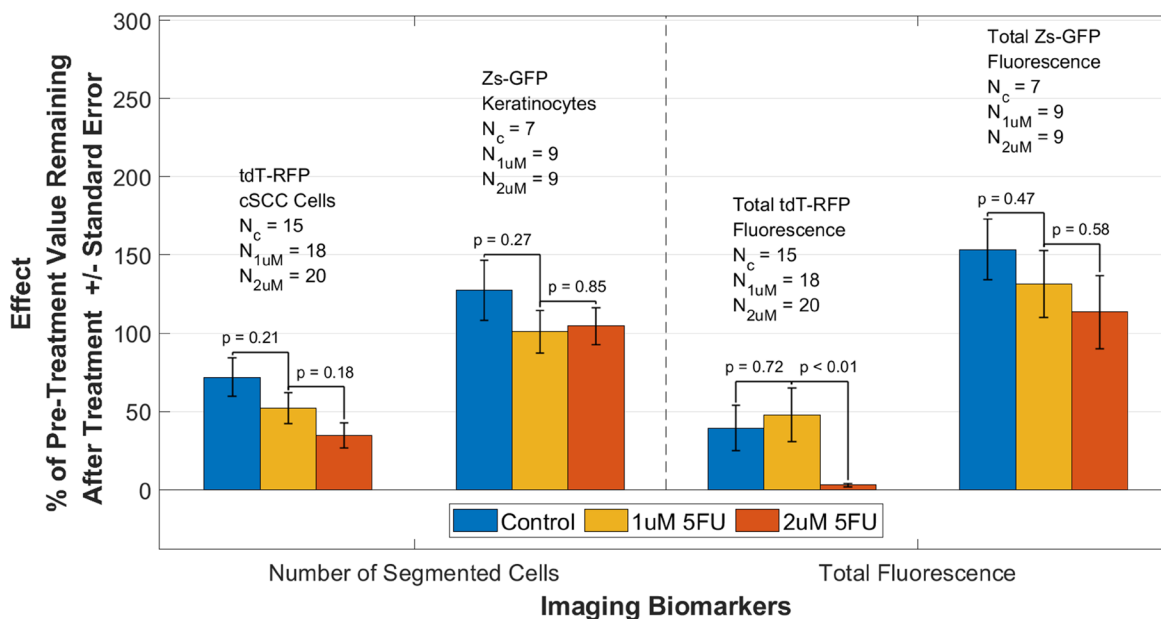
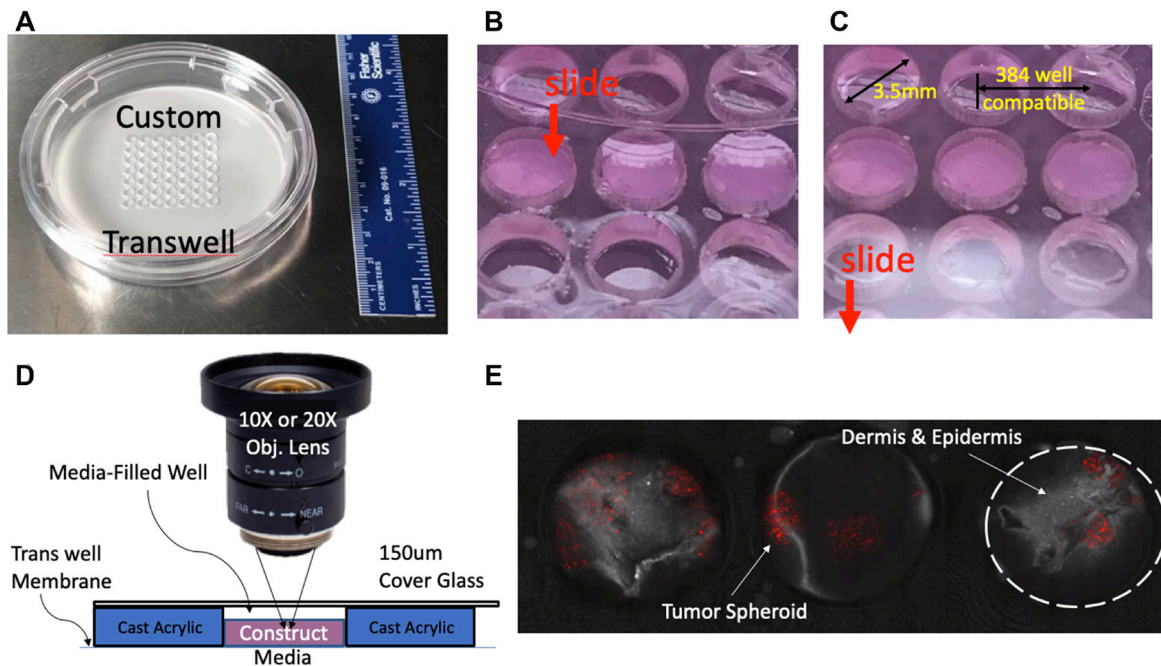


A 3D biofabricated cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma tissue model with multi-channel confocal microscopy imaging biomarkers to quantify antitumor effects of chemotherapeutics in tissue

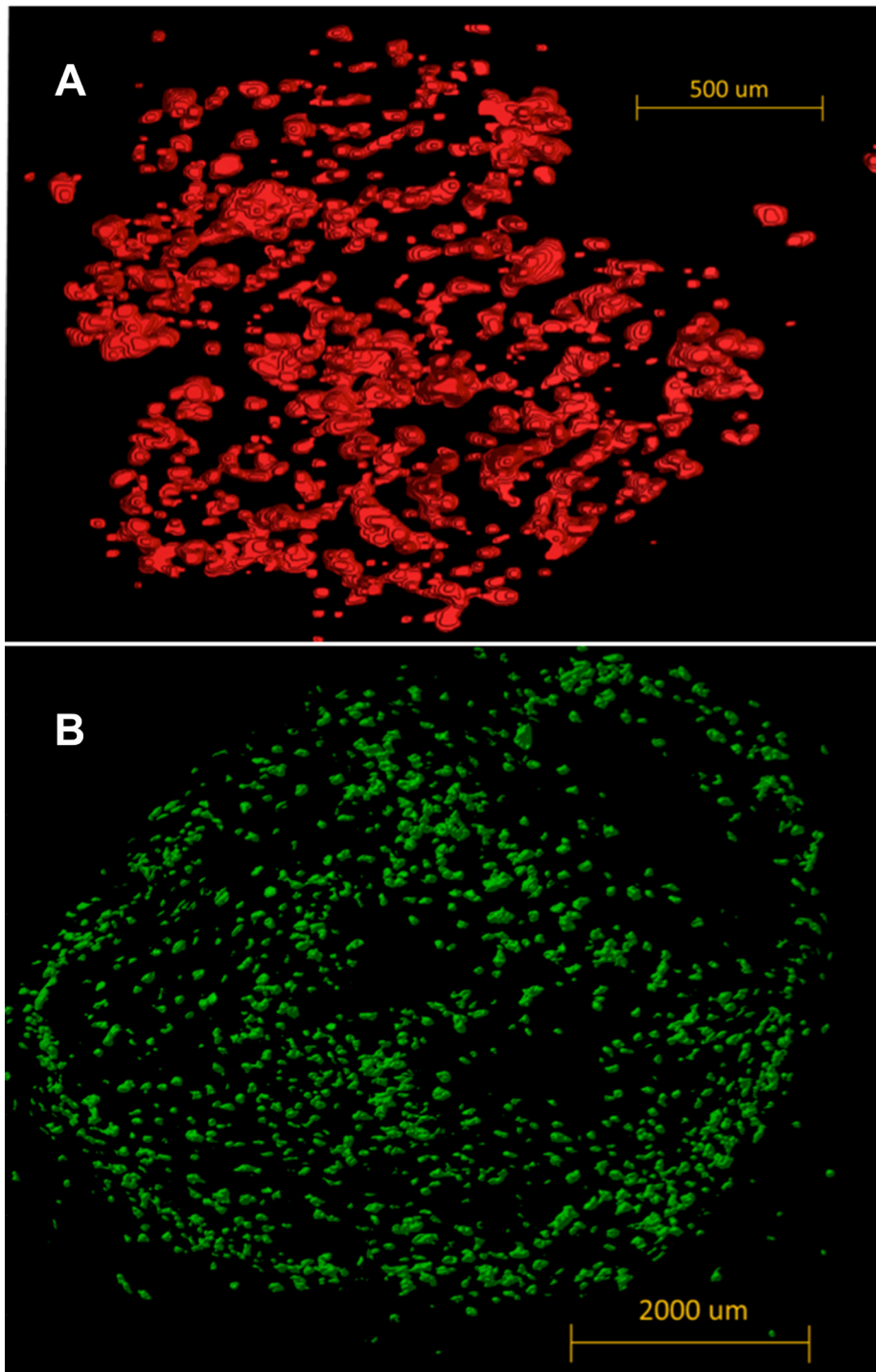
SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS



Supplementary Figure 1: 5FU treatment dose response on tdT-RFP-labeled cSCC spheroids and Zs-GFP-labeled keratinocytes.



Supplementary Figure 2: (A) High-throughput compatible custom transwell device for incubation and imaging. (B) Bioprinted skin samples are placed in the wells, followed by additional media and a glass coverslip to form a glass-liquid interface above the skin. (C) The well array spacing is identical to the spacing of the pins in standard pin tools for compound delivery. The 40-mm round cover slip can slide (downward, red arrow) to provide immersing media coupling during confocal microscopy. (D) The transwell device is used for confocal imaging using a standard 10× or 20× objective lens, application of therapeutic dose, and for incubation allowing tissue samples to be imaged, treated, and incubated without removal from device. (E) Example of resulting bimodal confocal *en face* image showing epidermis in reflectance grayscale and tdT-RFP-labeled A431 cSCC cells in red.



Supplementary Figure 3: Segmentation of cells for (A) tdT-RFP-labeled cSCC tumor spheroid and (B) Zs-GFP-labeled keratinocytes used to derive quantitative therapeutic effect imaging biomarkers. 1% of keratinocytes are labeled resulting in a sparse signal and improved separation of objects.