

## Supplementary Material

### Management of delayed bleeding after endoscopic mucosal resection of large colorectal polyps: a retrospective multi-center cohort study

Simone van der Star, Leon M.G. Moons, Frank ter Borg, Jeroen D. van Bergeijk, Joost M.J. Geesing, John N. Groen, Renske J. Ouwehand, Frank P. Vleggaar, Wouter H. de Vos tot Nederveen Cappel, Frank H.J. Wolfhagen, Matthijs P. Schwartz, Paul Didden

**Supplementary Table 1** Logistic regression analysis to identify factors associated with DB.

**Supplementary Table 2** Data per center, including number of polyps, DBs and re-colonoscopies rate.

**Supplementary Table 3** Oakland risk score in patients with delayed bleeding, including performed re-colonoscopies and stigmata of recent hemorrhage.

**Supplementary Table 1** Logistic regression analysis to identify factors associated with DB.

	Univariable analysis		Best fitting multiple logistic regression model	
	OR (95% CI)	P value	Adjusted OR (95% CI)	P value
<b>Patient characteristics</b>				
Mean age	1.02 (0.98 - 1.07)	0.29		
Gender				
Female	1		Excluded from final model	
Male	1.91 (0.94- 3.90)	0.074		
ASA score				
1 or 2	1		Excluded from final model	
3 or 4	2.0 (0.98- 4.06)	0.056		
Comorbidity conditions				
None	1			
Cardiovascular	2.51 (1.26- 5.02)	0.009		
Pulmonary		0.26		

Renal	1.52 (0.74-3.14) 2.13 (0.84-5.40)	0.11	Excluded from final model	
Continued antithrombotic				
None	1		Excluded from final model	
Yes*	2.12 (1.04-4.31)	0.039		
Use of antithrombotic drugs within seven days after the procedure	1		1	
None	2.91 (1.34-6.31)	0.007	2.86	0.009
Platelet aggregation inhibitors	6.31	0.00	(1.3-6.26)	0.00
Anticoagulation	4.75 (2.19-10.3)		4.72	
			(2.12-10.53)	
<b>Polyp characteristics</b>				
Increasing lesion size, per cm, mean (SD)	1.17 (0.99-1.37)	0.062	1.19	0.040
			(1.01-1.41)	
Lesion location				
Distal location <sup>†</sup>	1		1	
Proximal location <sup>‡</sup>	1.69 (0.9-3.17)	0.11	1.9	0.057
			(0.98-3.66)	
<b>Procedural characteristics</b>				
Status of EMR				
First EMR	1		Excluded from final model	
EMR for residual/recurrence	1.96 (0.72-5.34)	0.19		
Submucosal lifting				
Complete	1			
Suboptimal	1.09 (0.49-2.44)	0.83		
Submucosal adrenaline injection	1			
No	1.39 (0.51-3.78)	0.52		
Yes				
Resection				
Piecemeal	1			
En bloc	0.54 (0.13-2.31)	0.40		
Success of resection				
Complete	1			
Incomplete	0.95 (0.22-4.16)	0.95		
Intraprocedural bleeding				
No	1			
Yes		0.68		

Prophylactic clip closure	0.86 (0.41-	
Yes	1.79)	
No		0.34
Concurrent polypectomy of small (< 20 mm) or large pedunculated polyps (≥ 20 mm)	1	
No	1.68 (0.58-	
Yes	4.84)	0.40
<b>Histology</b>		
Benign polyp	1	
Carcinoma	0.94 (0.22-	0.94
	4.11)	

\* Platelet aggregation inhibitors or anticoagulation

† Including rectum, sigmoid, descending colon, splenic flexure, transverse colon and hepatic flexure

‡ Including cecum and ascending colon

**Supplementary Table 2** Data per center, including number of polyps, DBs and re-colonoscopy rate.

<b>Center</b>	<b>LNPCPs</b> n= 542	<b>DB*</b> n= 42	<b>Re-colonoscopy</b> n=30 (%)
Academic center 1	284 (52.4)	19	13 (68.4)*
Non-academic center 1	31 (5.7)	3	2 (66.7)
Non-academic center 2	42 (7.7)	3	3 (100)
Non-academic center 3	17 (3.1)	0	-
Non-academic center 4	64 (11.8)	4	4 (100)
Non-academic center 5	56 (10.3)	10	7 (70.0)
Non-academic center 6	23 (4.2)	2	1 (50.0)
Non-academic center 7	25 (4.6)	1	0 (0.0)
Total in non-academic centers	258	23	17 (73.9)

DB, delayed bleeding.

\* In two patients DB was managed in the referring non-academic center

**Supplementary Table 3** Oakland risk score in patients with delayed bleeding, including performed re-colonoscopies and stigmata of recent hemorrhage.

<b>Oakland risk score</b>	<b>Patients (n)</b> <i>n=42</i>	<b>Safe discharge*</b> <b>(n, %)</b>	<b>Colonoscopy performed (n, %)</b>	<b>SRH† (n)</b>
0-15	0	-	-	-
16-20	6	3 (50.0)	3 (50.0)	3
21-23	11	7 (63.6)	7 (63.6)	5
24-26	10	3 (30.0)	7 (70.0)	5
27-29	9	0 (0.0)	8 (88.9)	7
≥ 30	6	1 (16.7)	5 (83.3)	4

\* Safe discharge was defined as absence of all of the following after presentation: any hemostatic intervention, red blood transfusion, recurrent bleeding within 28 days.

† Stigmata of recent hemorrhage, based on endoscopic visualization of active bleeding, nonbleeding visible vessel or adherent clot.