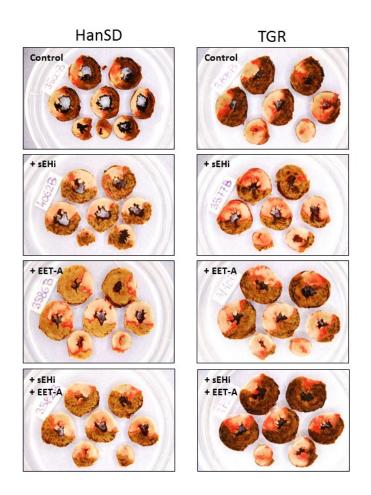
Figure Legends for Supplemental Figures

Supplemental Figure 1. Typical examples of myocardial infarction induced by 20-min coronary artery occlusion and 3-h reperfusion in normotensive, transgene-negative Hannover Sprague-Dawley rat (HanSD) and in hypertensive, heterozygous Ren-2 renin transgenic rats (TGR), untreated (control) or treated with soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibitor alone (sEHi), or treated with epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analog alone (EET-A) or treated with combination of sEHi and EET-A. Brown color represents normally perfused tissue stained by potassium permanganate. Red area, tetrazolium positive, represents tissue surviving the occlusion and the pale area, tetrazolium negative, represents infarcted tissue.



Supplemental Figure 2. Representative electrocardiogram recordings showing single ventricle premature complexes (S), doublet ventricle premature complexes (D), ventricular tachycardia (VT) and ventricular fibrillation (VF) during 20-min coronary artery occlusion.

