

Graphene Oxide - Copolyvinylpyrrolidone Hybrid Microspheres for the Efficient Adsorption of 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

*Xiaofei Lv, Sifang Li**

Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, China

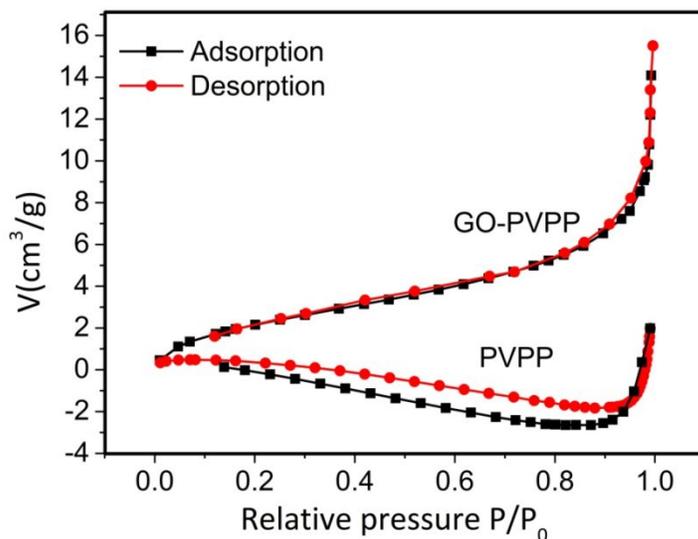


Figure S1. N₂ adsorption and desorption curves of GO-PVPP and PVPP.

* Corresponding Author. E-mail: sfli@xmu.edu.cn

Table S1. Physiochemical Properties of the PVPP and GO-PVPP

Materials	Swelling rate (%)	Specific surface area (m ² /g)	Pore diameter (nm)	pore volume (cm ³ /g)
GO-PVPP	272.81	10.46	28.58	0.0092
PPVP	60.40	1.14	36.71	0.00265

Table S2. Elemental Analysis of the PVPP and GO-PVPP

Materials	Elemental analysis (%)		
	C	H	N
GO-PVPP	45.00	6.89	9.66
PPVP	50.92	8.02	14.62

Table S3. Parameters for Intraparticle Diffusion Model

C ₀ (mg/L)	Intraparticle diffusion model								
	$k_{ip,1}$ (mg g ⁻¹ min ^{-1/2})	$k_{ip,2}$	$k_{ip,3}$	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	R ₁ ²	R ₂ ²	R ₃ ²
50	7.29	0.31	-	1.8	58.6	-	0.9877	0.9618	-
100	15.37	0.57	-	6.0	117.3	-	0.9793	0.9296	-
200	32.39	6.69	0.41	1.9	125.7	200.5	0.9883	0.9308	0.8745
250	34.76	1.41	0.30	5.2	214.2	236.6	0.9902	0.9857	0.9612
300	51.72	2.34	0.28	-0.6	226.8	257.8	0.9446	0.9770	0.8739

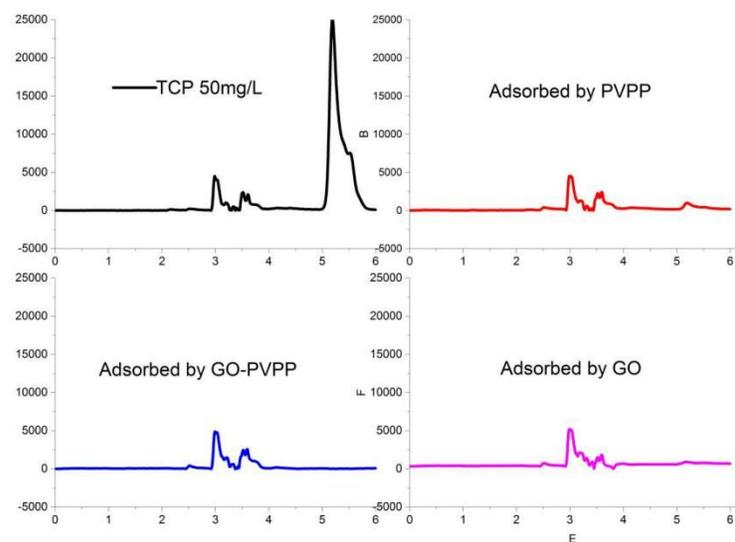


Figure S2. HPLC chromatograms of 2,4,6-TCP before and after adsorption by different adsorbents ($C_0=50$ mg/L, adsorbent dosage = 1 g/L, $T = 30$ °C, pH = 4, $t = 6$ h).

Table S4. Detection Parameters of HPLC Method for 2,4,6-TCP

HPLC instrument model	Agilent 1100
Mobile phase	Methanol : pure water = 80 :20
Detection wavelength	290 nm
Flow rate	1 mL/min
Chromatographic column	Eclipse Plus C18 3.5 μ m, 4.6 \times 150 mm
Column temperature	30 °C
Detection limit	18.565 μ g/L

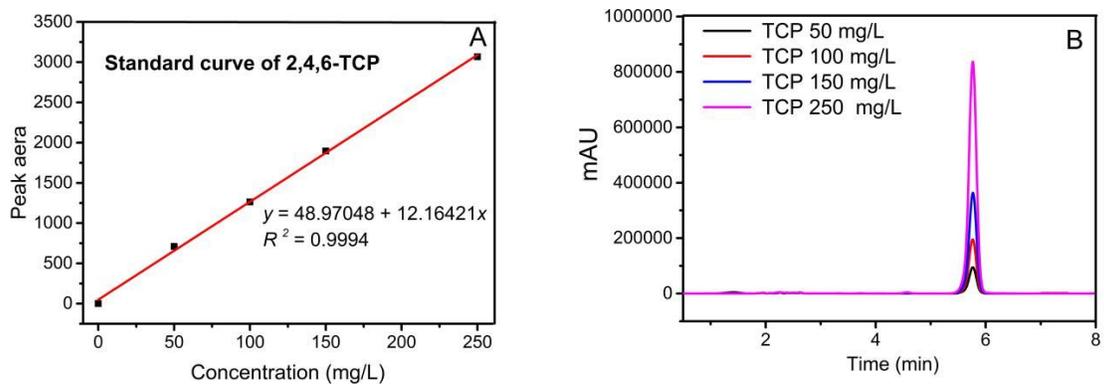


Figure S3. (A) HPLC standard curve of TCP solution. (B) Chromatographic peaks of TCP standard solutions at 290 nm.