

Supplementary Information for

Chronic G_q signaling in AgRP neurons does not cause obesity

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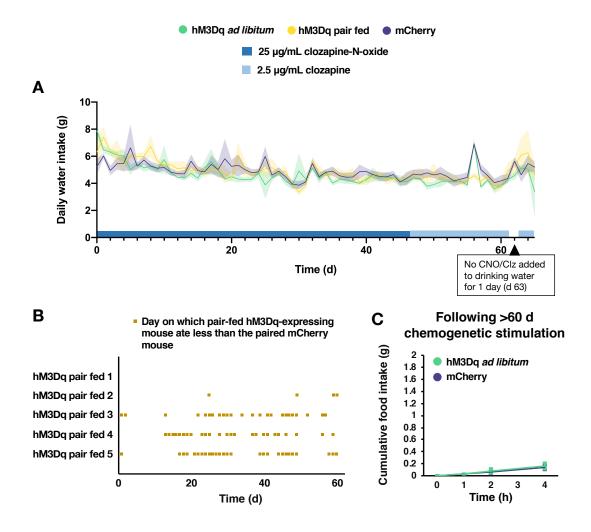


Fig. S1. Effects of chronic AgRP neuronal activation. (*A*) Daily water intake during CNO/Clz treatment (Mixed effects model: Time: F(7.967,101.5)=6.305, p<0.0001; Group: F(2,13)=0.439, p=0.654; Interaction: F(7.967,101.5)=6.305, p=0.052). (*B*) Plot marking days on which individual pair-fed hM3Dq-expressing mice ate less food than the paired control mouse. (*C*) Food intake after CNO injection after >60 d CNO/Clz treatment.

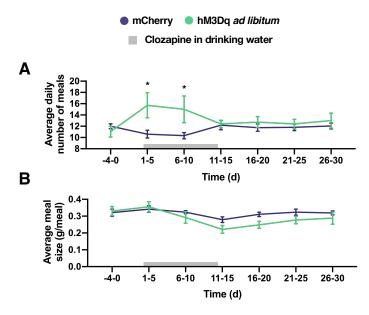


Fig. S2. Chronic AgRP neuronal activation alters meal size. (*A*) Average daily number of meals prior to, during, and after 10 d Clz treatment, indicated by gray bar on abcissa (2-way ANOVA: Interaction: F(6,48) = 6.224, p<0.0001; Time: F(6,48)=1.196, p=0.325; Group: F(1,8)=1.485, p=0.258; * marks Sidak's multiple comparison significance). (*B*) Average meal size prior to, during, and after 10 d Clz treatment, indicated by gray bar on abcissa (2-way ANOVA: Interaction: F(6,48)=3.216, p=0.0098; Time: F(2.604,20.83)=13.85, p<0.0001; Group: F(1,8)=1.085, p=0.328).

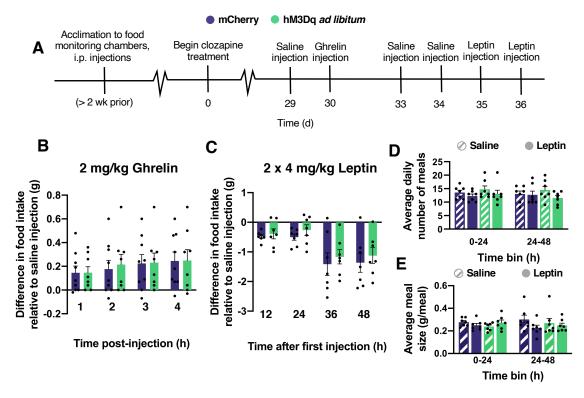


Fig. S3. Chronic G_q signaling in AgRP neurons does not alter leptin or ghrelin sensitivity. (*A*) Experimental design schematic. (*B*) Difference in cumulative food intake between ghrelin and saline injections (2-way ANOVA: Interaction: F(3,45)=0.1697, p=0.9163; Time: F(2.234,33.52)=4.224, p=0.0198; Group: F(1,15)=0.01465, p=0.9053). (*C*) Difference in cumulative food intake between leptin and saline injections (2-way ANOVA: Interaction: F(3,36)=0.119, p=0.949; Time: F(1.239,14.87)=19.28, p=0.0003; Group: F(1,12)=0.553, p=0.472). (*D*) Meal number after saline and leptin injections (2-way ANOVA: Interaction: F(9,96)=1.615, p=0.1217; Time: F(3,96)=198.5, p<0.0001; Group: F(3,96)=1.690, p=0.174). (*E*) Meal size after saline and leptin injections (2-way ANOVA: Interaction: F(1,48)=0.006, p=0.941; Group: F(3,48)=1.389, p=0.257).