# Aromatic Nanosandwich Obtained by $\sigma$ -Dimerization of a Nanographenoid $\pi$ -Radical

**Supplementary Information** 

by Liliia Moshniaha, Marika Żyła-Karwowska, Piotr J. Chmielewski, Tadeusz Lis, Joanna Cybińska, Elżbieta Gońka, Johannes Oschwald, Thomas Drewello, Samara Medina Rivero, Juan Casado, and Marcin Stępień\*

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## **Experimental**

**General.** Tetrahydrofuran, toluene and N,N-dimethylformamide were dried using a commercial solvent purification system. Dichloromethane and chloroform were distilled from calcium hydride when used as reaction solvents. Deuterated camphorsulfonic acid-*d* was obtained by recrystallization of camphorsulfonic acid from deuterated water and acetic acid-*d*. All other solvents and reagents were used as received. Compound **5** was synthesized as previously reported.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on high-field spectrometers (<sup>1</sup>H frequency 500.13 or 600.13 MHz), equipped with broadband inverse or conventional gradient probe heads. Spectra were referenced to the residual solvent signals (chloroform-*d* 7.24 ppm; toluene-*d*<sub>8</sub> 2.09 ppm). Two-dimensional NMR spectra were recorded with 2048 data points in the *t*<sub>2</sub> domain and up to 2048 points in the *t*<sub>1</sub> domain, with a 1.5 s recovery delay. All 2D spectra were recorded with gradient selection, with the exception of NOESY and ROESY. NOESY mixing time and ROESY spinlock time were 500 ms and 300 ms, respectively. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded with <sup>1</sup>H broadband decoupling and referenced to solvent signals (<sup>13</sup>CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 77.0 ppm).

High-resolution mass spectra were recorded using MALDI ionization in the positive mode. MALDI-ToF-MS was performed with a Bruker ultrafleXtreme in the positive-ion mode, using trans-2-[3-(4-*tert*butylphenyl)-2-methyl-2-propenylidene]malonitrile (DCTB) as the matrix. The matrix-to-analyte ratio was 40:1.

Electrochemical measurements (dichloromethane, 293 K) were performed on an EA9C Multifunctional Electrochemical Analyzer using a glassy-carbon working electrode, platinum wire as the auxiliary electrode, and silver wire as a reference electrode. The voltammograms were referenced against the half-wave potential of  $Fc^+/Fc$ .

Photoluminescence excitation (PLE) and emission (PL) spectra as well as decay kinetics (DEC) were taken with the FSL980-sm Fluorescence Spectrometer from Edinburgh Instruments Ltd. A 450 W Xenon arc lamp (PL and PLE) and a Super Continuum Fianium laser were used as excitation sources. Emission spectra were corrected for the recording system efficiency and excitation spectra were corrected for the incident light intensity. PLE and PL spectra and QY were measured using cooled extended red Hamamatsu photomultiplier operating in range 200 – 1050 nm. Quantum yield measurements were performed by using an Edinburgh Instruments integrating sphere equipped with a small elliptical mirror and a baffle plate for beam steering and shielding against directly detected light. For the measurement, the integrating sphere replaces the standard sample holder inside the sample chamber. Calculations of quantum yields were made using the software provided by Edinburgh Instruments.

**Irradiation of compound 4**<sub>2</sub>. Absorption spectroscopy: Absorption spectra were recorded using a Varian Cary 60 spectrophotometer. A toluene solution of **4**<sub>2</sub> was degassed with freeze-pump-thaw cycles and introduced into a glovebox. In the glovebox, the solution was transferred to a 1 mm quartz cuvette and kept in darkness. After that the cuvette was transferred to the measurment chamber of the spectrophotometer. After the first spectrum was recorded, the sample was irradiated with a UV lamp (365 nm) for 10 seconds, and the second spectrum was recorded immediately. 8 steps of irradiation were performed (the total time of irradiation was 0 seconds). The solution was irradiated untill no further change of the electronic spectrum was observed. Once the experiment was finished, the sample was protected from light and introduced to the glovebox. After 12 h in darkness the experiment was repeated using the same condition on the same sample two more times. After that,

the same sample was irradiated with a LED lamp, observing the same changes in the spectra. (ESR spectra) A degassed solution of  $4_2$  in toluene was transferred under inert conditions to a quartz test tube and protected from atmosphere and light. After the first ESR measurement was made, the solution was irradiated with a UV lamp for 5 minutes and a new ESR spectrum was recorded immediately; the irradiation of the sample was repeated 2 times using a UV lamp (365 nm) and then 2 times using a consumer white-light LED lamp. After all irradiation cycles were performed, kinetics of the radical decay were monitored over the course of 90 minutes.

**Computational methods.** Density functional theory (DFT) calculations were performed using Gaussian 16.<sup>2</sup> DFT geometry optimizations were carried out in unconstrained  $C_1$  symmetry, using molecular mechanics or semi-empirical models as starting geometries. DFT geometries were refined to meet standard convergence criteria, and the existence of a local minimum was verified by a normal mode frequency calculation. Geometry optimizations, frequency calculations were performed using the hybrid functionals B3LYP and  $\omega$ B97XD and the 6-31G(d,p) basis set (3-21G for **4**<sub>2</sub>). <sup>3-6</sup> For compound **7** 50 electronic transitions, and for **4**<sub>2</sub> and **4**<sup>•</sup> 200 electronic transitions were calculated by means of time-dependent DFT (TD-DFT)<sup>7</sup>, using the hybrid functional B3LYP and the 6-31G(d,p) basis set (3-21G for **4**<sub>2</sub>). The same approach was also used for calculation of HOMO and LUMO energies.

Tight-binding density functional theory calculations were performed using xTB v. 6.1 with the GFN2 parameterization, and the GBSA solvation model for dichloromethane.<sup>8,9</sup> Geometries were refined to meet very tight (vtight) convergence criteria, and the existence of each local minimum was verified by a normal mode frequency calculation. Relaxed potential energy scans were performed with a step of 0.02 Å and a restraining force constant of 10 xTB units.

**X-ray crystallography.** X-ray quality crystals of  $4_2$  were grown by vapor fusion, using DCM-toluene mixture as solvent and methanol as antisolvent. Diffraction measurements were performed on a geometry XCALIBUR diffractometer ( $\omega$  scans), equipped with an ONYX CCD camera, with graphitemonochromatized Cu K $\alpha$  radiation. The data were collected at 100 K, corrected for Lorenz and polarization effects. Data collection, cell refinement, data reduction and analysis were carried out with the Xcalibur PX software, CRYSALIS CCD and CRYSALIS RED, respectively (Oxford Diffraction Ltd., Abignon, England, 2009). An analytical absorption correction was applied with the use of CRYSALIS RED. All structures were solved by direct methods with the SHELXS-97 program and refined using SHELXT-10 with anisotropic thermal parameters for non-H atoms.<sup>10</sup> In the final refinement cycles, all H atoms were treated as riding atoms in geometrically optimized positions. CCDC 1501094 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data\_request/cif.

### **Synthesis**



Compound (6). Under an inert atmosphere, 5 (100.0 mg) was dissolved in dichloromethane (10 mL). A 0.5 M oxygen-free solution of FeCl<sub>3</sub> (0.77 mL) in dichloromethane (containing 10% nitromethane) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 18 °C for 1 h. After 1 h, the reaction mixture was washed with a 10% solution of KSCN in water (100 mL), water, and a 2% aqueous solution of hydrazine. The organic layer was stripped of solvent and dried under reduced pressure, to yield a dark violet solid (97 mg, 98%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, chloroform-d, 300 K): δ 8.80–8.72 (8H, m), 8,70 8.61 (4H, m), 8.32 (2H, s), 8.08 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.2 Hz), 7.82 (4H, m), 7.77 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.4 Hz), 7.69 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.6 Hz), 7.59 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.5 Hz), 7.48-7.41 (6H, m), 7.38–7.23 (12H, m), 2.95-2.50 (12H, m), 1.28-0.92 (72H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, chloroform-*d* , 300 K): δ 163.8, 163.7, 163.7, 163.7, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 145.7, 137.5, 137.5, 137.2, 137.2, 137.0, 137.0, 136.6, 136.6, 136.4, 136.3, 136.2, 136.1, 133.0, 132.9, 132.9, 132.8, 132.8, 132.7, 130.9, 130.8, 130.8, 129.69, 129.6, 129.4, 129.4, 129.1, 129.1, 128.7, 128.1, 128.0, 127.4, 126.9, 126.9, 126.0, 125.7, 125.7, 125.51, 125.3, 124.2, 124.2, 124.1, 124.0, 121.9, 121.9, 121.8, 121.8, 121.7, 121.7, 121.6, 121.6, 121.5, 121.26, 121.2, 120.6, 117.5, 117.3, 116.2, 116.1, 115.9, 113.2, 110.9, 110.3, 29.3, 29.3, 29.2, 29.2, 29.2, 29.1, 24.1, 24.1, 24.1, 24.0, 24.0. HRMS (MALDI-TOF): m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for  $C_{174}H_{128}N_{12}O_{12}$ : 2576.9769; Found 2576.9713. **UV-vis** (dichloromethane, 300 K)  $\lambda$  [nm] ( $\varepsilon$  in M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>): 354 (105 800) 370 (108 500), 561 (67 300), 610 (50 400).



**Compound (4**<sub>2</sub>).In an inert-atmosphere glovebox, a mixture of **6** (70.0 mg, 0.028 mmol), paraformaldehyde (3.3 mg, 0.109 mmol), and camphorsulfonic acid (38.6 mg, 0.163 mmol) was transferred to a pressure tube and dissolved in 150 µL of chloroform. The tube was sealed, taken out of the glovebox and heated at 90 °C for 17 h. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted with chloroform (50 mL × 3). Organic fractions were combined and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was subjected to column chromatography (grade V alumina, chloroform stabilized with amylene). The pure product was obtained as the third fraction, and isolated as a dark violet solid (49.6 mg, 70%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, chloroform-d, 300 K): δ 9.03 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.7 Hz), 8.93 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 8.83 (4H, m), 8.75 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 8.64 (4H, m), 8.36 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 8.31 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 8.27 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.3 Hz), 8.06 (4H, m), 7.99 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 7.65 (4H, m), 7.57-7.34 (32H, m), 7.33-7.25 (6H, m), 7.23-7.18 (6H, m), 7.15 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.6 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.2 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.6 Hz), 6.92-6.87 (4H, m), 3.11 (2H, m), 3.03 (2H, m), 2.91-2.79 (8H, m), 2.75-2.61 (6H, m), 2.47 (4H, m), 2.14 (2H, m), 1.45-0.89 (132H, m), 0.48 (12H, m) . 13C **NMR** (151 MHz, chloroform-*d* , 300 K): δ 163.4, 163.3, 163.2, 163.2, 163.0, 162.7, 162.5, 162.1, 146.5, 146.4, 146.1, 146.0, 145.8, 145.6, 145.6, 145.5, 145.4, 145.4, 145.2, 144.6, 137.5, 137.4, 137.3, 136.7, 136.5, 135.5, 135.1, 135.1, 135.1, 134.9, 134.7, 134.5, 134.4, 134.3, 133.7, 133.5, 133.4, 132.8, 132.7, 132.5, 132.4, 131.6, 130.9, 130.9, 130.8, 130.8, 130.4, 130.2, 130.2, 130.0, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 129.1, 128.3, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 126.8, 126.8, 126.7, 126.6, 126.4, 126.3, 126.1, 125.7, 124.9, 124.6, 124.3, 124.28, 124.2, 124.0, 123.9, 123.8, 123.6, 123.1, 123.0, 122.8, 122.7, 122.6, 122.5, 122.4, 122.0, 121.7, 121.6, 121.5, 121.4, 121.2, 120.3, 119.7, 117.0, 116.9, 116.9, 116.1, 116.2, 115.9, 114.8, 114.5, 113.6, 112.3, 112.1, 111.2, 111.1, 47.97, 37.5, 37.5, 37.4, 37.1, 32.8, 31.9, 29.7, 29.7, 29.4, 28.0, 27.1, 26.8, 24.4, 24.3, 24.2, 24.1, 25.0, 25.0, 22.7, 19.8, 14.1. HRMS (MALDI-TOF): *m/z*: [M]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>350</sub>H<sub>254</sub>N<sub>24</sub>O<sub>24</sub>: 5176.94197; Found 5176.9596. **UV-vis** (Dichloromethane, 300 K)  $\lambda$  [nm] (ε in M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>): 340 (226 300), 565 (167 400), 600 (160 400).



**Compound (4**<sub>2</sub>- $c_2$ ). The procedure followed that given for **4**<sub>2</sub>, using **6** (70.0 mg, 0.028 mmol), <sup>13</sup>C-labeled paraformaldehyde (3.4 mg, 0.109 mmol) and camphorsulfonic acid (38.6 mg, 0.163 mmol). Yield: 54.9 mg (74%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, chloroform-*d*, 300 K):  $\delta$  9.03 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.7 Hz), 8.93 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.7 Hz), 8.83 (4H, m), 8.75 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.7 Hz), 8.64 (4H, m), 8.36 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.4 Hz), 8.31 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.4 Hz), 8.27 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.3 Hz), 8.06 (4H, m), 7.98 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.2 Hz), 7,75 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.7 Hz), 7.65 (4H, m), 7.57-7.25 (38H, m), 7.23-7.18 (6H, m), 7.15 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.6 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.2 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>J = 7.6 Hz), 6.92-6.67 (4H, m), 3.11 (2H, m), 3.03 (2H, m), 2.91-2.79 (8H, m), 2.75-2.61 (6H, m), 2.47 (4H, m), 2.14 (2H, m), 1.45-0.89 (132H, m), 0.48 (12H, m) . <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, chloroform-d , 300 K): δ 163.4, 163.3, 163.2, 163.2, 163.0, 162.7, 162.5, 162.1, 146.5, 146.4, 146.1, 146.0, 145.8, 145.6, 145.6, 145.5, 145.4, 145.4, 145.2, 144.6, 137.5, 137.4, 137.3, 136.7, 136.5, 135.5, 135.1, 135.1, 135.1, 134.9, 134.7, 134.5, 134.4, 134.3, 133.7, 133.5, 133.4, 132.8, 132.7, 132.5, 132.4, 131.6, 130.9, 130.9, 130.8, 130.8, 130.4, 130.2, 130.2, 130.0, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 129.1, 128.3, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 126.8, 126.8, 126.7, 126.6, 126.4, 126.3, 126.1, 125.7, 124.9, 124.6, 124.3, 124.28, 124.2, 124.0, 123.9, 123.8, 123.6, 123.1, 123.0, 122.8, 122.7, 122.6, 122.5, 122.4, 122.0, 121.7, 121.6, 121.5, 121.4, 121.2, 120.3, 119.7, 117.0, 116.9, 116.9, 116.1, 116.2, 115.9, 114.8, 114.5, 113.6, 112.3, 112.1, 111.2, 111.1, 47.97, 37.5, 37.5, 37.4, 37.1, 32.8, 31.9, 29.7, 29.7, 29.4, 28.0, 27.1, 26.8, 24.4, 24.3, 24.2, 24.1, 25.0, 25.0, 22.7, 19.8, 14.1. HRMS (MALDI-TOF): m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>348</sub><sup>13</sup>C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>254</sub>N<sub>24</sub>O<sub>24</sub>: 5177.94545; Found 5177.9496.



**Compound (4**<sub>2</sub>-*d*<sub>2</sub>). The procedure followed that given for **4**<sub>2</sub>, using **6** (30.0 mg, 0.012 mmol), deuterated paraformaldehyde (1.8 mg, 0.059 mmol) and camphorsulfonic acid-*d* (18.9 mg, 0.084 mmol) in 75  $\mu$ L of chloroform. Yield: 20.7 mg (67%). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (600 MHz, chloroform-*d*, 300 K):  $\delta$  9.03 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 8.93 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 8.83 (4H, m), 8.75 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 8.64 (4H, m), 8.36 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 8.31 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 8.27 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.3 Hz), 8.06 (4H, m), 7.97 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.7 Hz), 7.65 (4H, m), 7.57-7.25 (38H, m), 7.23-7.18 (6H, m), 7.15 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.6 Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz ), 3.11 (2H, m), 3.03 (2H, m), 2.91-2.79 (8H, m), 2.75-2.61 (6H, m), 2.47 (4H, m), 2.14 (2H, m), 1.45-0.89 (132H, m), 0.48 (12H, m). **HRMS** (MALDI–TOF): *m/z*: [(M/2)]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for (C<sub>350</sub>H<sub>252</sub>D<sub>2</sub>N<sub>24</sub>O<sub>24</sub>)/2: 2588.9754; Found 2588.9973.



**Compound (7). 4**<sub>2</sub> (6 mg, 1 µmol) was dissolved in toluene (0.5 mL). The solution was irradiated with a UV lamp. After 0.5 h the solution was exposed to air for additional 12 h. The crude mixture was then purified using column chromatography (grade V alumina, chloroform stabilized with amylene). The pure product was obtained as a green solid (5 mg, 81%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, chloroform-*d*<sub>1</sub>, 300 K):  $\delta$  9.51 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 8.91 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 8.83-8.72 (6H, m), 8.69 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 8.65 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.84-7.75 (4H, m), 7.61 (2H, d <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.52-7.42 (8H, m) 7.41-7.30 (14H, m), 2.99-2.70 (12H, m), 1.33-1.05 (72H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, chloroform-*d*, 300 K):  $\delta$  163.7, 163.6, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 137.5, 136.9, 136.6, 136.0, 135.5, 134.7, 132.7, 131.8, 130.8, 130.5, 130.1, 129.7, 128.8, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 127.3, 126.6, 125.4, 124.3, 124.1, 124.0, 123.9, 122.5, 121.8, 121.7, 117.1, 116.8, 116.7, 116.2, 114.2, 113.3, 107.2, 77.0, 31.9, 29.7, 29.7, 29.6, 29.4, 29.3, 29.3, 29.2, 29.2, 24.1, 24.1, 24.0, 22.7. HRMS (MALDI–TOF): *m/z*: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>175</sub>H<sub>126</sub>N<sub>12</sub>O<sub>13</sub>: 2609.9510; Found 2609.9719. UV-vis (dichloromethane, 300 K)  $\lambda$  [nm] ( $\varepsilon$  in M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>): 330 (177 400) 370 (162 600) 570 (101 900) 615 (96 100).



**Compound (7**-*c*). Compound **7**-*c* was prepared using **4**<sub>2</sub>-*c*<sub>2</sub> (6.2 mg, 1 μmol) as the starting material according to the procedure given for **7**, to yield the product as a green solid (5 mg, 79%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, chloroform-*d*<sub>1</sub>, 300 K): δ 9.51 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 8.91 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 8.83-8.72 (6H, m), 8.69 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.2 Hz), 8.65 (2H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.84-7.75 (4H, m), 7.61 (2H, d <sup>3</sup>*J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.53-7.42 (8H, m) 7.41-7.30 (14H, m), 2.99-2.70 (12H, m), 1.33-1.05 (72H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, chloroform-*d*, 300 K): δ 163.7, 163.6, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 137.5, 136.9, 136.6, 136.0, 135.5, 134.7, 132.7, 131.8, 130.8, 130.5, 130.1, 129.7, 128.8, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 127.3, 126.6, 125.4, 124.3, 124.1, 124.0, 123.9, 122.5, 121.8, 121.7, 117.1, 116.8, 116.7, 116.2, 114.2, 113.3, 107.2, 77.0, 31.9, 29.7, 29.7, 29.6, 29.4, 29.3, 29.3, 29.2, 29.2, 24.1, 24.1, 24.0, 22.7.

# **Additional Figures**



**Figure S1.** X-ray crystal structure of  $4_2 \cdot 2(C_7H_8) \cdot 4_3(CH_3OH) \cdot 0.65(CH_2Cl_2)$ . Hydrogens and solvents were omitted for clarity.



Figure S2. UV-vis absorption spectra of  $4_2$  (violet), 6 (pink), and 7 (green) in dichloromethane, measured at 293 K.



**Figure S3.** Changes of UV-vis absorption spectra observed for  $4_2$  during the second cycle of irradiation with a UV lamp (365 nm, in toluene).



**Figure S4.** Absorption and emission spectra (toluene, 293 K, excitation at 360 nm). Top: spectra of **7** (A) and **6** (B). Bottom (C): for  $\mathbf{4}_2$  measured before (violet) and after (green) irradiation with UV lamp (at 365 nm) in the presence of atmospheric oxygen: an increase of emission intensity was observed.



**Figure S5.** (A) Partial assignment of the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of  $\mathbf{4}_2$  (chloroform-*d*, 300 K, based on COSY, NOESY, HSQC and HMBC correlations). Blue lines correspond to COSY correlations; red lines correspond to selected EXSY correlations; green lines correspond to HMBC correlations. (B) Selected regions of HMBC correlation spectrum of  $\mathbf{4}_2$ . (C) Overlaid COSY (blue/green) and NOESY (red/pink) correlation spectra recorded for  $\mathbf{4}_2$ . Blue lines show the COSY correlations, red lines show selected NOESY correlations.



**Figure S6.** Overlaid selected regions of NOESY (blue/green for positive/negative contours), ROESY (red/pink for positive/negative contours) and COSY (orange) correlation spectra for **7.** EXSY crosspeaks are observable between signals of the two conformers.



**Figure S7.** Two consecutive cyclic voltammograms of  $\mathbf{4}_2$  were measured under following conditions: [BuN<sub>4</sub>]PF<sub>6</sub> in dichloromethane, scan rate: 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; the voltammograms were referenced with ferrocene/ferrocenium couple as an internal standard.



**Figure S8.** Differential pulse voltammograms of  $\mathbf{4}_2$  in dichloromethane. Directions of the potential scans are indicated with arrows. The number associated with the cathodic scan (black trace) are peak potentials in volts.



**Figure S9.** A series of cyclic voltammograms for  $\mathbf{4}_2$  recorded within different reduction potential limits. The orange box indicates a reversible couple at -0.75 V that can be observed after cathodic scan down to -1.6 V.







**Figure S11.** ESR spectra (top) of **4**<sub>2</sub>. Bottom: time depended spectrum of intensity at 3275 G (solvent: toluene). The increase of amount of radical after irradiation of the solution with UV (365 nm) and the following decay of radical after protecting the sample from light is observed.



**Figure S12.** ESR spectra of irradiated toluene solutions of  $\mathbf{4}_2$ - $d_2$ : black line – 10 min irradiation at 365 nm; red line – irradiated for additional 10 min under LED lamp; blue line – irradiated for 10 min under UV light and 20 min LED lamp. The increase of radical is observed after treatment of dimer in toluene solution with different sources of light.



Figure S13. Electronic spectrum of 4° shown in energy units. The optical bandgap is indicated.



**Figure S14.** Fitting the  $\Delta E_{SCC}$  energy (GFN2-xTB) of the S<sub>0</sub>-**4**<sub>2</sub> PES with a parabolic function. It is assumed that in the vicinity of the S<sub>0</sub>- $\sigma$ -**4**<sub>2</sub> minimum, the dominant energy contribution is associated with stretching of the C–C bond. Subject to this assumption, the behavior of  $\Delta E_{SCC}$  in the proximity of the equilibrium distance will follow harmonic behavior and can be fitted with a parabola, with the factor of the squared term corresponding to half the force constant of the C–C bond. The calculation yields a value of 2.29 mdyn·Å<sup>-1</sup> (this value increases up to 2.70 mdyn·Å<sup>-1</sup> when a smaller number of points is used for fitting).



**Figure S15.** Top: a) Theoretical Raman spectrum of  $\mathbf{4}_2$  ( $\omega$ B97XD/3-21G); b) 532 nm excitation Raman spectra of  $\mathbf{4}_2$ , in the solid state at 80 K; c) Fourier-transform infrared spectrum of  $\mathbf{4}_2$  in solid state at room temperature; and d) theoretical infrared spectrum of  $\mathbf{4}_2$  ( $\omega$ B97XD/3-21G). The red shaded highlights the most intense theoretical infrared band which has been partially suppressed to clearly visualize the whole spectrum (see ESI for the complete spectrum and details). Bottom: b) and c) such as the top panel in the inter-fragment C–C stretching mode wavenumber region. The bands shaded in blue correspond to those with associated vibrational modes containing the largest contributions of the inter-fragment C–C stretching mode.



Figure S16. Calculated vibrational eigenvectors associated with the Raman and infrared bands of  $4_2$  at 907, 906 and 892 cm<sup>-1</sup> ( $\omega$ B97XD/3-21G).



Figure S17. Frontier molecular orbitals (isovalue = 0.02) and orbital energies of 4<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S18. Frontier molecular orbitals (isovalue = 0.02) and orbital energies of 4°.

	SOMO	β-LUMO
Nr	α-orbital	β-orbital
orbital	energy	energy
418	LUMO +2	LUMO +3
	-3.48 eV	-3.42 eV
417	LUMO +1	LUMO +2
	-3.49 eV	-3.48 eV
416	LUMO	LUMO +1
	-3.50 eV	-3.48 eV
415	SOMO	LUMO
	-5.25 eV	-4.12 eV
414	HOMO -1	НОМО
	-5.75 eV	-5.72 eV
413	HOMO -2	HOMO -1
	-6.48 eV	-6.41 eV
412	HOMO -3	HOMO -2
	-6.49 eV	-6.45 eV

Figure S19. Frontier molecular  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  orbitals (isovalue = 0.015) and orbital energies of 4<sup>•</sup>.



**Figure S20.** Conformers of **4**<sup>•</sup> ( $\omega$ B97XD/6-31g(d,p)). Energies are given relative to the most stable conformation.



**Figure S21.** Conformers of **7** ( $\omega$ B97XD/6-31g(d,p)). Energies are given relative to the most stable conformation.



**Figure S22.** GFN2-xTB relaxed potential energy scans for  $\mathbf{4}_2$  and  $\mathbf{8}_2$  performed along the C(sp<sup>3</sup>)–C(sp<sup>3</sup>) bond length coordinate on singlet and triplet hypersurfaces. Energies are given relative to  $\mathbf{4}^{\bullet}$  and  $\mathbf{8}^{\bullet}$ , respectively.



**Figure S23.** Comparison of the experimental (XRD, blue), and calculated (GFN2-xTB, red) geometries of **4**<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S24.** Spin density of monoradical **4** $^{\bullet}$  ( $\omega$ B97XD/6-31g(d,p), dipp substituents are omitted for clarity).



**Figure S25.** TDA-DFT spectra for **4**<sup>•</sup> (B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)). Individual transitions are shown as red sticks. The blue envelope is a sum of Gaussian profiles with halfwidths of 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



**Figure S26.** TDA-DFT spectra for  $\mathbf{4}_2$  (B3LYP/3-21g)). Individual transitions are shown as red sticks. The blue envelope is a sum of Gaussian profiles with halfwidths of 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



**Figure S27.** TDA-DFT spectra for **7** (B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)). Individual transitions are shown as red sticks. The blue envelope is a sum of Gaussian profiles with halfwidths of 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# **Additional Tables**

Table S1. Energetics of dimerization for 8<sub>2</sub>.

Energy [a]		S <sub>0</sub> -σ-8 <sub>2</sub>		T <sub>1</sub> -σ-8 <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>1</sub> -π-8 <sub>2</sub>
(kcal/mol)	total	$\Delta E_{\rm X}^{\rm def[b]}$	$\Delta E_{X}^{int [b]}$	total	total
$\Delta E_{\rm SCC}$	-56.8	40.8	-97.6	-14.5	-27.3
$\Delta E_{disp}$	-40.5	-0.1	-40.4	-44.0	-42.6
$\Delta E_{solv}$	7.3	-0.2	7.5	8.3	8.2
$\Delta E_{\rm el}$	-23.6	41.0	-64.6	2.1	7.1
Δ <b>G</b> <sup>298</sup>	-33.4			5.7	-9.6
C—C (Å)	1.608			1.612	3.387
$\Delta E_{\text{DFT}}^{[c]}$	-64.17				
Δ <b>G</b> <sup>298 [c]</sup>	-40.22				
C—C (Å)	1.623				

[a] GFN<sub>2</sub>-xTB energies (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solvation) relative to **8**<sup>•</sup>.  $\Delta E_{el} = \Delta E_{SCC} - \Delta E_{solv} - \Delta E_{disp}$ , where  $\Delta E_{SCC}$ ,  $\Delta E_{solv}$ ,  $\Delta E_{disp}$  are respectively the self-consistent charge, solvation, and dispersion energy. [b] Deformation and interaction energy components; X corresponds respectively to SCC, disp, solv, and el.

	Code <sup>[a]</sup>	level of theory <sup>[b]</sup>	E[c]	ZPV <sup>[d]</sup>	lowest	<b>G</b> <sup>[f]</sup>
			a.u.	a.u.	freq. <sup>[e]</sup>	a.u.
1.	S sigma 4 2 DET	WD07VD/2 21C	-1651/ 657212	E 22001/	5 26	-16500 674044
42	3_SIGITIA_4_2_DFT	WB97XD/3-210	-10314.037313	5.556014	5.20	-10309.074944
	S_sigma_4_2_xTB	GFN2	-1048.958800	5.058700	4.59	-1044.241641
	T_sigma_4_2_xTB	GFN2	-1048.917619	5.052335	2.86	-1044.207578
	T_pi_4_2_xTB	GFN2	-1048.916451	5.052340	2.56	-1044.208757
4	4(.)_DFT	ωB97XD/6-31G(d,p)	-8302.918368	2.628711	4.33	-8300.509367
	4(.)_xTB	GFN2	-524.435060	2.523299	4.02	-522.104235
7	7_DFT	ωB97XD/6-31G(d,p)	-8377.534900	2.624053	4.62	-8375.129916
<b>8</b> 2	S_sigma_8_2_xTB	GFN2	-181.669140	0.720064	10.75	-181.016787
	T_sigma_8_2_xTB	GFN2	-181.601689	0.714514	19.35	-180.954506
	T_pi_8_2_xTB	GFN2	-181.622041	0.713278	7.33	-180.978939
8.	8(.)_xTB	GFN2	-90.789276	0.355564	46.06	-90.481810

#### Table S2. Computational details.

[a] Geometries available as \*.pdb files. [b]  $CH_2Cl_2$  solvation included in all xTB calculations. [c]  $E_{SCC}$  and  $E_{SCF}$  for xTB and DFT calculations, respectively. [d] zero-point vibrational energy. [e] lowest vibrational frequency. [f] Gibbs free energy.

No.	Energy (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	λ (nm)	<b>f</b> <sup>[a]</sup>	Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup>	_	28	19447	514.2	0.025	H–2(A)»L+2(A) (19%) H–2(B)»L+3(B) (17%)
1	10436	958.2	0.058	HOMO(B)»LUMO(B) (87%)		29	19683	508.0	0.004	HOMO(A)»L+7(A) (10%) HOMO(B)»L+6(B) (14%)
2	11602	861.9	0.100	HOMO(A)»L+2(A) (75%)		30	19779	505.6	0.006	H–6(B)»LUMO(B) (14%)
3	11615	860.9	0.020	HOMO(A)»LUMO(A) (47%)		31	19796	505.2	0.009	H–5(B)»LUMO(B) (10%) HOMO(B)»L+6(B) (15%)
4	12345	810.0	0.127	HOMO(A)»L+3(A) (39%) HOMO(A)»LUMO(A)	· · · ·	32	20077	498.1	0.015	H–1(A)»L+5(A) (48%) HOMO(B)»L+6(B) (33%)
_				(35%) HOMO(A)»L+3(A) (41%)	.	33	20107	497.3	0.001	H–4(A)»L+1(A) (10%) H–4(B)»L+1(B) (15%)
5	12577	795.1	0.016	HOMO(A)»L+1(A) (57%) HOMO(A)»L+4(A) (11%)		34	20189	495.3	0.002	
6	13337	749.8	0.019	$H = 1(A) \times L + 1(A) (36\%)$ $H = MO(B) \times L + 1(B) (36\%)$		35	20434	489.4	0.001	$H-2(A)\gg L+1(A)$ (11%) $H-2(B)\gg L+1(B)$ (11%)
7	13501	740.7	0.005	HOMO(A)»L+1(A) (34%)		36	20672	483.7 481.8	0.002	$H=1(A) \gg L+5(A) (13\%)$ $H=2(A) \gg L+4(A) (10\%)$
				HOMO(A)»L+4(A) (47%)		38	20755	477.2	0.000	H–5(B)»LUMO(B) (42%)
8	14162	706.1	0.004	H–1(A)»LUMO(A) (21%) HOMO(A)»L+4(A) (22%) HOMO(B)»L+2(B) (22%) H–1(A)»L+2(A) (23%)	.	39	21112	473.7	0.003	H-3(A)»L+1(A) (18%) H-2(A)»LUMO(A) (24%) H-2(B)»L+2(B) (22%) H-1(B)»L+1(B) (16%)
				H–1(A)»L+4(A) (12%)		40	21154	472.7	0.001	
				HOMO(A)»LUMO(A) (10%) HOMO(B)»L+3(B) (25%)		41	21429	466.6	0.036	H–2(A)»L+2(A) (36%) H–2(B)»L+3(B) (23%) H–1(B)»L+2(B) (10%)
10	14882	672.0	0.001	H-1(B)»LUMO(B) (64%)		42	21531	464.4	0.086	HOMO(A)»L+8(A) (14%)
11	14908	670.8	0.017	HOMO(A)»L+5(A) (61%) HOMO(A)»L+6(A) (10%)						H–2(B)»L+2(B) (18%) H–1(B)»L+1(B) (27%)
12	15131	660.9 639.2	0.028	$H=2(B) \gg LUMO(B) (74\%)$ $H=1(\Delta) \gg I+3(\Delta) (74\%)$		43	21634	462.2	0.155	H–3(A)»LUMO(A) (10%)
14	16100	620.9	0.001	$H = 1(A) \times L^{1}S(A) (24.%)$ $H = 1(B) \times LUMO(B) (16\%)$ $H = 0(A) \times L^{1}S(A) (16\%)$ $H = 1(A) \times L^{1}S(A) (16\%)$						H–2(A)»L+1(A) (22%) H–2(A)»L+2(A) (10%) H–2(B)»L+1(B) (23%)
14	10109	020.8	0.001	$H=1(A) \times L+2(A) (16\%)$ $H=1(A) \times L+4(A) (25\%)$ $H=2(B) \times LUMO(B) (12\%)$ $HOMO(B) \times L+5(B) (18\%)$		44	21658	461.7	0.025	H–1(B)»L+2(B) (10%) H–1(A)»L+6(A) (31%) HOMO(B)»L+7(B) (20%)
15	16651	600.6	0.001	H=3(B)»LUMO(B) (56%)		45	21740	460.0	0.088	H–3(A)»L+1(A) (25%)
16	16876	592.6	0.093	H–1(A)»LUMO(A) (48%) HOMO(B)»L+2(B) (50%)						H–2(A)»LUMO(A) (16%) H–1(B)»L+5(B) (13%)
17	16896	591.9	0.119	H–1(A)»L+1(A) (47%) HOMO(B)»L+1(B) (49%)		46	21852	457.6	0.022	H–3(A)»LUMO(A) (15%) H–2(A)»L+1(A) (29%)
18	17113	584.4	0.048	HOMO(A)»L+5(A) (12%) HOMO(A)»L+6(A) (11%) H–4(B)»LUMO(B) (54%)		47	21999	454.6	0.004	H-1(B)»L+2(B) (27%) H-3(A)»LUMO(A) (19%) H-2(B)»L+1(B) (18%) HOMO(B)»L+2(B) (11%)
19	17261	579.3	0.264	H–1(A)»L+2(A) (38%) HOMO(B)»L+3(B) (53%)	· · ·	48	22017	454.2	0.020	H-3(A)»L+4(A) (13%)
20	17327	577.1	0.031	H–1(A)»L+3(A) (30%) H–1(A)»L+5(A) (13%)		10	22120	452.4	0.000	HOMO(A)»L+ $\delta(A)$ (15%) H-1(B)»L+5(B) (10%)
21	17652	566.5	0.025	HOMO(B)»L+6(B) (13%) HOMO(A)»L+6(A) (51%)		49	22120	452.1	0.008	$H = 1(A) \times L + 7(A) (12\%)$ $H = 6(B) \times LUMO(B) (38\%)$ $HOMO(B) \times L + 8(B) (11\%)$
22	17805	561.6	0.470	HOMO(B)»L+5(B) (17%) H–1(A)»L+3(A) (21%)		50	22197	450.5	0.001	H–2(A)»L+3(A) (13%) H–4(B)»L+2(B) (14%)
23	18047	554.1	0.347	HOMO(B)»L+4(B) (51%) H–1(A)»L+4(A) (37%)						H–3(B)»L+1(B) (14%) H–1(B)»L+3(B) (18%)
				H–4(B)»LUMO(B) (11%) HOMO(B)»L+5(B) (35%)		51	22325	447.9	0.000	H–3(A)»L+2(A) (38%) H–2(B)»L+4(B) (11%)
24	18699	534.8	0.008	H–2(A)»LUMU(A) (10%) HOMO(A)»I +7(A) (33%)		52	22348	447.5	0.007	H–1(B)»L+4(B) (49%)
25	19005	526.2	0.003	H–1(B)»L+2(B) (13%)		53	22415	446.1	0.014	H–2(A)»L+3(A) (19%)
26	19106	523.4	0.015	H–3(A)»L+1(A) (11%) HOMO(A)»L+7(A) (10%)						H—2(B)»L+4(B) (28%) H—1(B)»L+3(B) (18%)
27	19305	518.0	0.016	H–1(B)»L+1(B) (14%) HOMO(A)»L+7(A) (36%)		54	22450	445.4	0.059	H—3(A)»L+3(A) (56%) H—1(B)»L+4(B) (11%)
				H–8(B)»LUMO(B) (10%)		55 56	22524 22546	444.0 443.5	0.001 0.002	HOMO(B)»L+7(B) (14%) HOMO(B)»L+8(B) (13%)

 Table S3. Electronic transitions calculated for 4\* using the TDA/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level of theory.

82	24496	408.2	0.060	H–2(A)»L+7(A) (12%) H–2(B)»L+8(B) (11%) H–1(B)»L+6(B) (35%)
83	24521	407.8	0.005	H-4(A)»L+3(A) (11%) H-16(B)»LUMO(B) (15%)
84	24605	406.4	0.020	H–4(B)»L+4(B) (23%) H–19(B)»LUMO(B) (16%)
85	24693	405.0	0.016	H–3(A)»L+5(A) (12%) H–1(A)»L+8(A) (17%)
86	24764	403.8	0.013	H–18(B)»LUMO(B) (20%)
87	24765	403.8	0.001	H-4(A)»L+3(A) (20%)
88	24789	403.4	0.000	H–11(A)»L+1(A) (14%)
89	24800	403.2	0.005	H–12(A)»L+1(A) (19%) H–14(B)»L+1(B) (18%)
90	24839	402.6	0.011	H–16(B)»LUMO(B) (12%)
91	24852	402.4	0.054	H–5(A)»LUMO(A) (14%) H–3(A)»L+5(A) (33%) H–1(B)»L+6(B) (17%)
92	24995	400.1	0.005	H–5(A)»L+4(A) (11%) H–2(A)»L+5(A) (23%) H–2(B)»L+6(B) (21%)
93	25207	396.7	0.018	H–4(A)»L+1(A) (10%)
94	25229	396.4	0.020	H–16(B)»LUMO(B) (15%)
95	25298	395.3	0.003	H–17(B)»LUMO(B) (10%)
96	25482	392.4	0.002	H–4(A)»L+4(A) (16%)
97	25486	392.4	0.089	H–5(A)»L+4(A) (23%) H–4(A)»L+3(A) (12%) H–2(A)»L+5(A) (10%) H–3(B)»L+5(B) (11%)
98	25519	391.9	0.037	H–17(B)»LUMO(B) (14%) H–4(B)»L+5(B) (38%)
99	25566	391.1	0.002	
100	25584	390.9	0.007	H–4(A)»L+4(A) (29%)
101	25595	390.7	0.105	H–5(A)»L+4(A) (19%)
102	25639	390.0	0.010	H–17(B)»LUMO(B) (15%)
103	25683	389.4	0.002	
104	25752	388.3	0.001	
105	26050	383.9	0.003	H–14(A)»LUMO(A) (18%) H–13(A)»L+2(A) (17%) H–11(B)»LUMO(B) (30%)
106	26053	383.8	0.000	H-14(A)»L+2(A) (17%) H-13(A)»LUMO(A) (23%) H-13(B)»LUMO(B) (37%)
107	26130	382.7	0.007	H–26(B)»LUMO(B) (11%) H–20(B)»LUMO(B) (16%) H–3(B)»L+6(B) (23%)
108	26241	381.1	0.000	
109	26288	380.4	0.000	H–5(B)»L+2(B) (12%) H–1(B)»L+7(B) (14%)
110	26377	379.1	0.001	H–15(A)»L+2(A) (21%) H–15(A)»L+3(A) (30%) H–15(A)»L+4(A) (11%)
111	26378	379.1	0.000	H–16(A)»L+2(A) (21%) H–16(A)»L+3(A) (30%) H–16(A)»L+4(A) (11%)

57	22692	440.7	0.017	H–1(A)»L+6(A) (35%) HOMO(A)»L+8(A) (11%) HOMO(B)»L+7(B) (22%)
58	22755	439.5	0.002	H–2(A)»L+4(A) (33%) H–9(B)»LUMO(B) (12%)
59	22837	437.9	0.005	HOMO(A)»L+8(A) (18%)
60	22923	436.2	0.001	H–3(A)»L+2(A) (13%) H–7(B)»LUMO(B) (27%)
61	23121	432.5	0.003	
62	23131	432.3	0.009	H–5(A)»LUMO(A) (13%) H–3(B)»L+2(B) (18%) H–2(B)»L+5(B) (15%)
63	23159	431.8	0.000	H–5(A)»L+1(A) (12%) H–8(B)»LUMO(B) (28%) H–7(B)»LUMO(B) (27%)
64	23221	430.7	0.067	H–5(A)»L+1(A) (20%) H–4(B)»L+2(B) (15%) H–3(B)»L+1(B) (12%)
65	23347	428.3	0.011	H–4(A)»LUMO(A) (42%) H–4(B)»L+2(B) (12%)
66	23354	428.2	0.150	H–5(A)»L+3(A) (14%) H–1(A)»L+7(A) (16%) H–2(B)»L+5(B) (12%) HOMO(B)»L+8(B) (11%)
67	23420	427.0	0.035	H–4(A)»L+2(A) (12%) H–1(A)»L+7(A) (17%) H–4(B)»L+3(B) (16%) HOMO(B)»L+8(B) (19%)
68	23497	425.6	0.000	H–12(B)»LUMO(B) (55%)
69	23499	425.6	0.000	H–15(B)»LUMO(B) (21%) H–10(B)»LUMO(B) (41%)
70	23591	423.9	0.081	H–9(B)»LUMO(B) (22%) H–3(B)»L+4(B) (16%)
71	23742	421.2	0.058	H–3(A)»L+4(A) (21%) H–4(B)»L+2(B) (12%) H–1(B)»L+5(B) (24%)
72	23774	420.6	0.044	H–5(A)»LUMO(A) (10%) H–4(A)»L+1(A) (12%) H–4(B)»L+1(B) (33%) H–3(B)»L+2(B) (15%)
73	23851	419.3	0.054	H–4(A)»L+2(A) (14%) H–4(B)»L+3(B) (20%)
74	23937	417.8	0.061	H–5(A)»L+1(A) (10%) H–3(A)»L+4(A) (10%) H–2(A)»L+5(A) (17%) H–2(B)»L+6(B) (18%)
75	23983	417.0	0.056	HOMO(A)»L+9(A) (64%)
76	23988	416.9	0.014	H–5(A)»L+2(A) (20%) H–3(B)»L+3(B) (46%)
77	24065	415.5	0.046	H–4(A)»L+1(A) (17%) H–4(A)»L+2(A) (15%)
78	24187	413.4	0.028	H–5(A)»L+2(A) (17%) H–2(B)»L+6(B) (10%)
79	24203	413.2	0.151	H–5(A)»L+3(A) (30%) H–3(B)»L+4(B) (35%)
80	24452	409.0	0.008	H–13(B)»LUMO(B) (16%) H–13(B)»L+3(B) (10%) H–11(B)»L+2(B) (11%)
81	24464	408.8	0.001	H–13(B)»L+2(B) (15%) H–11(B)»LUMO(B) (20%) H–11(B)»L+3(B) (13%)

112	26453	378.0	0.021	H–3(A)»L+6(A) (13%) H–5(B)»L+2(B) (13%)
113	26490	377.5	0.002	H–12(A)»L+1(A) (14%) H–14(B)»LUMO(B) (53%)
114	26496	377.4	0.001	H-11(A)»L+1(A) (13%) H-15(B)»LUMO(B) (26%) H-10(B)»LUMO(B)
				(14%)
115	26578	376.3	0.002	H–5(B)»L+1(B) (23%)
116	26620	375.7	0.021	H–5(A)»L+5(A) (12%)
117	26620	27E E	0.002	$\Pi = I(A) \gg L + \delta(A) (15\%)$
118	26655	375.2	0.003	$H=3(A) \times I + 7(A) (13\%)$
				H–1(B)»L+8(B) (26%)
119	26708	374.4	0.033	HOMO(B)»L+9(B) (42%)
120	26776	373.5	0.010	H–11(A)»L+1(A) (11%) H–15(B)»LUMO(B) (19%) H–10(B)»LUMO(B)
				(11%)
121	26791	373.3	0.001	$H = 12(A) \times L + 1(A) (14\%)$
				(34%)
				H–14(B)»L+1(B) (19%)
122	26931	371.3	0.000	H–5(A)»L+5(A) (11%)
				H–5(B)»L+2(B) (21%)
123	26949	371.1	0.006	$H=4(A) \gg L+5(A) (12\%)$
				(10%)
				H–4(B)»L+6(B) (18%)
124	27012	370.2	0.032	H–2(A)»L+6(A) (26%)
125	27020	260.9	0.012	$H=5(B)\gg L+3(B)(10\%)$
125	27039	309.8	0.012	H=7(A)»LUNIO(A) (37%) H=5(B)»L+2(B) (10%)
126	27067	369.5	0.014	H-2(B)»L+7(B) (16%)
127	27139	368.5	0.033	H–22(B)»LUMO(B)
				(22%) H–21(B)»LUMO(B) (12%)
128	27222	367.3	0.003	H–6(B)»L+1(B) (13%)
129	27248	367.0	0.009	HOMO(A)»L+10(A)
				(24%)
				H–11(B)»LUMO(B)
130	27260	366.8	0.004	H–13(B)»LUMO(B)
				(16%)
				H–13(B)»L+3(B) (10%)
131	27267	366.7	0.003	H=11(B)»L+2(B) (12%) HOMO(A)»L+10(A)
				(16%)
				H–13(B)»L+2(B) (10%)
				H–11(B)»LUMO(B)
132	27342	365.7	0.004	(12%) H–7(A)»L+1(A) (16%)
133	27429	364.6	0.006	H–4(A)»L+5(A) (10%)
				H–6(B)»L+2(B) (11%)
134	27484	363.8	0.112	$H=6(A) \gg L+1(A) (17\%)$
				п-э(А)»L+b(А) (11%) H–6(B)»L+1(B) (24%)
135	27499	363.6	0.189	H=8(A)»L+1(A) (10%)
				H–7(B)»L+1(B) (10%)
				H–5(B)»L+3(B) (14%)
				HOMO(B)»L+10(B)
136	27527	362.2	0.018	(11%) HOMO(A)»(+11(A)
100	21331	555.2	0.010	(46%)

				HOMO(A)»L+14(A)
127	27554	262.0	0.055	(11%)
157	27554	502.9	0.055	H–8(A)»L0MO(A) (12%) H–7(B)»L+2(B) (17%)
138	27595	362.4	0.047	H–4(A)»L+5(A) (10%) H–7(B)»L+1(B) (13%)
139	27673	361.4	0.017	H–6(A)»LUMO(A) (16%) H–6(B)»L+2(B) (13%) H–2(B)»L+7(B) (12%)
140	27674	361.3	0.062	H–7(A)»LUMO(A) (12%) H–7(A)»L+3(A) (14%)
141	27689	361.2	0.011	H–5(B)»L+3(B) (13%)
142	27712	360.8	0.004	H–26(B)»LUMO(B) (17%) H–20(B)»LUMO(B)
143	27758	360.3	0.003	(21%) H=21(B)»I UMO(B)
145	27750	500.5	0.005	(13%) H–19(B)»LUMO(B)
	27042	250.0	0.442	(13%)
144	27812	359.6	0.113	H–6(A)»L+2(A) (12%) H–26(B)»LUMO(B) (11%)
				(12%) H–20(B)»LUMO(B) (12%)
				H–7(B)»L+2(B) (13%)
145	27878	358.7	0.013	
146	27879	358.7	0.016	
147	27947	357.8	0.052	(14%)
148	27977	357.4	0.023	H–8(A)»LUMO(A) (12%)
149	27988	357.3	0.001	H–31(B)»LUMO(B) (35%)
150	27995	357.2	0.061	H–10(A)»LUMO(A) (11%) H–8(A)»L+2(A) (10%)
151	28014	357.0	0.007	H–7(B)»L+3(B) (15%) H–32(B)»LUMO(B)
150	28026	256.7	0.001	(38%)
152	28036	356.7	0.001	$H=23(B)$ $\times$ $I \cup MO(B)$
155	20100	555.1	0.012	(13%) H–18(B)»LUMO(B) (18%)
154	28154	355.2	0.037	H–5(B)»L+4(B) (12%)
155	28166	355.0	0.014	H–7(A)»L+2(A) (15%)
156	28219	354.4	0.003	
157	28254	353.9	0.051	H–6(A)»L+3(A) (24%) H–6(B)»L+4(B) (10%)
158	28322	353.1	0.001	H–6(A)»LUMO(A) (11%) H–6(B)»L+4(B) (11%)
159	28412	352.0	0.049	
160	28417	351.9	0.022	H–12(B)»LUMO(B) (11%) H–12(B)»L+3(B) (10%)
1.54	20425	254.2	0.000	H–10(B)»L+4(B) (13%)
161	28425	351.8	0.009	H–12(B)»L+4(B) (23%) H–10(B)»LUMO(B) (10%)
162	284/2	351 6	0 027	H–10(B)»L+3(B) (10%)
163	28459	351.4	0.061	H–3(A)»L+7(A) (13%)
				H–1(A)»L+9(A) (26%) HOMO(B)»L+10(B) (23%)
164	28488	351.0	0.006	H-8(B)»L+2(B) (14%)
165	28516	350.7	0.006	H–10(A)»L+1(A) (15%) H–9(B)»L+1(B) (23%)

166	28577	349.9	0.001	H–24(B)»LUMO(B) (34%)
167	28630	349.3	0.012	
168	28677	348.7	0.000	
169	28720	348.2	0.001	H–8(A)»L+2(A) (13%) H–24(B)»LUMO(B) (16%)
170	28748	347.9	0.002	
171	28779	347.5	0.006	H–8(A)»L+3(A) (17%) H–8(B)»L+2(B) (13%)
172	28810	347.1	0.003	H–8(B)»L+1(B) (66%)
173	28833	346.8	0.003	
174	28838	346.8	0.002	H–34(B)»L+2(B) (12%) H–33(B)»LUMO(B) (12%) H–33(B)»L+3(B) (11%)
175	28848	346.6	0.001	
176	28874	346.3	0.000	H–8(A)»L+2(A) (11%) H–9(B)»L+2(B) (16%) H–7(B)»L+3(B) (17%)
177	28914	345.9	0.006	H–8(B)»L+2(B) (21%) H–3(B)»L+7(B) (13%)
178	28943	345.5	0.010	H–6(B)»L+4(B) (17%)
179	28951	345.4	0.007	H–6(A)»L+4(A) (15%)
180	28984	345.0	0.000	H–8(B)»L+3(B) (18%)
181	29017	344.6	0.001	
182	29042	344.3	0.000	H–25(B)»LUMO(B) (48%) H–23(B)»LUMO(B) (16%)
183	29060	344.1	0.001	H–31(A)»L+1(A) (12%) H–36(B)»L+1(B) (15%) H–25(B)»LUMO(B) (14%)
184	29101	343.6	0.008	HOMO(A)»L+15(A) (10%)
185	29140	343.2	0.001	H–8(A)»L+3(A) (10%) H–3(B)»L+7(B) (20%)
186	29182	342.7	0.048	H–7(A)»L+4(A) (17%) H–8(B)»L+3(B) (16%) H–5(B)»L+5(B) (12%)

	187	29202	342.4	0.029	HOMO(A)»L+13(A) (11%) HOMO(A)»L+16(A) (13%) H-7(B)»L+4(B) (20%)
ĵ	188	29290	341.4	0.038	H-3(B)»L+8(B) (11%)
	189	29305	341.2	0.007	HOMO(A)»L+13(A) (18%) HOMO(A)»L+16(A) (16%)
	190	29378	340.4	0.002	H–6(A)»L+4(A) (16%) H–7(B)»L+4(B) (13%) H–5(B)»L+6(B) (12%)
	191	29379	340.4	0.021	H–8(A)»L+4(A) (31%)
	192	29392	340.2	0.044	H–8(B)»L+4(B) (16%) H–6(B)»L+5(B) (22%)
	193	29412	340.0	0.022	H–8(A)»L+4(A) (11%) HOMO(A)»L+17(A) (23%)
	194	29492	339.1	0.003	HOMO(A)»L+17(A) (15%) H–4(B)»L+7(B) (20%)
	195	29536	338.6	0.060	H–9(A)»LUMO(A) (33%) H–6(B)»L+5(B) (10%)
ĵ	196	29661	337.1	0.052	
	197	29662	337.1	0.025	H–4(A)»L+6(A) (15%) H–7(B)»L+5(B) (15%)
	198	29678	337.0	0.025	H–9(A)»LUMO(A) (14%) H–9(A)»L+3(A) (34%) H–8(B)»L+4(B) (10%)
	199	29713	336.5	0.057	
	200	29797	335.6	0.054	H–6(B)»L+5(B) (13%)

[a] Oscillator strength. [b] Contributions smaller than 10% are not included. H = HOMO, L = LUMO. Orbitals are numbered consecutively regardless of possible degeneracies.

No.	Energy (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	λ (nm)	<b>f</b> <sup>[a]</sup>	Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup>
1	14807	675.4	0.001	HOMO»LUMO (73%)
2	15087	662.8	0.005	H–1»LUMO (21%) HOMO»L+1 (65%)
3	15595	641.2	0.010	HOMO»L+2 (76%)
4	16209	617.0	0.010	H–1»L+1 (12%)
				H–1»L+2 (22%) HOMO»L+3 (49%)
5	16308	613.2	0.021	H–1»LUMO (62%) HOMO»L+1 (21%)
6	16567	603.6	0.017	H–1»L+1 (57%) H–1»L+2 (15%)
7	16886	592.2	0.061	H–1»L+2 (45%) HOMO»L+3 (21%) HOMO»L+5 (11%)
8	17030	587.2	0.145	HOMO»L+3 (10%) HOMO»L+4 (68%)
9	17250	579.7	0.185	HOMO»L+5 (62%) HOMO»L+6 (11%)
10	17431	573.7	0.075	H–1»L+3 (44%) HOMO»L+6 (36%)
11	17571	569.1	0.074	H–1»L+3 (34%) HOMO»L+5 (17%) HOMO»L+6 (28%)
12	17712	564.6	0.158	H–1»L+4 (56%) HOMO»L+6 (10%) HOMO»L+7 (19%)
13	17960	556.8	0.107	H–2»LUMO (16%) H–1»L+5 (34%) HOMO»L+7 (16%)
14	18075	553.3	0.016	H–2»LUMO (16%) H–1»L+4 (19%) HOMO»L+7 (40%)
15	18205	549.3	0.019	H–2»LUMO (34%) H–2»L+1 (13%) HOMO»L+8 (22%)
16	18344	545.1	0.061	H–1»L+5 (43%) HOMO»L+9 (19%)
17	18415	543.0	0.200	H–1»L+5 (10%) H–1»L+6 (20%) HOMO»L+9 (44%)
18	18476	541.3	0.201	H–2»L+1 (27%) HOMO»L+8 (50%)
19	18578	538.3	0.105	H–2»L+1 (29%) H–1»L+6 (40%) HOMO»L+9 (12%)
20	18929	528.3	0.047	H–1»L+7 (80%)
21	19000	526.3	0.020	H–2»L+2 (71%)
22	19265	519.1	0.099	H–3»LUMO (47%) H–1»L+9 (15%)
23	19319	517.6	0.064	H–3»LUMO (15%) H–1»L+9 (51%)
24	19457	514.0	0.100	H–1»L+8 (55%)
25	19663	508.6	0.022	H-3»L+1 (31%) H-2»L+3 (17%) H-2»L+4 (10%) H-1»L+8 (10%)
26	19679	508.2	0.046	H–3»L+1 (28%) H–2»L+4 (12%) H–1»L+9 (10%) HOMO»L+10 (24%)

27	19805	504.9	0.033	H–4»LUMO (11%) H–2»L+3 (28%) HOMO»L+10 (33%)
28	19874	503.2	0.041	H–2»L+3 (22%) H–2»L+4 (51%)
29	20022	499.5	0.011	H–4»LUMO (57%)
30	20064	498.4	0.121	H–3»L+2 (65%)
31	20096	497.6	0.090	H–2»L+4 (11%) HOMO»L+11 (52%)
32	20304	492.5	0.009	H–4»L+1 (14%) H–2»L+5 (59%)
33	20386	490.5	0.011	H–4»L+1 (61%) H–2»L+5 (12%)
34	20530	487.1	0.022	H–3»L+3 (17%) H–3»L+4 (13%) H–2»L+6 (19%) H–1»L+10 (19%)
35	20653	484.2	0.072	H–3»L+3 (18%) H–2»L+6 (24%) H–1»L+10 (20%)
36	20708	482.9	0.052	H–2»L+6 (36%)
37	20741	482.1	0.055	H–3»L+4 (21%) H–2»L+7 (45%)
38	20847	479.7	0.020	H–3»L+3 (44%) H–1»L+10 (22%)
39	20905	478.4	0.012	H–3»L+4 (28%) H–2»L+7 (21%) H–1»L+10 (11%) HOMO»L+12 (27%)
 40	20968	476.9	0.033	H–1»L+11 (44%)
41	21021	475.7	0.079	H–4»L+2 (50%) H–1»L+11 (10%)
42	21113	473.6	0.029	H–3»L+4 (22%) H–1»L+11 (11%) HOMO»L+12 (41%)
43	21322	469.0	0.021	H–4»L+3 (15%) H–3»L+5 (35%) H–2»L+8 (10%)
 44	21379	467.7	0.026	H–5»LUMO (22%) H–3»L+5 (13%)
45	21450	466.2	0.099	H–3»L+5 (21%) H–3»L+6 (10%) H–2»L+8 (35%) H–2»L+9 (18%)
46	21545	464.1	0.008	H–5»LUMO (12%) H–3»L+6 (10%) H–2»L+9 (40%)
47	21587	463.2	0.029	H–6»LUMO (13%) H–5»LUMO (27%) H–4»L+3 (13%)
48	21700	460.8	0.014	H–3»L+6 (45%) H–2»L+8 (14%)
49	21793	458.9	0.031	H–6»LUMO (24%) H–5»L+1 (12%) H–4»L+3 (27%)
50	21875	457.1	0.009	H–6»LUMO (13%) H–4»L+4 (14%) H–3»L+7 (24%) H–1»L+12 (18%)
51	21965	455.3	0.003	H–5»L+1 (40%)

**Table S4.** Electronic transitions calculated for  $\mathbf{4}_2$  using the TDA/B3LYP/3-21G level of theory.

80	23446	426.5	0.013	H–8»L+2 (10%) H–5»L+5 (11%) H–1»L+13 (23%)
81	23519	425.2	0.020	H–9»L+2 (12%) H–7»L+2 (13%) H–5»L+6 (16%)
82	23581	424.1	0.002	H–8»L+2 (26%) H–1»L+13 (14%) HOMO»L+15 (21%)
83	23650	422.8	0.031	H–6»L+4 (17%) H–4»L+9 (12%)
84	23686	422.2	0.004	H–9»L+2 (27%) H–1»L+14 (22%)
85	23774	420.6	0.005	H–3»L+10 (56%)
86	23830	419.6	0.092	H–9»L+2 (15%) H–2»L+12 (12%) H–1»L+14 (23%)
87	23881	418.7	0.015	H–6»L+5 (38%)
88	23940	417.7	0.011	H–8»L+3 (22%) H–2»L+12 (20%)
89	23988	416.9	0.060	H–8»L+3 (11%) H–3»L+11 (17%) H–2»L+12 (11%)
90	24108	414.8	0.022	H–7»L+3 (13%) H–3»L+11 (35%)
91	24131	414.4	0.012	H–9»L+3 (37%)
92	24208	413.1	0.002	H–6»L+6 (10%) H–5»L+7 (35%)
93	24235	412.6	0.048	H–9»L+3 (12%) H–7»L+3 (28%) H–3»L+11 (18%)
94	24328	411.0	0.028	H–8»L+4 (12%) H–7»L+4 (10%) H–6»L+7 (17%) HOMO»L+16 (10%)
95	24335	410.9	0.030	HOMO»L+16 (37%)
96	24381	410.1	0.032	H–8»L+4 (10%) H–7»L+4 (59%)
97	24469	408.7	0.006	H–6»L+5 (12%) H–6»L+6 (33%) H–5»L+5 (11%)
98	24575	406.9	0.001	H–27»LUMO (14%) H–27»L+1 (24%) H–27»L+3 (22%)
99	24582	406.8	0.009	H–2»L+12 (21%) H–1»L+15 (48%)
100	24612	406.3	0.002	H–7»L+5 (17%)
101	24624	406.1	0.003	H–5»L+8 (30%)
102	24656	405.6	0.026	H–8»L+5 (11%) H–7»L+5 (18%)
103	24684	405.1	0.002	H–24»L+2 (10%) H–7»L+5 (14%) H–5»L+8 (12%)
104	24761	403.9	0.009	H–8»L+4 (11%) H–7»L+5 (10%) H–6»L+8 (13%)
105	24801	403.2	0.005	H–21»L+4 (11%) H–21»L+5 (18%) H–21»L+6 (13%)
106	24818	402.9	0.001	H–6»L+7 (11%)
107	24859	402.3	0.012	H–4»L+10 (22%) HOMO»L+17 (22%)

	52	21991	454.7	0.014	H–6»L+1 (12%) H–2»L+9 (11%) H–1»L+12 (38%)
	53	22128	451.9	0.003	H–4»L+4 (14%) H–3»L+7 (47%)
	54	22141	451.7	0.040	H–6»L+2 (17%) H–5»L+2 (25%)
	55	22188	450.7	0.015	H–6»L+1 (35%) H–4»L+4 (13%)
ļ	56	22321	448.0	0.031	H–4»L+5 (54%)
	57	22387	446.7	0.004	H–7»LUMO (10%) HOMO»L+13 (51%)
	58 59	22406 22469	446.3 445.1	0.075 0.019	H–4»L+6 (30%) H–6»L+2 (20%) H–5»L+2 (11%) H–4»L+7 (16%)
	60	22496	444.5	0.027	H–9»LUMO (11%) H–7»LUMO (26%) HOMO»L+13 (15%)
	61	22593	442.6	0.023	H–6»L+2 (17%) H–4»L+6 (14%) H–4»L+7 (11%)
	62	22615	442.2	0.019	H–7»L+1 (12%) H–3»L+8 (27%) H–3»L+9 (17%)
	63	22696	440.6	0.015	H–8»LUMO (14%) HOMO»L+14 (37%)
Ì	64	22748	439.6	0.022	H–2»L+10 (67%)
	65	22781	439.0	0.016	H–3»L+9 (19%)
	66	22838	437.9	0.025	H–8»LUMO (19%) H–3»L+8 (19%)
	67	22888	436.9	0.002	H–9»LUMO (14%) H–3»L+8 (14%) H–2»L+11 (25%)
	68	22913	436.4	0.020	H–2»L+11 (28%)
	69	22934	436.0	0.047	H–6»L+3 (19%) H–5»L+3 (31%) H–2»L+11 (16%)
	70	22979	435.2	0.019	H–8»LUMO (12%) H–7»L+1 (27%)
	71	23038	434.1	0.013	H–8»L+1 (18%) H–6»L+3 (11%) H–5»L+4 (15%)
	72	23117	432.6	0.051	H–6»L+3 (11%) H–5»L+3 (18%)
	73	23196	431.1	0.043	H–6»L+4 (15%) H–4»L+9 (19%)
	74	23217	430.7	0.013	H–9»L+1 (16%) H–9»L+2 (14%) H–8»L+1 (10%) H–4»L+8 (11%)
	75	23268	429.8	0.014	H–9»L+1 (25%) H–8»L+1 (12%) H–7»L+2 (10%)
	76	23317	428.9	0.005	H–7»L+2 (20%) H–5»L+4 (20%)
	77	23339	428.5	0.037	H–8»L+2 (17%) H–5»L+5 (13%)
,	78	23384	427.6	0.007	H–8»L+2 (16%) HOMO»L+15 (27%)
	79	23398	427.4	0.035	H–8»L+1 (26%) H–7»L+2 (25%) H–5»L+4 (10%)

108	24918	401.3	0.006	H–6»L+8 (11%)
109	24931	401.1	0.000	H–18»L+5 (22%) H–18»L+6 (33%)
110	24953	400.8	0.003	H–6»L+8 (12%)
111	24983	400.3	0.023	H–11»LUMO (11%) H–8»L+5 (14%) H–7»L+6 (13%)
112	24999	400.0	0.002	H—23»L+4 (14%) H—23»L+7 (15%)
113	25022	399.7	0.003	H–6»L+9 (12%) HOMO»L+17 (10%)
114	25040	399.4	0.053	H–9»L+4 (14%) H–4»L+10 (19%)
115	25057	399.1	0.008	H—26»L+4 (20%) H—23»L+7 (15%)
116	25098	398.4	0.002	H–10»LUMO (18%) H–8»L+5 (11%)
117	25105	398.3	0.000	H–19»L+3 (10%) H–19»L+7 (14%) H–19»L+9 (20%)
118	25150	397.6	0.012	H–5»L+9 (10%)
119	25165	397.4	0.001	H–15»L+7 (16%) H–15»L+8 (23%)
120	25185	397.1	0.032	H–7»L+7 (14%) H–6»L+9 (19%) H–4»L+10 (13%)
121	25217	396.6	0.008	H–4»L+11 (35%) H–3»L+12 (11%)
122	25248	396.1	0.040	H–8»L+6 (28%) H–7»L+6 (13%)
123	25286	395.5	0.026	H–7»L+7 (23%)
124	25310	395.1	0.036	H–11»LUMO (29%) H–8»L+6 (10%)
425	25205	202.0	0.025	H–7»L+7 (19%)
125	25385	393.9	0.025	H–9»L+5 (12%) H–9»L+6 (10%) H–3»L+12 (19%)
126	25425	393.3	0.010	H–9»L+6 (13%) H–3»L+12 (28%)
127	25456	392.8	0.007	H–3»L+12 (12%) H–2»L+13 (26%) H–1»L+16 (23%)
128	25504	392.1	0.025	H–13»LUMO (12%) H–11»L+1 (13%)
129	25590	390.8	0.008	H–11»L+1 (18%) H–10»LUMO (10%) H–10»L+1 (20%)
130	25621	390.3	0.005	H–8»L+7 (12%) H–2»L+13 (23%) H–2»L+14 (16%) H–1»L+16 (18%)
131	25658	389.7	0.021	H–8»L+7 (29%) H–7»L+9 (11%)
132	25704	389.0	0.005	H–8»L+7 (26%) H–7»L+8 (11%) H–7»L+9 (11%)
133	25748	388.4	0.023	H–13»LUMO (10%) H–12»LUMO (10%) H–10»L+1 (10%) H–10»L+2 (13%)

134	25803	387.5	0.020	H–2»L+14 (10%) H–1»L+17 (10%)
135	25836	387.1	0.005	
136	25869	386.6	0.004	H–9»L+7 (53%)
137	25891	386.2	0.014	H–11»L+2 (29%) H–10»L+2 (10%)
138	25960	385.2	0.012	H–9»L+8 (10%) H–7»L+8 (13%) H–2»L+14 (26%)
139	26048	383.9	0.004	H–1»L+17 (53%)
140	26087	383.3	0.007	H–14»LUMO (11%)
141	26107	383.0	0.013	H–8»L+9 (19%) H–7»L+9 (16%)
142	26143	382.5	0.005	H–33»LUMO (12%)
143	26184	381.9	0.000	H–37»LUMO (10%) H–37»L+1 (13%)
144	26189	381.8	0.026	H–17»LUMO (14%) H–11»L+2 (10%)
145	26223	381.3	0.011	H–7»L+8 (20%) H–5»L+11 (12%)
146	26240	381.1	0.069	H–16»LUMO (10%) H–5»L+10 (14%)
147	26277	380.6	0.007	H–9»L+9 (20%) H–8»L+8 (11%) H–8»L+9 (11%)
148	26299	380.2	0.069	H–8»L+8 (23%) H–6»L+11 (10%)
149	26335	379.7	0.057	H–9»L+9 (14%) H–4»L+12 (15%)
150	26362	379.3	0.010	H–9»L+9 (13%)
151	26417	378.5	0.061	H–9»L+8 (10%) H–4»L+12 (17%) H–3»L+13 (13%)
152	26426	378.4	0.011	H–12»L+2 (14%) H–5»L+10 (12%) H–4»L+12 (16%)
153	26465	377.9	0.035	H–13»L+1 (12%)
154	26478	377.7	0.019	H–11»L+3 (10%) H–9»L+8 (13%)
155	26539	376.8	0.027	H–4»L+12 (10%) H–2»L+15 (18%)
156	26583	376.2	0.020	H–12»L+1 (16%) H–3»L+13 (10%)
157	26609	375.8	0.015	H–13»L+2 (12%) H–6»L+11 (11%)
158	26636	375.4	0.014	
159	26679	374.8	0.014	
160	26715	374.3	0.029	H–11»L+3 (11%) H–11»L+4 (19%)
161	26741	374.0	0.012	
162	26817	372.9	0.045	H–6»L+11 (19%)
163	26838	372.6	0.001	H–14»L+2 (15%)
164	26883	372.0	0.008	H–3»L+14 (19%)
165	26934	371.3	0.031	H–16»L+2 (19%)
166	26966	370.8	0.022	H–3»L+14 (10%)
167	27005	370.3	0.039	H=11»L+5 (28%)
160	27040	360.3	0.033	H_10»L+3 (12%)
170	27079	360.0	0.009	H-13»L+3 (11%)
171	27103	368.7	0.001	H–16»LUMO
1/1	2.12.	00017	0.001	(20%) H–15»LUMO

				(34%) H–15»L+1 (17%)
172	27133	368.6	0.009	H–25»LUMO (11%)
173	27161	368.2	0.016	H–22»LUMO (14%) H–17»LUMO (17%)
174	27186	367.8	0.002	H–12»L+4 (11%)
175	27225	367.3	0.015	
176	27248	367.0	0.012	
177	27266	366.8	0.001	H–18»LUMO (49%) H–18»L+1 (33%)
178	27287	366.5	0.003	H–20»LUMO (28%) H–20»L+2 (15%)
179	27300	366.3	0.022	H–19»LUMO (13%)
180	27312	366.1	0.007	H–20»LUMO (12%) H–19»LUMO (40%) H–19»L+1 (13%)
181	27346	365.7	0.008	H–21»LUMO (39%) H–21»L+1 (13%)
182	27365	365.4	0.010	H–21»LUMO (12%)
183	27390	365.1	0.017	H–10»L+5 (10%)

184	27408	364.9	0.038	
185	27464	364.1	0.036	H–7»L+11 (15%)
186	27475	364.0	0.023	H–25»LUMO (12%)
187	27503	363.6	0.010	H–7»L+10 (11%) H–5»L+12 (10%) H–4»L+14 (10%)
188	27510	363.5	0.005	H–11»L+5 (12%)
189	27561	362.8	0.027	H–12»L+3 (12%) H–8»L+10 (10%)
190	27594	362.4	0.011	H–8»L+10 (30%)
191	27618	362.1	0.016	H–11»L+6 (28%)
192	27629	361.9	0.050	H–25»L+1 (11%)
193	27648	361.7	0.016	H–11»L+7 (16%)
194	27667	361.4	0.019	H–11»L+7 (10%) H–10»L+7 (11%)
195	27685	361.2	0.023	H–12»L+3 (10%)
196	27714	360.8	0.020	H–14»L+4 (15%)
197	27734	360.6	0.022	H–7»L+11 (11%)
198	27772	360.1	0.037	H-8»L+11 (13%)
199	27787	359.9	0.017	H–5»L+12 (11%)
200	27806	359.6	0.011	H–20»L+1 (10%)

[a] Oscillator strength. [b] Contributions smaller than 10% are not included. H = HOMO, L = LUMO. Orbitals are numbered consecutively regardless of possible degeneracies.

N-	-	,	<b>£</b> [a]	Melar
NO.	(cm <sup>-1</sup> )	۸ (nm)	L	excitations <sup>[b]</sup>
1	15851	630.9	0.149	HOMO»LUMO (93%)
2	16946	590.1	0.110	HOMO»L+1 (99%)
3	16983	588.8	0.139	HOMO»L+2 (98%)
4	17447	573.2	0.330	HOMO»L+3 (95%)
5	18072	553.4	0.409	HOMO»L+4 (96%)
6	18364	544.5	0.072	HOMO»L+5 (88%)
7	19986	500.4	0.053	H–1»LUMO (87%)
8	20249	493.8	0.001	H–1»L+2 (12%) HOMO»L+6 (72%)
9	20500	487.8	0.242	H–1»L+1 (96%)
10	20545	486.7	0.059	H–1»L+2 (79%) HOMO»L+6 (10%)
11	20583	485.8	0.013	H–2»LUMO (91%)
12	21159	472.6	0.011	H–2»L+1 (11%) H–1»L+3 (74%)
13	21391	467.5	0.008	H–1»L+4 (83%)
14	21470	465.8	0.081	H–3»LUMO (18%) H–2»L+1 (56%)
15	21827	458.1	0.125	H–3»LUMO (53%)
16	21863	457.4	0.008	H–2»L+2 (44%) H–2»L+3 (21%) H–1»L+4 (11%)
17	21957	455.4	0.031	H–2»L+2 (20%) H–2»L+3 (61%)
18	22148	451.5	0.006	H–3»L+2 (75%)
19	22430	445.8	0.142	H–4»LUMO (67%) H–2»L+2 (10%)
20	22482	444.8	0.008	HOMO»L+7 (76%)
21	22674	441.0	0.010	H–3»L+1 (57%) H–2»L+2 (11%)
22	22867	437.3	0.023	H–1»L+5 (61%) HOMO»L+7 (13%)
23	23154	431.9	0.094	H–4»L+1 (61%) H–3»L+3 (20%)
24	23237	430.4	0.005	HOMO»L+8 (80%)
25	23422	427.0	0.016	H–2»L+4 (51%) H–1»L+5 (11%)
26	23581	424.1	0.033	H-4»L+2 (14%) H-4»L+3 (15%) H-3»L+4 (10%) H-1»L+6 (37%)
27	23657	422.7	0.024	H–4»L+1 (13%) H–3»L+3 (64%) H–2»L+4 (14%)
28	23693	422.1	0.093	H-4»L+2 (26%) H-3»L+1 (11%) H-3»L+4 (13%) H-1»L+6 (26%)
29	23757	420.9	0.111	H–4»L+2 (33%) H–3»L+4 (34%) H–2»L+5 (13%)
30	23930	417.9	0.129	H–4»L+3 (52%) H–1»L+6 (21%)
31	24307	411.4	0.290	H–3»L+4 (18%) H–2»L+5 (68%)

Table S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level of theory.										
lo.	Energy (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	λ (nm)	<b>f</b> <sup>[a]</sup>	Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup>		32	24761	403.9	0.017	H–4»L+4 (71%) H–2»L+6 (11%)
1	15851	630.9	0.149	HOMO»LUMO (93%)		33	25181	397.1	0.035	H–4»L+4 (11%) H–3»L+5 (25%)
2	16946	590.1	0.110	HOMO»L+1 (99%)						11-2/12+0 (4076)
3	16983	588.8	0.139	HOMO»L+2 (98%)		34	25495	392.2	0.527	H–5»LUMO (129 H–3»L+5 (59%)
	ble \$	ble S5. Electronomic for the second s	ble S5. Electronic tr ble S5. Electronic tr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) (nm) 1 15851 630.9 2 16946 590.1 3 16983 588.8 4 17447 573.2	ble S5. Electronic transitio ble C5. Electronic transitio ble C Energy λ f <sup>[a]</sup> (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) (nm) 1 15851 630.9 0.149 2 16946 590.1 0.110 3 16983 588.8 0.139 4 17447 573 2 0.320	Image: ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated fo           Image: ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated fo <t< td=""><td>ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the second sec</td><td>ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/ lo. Energy <math>\lambda</math> f<sup>[a]</sup> Major excitations<sup>[b]</sup> 1 15851 630.9 0.149 HOMO»LUMO (93%) 2 16946 590.1 0.110 HOMO»L+1 (99%) 3 16983 588.8 0.139 HOMO»L+2 (98%) 4 17447 573 2 0.330 HOMO»L+2 (98%)</td><td>ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6         Io.       Energy (cm<sup>-1</sup>)       <math>\lambda</math>       f<sup>[a]</sup>       Major excitations<sup>[b]</sup>       32       24761         1       15851       630.9       0.149       HOMO»LUMO (93%)       33       25181         2       16946       590.1       0.110       HOMO»L+1 (99%)       34       25495         3       16983       588.8       0.139       HOMO»L+2 (98%)       34       25495</td><td>ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6-31G(d         Io.       Energy <math>\lambda</math> f<sup>[a]</sup>       Major excitations<sup>[b]</sup>         1       15851       630.9       0.149       HOMO»LUMO (93%)       33       25181       397.1         2       16946       590.1       0.110       HOMO»L+1 (99%)       34       25495       392.2         4       13447       573.2       0.320       UOM0%L+2 (98%)       34       25495       392.2</td><td>Solution is calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level         Inc.       Energy (cm<sup>-1</sup>)       <math>\lambda</math>       f<sup>[a]</sup>       Major excitations<sup>[b]</sup>         1       15851       630.9       0.149       HOMO»LUMO (93%)       33       25181       397.1       0.035         2       16946       590.1       0.110       HOMO»L+1 (99%)       34       25495       392.2       0.527</td></t<>	ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the second sec	ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/ lo. Energy $\lambda$ f <sup>[a]</sup> Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup> 1 15851 630.9 0.149 HOMO»LUMO (93%) 2 16946 590.1 0.110 HOMO»L+1 (99%) 3 16983 588.8 0.139 HOMO»L+2 (98%) 4 17447 573 2 0.330 HOMO»L+2 (98%)	ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6         Io.       Energy (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) $\lambda$ f <sup>[a]</sup> Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup> 32       24761         1       15851       630.9       0.149       HOMO»LUMO (93%)       33       25181         2       16946       590.1       0.110       HOMO»L+1 (99%)       34       25495         3       16983       588.8       0.139       HOMO»L+2 (98%)       34       25495	ble S5. Electronic transitions calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6-31G(d         Io.       Energy $\lambda$ f <sup>[a]</sup> Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup> 1       15851       630.9       0.149       HOMO»LUMO (93%)       33       25181       397.1         2       16946       590.1       0.110       HOMO»L+1 (99%)       34       25495       392.2         4       13447       573.2       0.320       UOM0%L+2 (98%)       34       25495       392.2	Solution is calculated for 7 using the TDA/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level         Inc.       Energy (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) $\lambda$ f <sup>[a]</sup> Major excitations <sup>[b]</sup> 1       15851       630.9       0.149       HOMO»LUMO (93%)       33       25181       397.1       0.035         2       16946       590.1       0.110       HOMO»L+1 (99%)       34       25495       392.2       0.527

33	25181	397.1	0.035	H–4»L+4 (11%) H–3»L+5 (25%) H–2»L+6 (46%)
34	25495	392.2	0.527	H–5»LUMO (12%) H–3»L+5 (59%) H–2»L+6 (11%)
35	25796	387.7	0.055	H–4»L+5 (10%) H–3»L+6 (54%)
36	25902	386.1	0.020	H–5»LUMO (55%) H–4»L+5 (12%)
37	25903	386.1	0.077	H–5»LUMO (14%) H–4»L+5 (46%) H–1»L+7 (20%)
38	26253	380.9	0.063	H–6»LUMO (58%) H–5»L+1 (13%)
39	26278	380.6	0.003	H–7»LUMO (62%) H–1»L+8 (12%)
40	26368	379.2	0.193	H–5»L+1 (37%) H–1»L+7 (21%)
41	26442	378.2	0.000	H–11»L+4 (23%) H–10»LUMO (48%) H–10»L+3 (11%)
42	26475	377.7	0.010	H–11»LUMO (44%) H–11»L+3 (10%) H–10»L+4 (22%)
43	26517	377.1	0.039	H–12»L+1 (15%) H–12»L+3 (13%) H–5»L+2 (20%)
44	26559	376.5	0.033	H-14»L+2 (13%) H-12»L+1 (17%) H-12»L+3 (15%) H-5»L+2 (13%)
45	26579	376.2	0.006	H–13»L+1 (20%) H–13»L+3 (17%)
46	26608	375.8	0.017	H–15»L+2 (33%) H–14»L+2 (10%) H–13»L+1 (10%)
47	26661	375.1	0.021	H–14»L+2 (16%) H–5»L+2 (18%)
48	26748	373.9	0.103	H–5»L+1 (21%) H–4»L+5 (16%) H–1»L+7 (20%)
49	26777	373.5	0.008	H–2»L+7 (19%) H–1»L+8 (36%)
50	26952	371.0	0.002	H–7»L+2 (11%) H–5»L+2 (20%) H–5»L+3 (40%)

[a] Oscillator strength. [b] Contributions smaller than 10% are not included. H = HOMO, L = LUMO. Orbitals are numbered consecutively regardless of possible degeneracies.





Figure S31.  $^{13}$ C NMR spectrum of 4<sub>2</sub> (151 MHz, chloroform-*d*, 300 K).













Figure S36. High resolution mass spectrum of 6 (MALDI-TOF, top: experimental, bottom: simulated).



Figure S37. High resolution mass spectrum of 4-*d* (MALDI–TOF, top: experimental, bottom: simulated).



Figure S38. High resolution mass spectrum of 7 (MALDI–TOF, top: experimental, bottom: simulated).

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