

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

Table S1. Comparison of the characteristics between the PLCO trial and the HLCS study

Characteristics	PLCO		HLCS		<i>P</i> ^a
	Frequency	Deaths (%)	Frequency	Deaths (%)	
Total	1185	798 (67.3)	984	665 (67.5)	
Median overall survival (months)	23.8		39.9		
Age					
≤ 71	636	400 (62.9)	654	428 (65.4)	
> 71	549	398 (72.5)	330	237 (71.8)	< 0.0001
Sex					
Male	698	507 (72.6)	507	379 (74.7)	
Female	487	291 (59.8)	477	286 (59.9)	0.0006
Smoking status					
Never	115	63 (54.8)	92	52 (56.5)	
Current	423	272 (64.3)	390	266 (68.2)	
Former	647	463 (71.6)	502	347 (69.1)	0.166
Histology					
Adenocarcinoma	577	348 (60.3)	597	378 (63.3)	
Squamous cell carcinoma	285	192 (67.4)	216	156 (72.2)	
Others	323	258 (79.9)	171	131 (76.6)	< 0.0001
Stage					
I-III A	655	315 (48.1)	606	352 (58.0)	
III B-IV	528	482 (91.3)	377	313 (83.0)	0.003
Missing	2		--		

^aChi-square test for comparisons of the characteristics between the PLCO trial and the Harvard study. Abbreviations: PLCO, Prostate, Lung, Colorectal and Ovarian Cancer Screening Trial; HLCS, Harvard lung cancer susceptibility study.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

Table S2. List of 176 selected genes in the NLRP3 Inflammasome gene-set from MSigDB and Genecards

Dataset	Name of pathway ^a	Selected genes	Number of genes
KEGG	NOD-like receptor signaling pathway	<i>BIRC2, BIRC3, CARD18, CARD6, CARD8, CARD9, CASP1, CASP5, CASP8, CCL11, CCL13, CCL2, CCL5, CCL7, CCL8, CHUK, CXCL1, CXCL2, ERBB2IP, HSP90AA1, HSP90AB1, HSP90B1, IKBKB, IKBKG, IL18, IL1B, IL6, IL8, MAP3K7, MAPK1, MAPK10, MAPK11, MAPK12, MAPK13, MAPK14, MAPK3, MAPK8, MAPK9, MEFV, NAIIP, NFKB1, NFKBIA, NFKBIB, NLRC4, NLRP1, NLRP3, NOD1, NOD2, PSTPIP1, PYCARD, PYDC1, RELA, RIPK2, SUGT1, TAB1, TAB2, TAB3, TNF, TNFAIP3, TRAF6, TRIP6, XIAP</i>	62
REACTOME	Inflammasomes	<i>AIM2, APP, BCL2, BCL2L1, CASP1, HSP90AB1, LOC644816, MEFV, NLRC4, NLRP1, NLRP3, P2RX7, PANX1, PSTPIP1, PYCARD, TXN, TXNIP</i>	17
REACTOME	The NLRP3 inflammasome	<i>APP, CASP1, HSP90AB1, LOC644816, MEFV, NLRP3, P2RX7, PANX1, PSTPIP1, PYCARD, TXN, TXNIP</i>	12
GO	Regulation of NLRP3 inflammasome complex assembly	<i>ATAT1, CD36, EIF2AK2, GBP5, MEFV, NLRP2P, PYDC1, PYDC2, SIRT2, TLR4, TLR6</i>	11
Genecards (https://www.genecards.org/)	NLRP3_Inflammasome_Lung cancer	<i>TP53, EGFR, NLRP3, IL1B, TNF, IL6, CASP8, TGFB1, IFNG, IL10, TLR4, BRCA1, CCL2, NLRP1, PRKN, TP73, TLR2, BIRC3, MEFV, IL1RN, CASP1, SERPINA1, CXCL8, PDCD1, BCL2L1, CASP3, BCL2, TLR9, CCL3, NFKB1, CD36, MAPK1, JUN, FGF2, MAPK8, CASP9, MTOR, P2RX7, IL18, CTLA4, BCL10, RELA, CREB1, HSP90AA1, TLR5, NLRC4, NOD2, HMOX1, AGT, CTSB, CFLAR, FLT3, IL1A, ITGB1, CCL5, CLEC7A, CD274, FN1, NAIIP, BIRC2, CARD8, CD209, STAT1, BTK, APAF1, HLA-G, CASR, PTPN22, SYK, MALT1, PSTPIP1, IFNA1, IL17A, C3, IL12B, HMGB1, APOA1, S100B, CASP7, CXCL1, SNCA, PIK3CG, LGALS3, NRG1, C5, ATF6, PML, IL1R1, IFIH1, S100A8, MYD88, S100A9, CD40, LEP, NPPA, TLR6, OLR1, IFNB1, DHX9, CAMP, TLR3, SAA1, JAK1, MAPK14, CCL4, NOD1, HSP90AB1, IL6ST, IRF3, CARD11, CYBB, MIF, IRF7, TREX1, TRIM21, RAC1, CARD9, DDX58, UBC, TLR7, H2AFX, UMOD, IRAK3, XDH, LY96, IL18BP, AGER, TNFAIP3, CD14, IL23A, HSPA1A, IL33, ORMDL3, CYBA, NCF1, IRAK4, IRAK1, LBP, IL27, MYO1C, IL37, ATP6VOA2</i>	142
Gene removed ^a		<i>PRKN, BTK, CYBB, TLR7, IRAK1, LOC644816, IKBKG, IL8, TAB3, XIAP, NLRP2P</i>	11
Total genes			176

^aGene in X chromosome was removed; Keyword for MSigDB and Genecards: NLRP3; Inflammasome. Organism: Homo sapiens. Abbreviation: MSigDB = Molecular signatures database.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

Table S3. Associations of the first 10 principal components and OS of NSCLC in the PLCO trial

PC*	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	P
PC1	4.821	1.353	12.697	< 0.001
PC2	-0.681	1.228	0.308	0.579
PC3	-3.054	0.949	10.351	0.001
PC4	-2.837	1.246	5.184	0.023
PC5	-0.910	1.232	0.546	0.460
PC6	1.355	1.252	1.172	0.279
PC7	-0.236	1.218	0.038	0.846
PC8	-1.684	1.322	1.622	0.203
PC9	-1.886	1.267	2.216	0.137
PC10	0.347	1.240	0.078	0.180

*The top four PCs were used for the adjustment for potential population stratification in the multivariate analysis. Abbreviations: OS, overall survival; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; PLCO, the Prostate, Lung, Colorectal and Ovarian Cancer Screening Trial; PC, principal component.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

Table S4. Functional prediction analyses of the two validated SNPs

SNP	Gene	Chr.	Allele	MAF	Regulome DB Score	HaploReg v4.1					
						Promoter histone marks	Enhancer histone marks	DNase	Motifs changed	Selected eQTL hits	dbSNP function annotation
rs4733124	<i>NRG1</i>	8	T/C	0.19	4	--	BRST, SKIN	BRST ^a , SKIN ^b , BRST ^c	GZF1, Pax-4	--	intronic
rs11225211	<i>BIRC3</i>	11	G/A	0.16	--	--	BLD	--	4 altered motifs	2 hits	intronic

^aBreast variant Human Mammary Epithelial Cells; ^bForeskin Fibroblast Primary Cells; ^cBreast Myoepithelial Primary Cells. Abbreviation: SNP = Single nucleotide polymorphisms; MAF = Minor allele frequency.

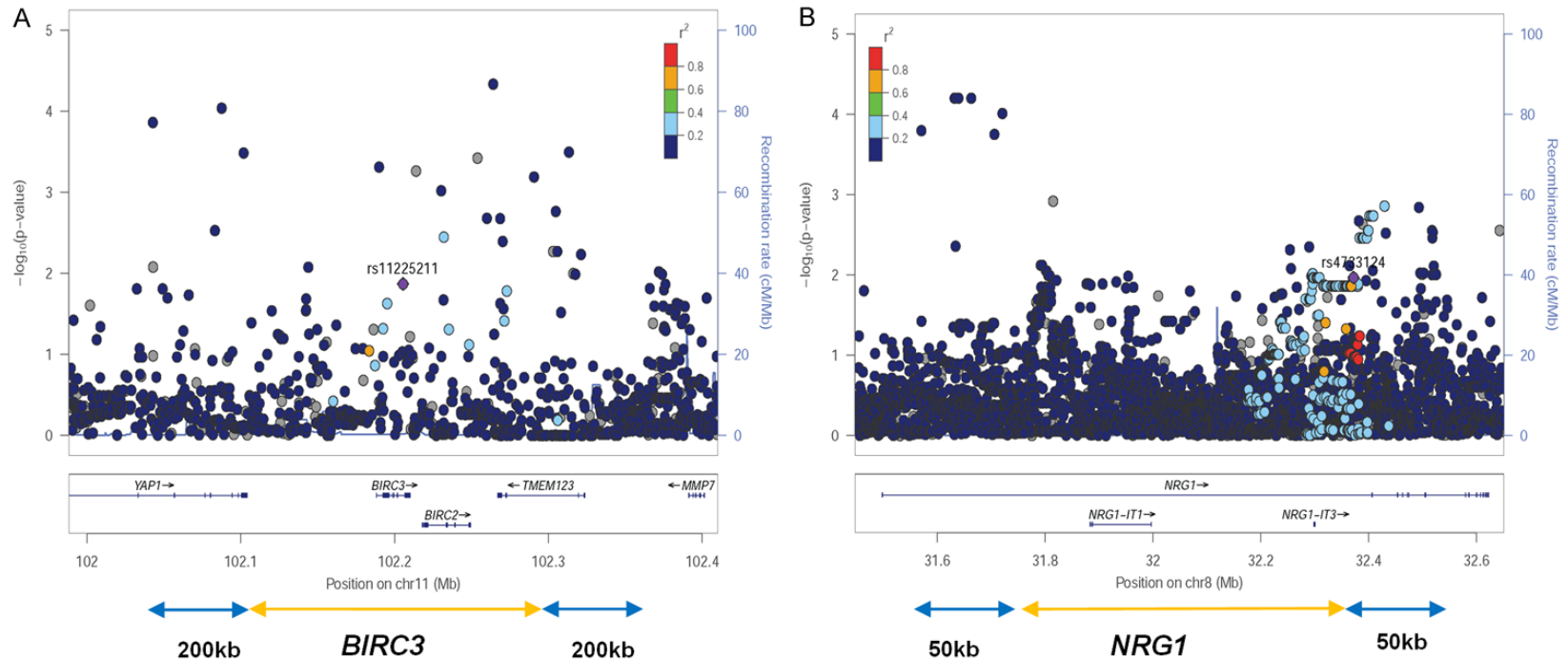


Figure S1. Regional association plots. The left-hand Y-axis shows the $-\log_{10}$ transformation of P -value of individual SNPs, which is plotted against the chromosomal base-pair position with an expansion of 500 KB in the flanks of the gene region. The right-hand Y-axis shows the recombination rate estimated for European populations from HapMap Data Rel 22/phase II. A. *XDH* rs141674738; B. *NRG1* rs4733124.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

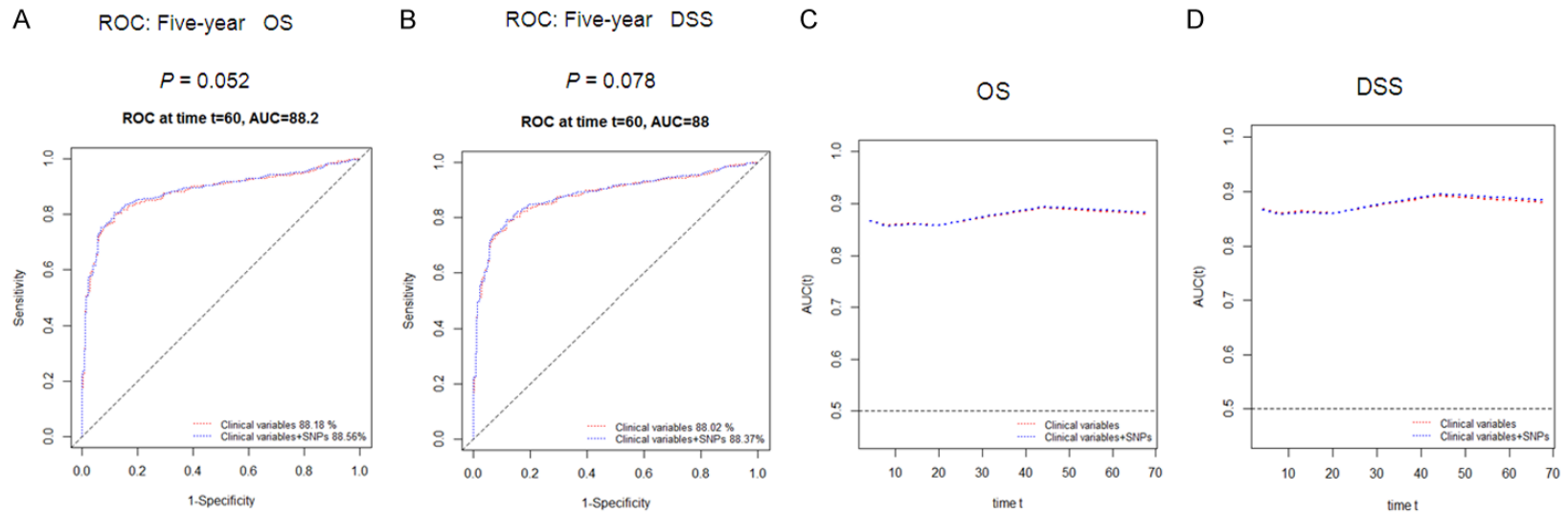


Figure S2. Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve and time-dependent area under the ROC curve (AUC) estimation for prediction of OS/DSS using the PLCO dataset. A. Five-year NSCLC overall survival rate, red line indicates clinical variables 88.18%; blue line indicates clinical variables + unfavorable genotypes 88.56%; B. Five-year NSCLC disease-specific survival rate, red line indicates clinical variables 88.02%; blue line indicates clinical variables + unfavorable genotypes 88.37%; C. Time-dependent AUC estimation (OS), based on age, sex, smoking status, histology, tumor stage, chemotherapy, radiotherapy, surgery, principal components and the protective genotypes of the two SNPs. time t = time (months); D. Time-dependent AUC estimation (DSS), based on age, sex, smoking status, histology, tumor stage, chemotherapy, radiotherapy, surgery, principal components and the protective genotypes of the two SNPs. time t = time (months).

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

Table S5. Stratified multivariate analyses for association between risk genotypes and OS/DSS in NSCLC patients in the PLCO trial

Characteristics	No. of 1-2 risk genotypes		No. of 0 risk genotype		OS Multivariate analysis ^a		P_{inter}^b	DSS Multivariate analysis ^a		P_{inter}^b
	All	Death (%)	All	Death (%)	HR (95% CI)	P		HR (95% CI)	P	
Age (years)										
≤ 71	503	334 (66.4)	131	65 (49.6)	0.80 (0.61-1.05)	0.108		0.92 (0.70-1.21)	0.551	
> 71	406	295 (72.7)	133	94 (70.7)	0.79 (0.62-1.00)	0.051	0.088	0.77 (0.60-1.00)	0.048	0.924
Sex										
Male	533	399 (74.9)	160	105 (65.6)	0.80 (0.64-0.99)	0.044		0.86 (0.68-1.08)	0.201	
Female	376	230 (61.2)	104	54 (51.9)	0.71 (0.53-0.97)	0.030	0.787	0.73 (0.53-1.00)	0.047	0.468
Smoking status										
Never	81	43 (53.1)	33	19 (57.6)	1.04 (0.56-1.95)	0.903		1.01 (0.54-1.89)	0.989	
Current	328	215 (65.6)	87	50 (57.5)	0.72 (0.53-1.00)	0.046		0.80 (0.58-1.12)	0.198	
Former	500	371 (74.2)	144	90 (62.50)	0.81 (0.64-1.02)	0.075	0.558	0.85 (0.66-1.08)	0.178	0.613
Histology										
Adenocarcinoma	429	271 (63.2)	145	75 (51.7)	0.62 (0.48-0.81)	0.0004		0.67 (0.51-0.88)	0.004	
Squamous	220	147 (66.8)	63	43 (68.3)	1.08 (0.76-1.54)	0.681		1.29 (0.89-1.87)	0.177	
Others	260	211 (81.2)	56	41 (73.2)	0.85 (0.60-1.20)	0.342	0.032	0.80 (0.55-1.16)	0.237	0.432
Tumor stage										
I-III A	504	260 (51.6)	149	54 (36.2)	0.68 (0.51-0.92)	0.012		0.75 (0.54-1.04)	0.089	
III B-IV	405	369 (91.1)	115	105 (91.3)	0.84 (0.67-1.05)	0.119	0.097	0.85 (0.68-1.07)	0.162	0.387
Chemotherapy										
No	490	300 (61.2)	147	66 (44.9)	0.61 (0.46-0.81)	0.0005		0.64 (0.47-0.86)	0.003	
Yes	419	329 (78.5)	117	93 (79.5)	1.01 (0.80-1.29)	0.911	0.007	1.05 (0.82-1.33)	0.719	0.010
Radiotherapy										
No	582	363 (62.4)	178	86 (48.3)	0.75 (0.59-0.95)	0.019		0.80 (0.62-1.04)	0.096	
Yes	327	266 (81.4)	86	73 (84.9)	0.88 (0.67-1.15)	0.334	0.436	0.90 (0.69-1.19)	0.457	0.564
Surgery										
No	497	439 (88.3)	137	125 (91.2)	0.95 (0.77-1.17)	0.614		0.97 (0.78-1.20)	0.763	
Yes	412	190 (46.1)	127	34 (26.8)	0.49 (0.34-0.72)	0.0002	0.002	0.55 (0.36-0.83)	0.004	0.012

^aAdjusted for age, sex, stage, histology, smoking status, chemotherapy, radiotherapy, surgery, PC1, PC2, PC3 and PC4; One observations missing of *NRG1* rs4733124, One observations missing of *BIRC3* rs11225211; Two observations missing of tumor stage and eight observations missing of chemotherapy/radiotherapy/surgery in PLCO dataset. ^b P_{inter} : P -value for interaction analysis between characteristic and number of protective genotypes; Abbreviation: OS = Overall survival; NSCLC = Non-small cell lung cancer; HR = Hazards ratio; 95% CI = 95% Confidence interval.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

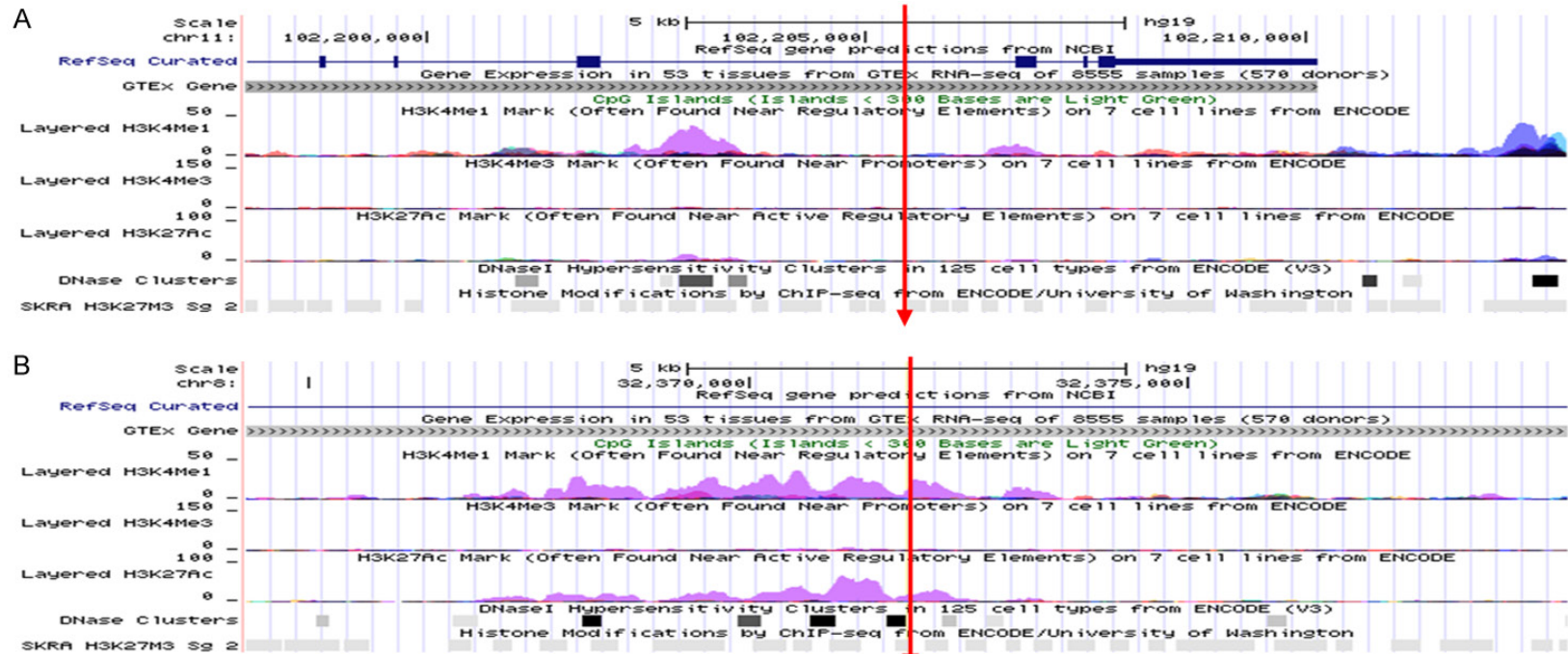


Figure S3. Functional prediction of SNPs in the ENCODE project. (A) Location and functional prediction of SNPs rs11225211, (B) Location and functional prediction of SNPs rs4733124.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

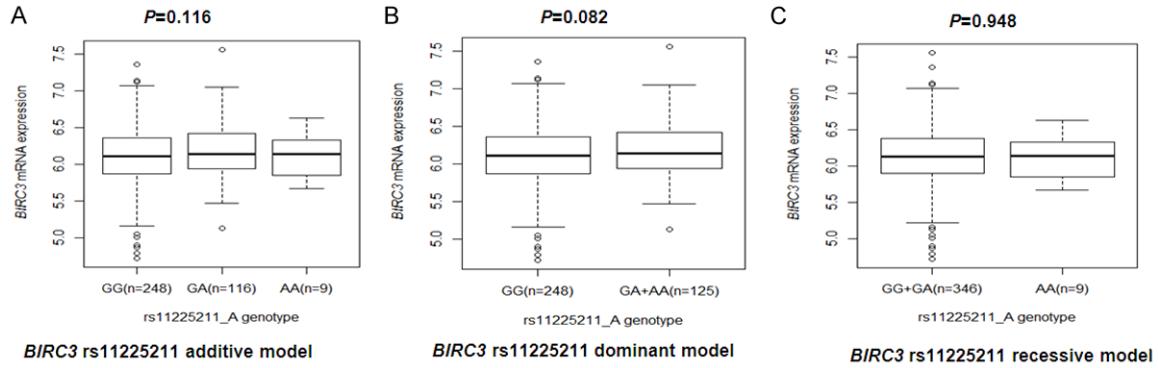


Figure S4. eQTL analysis of *BIRC3* rs11225211 genotypes and corresponding gene mRNA expression in 1000 Genomes project. All the data were from the 1000 Genome Project dataset. (A) rs11225211 additive model ($P = 0.116$); (B) rs11225211 dominant model ($P = 0.082$); and (C) rs11225211 recessive model ($P = 0.948$). Abbreviations: eQTL, expression quantitative trait loci.

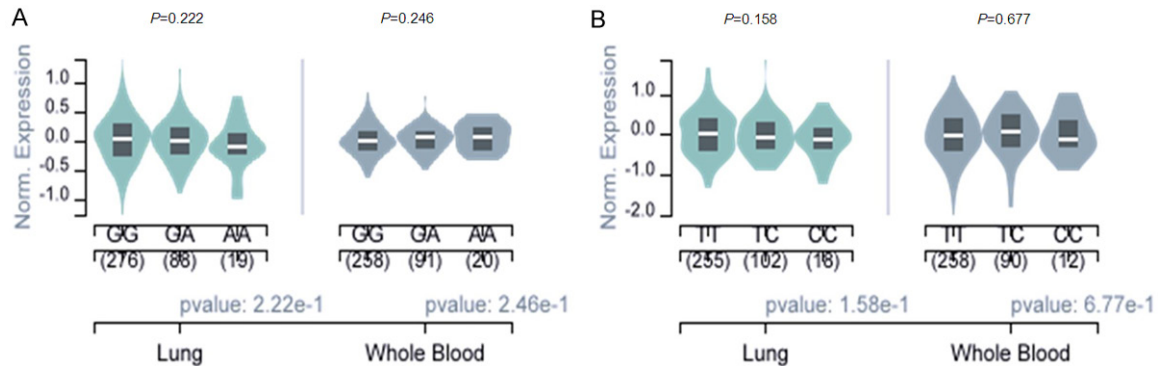


Figure S5. eQTL analysis of *BIRC3* rs11225211 and *NRG1* rs4733124 genotypes and corresponding gene mRNA expression in GTEx. All the data were from the GTEx dataset. A. rs11225211 in the lung tissues ($P = 0.222$) and whole blood ($P = 0.246$); B. rs4733124 in the lung tissues ($P = 0.158$) and whole blood ($P = 0.677$). Abbreviations: eQTL, expression quantitative trait loci.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

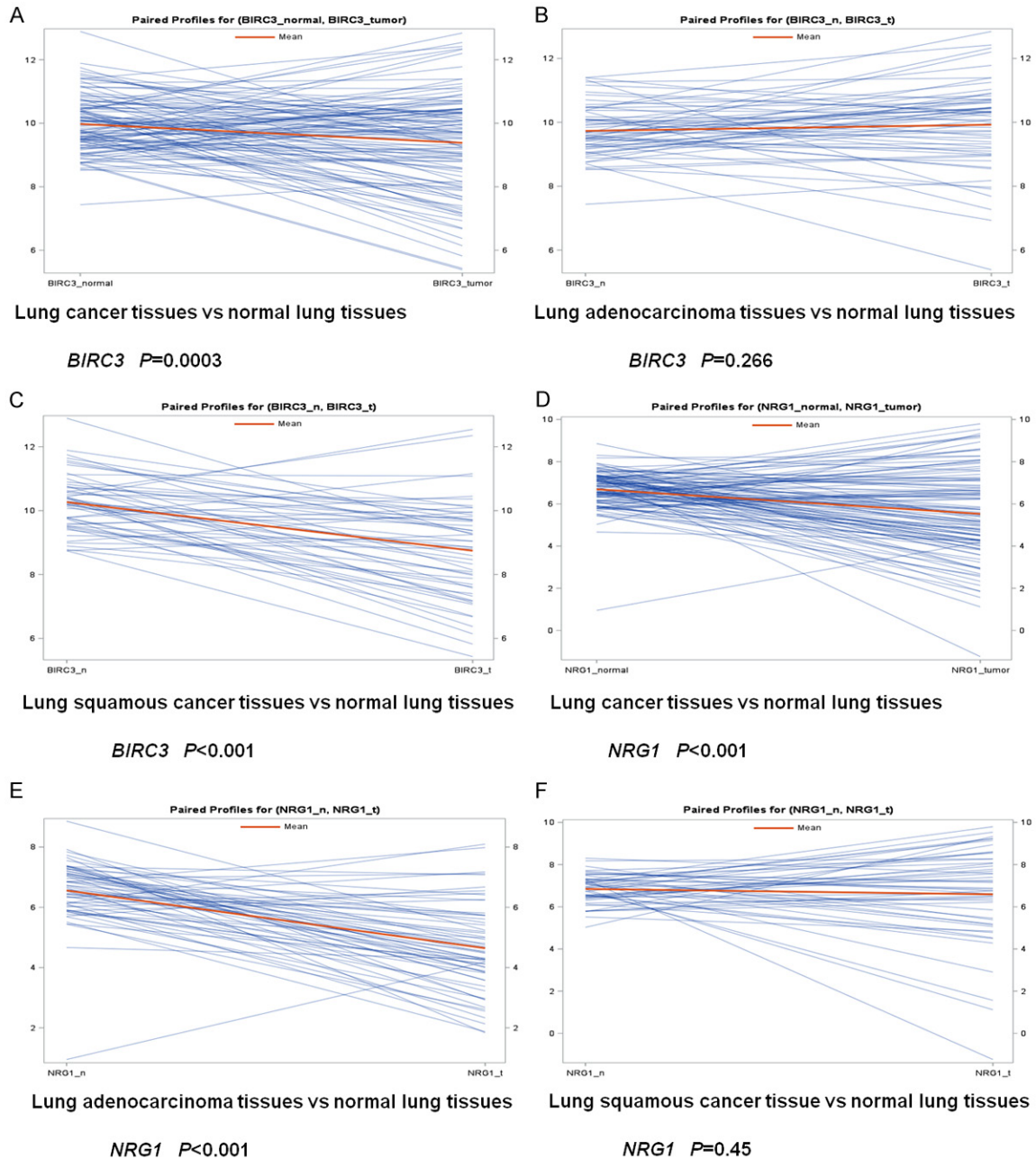


Figure S6. Comparison of mRNA expression levels of *BIRC3* and *NRG1* between lung cancer tissue and normal lung tissues in the TCGA dataset. A. The *BIRC3* mRNA expression levels in the lung cancer tissues were significantly lower than that in the normal lung tissues ($P < 0.001$); B. The *BIRC3* mRNA expression levels in the lung adenocarcinoma tissues were significantly lower than that in the normal lung tissues ($P < 0.001$); C. The *BIRC3* mRNA expression levels in the lung squamous tissues were significantly lower than that in the normal lung tissues ($P < 0.001$); D. The *NRG1* mRNA expression levels in the lung cancer tissues were significantly lower than that in the normal lung tissues ($P < 0.001$); E. The *NRG1* mRNA expression levels in the lung adenocarcinoma tissues were significantly lower than that in the normal lung tissues ($P < 0.001$); F. The *NRG1* mRNA expression levels in the lung squamous tissues were significantly lower than that in the normal lung tissues ($P = 0.45$); *BIRC3*_t = lung cancer tissues; *BIRC3*_n = adjacent normal lung tissues; *NRG1*_t = lung cancer tissues; *NRG1*_n = adjacent normal lung tissues.

Genetic variants in the NLRP3 inflammasome pathway

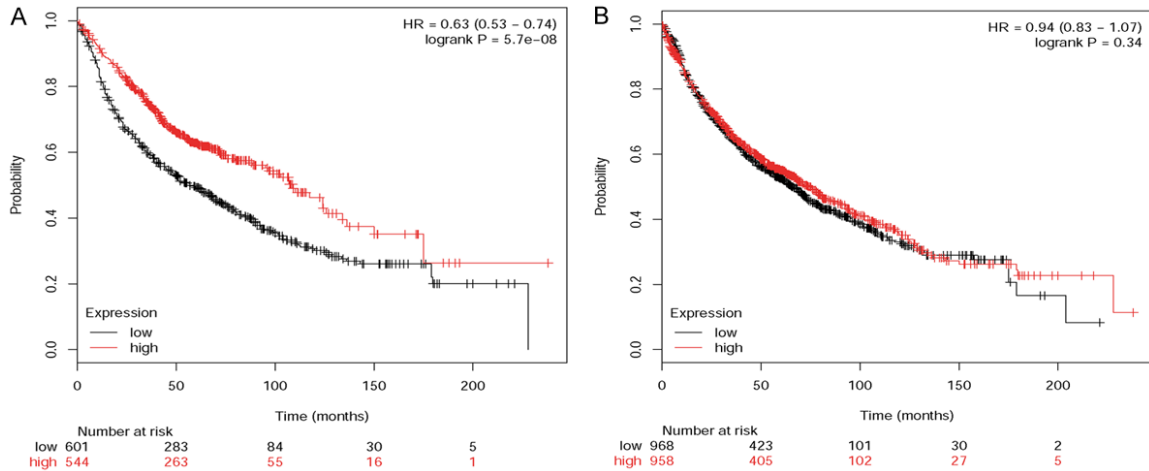


Figure S7. Kaplan-Meier analysis for patients with NSCLC by the two genes. Based on online survival analysis software (www.kmplot.com/analysis). A. High *BIRC3* expression were associated with poorer survival of NSCLC; B. *NRG1* expression were not associated with overall survival of NSCLC significantly.

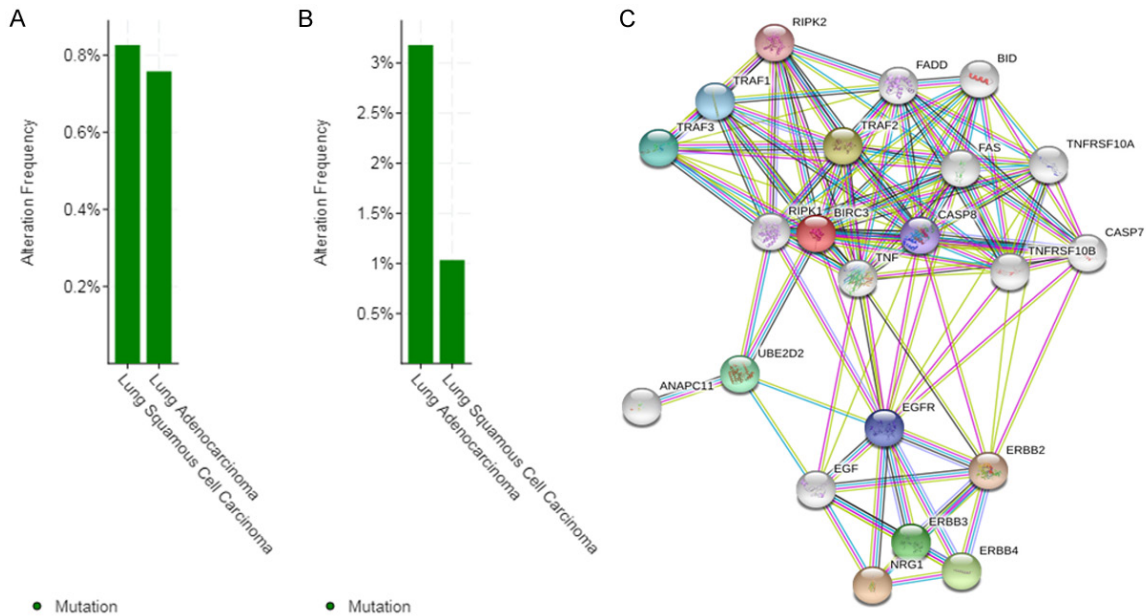


Figure S8. Mutation analysis of *BIRC3* and *NRG1* gene in non-small cell lung tumor tissues by using public available data in the database of the cBioportal for Cancer Genomics (<http://www.cbioportal.org>) and the network including the most frequently altered neighbor genes (<https://string-db.org/cgi/network.pl?taskId=36YKit07ing0>). A. *BIRC3* had low mutation frequency in LUSC and LUAD; B. *NRG1* had a relatively higher mutation frequency in LUSC and LUAD; C. *BIRC3* and *NRG1* were closely associated with altered neighbor genes.