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Supplemental Data

Interpretable Clinical Genomics

with a Likelihood Ratio Paradigm

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Figure S1. Calculating the likelihood ratios for phenotypes. (A) We will explain how the likelihood ratios (LR) for phenotypes are calculated using the example ontology shown here. The ontology contains 17 terms. For a certain disease, which we will call \mathcal{D} , four of the terms are directly annotated (HP:7, HP:11, HP:13, and HP:16, shown in dark blue). Because of the propagation of annotations, each of the ancestors of these terms is implicitly annotated to \mathcal{D} as well (the terms are shown in light blue, and the edges encoding this inheritance are also shown in light blue). For instance, if HP:15 refers to Nuclear cataract, HP:8 refers to Cataract, and HP:3 refers to Abnormal lens morphology, then if we annotate disease $\mathcal D$ to Nuclear cataract, then we are also stating that the disease is characterized by Cataract and by Abnormal lens morphology. The term HP:1 is the root of this ontology (comparable to Phenotypic abnormality in the full HPO); (B) In this case a query term matches one of the directly annotated terms exactly. Then probability of observing HP:16 in an individual with \mathcal{D} is simply the frequency of HP:16 in \mathcal{D} , or $P(h_{16}|\mathcal{D}) = f_{16}^{\mathcal{D}}$; (C) In this case, the query (HP:14) term matches a descendent of HP:7. HP:14 is not itself annotated to \mathcal{D} . In this case, we assume that the direct annotation (HP:7) is equally likely to correspond to an of its k subterms. If we assume that all individuals with disease \mathcal{D} have the phenotypic feature represented by HP:7, then the frequency is 100%, i.e., $f_7^{\mathcal{D}} = 1.0$. We therefore divide this frequency by k. In this case, HP:7 has two descendents and k = 2, and therefore $P(h_{14}|\mathcal{D}) = \frac{f_7^{\mathcal{D}}}{2} = 0.5$; (D) Here, the query is to HP:8, an ancestor of a term that is directly annotated to \mathcal{D} . Because of annotation propagation, the probability of observing HP:8 in individuals with this disease is equivalent to the probability of observing HP:16, viz., $P(h_8|\mathcal{D}) = f_{16}^{\mathcal{D}}$.



Figure S1. Calculating the likelihood ratios for phenotypes (continued). (E) HP:3 is an ancestor of two terms used to annotate \mathcal{D} . Here the maximum probability of HP:7 and HP:16 is taken, i.e., $P(h_3|\mathcal{D}) = \max(f_7^{\mathcal{D}}, f_{16}^{\mathcal{D}})$; (F and G) In this case, the query term is not directly annotated in the disease and is not a subclass of a disease term, nor is a disease term a subclass of the query term. Following the graph, the query term and some disease annotation have a common ancestor. This common ancestor can be a root term (F) or a non-root term (G). If their common ancestor is at the root, then the query does not affect an organ that is affected by the disease. An arbitrary small likelihood ratio of $\frac{1}{100}$ is assigned in this case. If there is a common ancestor below the root (h_{ca}) , then the query term affects the same organ as the disease annotation without being a closely matched feature. In this case, we model the probability as being related to the overall frequency of the feature in the HPO corpus, but set the probability to be a minimum of $\frac{1}{100}$ to avoid an overly large influence of very rare features.



Figure S2. The Exomiser predicted pathogenicity score was calculated for each variant in ClinVar whose genomic position was precisely specified as nucleotide positions (these tend to be single-nucleotide variants or variants encompassing a small number of nucleotides rather than structural variants). A total of 160,714 such variants were available for analysis in the Exomiser data distribution version 12.1.0. The were 16,499 benign variants (10.3%), 64,123 likely benign variants (39.9%), 27,830 likely pathogenic variants (17.3%), and 52,262 pathogenic variants (32.5%). For the purpose of this analysis, the category likely benign or benign was assigned to likely benign, and likely pathogenic or pathogenic was assigned to likely pathogenicity score of 0.8 was chosen. The percentages of variants with an Exomiser score of at least 0.8 was: benign: 36.1%, likely benign: 26.5%, likely pathogenic: 99.3%, and pathogenic: 98.9%. The analysis was performed using the hg19 data. Similar results were obtained for hg38.



Figure S3. Frequencies of called pathogenic variants per gene. The frequencies of variants whose predicted pathogenicity score was 0.8 or higher was summed for each of 20,632 protein-coding genes and the count (frequency) of genes is plotted. Data are derived from the hg19 gnomAD dataset. Similar results were obtained for hg38. (a) An overview of the entire distribution. (b) Counts are shown for the 59 genes with counts above 3. Gene symbols are shown for all genes with counts above 8.



Figure S4. Comparison of LIRICAL and Phenomizer. The performance of LIRICAL (phenotype-only mode) was compared with that of Phenomizer [1] on the dataset of 384 Phenopackets (Table S2). For this analysis, the genetic information was not used, because Phenomizer is not able to use genetic information. The percentage of cases in which the true diagnosis was placed at a given rank is shown on the Y axis. The X axis shows the ranks or rank groups. LIRICAL placed a total of 43.7% of cases in the top 3 ranks, and Phenomizer placed a total of 35.3% of cases in the top 3 ranks.



Figure S5. Ranking of an autosomal recessive disease with one pathogenic allele. Current exome and genome technologies can miss variants in highly GC-rich exons or can fail to detect structural variants. This may lead to only one of the expected two pathogenic alleles being identified for an autosomal recessive candidate disease. In this example, we show a simulated case of Hyperphosphatasia with mental retardation syndrome 1 (OMIM:239300) with two typical features. LIRICAL does not apply a hard filter to such cases but instead employs a flexible genotype likelihood ratio score. (a) Simulation with two pathogenic alleles; (b) Simulation in which one of the two alleles was removed. The LR for PIGV is lower but still contributory and the correct diagnosis remained in rank #1. The variants are chr1:27121140C>G (NM_001202554.1:c.615C>G, NP_001189483.1:p.(Asn205Lys)) and chr1:27121379A>G (NM_001202554.1:c.854A>G, NP_001189483.1:p.(Tyr285Cys)). Chromosomal coordinates are according to hg19.



Figure S6. Performance of LIRICAL and Exomiser according to mode of inheritance and ClinVar status. The evaluation shown in Figure 2 of the main manuscript was repeated for subsets of the data. (a) Autosomal dominant diseases with disease-associated variant listed as pathogenic in ClinVar (n = 84); (b) Autosomal dominant diseases without variant listed as pathogenic in ClinVar (n = 67); (c) Autosomal recessive diseases with at least one disease-associated variant listed as pathogenic in ClinVar (n = 150); (d) Autosomal recessive diseases without variant listed as pathogenic in ClinVar (n = 71).



Figure S7. LIRICAL's posttest probability estimates. The post-test probability of the correct diagnosis was calculated for each of the 384 phenopacket case reports (Original). The mean post-test probability (pp) of the original data was 67.4%. Five procedures were applied to add noise to this data (Supplemental Table S3). Results for the original data are shown as original. noise2: two random HPO terms were added (mean pp: 50.8%); noise2*: two random HPO terms were added and original terms were replaced by parent terms (mean pp: 50.3%); noise2**: two random HPO terms were added and original terms were replaced by grandparent terms (mean pp: (mean pp: 50.3%); remove2: All pathogenic alleles were removed (mean pp: 29.4%); random: All HPO terms were replaced by random terms (mean pp: 2.9%).



Figure S8. LIRICAL disease ranks. The ability of LIRICAL to predict the correct disease was assessed with 384 case reports (Table S2). This is the same simulation as presented in Fig. 2 of the main manuscript, but the rank is recorded for diseases instead of for disease genes. This is a harder prediction task because many genes are associated with multiple Mendelian diseases. Four tests were performed: original: unaltered data from the case reports. noise2: Two random ("noise") HPO terms are added to each case; noise2*: Original terms are replaced by a parent term and two noise terms are added; noise2**: Original terms are replaced by a grandparent term and two noise terms are added. The X axis shows the rank assigned by LIRICAL to the correct disease gene. The Y axis shows the percentage of cases in which the given rank was achieved.



Figure S9. LIRICAL's treatment of ClinVar pathogenic variants. In this example, we simulate a patient with a rare (0.02% maximum population frequency) variant in *TTN*, NM_001267550.2(TTN):c.18295C>T [2], who is noted to have Dilated cardiomyopathy (HP:0001644). The variant is listed as having Uncertain significance in ClinVar (VCV000263438.2). (a) The candidate placed in rank 1 is a false positive, Dilated cardiomyopathy 1D (OMIM:601494) related to a variant in the *TNNT2* gene (NM_000364.3: c.683T>C, p.(Ile228Thr) that was present in the control VCF file. This variant is listed in ClinVar as having uncertain clinical significance (VCV000181604.2). (b) The correct candidate is placed at rank 6, Dilated cardiomyopathy 1G (OMIM:604145). The *TTN* mutation is scored with a likelihood ratio of just 2.70 in favor of OMIM:604145 because of the high background frequency of variants in this gene ($\lambda^{\mathcal{B}} = 9.4564$), despite the near maximal raw pathogenicity score of Exomiser (0.997). (c) In a separate simulation, the *TTN* variant NM_001267550.2:c.2926T>C (p.Trp976Arg) was spiked into the same control VCF file. This variant is listed in ClinVar as likely pathogenic (VCV000012651.3), and for this reason is (heuristically) assigned a likelihood ratio of 1000 by LIRICAL. The candidate is now correctly ranked in first place.



Figure S10. Negated annotations. LIRICAL was run with ten cases with a negated ("not") annotation deemed important for the differential diagnosis. For instance, Loeys-Dietz syndrome 4 is annotated not to have Ectopia lentis. Although the overall performance was good even without the negated annotations, in two of the ten cases, including the negated annotation boosted the rank of the correct candidate disease from 2 or 3 to 1. The X axis shows the rank assigned by LIRICAL to the correct disease gene. The Y axis shows the percentage of cases in which the given rank was achieved.



Figure S11. Ranking of candidate diseases with and without excluded features. In this example, panels (a) and (b) were run using a negated query term, Ectopia lentis, that had been excluded by examination of a hypothetical proband. Ranks 1 and 2 are shown. The correct diagnosis, Loeys-Dietz syndrome 4, has a posttest probability of 92.4%. In panels (c) and (d), the excluded term was omitted and the correct diagnosis was placed in rank 2.

(a)



Figure S12. Assessment of diseases based only on clinical criteria. In this example, a case of Arima syndrome is simulated based on case 1 in a report on the clinicopathological features of the renal disease in Arima syndrome [3]. Arima syndrome shares many phenotypic features with Joubert syndrome. (a) In the simulated case using the control VCF file (without spiking in any pathogenic variant), Arima syndrome was correctly ranked in first place. (b) A type of Joubert syndrome was ranked in fourth place. No pathogenic alleles were identified in the causative gene TMEM216, which reduced the likelihood ratio (red bar corresponding to TMEM216).



Figure S13. Rankings with all pathogenic alleles removed. Performance of LIRICAL (blue) and Exomiser (orange) on 384 case reports from which all pathogenic alleles have been removed from the VCF file. LIRICAL placed the correct candidate in the first ten ranks in 49.7% of cases, while Exomiser placed 4 of 384 candidates in rank 1 and failed to rank any of the other candidates. The X axis shows the rank assigned by LIRICAL or Exomiser to the correct disease gene. The Y axis shows the percentage of cases in which the given rank was achieved.

Gene	Frequency	Associated disease
TTN (7273)	9.46	CARDIOMYOPATHY, FAMILIAL HYPERTROPHIC, 9 (OMIM:613765)
HLA- $DRB1$ (3123)	9.29	SARCOIDOSIS, SUSCEPTIBILITY TO, 1 (OMIM:181000)
KRT18 (3875)	7.25	CIRRHOSIS, FAMILIAL (OMIM:215600)
FLG (2312)	5.98	DERMATITIS, ATOPIC, 2 (OMIM:605803)
NEB (4703)	5.29	NEMALINE MYOPATHY 2 (OMIM:256030)
MUC5B (727897)	4.99	PULMONARY FIBROSIS, IDIOPATHIC (OMIM:178500)
HLA-DQB1 (3119)	4.47	CELIAC DISEASE, SUSCEPTIBILITY TO, 1 (OMIM:212750)
SYNE2 (23224)	3.94	EMERY-DREIFUSS MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY 5, AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT (OMIM:612999)
SYN2 (6854)	3.71	SCHIZOPHRENIA (OMIM:181500)
RP1L1 (94137)	3.53	OCCULT MACULAR DYSTROPHY (OMIM:613587)
DSPP (1834)	3.38	DEAFNESS, AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT 39, WITH DENTINOGENESIS IMPERFECTA 1 (OMIM:605594)
FSIP2 (401024)	3.14	SPERMATOGENIC FAILURE 34 (OMIM:618153)
SCARF2 (91179)	3.11	VAN DEN ENDE-GUPTA SYNDROME (OMIM:600920)
ARMC9 (80210)	3.04	JOUBERT SYNDROME 30 (OMIM:617622)
DNAH11 (8701)	3.00	CILIARY DYSKINESIA, PRIMARY, 7 (OMIM:611884)
KMT2C (58508)	2.96	KLEEFSTRA SYNDROME 2 (OMIM:617768)
HLA-DQA1 (3117)	2.96	CELIAC DISEASE, SUSCEPTIBILITY TO, 1 (OMIM:212750)
EYS (346007)	2.87	RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 25 (OMIM:602772)
HPS4 (89781)	2.73	HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME 4 (OMIM:614073)
ALMS1 (7840)	2.54	ALSTROM SYNDROME (OMIM:203800)
FAT2 (2196)	2.47	SPINOCEREBELLAR ATAXIA 45 (OMIM:617769)
PIEZO1 (9780)	2.41	LYMPHATIC MALFORMATION 6 (OMIM:616843)
DST (667)	2.41	EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA SIMPLEX, AUTOSOMAL BECESSIVE 2 (OMIM:615425)
ACAN(176)	2.37	SPONDYLOEPIMETAPHYSEAL DYSPLASIA AGGRECAN TYPE (OMIM:612813)
HNF1A (6927)	2.37	DIABETES MELLITUS INSULIN-DEPENDENT 20 (OMIM-612520)
TNXB(7148)	2.35	VESICOURETERAL REFLUX 8 (OMIM:615963)
TRIORP (11078)	2.00	DEAFNESS AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE 8 (OMIM:09823)
ISCII (23470)	2.00	MYOPATHY WITH LACTIC ACIDOSIS HEREDITARY (MMM-255125)
SON(6651)	2.23	TTE SYNDROME (OMIM-617140)
ADCRV1 (84059)	2.21	ISHER SVNDROME TYPE IIC (OMIM:605472)
TREH(11181)	2.13	TREALASE DEFICIENCY (OMIM:612110)
SERDINA1 (5965)	2.10	ALDHA 1 ANTITEVESIN DEFICIENCY (OMIM:613400)
FRRS11 (92729)	2.11	FDI FDTIC ENCEDIAI ODATHY FABLY INFANTUE 27 (OMIM.616081)
FRESIL(23132) FRC1(3482)	2.02	EACLOSCA DIL OULIMEDA I MISCULA D DVSTDODUV I (OMIM.159000)
CTU2 (348180)	1.95	MICROCEPHALY, FACIAL DYSMORPHISM, RENAL AGENESIS, AND AMBIGUOUS GENITALIA SYNDROME (OMIM-618142)
KRT13 (3860)	1 79	WHITE SPONCE NEVUS 2 (OMM/615785)
STXBP2 (6813)	1 79	HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS FAMILIAL 5 (OMIM:613101)
$GEMIN_{4}$ (50628)	1.75	NEURODEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER WITH MICROCEPHALY CATARACTS AND
(00020)	1.10	RENAL ABNORMALITIES (OMIM:617913)
$DUOX_{2}$ (50506)	1 75	THYROID DYSHORMONOGENESIS 6 (OMIM:607200)
A = ML1 (144568)	1.75	OTITIS MEDIA SUSCEPTIBILITY TO (OMIM-166760)
APOL1 (8542)	1.71	FOCAL SEGMENTAL GLOMERULOSCLEROSIS 4, SUSCEPTIBILITY TO (OMIM:612551)
MYO5B(4645)	1 71	DIABBHEA 2 WITH MICBOVILLUS ATBOPHY (OMIM-251850)
TMEM216 (51250)	1 70	JOUBERT SYNDROME 2 (OMIM:608091)
LTBPI (8425)	1.69	CUTIS LAXA AUTOSOMAL BECESSIVE TYPE IC (OMIM:613177)
PCLO(27445)	1.64	PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA TYPE 3 (OMIM-608027)
KIZ (55857)	1.04	$\mathbf{ETINITIS PICMENTOSA 60 (OMIM:615780)}$
VCAN(1469)	1.61	WACNER VITREORETINOPATHY (OMIM:01000)
VPS13R(1402)	1.61	COHEN SYNDROME (OMIM:140200)
RAI1(10749)	1.01	CONTRA DI MUNUME (OMINI (OMINI 210500) CMITH MACENIS CVNDROME (OMINI 22200)
11711 (10143) VWA 2R (200402)	1.00	SMITTI-MAGENIS STINDIOME (OMMITAZ230) SDINOCERERITAR ATAYIA AUTOSOMAT DECESSIVE 99 (OMM.e1c049)
DHFR (1719)	1.58	MEGALOBLASTIC ANEMIA DUE TO DIHYDROFOLATE REDUCTASE DEFICIENCY (OMIM:613830)

Table S1. The 50 Mendelian disease-associated genes with the highest sum of population frequencies of called pathogenic variants.

Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
	Gone	1 roband	HPO	1 ublication
			torms	
Nourodavalanmental Disorder With Or Without	DEDE	Subject 0	04	DMID.97087290
Anomalia Of The Prain Eve On Heart		Subject 9	04	1 MID.27007520
Anomanes Of The Brain, Eye, Of Heart	TDOV	C 0	۲	DMID 07040001
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	IBCK	0-2	9	PMID:27040691
dation And Characteristic Facies 3			0	
Ectodermal Dysplasia 1, Hypohidrotic, X-Linked	EDA	proband	9	PMID:18702659
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 7	TMC1	935-IV:1	2	PMID:18616530
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Type Xiv	TMEM38B	family2- patient2	9	PMID:26911354
Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type Iic	ATP6V1E1	Family 5 - IV:2	4	PMID:27023906
Codas syndrome	LONP1	Proband	13	PMID:28148925
Thrombocythemia 2	MPL	FT2·VI·3	1	PMID:19036112
Parkinson Disease 23 Autosomal Recessive	VPS13C	VPS13C	11	PMID:28862745
Farly Onsot	VI 5100	010100	11	1 111112.20002140
Nomalina Myapathy 4	трмэ	1 A	5	DMID:03378004
Neenan gundroma 2		Detiont 2	5 14	DMID.17056626
Spingeonshellen Atoria, Autogomal Basagina 20	CNV14	$\Gamma attent 2$	14	F MID:17030030
Spinocerebenar Ataxia, Autosomai Recessive 20	SINA14		18	PMID:30473892
Cleidocranial Dysplasia	RUNA2	Family-A-III	19	PMID:31548836
Epileptic Encephalopathy, Early Infantile, 28	WWOX	Patient I	18	PMID:27495153
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation, Type lip	TMEM199	F1-112	11	PMID:26833330
Loeys-Dietz syndrome 1	TGFBR1	patient	18	PMID:30701076
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	P5	2	PMID:29217778
Branchiooculofacial syndrome	TFAP2A	10-year-old	13	PMID:20461149
	OCDI	giri D	0	DMID 0000000
Lowe Oculocerebrorenal syndrome	OCRL	Patient I	8	PMID:29300302
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPNI	FamiPati	7	PMID:29379883
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 7	88	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart	CT CCAO	1 1	-	DMID 00400000
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency syndrome 1	SLC6A8	proband	1	PMID:30400883
Epileptic Encephalopathy, Early Infantile, 14	KUNTI	Patient-1	5	PMID:24029078
Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type Iid	ATP6VIA	PV:1	11	PMID:28065471
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	index	4	PMID:28566166
Cohen syndrome	VPS13B	proposita	18	PMID:29149870
Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency	TRMT10C	Subject 1	18	PMID:27132592
Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type Iic	ATP6V1E1	PII:1	13	PMID:28065471
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	3-1	15	PMID:27040691
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Nijmegen Breakage syndrome	NBN	12-year-old girl	18	PMID:24044622
Microcephaly 6 Primary Autosomal Recessive	CENPI	IV-5	7	PMID-16900296
Spondulocostal Dysostosis 1 Autosomal Rocos	DII3	116	6	PMID:15200511
sive	DELS	11.0	0	1 1110.15200511
Microcephaly 3, Primary, Autosomal Recessive	CDK5RAP2	patient	6	PMID:23726037
Aarskog-Scott syndrome	FGD1	II-1	10	PMID:23211637
Bardet-Biedl syndrome 4	BBS4	4-year-old fe-	10	PMID:25533820
		male patient	±	
Muscular Dystrophy Limb-Girdle Type 27	POGLUT1	Patient II 1	13	PMID-27807076
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	REBE	Subject 7	38	PMID-29330883
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart		Subject	00	1 1112.2000000

Table S2.	Phenopackets	analyzed	in	this	work.
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Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
		Trobalita	HPO terms	
Mental Retardation, Autosomal Dominant 42	GNB1	proband	10	PMID:29174093
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	UB085	12	PMID:29146883
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 8	37	PMID:29330883
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart				
Cornelia De Lange syndrome 1	NIPBL	Patient 1	14	PMID:25447906
Tietz syndrome	MITF	family 815	6	PMID:10851256
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without Anomalies Of The Brain, Eve. Or Heart	RERE	Subject 6	13	PMID:29330883
Papillon-Lefevre syndrome	CTSC	Case 1P1	6	PMID:23311634
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 3	35	PMID:29330883
Towned Product sundrome	GATT1	VMES	<u> </u>	DMID.90110626
Potinitia Digmontoga 18	DDDE2	V MIF 5 020001 II.4	20	PMID:29110050
Atavia Paneutopopia gundromo	SAMDOI	020001-11:4 UB081	47	PMID:27000204
Bornard Soulior syndrome	CP1BA	Patient 3	10	PMID:26044173
Ehlers-Danlos syndrome. Classic Type	COL5A1	$\Delta N_{-}002501$	0	PMID:23587214
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	REBE	Subject 10	6	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart		Subject 10	0	1 MID.21001920
Retinitis Pigmentosa With Or Without Skeletal	CWC27	II-4	11	PMID:28285769
Metabolic Encephalomyopathic Crises, Recur-	TANGO2	Subject 5	21	PMID:26805781
rent, With Rhabdomyolysis, Cardiac Arrhyth-		2.2.2.3.2.2.2		
mias, And Neurodegeneration				
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 8	93	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart				
Hajdu-Cheney syndrome	NOTCH2	proband	12	PMID:23566664
Retinitis Pigmentosa 11	PRPF31	IV:3	5	PMID:30099644
Intellectual Developmental Disorder With Dys-	BRPF1	Individual	11	PMID:27939639
Treacher Collins syndrome 2	POLB1D	family 1:pa-	4	PMID:94603435
Treacher Commis syndrome 2	TOLITID	tient	4	1 MID.24003435
Amyloidosis, Finnish Type	GSN	III:5	6	PMID:26915616
Legius syndrome	SPRED1	P62	2	PMID:28150585
Neuropathy, Hereditary Sensory And Autonomic, Type Iib	RETREG1	F'2:1V:1	8	PMID:30643655
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	Fam2Pat1	7	PMID:29379883
Myhre syndrome	SMAD4	patient	18	PMID:24715504
Thrombocytopenia 3	FYB1	IV:5	4	PMID:25516138
Homocystinuria Due To Cystathionine Beta-	CBS	patient	4	PMID:8755636
Synthase Deficiency				
Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type Iii	TYRP1	patient 2	3	PMID:21739261
Rett syndrome, Congenital Variant	FOXG1	Patient 2	11	PMID:28851325
Emery-Dreifuss Muscular Dystrophy 3, Autoso-	LMNA	II3	12	PMID:23313286
mal Recessive				
Spastic Ataxia 8, Autosomal Recessive, With Hy-	NKX6-2	IV-6	4	PMID:28575651
pomyelinating Leukodystrophy	DUDIAG	10 11		
Oliver-Mctarlane syndrome	PNPLA6	18 year-old	17	PMID:30097146
Matabolic Encenhalomyopathic Crisos Pocur	TANGO2	F1.II 9	23	PMID-96805789
rent, With Rhabdomyolysis, Cardiac Arrhyth- mias, And Neurodegeneration	TANGO2	I' 1.11.2	20	1 1111.20003782
mas, ma nearoacgeneration				

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
			HPO	
			terms	
Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, Classic-Like, 2	AEBP1	AN-006205	23	PMID:30759870
Gm1-Gangliosidosis, Type Iii	GLB1	KT	6	PMID:1907800
Hyperoxaluria, Primary, Type Ii	GRHPR	patient	11	PMID:28569194
Bethlem Myopathy 1	COL6A1	II.1	21	PMID:30808312
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	Patient 2	8	PMID:28148688
mental Abnormalities				
Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, Musculocontractural	CHST14	3-year old	16	PMID:30249733
Type 1		boy		
Stankiewicz-Isidor syndrome	PSMD12	Subject 2	30	PMID:28132691
Marfan syndrome	FBN1	B15	7	PMID:11175294
Nemaline Myopathy 3	ACTA1	Patient 5	10	PMID:30517146
Fanconi Anemia, Complementation Group C	FANCC	proband	7	PMID:22701786
Autoimmune Polyendocrine syndrome, Type I,	AIRE	V-1	10	PMID:28540407
With Or Without Reversible metaphyseal Dyspla-				
sia				
Noonan syndrome 6	NRAS	case 1	15	PMID:26467218
Mental Retardation, Autosomal Recessive 38	HERC2	Pedigree	9	PMID:23243086
		1A.VIII:8	-	
Marfan syndrome	FBN1	Patient 2	11	PMID:30101859
Retinitis Pigmentosa With Or Without Skeletal	CWC27	3:II-1	2	PMID:28285769
Anomalies				
Cockavne syndrome B	ERCC6	index	18	PMID:30113454
Neuropathy, Hereditary Sensory And Autonomic.	WNK1	Patient	13	PMID:16636245
Type Iia	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1 00010110	10	1 1.112 110000 - 10
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	A-II-1	28	PMID:27040692
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Elliptocytosis 2	SPTA1	proband	10	PMID:29484404
Spastic Paraplegia 76 Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	II-4	5	PMID·29678961
Hypotonia Infantile With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	B-IV-6	16	PMID:27040692
dation And Characteristic Facies 3	ibon	DIVO	10	1 11112.21010002
Homocystinuria Due To Cystathionine Beta-	CBS	III·3	12	PMID·26667307
Synthase Deficiency		111.0	12	1 11112.20001001
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	UB049	7	PMID:20146883
Waardenburg syndrome Type 3	PAX3	proposita	8	PMID-12949970
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	D·IV-1	23	PMID:28132690
mental Abnormalities	LAILS	D.1 V-1	20	1 MID.20152050
Osteogenesis Imperfecta Type Xi	FKBP10	proband	9	PMID-29801479
Retinitis Pigmentosa 27	NRL	II-9	1	PMID:28106895
Cutic Lava Autosomal Recognize Type Is	FRI N5	11.2 A year old	10	DMID:24062763
Cutis Laxa, Autosoinai necessive, Type ia	T DLN3	4-year-old	12	1 MID.24902703
Rubingtoin Taubi gundromo 2	FD200	11	26	DMID-20506400
Amelogenesis Imperfacts Type Ii		Family	20	DMID.29500490
Amelogenesis imperiecta, Type IJ	ACP4	ганну 1 IV.9	2	PMID:28010010
Ostooganasis Imparfacta Type Viii	D3H1	1-1V.J	4	PMID-97864101
Complia De Lange sundrome 2	I JIII SMC2	proband patient 1	4	DMID.27804101
2 Ormethydelute conic Arideric With D	SINUS SEDACI	patient 1	20 02	F MID:28/81842
5-emethylgiutaconic Aciduria with Deamess,	SERACI	propand	23	FMID:312514/4
Encephalopathy, And Leigh-Likesyndrome	DEDE	C-1: 40	0.4	DMID 07007990
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 2	84	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart			10	
Geleophysic Dysplasia 1	ADAMTSL2	patient	16	PMID:27057656

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n	Publication
Distast	Gene	Tibballu	HPO terms	1 ubication
Parkingon Digongo 23 Autogomal Rogoggiya	VDS12C	Family P II	5	DMID-96049984
Early Onset	VI 5150	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5	1 11111.20942204
Spartic Ataxia & Autosomal Becessive With Hy-	NKX6-2	Patient / II_	10	PMID-28969374
pomyelinating Leukodystrophy	1111110-2	1	10	1 MID.20909374
Myonathy Distal Tatevama Type	CAV3	I I1	16	PMID-18930476
Ataxia-Pancytonenia syndrome	SAMD9L	III_1	10	PMID:28202457
Stankiewicz-Isidor syndrome	PSMD12	Subject 3	10	PMID:28132601
Arthrogruposis Distal Tupo 2a	MVH2	proband	12	DMID:28152091
Delumienogunie With Soigunos	DTTN	Potiont 2	10	DMID.20002675
Cutic Lava Autocomal Pacaccius Tuma Iid		DIV.1	10	DMID.29005471
Cluss Laxa, Autosomai Recessive, Type IId	DVCI	PIV:1	19	PMID:20003471
Glycogen Storage Disease VI	PIGL	2-year 5-	14	PMID:28984200
		child		
Polyarteritis Nodosa, Childhood-Onset	ADA2	patient 1	13	PMID:28830446
Bardet-Biedl syndrome 1	BBS1	IV-5/family	7	PMID:23559858
		А		
Arthrogryposis, Distal, With Impaired Proprio- ception And Touch	PIEZO2	Patient	12	PMID:27974811
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	2-1	12	PMID:27040691
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, Autosomal	ADA	Patient	6	PMID:1680289
Becessive T Cell-Negative b Cell-Negative Nk		1 0010110	Ŭ	1 1.112 11000 200
Cell-Negative Due To Adenosine Deaminase De-				
ficiency				
Hypotonia Infantile With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	Patient 2	16	PMID·30103036
dation And Characteristic Facies 3	IDOK	1 4010110 2	10	1 MID.50105050
Spastic Atavia & Autosomal Becessive With Hy-	NKX6-2	Patient 36-	5	PMID-28940097
pomyeling Leukodystrophy	111110-2	16DC1123	0	1 111112.20040001
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	DEDE	Subject 5	21	DMID-20220883
Anomalia Of The Prein Eve On Heart		Subject 5	51	1 MID.29550665
Anomanes Of The Dram, Eye, Or Heart	TMEMOCO	1 TT 1	0.2	DMID.90910500
Structural neart Delects And Renal Anomalies	1 MEMI200	1-11-1	23	PMID:26516500
syndrome	CDY		4	DMD 9000FC1F
Cone-Rod Dystropny 2	URA		4	PMID:30095015
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	B-1V-4	24	PMID:27040692
dation And Characteristic Facies 3	DUODE		10	
Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome	DHCR7	patient	13	PMID:28503313
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation, Type II	ALG9	1V:5	16	PMID:26453364
Nephrotic syndrome, Type 1	NPHS1	patient 1	9	PMID:28392951
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 3	96	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart				
Acromesomelic Dysplasia, Maroteaux Type	NPR2	IV-2/family- A	10	PMID:25959430
Ayme-Gripp syndrome	MAF	patient	1	PMID:28482824
		CSA108.01		
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	SAL-399-073	7	PMID:27320912
Geleophysic Dysplasia 2	FBN1	Family 1.	14	PMID:29191498
- · · · F / ~ / ~F		Patient 1		
Bobinow syndrome Autosomal Recessive	BOR2	Patient 1	20	PMID-24932600
Parkinson Disease 23 Autosomal Recessive	VPS13C	Family C II	4	PMID-24002000
Farly Onset		1	7	1 11110.20342204
Wiodomann Stoiner sundrome	KMT9A	т D1	16	DMID-95106170
wiedemann-stemet syndrome		1 1 1	10	1 10110.20100170

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
			HPO	
			terms	
Diarrhea 8, Secretory Sodium, Congenital	SLC9A3	Patient 9	9	PMID:26358773
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	Index	7	PMID:28321562
Retinitis Pigmentosa With Or Without Skeletal	CWC27	4:II-3	14	PMID:28285769
Anomalies				
Spastic Paraplegia 7, Autosomal Recessive	SPG7	II-3	13	PMID:17646629
Hyaline Fibromatosis syndrome	ANTXR2	II-3	13	PMID:30050362
Cleidocranial Dysplasia	RUNX2	Family-B-II1	19	PMID:31548836
Heterotaxy, Visceral, 1, X-Linked	ZIC3	III-1	12	PMID:9354794
Autoimmune Lymphoproliferative syndrome	FASLG	patient	14	PMID:22857792
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	E:II-1	20	PMID:28132690
mental Abnormalities				
Muenke syndrome	FGFR3	Proband 27	5	PMID:26740388
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation, Type Iip	TMEM199	Patient 1	7	PMID:29321044
Marfan syndrome	FBN1	Patient 1	4	PMID:30101859
Mental Retardation, Autosomal Dominant 7	DYRK1A	Patient 2	19	PMID:26922654
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	Patient 1	50	PMID:28331220
mental Abnormalities				
Van Den Ende-Gupta syndrome	SCARF2	proband	17	PMID:29378527
Bartter syndrome, Type 4a	BSND	family-A-	9	PMID:18776122
		III3		
Loeys-Dietz syndrome 3	SMAD3	54-year old	2	PMID:28286188
		woman		
Holoprosencephaly 5	ZIC2	proband	3	PMID:30855487
Epidermolysis Bullosa, Junctional, Herlitz Type	LAMC2	patient	5	PMID:24533970
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 6	78	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart	DODDA	D 1	14	D. 11D 005 100 11
Apert syndrome	FGFR2	Patient I	14	PMID:23546041
Stankiewicz-Isidor syndrome	PSMD12	Subject 4	21	PMID:28132691
Myasthenic syndrome, Congenital, 8	AGRN	Patient	15	PMID:24951643
	INCD	3/Kinship 2	14	
Dononue syndrome	INSK	ISRI D.J. J.O.	14	PMID:24498030
Cornella De Lange syndrome I	NIPBL	Patient 2	10	PMID:25447906
Microcephaly 5, Primary, Autosomal Recessive	ASPM EOVE1	patient	10	PMID:29044084
Spilw Hein And Cloftpolate	FUALI	patient	(PMID:24219150
Fanconi Anomia Complementation Croup I	FANCI	NCI 200-1	0	DMID-26500883
Hupotonia Infantila With Psychometer Retar	TRCK	1 1	9	PMID:20090800 PMID:27040601
dation And Characteristic Engine 3	IDUK	1-1	20	1 MID.27040091
Camurati Engelmann Disease	TCFB1	nationt	13	PMID-30034819
Bornard Soulior syndrome	CP1BA	73 yoar old	5	PMID:0233564
Demard-Souner Syndrome	GIIDA	nale	0	1 MID.920004
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	ΔII_{-1}	1/	PMID:28132600
mental Abnormalities	LATL5	A11-1	14	1 MID.20152050
Galloway-Mowat syndrome 4	TP53BK	II_1	10	PMID:30053862
Leukocyte Adhesion Deficiency. Type I	ITGB2	P1	4	PMID-26497373
Spastic Paraplegia 76 Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	Family	7	PMID:27153400
spassio i arapiosia 10, rianosoniai nucussive		B-IV·1		1 1112-21100400
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	II-4	13	PMID·28202457
Hypotonia, Infantile With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	8-1	14	PMID:20202491
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				1 1112 121 0 10001
Trichothiodystrophy 3, Photosensitive	GTF2H5	male infant	27	PMID:30359777

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
			HPO	
			terms	
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 15	GIPC3	Ahv-14:23	1	PMID:29605370
Galactosemia	GALT	FKT118	7	PMID:25681079
Vici syndrome	EPG5	18-month	15	PMID:29983806
		son		
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	B:II-2	28	PMID:28132690
mental Abnormalities				
Sick Sinus syndrome 2, Autosomal Dominant	HCN4	family	3	PMID:25145518
		A/II:1		
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Demyelinating,	LITAF	Proband	14	PMID:19541485
Type 1c				
Chudley-Mccullough syndrome	GPSM2	case 1	13	PMID:27180139
Schinzel-Giedion Midface Retraction syndrome	SETBP1	proposita	26	PMID:29333303
Orofaciodigital syndrome V	DDX59	Patient 1	11	PMID:29127725
Ventricular Tachycardia, Catecholaminergic	RYR2	proband	6	PMID:30296944
Polymorphic, 1, With Orwithout Atrial Dysfunc-				
tion And/or Dilated Cardiomyopathy				
Long Qt syndrome 15	CALM2	Case 1	4	PMID:27374306
Cleidocranial Dysplasia	RUNX2	Family-D-II1	19	PMID:31548836
Renal Cysts And Diabetes syndrome	HNF1B	patient	6	PMID:29491316
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	II-4	6	PMID:27259050
Acromicric Dysplasia	FBN1	patient	17	PMID:27834076
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 2	22	PMID:29330883
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart				
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	II-4	16	PMID:27275012
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Intellectual Developmental Disorder With Dys-	OTUD6B	proband	14	PMID:30364145
morphic Facies, Seizures, And Distal Limb				
Anomalies				
Spastic Ataxia 8, Autosomal Recessive, With Hy-	NKX6-2	Patient 3 II-	9	PMID:28969374
pomyelinating Leukodystrophy		3		
Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva	ACVR1	patient	10	PMID:29482508
Neurodegeneration With Brain Iron Accumula-	PANK2	Family I pa-	7	PMID:28821231
tion 1	CDU40	tient I	20	D. HD 000000 //
Al Kaissi syndrome	CDK10	F1-11:1	20	PMID:28886341
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 5	92	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart	CDIR		14	DMD 00061005
Hypotrichosis, Congenital, With Juvenile Macu-	CDH3	Patient	14	PMID:28061825
Frilentia Engenhalenather Farle Infantile 4	CTVDD1	D1	c	DMID.00006700
Margarether Contraction 1	DNM9	PI Detion 1	0	PMID:29890790
Myopathy, Centronuclear, 1	DNM2 TDCV	Patient I	12 90	PMID:24405259
hypotomia, infantile, with Psychomotor Retar-	IBUK	0-11-1	20	PMID:27040092
Aport sundrome	ECEDO	Dationt 2	16	DMID.92546041
Kufor Dakoh sundroma	rGrn2 ATD12A9	Case 1	10	F MID:23340041
Hunotonia Infantila With Davahometer Peter	TPCV	Case 1	12	F MID:30740398
dation And Characteristic Facior 2	IDUK	4-2	4	F MID:27040091
Lation And Unaracteristic Facles 3	ST14	nationt	7	DMID:19445040
Alzheimer Disesse 4	PSEN9	patient	2	PMID-20104266
Immunoskaletal Dysplacia With Naurodovalan		Pationt 3	-0 -08	PMID-98146600
mental Abnormalities			20	1 11110.20140000
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation Type Jip	TMEM199	F2-112	17	PMID·26833330
- consentation provider of diveosytation, type np	1 111111100		± 1	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
			HPO	
			\mathbf{terms}	
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	4-1	10	PMID:27040691
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Tuberous Sclerosis 2	TSC2	III-1	4	PMID:8825048
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Type Ix	PPIB	second fetus	5	PMID:28242392
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	Tun66275	3	PMID:27320912
Chitayat syndrome	ERF	proband	17	PMID:30569521
Charge syndrome	CHD7	Patient A III-2	14	PMID:17661815
Cholestasis, Progressive Familial Intrahepatic, 4	TJP2	proband	17	PMID:30658709
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation, Type Iip	TMEM199	Patient 3	6	PMID:29321044
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Type Xii	SP7	II:5	16	PMID:29382611
Ectodermal Dysplasia 9, Hair/nail Type	HOXC13	IV-1	7	PMID:28403827
Diamond-Blackfan Anemia 1	RPS19	patient	5	PMID:27732904
Spinal Muscular Atrophy With Progressive My- oclonic Epilepsy	ASAH1	patient	13	PMID:31213928
Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type Iib	PYCR1	Patient 4	16	PMID:21487760
Intellectual Developmental Disorder With Dys- morphic Facies And Behavioral Abnormalities	FBXO11	Individual 1	26	PMID:30057029
Nemaline Myopathy 1	TPM3	II.2	20	PMID:24239060
Skraban-Deardorff syndrome	WDR26	Individual 1,	53	PMID:28686853
		PPMD01P, GEA055P		
Stankiewicz-Isidor syndrome	PSMD12	Subject 1	34	PMID:28132691
Myasthenic syndrome, Congenital, 9, Associated	MUSK	patient	17	PMID:23326516
With Acetylcholinereceptor Deficiency				
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Progressive	PLAA	Family	22	PMID:28413018
Microcephaly, Spasticity, And Brain Anomalies		A-IV:6		
Peutz-Jeghers syndrome	STK11	20-year-old	3	PMID:15200509
		woman		
Structural Heart Defects And Renal Anomalies syndrome	TMEM260	2-11-4	19	PMID:28318500
Spherocytosis, Type 4	SLC4A1	c.1432-2A;T	3	PMID:23255290
Spastic Ataxia 8, Autosomal Recessive, With Hy-	NKX6-2	III-1	19	PMID:28575651
pomyelinating Leukodystrophy				
Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia, Type I	MEN1	III-3	15	PMID:26239674
Hyper-Ige Recurrent Infection syndrome, Auto-	STAT3	12 year old	12	PMID:20149460
somal Dominant		girl		
Stickler syndrome, Type Ii	COL11A1	proband	9	PMID:28971234
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation, Type Iip	TMEM199	Patient 2	7	PMID:29321044
Spastic Paraplegia 45, Autosomal Recessive	NT5C2	II.3	13	PMID:28327087
Werner syndrome	WRN	48-year-old	18	PMID:30891318
Alagille syndrome 1	JAG1	male Proband	18	PMID:30046498
Corneal Dystrophy, Fuchs Endothelial 4	SLC4A11	Patient 1	2	PMID:25007886
Parkinson Disease 23 Autosomal Recessive	VPS13C	Family A V-	18	PMID:26042284
Early Onset		2	10	1 11110.20042204
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation Type Jin	TMEM199	- F3-II1	12	PMID-26833330
Epidermolysis Bullosa, Junctional Herlitz Type	LAMA3	Proband	2	PMID:20000000
Mucolipidosis Ii Alpha/beta	GNPTAB	proband	14	PMID:30208878
Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency	TRMT10C	Subject 2	15	PMID:27132592
30				

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Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
			HPO terms	
Stickler syndrome. Type I	COL2A1	proband	19	PMID:28841907
Mvotonia Congenita, Autosomal Dominant	CLCN1	man	7	PMID:30243293
Spondyloepimetaphyseal Dysplasia With Joint	B3GALT6	P7/F6	29	PMID:23664117
Laxity, Type 1. With Orwithout Fractures			-	
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	6-1	13	PMID:27040691
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Tuberous Sclerosis 1	TSC1	II:3/Family 2	7	PMID:18830229
Weill-Marchesani syndrome 1	ADAMTS10	18-year-old woman	9	PMID:25469541
Megalocornea	CHRDL1	III-1	4	PMID:24073597
Hyperuricemic Nephropathy, Familial Juvenile, 1	UMOD	proband	6	PMID:15673476
Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type Iid	ATP6V1A	PIII:1	14	PMID:28065471
Spastic Ataxia 8, Autosomal Recessive, With Hy-	NKX6-2	F6,II-2	24	PMID:29388673
pomyelinating Leukodystrophy		,		
Tuberous Sclerosis 1	TSC1	patient 6	7	PMID:29196670
Retinitis Pigmentosa 78	ARHGEF18	Individual 1	8	PMID:28132693
Amelogenesis Imperfecta, Type Ia	LAMB3	proband	2	PMID:27220909
Bardet-Biedl syndrome 5	BBS5	II:2	6	PMID:30850397
Bleeding Disorder, Platelet-Type, 17	GFI1B	II:6	5	PMID:30655368
Nemaline Myopathy 7	CFL2	Patient 1	12	PMID:22560515
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Progressive	PLAA	A-VI3	17	PMID:28007986
Microcephaly, Spasticity, And Brain Anomalies				
Bardet-Biedl syndrome 2	BBS2	II:2	9	PMID:26078953
Neurofibromatosis, Type I	NF1	0548	8	PMID:9101303
Gapo syndrome	ANTXR1	14 year old	11	PMID:27587992
		brother		
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Axonal, Type 2a2	MFN2	patient	11	PMID:26956144
Platelet Disorder, Familial, With Associated	RUNX1	Pedigree I,	3	PMID:28181366
Myeloid Malignancy		V:2		
Trichohepatoenteric syndrome 1	TTC37	index	17	PMID:28292286
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	Patient 1	30	PMID:30103036
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Glutaric Acidemia I	GCDH	Patient 5	5	PMID:27672653
Choreoacanthocytosis	VPS13A	Patient-2	9	PMID:28446873
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	P7	2	PMID:29217778
Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type Ii	OCA2	В	4	PMID:29050284
Cockayne syndrome A	ERCC8	Patient A	7	PMID:30200888
Pseudoachondroplasia	COMP	patient	17	PMID:23562786
Galactosialidosis	CTSA	BAB3767	13	PMID:24769197
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Progressive	PLAA	Family D-	14	PMID:28413018
Microcephaly, Spasticity, And Brain Anomalies		Case VIII-1		
Cardiomyopathy, Dilated, 1g	TTN	JK109	4	PMID:11846417
Joubert syndrome 30	ARMC9	UW132-3	5	PMID:28625504
Dyskeratosis Congenita, Autosomal Dominant 3	TINF2	proband	12	PMID:29742735
Temtamy Preaxial Brachydactyly syndrome	CHSY1	IV-1	16	PMID:24269551
Krabbe Disease	GALC	child	6	PMID:26567009
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 4	16	PMID:29330883
Anomanes Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	SAL-584-005	4	PMID:27320912

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n	Publication
Discuse	Gene	Tiobalia	HPO	1 ublication
			terms	
Ataxia Early-Onset With Oculomotor Apraxia	APTX	V-3	4	PMID:28652255
And Hypoalbuminemia		V	т	1 11112.20002200
Retinitis Pigmentosa 78	ABHGEF18	Individual 2	8	PMID·28132693
Hypochondroplasia	FGFB3	VI-5	9	PMID:30681580
Hypotonia Infantile With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	5-1	18	PMID:27040691
dation And Characteristic Facies 3	ibon	01	10	1 11112.21010001
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	BII-1	26	PMID·28132690
mental Abnormalities		211 1		1 11111 120102000
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	Family A-V:2	8	PMID:27153400
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 1	88	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eve. Or Heart	102102		00	1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111
Larsen syndrome	FLNB	patient	12	PMID:18322662
Muckle-Wells syndrome	NLRP3	proband	9	PMID:27435956
Leukocyte Adhesion Deficiency, Type Iii	FERMT3	index	4	PMID:31068971
Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome 1	BRAF	CFC16	16	PMID:16474404
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	UB612	3	PMID:29146883
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	Patient 1	10	PMID:28148688
mental Abnormalities				
Metabolic Encephalomyopathic Crises, Recur-	TANGO2	Subject 6	17	PMID:26805781
rent, With Rhabdomvolvsis, Cardiac Arrhyth-		je na sje na s		
mias. And Neurodegeneration				
Boucher-Neuhauser syndrome	PNPLA6	II.2	8	PMID:29749493
Nail-Patella syndrome	LMX1B	index	6	PMID:30881852
Neurodegeneration With Brain Iron Accumula-	PLA2G6	family II pa-	8	PMID:28821231
tion 2b		tient II	-	
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Type Xy	WNT1	proband	11	PMID:30012084
Spastic Paraplegia 10. Autosomal Dominant	KIF5A	proband	12	PMID:30057544
Palmoplantar Keratoderma, Epidermolytic	KRT9	III:4	3	PMID:18477167
Cerebral Dysgenesis, Neuropathy, Ichthyosis,	SNAP29	The patient	19	PMID:29051910
And Palmoplantar Keratodermasyndrome		1		
Metabolic Encephalomyopathic Crises, Recur-	TANGO2	Suject 1	20	PMID:26805781
rent, With Rhabdomyolysis, Cardiac Arrhyth-		0		
mias, And Neurodegeneration				
Spastic Ataxia 8, Autosomal Recessive, With Hy-	NKX6-2	Patient 1 II-	13	PMID:28969374
pomyelinating Leukodystrophy		1		
Hyperekplexia, Hereditary 1	GLRA1	proband	5	PMID:24969041
Rett syndrome, Congenital Variant	FOXG1	Patient 4	9	PMID:28851325
Loeys-Dietz syndrome 4	TGFB2	proposita	15	PMID:25163805
Smith-Magenis syndrome	RAI1	SMS324	25	PMID:20932317
Metabolic Encephalomyopathic Crises, Recur-	TANGO2	Subject 4	16	PMID:26805781
rent, With Rhabdomyolysis, Cardiac Arrhyth-		-		
mias, And Neurodegeneration				
Parkinson Disease 15, Autosomal Recessive	FBXO7	ANK-07	7	PMID:25085748
Early-Onset				
Alpha-Thalassemia/mental Retardation syn-	ATRX	Proband	9	PMID:28371217
drome, X-Linked				
Rett syndrome, Congenital Variant	FOXG1	Patient 1	12	PMID:28851325
Smith-Kingsmore syndrome	MTOR	index	9	PMID:27753196
Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome, Type I	TRPS1	girl	4	PMID:23691375

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Holoprosencephaly 4TGIF1male7PMID:16962354Candidiasis, Familial, 2CARD9Patient8PMID:26044242Megaloblastic Anemia 1AMNIII:13PMID:26040326DesmosterolosisDHCR24proband34PMID:2917559Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal RecessiveCAPN1Family3PMID:27153400Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retardation And Characteristic Facies 3TBCK1-28PMID:27040691Larsen syndromeFLNB1912PMID:16801345FLNB912PMID:16801345Loeys-Dietz syndrome 2TGFBR2Patient 415PMID:30101859Poikiloderma With NeutropeniaUSB1patient7PMID:27047962Neuropathy, Hereditary, With Liability To Pressure PalsiesTBL1XR1seven year old6PMID:28687524Hamaphagoentic LumphohistiogutosisFamilialPRE16PMID:28468610	Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
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a second se	Hemophagocytic Lymphonisticcytosis, Familial,	PRF1	8-year-old	6	PMID:28468610
		TOTOL	boy		
Jervell And Lange-Nielsen syndrome I KCNQI family III- 4 PMID:29037160	Jervell And Lange-Nielsen syndrome 1	KCNQI	family III-	4	PMID:29037160
			IV-5		
Niemann-Pick Disease, Type C1 NPC1 The proband 14 PMID:27900365	Niemann-Pick Disease, Type Cl	NPC1	The proband	14	PMID:27900365
Spherocytosis, Type 5 EPB42 proposita 5 PMID:7803799	Spherocytosis, Type 5	EPB42	proposita	5	PMID:7803799
Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type Iic ATP6V1E1 PI:1 13 PMID:28065471	Cutis Laxa, Autosomal Recessive, Type lic	ATP6V1E1	PI:1	13	PMID:28065471
Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia, Type Iia RET DM patient 3 PMID:24331334	Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia, Type Iia	RET	DM patient	3	PMID:24331334
Polymicrogyria, Symmetric Or Asymmetric TUBB2B proband 18 PMID:28966590	Polymicrogyria, Symmetric Or Asymmetric	TUBB2B	proband	18	PMID:28966590
Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome SAMD9L IV-1 5 PMID:27259050	Ataxia-Pancytopenia syndrome	SAMD9L	IV-1	5	PMID:27259050
Metabolic Encephalomyopathic Crises, Recur- TANGO2 Subject 2 33 PMID:26805781	Metabolic Encephalomyopathic Crises, Recur-	TANGO2	Subject 2	33	PMID:26805781
rent, With Rhabdomyolysis, Cardiac Arrhyth-	rent, With Rhabdomyolysis, Cardiac Arrhyth-				
mias, And Neurodegeneration	mias, And Neurodegeneration				
Myasthenic syndrome, Congenital, 22 PREPL proband 18 PMID:29483676	Myasthenic syndrome, Congenital, 22	PREPL	proband	18	PMID:29483676
Gaucher Disease, Perinatal LethalGBAboy weighing7PMID:15967693	Gaucher Disease, Perinatal Lethal	GBA	boy weighing	7	PMID:15967693
1690 g			1690 g		
Kabuki syndrome 2KMT2D3 month old21PMID:30509212	Kabuki syndrome 2	KMT2D	3 month old	21	PMID:30509212
boy			boy		
Charge syndrome CHD7 B III-3 14 PMID:17661815	Charge syndrome	CHD7	B III-3	14	PMID:17661815
Mental Retardation, Autosomal Recessive 18 MED23 IV.8 7 PMID:30847200	Mental Retardation, Autosomal Recessive 18	MED23	IV.8	7	PMID:30847200
Citrullinemia, Classic ASS1 5 8 PMID:23099195	Citrullinemia, Classic	ASS1	5	8	PMID:23099195
Long Qt syndrome 14 CALM1 Case 2 4 PMID:27374306	Long Qt syndrome 14	CALM1	Case 2	4	PMID:27374306
Nance-Horan syndrome NHS III:1 9 PMID:30642278	Nance-Horan syndrome	NHS	III:1	9	PMID:30642278
Palmoplantar Keratoderma, Punctate Type Ia AAGAB family 4 PMID:28239884	Palmoplantar Keratoderma, Punctate Type Ia	AAGAB	family	4	PMID:28239884
1:proband		_	1:proband		
Mental Retardation, Autosomal Dominant 21 CTCF proband 28 PMID:28619046	Mental Retardation, Autosomal Dominant 21	CTCF	proband	28	PMID:28619046
Ventricular Tachycardia, Catecholaminergic TECRL Patient 1 8 PMID:27861123	Ventricular Tachycardia. Catecholaminergic	TECRL	Patient 1	8	PMID:27861123
Polymorphic, 3	Polymorphic, 3			-	
Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop- EXTL3 C·II-1 12 PMID: 28132600	Immunoskeletal Dysplasia With Neurodevelop-	EXTL3	C:II-1	12	PMID:28132690
mental Abnormalities	mental Abnormalities				1 1112.20102000
Parkinson Disease 7 Autosomal Recessive Early- PARK7 proband 13 PMID:97/60076	Parkinson Disease 7 Autosomal Recessive Farly_	PARK7	proband	13	PMID-27460976
Onset	Onset	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Proband	10	1 11110.21400310
Cockavne svndrome A ERCC8 Patient C 5 PMID:30200888	Cockavne syndrome A	ERCC8	Patient C	5	PMID:30200888

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

Disease	Gene	Proband	n.	Publication
			HPO	
			terms	
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	II-3	21	PMID:27275012
dation And Characteristic Facies 3	_			
Myopathy, Myofibrillar, 3	МУОТ	patient	5	PMID:19458539
Codas syndrome	LONP1	Patient 1	8	PMID:25808063
Rett syndrome. Congenital Variant	FOXG1	Patient 3	9	PMID:28851325
Retinitis Pigmentosa With Or Without Skeletal	CWC27	1:II-3	12	PMID:28285769
Anomalies		1.11.0		1 11111 120200100
Cockavne syndrome B	EBCC6	Patient B	5	PMID:30200888
Mucolinidosis Iv	MCOLN1	6 vear old	8	PMID:28620732
	MOOLINI	boy	0	1 11112.20020102
Chediak-Higashi syndrome	LVST	nationt	14	PMID-98183707
Marfan syndromo	FBN1	Patient 3	1	PMID:20101850
Congonital Disorder Of Clucosylation Type Jih		rabend	4 97	DMID-20600882
Baaudaachandronlagia	COMP	TI 1	21	DMID.97220892
Polymicrogymia Dilatoral Frontonariotal	ADCPC1	II-1 Eamily A	9	PMID:27550622
Folymerogyna, Dhaterai Frontoparletai	ADGRGI	ranny A,	4	F MID:29707400
Dragge Malahian Claugan Digagga	DVM	Detient 9	7	DMID.94900999
Arthur man aria Distal Tama 0		Patient 2	l C	PMID:24300288
Arthrogryposis, Distai, Type 9	FBN2	1V:i	0	PMID:30147910
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 9	21	PMID:29330883
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart	DAT1	CMCOOF	15	DMID 00000017
Smith-Magenis syndrome	RAII	SMS335	15	PMID:20932317
Inclusion Body Myopathy With Early-Onset	VCP	11-3	11	PMID:19208399
Paget Disease With Or Withoutfrontotemporal				
Dementia 1		a	~ -	
Neurodevelopmental Disorder With Or Without	RERE	Subject 4	87	PMID:27087320
Anomalies Of The Brain, Eye, Or Heart				
Bleeding Disorder, Platelet-Type, 15	ACTN1	proband	5	PMID:24069336
Encephalopathy, Neonatal Severe, With Lactic	LIPT2	P1	16	PMID:28757203
Acidosis And Brain Abnormalities				
Cleidocranial Dysplasia	RUNX2	III:3	10	PMID:24966961
Congenital Disorder Of Glycosylation, Type Iic	SLC35C1	Proband 1	20	PMID:24403049
Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome 2	EP300	38	26	PMID:29506490
Craniofrontonasal syndrome	EFNB1	3269	17	PMID:23335590
Brugada syndrome 1	SCN5A	proband	3	PMID:31590245
Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis 1	SOD1	patient	7	PMID:30236613
Spastic Paraplegia 76, Autosomal Recessive	CAPN1	R-III:1	5	PMID:27320912
Hypotonia, Infantile, With Psychomotor Retar-	TBCK	D-II-1	27	PMID:27040692
dation And Characteristic Facies 3				
Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, Classic Type, 2	COL5A2	patient	8	PMID:27656288
Birt-Hogg-Dube syndrome	FLCN	253	2	PMID:96481
Diarrhea 3, Secretory Sodium, Congenital, With	SPINT2	two-month-	13	PMID:29575628
Or Without Other Congenitalanomalies		old male		
Robinow syndrome, Autosomal Recessive	ROR2	Patient 2	19	PMID:24932600

Table S2 – Continued from previous page

original	unaltered data from case report
noise2	two "random" HPO terms added
noise2*	like noise2 but the original terms were replaced by a randomly chosen parent
	term
noise2**	like noise2 but the original terms were replaced by a randomly chosen grand-
	parent term
allele ⁻²	remove all pathogenic alleles (i.e., remove one allele for dominant and two for
	recessive). Otherwise do not change the data
allele ^{-2,**}	remove all pathogenic alleles (i.e., remove one allele for dominant and two for
	recessive), replace all terms with a parent term and then add two noise terms
terms-randomized	replace all HPO terms by "random" terms
biallelic	limit the case reports to those describing autosomal recessive (biallelic) diseases
biallelic ⁻¹	same as biallelic but one of two pathogenic alleles is removed
not	10 cases in which a negated ("not") finding is important to the differential
	diagnosis (Table S4)
not*	same as not, but all negated terms are removed

 Table S3. Approaches to add noise to the case report data (Phenopackets).

Correct diagnosis	Differential diagnosis	Differentiating feature
Loeys-Dietz syndrome 4 [OMIM:614816]	Marfan syndrome [OMIM:154700]	Ectopia lentis [HP:0001083]
Tietz albinism-deafness syndrome [OMIM:103500]	Waardenburg syndrome, type 2A [OMIM:193510]	Heterochromia iridis [HP:0001100]
Hypochondroplasia [OMIM:146000]	Achondroplasia [OMIM:100800]	Trident hand [HP:0004060]
Osteogenesis imperfecta, type XII [OMIM:613849]	Osteogenesis imperfecta, type IV [OMIM:166220]	Dentinogenesis imperfecta [HP:0000703]
Spinal muscular atrophy with progressive myoclonic epilepsy [OMIM:159950]	Spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy of Kennedy [OMIM:313200]	Elevated serum creatine kinase [HP:0003236]
Myotonia congenita, dominant [OMIM:160800]	Myotonic dystrophy 1 [OMIM:160900]	Muscle weakness [HP:0001324]
Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome, type I [OMIM:190350]	Trichorhinophalangeal syndrome, type II [OMIM:150230]	Intellectual disability [HP:0001249]
GM1-gangliosidosis, type III [OMIM:230650]	GM1-gangliosidosis, type I [OMIM:230500]	Cherry red spot of the macula
Megalocornea 1, X-linked [OMIM:309300]	Glaucoma 3, primary congenital, A [OMIM:231300]	[HP:0010729] Abnormal intraocu- lar pressure
Ectodermal dysplasia 9, hair/nail type [OMIM:614931]	Ectodermal dysplasia 1, hypohidrotic, X-linked [OMIM:305100]	Abnormality of the dentition [HP:0000164]

Table S4. Pairs of diseases whose differential diagnosis is defined in part by the absence of the phenotypic abnormality listed in the third column. For instance, Loeys-Dietz syndrome 4 is noted not to be characterized by ectopia lentis, while the phenotypically similar disease Marfan syndrome is [4]. In each case, the disease in the first column is explicitly annotated not to have the phenotype in question, and the disease in the second column is annotated to have the feature. These ten cases are included in the 384 case reports (Phenopackets) analyzed in this work.

Tool	First published	VCF	HPO	Web	Shell	Assemblies	Last update
eXtasy [5]	2013	1	\checkmark	1	1	hg19	2013
Exomiser $[6, 7, 8]$	2014	1	1	×	1	hg19, hg38	2019
Phen-Gen [9]	2014	1	✓	1	1	hg19	2014
PhenoVar [10]	2014	$\checkmark^{(a)}$	1	1	X	hg19	2017
BierApp [11]	2014	\checkmark	\checkmark	$X^{(\text{no access})}$	X	hg19	2016
wANNOVAR [12]	2015	\checkmark	1	1	X	hg19, hg38	2019
OVA [13]	2015	1	1	1	X	hg19	2015
OMIM Explorer [14]	2016	\checkmark	1	$X^{(\text{no access})}$	X	hg19	2016
QueryOR [15]	2017	\checkmark	\checkmark	$X^{(\text{no access})}$	X	hg19	2016
GenIO [16]	2018	\checkmark	1	1	X	hg19	2017
AMELIE/Phrank [17]	2019	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\mathbf{X}^{(\mathrm{b})}$	X	hg19	2019
Phenoxome [18]	2019	\checkmark	1	1	X	hg19	2019
DeepPVP [19]	2019	\checkmark	1	×	$\mathbf{X}^{(c)}$	hg19	2019
MutationDistiller [20]	2019	\checkmark	1	1	X	hg19	2019
PhenoPro [21]	2019	1	1	$\mathbf{X}^{(\mathrm{no}\;\mathrm{access})}$	×	hg19	2019

Table S5. Other tools for phenotype-driven exome/genome analysis. Symbols: \checkmark The tool has the capability denoted in the column. \times The tool does not have the capability denoted in the column. \times The publication describes the capability in question but it was not functional during the period of time this manuscript was being prepared (Sep.-Dec., 2019). Additional comments: (a) Requires registration, which is not working; (b) Web version of AMELIE not accepting jobs (attempted various times, October–December, 2020); (c) Install instructions failed on dependencies or docker file; (no access): Web server could not be accessed on multiple occasions.

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