SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Immunologic Studies

Flow cytometry was performed on fresh whole blood samples collected at various times after transplant. Cells were stained with a panel of directly conjugated monoclonal antibodies to identify T cells, B cells, natural killer (NK) cells, and dendritic cells (DCs), as well as functional subsets (Table S1). Labeled cells were acquired in a FACSCanto II or LSRFortessa flow cytometer (BDBiosciences) and analyzed using BD FACSDivaTM (BD Biosciences) using standard gating strategies (**Figures S1-2**).

Table S1. Conjugated monoclonal Antibodies. * Antibodies used for Lineage

Tube	Antibody	Brand	Catalogue #	Clone
T cells	CD45RO FITC	BD	555492	UCHL1
	CD279 PD-1 PE	eBio	12-2799-42	eBioJ105
	CD127 PE Cy5	eBio	15-1278-42	eBioRDR5
	CD25 PE Cy7	BD	557741	M-A251
	CD62L APC	BD	559772	DREG-56
	CD4 APC-H7	BD	560158	RPA-T4
	CD3 Pac Blue (V450)	BD	560365	UCHT1
	CD8 BV510	BioLegend	301047	RPA-T8
B cells	CD268 BAFF R FITC	eBio	11-9117-42	8A7
	IgD PE	BD	555779	IA6-2
	CD27 PE Cy5	eBio	15-0279-42	O323
	CD38 PE Cy7	BD	560677	HIT2
	CD19 APC	BD	555415	HIB19
	CD20 APC H7	BD	560734	2H7
	CD5 Pac Blue (V450)	BD	561154	UCHT2
	CD45 BV510	BD	563204	HI30
NK cells	CD16 FITC	BD	555406	3G8
	CD56 PE	BD	555516	B159
	CD8 PE Cy7	BD	557746	RPA-T8
	NKG2D APC	BD	558071	1D11
	CD45 APC H7	BD	560178	2D1
	CD3 Pac Blue (V450)	BD	560365	UCHT1
	CD4 BV510	BD	562970	SK3
Dendritic cells	CD123 FITC	Miltenyi Biotec	130-090-897	AC145
	CD141 PE	BD	559781	1A4
	CD11c PE Cy5	BD	551077	B-ly6
	CD3 PE Cy7*	BD	557851	SK7
	CD19 PE Cy7*	BD	341093	SJ25C1
	CD56 PE Cy7*	BD	557747	B159
	CD14 PE Cy7*	BD	557742	M5E2
	CD86 APC	BD	555660	2331 (FUN-1)
	CD45 APC H7	BD	560178	2D1
	CD14 Pac Blue (V450)	BD	560349	MphiP9
	HLA-DR BV510	BD	563083	G46-6

Table S2. Multivariable Cox model for OS and PFS for all subjects (N=108)

	OS			PFS				
	HR	959	6 CI	p-value	HR	959	6 CI	p-value
Targeted therapy vs CIT	0.35	0.13	0.97	0.043	0.47	0.22	1.03	0.06
Age	1.04	0.98	1.10	0.20	1.03	0.99	1.08	0.17
Male recipient & Female donor	1.51	0.60	3.75	0.38	2.28	1.14	4.56	0.02
Number of prior therapies	1.12	0.93	1.34	0.24	1.00	0.86	1.17	0.97
HCT comorbidity score	1.18	0.99	1.42	0.067	1.17	1.01	1.36	0.036
Non-busulfan based conditioing regimen	5.10	1.14	22.8	0.033	4.22	1.03	17.2	0.045
<=7/8 HLA match vs. 8/8 match	1.50	0.48	4.70	0.48	0.87	0.31	2.46	0.79
Relapsed/refractory disease status	3.79	0.71	20.2	0.12	1.62	0.37	7.13	0.52
Richter's transformation	3.62	1.01	12.9	0.048	3.97	1.50	10.5	0.005

CIT: chemoimmunotherapy. Age, number of prior therapies, and HCT comorbidity were included as continuous variables. Flu/BU1 and Flu/BU2 were collapsed as they were not different in hazard ratio. CR and PR were also collapsed for the interest of power since they were not different in hazard ratio.

Table S3. List of post HCT therapy

Targeted therapy prior to HCT	Other Therapy prior to HCT	post HCT therapy	
None	1.FR 2. FR 3. BR	Radiation	
None	1. FR 2. Rituxan+ solumedrol	IBR/Idela+Ofa/R-CHOP	
None	1. FCR	Campath	
None	1. FR 2. Campath 3. Bendamustine	Radiation	
None	1. FCR 2. FC 3. Rituxan/High Dose solumedrol 4. Flavopiridol x 4	Rituximab	
None	1. Fludarabine 2. Fludarabine 3. Rituxan 4. Rituxan, Cytoxan, Decadron 5. Rituxan,	Campath/HDMP	
Hone	Cytoxan, Decadron 6. CHOP 7. Rituxan, Campath 8. Rituxan solumedrol 9. Flavopiridol		
None	1. FCR 2. FCR		
None	1. RCHOP x 8 2. Radiation to neck 3. FRx6 4. FR 5. BR	Ibrutinib	
None	1. FCR 2. Rutxan 3 .R-Solumedrol	Ibrutinib	
None	1. FR 2. FR 3. BR	Rituxan/Ibrutinib	
None	1. FC 2. Rituxan 3. Ofautumumab HDMP Alemutuzumab	Rituxan/R-CHOP/R-ICE	
None	1. ofatumumab Highdose solumedrol, Campath	Ibrutinib	
None	1. FR x 6 2. BR x 6 3. Solumedrol/ Rituxan	Ibrutinib	
None	1.FR 2. Radiation 3. BR	ibrutinib	
None	1. ofatumumab HDMP alemutuzumab	Ibrutinib	
None*	1. ofatumumab HDMP alemutuzumab	ibrutinib/Ipilimumab	
None	1. FCR 2. BR 3. HDMP + Ofa 4. Ofa +alemtuzumab	ipilimumab	
Venetoclax*	1. FCR 2. BR 3.FCR 4. BR 5.Ofa+HDMP+Alemtuzumab 6. ABT 199	Ibrutinib/R-CHOP	
Ibrutinib*	1. FR 2. FCR 3. Ibrutinib	R-CHOP/DLI	
Venetoclax	1. ofatumumab HDMP alemtuzumab	ibrutinib	
Ibrutinib/CART19/Ibrutinib/Venetoclax	1. Revlimid 2. RCHOP	venetoclax continuous	
Ibrutinib	1. FCR x6 2. Rituximab + Ibrutinib	Ibrutinib	
Ibrutinib	1. Obinutuzumab	venetoclax	

F: Fludarabine, C: cyclophosphamide, R: Rituxan, B: Bendamustine, CHOP: cyclophosphamide+doxorubicin+vincristine+prednisone, HDMP: high-dose methylprednisolone, ICE: ifosfamide+carboplatin+etoposide, DLI: donor lymphocyte infusion

^{*:} these patients had Richter's Transformation

Figure S1. Gating strategy for analysis of T cell subsets

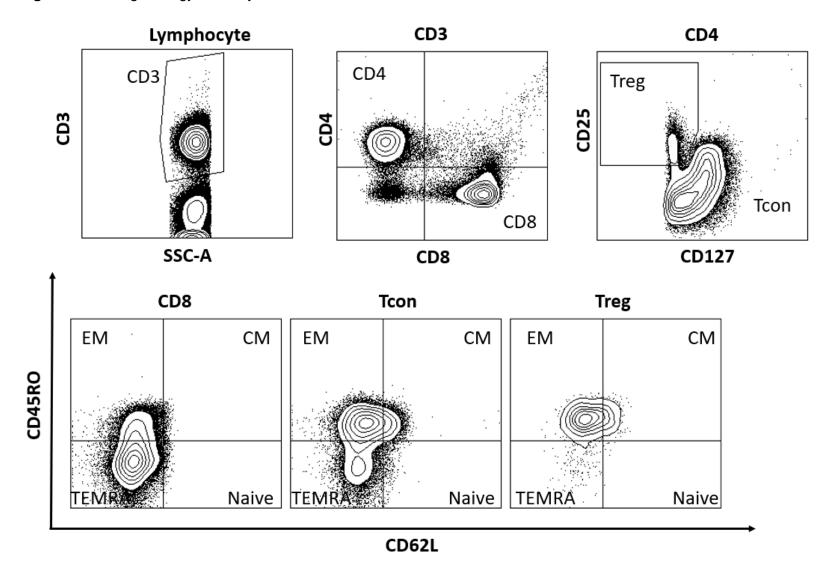


Figure S2. Gating strategy for analysis of B, NK and Dendritic cells (DCs). Lineage cocktail includes CD3, CD56, CD14 and CD19 antibodies conjugated to the same fluorescence marker.

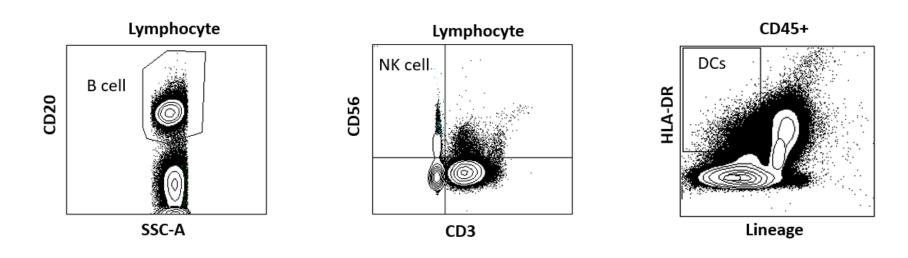


Figure S3. (A) OS and (B) PFS according to the disease status for combined cohorts (N=105). Three patients who had relapsed or refractory at alloHCT were excluded. (C) OS and (D) PFS according to the disease status for the prior targeted therapy cohort (N=28). Two patients who had relapsed or refractory at alloHCT were excluded

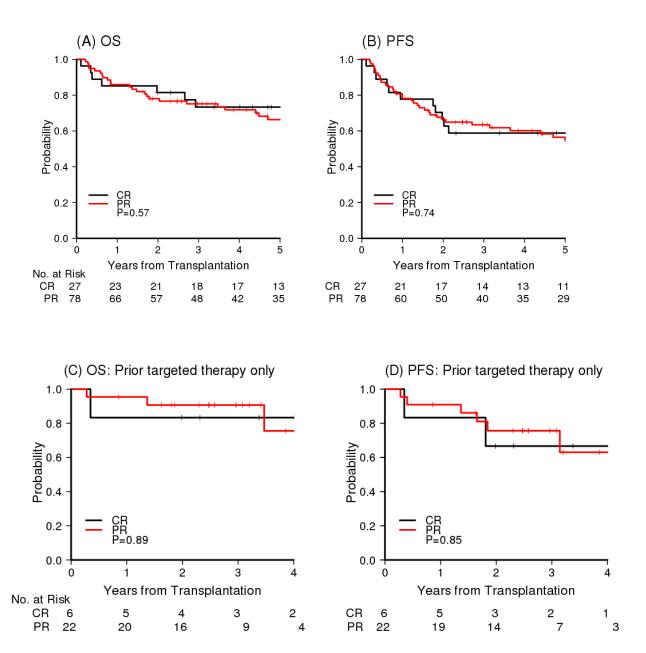
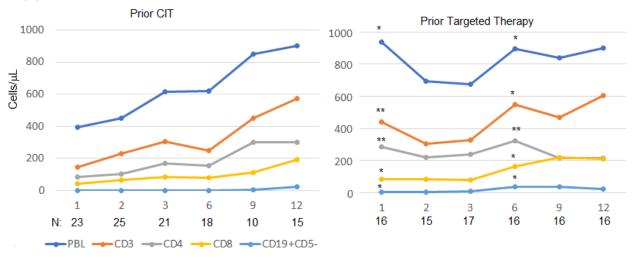


Figure S4. Immune reconstitution over time for patients who received Flu/BU2 only. * denotes p-value <0.05 and ** denotes p-value <0.01 for the comparison between two cohorts.

(A) Immune reconstitution over time



(B) CD4Treg:CD4Tcon ratio over time

