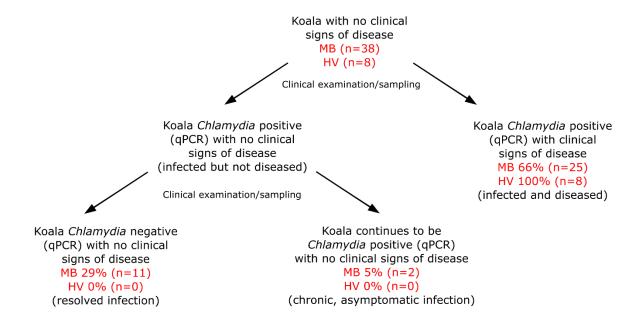
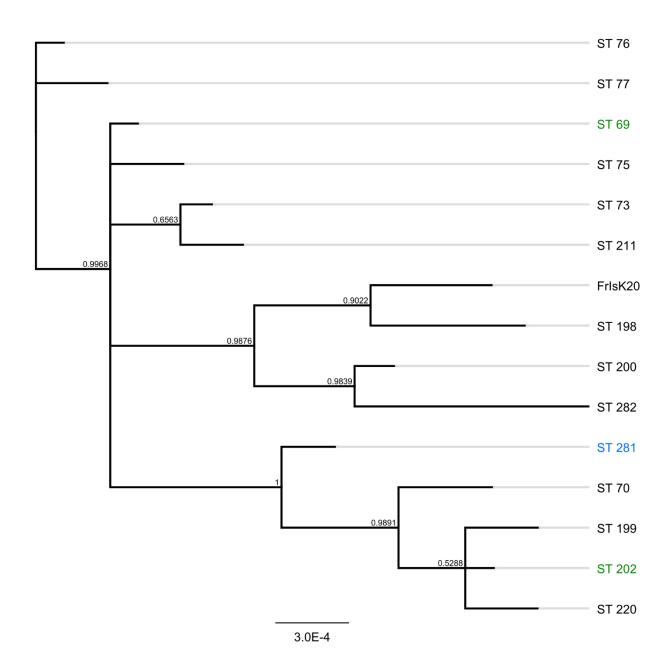
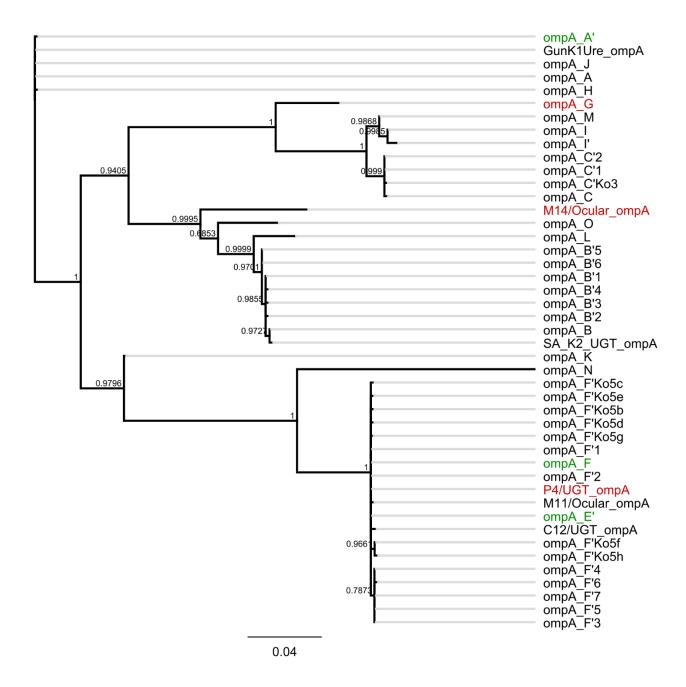
Koala immunogenetics and chlamydial strain type are more directly involved in chlamydial disease progression in koalas from two south east Queensland koala populations than koala retrovirus subtypes

Amy Robbins^{1,2}, Jonathan Hanger², Martina Jelocnik¹, Bonnie L. Quigley¹, Peter Timms^{1*}

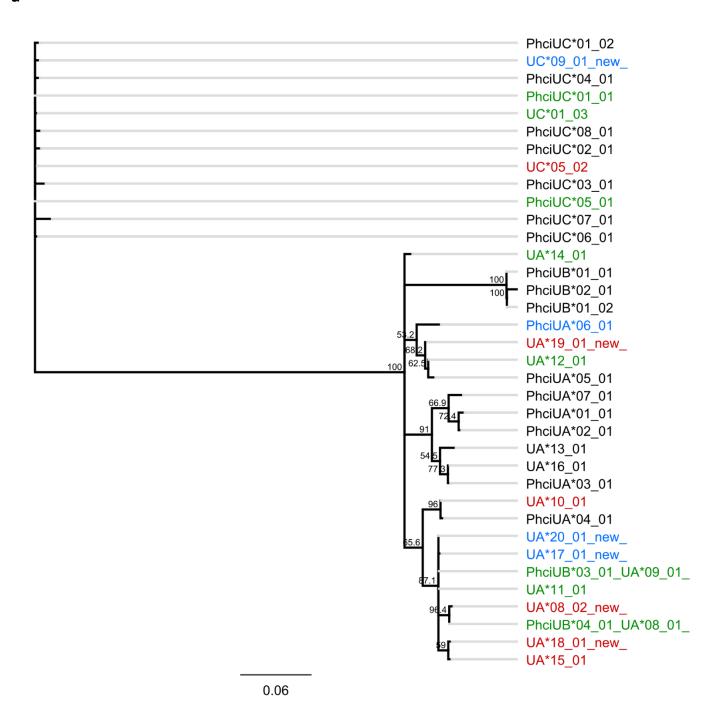


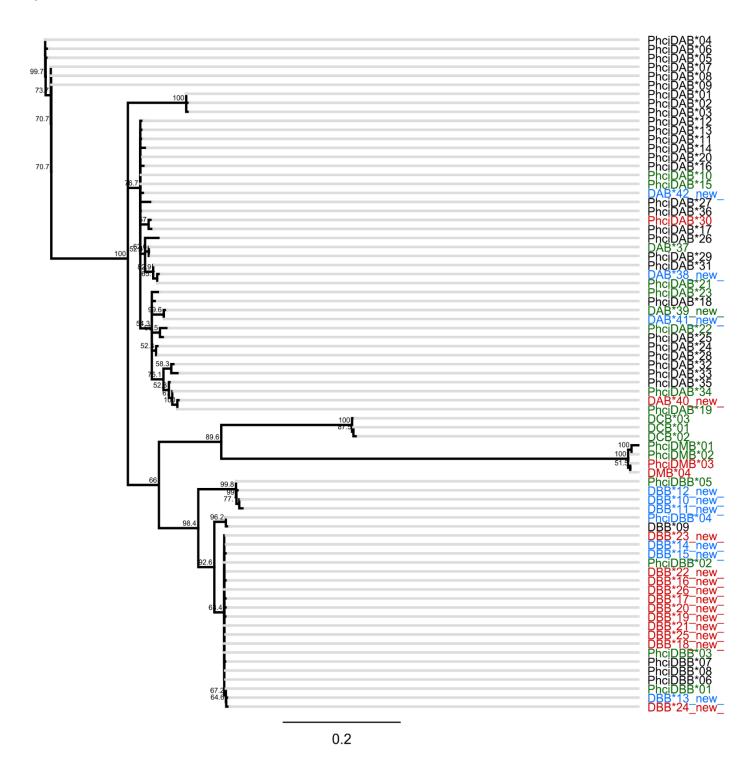
Supplementary Figure S1: A comparison of the outcomes of new chlamydial infections at the Moreton Bay site (MB) and the Old Hidden Vale site (HV)





Supplementary Figure S2: Mid-point rooted Bayesian phylogenetic trees of a. Multi-Locus Sequence Typing scheme sequence types (ST) and b. *omp*A genotypes detected in koalas, indicating the sequences that were detected in this study (red denotes Moreton Bay site (MB) only, blue denotes Old Hidden Vale site (HV) only, green denotes both study sites)

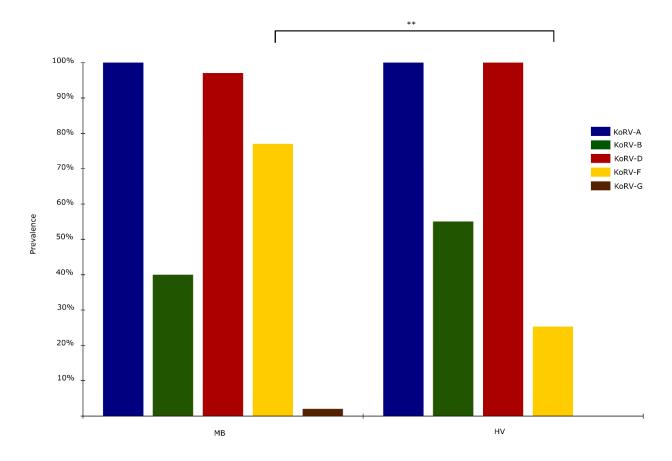




Supplementary Figure S3: Mid-point rooted Neighbour-joining phylogenetic trees of a. Class I and b. Class II major histocompatibility complex alleles indicating novel alleles identified in this study and the distribution of alleles between the Moreton Bay site (MB) and the Old Hidden Vale site (HV) (red denotes Moreton Bay site only, blue denotes Old Hidden Vale site only, green denotes both study sites)

Supplementary Table S1: The prevalence of major histocompatibility complex (MHC) alleles at the Moreton Bay site (MB) and the Old Hidden Vale site (HV) that were significantly different between the study sites

	Moreton Bay site	Old Hidden Vale site	Fisher's exact test
MHC allele	(MB)	(HV)	significance
<i>UA</i> 08:01	52% (31/60)	90% (18/20)	p=0.003
<i>UA</i> 10:01	45% (27/60)	0% (0/20)	<i>p</i> <0.001
<i>UA</i> 11:01	10% (6/60)	45% (9/20)	p=0.001
<i>UA</i> 14:01	32% (19/60)	5% (1/20)	p=0.017
<i>UA</i> 17:01	0% (0/60)	15% (3/20)	p=0.014
UC 01:01	100% (60/60)	80% (16/20)	p=0.003
UC 01:03	8% (5/60)	30% (6/20)	p=0.024
<i>UC</i> 05:02	30% (18/60)	0% (0/20)	p=0.004
DAb 10	35% (21/60)	5% (1/20)	p=0.009
DAb 19	88% (53/60)	60% (12/20)	p=0.009
DAb 22	2% (1/60)	15% (3/20)	p=0.046
DAb 23	2% (1/60)	20% (4/20)	p=0.013
DAb 37	2% (1/60)	20% (4/20)	p=0.013
DBb 03	53% (32/60)	15% (3/20)	p=0.004
DBb 04	0% (0/60)	20% (4/20)	p=0.003
DMb 04	25% (15/60)	0% (0/20)	p=0.017



Supplementary Figure S4: A comparison of the prevalence of KoRV subtypes between the Moreton Bay site (MB) and the Old Hidden Vale site (HV), Fisher's exact test **p<0.001