Supplementary Information

Trigonelline recovers memory function in Alzheimer's disease model mice: Evidence of brain penetration and target molecule

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Total ion chromatogram (A) and extracted ion current chromatogram (B) of standard TGN (m/z 138.0549) at 10 μ g/ml. Fragmentation pattern of MS/MS data was shown in (C).



W1 V1 T1 W2 V2 T2 W3 V3 T3 W4 V4 T4 W5 V5 T5 V6 T6



Effects of trigonelline (TGN) on synaptophysin levels in the cerebral cortex. (A) Representative synaptophysin and a loading control, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) expression expression in the cerebral cortex by western blotting. Quantitative values of the expression levels of synaptophysin (B) and ratio to GAPDH (C) are shown. The statistical analysis was performed using a one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) and post hoc Dunnett's test, *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01 vs Veh-treated 5XFAD mice, n = 5 – 6 mice.



W1 V1 T1 W2 V2 T2 W3 V3 T3 W4 V4 T4 W5 V5 T5 V6 T6



Effects of trigonelline (TGN) on A β oligomer levels in the cerebral cortex. (A) Representative A β oligomer expression in the cerebral cortex by western blotting. Quantitative values of the expression levels of A β oligomer (B) and ratio to GAPDH (C) are shown. Overexpressed human APP was detected only in 5XFAD mice. The statistical analysis was performed using a one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) and post hoc Dunnett's test, **P < 0.01 vs Veh-treated 5XFAD mice, n = 5 – 6 mice.



DARTS analysis of mouse cortical neurons was performed using lysate of cultured cortical neurons. After treatment with vehicle solution (water) or 100 μ M TGN for 30 min at room temperature, thermolysin treatment was added. Below 48 k, the band level in TGN-treated lysates was thinner compared with the vehicle solution-treated group.