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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

#### Statistics

For	all st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Cor	firmed
		The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
		A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
$\boxtimes$		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$		A description of all covariates tested
$\boxtimes$		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
		A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.
$\boxtimes$		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
$\boxtimes$		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	,	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

### Software and code

#### Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collectionqPCR were performed using Bio-Rad iQ5 and Bio-Rad CXF Manager software (Bio-Rad). We included a statement in the Methods/<br/>Quantitative real-time-PCR (qPCR). Immunofluorescence and differential interference contrast images were acquired using a ZEISS LSM 880<br/>(Zeiss) confocal microscope and Nikon eclipse Ti-s (Nikon). We included a statement in the Methods/ Confocal microscopy and transmission<br/>electron microscopy.Flow cytometry were performed using FACS Diva Software (Version 7, BD Biosciences) and FlowJo (Version<br/>10,TreeStar).We included a statement in the Methods/ Cell flow cytometry.Data analysisThe statistical analysis was performed using GraphPad Prism (Version 5). We included a statement in the Methods/ Quantification and<br/>Statistical analysis.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

#### Data

#### Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets - A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A list of ligures that have associated raw data
  A description of any restrictions on data availability

The primer sequences used for qPCR are provided in Supplementary Table 1. The information of antibodies used in our study is provided in Methods/ Antibodies and staining reagents. The source data underlying Figs 1a,1c-1j, 2b–2i, 3c-3f, 4a-4i, 5c-5h, 6a-6c and 6e-6k and Supplementary Figs 1c-1f, 1h, 2c-2d, 3b, 3d, 4b-4d, 5a-5b, 6a-6b, 6d-6f, 9c-9e, 9h and 10b-10d are provided as a Source Data file. All novel microarray data were deposited to the Gene Expression Omnibus ( https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/) under accession number GSE152078 and GSE152079. Links to databases TargetScan, microRNA.org, and PITA are http://www.targetscan.org/, http://www.mirbase.org/, http://www.mirbase.org and http://www.pictar.org/, respectively. The authors declare that all data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article and its supplementary information files.

# Field-specific reporting

K Life sciences

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>

# Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	The minimum sample size was determined by the amount of cells and mice needed to parse out statistical significance. Statistical analyses used in this study are: one-way or two-way Anova, two-tailed paired or unpaired Student's t test
Data exclusions	No data were excluded from analysis.
Replication	Experimental data was reliably reproduced in multiple independent experiments. For all experiments, our data represent at least three independent assays that produce similar results. We also used different assays and readouts to confirm our findings in different way. For example, regarding the PMP internalization, we used confocal microscopy imaging and flow cytometry analysis of CD34+-HSPCs and three megakaryocytic cell lines. Results from these experiments consistently supported our findings. The number of the independent experiments was indicated in each figure legend.
Randomization	The male mice of same age and weight were allocated into different treatment groups randomly for CCI4 and PMP treatment.
Blinding	Investigators were blinded during the data collection and analysis where possible. This included mice data collection, flow cytometry analysis, CFU count etc. The quantification for immunofluorescence assays was performed blindly. For the other experiments, blinding was not relevant because all the parameters applied were objective and no subjective assessment was involved

# Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).
Research sample	State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.
Sampling strategy	Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.
Data collection	Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.
Timing	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Non-participation	State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.
Randomization	If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

# Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested,

Study description	(hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.	
Research sample	Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.	
Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.	
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.	
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken	
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.	
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.	
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.	
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.	
Did the study involve fiel	d work? Yes No	

Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).
Access and import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.

# Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems	Methods	
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study	
Antibodies	ChIP-seq	
Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry	
Palaeontology	MRI-based neuroimaging	
Animals and other organisms		
Human research participants		
Clinical data		

### Antibodies

#### Antibodies used

Validation

Antibodies used in our study have been described in supplementary table 2.

FITC-anti-mouse-CD41 species:Hamster, Human, Mouse, application: flow cytometry; APC-anti-mouse-CD42d species:Mouse, Rat, application:flow cytometry; PE-anti-mouse-CD71 species:Fish, Human, Mouse, application:flow cytometry; FITC-anti-mouse-CD34 species:Fish, Goat, Hamster, Mouse, Rat, application: flow cytometry; PE-anti-human-CD34 species:Human, Rat, application:flow cytometry; APC-anti-human-CD61 species:Baboon, Dog, Cynomolgus Monkey, Human, Rhesus monkey, application:flow cytometry; FITC- anti-human-CD41a species:Human, application:flow cytometry; PE- anti-human-CD41a species:Baboon, Human, application:flow cytometry; PE- anti-human-CD42b species:Human, application:flow cytometry; anti-mouse-CD41 monoclonal antibody species: Mouse, application:Western Blotting, immunohistochemistry,immunoprecipitation; β-Actin mouse monoclonal antibody species:Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Dog application:Western Blotting; GAPDH monoclonal antibody species:Human, Mouse, Monkey, application: Western Blotting; RHOB polyclonal antibody species: Human, Mouse, application: Western Blotting, immunohistochemistry; CD63 mouse monoclonal antibody species:huma, application:Western Blotting,immunoprecipitation , immunofluorescence, immunohistochemistry and solid phase ELISA; Human thrombopoietin antibody species:application:ELISA, Neutralization; Human thrombopoietin receptor antibody species:application:Western Blotting, Neutralization.

### Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>	K562 and Meg-01 cell lines were purchased from ATCC. UT-7 cell line was purchased from National Infrastructure of Cell Line Resource.
Cell line source(s)	Human cord blood mononuclear cells (MNCs) were isolated from cord blood of healthy volunteers after the delivery of normal pregnancies with patient's informed consent. During megakaryopoiesis, the expression of CD61 showed the most marked and progressive increase over time, while surface expression of CD34 decreased. Using well established surface markers, we purified three populations of cells. We refer to them as: HSCs CD34+CD61–, MK progenitors (CFU-MKs) CD34 +CD61+ and mature MK progenitors (pro-MKs) CD34–CD61+. Magnetic cell sorting (MACS) technology was used to isolate the three populations from human CB MNCs before or after MK differentiation in vitro. HUVECs were isolated from umbilical cord of healthy volunteers after the delivery of normal pregnancies with patient's informed consent.
Authentication	The presence of multiple erythorid and megakaryocytic markers were analyzed by flow cytometry (CD41, CD61, CD71) and the expression of gene important for hematopoietic differentiation were analyzed by qPCR(GABPA, vWF, c-MPL, GATA-1, FLI-1,AML1).
Mycoplasma contamination	Yes. The cells were tested negative for mycoplasma.
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	No commonly misidentified cell lines were used in this study.

### Palaeontology

Specimen provenance	Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.
Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research			
Laboratory animals	WT C57BL/6 male mice (6-8 weeks) were manipulated and housed according to protocols approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of Laboratory Animal Center (IACUC), AMMS.		
Wild animals	The study did not involve wild animals.		
Field-collected samples	The study did not involve samples collected from the field.		
Ethics oversight	The study was approved by the Ethical Committee of IACUC and The permit number is IACUC-2014-0372. The protocols are compliant with specific Ethical Regulations.		
Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.			

#### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants		
Population characteristics	Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."	
Recruitment	Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.	
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.	
Note that full information on the	approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the menuscript	

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### **Clinical data**

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u> All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration

Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol	Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.
Data collection	Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.
Outcomes	Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

#### ChIP-seq

#### Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links May remain private before publication.	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u> )	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.
Methodology	
Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

### Flow Cytometry

#### Plots

Confirm that:

The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

 $\bigotimes$  A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation	Bone marrow and peripheral blood were dissected from mice and the cells were harvested by pipetting. Debris and aggregated cells were removed through a nylon-mesh.
Instrument	FACS Aria Cell Sorter (BD Biosciences)
Software	FACS Diva Software (BD Biosciences), FlowJo software (TreeStar)
Cell population abundance	Abundance of relevant cell populations within post-sorted fraction and purity of sorted cell populations were validated from re- analysis by flow cytometry.
Gating strategy	Gating strategy was indicated in Supplementary Figures. The isotype samples were incubated with mouse IgG in PBS for 30 min at 4°C
🔀 Tick this box to confirm t	The far right edge of the curve of the IgG isotype was marked as the border of negative and positive hat a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

## Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design		
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.	
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.	
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).	
Acquisition		
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla	
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.	
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used	
Preprocessing		
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).	
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.	
Statistical modeling & inference	2	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis: 🗌 Whole	e brain ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u> )	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	

# Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study		
Functional and/or effective connectivity		
Graph analysis		
Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis		
Functional and/or effective connectivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).	

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.