

CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial *

Section/Topic	ltem No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
		Title and abstract	
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	1
		Structured summary of trial design, methods,	
	1b	results, and conclusions (for specific guidance	2
		see CONSORT for abstracts)	
		Introduction	
Background and objectives	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	3–4
	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	4
	20	Methods	4
		Description of trial design (such as parallel,	
	3a	factorial) including allocation ratio	4–6
Trial design		Important changes to methods after trial	
ind. doorgin	3b	commencement (such as eligibility criteria),	N/A
		with reasons	
	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	5
Participants	46	Settings and locations where the data were	F ()
	4b	collected	5–6
	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient	5–6
Interventions		details to allow replication, including how and	
		when they were actually administered	
	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and	6–7
		secondary outcome measures, including how	
Outcomes		and when they were assessed	
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial	N/A
	70	commenced, with reasons	7
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined When applicable, explanation of any interim	7
Sample Size	7b	analyses and stopping guidelines	N/A
Randomisation:		analyses and slopping guidelines	
Randomisation.	_	Method used to generate the random	previously reported,
Sequence	8a	allocation sequence	reference on page 4
generation	0	Type of randomisation; details of any	previously reported,
Ū	8b	restriction (such as blocking and block size)	reference on page 4
		Mechanism used to implement the random	
Allocation		allocation sequence (such as sequentially	previously reported,
concealment	9	numbered containers), describing any steps	reference on page 4
mechanism		taken to conceal the sequence until	reference on page 4
		interventions were assigned	
		Who generated the random allocation	previously reported,
Implementation	10	sequence, who enrolled participants, and who	reference on page 4
Blinding		assigned participants to interventions	
	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to	5, 7
		interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how	
		If relevant, description of the similarity of	
	11b	interventions	N/A

Statistical methods	12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	7
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	N/A
Participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)	13a	Results For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome	20
	13b	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	20
Recruitment	14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	5
	14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	8
Baseline data	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	19
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned	19
Outcomes and estimation	17a	groups For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	8–9, 19
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	N/A
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	N/A
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	8
		Discussion	
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	11–12
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	9–12
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	9–12
Registration	23	Other information Registration number and name of trial registry	4
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	4
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	13

*We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments,

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herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see www.consort-statement.org.