

Antibiotic Resistance Genes in Phage Particles from Antarctic and Mediterranean Seawater Ecosystems

Pedro Blanco-Picazo ¹, Gabriel Roscales ¹, Daniel Toribio-Avedillo ¹, Clara Gómez-Gómez ¹, Conxita Avila ², Elisenda Ballesté ¹, Maite Muniesa ^{1,*} and Lorena Rodríguez-Rubio ^{1,*}

¹ Department of Genetics, Microbiology and Statistics, University of Barcelona, Diagonal 643, Annex, Floor 0, 08028 Barcelona, Spain; p.blanco@ub.edu (P.B.-P.), gascheb@gmail.com (G.R.), d.toribio.avedillo@ub.edu (D.T.-A.), claragg1995@gmail.com (C.G.-G.), eballesté@ub.edu (E.B.)

² Department of Evolutionary Biology, Ecology and Environmental Sciences (BEECA), Faculty of Biology, and Biodiversity Research Institute (IrBIO), University of Barcelona, Diagonal 643, 08028 Barcelona, Spain; conxita.avila@ub.edu

* Correspondence: mmuniesa@ub.edu (M.M.); lorenarodriguez@ub.edu (L.R.-R.)

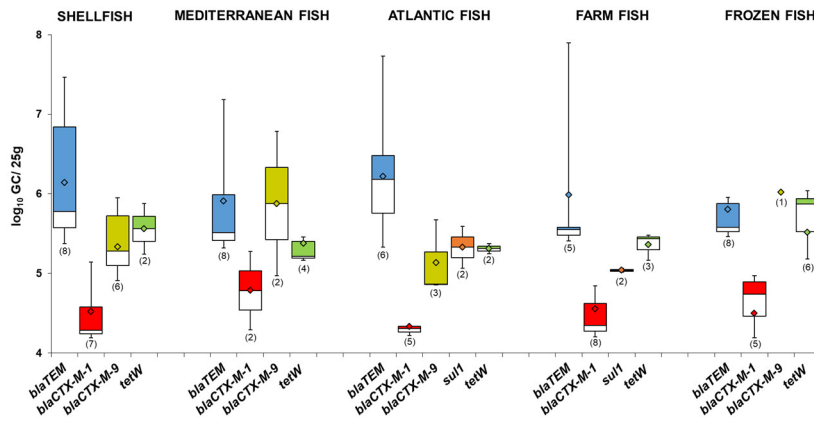


Figure S1. Abundance of ARGs in the DNA isolated from phage particles in fish and shellfish grouped by fish matrix. Data is represented in boxplots ($\log_{10}GC/25g$). Percentage represents the number of positive samples detected. The diamond represents the average value of the positive samples, the upper squares include samples whose values are within the 75th percentile, and those in the lower white boxes are within the 25th percentile.

Table S1. Oligonucleotides used in this study.

Target Gene	Oligonucleotide	Sequence	Amplifier (bp)	LOQ (GC/ μ l)	Reference
<i>bla</i> _{TEM}	UP	CACTATTCTCAGAATGACTTGGT	85	2.4	[50]
	LP	TGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATG			
	TaqMan TEM	6FAM-CCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATCTTACGG-MGBNFQ			
<i>bla</i> _{CTX-M-1} group	UP	ACCAACGATATCGCGGTGAT	101	0.2	[15]
	LP	ACATCGCGACGGCTTTCT			
	TaqMan CTX-M-1	6FAM-TCGTGCGCCGCTG-MGBNFQ			
<i>bla</i> _{CTX-M-9} group	UP	ACCAATGATATGCGGTGAT	85	1.0	[22]

	LP	CTGCGTTCGTGCGGCT			
	TaqMan CTX-M-9	6FAM – TCGTGCGCCGCTG- MGBNFQ			
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-48}	UP	CGGTAGCAAAGGAATGGCAA	133	18.4	[20]
	LP	TGGTTCGCCCCGTTAAGATT			
	TaqMan OXA-48	6FAM-CGTAGTTGTGCTCTGGA-MGBNFQ			
<i>bla</i> _{VIM}	UP	AATGGTCTCATTGTCCGTGATG	61	22.5	[23]
	LP	TCGCACCCACGCTGTA			
	TaqMan VIM	6FAM –TGATGAGTTGCTTTTGATTG-MGBNFQ			
<i>sul1</i>	UP	CCGTGGCCTTCCTGTAAAG	67	1.5	[17]
	LP	TTGCCGATCGCGTGAAGT			
	TaqMan <i>sul1</i>	6FAM-CGAGCCTTGCGGCGG-MGBNFQ			
<i>mecA</i>	UP	CGCAACGTTCAATTTAATTTGTAA	92	11.7	[51]
	LP	TGGTCTTTCTGCATTCCTGGA			
	TaqMan <i>mecA</i>	6FAM-AATGACGCTATGATCCCAATCTAACTCCA CA-MGBNFQ			
<i>qnrA</i>	UP	AGGATTGCAGTTTCATTGAAAGC	138	0.9	[52]
	LP	TGAACTCTATGCCAAAGCAGTTG			
	TaqMan <i>qnrA</i>	6FAM-TATGCCGATCTGCGCGA-MGBNFQ			
<i>qnrS</i>	UP	CGACGTGCTAACTGCGTGA	118	2.0	[52]
	LP	GGCATTGTTGGAAACTTGCA			
	TaqMan <i>qnrS</i>	6FAM-AGTTCATTGAACAGGGTGA-MGBNFQ			
<i>armA</i>	UP	GAAAGAGTCGCAACATTAATGACTT	94	8.0	[53]
	LP	GATTGAAGCCACAACCAAAATCT			
	TaqMan <i>armA</i>	6FAM-TCAAACATGTCTCATCTATT-MGBNFQ			
<i>tetW</i>	UP	GACGGACACCATGTTTTTGGGA	62	1.9	This study
	LP	AGGAAGTGA CTGCCGCTGA			
	TaqMan <i>tetW</i>	6FAM-AGCGTG GGATTACCA- MGBNFQ			
16SrDNA	338F	ACTCCTACGGGAGGCAGCAG	236		[54]
	518R	ATTACCGCGGCTGCTGG			
pGEM	pGEM7up	TGTAATACGACTCACTAT			Promega