

Supplementary Figure 1. GnRH binding assay and IP accumulation assay of GnRH1R constructs.

(a) Snake plot of the GnRH1R construct for crystallization. Residues 243-256 of ICL3 were replaced by PGS fusion domain. Mutation P128^{3.39}K is highlighted in cyan color. The conserved disulfide bond is indicated by a dashed orange line. HA signal, Flag

tag and His tag are shown in green, salmon, and violet respectively.

- (b) Saturation binding of Cy5-GnRH on the wild-type (WT) GnRH1R. Fluorescent intensity was measured at Ex640/Em680 nm. The total binding (TB) and non-specific binding (NSB) were determined in the absence or presence of a 100-fold higher concentration of GnRH respectively. The K_d value is about 0.82 ± 1.4 nM. The Kd values are expressed as means ± SEM (n=3) at 2 times independently experiment repeats with similar results.
- (c) Saturation binding of Cy5-GnRH on the GnRH1R with P128^{3.39}K mutation. This mutant still retain the same level affinity (K_d =0.92 ± 1.3 nM) with GnRH as the WT GnRH1R. The *K*d values are expressed as means ± SEM (n=3) at 2 times independently experiment repeats with similar results.
- (d) Competition binding of the agonist GnRH to the GnRH1R with P128^{3.39}K mutation. The plC₅₀ value is 7.3 ± 0.72. For experiments (b), (c), (d), COS-7 cells were transiently transfected with the wild-type or P128^{3.39}K mutant receptors (without PGS), and Fluorescent intensity was measured after stimulation with Cy5-GnRH ligands for 4 h. The plC₅₀ values are expressed as means ± SEM (n=3) at 2 times independently experiment repeats with similar results.
- (e) IP accumulation assay of GnRH1R WT and GnRH1R P128^{3.39}K mutant. HEK293T were transiently transfected with the wild-type or P128^{3.39}K mutant receptors (without PGS), and IP accumulation was measured after stimulation with GnRH ligands for 2 h. EC₅₀ values are expressed as means ± SEM (n=3) at 3 times independently experiment repeats with similar results. The mean EC₅₀± SEM (nM) are shown in Supplementary Table 2.



Supplementary Figure 2. Purification of the GnRH1R constructs.

- (a) Superdex 200 gel filtration traces for both GnRH1R-PGS and GnRH1R (P128^{3.39}K)-PGS in the absence or presence of GnRH1R antagonist elagolix.
- (b) SDS-PAGE analysis of samples in different steps of elagolix bound GnRH1R (P128^{3.39}K)-PGS purification. 4 lanes from left to right, 1: TALON IMAC chromatography purified receptor, 2: the deglycosylaed receptor with PNGase F, 3: final sample after gel filtration, 4: Marker (MW in KD at right).
- (c) Raw DSF trace of the elagolix-bound GnRH1R (P128^{3.39}K)-PGS and first derivative analysis of data in Raw DSF trace. The apparent melting temperature (T_m value = 83°C) revealed a thermostabilized receptor for crystallization.
- (d) Polarizing microscopy image of GnRH1R crystals in LCP drop.



Supplementary Figure 3. D^{3.49}-R^{3.50}-S^{3.51} motif in GnRH1R.

The residue R139^{3.50} in D^{3.49}-R^{3.50}-S^{3.51} motif of GnRH1R was locked by intra-helical hydrogen bonding with D138^{3.49}, as well as forming interaction with T265^{6.33} in TM6. GnRH1R show as sky blue cartoon and the hydrogen bonds displayed as dotted yellow lines.



Supplementary Figure 4. Representative packing and electron density for the GnRH1R crystal structure.

- (a) 2|Fo|-|Fc| map (contoured at 1.0 σ) of residues 18-33 at the N-terminal of receptor. Receptor is shown in sky blue cartoon and residues 18-33 are in sand sticks.
- (b) Lattice packing interactions in the monoclinic crystals of GnRH1R (P128^{3.39}K)-PGS. Protomers are shown as cartoons, with the receptor component of the fusion protein colored teal or sky blue, the PGS domain was colored gray, The N terminal region of GnRH1R was shown as red ribbon.
- (c) 2|Fo|-|Fc| map (contoured at 2.0 σ) for elagolix. The ligand is represented as cyan stick.



Supplementary Figure 5. Molecular dynamics (MD) simulations of the GnRH1R structure.

- (a) 200-ns MD simulation of the GnRH1R apo receptor (after removing the PGS fusion protein and ligand, details were descripted in methods). Black trace was for the 7 TM of receptor, red trace was for the residues 18-33 in the N-terminal of receptor.
- (b) 200-ns MD simulation of the elagolix-bound GnRH1R receptor. Black trace was for the 7TM of receptor, red trace was for the residues 18-33 in the N-terminal of the receptor. TM: transmembrane helix, Res: residues.



Supplementary Figure 6. Structural comparison with elagolix bound GnRH1R.

- (a) Antagonist elagolix dose-dependent response curves of GnRH1R WT and N-terminal mutants stimulated by GnRH agonist determined by IP assays. HEK293T were transiently transfected with the wild-type or mutant receptors (without PGS), and IP accumulation was measured after stimulation with GnRH ligands for 2 h. IC₅₀ values are expressed as means ± SEM (n=3) at 3 times independently experiment repeats with similar results. The mean EC₅₀± SEM (nM) are shown in Supplementary Table 2.
- (b) Structural comparison between elagolix-bound GnRH1R with other GPCRs. Left panel: comparison with taranabant bound CB1 (PDB ID: 5U09), middle panel: comparison with T1t bound CXCR4 (PDB ID: 3ODU), right panel: comparison with K-8794 bound ET_BR (PDB ID: 5X93). N terminus of GnRH1R was shown as sand cartoon, and the ligands elagolix and was shown as cyan sticks. N terminus of CB1 was shown as pink cartoon and taranabant was shown as gray sticks. CXCR4 and ET_BR were shown as gray cartoon, IT1t and K-8794 were shown as pink sticks.
- (c) Structural superposition of GnRH1R in complex with elagolix (cyan), sufugolix (pale yellow). The side-chains of H306^{7.35} and R38^{1.35} form hydrogen bonds with sufugolix.



Supplementary Figure 7. The bottom wall of the orthosteric pocket in elagolix bound GnRH1R receptor.

The bottom surface is shown gray color. The side chains of $M125^{3.36}$, $Y283^{6.51}$ and $Y284^{6.52}$ are shown as sky blue sticks, and elagolix is shown as cyan sticks.



Supplementary Figure 8. Structural comparison of GnRH1R with other receptors.

- (a) $P^{5.50}$ -I^{3.40}-F^{6.44} motif in both GnRH1R (sky blue) and β 2 receptor, β 2_inactive (PDB ID: 2RH1) displayed as wheat cartoon, β 2_iactive (PDB ID: 4IDE) colored as cyan cartoon.
- (b) IP accumulation assays on wild type (WT) and GnRH1R mutants. HEK293T were transiently transfected with the wild-type or mutant receptors (without PGS), and IP accumulation was measured after stimulation with GnRH ligands for 2 h. EC₅₀ values are expressed as means ± SEM (n=3) at 3 times independently experiment repeats with similar results. The mean EC₅₀± SEM (nM) are shown in Supplementary Table 2.
- (c) Structural comparison NPxxY motif between GnRH1R in crystal structure (sky blue) GnRH1R in 200 ns MD structure (pink).
- (d) Sequence logos of TM6 for GnRH1R with class A GPCRs.

(e) The side chains of residues N87^{2.50} and D319^{7.49} form hydrogen bond in GnRH1R. GnRH1R show as sky blue cartoon and the hydrogen bonds displayed as dotted yellow lines.

	GnRH1R-PGS with	
	elagolix $^{\Omega}$	
Data collection		
Space group	P3₁21	
Cell dimensions		
a, b, c (Å)	74.0, 74.0, 231.2	
α, β, γ (°)	90, 90, 120	
Resolution (Å)	50 (2.80)†	
R _{merge}	0.166 (1.04)	
//σ/	6.50 (0.71)	
Completeness (%)	89.9 (92.4)	
Redundancy	3.6	
$CC_{1/2}$ in highest shell	0.53	
Refinement		
Resolution (Å)	31.1-2.80	
No. reflections	13249	
R _{work} / R _{free}	0.24/ 0.28	
No. atoms		
Protein	3638	
Ligand	45	
Other (Lipid and Solvent)	87	
B-factors		
Receptor	45.3	
Fusion protein	61.9	
Ligand	40.0	
Other (Lipid and Solvent)	50.6	
R.m.s deviations		
Bond lengths (Å)	0.005	
Bond angles (°)	0.78	
Ramachandran plot statistics (%)		
Favored regions	93.1	
Allowed regions	6.9	
Disallowed regions	0	

Supplementary Table 1. Data collection and refinement statistics

 $^{\Omega}\,\textsc{Diffraction}$ data from 23 crystals were merged into a complete data set.

[†] Values in parentheses are for highest-resolution shell

Supplementary Table 2.

Summary of IP assays (this study) and reported binding affinity for GnRH1R WT and mutants.

Receptor mutant	Signal Transduction IP assays			Displacement Binding Experiments from Reference		
		GnRH		elagolix	GnRH	NBI-42902
GnRH1R	Expression level	EC₅₀ (nM)	Emax (x100)	IC₅₀ (nM)	IC₅₀ (nM)	IC₅₀ (nM)
WT	1.0±0.0062	3.9±0.44	0.96	8.0±1.2	8.1 ^a	0.90 ^a
l21A	1.1±0.052	3.6±0.41	0.73	ND		
P22L	0.92±0.037	3.3±0.52	1.0	7.9±2.2 [†]		
L23A	1.0±0.082	4.9±0.85	0.77	$5.8\pm2.3^{\dagger}$		
M24A	0.93±0.033	3.6±0.82	0.72	ND	2.2 ^a	4.2 ^{a, †}
R38 ^{1.35} A	0.84±0.023	ND	0.20	-		
N87 ^{2.50} D	0.88±0.055	ND	0.21	-		
D98 ^{2.61} A	0.94±0.021	ND	0.20	-		
N102 ^{2.65} A	1.2±0.20	0.33±0.077 [†]	0.74	-		
K121 ^{3.32} Q	1.6±0.81	ND	0.21	-		
M125 ^{3.36} A	1.3±0.25	ND	0.18	-		
P128 ^{3.39} K	0.91±0.017	ND	0.24	-		
Q174 ^{4.60} A	0.88±0.13	21±2.8	0.59	-	17 ^b	
F178 ^{4.64} A	0.99±0.024	76±30	0.92	-	9.3 ^{b, †}	
N231 ^{5.58} Y	0.88±0.036	ND	0.25	-		
F272 ^{6.40} V	0.99±0.13	ND	0.28	-		
F272 ^{6.40} L	2.4±0.37	2.9±0.64	1.0	-	4.4 ^a	1.5ª
W280 ^{6.48} F	0.93±0.0040	ND	0.18	-	10 ^a	5.5 ^a
Y283 ^{6.51} F	1.3±0.15	7.7±3.1 [†]	0.39	ND	0.32 ^{a, †}	14 ^a
Y283 ^{6.51} A	1.0±0.083	ND	19.7	-		
Y284 ^{6.52} F	2.1±0.26	7.6±1.5	0.48	1.6±0.34 [†]	2.8 ^a	2.3ª
L286 ^{6.54} A	1.3±0.22	69±8.6	0.91	0.28±7.4 [†]		
Y290 ^{6.58} A	0.97±0.012	2.7±0.40 [†]	0.65	-		
H306 ^{7.36} A	0.91±0.020	55±25	0.29	-	51 ^a	1.4 ^a
F308 ^{7.38} A	1.0±0.027	4.9±0.69	1.0	35±6.5		
D319 ^{7.49} N	1.0±0.20	ND	0.28	-		
Y323 ^{7.53} F	1.3±0.20	21±5.1	0.57	-		
Y323 ^{7.53} A	0.82±0.014	ND	1.0	-		
N87 ^{2.50} D& D319 ^{7.49} N	0.95±0.012	ND	0.19	-		

ND means that the EC₅₀ or IC₅₀ values could not be calculated based on the experimental data, a: the dates were cited by the reference 29, b: the dates were cited by the reference 34, †: the value multiplied by 10^3 . HEK293T were transiently transfected with the wild-type

or mutant receptors (without PGS), and IP accumulation was measured after stimulation with GnRH ligands for 2 h. EC_{50} values are expressed as means \pm SEM (n=3) at 3 times independently experiment repeats with similar results.

Supplementary Table 3. Summary of codon-optimized human GnRH1R gene.

	ATGGCCAACTCCGCCTCCCCGAACAGAACCAGAACCACTGCTCCG
	CTATCAACAACTCCATCCCCCTGATGCAGGGTAACCTGCCCACTCTG
	ACCCTGAGCGGTAAGATCCGCGTCACCGTGACCTTCTTCCTGTTCCT
	GCTGAGCGCTACCTTCAACGCTTCCTTCCTGCTGAAGCTGCAGAAGT
	GGACCCAGAAGAAGGAAAAGGGCAAGAAGCTGTCCCGCATGAAGCT
	GCTGCTGAAGCACCTGACTCTGGCCAACCTGCTGGAGACCCTGATC
	GTGATGCCCCTGGACGGCATGTGGAACATCACTGTCCAGTGGTACG
	CTGGCGAACTGCTGTGCAAGGTGCTGAGCTACCTGAAGCTGTTCAG
codon-	CATGTACGCTCCCGCCTTCATGATGGTGGTGATCTCCCTGGACCGCT
optimized	CCCTGGCTATCACTCGTCCTCTGGCCCTGAAGTCCAACTCCAAGGTG
human	GGCCAGAGCATGGTTGGCCTGGCTTGGATCCTGAGCTCCGTGTTCG
GnRH1	CTGGCCCTCAGCTGTACATCTTCCGCATGATCCACCTGGCTGACTCC
receptor	TCCGGTCAGACCAAGGTCTTCAGCCAGTGCGTGACTCACTGCAGCT
gene	TCTCCCAGTGGTGGCACCAGGCCTTCTACAACTTCTTCACCTTCTCC
	TGCCTGTTCATCATCCCTCTGTTCATCATGCTGATCTGCAACGCCAA
	GATCATCTTCACCCTGACTCGCGTCCTGCACCAGGACCCCCACGAG
	CTGCAGCTGAACCAGAGCAAGAACAACATCCCTCGCGCCCGCC
	AGACTCTGAAGATGACTGTGGCCTTCGCTACCTCCTTCACTGTCTGC
	TGGACTCCTTACTACGTGCTGGGCATCTGGTACTGGTTCGACCCTGA
	AATGCTGAACCGTCTGAGCGACCCTGTCAACCACTTCTTCTTCCTGT
	TCGCCTTCCTGAACCCCTGCTTCGACCCTCTGATCTACGGTTACTTC
	TCCCTG

Supplementary Table 4. Primers for site-directed mutagenesis.

Drimor	Forward	Bayaraa		
Primer	Forward	Reverse		
pFastbac-1 vector				
P128 ^{3.39} K	AGGCCTTCATGATGGTGGTG	TAGCGTACATGCTGAACAGCTTC		
	pcDNA 3.1 (+) v	ector		
I21A	CCCCACTGATGCAGGGCAAC	CGCTGTTGTTGATGGCTGAAC		
P22L	TGCTGATGCAGGGCAACCTC	GGATGCTGTTGTTGATGGCTG		
L23A	CCATGCAGGGCAACCTCCC	CTGGGATGCTGTTGTTGATGGC		
M24A	CCCAGGGCAACCTCCCCAC	CCAGTGGGATGCTGTTGTTGATG		
R38 ^{1.35} A	CCGTGACGGTTACTTTCTTCC	CGATCTTTCCAGACAAGGTCAG		
N87 ^{2.50} D	ATCTGTTGGAGACTCTGATTG	CGGCTAAGGTCAGATGTTTTAAG		
D98 ^{2.61} A	CCGGGATGTGGAACATTACAG	CCAGTGGCATGACAATCAGAG		
N102 ^{2.65} A	CCATTACAGTCCAATGGTATGC	CCCACATCCCATCCAGTGG		
K121 ^{3.32} Q	AACTTTTCTCCATGTATGCCCC	GTAGATAACTGAGAACTTTGCAG		
M125 ^{3.36} A	CCTATGCCCCAGCCTTC	CGGAGAAAAGCTTTAGATAACTG		
P128 ^{3.39} K	AAGCCTTCATGATGGTGGTG	TGGCATACATGGAGAAAAGC		
Q174 ^{4.60} A	GCATTATACATCTTCAGGATG	TGGTCCTGCAAAGACACTAC		
F178 ^{4.64} A	GCCAGGATGATTCATCTAGC	GATGTATAACTGTGGTCCTGC		
N231 ^{5.58} Y	ATGCAAAAATCATCTTCACCC	AGCAGATCAGCATGATGAAAAG		
F272 ^{6.40} V	TCGCCACTTCATTTACTGTCTG	CTGCAACCGTCATTTTTAGAGTC		
F272 ^{6.40} L	TAGCCACTTCATTTACTGTCTG	GTGCAACCGTCATTTTTAGAGTC		
W280 ^{6.48} F	TTACTCCCTACTATGTCCTAGG	AGCAGACAGTAAATGAAGTGG		
Y283 ^{6.51} F	CCTTTTATGTCCTAGGAATTTG	GAGTCCAGCAGACAGTAAATG		
Y283 ^{6.51} A	CCTATGTCCTAGGAATTTGG	CGGGAGTCCAGCAGAC		
Y284 ^{6.52} F	TTGTCCTAGGAATTTGGTATTG	AGTAGGGAGTCCAGCAG		
L286 ^{6.54} A	CAGGAATTTGGTATTGGTTTG	CGACATAGTAGGGAGTCCAG		
Y290 ^{6.58} A	CATGGTTTGATCCTGAAATG	CCCAAATTCCTAGGACATAG		
H306 ^{7.36} A	CCTTCTTCTTTCTCTTTGCC	CATTTACTGGGTCTGACAAC		
F308 ^{7.38} A	CCTTTCTCTTTGCCTTTTTAAAC	CGAAGTGATTTACTGGGTC		
D319 ^{7.49} N	CTTTAACCCACTTATCTATGG	CATGGGTTTAAAAAGGCAAAGAG		
Y323 ^{7.53} F	TTGGATATTTTTCTCTGTGATC	AGATAAGTGGATCAAAGCATG		
Y323 ^{7.53} A	CCGGATATTTTTCTCTGTGATC	CGATAAGTGGATCAAAGCATG		