Supplementary Materials

New Sustainable Process for Hesperidin Isolation and Anti-Ageing Effects of Hesperidin Nanocrystals

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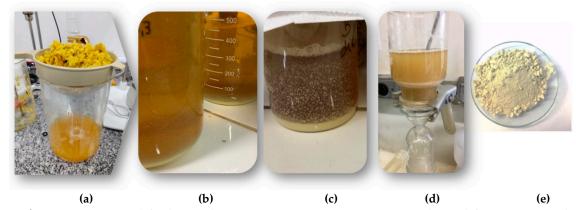


Figure S1. Steps used for hesperidin water extraction: (a) water extract obtained from orange peel (alkaline solution); (b) hesperidin precipitation after neutralisation and low pH; (c) precipitated hesperidin (4 °C); (d) filtration of precipitated hesperidin; (e) dried yellow powder of hesperidin.

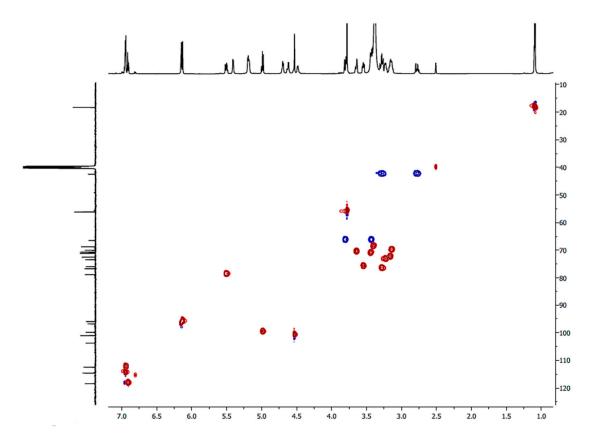


Figure S2. HSQC NMR data of obtained hesperidin (20 mg mL⁻¹) in DMSO- d_6 (2.50 ppm; 39.50 ppm) as a solvent, on Bruker *AVANCE* III 600 MHz equipment at 25 °C.

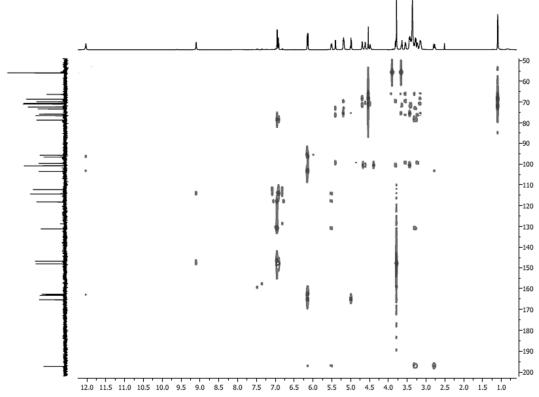


Figure S3. HMBC NMR data of obtained hesperidin (20 mg mL $^{-1}$) in DMSO- d_6 (2.50 ppm; 39.50 ppm) as a solvent, on Bruker *AVANCE* III 600 MHz equipment at 25 °C.

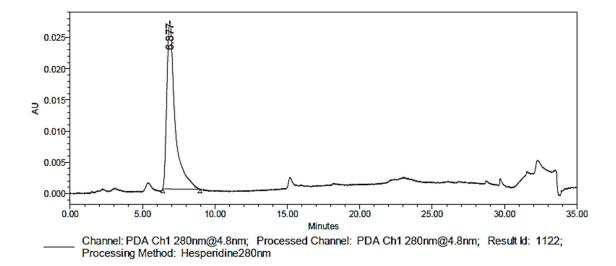


Figure S4. Chromatogram obtained from injection of obtained hesperidin sample in ultra-high-performance liquid chromatography (UHPLC) with reverse phase C18; the peak with the retention time at 6.877 min corresponds to hesperidin.

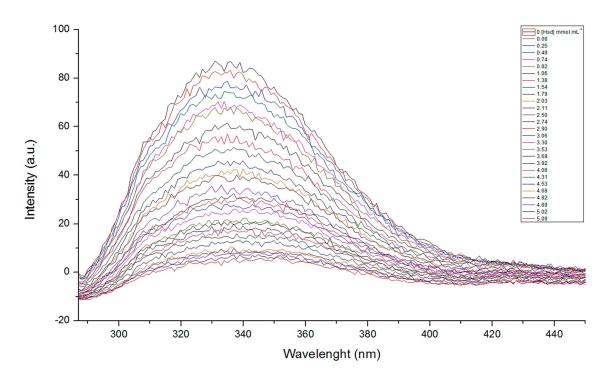


Figure S5. Fluorescence suppression - quenching effect of obtained hesperidin solution in DMSO (concentration from 0.00 to 5.09 mmol L^{-1}) on collagenase (*Clostridium histolyticum*, Sigma Aldrich) at 37 °C.

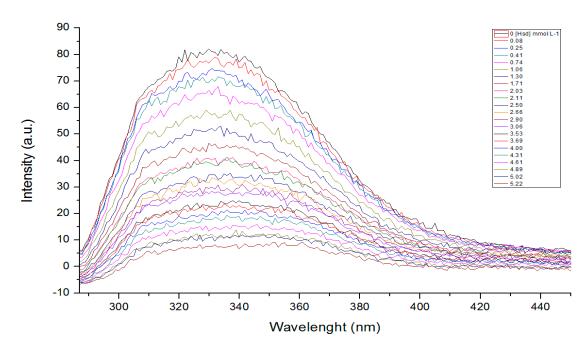


Figure S6. Fluorescence suppression - quenching effect of obtained hesperidin solution in DMSO (concentration from 0.00 to 5.22 mmol L⁻¹) on collagenase (*Clostridium histolyticum*, Sigma Aldrich) at 30 °C.