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Corresponding author(s): Jue D Wang; Vincent T Lee

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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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Statistics					
For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.					
n/a	Confirmed				
	imes The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
	A statement of	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly			
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested				
\boxtimes	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
\square Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated					
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.					
Software and code					
Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>					
Data collection Data collection softwares are parts of the experimental instruments.		Data collection softwares are parts of the experimental instruments.			
Da	ta analysis	Metabolomics Analysis and Visualization Engine (MAVEN) 2011.6.17, previously developed by Rabinowitz Lab, was used for LC-MS data analysis (http://genomics-pubs.princeton.edu/mzroll/index.php). ImageJ 1.52j was used for analysis of TLC and DRaCALA. MATLAB R2016b was used for data fitting of NahA kinetics assay.			
For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.					

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The source data underlying Figures 2, 3, 4, S4, S5, and S6 are provided as source data files.

Field-spe	ecific reporting				
Please select the o	ne below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf				
Life scier	nces study design				
All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size	A sufficient number of replicates were taken in order to get statistically confident results. For each experiment, biological replicates of size 3-9 were performed.				
Data exclusions	No data were excluded in the data analysis.				
Replication	At least three replicates were taken in all the experiments performed. In all the cases the experiments were successfully replicated.				
Randomization	Biological replicates were naturally randomized.				
Blinding	Blinding is not relevant in this case because in each microbiological experiment at least millions of bacteria were measured with objective measurements, such as number of colonies and the radioactive signal. These measurements are intrinsically independent of experimentalists' opinion.				

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
\boxtimes	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry
\boxtimes	Palaeontology	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging
\boxtimes	Animals and other organisms		
\boxtimes	Human research participants		
\boxtimes	Clinical data		