Supplementary Table 3 Self-report questions used in U.K. national surveys to report SB in adults and children described in terms of the TASST framework[1]

The TAxonomy of Self-reported Sedentary behaviour Tools (TASST)				
Domain name	Type of Assessment	Recall Period	Temporal Unit	Assessment Period
A^1	1.2.2.1 Sum of Behaviours: work; TV; other (not work, not TV).	2.3 longer (previous 4 weeks)	3.1 day	4.3 both week and weekend days. <i>NOTE: work asked for work (not week) days</i>
B ^{2,3}	1.2.2.1 Sum of Behaviours:work; TV; other (not work, not TV).<i>NOTE for work, asked about sitting</i> and standing in the same question	2.3 longer (previous 4 weeks)	3.1 day	4.3 both week and weekend days. <i>NOTE: work asked for work (not week) days</i>
C ¹	1.2.2.1 Sum of Behaviours:TV; other (not school, not TV).	2.4 unanchored (asks about an average week)	3.1 day	4.3 both week and weekend days.
D^2	1.2.2.1 Sum of Behaviours: TV; other (not school, not TV).	2.2 previous week	3.1 day	4.3 both week and weekend days.
E ^{2,3}	1.1.1 Single item direct measure (i.e. total time spent sitting)	2.2 previous week	3.1 day	4.3 both week and weekend days.
F^4	1.1.1 Single item direct measure (i.e. total time spent sitting)	2.2 previous week	3.1 day	4.1 week days only.
G^1	1.1.2 Single item proxy measure (TV)	2.3 longer (previous 4 weeks)	3.1 day	4.1 week day only

Question used in: ¹ the Scottish Health Survey; ² the Health Survey for England; ³ the Health Survey for Northern Ireland; ⁴ Welsh Health Survey.

Reference for Supplementary Table 3

1 Dall PM, Coulter EH, Fitzsimons CF, et al. TAxonomy of Self-reported Sedentary behaviour Tools (TASST) framework for development, comparison and evaluation of self-report tools: content analysis and systematic review. *BMJ Open*. 2017;7:e013844-e. doi: 10.1136/bmjopen-2016-013844