

# Development of Magnetic Nanobeads Modified by Artificial Fluorescent Peptides for the Highly Sensitive and Selective Analysis of Oxytocin

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Supplementary Figure S1: MALDI-TOF MS spectra of compound **1**.

Supplementary Figure S2: HPLC chromatogram of compound **1**. Experimental conditions are as follows; Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min, Mobile phase: Pump A; 0.06% TFA in 100% water (v/v) Pump B: 0.05% TFA in 100% acetonitrile (v/v).

Supplementary Figure S3: MALDI-TOF MS spectra of compound **2**.

Supplementary Figure S4: HPLC chromatogram of compound **2**. Experimental conditions are as follows; Flow rate: 2.0 mL/min, Mobile phase: Pump A: 0.06% TFA in 100% water (v/v) Pump B: 0.05% TFA in 100% acetonitrile (v/v).

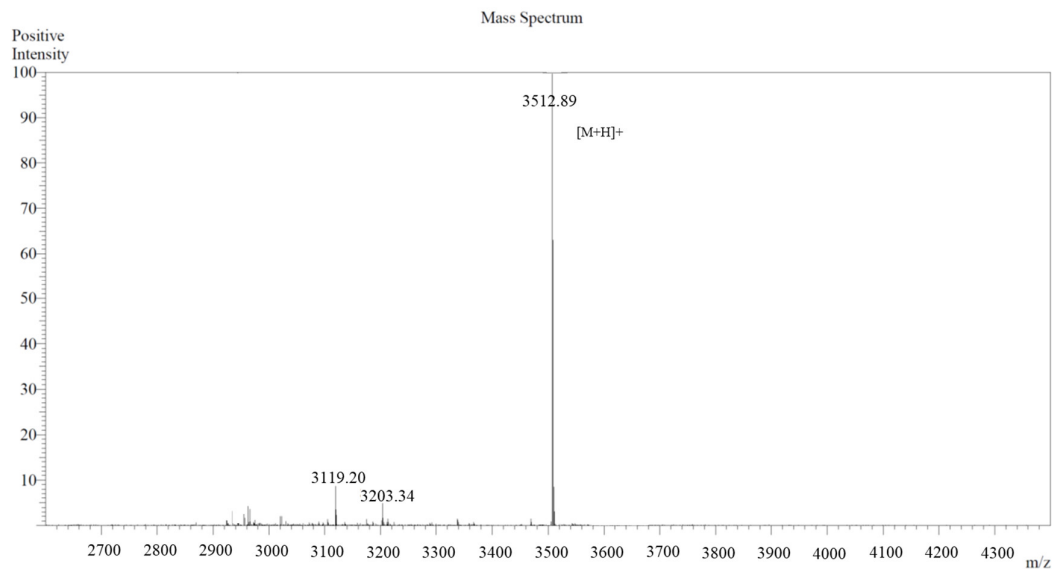
Supplementary Figure S5: Absorption spectrum of **FMB-1** at 40  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  (a), and the relationship between the absorbance at 500 nm and the concentration of **FMB-1** (b). [**FMB-1**] = 0 ~ 200  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ; solvent = 20.0 mM HEPES buffer (pH 7.0).

Supplementary Figure S6: Absorption spectrum of **FMB-2** at 40  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  (a), and the relationship between the absorbance at 500 nm and the concentration of **FMB-2** (b). [**FMB-2**] = 0~200  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ; solvent = 20.0 mM HEPES buffer (pH 7.0).

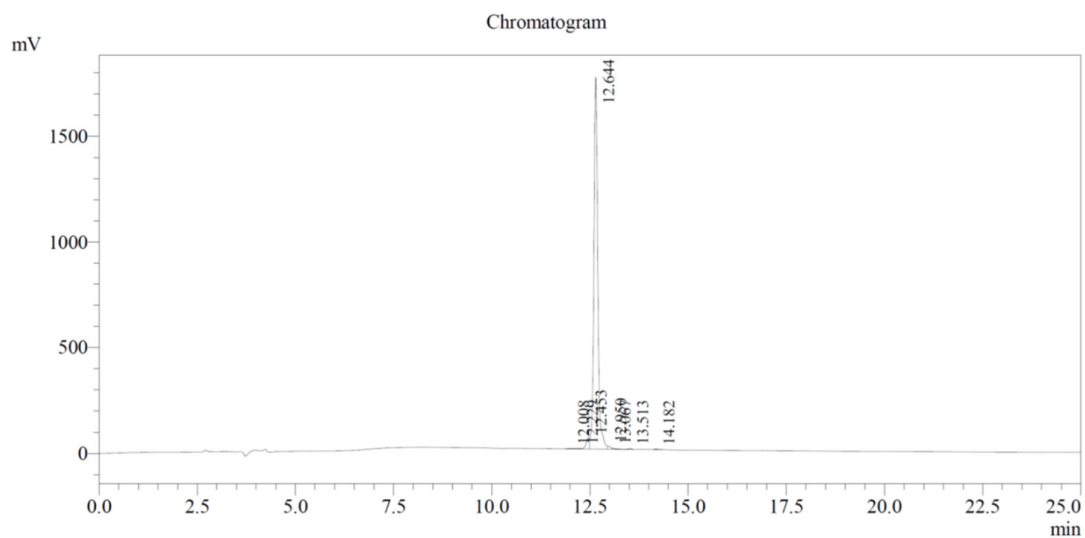
Supplementary Figure S7: Fluorescence spectra of **FMB-1** before and after the addition of different concentrations of oxytocin. [**FMB-1**] = 40  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ; [Oxytocin] = 0~1000 pM; solvent = 20.0 mM HEPES buffer (pH 7.0); excitation wavelength = 490 nm.

Supplementary Figure S8: Fluorescence intensity (at 525 nm) of **FMB-1** after the addition of different concentrations of oxytocin. [**FMB-1**] = 40  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ; excitation wavelength, 490 nm.

Supplementary Figure S9: Fluorescence intensity of **FMB-2** at 525 nm before and after the addition of oxytocin or potential contaminants. [**FMB-2**] = 40  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ; [Oxytocin] = 500 pM; [albumin] = 5.0 g/dL; [globulin] = 5.0 g/dL; [sodium] = 190 mg/dL; [potassium] = 190 mg/dL; [calcium] = 190 mg/dL; [magnesium] = 190 mg/dL; [glucose] = 100 mg/dL; [lactic acid] = 15 mg/dL; [creatinine] = 3.9 mg/dL; [creatinine] = 0.9 mg/dL; excitation wavelength = 490 nm.  $I$  is the fluorescence intensity of **FMB-2** at 525 nm before and after the addition of the potential contaminants, and  $I_0$  is the fluorescence intensity of **FMB-2** at 525 nm.



**Figure S1.** MALDI-TOF MS spectra of compound 1.



**Figure S2.** HPLC chromatogram of compound 1. Experimental conditions are as follows: Flow rate, 1.0 mL/min; Mobile phase: Pump A, 0.06% TFA in 100% water (v/v); Pump B, 0.05% TFA in 100% acetonitrile (v/v).

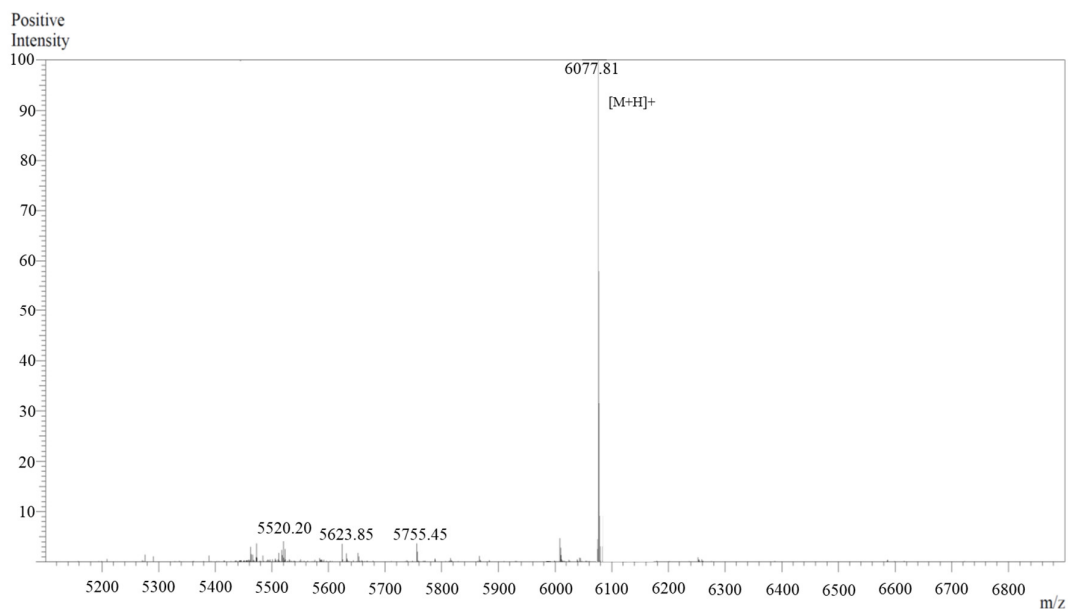


Figure S3. MALDI-TOF MS spectra of compound 2.

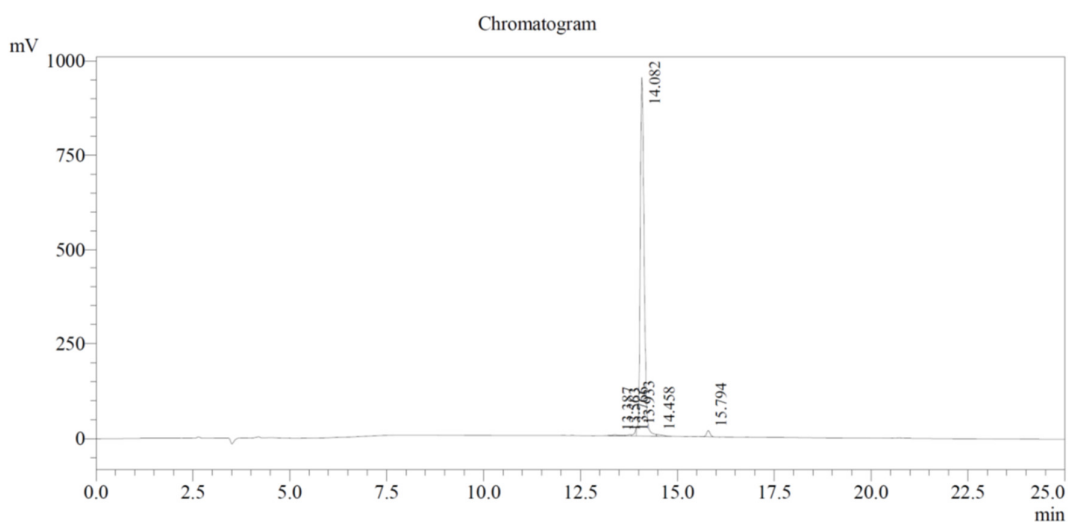
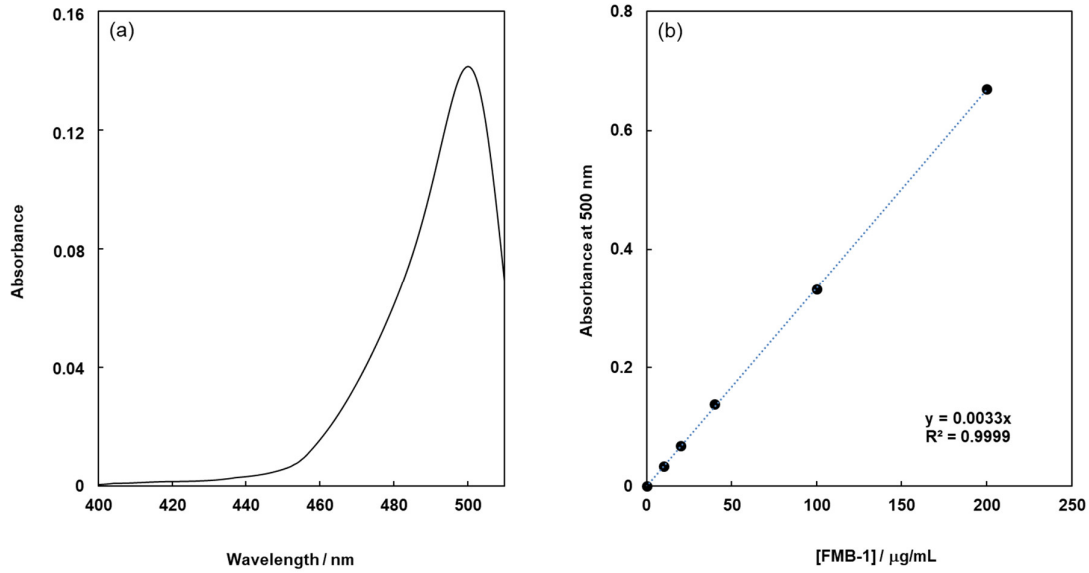
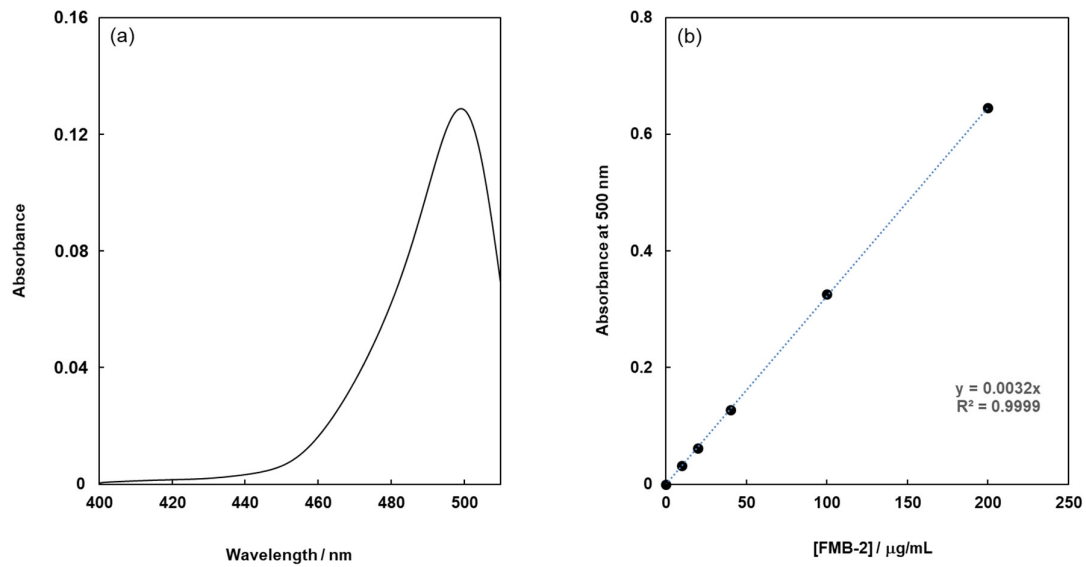


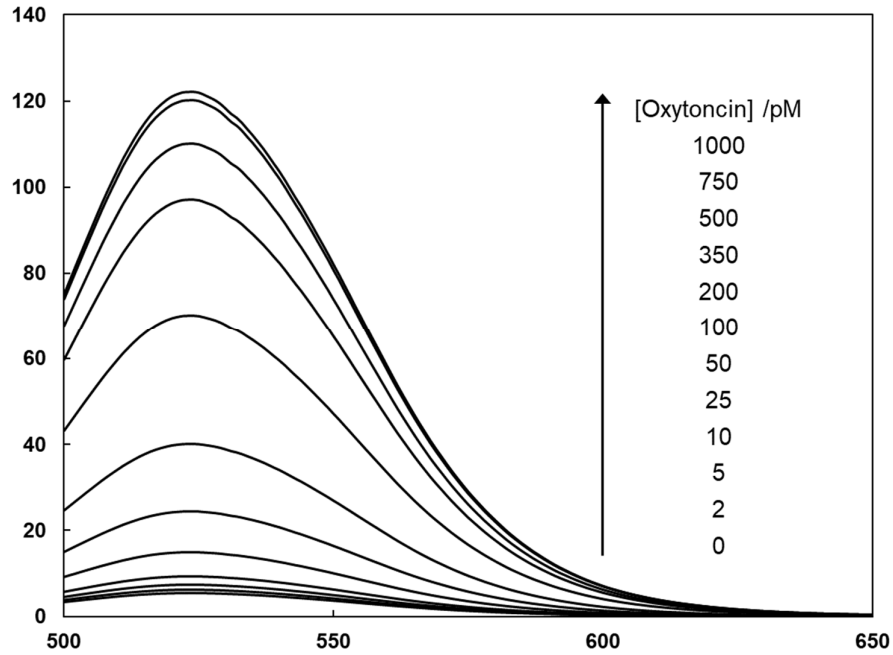
Figure S4. HPLC chromatogram of compound 2. Experimental conditions are as follows: Flow rate, 2.0 mL/min; Mobile phase: Pump A, 0.06% TFA in 100% water (v/v), Pump B, 0.05% TFA in 100% acetonitrile (v/v).



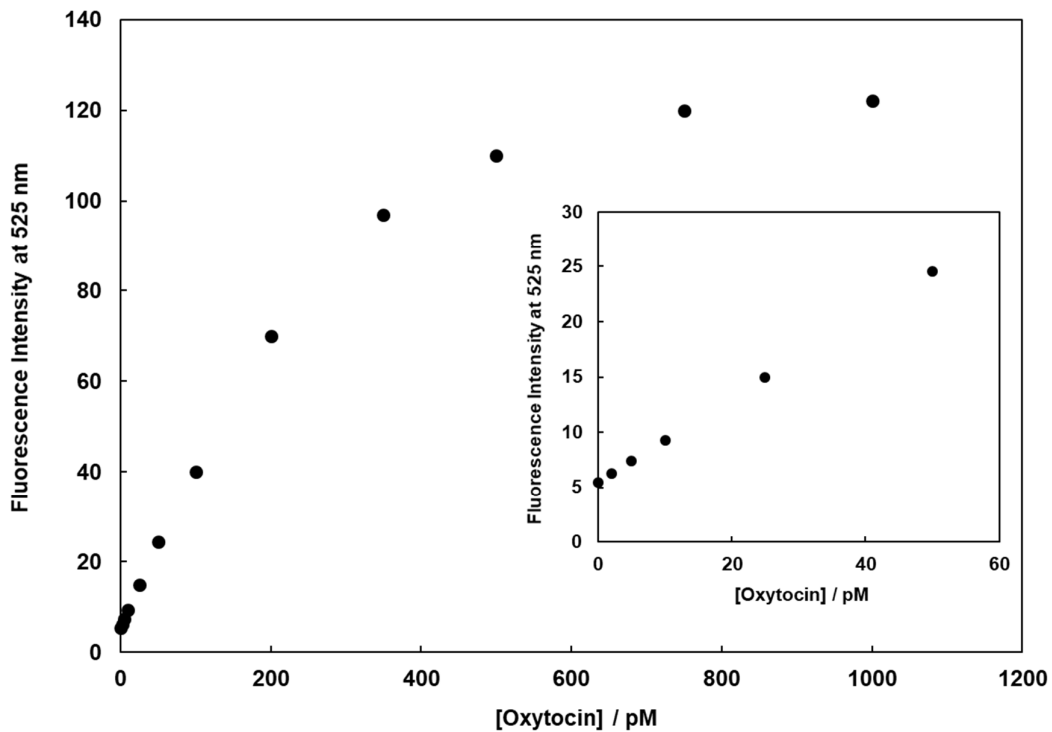
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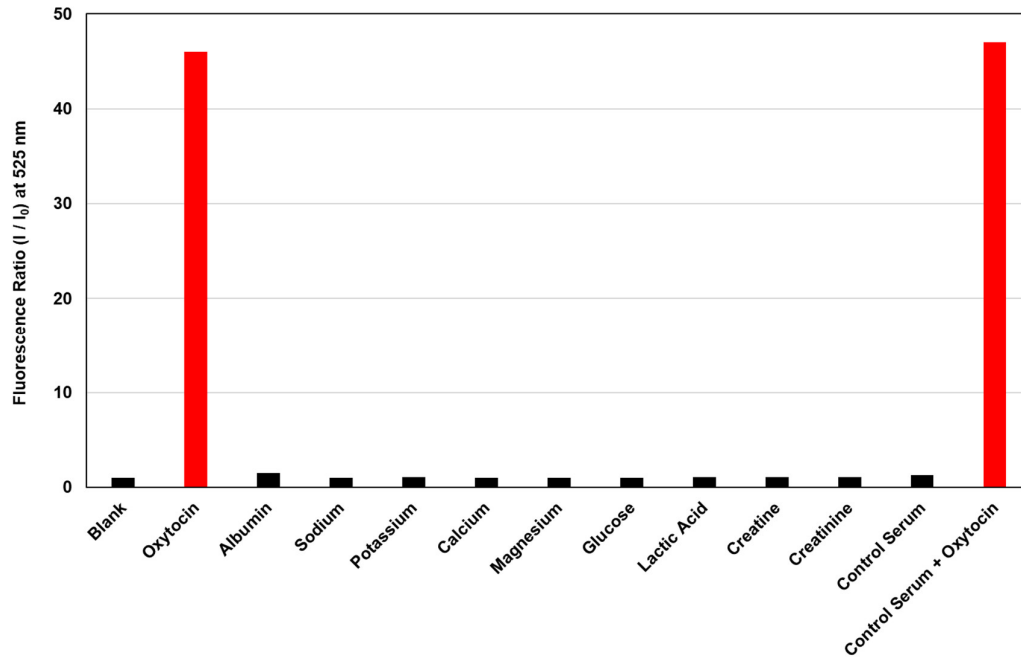
**Figure S6.** Absorption spectrum of **FMB-2** whose concentration was 40 µg/mL (a), and the relationship between the absorbance at 500 nm and the concentration of **FMB-2** (b). [FMB-2] = 0–200 µg/mL; solvent = 20.0 mM HEPES buffer (pH 7.0).



**Figure S7.** Fluorescence spectra of FMB-1 before and after addition of varying concentrations of oxytocin. [FMB-1] = 40  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ; [Oxytocin] = 0–1000 pM; solvent = 20.0 mM HEPES buffer (pH 7.0); excitation wavelength = 490 nm.



**Figure S8.** Fluorescence intensities (at 525 nm) of FMB-1 after the addition of various concentrations of oxytocin. [FMB-1] = 40  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ; excitation wavelength, 490 nm.



**Figure S9.** Fluorescence intensity of **FMB-2** at 525 nm before and after the addition of oxytocin and various foreign substances. [**FMB-2**] = 40  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ; [Oxytocin] = 500 pM; [albumin] = 5.0 g/dL; [globulin] = 5.0 g/dL; [sodium] = 190 mg/dL; [potassium] = 190 mg/dL; [calcium] = 190 mg/dL; [magnesium] = 190 mg/dL; [glucose] = 100 mg/dL; [lactic acid] = 15 mg/dL; [creatine] = 3.9 mg/dL; [creatinine] = 0.9 mg/dL; excitation wavelength = 490 nm.  $I$  is the fluorescence intensity of **FMB-2** at 525 nm before and after the addition of various compounds, and  $I_0$  is the fluorescence intensity of **FMB-2** at 525 nm.