Hs746T

Statistical significance + 0.01 < p-value \leq 0.05 \times 0.001 < p-value \leq 0.01 * p-value \leq 0.01

Threshold in Fold-change = 1.5



Figure S1. Effects of EGF and cetuximab on kinase phosphorylation in Hs746T cells.

Luminex analysis was performed to detect the effects on protein tyrosine kinases in Hs746T cells induced by EGF and/or cetuximab. Cells were treated for 3, 5, 15, 30, 60 and 240 minutes with 5 ng/ml EGF, 1 µg/ml cetuximab or the combination of both. In the batch-corrected cluster analysis, the x-fold change of each activated protein is shown. Samples were clustered based on to the similarity of the activated proteins and treatment conditions. Significant effects between different treatment conditions are indicated by (*) with increasing size (0.01 < p-value < 0.05, 0.001 < p-value < 0.01 and p-value < 0.001). Increasing protein phosphorylation/activation is indicated in red. Blue indicates decreasing protein phosphorylation/activation. Abbreviations: Cet = cetuximab, untr = untreated.

Figure S2



Figure S2: Validation of the Luminex analysis by Western blot.

The levels of activated tyrosine kinases pAKT1 (a), pMAPK3 (b), pMEK1 (c), pp70S6K1(d) were determined in NCI-N87 cells treated for 3, 5, 15, 30, 60 and 240 min with 0.5 μ M afatinib (Afa). The mean values with standard deviation of three independent experiments are shown. Statistically significant effects compared to untreated are indicated by *p<0.05, **p<0.01 or ***p<0.01 (one-sample t-test).



Figure S3: Western blot images for Luminex validation.

The levels of activated tyrosine kinases were determined in NCI-N87 cells treated for 3, 5, 15, 30, 60 and 240 min with 0.5 μM afatinib (Afa). The results of one representative experiment are shown. Full-length blots are presented in Additional file 6.

Figure S4



Figure S4: HBEGF gene expression measured by RNA Sequencing and qPCR.

MKN1 (a) and Hs746T (b) cells were treated with EGF, EGF + cetuximab (EGF+Cet), cetuximab (Cet), trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa) or trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa) for 24 h. MKN7 (c) and NCI-N87 (d) were treated with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa) or trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa) for 24 h. *HBEGF* gene expression was measured by RNA Sequencing and qPCR. The mean of three biological experiments with standard deviation is shown. Statistically significant effects compared to untreated are indicated by *p<0.05, **p<0.01 or ***p<0.001 (one-sample t-test).



Figure S5: CD274 gene expression measured by RNA Sequencing and qPCR.

MKN7 (a) and NCI-N87 (b) were treated with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa) or trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa) for 24 h. *CD274* gene expression was measured by RNA Sequencing and qPCR. The mean of three biological experiments with standard deviation is shown. Statistically significant effects compared to untreated are indicated by *p<0.05 or ***p<0.001 (one-sample t-test).



Figure S6: HBEGF gene expression measured by qPCR.

MKN1 (a) and Hs746T (b) cells were treated with EGF, EGF + cetuximab (EGF+Cet), cetuximab (Cet), trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa), trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa) or DMSO for 24 h. MKN7 (c) and NCI-N87 (d) were treated with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa), trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa) or DMSO for 24 h. *HBEGF* gene expression was measured by qPCR. The mean of three biological experiments with standard deviation is shown. Statistically significant effects compared to untreated are indicated by *p<0.05 or **p<0.01 (one-sample t-test).



Figure S7: CD274 gene expression measured by qPCR.

MKN7 (a) and NCI-N87 (b) were treated with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa), trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa) or DMSO for 24 h. *CD274* gene expression was measured by qPCR. The mean of three biological experiments with standard deviation is shown. Statistically significant effects compared to untreated are indicated by *p<0.05 or **p<0.01 (one-sample t-test).



b

| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
|---------|---|-----------|----------|
| 1 | TNF signaling pathway | 17/165 | 4.24E-07 |
| 1 | Cellular senescence | 17/165 | 3.75E-05 |
| 1 | Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction | 19/165 | 5.44E-05 |
| | AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic | | |
| 1 | complications | 12/165 | 0.000571 |
| 1 | NF-kappa B signaling pathway | 11/165 | 0.000601 |
| 1 | HTLV-I infection | 19/165 | 0.000679 |
| 1 | MAPK signaling pathway | 20/165 | 0.00196 |
| 1 | Rheumatoid arthritis | 9/165 | 0.003243 |
| 1 | Hippo signaling pathway | 13/165 | 0.00454 |
| 1 | Transcriptional misregulation in cancer | 14/165 | 0.004674 |

d

| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
|---------|---|-----------|----------|
| 1 | endoderm development | 13/353 | 1.6E-05 |
| 1 | endoderm formation | 11/353 | 1.6E-05 |
| 1 | leukocyte differentiation | 31/353 | 1.6E-05 |
| 1 | positive regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation | 18/353 | 1.6E-05 |
| 1 | kidney development | 24/353 | 1.6E-05 |
| 1 | kidney epithelium development | 17/353 | 1.71E-05 |
| 1 | renal system development | 24/353 | 2.91E-05 |
| 1 | formation of primary germ layer | 15/353 | 2.91E-05 |
| 1 | regulation of protein serine/threonine kinase activity | 32/353 | 2.91E-05 |
| 1 | regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation | 20/353 | 4.11E-05 |

С

| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
|---------|---|-----------|----------|
| 1 | Interleukin-10 signaling | 8/236 | 0.00136 |
| 1 | Interleukin-4 and 13 signaling | 12/236 | 0.001928 |
| 1 | RAF-independent MAPK1/3 activation | 6/236 | 0.004358 |
| | SMAD2/SMAD3:SMAD4 heterotrimer regulates | | |
| 1 | transcription | 6/236 | 0.008702 |
| | Transcriptional activity of SMAD2/SMAD3:SMAD4 | | |
| 1 | heterotrimer | 7/236 | 0.008702 |
| 1 | RIPK1-mediated regulated necrosis | 5/236 | 0.008702 |
| 1 | Regulated Necrosis | 5/236 | 0.008702 |
| 1 | Dissolution of Fibrin Clot | 4/236 | 0.018535 |
| 1 | Signaling by TGF-beta Receptor Complex | 8/236 | 0.025978 |
| 1 | Signaling by NOTCH | 10/236 | 0.039259 |

Figure S8: Cluster Profiler analysis of genes regulated by EGF and/or cetuximab in MKN1 cells (Top 500).

MKN1 cells were treated for 4 h or 24 h with cetuximab (Cet), EGF, EGF + cetuximab (EGF+Cet). Untreated cells (untr) were used as control. Three biological experiments were indicated by numbers 1-3. Gene expression was measured by RNA sequencing and differential gene expression was calculated by R package "edgeR". Illustrated are the Top 500 of 13051 genes with p.adjust <0.05. The expression level is color-coded according to the Color Key (green: low expression, black: medium expression, red: high expression) (a). Functional analysis of Top 500 genes was performed by R package "clusterProfiler" using the KEGG (b), Reactome (c) or GO-term (d) databases. The Top 10 significantly enriched pathways of each cluster with p.adjust <0.05 are depicted.



N87

b

| - | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
| 1 | Cell cycle | 25/197 | 1.37E-11 |
| 1 | DNA replication | 11/197 | 5.72E-07 |
| 1 | Pyrimidine metabolism | 13/197 | 0.000561 |
| 1 | Homologous recombination | 8/197 | 0.000911 |
| 1 | Purine metabolism | 16/197 | 0.00316 |
| 1 | MicroRNAs in cancer | 14/197 | 0.017707 |
| 1 | Cellular senescence | 13/197 | 0.033098 |
| 1 | Bladder cancer | 6/197 | 0.05132 |
| d | | | |
| Cluster | Description | ConoDatio | n adjuct |

| Cluster | Description | Generatio | p.adjust |
|---------|--|-----------|----------|
| 1 | DNA replication | 49/377 | 2.11E-23 |
| 1 | mitotic cell cycle phase transition | 55/377 | 6.71E-19 |
| 1 | cell cycle phase transition | 56/377 | 1.1E-18 |
| 1 | DNA-dependent DNA replication | 29/377 | 4.48E-16 |
| 1 | G1/S transition of mitotic cell cycle | 35/377 | 8.49E-15 |
| 1 | DNA replication initiation | 17/377 | 1.24E-14 |
| 1 | cell cycle G1/S phase transition | 35/377 | 2.32E-14 |
| 1 | cell cycle checkpoint | 27/377 | 4.67E-09 |
| 1 | DNA integrity checkpoint | 23/377 | 4.67E-09 |
| 1 | regulation of cell cycle process | 42/377 | 3.48E-08 |
| 2 | arachidonic acid secretion | 3/49 | 0.039265 |
| 2 | arachidonate transport | 3/49 | 0.039265 |
| 2 | positive regulation of anion transport | 3/49 | 0.039265 |
| 2 | response to iron ion | 3/49 | 0.039265 |
| 2 | dopamine metabolic process | 3/49 | 0.039265 |
| 2 | locomotory behavior | 5/49 | 0.04442 |
| 2 | icosanoid secretion | 3/49 | 0.04442 |
| 2 | regulation of neurotransmitter levels | 5/49 | 0.04442 |
| 2 | response to nicotine | 3/49 | 0.04442 |
| 2 | response to cocaine | 3/49 | 0.04442 |

| ster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
|------|---|-----------|----------|
| | Cell Cycle | 72/206 | 7.07E-26 |
| | Cell Cycle, Mitotic | 63/206 | 7.58E-24 |
| | Mitotic G1-G1/S phases | 26/206 | 4.31E-12 |
| | Activation of the pre-replicative complex | 14/206 | 2.03E-11 |
| | Unwinding of DNA | 9/206 | 6.14E-10 |
| | Activation of ATR in response to replication stress | 14/206 | 6.14E-10 |
| | G2/M Checkpoints | 16/206 | 6.14E-10 |
| | G1/S Transition | 21/206 | 9.22E-10 |
| | DNA strand elongation | 13/206 | 1.18E-09 |
| | S Phase | 22/206 | 2.43E-09 |
| | | | |

Figure S9: Cluster Profiler analysis of genes regulated by trastuzumab and/or afatinib in NCI-N87 cells (Top 500).

NCI-N87 cells were treated for 4 h or 24 h with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa) or trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa). Untreated cells (untr) were used as control. Three biological experiments were indicated by numbers 1-3. Gene expression was measured by RNA sequencing and differential gene expression was calculated by R package "edgeR". Illustrated are the Top 500 of 14253 genes with p.adjust <0.05. The expression level is color-coded according to the Color Key (green: low expression, black: medium expression, red: high expression) (a). Functional analysis of Top 500 genes was performed by R package "clusterProfiler" using the KEGG (b), Reactome (c) or GO-term (d) databases. The Top 10 significantly enriched pathways of each cluster with p.adjust <0.05 are depicted.



| b | | | |
|---------|--|-----------|----------|
| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
| 1 | Ribosome biogenesis in eukaryotes | 15/157 | 4E-08 |
| | | | |
| d | | | |
| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
| 1 | ribosome biogenesis | 34/347 | 1.45E-10 |
| 1 | ribonucleoprotein complex biogenesis | 38/347 | 5.66E-09 |
| 1 | ncRNA processing | 35/347 | 5.66E-09 |
| 1 | rRNA metabolic process | 28/347 | 6.47E-08 |
| 1 | rRNA processing | 25/347 | 4.23E-07 |
| 1 | RNA modification | 13/347 | 0.007458 |
| 1 | heterochromatin assembly | 4/347 | 0.0442 |
| 1 | maturation of SSU-rRNA | 7/347 | 0.0442 |
| | maturation of SSU-rRNA from tricistronic rRNA transcript | | |
| 1 | (SSU-rRNA, 5.8S rRNA, LSU-rRNA) | 6/347 | 0.0442 |
| 1 | ribosomal small subunit biogenesis | 8/347 | 0.0442 |

С

| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
|---------|--|-----------|----------|
| 1 | rRNA modification in the nucleus and cytosol | 14/231 | 2.65E-08 |
| 1 | rRNA processing in the nucleus and cytosol | 23/231 | 2.65E-08 |
| 1 | rRNA processing | 23/231 | 5.17E-08 |
| 1 | Major pathway of rRNA processing in the nucleolus and cytosol | 20/231 | 1.22E-06 |
| 1 | tRNA modification in the nucleus and cytosol | 7/231 | 0.010145 |

Figure S10: Cluster Profiler analysis of genes regulated by trastuzumab and/or afatinib in MKN1 cells (Top 500).

MKN1 cells were treated for 4 h or 24 h with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa) or trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa). Untreated cells (untr) were used as control. Three biological experiments were indicated by numbers 1-3. Gene expression was measured by RNA sequencing and differential gene expression was calculated by R package "edgeR". Illustrated are the Top 500 of 12817 genes with p.adjust <0.05. The expression level is color-coded according to the Color Key (green: low expression, black: medium expression, red: high expression) (a). Functional analysis of Top 500 genes was performed by R package "clusterProfiler" using the KEGG (b), Reactome (c) or GO-term (d) databases. The Top 10 significantly enriched pathways of each cluster with p.adjust <0.05 are depicted.

4

4

4

internal peptidyl-lysine acetylation

internal protein amino acid acetylation

peptidyl-lysine acetylation



| b | | | | С |
|---------|--|-----------|----------|------|
| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust | Clus |
| 1 | RNA transport | 13/149 | 0.020616 | 1 |
| 2 | Ribosome biogenesis in eukaryotes | 6/47 | 0.001892 | 1 |
| 2 | Hepatocellular carcinoma | 7/47 | 0.008016 | 1 |
| 2 | Pancreatic cancer | 5/47 | 0.008016 | 1 |
| 2 | Chronic myeloid leukemia | 5/47 | 0.008016 | 1 |
| 2 | HTLV-I infection | 7/47 | 0.053196 | 1 |
| 3 | Phagosome | 2/7 | 0.080888 | 1 |
| 3 | Phenylalanine metabolism | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 1 |
| 3 | Steroid biosynthesis | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 1 |
| 3 | One carbon pool by folate | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 1 |
| 3 | Histidine metabolism | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 2 |
| 3 | Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 2 |
| 3 | Tyrosine metabolism | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 2 |
| 3 | Nicotinate and nicotinamide metabolism | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 2 |
| 3 | beta-Alanine metabolism | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 2 |
| 3 | Malaria | 1/7 | 0.080888 | 2 |
| | | | | 2 |
| d | | | | 2 |
| Cluster | Description | GeneRatio | n adjust | 3 |
| 1 | sister chromatid segregation | 35/316 | / 2E-18 | 3 |
| 1 | chromosome segregation | 41/316 | 9 57E-18 | 3 |
| 1 | nuclear chromosome segregation | 37/316 | 4 69E-17 | 3 |
| 1 | mitotic nuclear division | 46/316 | 4.69E-17 | 3 |
| 1 | sister chromatid cohesion | 23/316 | 8 54F-13 | 3 |
| 1 | mitotic sister chromatid segregation | 23/316 | 2 77F-12 | 3 |
| 1 | mitotic spindle organization | 13/316 | 9 37F-09 | 3 |
| 1 | microtubule cytoskeleton organization | 33/316 | 2 83E-08 | 3 |
| 1 | regulation of cell cycle process | 38/316 | 2.86E-08 | 3 |
| 1 | spindle organization | 16/316 | 1 47F-07 | 4 |
| 2 | ncRNA processing | 13/118 | 0.026724 | 4 |
| 2 | inactivation of MAPK activity | 4/118 | 0.02869 | 4 |
| 2 | negative regulation of MAPK cascade | 7/118 | 0.047385 | |
| _ | negative regulation of transforming growth factor | ., | | Fig |
| 2 | beta receptor signaling pathway | 5/118 | 0.047385 | 311 |
| | negative regulation of cellular response to | | | tra |
| 2 | transforming growth factor beta stimulus | 5/118 | 0.047385 | M |
| 2 | ribosome biogenesis | 10/118 | 0.047385 | afa |
| 2 | rRNA processing | 9/118 | 0.047385 | (ur |
| 2 | rRNA metabolic process | 9/118 | 0.049651 | inc |
| 2 | ribonucleoprotein complex biogenesis | 12/118 | 0.049651 | inc |
| 2 | regulation of protein serine/threonine kinase activity | 12/118 | 0.049651 | see |
| 4 | histone H2A acetylation | 1/2 | 0.032144 | ра |
| 4 | regulation of glutamate receptor signaling pathway | 1/2 | 0.032144 | p.a |
| 4 | regulation of neurotransmitter receptor activity | 1/2 | 0.032144 | Co |
| 4 | histone H4 acetylation | 1/2 | 0.038832 | bio |
| 4 | glutamate receptor signaling pathway | 1/2 | 0.038832 | nig |
| 4 | regulation of receptor activity | 1/2 | 0.038832 | ре |
| 4 | histone acetylation | 1/2 | 0.038832 | Re |

1/2

1/2

1/2

0.038832

0.038832

0.038832

| uster | Description | GeneRatio | p.adjust |
|-------|--|-----------|----------|
| | Cell Cycle, Mitotic | 48/159 | 2.5E-17 |
| | M Phase | 37/159 | 2.5E-17 |
| | Cell Cycle | 52/159 | 4.78E-17 |
| | Mitotic Prometaphase | 23/159 | 3.01E-14 |
| | Mitotic Metaphase and Anaphase | 28/159 | 4.32E-14 |
| | Mitotic Anaphase | 27/159 | 2.8E-13 |
| | Resolution of Sister Chromatid Cohesion | 21/159 | 5.54E-13 |
| | Separation of Sister Chromatids | 26/159 | 5.54E-13 |
| | RHO GTPases Activate Formins | 18/159 | 5.67E-09 |
| | Kinesins | 9/159 | 1.15E-07 |
| | Downregulation of TGF-beta receptor signaling | 4/40 | 0.006446 |
| | TGF-beta receptor signaling activates SMADs | 4/40 | 0.006446 |
| | Signaling by TGF-beta Receptor Complex | 5/40 | 0.00742 |
| | Signaling by NOTCH | 5/40 | 0.013927 |
| | Pre-NOTCH Transcription and Translation | 3/40 | 0.013927 |
| | Transcriptional activation of mitochondrial biogenesis | 3/40 | 0.013927 |
| | Pre-NOTCH Expression and Processing | 3/40 | 0.024324 |
| | Mitochondrial biogenesis | 3/40 | 0.030304 |
| | O-glycosylation of TSR domain-containing proteins | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Defective EXT2 causes exostoses 2 | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Defective EXT1 causes exostoses 1, TRPS2 and CHDS | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Defective B4GALT7 causes EDS, progeroid type | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Defective B3GAT3 causes JDSSDHD | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | HS-GAG degradation | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Cholesterol biosynthesis | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | TRP channels | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Diseases associated with glycosaminoglycan metabolism | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | Diseases of glycosylation | 1/6 | 0.059147 |
| | HATs acetylate histones | 1/1 | 0.036627 |
| | Chromatin modifying enzymes | 1/1 | 0.036627 |
| | Chromatin organization | 1/1 | 0.036627 |

Figure S11: Cluster Profiler analysis of genes regulated by trastuzumab and/or afatinib in MKN7 cells (Top 500).

MKN7 cells were treated for 4 h or 24 h with trastuzumab (Tra), afatinib (Afa) or trastuzumab + afatinib (Tra+Afa). Untreated cells (untr) were used as control. Three biological experiments were indicated by numbers 1-3. Gene expression was measured by RNA sequencing and differential gene expression was calculated by R package "edgeR". Illustrated are the Top 500 of 12817 genes with p.adjust <0.05. The expression level is color-coded according to the Color Key (green: low expression, black: medium expression, red: high expression) (a). Functional analysis of Top 500 genes was performed by R package "clusterProfiler" using the KEGG (b), Reactome (c) or GO-term (d) databases. The Top 10 significantly enriched pathways of each cluster with p.adjust <0.05 are depicted.

MKN7

DMSO











Figure S12: Trajectories of MKN7 cells treated with trastuzumab or afatinib.

MKN7 cells were treated with 5 μ g/ml trastuzumab (Tra), 0.5 μ M afatinib (Afa), 5 μ g/ml trastuzumab + 0.5 μ M afatinib (Tra+Afa) or afatinib solvent DMSO (0.05%). Untreated (untr) cells were used as control. Cell movement was tracked for 7 hours to assess approximate average speed. The trajectories of one exemplary film for each condition are shown. The trajectories were color-coded for approximate average speed.

untr



Afa

80 70

60 50 40

age speed 20 10



NCI-N87

DMSO













NCI-N87 cells were treated with 5 μ g/ml trastuzumab (Tra), 0.5 μ M afatinib (Afa), 5 μ g/ml trastuzumab + 0.5 μ M afatinib (Tra+Afa) or afatinib solvent DMSO (0.05%). Untreated (untr) cells were used as control. Cell movement was tracked for 7 hours to assess approximate average speed. The trajectories of one exemplary film for each condition are shown. The trajectories were color-coded for approximate average speed.

untr









Hs746T

DMSO











Figure S14: Trajectories of Hs746T cells treated with trastuzumab or afatinib.

Hs746T cells were treated with 5 μ g/ml trastuzumab (Tra), 0.5 μ M afatinib (Afa), 5 μ g/ml trastuzumab + 0.5 μ M afatinib (Tra+Afa) or afatinib solvent DMSO (0.05%). Untreated (untr) cells were used as control. Cell movement was tracked for 7 hours to assess approximate average speed. The trajectories of one exemplary film for each condition are shown. The trajectories were color-coded for approximate average speed.

untr



Afa

105

90

75

60

15

45 speed

