

Supplementary Table 2. Summary of monosynaptic rabies tracing data.

Cortex (Bregma +2.2 → -0.3 mm)		Pons (-4.7 → -5.7 mm)	
Ipsilateral	Contralateral	Ipsilateral	Contralateral
M1	+++	M1	+++
S1HL/FL	+++	S1HL/FL	+++
S1DZ-J	++	S1DZ-J	++
M2	+	M2	+
Fr3	+	Fr3	+
Amygdala (-0.2 → -1.8 mm)		Cerebellum (-5.7 → -6.8 mm)	
Ipsilateral	Contralateral	Ipsilateral	Contralateral
CeL/C/M	++	Med	+++
BLA	+	Lat	+++
EAC	+	EAC	+
AA	+	AA	+
Zona Incerta (-1.8 → -2.8 mm)		Medulla (-5.7 → -7.8 mm)	
Ipsilateral	Contralateral	Ipsilateral	Contralateral
ZID	+++	ZID	+
ZIV	+	MdV	++
Midbrain/Superior Colliculus (-3.1 → -4.2 mm)		Irt	+++
Ipsilateral	Contralateral	MdD	+
InG	+	InG	+++
InW	++	InW	+++
		DpW	++
mRt	++	mRt	+
PrCnF	+	PCRt/A	++
		LPGi	+
RMC	+	DPGi	++
		GiA	+

*site of primary infection

+ denotes presence of rabies mCherry⁺ neurons

++ small/intermediate number of mCherry⁺ neurons

+++ significant population of mCherry⁺ neurons

See also, Fig. 7 and Extended Data Fig. 7. Qualitative analysis is based on curation of rabies retrograde tracing data from $n = 6$ mice (one experiment). Coordinates represent the rostrocaudal extent to which mCherry⁺ neurons were observed in each corresponding structure (e.g. Cortex, Amygdala, etc.). Coordinates and abbreviations are based on Paxinos and Franklin's reference atlas⁵⁵.

Abbreviations: 5N, motor trigeminal nucleus; AA, anterior amygdaloid area; BLA, basolateral amygdaloid nucleus, anterior part; CeC/L/M, central amygdaloid nucleus, capsular/lateral//medial

division; DPGi, dorsal paragigantocellular nucleus; DpW, deep white layer of the superior colliculus; EAC, extended amygdala, central part; Fr3, frontal cortex, area 3; Gi/A, gigantocellular reticular nucleus, alpha part; InG/W, intermediate grey/white layer of the superior colliculus; IRt, intermediate reticular nucleus; Lat, lateral cerebellar nucleus; LPGi, lateral paragigantocellular nucleus; LRt, lateral reticular nucleus; M1, primary motor cortex; M2, secondary motor cortex; MdD/V, medullary reticular nucleus, dorsal/ventral part; Med, medial cerebellar nucleus; mRt, mesencephalic reticular formation; MVeMC, medial vestibular nucleus, magnocellular part; PCRt/A, parvicellular reticular nucleus, alpha part; PnC/O, pontine reticular nucleus, caudal/oral part; PrCnF, precuneiform area; RMC, red nucleus, magnocellular part; S1 DZ/J/HL/FL, primary somatosensory cortex, dysgranular zone/jaw region/hindlimb region/forelimb region, SubCD, subcoeruleus nucleus, dorsal part; ZID/V, zona incerta, dorsal/ventral part.