

Supplementary Materials for

PIM1 controls GBP1 activity to limit self-damage and to guard against pathogen infection

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Supplementary Figures S1-S16 Supplementary Tables S1-S6 Captions for Data S1 to S6

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES:



Fig. S1: Validation of GBP1-expressing THP-1 cell lines.

(A) Immunoblots of IFN γ -primed THP-1 WT, THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH-GBP1 or THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag-GBP1 cells expressing the indicated mutant of GBP1 under a Dox-inducible promoter. For gel source data, see **Data S5**.



Fig. S2: Ser156 phosphorylation changes GBP1 localization.

(A) Immunofluorescence images showing localization of indicated, mCherry-tagged mutants of GBP1 or GBP1 WT, expressed in human THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ macrophages treated with IFN γ +Dox (left), cartoon of quantification method (middle) and quantification of average distance of GBP1 aggregates to the nucleus (right). Magenta: mCH-GBP1; Blue: Nuclei; Scale bar 10 µm. (B) Immunofluorescence images showing localization of mCH-GBP1 WT or S156A mutant expressed in IFN γ +Dox-treated THP-1 Δ GBP1 or mCH-GBP5 in THP-1 Δ GBP5 cells and stained for the Golgi marker GM-130 (left), cartoon of quantification method (middle) and quantification of mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) ratio of GBPs in the cytosol and the Golgi (right). Green: GM-130 (Golgi); Magenta: mCH-GBP1; Blue: Nuclei; Scale bar 10 µm. (C) Immunofluorescence images showing appearance of IFN γ +Dox-treated THP-1 Δ GBP1 cells expressing mCH-GBP1 WT or S156A mutant (left) and cell circularity quantification (right). Magenta: CellMask; Blue: Nuclei; Scale bar 100 µm. (D) Immunofluorescence images showing cortical actin cytoskeleton of IFN γ +Dox-treated THP-1 Δ GBP1 cells expressing mCH-GBP1 WT or S156A mutant. Green: Phalloidin; Magenta: mCH-GBP1; Blue: Nuclei; Scale bar 20 µm. Data information: Images in (A-D) representative of n = 3 experiments. Graph in (A-C) shows distribution of datapoints across n = 3 experiments (grey area) as well as mean of the repeats \pm SD. Total number of quantified cells indicated in the figure. *** $P \le 0.001$; **** P < 0.0001 for indicated comparisons in (A-C) from nested t-tests.



Fig. S3: Characterization of the GBP1pS156-specific antibody.

(A) In vitro binding assay determining affinity and specificity of the new GBP1pS156 antibody. (B) Immunoblots testing the GBP1pS156 Ab with an immunoprecipitation of Flag-GBP1 WT or Flag-GBP1^{S156A} from transfected 293T cells. Arrowhead marks the bands for phosphorylated GBP1. (C) Representative immunoblots for GBP1 Ab or GBP1pS156 antibodies with lysates from naïve, murine NIH3T3 cells transfected with vectors for expression of tandem-affinity-purification (TAP)-tagged human GBPs. (D) Immunofluorescence images and quantification of mCherry (mCH) or GBP1pS156-stain fluorescence intensity per cell of IFNγ-primed THP-1 Δ GBP1+mCH-GBP1 WT or mCH-GBP1^{S156A} cells treated with Dox as indicated. Magenta: mCH-GBP1; Green: GBP1pS156; Blue: nuclei. Scale bar, 100 µm. Data information: Graph in (A) shows mean ± SD from n = 3 experiments. Images in (B) representative of n = 2 and in (C-D) from n = 3 experiments. Graph in (D) shows mean ± SD from n = 5 experiments. For gel source data, see Data S5.





(A) Overview of experimental conditions and treatments/inhibitors used to induce/block programmed cell death. (B) Immunoblots for markers of regulated cell death. THP-1 WT or THP- $1\Delta GBP1+GBP1$ WT or S156A expressing cells were treated with IFN γ +Dox as indicated for 2, 4 or 7 days. Regulated cell death was chemically induced by treatment with TNF α +cycloheximide (T+C) for apoptosis, Nigericin (Nig.) for pyroptosis or TNF α +cycloheximide+zVAD (T+C+Z) for necroptosis as control. (C) XTT cell survival assay of THP-1 $\Delta GBP1+GBP1$ WT or S156A mutant expressing cells treated with IFN γ ±Dox and inhibitors of programmed cell death for 4 days. Data information: Images in (B) representative of n = 3 experiments and graphs in (C) show mean ± SEM from n = 3 experiment. For gel source data, see Data S5.



Fig. S5: Identification of GBP1-targeting candidate kinases.

(A) GBP1 Ser156 phosphorylation in silico analysis for identification of potential kinases. Diagram illustrates likelihood of motif recognition for individual kinases based on the GBP1 primary sequence. (B) Control of gene knockdowns using siRNA interference. Graphs showing mRNA levels (normalized to *HPRT1*) from IFN γ -primed THP-1 WT cells. Percentage mRNA levels as compared to cells transfected with non-targeting control siRNA (CTRL) are indicated. **Data information:** Graphs in (B) show mean ± SD from n = 3 experiments.





(A) Graphs showing measured and predicted melt curves for RT-qPCR amplicons using primer pairs for the indicated genes. (B) DNA gel with amplicons of the RT-qPCR primers showing specific amplification. Predicted amplicon size for the respective primer pair shown below. For gel source data, see **Data S5**.



Fig. S7: Creation of THP-1 *PIM1* and 14-3-3 σ knockout cell lines and reconstitution.

(A) Immunoblots and RT-qPCR analysis of PIM1 or 14-3-3 σ expression in newly created and IFN γ -primed THP WT, $\Delta PIM1$, $\Delta PIM1/GBP1$, $\Delta 14$ -3-3 σ or $\Delta 14$ -3-3 $\sigma/GBP1$ cells; n.d. not detected. (B) Immunoblots of IFN γ -primed THP-1 WT or THP-1 $\Delta PIM1$ +Tet-PIM1 WT or kinase dead $PIM1^{P81S}$ mutant cells treated with Dox or left untreated as indicated. (C) Immunoblots of IFN γ -primed THP-1 $\Delta 14$ -3-3 σ +Tet-14-3-3 σ cells treated with Dox or left untreated as indicated. For gel source data, see **Data S5**.





(A) RT-qPCR analysis and immunoblots for PIM1/2/3 expression in naïve or IFN γ -primed THP-1 WT cells. (B) RT-qPCR analysis of *GBP1* mRNA expression following IFN γ -priming of THP-1 WT or $\Delta PIM1$ cells. (C) Immunoblots testing phosphorylation of endogenous GBP1 in THP-1 WT or $\Delta PIM1$ macrophages, primed with IFN γ and treated with NSC756093 or transfected with *PIM2* or *PIM3* siRNA. (D) Immunoblots and ProQ phosphoprotein stain of immunoprecipitated endogenous GBP1 in IFN γ -primed THP-1 WT or $\Delta PIM1$ cells. (E) Immunoblots and silver stain of in vitro kinase assays. (F) ETD-activated MS/MS spectra of peptides containing Ser156 (left) or Thr590 (right). Spectra display fragment ions used to identify the monophosphorylated peptides and localize the phosphorylation (probability > 0.9999). Data information: Images in (A) and (C-E) representative of n = 3 experiments. Graphs in (A) show mean \pm SD from n = 9 experiments. For gel source data, see Data S5.



Fig. S9: Investigation of the GBP1 kinase recognition motif.

(A) Sequence conservation analysis of the closest human GBP1 homologue from 484 species. Sequence motifs show amino acid composition of the site surrounding Ser156 for the indicated class/order of species. Overall correlation between occurrence of the corresponding phosphorylation site to human Ser156 and either the 14-3-3 protein binding motif or the PIM1 recognition motif indicated below. (B) Immunoblots and silver/ProQ phosphoprotein gel stain of immunoprecipitated Flag-GBP1 from IFN γ +Dox-treated THP-1 Δ GBP1+Flag-GBP1 cells expressing the indicated mutant of GBP1 or GBP1 WT and quantification of phosphorylation level at Ser156. (C) Sequence alignment and phylogenetic tree of human GBP1-7. Residue equivalent to Ser156 of GBP1 highlighted in blue and basophilic kinase recognition motif in green. Disruptive amino acid replacements shown in magenta. (D) XTT cell survival assay of IFNy-treated THP- $1\Delta PIMI$ cells transfected with the indicated siRNAs against human GBPs or non-targeting siCTRL. Data information: Images and graph in (B+D) representative of n = 3 experiments. Graph in (B) shows normalized ProQ signal relative to GBP1 WT (=100%) and GBP1 S156A mutant (=0%). Graph in (D) shows mean \pm SEM from n = 3 experiments, normalized to untreated cells. ** $P \le 0.01$ for indicated comparisons in (D) from one-way ANOVA For gel source data, see Data S5.



Fig. S10: Characterization of GBP1 interaction with 14-3-3 proteins.

(A) Crystal structure of human GBP1 with predicted 14-3-3-binding-site highlighted in purple and Ser156 phosphorylation site in blue and graphs showing B-factor of two GBP1 crystal structures with the phosphorylation-motif-containing loop highlighted in purple. (B) Immunoblots for immunoprecipitations of Flag-GBP1 WT, Flag-GBP1^{S156A}, Flag-GBP1^{R153A/P158A} or Flag-GBP1^{T590A} and reverse IP of HA-14-3-3 proteins from HEK293T cells co-transfected with vectors expressing the respective proteins. (C) RT-qPCR analysis of absolute 14-3-3 protein expression in naïve THP-1 WT cells as compared to plasmid standard and expression induction following IFNγstimulation. Data information: Images in (B) representative of n = 3 experiments. Graphs in (C) show mean of n = 4 experiments (14-3-3 expression) or box plot with median and interquartile range (relative expression induction; n = 3). *** $P \le 0.001$ in (C) comparing IFNγ-treated to naïve cells from 2-way ANOVA following adjustment for multiple comparisons; n.s. not significant. For gel source data, see Data S5.



Fig. S11: Determination of GBP1:14-3-3 protein interaction affinities.

Immunoblots for semi-quantitative co-IP using immobilized GBP1pS156 to determine affinity of the respective 14-3-3 protein added in the indicated concentrations. Blue arrowheads mark approximate K_d of the interaction. Graph showing result of semi-quantitative co-immunoprecipitations, plotting percentage of bound 14-3-3 protein to immobilized GBP1pS156 bait against added concentration of respective 14-3-3 protein.

Data information: Images and graph representative of n = 3 experiments. Graph shows mean \pm SD (error bands). For gel source data, see **Data S5**.





Figure showing expression and purification of recombinant GBP1 (A), 14-3-3 σ (B) and PIM1 (C). Coomassie stain of bulk purification using Ni-NTA affinity pulldown of MBP-8xHis-3C-GBP1 or 6xHis-3C-14-3-3 σ from BL21 bacteria or amylose affinity purification of MBP-TEV-SBP (MTS)-PIM1 from Hi5 insect cells (left). Following digest with 3C- or TEV-protease, proteins were purified using size exclusion chromatography (SEC). Representative chromatograms and Coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gels shown on the right, with indicated fractions that were pooled to obtain the purified proteins. For gel source data, see **Data S5**.





(A) Size exclusion chromatography (SECs) of GBP1 phosphorylation by PIM1 and binding to 14-3-3 σ (left). Peak quantification for GBP1:14-3-3 σ complex and free GBP1 monomer, plotted as proportion of GBP1 contained within the complex (middle). Immunoblots for GBP1 phosphorylation in complex (C) or monomer (M) containing fractions from depicted chromatography. (B) Chromatograms and SDS-PAGE gels of indicated fractions of GBP1, PIM1 and 14-3-3 σ alone or from an in vitro complex formation reaction (left). GBP1:14-3-3 σ complex containing peak fractions were pooled and re-purified for polishing samples before structure determination by cryo-electron microscopy. Chromatogram and SDS-PAGE gel with indicated fractions used for structure determination (right). (C) SEC chromatograms and SDS-PAGE gels of peak fractions illustrating GBP1 dimerization. Samples contained GBP1 or GBP1+PIM1+14-3-3 σ +ATP (Reaction mix) with addition of GTP, GDP+AlF₃. **Data information:** Chromatograms, graphs and blots shown in (A) representative of n = 4 and in (B-C) from n = 3 experiment. For gel source data, see **Data S5**.





(A) Overview of cryo-EM data analysis strategy to obtain a 5.1 Å map of the trimeric GBP1:14-3-3 σ complex. The final model was obtained using rigid body docking of previously described structures and without refining to the map. (B) Fourier shell correlation (FSC) and half map validation plots of the GBP1:14-3-3 σ complex. (C) Angular distribution coverage (left) and EM density colored by local resolution (right).



Fig. S15: Effect of external factors on *Toxoplasma gondii* vacuole targeting and growth restriction by GBP1.

(A) GBP1 recruitment quantification to type II Toxoplasma gondii (Tg) vacuoles at indicated times post infection in IFNy-primed THP-1 WT or IFNy+Dox-treated THP-1\DeltaPIMI/GBP1+mCH-GBP1 cells transfected with siRNA for PIM2 or PIM3. (B) mCH-GBP1 recruitment quantification to type II Tg vacuoles at indicated times post infection in IFN γ +Dox-primed THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +mCH-GBP1 cells treated with NSC756093. (C) Image sequence of fluorescence recovery after photobleaching (FRAP) experiments bleaching GBP1 on type II Tg vacuoles in IFNy+Dox-primed cells at 2 hours p.i. Bleach area indicated by dotted circle. Graphs showing analysis of mCH-GBP1 fluorescence intensity to obtain recovery times $(\tau_{1/2})$ using hyperbolic curve. (D-F) Analysis of type II Tg-growth restriction at 18 hours p.i. in indicated cell lines treated with IFNy or left untreated and transfected with siRNA for PIM2 or PIM3 (D), transfected with indicated siRNAs (E) or treated with GBP1:PIM1 interaction inhibitor NSC756093 (F). Data information: Graphs in (A+B) show mean \pm SD from n = 3 experiments. Images in (C) representative of n = 10 bleached vacuoles per cell line. Graphs in (C) show mean and curve fit \pm SD (error bands). Graphs in (D-F) show mean \pm SD of n = 3 experiments plotted as relative growth restriction comparing to untreated cells. * $P \le 0.05$; ** $P \le 0.01$; *** $P \le 0.001$ for comparison to WT cells in (A) or between untreated and NSC756093-treated cells in (B) and for indicated comparisons in (D-F) from 2-way ANOVA following adjustment for multiple comparisons; n.s. not significant.



Fig. S16: Protein localization and pathogen targeting by GBP1 upon infection.

(A) Immunofluorescence images from IFN γ +Dox-treated THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +mCH-GBP1 cells stained for 14-3-3^o and GBP1pS156 and analysis of fluorescence signal colocalization analysis using Pearson's colocalization coefficient. Magenta: mCH-GBP1; Grey: 14-3-30; Green: GBP1pS156; Blue: nuclei. Scale bar, 10 µm. (B) Immunofluorescence images of IFNy+Doxtreated THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +mCH-GBP1 cells infected with type II Toxoplasma gondii (Tg) for 6 hours GBP1pS156, Magenta: and stained for PIM1 or 14-3-3s. mCH-GBP1; Grev: GBP1pS156/PIM1/14-3-3σ; Green: Tg; Blue: nuclei. Scale bar, 10 μm. (C) Immunofluorescence images of IFNy+Dox-treated THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +mCH-GBP1 cells infected with Salmonella Typhimurium (STm, MOI = 10) for 2 hours and stained for GBP1pS156, endogenous PIM1 or 14-3-3 o. Magenta: mCH-GBP1; Grey: GBP1pS156/PIM1/14-3-3o; Green: STm; Blue: nuclei. Scale bar, 10 µm. (D) Immunoblot analysis for GBP1 phosphorylation and PIM1 protein levels following STm infection (MOI = 10) of IFN γ -primed THP-1 WT cells at the indicated time points post infection. (E) Immunofluorescence images from IFN γ +Dox-treated THP-1 Δ 14-3-3 σ cells infected with type II Tg for 6 hours and stained for GBP1 and GBP1pS156. Arrowheads: Tg position based on DNA stain. Magenta: GBP1; Green: GBP1pS156; Blue: nuclei. Scale bar, 20 µm. Data information: Images in (A-E) representative of n = 3 experiments. Heat map in (A) shows mean from n = 12 cells per condition imaged by 3D confocal microscopy. For gel source data, see **Data S5**.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

	GBP1:14-3-3σ complex
	(EMDB: EMD-18149)
Data collection and processing	
Magnification	215,000
Voltage (kV)	300
Electron exposure $(e - / Å^2)$	65.5
Defocus range (µm)	-0.8 to -2
Pixel size (Å)	0.638
Symmetry imposed	C1
Initial particle images (no.)	8,689,007
Final particle images (no.)	18,717
Map resolution (Å)	5.12
FSC threshold	0.143
Map resolution range (Å)	5.12 - 10

Table S1: Cryo-EM data collection and processing.

Cell line	Source
HEK293T	The Francis Crick Institute, Cell Services
HFF	The Francis Crick Institute, Cell Services
NIH3T3	The Francis Crick Institute, Cell Services
Organoid 389	Wanigasooriya et al, 2022 (52)
THP-1 WT	ATCC, TIB-202
THP-1∆ <i>GBP1</i>	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2019 (<i>11</i>)
THP-1∆ <i>GBP1</i> +Tet	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2019 (11)
THP-1∆ <i>GBP1</i> +Tet-EV	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2019 (11)
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- $GBP1^{K155A}$	This study
THP-1∆GBP1+Tet-Flag-GBP1 ^{R151A}	This study
THP-1Δ <i>GBP1</i> +Tet-Flag- <i>GBP1</i> ^{R151A/K155A}	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- $GBP1^{R151A/R153A}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- GBP1 ^{R151A/R153A/K155A}	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- $GBP1^{R153A}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- $GBP1^{R153A/K155A}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- $GBP1^{R153A/P158A}$	This study
THP-1∆ <i>GBP1</i> +Tet-Flag- <i>GBP1</i> ^{S156A}	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-Flag- $GBP1^{S156E}$	This study
THP-1∆ <i>GBP1</i> +Tet-Flag- <i>GBP1</i> WT	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2020 (13)
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-GBP1 WT	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2019 (11)
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- GBP1 ^{R151A/R153A/K155A}	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- $GBP1^{R153A/P158A}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- $GBP1^{S156A}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- $GBP1^{S156E}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- $GBP1^{S157A}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- $GBP1^{S157E}$	This study
THP-1∆ <i>GBP1</i> +Tet-mCH- <i>GBP1</i> WT	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2019 (11)
THP-1 $\Delta GBP1$ +Tet-mCH- $GBP1^{Y427F}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta PIM1$	This study

Table S2: Overview of cell lines and *Toxoplasma gondii* parasite lines.

THP-1∆ <i>PIM1/GBP1</i>	This study
THP-1Δ <i>PIM1/GBP1</i> +Tet	This study
THP-1∆ <i>PIM1/GBP1</i> +Tet-EV	This study
THP-1 $\Delta PIM1$ +Tet	This study
THP-1 $\Delta PIM1$ +Tet-EV	This study
THP-1 $\Delta PIM1$ +Tet- $PIM1^{P81S}$	This study
THP-1 $\Delta PIM1$ +Tet- $PIM1$ WT	This study
THP-1Δ <i>14-3-3</i> σ	This study
THP-1Δ <i>14-3-3σ/GBP1</i>	This study
THP-1Δ <i>14-3-3σ/GBP1</i> +Tet	This study
THP-1Δ14-3-3σ/GBP1+Tet-EV	This study
THP-1 Δ 14-3-3 σ +Tet	This study
THP-1 Δ 14-3-3 σ +Tet-EV	This study
THP-1Δ14-3-3σ+Tet-14-3-3σ	This study
Parasite line	Source
Type II (Prugniaud) Tg-GFP-Luc	Kim <i>et al</i> , 2007 (<i>81</i>)
Type II (Prugniaud) Tg∆TgIST	Moritz Treeck, The Francis Crick Institute
Type II (Prugniaud) $Tg\Delta Hpt$	Moritz Treeck, The Francis Crick Institute
Type II (Prugniaud) TgΔ <i>Hpt</i> +GFP ₁₋₁₀	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2020 (13)
Bacteria strain	Source
Salmonella Typhimurium SL1344-GFP	Fisch <i>et al</i> , 2019 (11)

Table S3: List of siRNAs.

Target gene	Cat. number	Target gene	Cat. number
PIM1	L-003923	PPP1CA	L-008927
PIM2	L-005359	PPP2CA	L-003598
PIM3	L-032287	GBP1	L-005153
AKT1/PKB	L-003000	GBP2	L-011867
RPS6KA1	L-003025	GBP3	L-031864
RPS6KB1	L-003616	GBP4	L-018177
ULK1	L-005049	GBP5	L-018178
MAPKAPK2	L-003516	Neg. CTRL	D-001810
MAPKAPK3	L-005014		

Table S4: List of CRISPR guide RNA sequences.

Guide	Sequence 5' à 3'
PIM1-gRNA1	GGAGGCCCGAGAGGAGTCGG
PIM1-gRNA2	GTTCTGCTGAATGCCGCGAT
<i>14-3-3σ</i> -gRNA1	ATGCCAGCCCCGAACAAGAG
<i>14-3-3σ</i> -gRNA2	GGAGCAAGAACAGCGCCTAG

qPCR primer	Sequence 5' à 3'			
PIMI	GCTCGGTCTACTCAGGCATC			
	TACACTCGGGTCCCATCGAA			
PIM2	TTCAGTGGGCTCAATCTGCG			
	GACTGAGTCTGACAAGGGGG			
PIM3	TACACCGACTTCGACGGCAC			
	CTCCTCACAAGCTCTCGCTG			
AKTI	TCCTGGTCCTGTCTTCCTCAT			
	GTACTCCCCTCGTTTGTGCAG			
RPS6KA1	AATGGACAGACCTCAGGGGA			
	CCTCGGTCTGGAAGGCATAG			
	CCCTGTACGCATGCTCCTAC			
KPSOKBI	CCATGCCAAGTTCATATGGTCC			
	GACCGCATTCACAGCATCAC			
ULKI	AATGCACAGCTTGCACTTGG			
	GTACATCCTGCTGTGTGGGTA			
МАРКАРК2	ACAACCTGGTCAGCCAAGTG			
	TCTTCCTAGAACCGCGGGC			
МАРКАРКЗ	CCTCAGTTTTCTCACCCTGCC			
	CCTGCTGGAAGTGCAGGG			
PPPICA	CCACGGAGCAGGAAGAAGTT			
	CGAGTACTGCGGTGAGAGC			
PPP2CA	CAGGATTTCTTTAGCCTTCTCGC			
VIVILAD	GGGCATGAACTCTCCAACGA			
<i>YWHAB</i>	ATGTCCTGCAGTTCTGCCTC			
VWILAC	AAGAATTGCAGCGAGACCCA			
ΙΨΠΑΟ	TTTGCTGATCTCGTGGGCTT			
	CACCTCATTCCAGCAGCTAACAC			
YWHAE	CAACCTGCAGGCACGGTC			
VIIII 47	AGGAGCCCGTAGGTCATCTT			
YWHAZ	GACTTTGCTCTCTGCTTGTGAAGC			
	CCGCTACTTAGCAGAGGTCG			
YWHAH	TGGCATCATCGAAGGCTTGT			
YWHAQ	TGGCCTACAAGAACGTGGTC			
	TTCGATCATCACCACACGCA			
YWHAS (14-3-3σ)	TATAAGAACGTGGTGGGCGG			
	GATGCGCTTCTTGTCGTCAC			
ודממנו	ACCAGTCAACAGGGGACATAA			
HPRTI	CTTCGTGGGGTCCTTTTCACC			

 Table S5: List of qPCR primer sequences.

Table S6: List of primary antibodies.

IB: immunoblot, IF: immunofluorescence, IP: immunoprecipitation. Ms: mouse, Gt: goat, Rb: rabbit

nrimary Antihody	IR	IF	IP		Source	RRID
14.2.2 ~	N N	×		Ma	sh1/122 shaam	RRID: AR 300927
14-3-30	X	X		IVIS	a014125, a0calli	RRID.AD_300327
β-actin	X			Gt	ab8229, abcam	RRID:AB_306374
caspase-1	Х			Ms	Bally-1, Adipogen	RRID:AB_2490257
cleaved caspase-3	х			Rb	#9661, CST	RRID:AB_2341188
E-cadherin	х			Rb	#3195, CST	RRID:AB_2291471
Flag-M2	х		х	Ms	F3165, Sigma	RRID:AB_259529
GAPDH	х			Rb	#2118, CST	RRID:AB_561053
GBP1 (mAb)	X	X	X	Ms	Frickel lab	-
GBP1 (pAb)	X			Rb	Frickel lab	-
GBP1pS156	х	Х	х	Rb	Frickel lab	-
GM130		Х		Rb	ab52649, abcam	RRID:AB_880266
НА	х		х	Rb	#3724, CST	RRID:AB_1549585
Histone H3	х			Rb	#4499, CST	RRID:AB_10544537
mCherry	х			Rb	ab167453, abcam	RRID:AB_2571870
MLKL	х			Rb	#14993, CST	RRID:AB_2721822
pan14-3-3	х			Rb	#8312, CST	RRID:AB_10860606
PIM1	х	Х		Ms	ab54503, abcam	RRID:AB_882031
PIM2	х			Rb	#4730, CST	RRID:AB_2163921
PIM3	х			Rb	#4165, CST	RRID:AB_1904094
pMLKL	X			Rb	#91689, CST	RRID:AB_2732034
pro-caspase-3	X			Rb	#9662, CST	RRID:AB_331439
TgSAG1		Х		Ms	Frickel lab	-

DATA LEGENDS:

Data S1: MS/MS spectrum of GBP1-Ser156 and Thr590 phosphorylation (Separate Excel file). Table showing experimental, and respective theoretical values of fragments in MS/MS spectrum of GBP1 peptide L¹⁴⁸THRIRSKpSSPDENE¹⁶² containing the Ser156 phosphorylation site and I⁵⁷⁶QDLQTKMRRRKACTIS⁵⁹² containing the Thr590 phosphorylation site, used for mapping of the sites to the GBP1 sequence. Extracted from Interactive Peptide Spectral Annotator.

Data S2: Evolutionary analysis of GBP1 homologues (Separate Excel file).

Table containing the information on the closest human GBP1 homologue from 484 species used for evolutionary analysis of occurrence of corresponding GBP1 Ser156 residue, the 14-3-3 binding motif and the PIM1 recognition motif.

Data S3: GBP1 interactome in uninfected THP-1 cells (Separate Excel file).

Table containing the mass spectrometry analysis for identification of GBP1 interacting proteins in IFN γ -primed THP-1 cells. Annotation: orange: significant interactor; green: GBP1; dark green: 14-3-3 proteins; red: common contaminant as identified using the CRAPome database.

Data S4: GBP1 interactome in Toxoplasma gondii-infected THP-1 cells (Separate Excel file).

Table containing the mass spectrometry analysis for identification of GBP1 interacting proteins in IFNγ-primed and type II *Toxoplasma gondii*-infected THP-1 cells. Annotation: orange: significant interactor upon infection, as compared to uninfected cells; green: highlighted significant hits; red: common contaminant as identified using the CRAPome database.

Data S5: Uncropped gels and immunoblots (Separate pdf file).

Uncropped immunoblots and gels.

Data S6: Source data (Separate Excel file).

Excel file containing all underlying source data.