SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Table of Contents

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE	2
Primers used in H3K27ac ChIP-qPCR in three condition MEFs	2
Primers used in C/EBP α and C/EBP β ChIP-qPCR in MEFs	3
	-
Primers used in RT-qPCR (<i>Mus musculus</i>)	5
Primers used in RT_aPCR (Rattus normalicus)	7
Timers used in K1-qr CK (Kanas norvegicus)	/
siRNA sequence used in knock down expriments	8
1 1	
Top 100 up-regulated genes in WI38 and MEFs	9
SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES AND LEGENDS	11
	25
SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCES	25

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE

Primers used in H3K27ac ChIP-qPCR in three condition MEFs

Name	Primer sequence	
	For: 5'-TTCTTGCTGATTCAGAGGCATGGTCAA-3'	
SAES-e-1	Rev: 5'-AAGTTGATTGCACGGACAGAGGAGTTT-3'	
CAEs a 2	For: 5'-TCCTTGGGAGGAGGCAAGCATTGGTGA-3'	
SAES-e-2	Rev: 5'-TGAGAATCGGGCATGGCTGACAGGTAC	
SAEa a 2	For: 5'-CTCCTTTGCAGCAAGCGAAATCCCACC-3'	
SAES-e-J	Rev: 5'-CAGCCACATCCATCATCAATCATCAGTCTTT-3'	
SAEs o 4	For: 5'-GAAGGTCCAAACCCTATCCTCGTAATCT-3'	
SAES-E-4	Rev: 5'-GAAAGGCTCGGTCTTGTTTGCTTCATC-3'	
SAEs a 5	For: 5'-TAGCAAGGTGAGGACAAGCAGGCAGAG-3'	
SAES-E-J	Rev: 5'-GTCTCATTGTAGCCCATCCTGACCTGA-3'	
SIAEs o 1	For: 5'-TTGCTCCATCCATTATGCCTTTGTCTT-3'	
SIAES-E-1	Rev: 5'-TGGGAACCATGTGACACCGCTAACGAG-3'	
SIAEs o 2	For: 5'-TTGACTCTTACCACAACCCTACAGCAT-3'	
SIALS-C-2	Rev: 5'-GGAGTGGAATGTCTGACCGAGCC-3'	
SIAEs a 3	For: 5'-ATTCCTTCCCTGTATTCTCACATCCTT-3'	
SIALS-C-J	Rev: 5'-GATGTGCTCTAAAGGCTATTCCGTGCT-3'	
SIAEs o 1	For: 5'-TCAGAGCAGTTTGGAGAAGGTTCAGGTGGAG-3'	
SIAL5-C-4	Rev: 5'-ACATAGAGCCGCTTGAGCCGCCTTGGA-3'	
SIAEs-e-5	For: 5'-TCTTCTCCCATTAGACAGGTGGTGATT-3'	
SIALS-C-J	Rev: 5'-AATACGGTGACCAAGGGTAACATACAA-3'	
CEs-e-1	For: 5'-ATGTTTCCTCCTCTGCTGTTGAAGGTC-3'	
CL5-C-1	GCAACTGAATCAAATCATTGTTGTGCC-3'	
CEs-e-?	For: 5'-GTGCGATAGATTGGGAAGCCTGAAATG-3'	
CL3-C-2	Rev: 5'-AGAAAGACAAAGATGGGTGATGGAAAG-3'	
CEs-e-3	For: 5'-AAGAGCTTTATGGAAGATTTGGGTGTA-3'	
CL3-C-3	Rev: 5'-TTGTGACGGACTGGCAAGATAGTTTAG-3'	
CFs-e-4	For: 5'-GAGGCAGGAGGACTGGATAAGTTGGAG-3'	
	Rev: 5'-GTGTCTGAAGAAAGGAAGGGAGGAGG-3'	
CEs-e-5	For: 5'-CTCCCACTGAGACCCAACTAAGCAATC-3'	
	Rev: 5'-AGTAGACAATCCTAAGGCAGCAAGCAC-3'	
Cdkn?a-e	For: 5'-GAGAAAGCGGGAAGTCAAGCCCAGGAT-3'	
0411124 0	Rev: 5'-ACCCTGCTGTGGATTGCTACTTTACTG-3'	
Lmnh1-e	For: 5'-GGGGCAACTACTTAAATCCAACT-3'	
	Rev: 5'-CCCTTTACCTGCTGATGCGTCCC-3'	
Rhn4-e	For: 5'-AAAGTTGGTAGCCATCTGGACAT-3'	
nop r c	Rev: 5'-GCTGCTGGCTTCTACCTTCTTTA-3'	

Primers used in C/EBPa and C/EBP β ChIP-qPCR in MEFs

Name	Primer sequence	
Mamstr-e (1)	For: 5'-GGGACCAAAGCGATGCTCCT-3'	
(Negative control)	Rev: 5'-CTGGGCTTCGGCCGTTCTC-3'	
<i>Nab1-</i> e (2)	For: 5'-CTGTCACATCGGGAGATTCC-3'	
(Negative control)	Rev: 5'-CGGCGAATGGAGCAAGAGC-3'	
<i>Pck1-</i> e (2)	For: 5'-TGGGAGTGACACCTCACAGC-3'	
(Positive control) Rev: 5'-ATTGTCAGGTGGGGGGTCAAG-3'		
р21-е (2)	For: 5'-TCAGTCTGGTTTCCCAACATAGG-3'	
(Positive control)	Rev: 5'-CACGATGAGCCCAGGCTTC-3'	
<i>Cmbl</i> -e (2)	For: 5'-CCCATGGATCTGAATTTTGCAATTC-3'	
(Positive control)	Rev: 5'-TCCTAACCAATAACCCGTGACC-3'	
	For: 5'-TCGACCTCAAATCCGCAACG-3'	
Сак19-е	Rev: 5'-TAGCCAGGTCTAGTGGTACATG-3'	
A	For: 5'-GATTTCATTCGTGTCCAGCTACT-3'	
Angpt1-e	Rev: 5'-ATTCCCAAAGGGTACAAAGTCAT-3'	
	For: 5'-TCTCGGTTAGAGGTCTCAGTTCA-3'	
Angpt2-e	Rev: 5'-ATCATTATGCTTTGGTGGTAGGG-3'	
Ccl11-e	For: 5'-AACTTCAGCCGTCTACCTACAAC-3'	
	Rev: 5'-GCAGAGTCAAGGGATTCCTATTT-3'	
	For: 5'-ATGGGTTGCCAGCGAGTA-3'	
Cxcl1-e	Rev: 5'-TTTGCTGCGTTCTACAT-3'	
	For: 5'-GACCCACTGGTTTCTGA-3'	
Cxcl5-e	Rev: 5'-GAGGCAAGATTGGACTA-3'	
~	For: 5'-GTTTGTTGAAGGTGGTA-3'	
Cxcl15-1-e	Rev: 5'-GAGTTGGGAGATAGGAG-3'	
Crall 5 2 a	For: 5'-AAGGCAATAGCAATCCA-3'	
Схси15-2-е	Rev: 5'-TACGAGGTAGTCAAATCAGC-3'	
Høf-e	For: 5'-ATGGAAAGCATGTAGCGTGGGTG-3'	
	Rev: 5'-CAACGGTAGGAACCTGCTAGTGC-3'	
<i>Igfbp2-</i> e	For: 5'-GGCAAATACAGAAGTGG-3'	
	Rev: $5'$ -CITIGATIGGIGGITIA- $5'$	
<i>Igfbp</i> 6-е	Por: 5' CCCACGCACGCCCAACGACACCAACGAC 3'	
	For: 5'-TCAGTCACTTCCCGTGGCTATGT-3'	
1115-е	Rev: 5'-GACCTGCTCTACTTCCAGTTTACCTTC-3'	
~ ~	For: 5'-ACTGCCTAACTCCTACAA-3'	
Gas6-e	Rev: 5'-CACTCCCTGATGACAAA-3'	

Cat2 a	For: 5'-TACTCCTCCTACTCCACAATCCC-3'
С <i>si5-</i> е	Rev: 5'-TTCTTCTCCGCCGCTGTTTACTT-3'
Dt_{x}^{2} o	For: 5'-TATAGTTCCCTCAGATGC-3'
гихэ-е	Rev: 5'-TAGCCAGATGTAGTTGC-3'
	For: 5'-ACAAGCAGCAAAGACCG-3'
IIIm-e	Rev: 5'-GGCAACCATCAATCCCT-3'
G 1	For: 5'-TTGCTTAGGCGGGCTCTATCTGG-3'
spp1-e	Rev: 5'-AACCTCGTGAACCTTGTTGCTCTGT-3'

Primers used in RT-qPCR (Mus musculus)

Name	Primer sequence
Cohna	For: 5'-GCGGGAACGCAACAACATC-3'
Ceopu	Rev: 5'-GTCACTGGTCAACTCCAGCAC-3'
Mb;67	For: 5'-ATCATTGACCGCTCCTTTAGGT-3'
WKI07	Rev: 5'-GCTCGCCTTGATGGTTCCT-3'
n16	For: 5'-CGCAGGTTCTTGGTCACTGT-3'
<i>p</i> 10	Rev: 5'-TGTTCACGAAAGCCAGAGCG-3'
Candh	For: 5'-GTGTTCCTACCCCCAATGTGT-3'
Gupun	Rev: 5'-ATTGTCATACCAGGAAATGAGCTT-3'
Anant1	For: 5'-CACATAGGGTGCAGCAACCA-3'
Angpii	Rev: 5'-CGTCGTGTTCTGGAAGAATGA-3'
Angent?	For: 5'-CCTCGACTACGACGACTCAGT-3'
Angpiz	Rev: 5'-TCTGCACCACATTCTGTTGGA-3'
Cell1	For: 5'-GAATCACCAACAACAGATGCAC-3'
Cull	Rev: 5'-ATCCTGGACCCACTTCTTCTT-3'
Crall	For: 5'-CTGGGATTCACCTCAAGAACATC-3'
CACII	Rev: 5'-CAGGGTCAAGGCAAGCCTC-3'
Cral5	For: 5'-TCCAGCTCGCCATTCATGC-3'
CACIS	Rev: 5'-TTGCGGCTATGACTGAGGAAG-3'
Crol15	For: 5'-CAAGGCTGGTCCATGCTCC-3'
CACITS	Rev: 5'-TGCTATCACTTCCTTTCTGTTGC-3'
Haf	For: 5'-GGGTCCTTTGAAACCATGTAGGC-3'
пд	Rev: 5'-TACACTCAGGAAACGCAGTCATT-3'
Laffan 2	For: 5'-CAGACGCTACGCTGCTATCC-3'
197002	Rev: 5'-CCCTCAGAGTGGTCGTCATCA-3'
Lafland	For: 5'-GCTGCTAATGCTGTTGTTCGC-3'
Τζησρο	Rev: 5'-GCACTTAGGGCTGTAGACCC-3'
1115	For: 5'-ACATCCATCTCGTGCTACTTGT-3'
1115	Rev: 5'-GCCTCTGTTTTAGGGAGACCT-3'
111 m	For: 5'-GCTCATTGCTGGGTACTTACAA-3'
111111	Rev: 5'-CCAGACTTGGCACAAGACAGG-3'
Cash	For: 5'-TGCTGGCTTCCGAGTCTTC-3'
Gaso	Rev: 5'-CGGGGTCGTTCTCGAACAC-3'
Cat 2	For: 5'-AGGAGGCAGATGCCAATGAG-3'
CS15	Rev: 5'-GGGCTGGTCATGGAAAGGA-3'
D42	For: 5'-CCTGCGATCCTGCTTTGTG-3'
Γιχο	Rev: 5'-GGTGGGATGAAGTCCATTGTC-3'
Spp 1	For: 5'-AGCAAGAAACTCTTCCAAGCAA-3'
зррт	Rev: 5'-GTGAGATTCGTCAGATTCATCCG-3'

Cebpb	For: 5'-CAACCTGGAGACGCAGCACAAG-3'
	Rev: 5'-GCTTGAACAAGTTCCGCAGGGT-3'
Nfkb1	For: 5'-ATGGCAGACGATGATCCCTAC-3'
	Rev: 5'-TGTTGACAGTGGTATTTCTGGTG-3'
Honol	For: 5'-CTACCCTGAGCGTCAGTATAGC-3'
Hoxc4	Rev: 5'-CGCAGAGCGACTGTGATTTCT-3'
Нохсб	For: 5'-TTACCCCTGGATGCAGCGAATG-3'
	Rev: 5'-CCGAGTTAGGTAGCGGTTGAAG-3'
Hanal	For: 5'-CAGCAAGCACAAAGAGGAGAAGG-3'
Нохс9	Rev: 5'-AGTTCCAGCGTCTGGTACTTGG-3'
Hoxc10	For: 5'-CAGTCCAGACACCTCGGATAAC-3'
	Rev: 5'-TCTCCAATTCCAGCGTCTGGTG-3'
Hoxc13	For: 5'-CCTGTTGAAGGCTACCAGCACT-3'
	Rev: 5'-CTCACTTCGGGCTGTAGAGGAA-3'

Primers used in RT-qPCR (Rattus norvegicus)

Name	Primer sequence
C I	For: 5'-AGACATCAGCGCCTACATCG-3'
Севра	Rev: 5'-CCGGTACTCGTTGCTGTTCT-3'
Gapdh	For: 5'-GTGTTCCTACCCCCAATGTGT-3'
	Rev: 5'-ATTGTCATACCAGGAAATGAGCTT-3'
A 7	For: 5'-TGGCTTGGATGTGCAACCTT-3'
AngptI	Rev: 5'-TGTAACCGTTCAGCGTGGAG-3'
A second 2	For: 5'-GCACCGCTAACCAACCAAG-3'
Angpiz	Rev: 5'-AATGCATGCTGTCCCTGTGA-3'
C-111	For: 5'- GCACCTGGACCAAAAACTCC-3'
CellI	Rev: 5'-AAGCCAAGTCCTTGGGGGGAT-3'
C11	For: 5'-CAGACAGTGGCAGGGATTCA-3'
CXCII	Rev: 5'-CCTCGCGACCATTCTTGAGT-3'
Cuall	For: 5'-TCCCAACTCAAAGGTGCGAG-3'
Cxclb	Rev: 5'-CCAGTGCAAGTGCATTCCG-3'
Uaf	For: 5'-ACAGCTTTTTGCCTTCGAGC-3'
пуј	Rev: 5'-GCAAGAATTTGTGCCGGTGT-3'
I Alara D	For: 5'-AGAACCATGTGGACGGAACC-3'
Igfbp2	Rev: 5'-TTCCAGAGGACCCCGATCAT-3'
Lafland	For: 5'-GACCGGCAAAAGAATCCACG-3'
igjbpo	Rev: 5'-CAGAGCACTGAGAGCTTCCC-3'
1115	For: 5'-TGTAGGAACCCATTGCAGGT-3'
1115	Rev: 5'-CTTCGCAGACAAACTGTGGC-3'
111,000	For: 5'- GGAAATCTGCAGGGGACCTTA-3'
11111	Rev: 5'-AGTGATCAGGCAGTTGGTGG-3'
Cash	For: 5'- CCCCCGTGATTAGACTACGC-3'
Guso	Rev: 5'-TTCTCAACTGCCAGGACCAC-3'
Cat?	For: 5'-CTTCGCCGTAAGCGAGTACA-3'
(313	Rev: 5'-GTAGTTCGGCCCATCTCCAC-3'
Dtr 3	For: 5'-TGGGGGGCTTTGACGAAACAT-3'
rixs	Rev: 5'-CCCCACTTGCCCTTATCTCC-3'

siRNA sequence used in knock down expriments

Name	Primer sequence
siCebpa 1 [#]	For: 5'-TTATTTCAAGTGTTATCCCCCTCTC-3'
(Mus musculus& Rattus norvegicus)	Rev: 5'-ACUUCUUGGCUUUGCCCGCTT-3'
siCebpa 2 [#]	For: 5'-GCGCAAGAGCCGAGAUAAATT-3'
(Mus musculus& Rattus norvegicus)	Rev: 5'-UUUAUCUCGGCUCUUGCGCTT-3'
siCebpb 1 [#]	For: 5'-ACAAGGCCAAGAUGCGCAATT-3'
(Mus musculus)	Rev: 5'-UUGCGCAUCUUGGCCUUGUTT-3'
siCebpb 2 [#]	For: 5'-GGAACUUGUUCAAGCAGCUTT-3'
(Mus musculus)	Rev: 5'-AGCUGCUUGAACAAGUUCCTT-3'

WI38_cells (3)	MEF_cells (4)
ММР3	Gbp6
CST1	1300002K09Rik
CST4	Sema5a
LEPREL1	Igfbp3
IFI6	Col6a2
DSG2	Lama4
OAS2	Col6a3
GPX3	Pi15
MAP2	Col6a1
ADAMTS19	Ctsk
LAMA3	P4ha3
PNMA2	Ptafr
CCDC3	Plxdc1
SLCO2B1	Penk
SERPINE2	Agtr2
SCUBE3	Il21r
ANK1	Gm11428
BMP2	Podn
WFDC1	Fat3
FILIP1L	<i>Cd</i> 68
CCND2	Apoe
IL13RA2	Apobec1
MCAM	Prelp
ITGA8	Ccl11
MMP10	Cybb
ROBO2	Mrc1
PITPNM3	Lyz2

Top 100 up-regulated genes in WI38 and MEFs

CST3	C1qb
HAPLN1	Laptm5
RAB27B	Csflr
CYTL1	C3ar1
HERC6	Cd300lf
ACKR4	Chl1
NALCN	Thbs2
ТМЕМ229В	Lgals3bp
ARRDC4	Fcerlg
MGAT3	Cd180
AREG	Msr1
TMEM176B	Hegl
AKR1C2	Gas6
IFI27	Cd84
ANGPTL4	Spp1
AREGB	Figf
KIAA1324	5430435G22Rik
ATP6V0D2	Mfap5
KCNQ3	Matn2
HIST2H2AA4	C1qtnf3
RSAD2	Fam105a
HIST2H2AA3	H2-D1
KCND3	Abca1

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES AND LEGENDS



Supplementary Figure S1. Establishment of a senescence model system *in vitro*. (**A**) Limited growth curve revealing the serial propagation of mouse embryonic fibroblasts (MEFs). (**B**) Immunofluorescence staining and statistical diagrams of Mki67 in MEFs. DAPI staining was used to show the position of the nucleolus. Scale bar, 10 µm. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. **p* < 0.05, ***p* < 0.01, ****p* < 0.001. (**C**) SA-β-gal staining and statistical diagrams of MEFs during senescence. Scale bar, 50 µm. (**D**) Pearson's correlation of the two-comparison Hi-C matrix in the three PDs. (**E**) RNA-Seq scatter diagram showing the gene expression profiles of PD2 versus PD14 cells. Representative *p16* gene is labeled. (**F**) GSEA showing the enrichment of cell cycle checkpoint genes, extension of telomeres genes and SASP-related interferon factor genes of PD2 versus PD14 cells, and the enrichment of top 100 up-regulated genes in WI38 senescence (3) and MEFs senescence (4) from the public RNA-seq data.



Supplementary Figure S2. TADs and TAD boundaries are conserved in MEFs during senescence. (**A**) Normalized Hi-C contact frequency along the arm of chromosome 19 among PD2, PD8, and PD14 cells at 100-kb resolution (top) and 40-kb resolution (bottom). Compartments were defined by principal components 1 (PC1) values; the positive PC1 values marked in red represent the A compartment and the negative PC1 values marked in blue represent the B compartment. (**B**) The average insulation scores for PD2, PD8, and PD14 at TAD boundaries. (**C**) Pearson's correlation of the insulation scores among the three PDs, as well as mESC and cortex cells. (**D**) A snapshot of chromosome 1 with respect to the interaction matrix (top) and insulation score (bottom) in MEFs of different passage numbers.



Supplementary Figure S3. Chromatin interaction reorganization during senescence. (A) Subtraction Hi-C heatmaps showing the interaction frequencies along the arm of chromosome 19 among the three PDs at 100-kb resolution (top) and 40-kb resolution (bottom). Typical long- and short-range interaction regions are labeled with red and blue boxes, respectively. (B) The contact probability was calculated as a function of genomic distance for all interactions within the same chromosome arms across the genome. (C) The ratios of long-range (≥ 2 Mb) to short-range (< 2 Mb) interactions in the three PDs. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. (D) The ratios of *trans*-(interchromosomal) to *cis*- (intrachromosomal) interactions in the three PDs.



Supplementary Figure S4. Definition and characterization of A and B compartments. (A) Violin plot showing the Pearson's correlation between PC1 and epigenetic markers in chromosomes. These epigenetic modification data were obtained in primary MEFs or primary megakaryocyte cells from the ENCODE project. (B, C) The distribution of gene expression and gene density within A/B compartments during senescence. (D) The occupancy of LAD regions at A/B compartment switching loci. Analysis of the constitutive LADs (cLADs), facultative LADs (fLADs), and regions outside of LADs in MEFs, embryonic stem cells (ESCs), neural precursor cells (NPCs), and astrocytes (ACs). (E, F) Snapshots of B to A compartment switching (E) and A to B compartment switching (F) in the LAD regions during senescence.



Supplementary Figure S5. H3K27ac distinguishes active enhancers from inactive/poised enhancer elements marked by H3K4me1. (**A**) The correlation heatmap of ChIP-seq data between two independent biological replicates and ENCODE. The ENCODE data were obtained in primary MEFs. Pearson's correlation was applied. (**B**) Enrichment of H3K4me1 and H3K27ac ChIP-seq signals in the TSS regions of genes.

(C) The genetic annotations of H3K4me1 and H3K27ac ChIP-seq peaks. (D) Bar chart showing the overlap of H3K4me1 and H3K27ac peaks in PD2, PD8, and PD14 cells. (E) Scatter diagrams displaying the Pearson's correlation of H3K4me1 and H3K27ac signals at the promoter (< 2 kb around TSS), enhancer (\geq 2 kb away from TSS), and all peaks.



Supplementary Figure S6. Enhancers during senescence are linked to distinct gene expression. (A) The expression of genes adjacent to SAEs, SIAEs, and CEs. The Wilcoxon test was performed to calculate the P value. (B) Violin plots showing the correlation between CE-adjacent gene expression and the distance to TSS during senescence.



Supplementary Figure S7. C/EBPα binds to SAEs and induces senescence. (A) Realtime qPCR analysis of *Cebpa* mRNA expression in MEFs of different passage numbers

normalized to that of *Gapdh*. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. (**B**) SA- β -gal staining after down- or upregulation of C/EBP α expression via transfection of lentiviral particles was analyzed using the Image J software. Statistical analysis was performed using one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparison test. (**C**) Changes in Mki67 immunofluorescence after down- or upregulation of C/EBP α expression. P represents proliferating cells, and S represents senescent cells. One-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparison test was performed. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01.



Supplementary Figure S8. C/EBPα facilitates SASP gene expression. (**A**) RNA-Seq scatter diagram showing the gene expression profiles of PD2 versus PD14 cells. Representative SASP genes are labeled. (**B**) The relative expression of SASP genes

after downregulation of C/EBP α expression was measured by RT-qPCR. P represents proliferating cells, and S represents senescent cells. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. One-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparison test was performed.

Chr1:173,700,000-185,000,000





Α

Supplementary Figure S9. (A, B) Visualization of the TAD structure, A/B compartments, and H3K27ac signals at representative loci. TADs are marked by dashed triangles. A compartments are colored red, and B compartments are colored blue. H3K27ac signals are shown as red bars during senescence and as blue bars after downregulation of C/EBP α expression.



Supplementary Figure S10. C/EBPα facilitates the expression of SAEs flanking SASP genes in serially passaged REFs. (**A**) SA-β-gal staining and statistical diagrams of REFs during senescence. Scale bar, 50 µm. (**B**) Immunofluorescence staining and statistical diagrams of Mki67 in REFs. DAPI staining shows the position of the nucleolus. Scale bar, 10 µm. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. (**C**) Top: Western blotting analysis of total C/EBPα and p16 protein expression in serially passaged REFs. Tubulin served as a loading control. Bottom: RT-qPCR analysis of *Cebpa* mRNA expression in REFs of different passaged-cells, normalized to that of *Gapdh*. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. (**D**, **E**) The relative expression of SASP genes in REFs during senescence after down- (**D**) or upregulation (**E**) of C/EBPα expression was measured by RT-qPCR. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent





Supplementary Figure S11. C/EBP β is not involved in the regulation of C/EBP α mediated SAEs flanking SASP genes. (**A**) Top: Western blotting analysis of total C/EBP β protein expression in serially passaged MEFs. Tubulin served as a loading control. Bottom: RT-qPCR analysis of *Cebpb* mRNA expression in MEFs of different passage numbers, normalized to that of *Gapdh*. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. (**B**) The relative levels of C/EBP β at SAEs flanking SASP genes in MEFs of different passage numbers were measured by ChIP-

qPCR. Specifically, C/EBPβ enrichment for *Nab1* served as a negative control, and C/EBPβ enrichment for *Cmb1* and *Cdk19* served as positive controls, as previously described (1,2). The enrichment of C/EBPα was normalized to 10% input. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. One-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparison test was performed.**p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. (C) Western blotting showing the expression of C/EBPα and C/EBPβ after downregulation of C/EBPα and C/EBPβ expression, respectively, via siRNA. Tubulin served as a loading control. (D) ChIP-qPCR analysis of H3K27ac measuring the SAE activity adjacent to SASP genes after downregulation of C/EBPα expression. The enrichment of H3K27ac was normalized to 10% input, and IgG was used as a negative control. (E) Cytokine array analysis of secreted proteins and the relative quantitation of SASP factors in senescent (S) control, and C/EBPβ-knockdown cells. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. Statistical analysis was performed using a Student's t-Test.



Supplementary Figure S12. C/EBP α does not impact the expression of NF- κ b. (A)

The top 20-ranked enriched motif families among SAEs, SIAEs, and CEs (regions defined by Figure 2A–C) determined via Homer2 algorithms are listed. The color of the circles denotes the enriched *p*-values, and the size of the circles denotes the percentage of motifs in target regions. (**B**) Western blotting analysis of NF- κ B protein expression in serially passaged MEFs. Tubulin served as a loading control. (**C**) RT-qPCR analysis of *nfkb1* mRNA expression in MEFs of different passage numbers, normalized to that of *Gapdh*. Error bars represent the S.D. obtained from three independent experiments. (**D**) Western blotting showing the expression of NF- κ B after down- or upregulation of C/EBP α via siRNA. Tubulin served as a loading control.

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